

13.0 Sustainability

The applicant is committed to building sustainable developments which incorporate the following. There will be ongoing reviews of technology during and after the application in order to ensure that the most efficient combination of design and technology are incorporated:

- Efficient form factor integral to the massing design.
- Maximum integration of Photovoltaics using all available roof and canopy areas.
- Using latest technology (Solshare or similar) to distribute PV generation to apartments
- Overheating and renewables to be integrated into, and inform, the architectural language. Elements include brise soleil, south facing oversailing balconies, louvred screens integrated into the window system. All in order to reduce high angle solar gain whilst maintaining good views and daylight.
- All heating and hot water will be from Ground or Air Source Heat Pumps. The applicant commissioned a feasibility for Ground Source (minimum 14 bore holes) but due to the urban nature of the site, the 6m sewer easement, and the proximity to the railway line, Ground Source may not be achievable. Further ground condition assessments are required.
- MVHR
- Triple Glazing
- Targetting EPC A to all units
- Circa 30% reduction in carbon emissions against Building Regulations
- Review against Leti guidance, currently incorporating:
 - Form Factor
 - Areas of renewables
 - Window/wall areas
 - Balance Daylight and overheating
 - Include external shading
 - Include openable windows
 - Fossil Free fuels
 - Demand Response
 - Metering
 - Disclosure
- Integrating green landscape into the design for maximum BNG and UGF



Homes and buildings – functional, healthy and sustainable.

Resources – efficient and resilient.

Lifespan – made to last.

14.0 Landscape - Nature & Public Spaces

ILLUSTRATIVE LANDSCAPE PLAN | 1:500 at A3



- 01 Slab and sett paving to Marketplace - with stone feature paving to entrance and feature banding
- 02 PCC Block paving to parking and access zones
- 03 Contrasting block paving surface to carriageway
- 04 Block paving to Public Realm Route with feature banding
- 05 Cycle stands
- 06 Secure cycle hub with biodiverse green roof
- 07 Raised planter edge with bench seating
- 08 Timber screen with climbers to boundary
- 09 Cafe seating
- 10 Play equipment
- 11 Existing trees to be retained
- 12 Proposed trees
- 13 Proposed enhancement planting to boundary
- 14 Planting beds with flower rich perennial planting
- 15 Grass surface within play area, with sensory planting to margins and in and around any 'rain garden' features
- 16 Planting beds designed to act as 'rain gardens', with porous substrate and flower rich, moisture tolerant planting
- 17 0.9m railings to front gardens
- 18 1.5m railings to Play Area, with self closing gates
- 19 Climbers trained to facades and pillars of buildings
- 20 Front gardens - green roofs to cycle / bin stores, and water butts



ced and optimised.

Public spaces – safe, social and inclusive.

14.1 Landscape - Routes & Circulation

Routes and Circulation

- The Public Realm Route provides link from village centre to the primary school on Southvale Road, and residential areas beyond. Attractive paving with inlaid patterns helps to reinforce the route to school. The new footway improves access to and from existing on street parking on Collins Street.
- The direction of paving within the Market Place help direct pedestrians towards the Public Realm Route.



Private spaces demarcated with planting

Community & Neighbourhood Spaces

- The Mews Street to the south of Block B will be surfaced in attractive PCC setts and cobbles, permeable where possible, defining the area as a pedestrian priority space.
- Paving patterns to help define the carriageway and parking spaces within the Mews Street. Planting beds would help to soften building facades, with trees and climbers.
- A new neighbourhood play area with low key natural play features / equipment and sensory planting would provide a space for residents to socialise together, and would provide a link between the Mews Street and the Public Realm Route.



Paving materials help to define pedestrian spaces, carriageways and parking bays

The Mews would be softened with planting beds and climbers



The play area would include natural play elements



Small trees such as Cercis c. 'Avondale' where space is restricted



Rainwater butts provided to front gardens to provide attenuation and water storage



Sensory play elements

14.2 Landscape - Market Place Landscape Principles

Market Place

- Attractive new paving enhancing the setting of the market building and station approach. Feature paving with inlaid lettering would mark the entrance to the space.
- A flexible layout is designed to accommodate the weekend farmer's market.
- The replacement bike hub will provide secure cycle storage, and would be enhanced with a biodiverse green roof.
- A raised planter with flower-rich planting and new trees, would incorporate seating opportunities.
- Paved areas broken up into zones with banding, subtly denoting areas around the commercial unit, access to station platform, and the start of the Public Realm Route. Permeable paving units would be used where possible.



Flexible paved areas for weekend market stalls



Entrance feature paving



Raised planter with seating opportunities

Planting for Biodiversity

- Tree planting to provide shade and habitat and food sources for wildlife. New tree planting along the Public Realm Route provides an enhancement to the setting of Collins Street.
- Ornamental planting areas including a high proportion of flowering species with value for pollinators.
- Climbers to building facades, providing nesting sites and habitat for birds, and night scented species favoured by moths
- Extensive areas of biodiverse and flower-rich green-roof planting,
- Flower-rich rain garden planting, with tree and perennial species tolerant of fluctuating soil moisture

Typical tree species:

Acer campestre 'Streetwise'
Acer x freemanii 'Autumn Blaze'
Acer platanus
Amelanchier 'Robin Hill'
Betula pendula
Crataegus I. 'Crimson Cloud'
Ginkgo biloba

Typical climber species:

Hydrangea petiolaris
Parthenocissus henryana
Lonicera p. 'Graham Thomas'
Jasminum officinale 'Clotted Cream'

Typical flower-rich planting species:

Achillea millefolium
Dryopteris affinis
Cistus purpurea
Euphorbia x martinii
Eurybia divaricata
Geranium 'Rozanne'
Hakonechloa macra
Helleborus argutifolia
Hylotelephium spectabile
Libertia grandiflora
Phlox russeliana
Sesleria autumnalis
Tulipa turkestanica
Verbascum chaixii



Biodiverse green roof planting



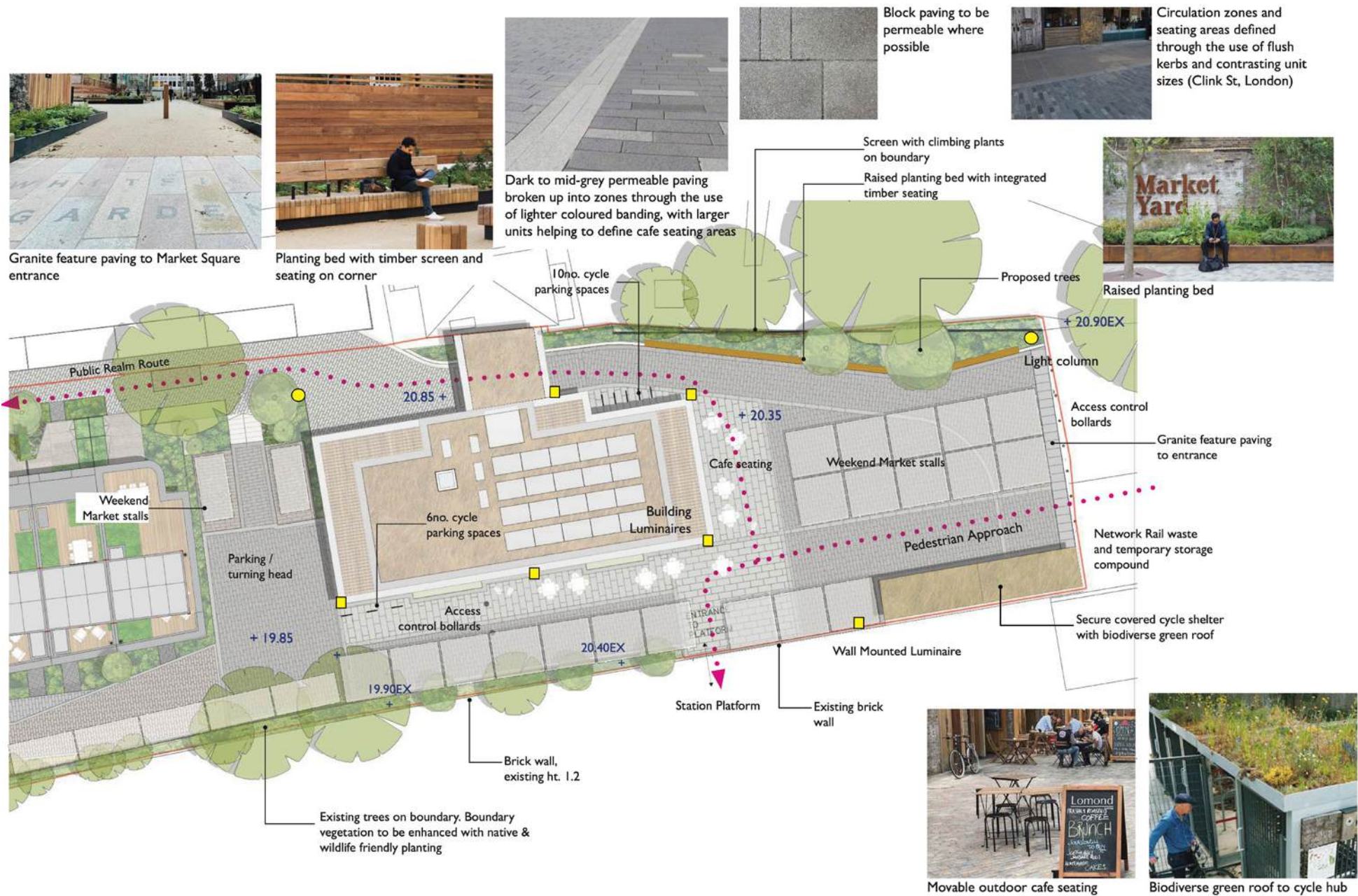
Climbers to building facades



Flower rich perennial planting

Blackheath Station Car Park - DAS

14.3 Landscape - Market Place

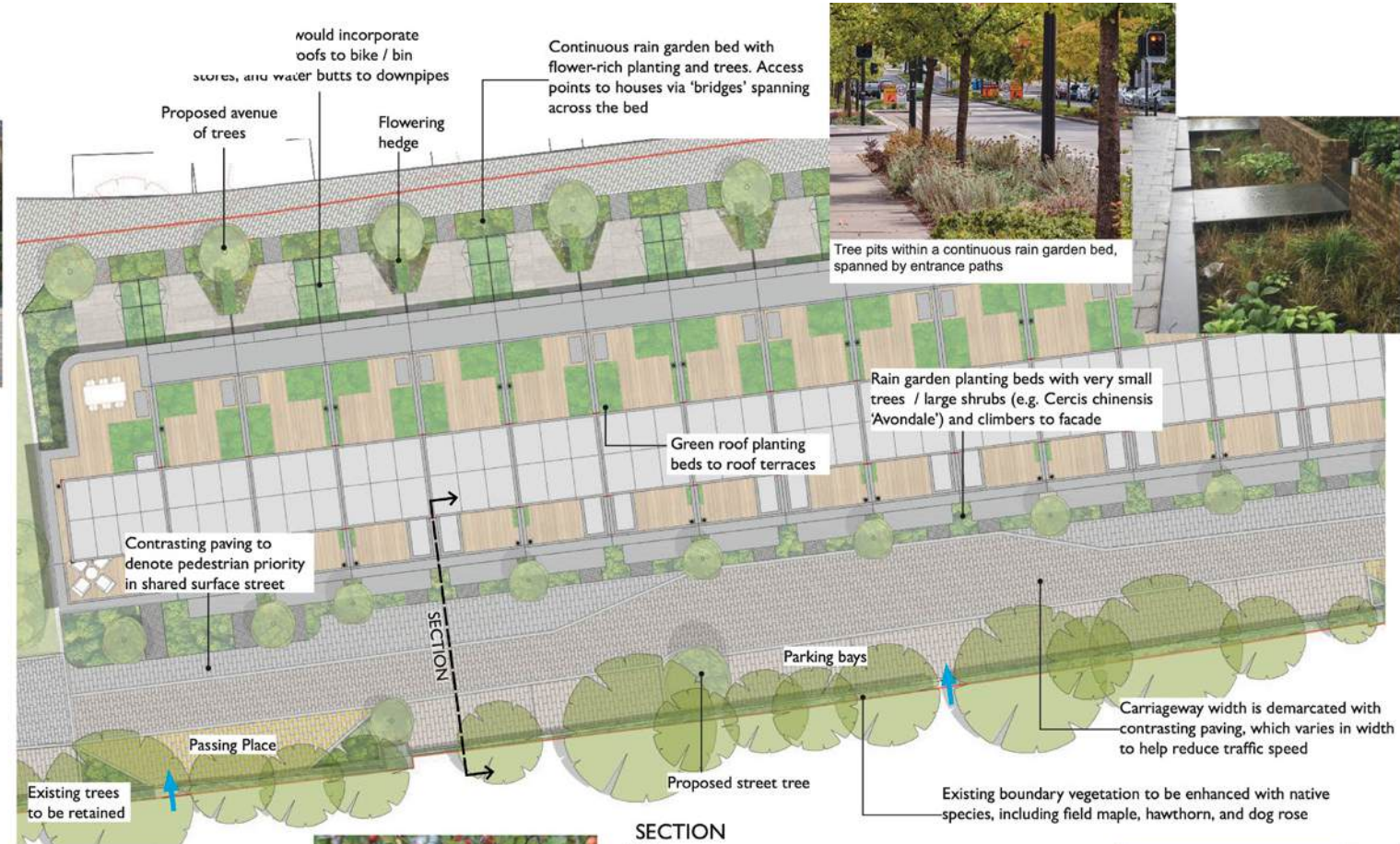




Planting beds break up the carriageway, providing greenery, and narrowing the street to encourage drivers to slow down. (Slow Streets Sourcebook, Section 3)



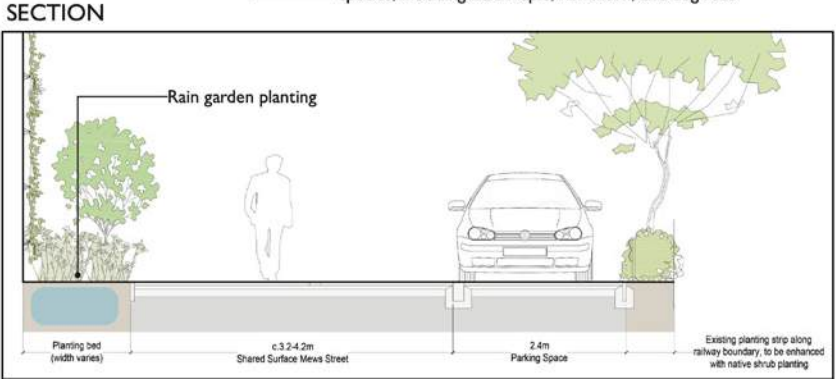
Contrasting permeable block paving used to reduce the apparent carriageway width, and reduce traffic speed, without impeding access by emergency vehicles. (Slow Streets Sourcebook, Section 4)



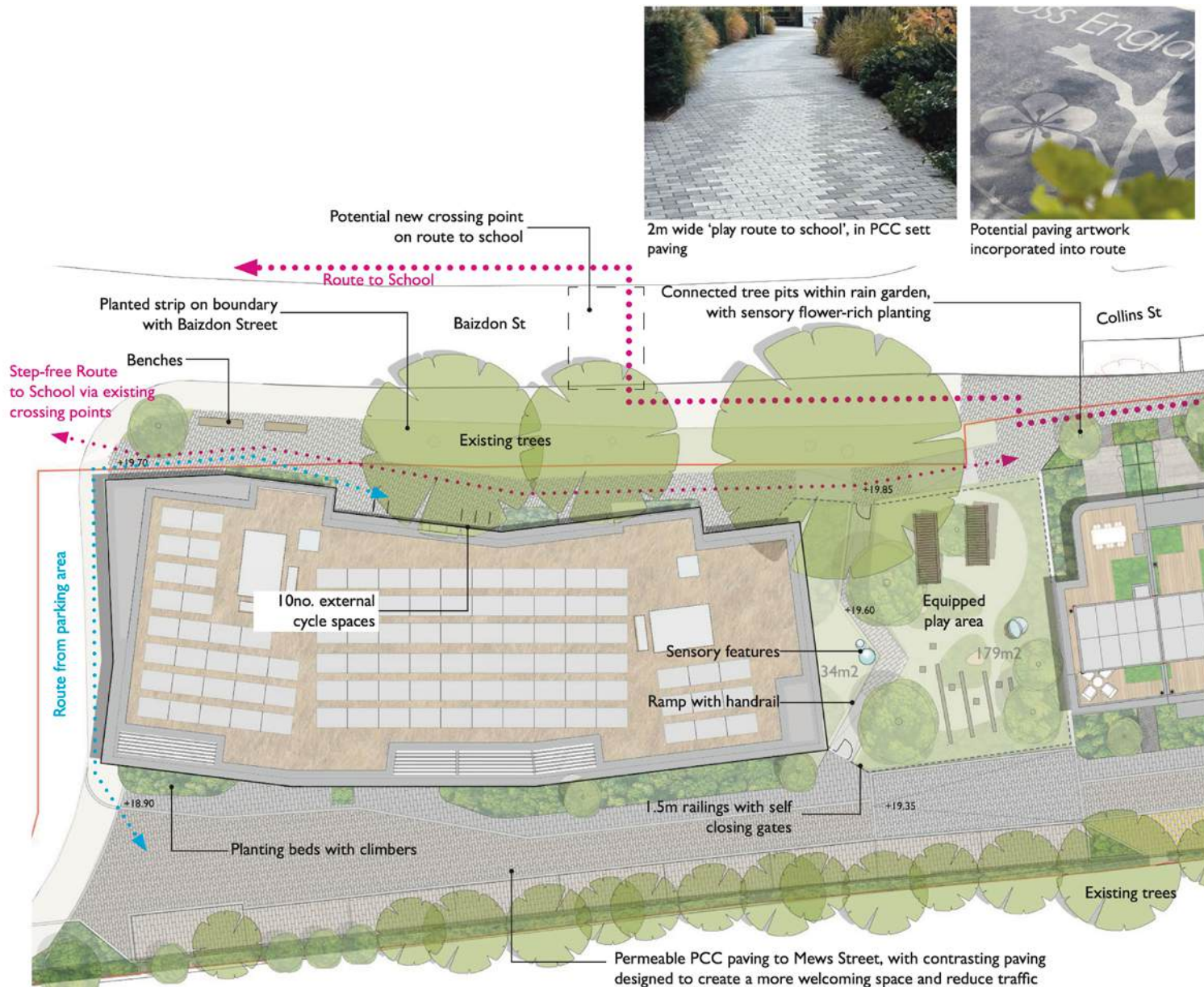
Planting beds incorporating climbing plants trained to buildings



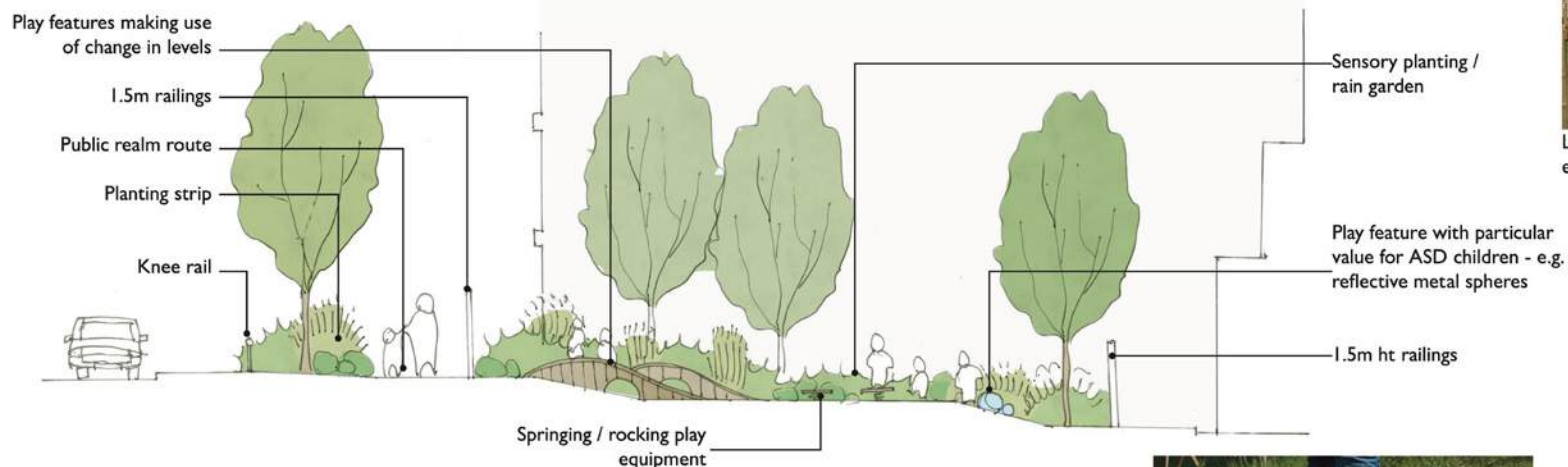
Existing vegetation along railway boundary to be enhanced with additional native planting



14.5 Landscape - Block C Frontage



14.6 Landscape - Play Space & Play Route



Levels changes incorporated into play experience



Features for sensory stimulation, ASD children



Informal play boulders



Active rocking equipment for solitary play or small groups

CASE STUDY - FUN ROUTES TO PLAY



Sustrans' guide *Routes to play*¹ makes some recommendations on ensuring children and young people can play actively and travel independently around the areas in which they live. Stimulating lightly trafficked routes for instance with artworks, paint on the path's surface and natural play features can offer excellent opportunities for spontaneous and creative play and can encourage children to walk to school, the park, shops or visit friends. Transport for London's Legible London initiative also aims to simplify wayfinding and improve access to play spaces for people on foot.

14.7 Landscape - Indicative Lighting Plan



14.8 Landscape - SuDS



Zuikelijke Wandelweg, Amsterdam



Three Mills Green, Newham



Extensive (biodiverse) green roof

Chandler Court, Bristol



Rain garden planting beds



Play area rain garden

Areas would be designed to drain quickly, with no standing water. Vegetation and landform contribute to the natural play experience.



Rainwater butts provided to front gardens to provide attenuation and water storage

- Rain garden planting beds
- Play area rain garden
- Extensive (biodiverse) green roof

N

0m 10m 20m

1:250

Rev	Desc	Revised By / Date	Drawn	Checked
01	22.08.24	Rev. 01	01	01
02	22.08.24	Rev. 02	02	02
03	22.08.24	Rev. 03	03	03

Title: Potential rain garden areas

Project: Blackheath Station
Dwg no: 2106-MWA-00-XX-DR-L-0004
Rev: 02
Scale: 1:250 @ A1

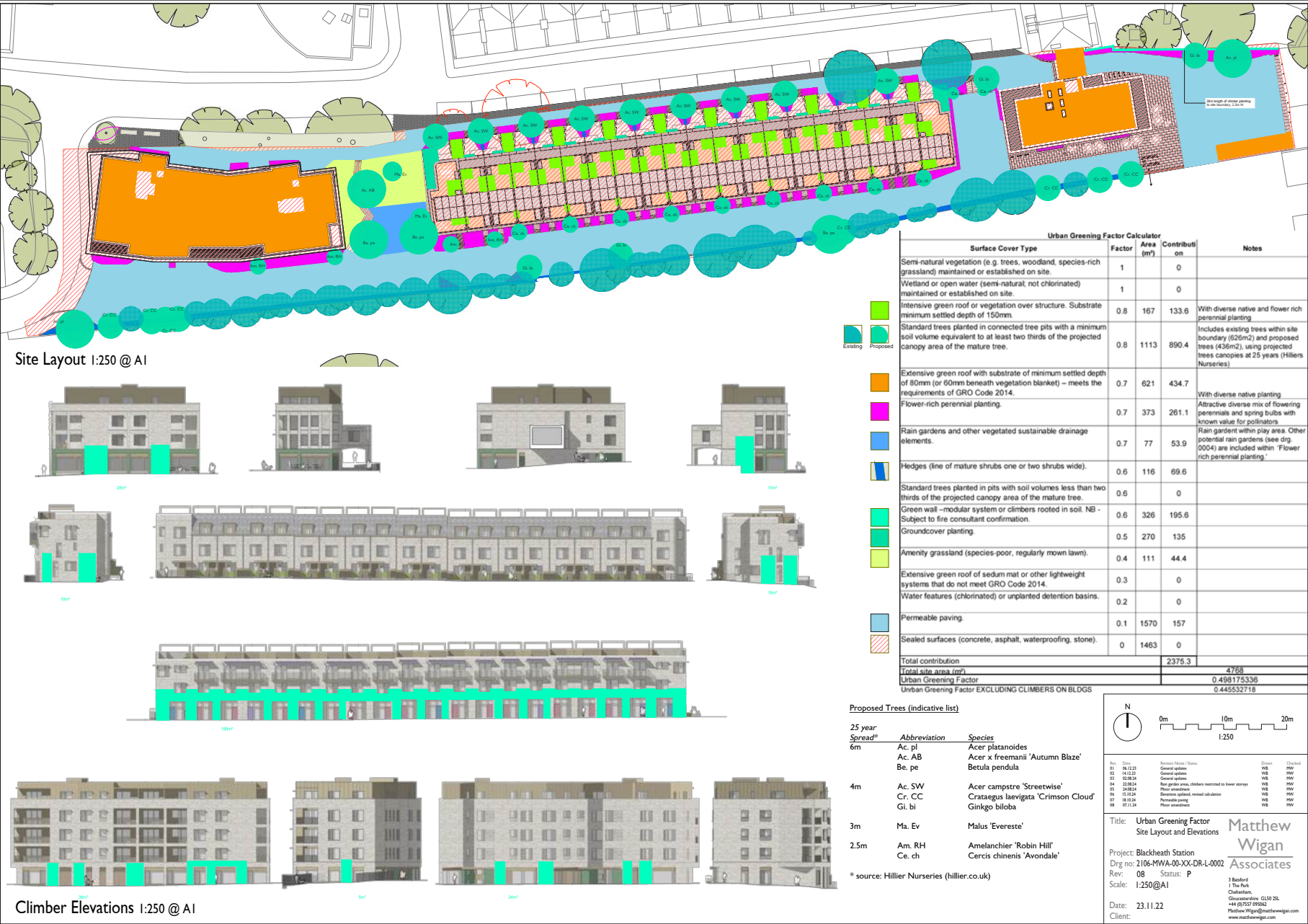
Date: 22.08.24
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14.9 Landscape - Urban Greening Factor of 0.446 Achieved *

* = This result does not include climbers owing to the fire risk posed by them



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15.0 Artificial Ecological Refugia



BLOCK B - NORTH ELEVATION

- KEY:
- SWIFT NESTING BOX (20NO.)
 - BAT BRICK (21NO.)
 - HEDGEHOG CONNECTIVITY GAPS (3NO.)
 - DEADWOOD PILE (1NO.)
- TOTAL: 45NO.



BLOCK B - SOUTH ELEVATION

PLEASE NOTE: ARTIFICIAL ECOLOGICAL REFUGIA/HABITAT FEATURES ARE LOCATED INDICATIVELY. DETAILED POSITIONS SUBJECT TO PLANNING CONDITIONS.



PROPOSED SITE ROOF PLAN

16.0 Summary

- An **attractive place to live, work and play**
- A scheme that puts **positive place-making and landscape** at the heart of the design
- A design that delivers a **new public square** and enhances the farmer's market, provides safe pedestrian route to and from school, on-site play space, new street trees and planting **increasing local biodiversity**
- A mixed-use development of **45no. high quality family homes**, including on site affordable family homes
- A scheme that promotes healthy lifestyle, walking to school, the station and surrounding streets **providing excellent links to the village and all its facilities** and the heath beyond
- A scheme that is individually and intelligently **designed to the highest quality**, ensuring a positive impact and contribution to the local surroundings, creating a **true sense of place** and an inclusive community where occupiers and nature can grow and flourish
- A place that is **socially environmentally and economically sustainable**



- Context** – enhances the surroundings.
- Identity** – attractive and distinctive.
- Built form** – a coherent pattern of development.
- Movement** – accessible and easy to move around.
- Nature** – enhanced and optimised.
- Public spaces** – safe, social and inclusive.
- Uses** – mixed and integrated.
- Homes and buildings** – functional, healthy and sustainable.
- Resources** – efficient and resilient.
- Lifespan** – made to last.

17.0 Who We Are - Acorn Property Group



different by design



ACORN PROPERTY GROUP IS AN INDEPENDENT DEVELOPER SPECIALISING IN BESPOKE RESIDENTIAL-LED & MIXED-USE SCHEMES ACROSS THE SOUTH WEST OF ENGLAND, LONDON AND SOUTH WALES.

Over the last 25 years we have established a position as specialists in medium sized, award-winning sustainable developments. With a focus on brownfield catalytic regeneration, each of our developments has its own unique identity and character, providing a refreshing alternative to the templated approach of other developers.

Staying true to our 'different by design' ethos and Acorn Green principles, we put creativity and sustainability at the forefront of everything we do, designing every scheme around its individual merits.

Blackheath Station Car Park - DAS

15.1 Who We Are - JPA

JPA have established themselves as one of Britain's leading practices in housing, with 56 national design awards, including:

The Hind House (2008) in Wargrave was short-listed for the Stephen Lawrence Award for the best new building under £1M in the 2009 Stirling Prize Awards. It won an RIBA regional Award in 2009

The Pooley House won the RIBA 'Downland Prize' in 2012

The Watson House won an RIBA Regional Award in 2011 and was shortlisted for the RIBA 'Manser Medal'

The Trewarren House in Pembrokeshire won an RIBA Regional Award in 2013 and the Gold Medal for Architecture in Wales Winner of two RIBA Awards in 2016.

RIBA Award in 2017

Shortlisted for RIBA Award 2019

Double winner at the Housing Design Awards 2020

RIBA National Award in 2021

RIBA National Award in 2022

Neave Brown Housing Award Finalist 2022

In 2016, JPA featured twice on the Grand Designs 'House of the Year' Awards.

John Pardey Architects were voted as one of Britain's top ten practices for one-off houses in Grand Designs magazine 2012 and rated as one of the top six residential architects in the UK in the Sunday Times in 2014. John served on the national Commission for Architecture and Built Environment (CABE) and the RIBA National Awards Panel. He is the author of four books on architecture and has a further book due for publication in 2023.

John Chaired the 'Grand Designs/ RIBA House of the Year Awards' broadcast over 4 weeks on Channel 4 in November 2019.



Lovedon Fields, Near Winchester, 60 units for Hab Homes
Finalist for Neave Brown Housing Awards 2022



Withdean Road, Brighton, 3 units for Baobab Developments. RIBA South East Award 2017



Cumnor Hill. Near Oxford, 5 units for Hab Housing



Lawn Road, Belsize Park Conservation Area, 72 units for Fairview Homes

Above: Example JPA projects

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Proposed CGI - Block A Market Building





