



★ Kim Jong Un Clarified  
Policy of Government  
at 7th Session of 14th  
SPA of DPRK

★ DPRK Celebrated Its  
74th Anniversary with  
Splendour

DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF

**KOREA**

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## CONTENTS

### Special Report

- 2 || The Respected Comrade Kim Jong Un Clarified Policy of Government at 7th Session of 14th SPA of DPRK
- 20 || Seventh Session of 14th SPA of DPRK Held
- 24 || DPRK Celebrated Its 74th Founding Anniversary with Splendour
- 52 || Kim Jong Un Congratulated Labour Innovators, Persons of Merit Participating in DPRK Anniversary Celebrations
- 56 || Kim Jong Un Had Photo Session with Meritorious Persons in Anti-epidemic Sector Participating in DPRK Anniversary Celebrations
- 58 || Kim Jong Un Guided Meeting of Reviewing National Disaster Prevention Work

### News

- 62 || Tenth Meeting of Political Bureau of Eighth Central Committee of WPK Held
- 64 || Ceremony for Conveying Farm Machines Sent to South Hwanghae Province by Kim Jong Un Held
- 70 || Sixth Meeting of Active Leading Personnel of Worker-Peasant Red Guards Held
- 71 || Seventh National Conference of Judicial Officers Held

### Korea Today

- 72 || Junghung, Northern Mountainous Village
- 78 || Sci-Tech Complex, Hub of Scientific and Technological Dissemination
- 86 || Merry Laughter Reverberating through Central Zoo
- 94 || Where Children's Talents Are Brought into Full Bloom
- 100 || Preparing Students to Possess Excellent Practical Abilities
- 106 || Thriving Youth Orchard
- 110 || Elderly People Seen along Taedong River

### Nature

- 116 || Chongsokjong, Scenic Beauty in East Coast of Korea

**FRONT COVER:** Celebrations of 74th anniversary of DPRK held with splendour *Photo: Jon Son II*

**BACK COVER:** Sinphoyong Kumgang in autumn *Photo: Kong Yu II*

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2



24



72



78



# **The Respected Comrade Kim Jong Un Clarified Policy of Government at 7th Session of 14th SPA of DPRK**

**Kim Jong Un put forth an immortal programme which would serve as guidelines in defending the security of the state and safety of the people and achieving the comprehensive development of socialism.**





# Policy Speech Kim Jong Un Delivered at the Seventh Session of the 14th Supreme People's Assembly of the DPRK

September 8, 2022



Dear comrade Deputies,  
Esteemed Chairman of the Standing Committee and Deputy  
Speaker of the Supreme People's Assembly,

Dear observers,

This Seventh Session of the 14th Supreme People's Assembly, convened in the lead-up to this anniversary of the founding of our glorious country, has provided legal weapons which are of great significance in implementing the major policies of the Party and the government.

In particular, the adoption of a law related with the policy of the nation's nuclear forces in accordance with the unanimous will of all the Korean people is a noteworthy event that proclaimed at home and abroad that we have come to possess by law a war deterrent as a means for defending the state.

Thus achieved is another important historic cause of establishing a political and institutional mechanism for definitely guaranteeing the eternal security of our state and people as well as the distant future.

Recognizing that the policy of the nuclear forces was instituted as a law in a historic period, very important in view of the current

situation of our revolution, the trend of developments and the mission of the nuclear forces of our Republic, I feel grateful that all the Deputies adopted with unanimous approval the most important law at a most important moment.

I also extend warm encouragement and greetings to Deputies who, as representatives of the people, are devoting all their efforts, wisdom and passion for consolidating the state power rock-solid and accomplishing the struggle objectives advanced at the Eighth Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea.

Comrades,

The higher the stage of socialist construction for achieving the independence of the masses reaches, the greater the challenge and resistance by the imperialists become.

As long as imperialism, whose inherent nature and means of existence is aggression and plunder, exists, the source of war cannot be rooted out, and antagonism and struggle between socialism, which aspires after independence and peace, and imperialism is unavoidable in the development of history.

Therefore, it is a crucial and vital requirement in achieving a steady development and prosperity of socialism that conditions and

an environment that allow no aggressive threat be created; to this end, we should possess an absolute strength with which we can definitely overwhelm the enemy.

Our Republic, as a citadel of the anti-imperialist struggle and a fortress of socialism, resolutely promoted the construction of a self-reliant national defence capability according to its own timetable in the face of intervention and pressures by the hostile forces of all hues. By doing so, it put an end to the era when the US imperialists unilaterally imposed nuclear threat.

And today it has accomplished the historic cause of making a permanent legal confirmation of the law of the policy of the nuclear forces.

This is a clearer demonstration of the independent determination of the government of the Republic and its will to defend the sovereignty and interests of the state.

Our nuclear weapons are a means for containment and ultimate weapon that our Republic, which from the early days of its birth had been under the nuclear threat by the United States, the first country to use nuclear weapons and the largest nuclear power in the world, possessed by waging an arduous and bloody struggle for

scores of years so as to reliably defend its dignity and security and completely remove the danger of a nuclear war.

With an absurd sophistry that our nuclear weapons and our strengthening of the self-defence capability pose a serious threat to global peace and the security in the region, the United States is now obsessed with spreading a rumour in the international arena aimed at demonizing the government of our Republic; it is also tenaciously resorting to the harshest-ever sanctions and blockade and political and military offensive to bring us under its control psychologically and physically even by enlisting all its vassal forces.

What the United States tries to achieve is not merely to remove our nuclear weapons; its final objective is to overthrow our government some day by inducing us to abandon the nuclear weapons and further give up our capability of exercising the right to self-defence or by making the capability inferior to its own.

Through unheard-of sanctions and blockade, it is attempting to make us think about the cost of our option for the nuclear weapons and induce and incite complaint among our people about their Party and government by creating a harsh environment for us and by





making us feel worn out and uncertain and threatened with regard to the environment for a stable development of our state; in this way they are trying to compel us to give up the nuclear weapons of our own accord.

But never.

It is the enemy's misjudgement and miscalculation.

Let them impose sanctions for 100, nay 1 000 days or even ten or 100 years.

It is not we that would give up the right to self-defence, on which the country's right to existence and the security of the future of the state and the people depend, so as to escape or make a detour even a moment around the difficulties we are experiencing now; we can never give up the nuclear weapons however harsh the circumstances are in the political and military situations the United States has created on the Korean peninsula and moreover as we have to contain the United States, our nuclear enemy state, in a far-sighted way.

Our people are well aware of the many historical events in the 20th century and 21st century, in which some countries saw and are seeing their last days and tragic ends as a result of wrong choices they made unable to bear the US imperialists' stereotyped preaching and sophistry, sanctions and pressure, and military threat.

Our generation will not pursue an immediately visible

improved environment for the economic life at the cost of giving up the nuclear weapons, which guarantee the security of the government of our Republic and the coming generations, to find our own comfort and to escape today's difficulties unable to bear the enemy's deceitful preaching and tenacious pressure, nor will we change our choice even if it would mean experiencing great difficulties.

In this way, we should remain as the greatest and iron-willed generation in the history of our Republic's development.

The United States can never and ever realize their ambition with regard to our state or make our people change their choice.

Whose side on earth is the time on?

It is the enemy who feel hard-pressed now; we do not feel hard-pressed, and we are fully able to live by our own efforts and in our own way even in these circumstances.

In direct proportion to the increase of the period of suffering imposed on our people by the US's brutal hostile policy against us, our absolute strength is continuing to be built up at exponential speed and the security threat they have to face is increasing in direct proportion.

The nuclear forces of our Republic will responsibly perform their important mission to contain grave political and military provocations against our state by the United States and its vassal

forces and to put their prospective threats under control, and today this was clarified in a law of the state.

As our Republic values most its independence and self-respect and the destiny of its people, never forgives hostile acts that may do harm to them and means what it says, it could take such an audacious political decision as codifying the policy of the nation's nuclear forces in a law.

The world will clearly realize once again what is a truly independent powerful country and a state of justice in modern days, when pursuit of hegemony is more rampant, and how mighty is the unquenchable spirit of our Republic dealing squarely with the United States, the empire of evil.

Comrades,

Looking back on the arduous and protracted journey that our revolution has made so far since it started out with two pistols, all the events of history condensed in it tug at my heartstrings.

The successes achieved are really great, and they are felt weightier and more valuable as they are a fruition of the unstinting support and encouragement from all the people, their precious sweat and blood, and their indescribable painstaking efforts.

To tell the truth, we had to build up the nuclear forces of our Republic and make its combat preparedness perfect while standing face-to-face with the allied imperialist forces single-handedly

and coping with their most inhumane and outrageous moves of sanctions and suffocation. It was a do-or-die battle we had to fight in the face of untold sufferings and trials.

It meant that our beloved children and all other people had to tighten their belts still further and suffer from greater hunger, and that all our dear families had to undergo appalling difficulties in life.

Although it was an unavoidable choice we had to make to win a greater victory, it was an untrodden path on which we had to be prepared to suffer unbearable loss and the result of which we were little sure of.

Nevertheless, our people rendered absolute support to our Party for the cause, which it started with the trust in them alone, making single-hearted and all-out efforts for it despite all manner of hardships.

Obviously our scientists and technicians made tangible contributions to the accomplishment of the historic cause of building the nation's nuclear forces; yet, but for our people, who remained fully convinced of the victory without any yielding to such intolerable and uninterrupted sufferings, we could not have followed to the end the road of possessing nuclear weapons, nor could our Republic have greeted today when the policy of the nuclear forces was codified in a law.





Our people, by overcoming all sorts of trials by dint of their unique, strenuous fortitude and patriotism, have finally raised the glory and dignity of our state up to such a height as no one would ever dispute it.

On behalf of the Party and government, I extend my heartfelt thanks to our people throughout the country.

Comrades,

The legalization of the policy of the nuclear forces in accordance with the unanimous desire and iron will of all the people is of tremendous significance.

With this, the position of our state as a nuclear nation has become irreversible.

If our nuclear policy is to be changed now, the world has to be changed, and so should the political and military environment on the Korean peninsula.

There will never be such a thing as our abandonment of the nuclear weapons or denuclearization first, nor will there be any negotiations to this end or bargaining chip in these processes.

The nuclear weapons represent our nation's dignity and honour; they mean the absolute might of our Republic and a source of the great pride of the Korean people.

As long as there exist nuclear weapons and remains imperialism on the earth, and as long as the United States and its vassal forces refuse to stop their anti-DPRK manoeuvres, our journey of building up the nuclear forces will not come to an end.

Our Republic's nuclear forces represent the destiny of the country and the people and their lasting prestige—this is our steadfast stand.

We have drawn the line of no retreat regarding our nuclear weapons so that there will be no longer any bargaining over them. Herein lies the great importance of the legalization of the policy of the nuclear forces.

The event has made the peace-loving stand of the government of our Republic and our policy of the nation's nuclear forces more transparent and justifiable.

It is a desire of humanity to live in a peaceful world free from aggression and war.

Yet, peace does not come of its own accord simply because they are desirous of it; it is something that we can achieve and defend only when we are strong enough to contain the imperialist tyranny.

Our Republic's legalization of the policy of the nuclear forces constitutes a righteous blow to the imperialists who are violating and disrupting the right to independence and peace.

Our Republic's nuclear forces exist and will come into use to defend our territory, people and self-respect and global peace and security from the imperialist tyranny, and not to pursue intervention in the internal affairs of other nations or hegemony. Accordingly, they in no way pose any threat to those nations and peoples that are friendly to us and desirous of peace.

For their inherent characteristics, the standards and principles of management, operation and other matters related with nuclear weapons should be clearly stipulated by law.

Otherwise, they might fall into an uncontrollable state to be misused for other purpose, or employed in pursuance of any unjustifiable interests, driving humanity into a horrible nuclear holocaust at any moment.

The current law on the policy of our Republic's nuclear forces clearly stipulates detailed provisions, such as the mission and composition of the nuclear forces, control and command over them, principles and conditions for their use, and their safe maintenance and protection.

Such being the case, the law fully accords with the desire of humanity for justice and peace, and there is no room for anyone to pick a quarrel with, or question, our nuclear forces in the future.

The legal weapon, provided to reliably guarantee the historic advance towards the comprehensive development of our own style of socialism, constitutes, together with the proud victories and successes achieved this year, an epoch-making occasion in remarkably raising the fighting spirit of all the people.

This year the government of our Republic has been faced with the heavy task of building a high road to fulfilling the five-year plan set out by the Eighth Party Congress.

Every part of the efforts to carry it out has encountered unprecedented trials and ordeals, but our struggle has been more courageous and progressive, and has borne more valuable fruits.

We overcame the threatening public health crisis, the first of its kind since the founding of our state, in a short span of time by waging a tenacious struggle based on single-hearted unity, the unity of one mind and one body, and defended the security of the state and the people by turning the whole country back to the state of cleanness—this is a great victory we have achieved this year.

In the face of the doubts of the whole world, we displayed to the full the politico-ideological might and superiority of the socialist system by bringing the unprecedented anti-epidemic war to a victorious conclusion at the earliest date possible, and this instilled greater confidence and pride in the people across the country and actively encouraged them to make more dynamic efforts for socialist construction.

In addition to the most serious epidemic crisis, natural disasters hit the country. However, all the people have redoubled their efforts with no sign of pessimism, disappointment, fear and despair, persistently pushing ahead with this year's formidable struggle tasks including the immediate farming work and major construction projects. These are also miraculous achievements in which we ought to take pride.

Such key industrial sectors as the metallurgical, chemical, electric power, coal-mining industries and rail transport, the buttresses of our self-supporting economy, and several other sectors directly related to improving the people's standard of living have scored laudable successes in fulfilling their production plans by waging an offensive struggle.

Unified guidance and management of the overall state affairs including the economic work is being further intensified with the



socialist character being restored, and long-range projects are being designed and pressed forward with an eye to decades in the future, laying foundations and assets for the country's economic development and promotion of the people's wellbeing.

Sci-tech research has been decisively turned into that for solving the practical problems in accordance with pragmatic plans and objectives, the country's education is developing in a balanced way and with orientation towards training practically competent talents, the public health sector has gained valuable experience with which to deal with any type of epidemic and other public health crisis, and other meaningful progress has been made this year in developing socialist culture.

The victories and successes we have achieved this year clearly testify to the fact that our Republic is vigorously advancing towards comprehensive development and prosperity without any sign of stagnation, marking time and frustration, overcoming the subjective and objective challenges in all sectors.

Comrades,

Our Republic, holding higher the banner of independence and justice, has assumed a heavy duty for the times and history, and this demands a more vigorous struggle and advance and a greater victory.

It is without doubt that all the reactionary forces, shocked at our Republic's political measure of legalizing the policy of the nuclear forces, will surely turn out to be ever more desperate and relentless.

The challenges and obstacles lurking in our way ahead will never be removed unless the hostile forces get out of their deeply-ingrained and instinctive delusion that some day they might completely disarm us of the nuclear armaments and make our system collapse by employing such stereotyped tricks as threats and intimidation, sanctions and allurements.

The world will watch with keen interest how our people's choice of building a powerful socialist country will be kept, how the DPRK will carry out its determination and what other amazing miracles will be worked on this land.

To grow stronger in the face of trials and to steadily develop and advance by building on the successes already gained is our Republic's unique trait which has been proven in the course it has followed.

As this immutable law dictates, we should continue to grow stronger in the future, too, and accomplish the struggle tasks we set out to do in an unconditional and perfect manner with no alteration on the road of our choice.

Today the government of our Republic is faced with the task of thoroughly maintaining and implementing the Party's lines and policies to achieve fresh innovations and development befitting the prestige of our state in every field.

To enhance our ultimate strength into infinity and make our armed forces more invincible by giving top priority and importance to building up the national defence capability—this is the primary revolutionary task facing the government of our Republic.



In view of the geopolitical features and strategic position of our country and the prevailing situation created before our revolution, the absolute military supremacy of our state over the aggressive forces of imperialism poses as an indispensable requirement.

The United States, which felt a great fear it would face in the near future after witnessing the defence development in some sectors we have opened to the public in recent years, is now continuing to cling to the heinous moves of sanctions and blockade and, at the same time, committing a grave intimidation-oriented sabre-rattling while hurling its nuclear strike weapons on a large scale around the Korean peninsula.

The present south Korean regime, too, is trumpeting about the strengthening of the south Korea-US combined defence posture by improving the executive ability of the south Korea-US "extended deterrence" and the enhancing of "deterrence" and "reaction capability" by building what they call "Korean-style three-axis system," asserting the brigandish logic of containing us to make up for its army's military inferiority; it is stepping up dangerous military manoeuvres and modernization of armaments which further aggravate the military tension in the region.

Such serious circumstances show that the military situation around our state has assumed a protracted nature, going from bad to worse, and, accordingly, we should be thoroughly prepared for them.

However, the situation aggravated by the enemy's moves has provided excellent conditions and environment for us to develop our military forces more rapidly and, more importantly, justness for strengthening our self-defence capability and inevitable justification for building it up on a priority basis.

The Ministry of National Defence and the defence industry of the Republic will take the prevailing situation as the most favourable opportunity to build up the military capability.

Our defence industry should correctly adhere to the planned orientation of its development true to the idea of defence development strategy put forward by the Party Congress, and speed up full steam the development of military hardware of a new generation for modern warfare.

Most importantly, it is imperative to steadily expand the space for the operation of tactical nukes and diversify their application means on a higher stage so as to enhance the combat reliability and efficiency of operational application of our nuclear forces,

thus making the nuclear combat posture consolidated in every way.

It is also necessary to steadily step up the deployment of cutting-edge strategic and tactical weapon systems for combat and direct all efforts to remarkably strengthening the war deterrent of the country.

We should further strengthen the politico-ideological might unique to our state and give fullest play to it in all sectors.

All our people are firmly united with one ideology and will and with noble virtues and human feeling, and make devoted efforts for the prosperity of their country—this is the advantage unique to our country and the motive force that brings about all great miracles on this land.

The might of single-hearted unity—the invincible might of our style of socialism and the most powerful weapon of our state—should be further consolidated in ideology, purpose and moral obligation.

We must thoroughly apply the people-first politics of our Party in the overall state affairs and intensify the activities of state power to ensure that all the people take an active part in the political affairs as masters of the state and society.

We should instil in all the members of society the pride and dignity that our ideology, our system, our culture and our lifestyle are the best, and inspire them to continue to give full play to the collectivist spirit, communist virtues and beautiful traits of our society.

Our country will always prosper without any vacillation when all the people remain faithful to their civic duties while putting the interests of the state and the collective first in their consideration and live and work as genuine socialist working people who devote their patriotic mind for the development and prosperity of their country.

We should direct great efforts to preparing all the people and service personnel of the People's Army to be vanguard class fighters and combatants who firmly safeguard their socialist country with a steadfast viewpoint on the archenemy and other enemies, and thus consolidate our politico-ideological position and class position.

The government of the Republic should dynamically push forward the struggle for implementing the five-year plan for national economic development and follow up the success in the next stage.

The most important revolutionary task facing the government is to definitely consolidate the foundations for achieving the comprehensive development of our own style of socialism and satisfactorily solve such urgent problems concerning the improvement of the people's living standards as the problems of food and consumer goods by implementing the five-year plan without fail.

The five-year plan is aimed at advancing towards sustained economic growth and remarkable improvement of the people's living standards on the basis of the economic situation of the country and the actual feasibilities.



When the five-year plan is implemented, the overall national economy will be put on a growth orbit with its work system, the ties among its sectors and its self-supporting foundations being readjusted and reinforced, and substantial changes will be brought about in solving the problems of food, clothing and housing for the people.

Actually, according to the strategy of readjustment and reinforcement, the lifeline and integrity of the country's economy have been further strengthened, many irrationalities rectified in the economic management, and normalization of production, renovation of production lines and provision of domestic raw and other materials actively promoted over the past one year and eight months. In particular, a vigorous drive for building 50 000 flats in Pyongyang and for provincial construction and rural construction was launched, opening up a bright prospect for solving the housing problem.

As was clarified at the Eighth Party Congress, the GDP would increase by more than 40 percent and the production of consumer goods by more than 30 percent by the end of 2025 as compared to 2020. This shows that carrying out the five-year plan will provide a guarantee for giving an impetus to economic development of the country and the improvement of the people's living standards and for marching confidently towards a more gigantic struggle of the next stage.

Although the economic difficulties facing us now are severe, the government of the Republic, which has taken responsibility for the destiny and livelihood of the people, should set a correct orientation of struggle for implementing the five-year plan and execute it forcefully, and thereby achieve good results without fail.

The Cabinet, as the country's economic headquarters, should properly regulate economic construction and development in the direction of strictly supervising the overall economic work and pushing ahead with the work as a whole.

As the Cabinet is dealing with the overall economic work of the country, it is important for it to efficiently plan and direct the undertakings for developing the national economy as a whole in a simultaneous and balanced way.

...

The Cabinet should focus on the key sectors which are the cornerstone of the country's economy, and at the same time be concerned about, responsible for and take care of other economic sectors and the people's livelihood as a whole.

The system and order of placing the country's economic work under the control of the Cabinet are getting stronger. To keep with this, the Cabinet should take a proper control of the overall production and other economic activities, ensure an organic link and cooperation among economic sectors, and take practical and timely measures for boosting the sectors that are lagging behind or backward. In this way it can ensure balance, smoothness and efficiency of the country's economic work.

It should put major and sustained efforts into agricultural production and the development of light industry so as to settle the problems of food and consumer goods in the near future.

All the economic policies of our Party and government are

geared to providing the people with an affluent life with nothing to envy by fully satisfying their material and economic needs.

The socialist construction we are pressing on with is, to all intents and purposes, a struggle for building an ideal society the people are desirous of and dream about. Therefore, the more the struggle is intensified, the more substantial results it should beget for the benefit of the people.

If we fail to properly solve even elementary problems arising in the people's living, making the people have a hard time on and on, then our effort for economic work would be futile, no matter how hard we try for it.

What is most urgent in stabilizing and improving the people's living is to solve the problems of food and consumer goods.

During the five-year plan period, we should hit the national target of grain production without fail to supply the people with enough food, and increase production in light industry both in quality and quantity to solve the problems of daily necessities and basic foodstuffs satisfactorily.

An important task to this end is to put farming on a stable footing, increase its productivity, change the structure of grain production and improve grain procurement and food supply.

As farming conditions and environment are expected to turn more unfavourable, it is necessary to take measures to cope with them.

Scientific and technological measures like the seed revolution should be taken as the main link in the whole chain of farming so as to have a high and stable harvest without being affected by any change in the climatic conditions. The whole country should be mobilized to provide labour assistance to the countryside, and sufficient amounts of materials supplied to meet the demands of the yearly farming.

Officials, in particular, should regard unfavourable climatic conditions as a fait accompli, conduct an overall examination of agricultural production and, in line with this, give guidance over farming in a scientific and planned way.

An important way to reduce the imbalance in agricultural production and increase its stability is to rehabilitate the irrigation facilities and bring them to perfection.

The whole country should turn out in the effort to carry out the project of rebuilding the irrigation facilities without fail in two or three years by restoring or readjusting what have been destroyed or aged and by installing more where necessary.

The area of cultivation of wheat and its output have begun to increase this year; in the future, they should be increased year after year. Along with this, the work of properly storing and processing the crop should be conducted in parallel so that the policy of the Party and government for improving the people's diet can prove its worth in reality.

...

The effort for rural rejuvenation should be stepped up under the banner of the rural revolution programme in the new era.

Rural rejuvenation precisely means the solving of the socialist rural question and the struggle to defend socialism.

As is clarified in the rural revolution programme in the new

era, the first and foremost task in this regard is to enlighten the agricultural workers.

Only when the level of consciousness of the agricultural workers, masters of the rural revolution, is raised, can they have a clear understanding of the rural revolution programme in the new era, play the core and leading role in implementing it and contribute positively to further developing the socialist countryside as required by the rapidly-changing times.

In order to widen the range of the ideological consciousness of the agricultural workers, it is necessary to inject progressive and modern natures into the rural areas.

We should energetically push ahead with the work of upgrading the agricultural production environment including putting agricultural production on a scientific, modern and IT footing and mechanizing farm work on a high level. By doing this, we can not only bring about a change in the ideological consciousness of the agricultural workers but also transform all the rural communities into rich ones.

We should map out correct plans for rural construction with the main emphasis on housing construction and in accordance with the local and geographical characteristics. And we should carry them out step by step so that the rapid rejuvenation of our country's rural communities can be noticeable and be enjoyed by the farmers.

We should boost the country's fishing industry so as to supply the people with more fish.

The fishing industry should extensively and steadily conduct various fish farming activities including releasing fry and cage-net fish farming in all rivers and lakes, at the same time as undertaking sea fishing and sea culture briskly.

What is important here is to carry on scientific and regular investigation into the state of the conservation and propagation of the aquatic resources and, based on this, increase aquatic production in a planned manner.

We need to give a spur to effecting a revolution in light industry so as to solve the problem of consumer goods.

...

Improving the quality of consumer goods is the seed and basic orientation of the revolution in light industry.

If we, bent on fulfilling the immediate plans, continue to produce low-quality consumer goods in disregard of the demand and desires of the people who are becoming more cultured day after day, light industry of the country will drift into a vicious cycle and its development can never be expected.

The light industry sector should help its scientists, technicians and workers to widen their horizons and steadily raise their technical level and skills, and make exacting demands upon ensuring the quality of the raw and other materials, modernizing production lines and quality control work. In this way, it should fully guarantee the quality of consumer goods with the people's appraisal as the standard.

By bolstering up the regional industries across the country, we should usher in a new era, in which regions are transformed and develop by themselves.

If the regional-industry factories in all cities and counties

play their proper role, they can solve a number of problems in developing the country's economy and improving people's living standards.

Having renovated its regional-industry factories, Kimhwa County is meeting its local demands with its own raw material sources. We should powerfully push ahead with the work of expanding this practical experience to all the cities and counties across the country.

With regard to this, the state should establish a promoting committee so that it can take responsibility for renovating the regional-industry factories in cities and counties, including their designing and execution of their building, and push ahead with the projects.

Since the current capacity of cities and counties is weak, we, after the factories have been renovated, should take measures for securing raw materials for them and making initial investment in them until they can stand on their own feet.

The regional-industry factories should focus on improving the quality of their products and thus make a substantial contribution to improving the local people's livelihood. And they should ensure expanded re-production so that they can operate by their own efforts.

In implementing the five-year plan for national economic development, key industries should continue to fly the banner and lead the national economy as a whole.

Key industries are the cornerstone and mainstay in our self-supporting economy; only when these sectors bring about an upsurge in production, can the overall national economy rise up and a bright view of the economic development of the next stage can be created.

For this reason, the Party and the government have already disbursed a large sum of money on bolstering up the metal and chemical industries, and intend to take more economic and practical measures needed for renovating the electric-power industry and various other key industries, expanding their capacity and putting their production on a normal track.

The metal, chemical and other key industrial sectors should carry out their production plans under any circumstances and without delay as they perseveringly implement the plans pertaining to the strategy of readjustment and reinforcement, so as to build up a more powerful motive force and potentialities for the growth and development of the national economy.

In particular, the management of labour, equipment and technology should be performed on a regular basis according to well-thought-out plans in order to prevent economic loss caused by different kinds of equipment-related accidents, and a closer connection between production and consumption should be built up from the standpoint of the state so as to enable the key industrial sectors to work without a hitch.

All sectors and units of the national economy should make a tangible contribution to the national economic development and the improvement of the people's livelihood by improving the management of business and enterprises in a way that they can maximize profits while saving labour, energy, materials, sites



and others as much as possible, starting from the viewpoint that economy is precisely increased production and patriotism.

It is needed to work out plans for long-range undertakings of great significance in the economic development of the country and the improvement of the people's living standards, make scrupulous arrangements for them and push ahead with them in a planned way and stage by stage.

To be bent on the present production for reasons of economic difficulties of the country is just self-preservation and retreat and an expression of giving up revolution.

Genuine patriots are just those who fight on by making it a principle to plan, make arrangements for and perform any undertakings, be they big or small, so that our descendants can enjoy their benefits to the full even in the distant future.

If it is really for the good of the people and the prosperity of the country, we should set ourselves lofty ideals and goals and at the same time persistently push on with the struggle to achieve them.

It is necessary to keep channelling big efforts in the future into projects for providing our people with better and excellent living conditions, including the construction of 50 000 flats in Pyongyang and large-scale greenhouse farms.

In order for us to continue to undertake ambitious construction projects with determination in the future, too, we should build large-capacity building-materials production bases in Pyongyang and local areas and produce and supply good quality building materials like finishing materials by ourselves.

Through the struggle to continuously conduct long-range and grand construction operations and successfully complete them, we should demonstrate the development aspects of our state where the people's long-cherished desires are fulfilled successfully one after another and its rosy future.

It is needed to make scientific calculations and accurate action plans for long-term economic projects including the construction of a large canal linking the East and West Seas of Korea and, once they are launched, national efforts should be directed to bringing success without fail.

The important affairs the government of the Republic should push ahead with at present are land administration and disaster prevention.

The heavy human casualties and material damage caused by the influence of disastrous abnormal climate that is getting ever serious are a difficult worldwide problem at present, and disasters happen also in our country every year.

The conservation of rivers is as good as the control of weather conditions and river improvement is an intermediate- and long-range undertaking.

At present, river improvement work is being limited to river dredging and the building of retaining walls along the riverside. It should be conducted according to intermediate- and long-range plans, in other words, a scientific river improvement strategy.

We should put water management on a scientific basis by making an accurate assessment of the water adjusting capacity of rivers and streams of the country, creating buffer points based on

the judgment and perfecting the water management system.

...  
It is necessary to keep putting big efforts into building the national disaster prevention capacity for minimizing damage from natural phenomena and, for the present, all the provinces, cities and counties should possess sufficient forces, equipment and materials needed for rescuing people in case of flood.

We should push ahead more powerfully on a nationwide scale with the protection and management of land and environment including the forest restoration campaign, afforestation for erosion control, dike projects for tide-water control and road reconstruction.

Comrades,  
It is a consistent policy of the government of the Republic to attach importance to education, science and technology, and public health and direct efforts to the development of them.

At present, we badly need more than ever before a larger number of talents, practically competent talents, and scientific and technological achievements conducive to solving problems arising in reality.

The government of the Republic should put forward the talents strategy, the strategy of sci-tech development, as the core strategy for the overall rejuvenation of the state and powerfully spur the implementation of the strategy.

At present the country's education fails to follow the developing global trend and meet the requirements of the times in terms of qualitative level.

Education fails to be aimed at training competent talents with practical ability and is confined to the one for education's sake, or for evaluation of marks, and therefore it is of little help to national development.

The education sector should properly select subjects to enable students to spend time and energy in acquiring more practical knowledge applicable to practice and decisively improve the quality of the universal 12-year compulsory education to enhance the ability of students pre-eminently beyond comparison.

Kim Chaek University of Technology and other technical colleges should steadily raise the level of education up to the world standard in order to graduate all their students as competent and prominent scientific and technological talents.

National efforts should continuously be directed to providing all teachers and students in Pyongyang and local areas with perfect conditions for education, practice and study.

The level and role of science and technology should be increased and the resources of technical talents be effectively promoted and managed.

...  
As the development of science and technology requires the preparation of means of research and talents, nationwide attention should constantly be paid to the matter and substantial measures be taken to settle it.

As I emphasize time and again, the scientific research sector should strictly guard against the attitude of making up the numbers

of research achievements alone, and present proper sci-tech results, even a few in number, capable of actually shoring up the economy of the country in a year.

All sectors and units should regularly learn about and substantially review the operation of sci-tech learning spaces, the important bases for making all the people well versed in science and technology, and steadily intensify the dissemination of science and technology to activate the mass technical innovation drive.

...  
It is necessary to properly ensure that sci-tech achievements are shared, absorbed and informed, good conditions are provided for gaining access to sci-tech data and excellent units, scientists and technicians are given preferential treatment and appraisal to make the climate of attaching importance to science and technology pervades the whole society.

Medical service should continuously be improved to protect and promote the life and health of our people.

Through the recent public health crisis the present state of our public health sector was evaluated in an all-round way and the urgency of increasing its level and capacity was proved all the more.

Urgent problems in medical service should be resolved first from the standpoint that the life and health of the people are a top priority.

Since the country is unable to produce all medical supplies by itself, the medical supplies needed for the medical treatment of the people and the promotion of their health should fully be provided even by importing them.

Along with this, the establishment and modernization of pharmaceutical, medical appliances and medical supplies factories should actively be pushed so as to domestically produce and supply various medicines including essential medical supplies and it is necessary to press on in a planned way with the work to renovate provincial, city and county hospitals and bring pharmacies up to standard.

It is necessary to ensure that all doctors and nurses in the public health sector acquire qualifications as defenders of human lives and communist traits.

They should be encouraged to positively emulate the spiritual world of self-sacrificing devotion displayed by the medical workers who moved the people during the recent struggle to exterminate the malignant virus; in this way we can ensure that excellent medical workers, who have cherished the word devotion deep in their hearts, can be seen everywhere in the country.

Efforts should be put into developing medical science and technology onto the world's advanced level and a people-oriented, advanced and efficient medical care system be perfected.

The building of the national anti-epidemic capacity should be stepped up.

This is a national issue of paramount importance that can never be delayed even for a moment as there are various possibilities of continued outbreaks of malignant infectious diseases both at present and in the future.

It is important to carry out the tasks put forward at the Fifth Plenary Meeting of the Eighth Party Central Committee and the National Meeting of Reviewing the Emergency Anti-epidemic Work in connection with the building of the state's anti-epidemic capacity while examining them on a case-by-case basis.

In particular, the state should constantly watch the volatile epidemic situation beyond the country and the characteristics of the disease with alertness, and pay attention to developing the capacity to promptly detect and control the disease once it enters its territory.

...  
Comrades,  
The present international situation shows that the contradictions between justice and injustice and between the progressive and the reactionary, especially the power structure surrounding the Korean peninsula, have become obvious and the change from a unipolar world advocated by the US into a multipolar world is being accelerated significantly.

Our Republic will develop foreign relations proactively in line with the development trend of the current international situation and its position as a powerful independent country.

The field of external affairs should invariably hold fast as the foremost mission of the diplomacy of the Republic to the defence of the dignity of our Party, the enhancement of national prestige and the championing of national interests and settle issues arising in international relations in the interests of our revolution.

It should develop external relations in a many-sided way as it further expands and develops friendly and cooperative relations with neighbouring countries and collaborates with all countries and nations opposing and rejecting the imperialists' aggression and interference, domination and subordination and aspiring after independence and justice, regardless of differences in ideology and system.

Along with this, it should try to find a way of making diplomatic efforts for developing multifaceted exchanges and cooperation with capitalist countries that respect our country and are friendly to it.

In order to build on today's proud victory to achieve a greater victory in socialist construction by carrying out the aforementioned tasks facing the government of the Republic, we should thoroughly establish the Party's unified leadership system in state building and activities.

The government of the Republic should organize and guide all affairs with the lines and policies of the Party as absolute criteria and definitely orient its activities to carrying out the Party's policies.

All government agencies should establish a revolutionary habit of accepting and implementing the decisions and instructions of the Party unconditionally without any slight excuse or pretext and make it an iron rule which is inviolable in any circumstances to report all problems to the Party and deal with them in accordance with its conclusion.

The functions and role of the people's power organs should be enhanced.





The work of power organs embracing all domains of social life is very complicated and enormous, and their duty and role are important as much.

All power organs should perform their duty faithfully, fully aware of their mission of representing the dignified administrative power of the Republic in their regions and being in charge of the people's life.

They should take full charge of the policies and instructions

of the Party and government for their regions and units, map out plans and give guidance in a responsible way to thoroughly implement them and positively create conditions and environment which enable institutions, enterprises, cooperative organizations and residents to conduct their work and activities smoothly and effectively.

They should make devoted efforts to ensure that all children and families enjoy the benefits of the people-oriented policies of

the Party and government evenly and without exception, always learn about problems relating to the people's living including the matters of drinking water and fuel and take careful measures in advance lest they should suffer from any slight inconvenience or trouble.

Officials who are leading members of the revolution should have extraordinary ideological preparedness and determination and make strenuous efforts all alike.

In our society, officials should become servants in the true sense of the word.

The word official is not something related to any honour or authority, and the worth of existence of officials is unthinkable separated from their natural mission of serving the people.

If officials enjoy a comfortable and luxurious life, it is not socialism at all and it brings greater trouble to the people.

All officials should never forget that their positions require them to shoulder heavier burdens and work harder for the Party and revolution, and the country and people and should be boundlessly faithful to their duties always feeling oppressive and an acute sense of responsibility without taking their eyes off even for a moment.

When there is a new job to be done, they should not evade it or take a stopgap measure, but take the lead in it as they work out a detailed plan, command the work and throw themselves to it with the trait of setting personal examples to bring about good results.

They should heighten a sense of responsibility and increase their role in work, constantly cultivate their mind and morality to live honourably before the Party and people and become truly necessary officials who know nothing but the revolution and work and can fulfil their duties flawlessly.

...

Comrade Deputies,

We will soon greet the 74th anniversary of the founding of the glorious Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

On the occasion of this meaningful day, our Republic brilliantly engraved on its proud history another megaevent that demonstrates more clearly the prestige of the dignified and independent powerful country.

We should brave and break through severer ordeals and adversities as our noble ideal and our sacred cause rise to a higher stage of success and victory.

Today our struggle is accompanied by unprecedentedly extreme difficulties and we do not know what kind of challenge may face us next.

But our Republic is obviously progressing without the slightest hesitation and vacillation and will continuously advance and grow stronger in the future, too.

It is because our cause, our ideology and our line all represent justice and truth and we have the great might of firm single-minded unity of the Party and the people which nobody can break.

Comrades,

The victory is surely on our side and the more we exert ourselves, the faster the victory will come.

For the eternal prosperity of our Republic, our beloved mother,

For the promotion of the well-being of our great people,

For the victorious advance of our own style of socialism,

Let us all advance more dynamically, closely rallied behind the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea with one mind and purpose.

Long live the Democratic People's Republic of Korea!







# Seventh Session of 14th SPA of DPRK Held

The Seventh Session of the 14th Supreme People's Assembly of the DPRK took place at the Mansudae Assembly Hall in Pyongyang on September 7 and 8.

Deputies to the SPA attended the session, and officials of the WPK Central Committee, the Standing Committee of the SPA, the Cabinet, armed forces organs, ministries and national agencies and labour innovators were present there as observers.

Choe Ryong Hae, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau of the WPK Central Committee, first vice-president of the State Affairs Commission of the DPRK and chairman of the SPA Standing Committee, presided over the meeting.

On September 8 Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the DPRK, attended the second-day sitting to clarify an administrative policy of the DPRK government.

When he appeared in the venue, all the participants burst into loud cheers of "Hurrah!"

Kim Jong Un delivered a historic policy speech.

Deputies to the SPA and observers respectfully listened to his policy speech indicating the immediate orientation for struggle and policy tasks of the government of the Republic for the prosperity of the state and promotion of the people's wellbeing as required by the stage of the comprehensive development of socialist construction.

When he finished his policy speech, all the participants expressed their full support and approval with their thunderous cheers and enthusiastic applause.

The first-day sitting discussed the first agenda item "On adopting Law of the DPRK on Socialist Rural Development" and the second agenda item "On adopting Law of the DPRK on Landscaping".

And the second-day sitting discussed the third agenda item "On the DPRK's policy on the nuclear forces."

Pak Jong Chon, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the WPK, vice-chairman of the Party Central Military Commission and secretary of the WPK Central Committee, made a report.

He stressed that the law on the state policy on the nuclear forces would serve as a powerful legal guarantee for further consolidating the DPRK's position as a nuclear weapons state and ensuring the transparent, consistent and standard character of the policy on the nuclear forces, and explained each article of the draft law which comprehensively stipulates the contents on the mission and operation of the nuclear forces of the DPRK.

The Standing Committee of the SPA submitted to the current session of the SPA the draft law of the SPA "On the DPRK's policy on the nuclear forces" for deliberation according to Article 95 of the Socialist Constitution.







Speeches were made on the third agenda item. Saying that it is the steadfast stand that the building of socialism, the happy life of the people and the bright future of the children are all guaranteed by powerful nuclear forces, the speakers fully supported and approved the enacting of the policy on the nuclear forces as a state law.

Experiencing with great pride the historic moment when the people's long-cherished desire for building a powerful socialist state and defence is achieved, the deputies approved unanimously the law on the policy on the nuclear forces that is of great significance for the existence and development of the DPRK by reflecting the unanimous will of all the people of the country.

The Law of the SPA of the DPRK "On the DPRK's policy on

the nuclear forces" was adopted at the session amid the enthusiastic applause of all the participants.

The session discussed the organizational matter as its fourth agenda item.

The Seventh Session of the 14th Supreme People's Assembly which discussed and decided important and significant issues in implementing the major policies of the Party and the state, will shine in the annals of history as a historic session which has provided a political and institutional mechanism capable of firmly guaranteeing the eternal security of the country and the people and prosperity of posterity and exceptionally aroused the fighting spirit of the Korean people in their effort to achieve the comprehensive development and prosperity of socialist construction.



The Law of the SPA of the DPRK "On the DPRK's policy on the nuclear forces" was adopted at the session with unanimous approval







9.9.

# DPRK Celebrated Its 74th Founding Anniversary with Splendour





**Kim Jong Un attended  
the celebrations of the  
founding anniversary**











The celebrations of the 74th anniversary of the DPRK were held with splendour at the foot of Mansu Hill in Pyongyang, where the statues of President Kim Il Sung and Chairman Kim Jong Il, the pioneer and leaders of the cause of building a socialist country, stand, on the evening of September 8.

Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the DPRK, attended the celebrations.

The spacious venue arranged uniquely between the Mansudae Assembly Hall and the People's Theatre was crowded with

citizens from all social strata, youth and students of the capital city.

A paratrooper and flying corps demonstrated their skills, decorating a prelude of the celebrations colourfully.

The moment the respected Comrade Kim Jong Un, together with his wife Ri Sol Ju, appeared at the celebration venue amid the playing of the welcome music all the participants broke into thunderous cheers of "Hurrah!"

Kim Jong Un and Ri Sol Ju were presented with bunches of fragrant flowers by members of the Children's Union.

Warmly waving back to the enthusiastic

cheers, Kim Jong Un extended warm congratulations to all the participants greeting the anniversary of the Republic.

Invited to the celebrations were veteran cadres who had worked for a long time in the Party, the government and the military.

Senior officials of the Party, the government and the military, deputies to the Supreme People's Assembly, the participants in the celebrations, officials of ministries and national agencies, students of the revolutionary schools and citizens in Pyongyang attended the celebrations.

There took place a solemn ceremony of hoisting a national flag to the flagstaff of the





state assembly hall of the DPRK.

All the participants paid noble respects to the national flag with overflowing pride, patriotic passion and conviction about tomorrow.

Fireworks were displayed in the sky of September where the national flag of the powerful country was fluttering.

A grand performance started against

the background of the Mansudae Assembly Hall standing as a grand monument in the era of the Workers' Party in the centre of the capital with the greatness of the DPRK government which was established by the general will of all the Korean people and demonstrates its invincible might under their absolute support and trust.

The artistes newly created and depicted

the people's songs, odes to socialism and hymns to the Workers' Party which have sounded high in the course of nation-building and its development.

Solemnly sung were *Song of the Proclamation of the People's Republic* which shook the whole of Korea with great pride and joy of the people who became the masters of the genuine











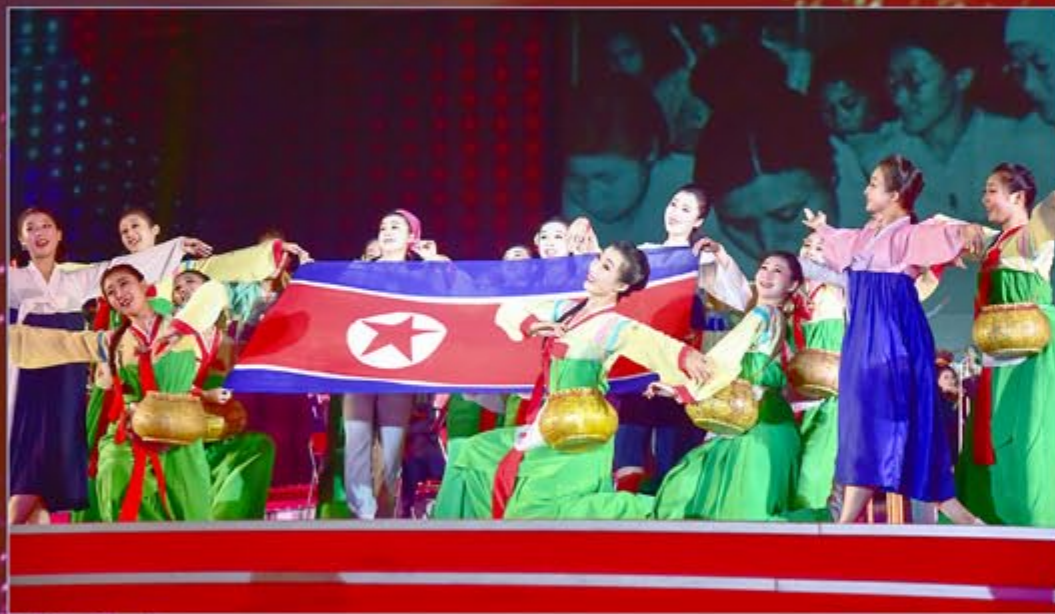












independent and sovereign state for the first time in the history of the nation and immortal hymn *Cantata to Marshal Kim Il Sung*.

Through the immortal songs the performers highly lauded the immortal exploits performed by the President who carved out the cause of nation-building centred on the people and built the country into a socialist state independent in politics, self-supporting in the economy and self-reliant in defence.

Narrative poem *The Glorious Motherland* resounded with solemn passion and valuable

memories as it eulogized the source of unlimited strength of the Republic, which demonstrated only victory and glory, arising as the creation of the Juche revolution on the firm foundation of believing in the people as in Heaven.

Odes to the WPK and famous songs on the themes of patriotism revved up the atmosphere of the venue.

The audience clapped enthusiastically the performance pulsating with loyalty and patriotic single-mindedness to greet all glory on the road of following the great Party Central Committee.

The performance which showed the glorious history and bright future of the DPRK and the invincible and irresistible might of Korean-style socialism through a majestic and beautiful musical epic ended with the marching songs of the great era of Kim Jong Un *We'll Travel One Road Forever* and *Our National Flag*.

Fireworks were let off in a row in the nocturnal sky of the celebrations, and the venue of the celebrations brimmed with the ardent love and feelings of the Korean people for the great country.

Kim Jong Un acknowledged the

cheering participants with greetings of encouragement.

Greatly satisfied with the successful performance, he personally went up the stage to congratulate the performers and had a photo session with them.

The foot of Mansu Hill filled with enthusiastic cheers was full of the indomitable faith, high spirit and boundless joy of the Korean people, who are determined to make their socialist country more powerful and more brilliant on the strength of ardent patriotism overflowing along with the new times of a great powerful country.

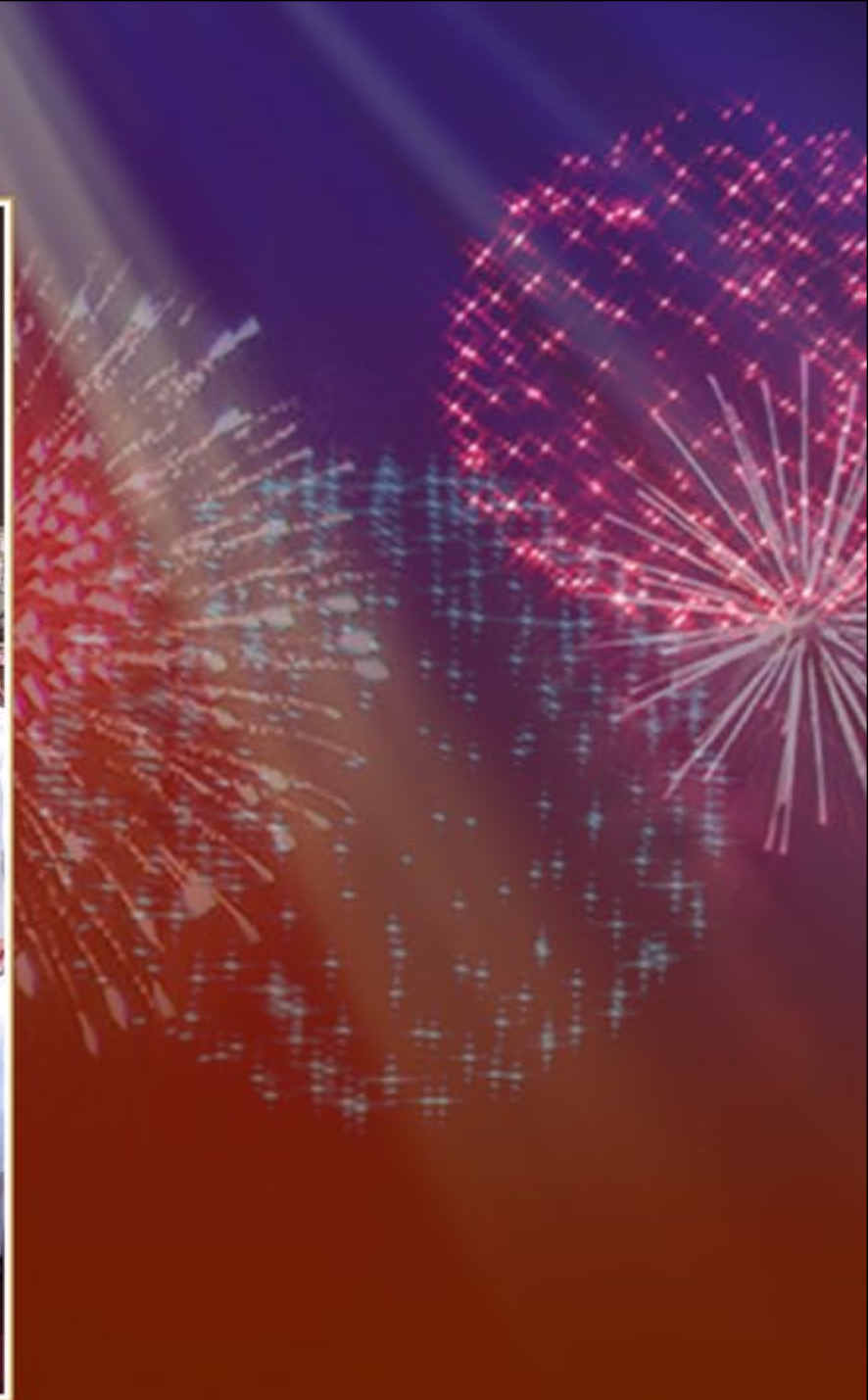


















# Kim Jong Un Congratulated Labour Innovators, Persons of Merit Participating in DPRK Anniversary Celebrations



Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the DPRK, met and congratulated labour innovators and persons of merit participating in the celebrations of the 74th anniversary of the founding of the DPRK on September 8.

When the respected Comrade Kim Jong Un arrived at the venue, all the participants raised thunderous cheers of "Hurrah!", extending gratitude to him who puts forward the life and struggle of the working people on the high platform of happiness and honour.

Sending warm greetings to the participants, he congratulated the labour innovators and persons of merit invited to the celebrations of the anniversary of the DPRK with the extraordinary pride and honour of contributing to the prosperity and development of the socialist country.

Saying that the Party and the government of the DPRK value more than anything else the patriotic efforts and clean conscience of the working people devoted to their motherland, Kim Jong Un added that labour innovators and persons of merit who place their civic duties before their rights to enjoyment, taking pains and making strenuous efforts to relieve the country of its heavy burdens, are true representatives of the people and genuine patriots.

Highly praising the noble outlook on life and achievements of the patriotic working people who fully discharge their core and pace-setting roles as the vanguard in defending socialism and creators of fresh innovation at their posts and worksites by cherishing the lines and policies of the Party and the state as absolute truth and devoting untiring efforts, he had a photo session with the labour innovators and meritorious persons.

A grand banquet for the labour innovators and persons of merit was given in the garden of the Mansudae Assembly Hall, in the presence of the respected Comrade



Kim Jong Un and his wife Ri Sol Ju.

Also attending the banquet were leading officials of the Party, the government and the military.

Kim Jong Un learned about the health and work successes of the labour innovators and meritorious persons who devote themselves to the prosperity and development of the country and the people's well-being, and encouraged them warmly.

Saying that the mightiness of the state is supported by each creation and work success associated with the tireless patriotic enthusiasm, painstaking efforts and heart and soul of the great people, he expressed expectation that the participants will in the future, too, glorify their honourable lives as pioneers of the times the country and people put forward proudly.

All the participants were full of pledge of loyalty and repayment to make every possible effort with a do-or-die spirit for the prosperity and development of the motherland, cherishing his paternal feelings toward and great trust in them as their best treasure.





# Kim Jong Un Had Photo Session with Meritorious Persons in Anti-epidemic Sector Participating in DPRK Anniversary Celebrations

Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the DPRK, on September 9 had a photo session with persons of merit in the anti-epidemic sector taking part in the celebrations of the 74th anniversary of the founding of the DPRK.

When Kim Jong Un arrived at the venue of the photo session, all the participants broke into thunderous cheers of "Hurrah!" as a token of their deep reverence for him who brought about a great victory in the anti-epidemic campaign unprecedented in the world public health history and demonstrated to the whole world the politico-ideological might and advantages of the socialist system with his ardent love for and self-sacrificing devotion to the country and people and his energetic leadership.

Kim Jong Un extended warm congratulations and encouragement to the red anti-epidemic workers and public health workers of the Party who contributed to stabilizing the anti-epidemic situation by successfully controlling the worst-ever public health crisis with the intense loyalty to the Party, strong mental power and ardent sincerity for the people.

Saying that thanks to the strenuous efforts of the genuine public health workers and patriots of the times who devotedly implemented the anti-epidemic and public health policies of the Party and the government while playing a pivotal role in the severe anti-epidemic campaign for defending the people's lives, the anniversary of the founding of the DPRK could be splendidly celebrated in such peace and excitement, he highly appreciated their patriotism of devoting themselves to strengthening the country's anti-epidemic position.

He said that our country and cause would always emerge victorious thanks to the full support of the genuine patriotic loyalists and obliging socialist working people who throw themselves into the places called by the Party and the revolution before others while being well aware of the pains and trials of the country more than any others and sharing the destiny with the country.

Expressing expectation and conviction that the participants will firmly guarantee the development of the state and wellbeing of all families across the country by directing redoubled efforts to building the anti-epidemic capability to initiatively and successfully cope with any public health crisis while further expanding and consolidating the achievements made in the great anti-epidemic war, always mindful that the anti-epidemic capability is the capability to ensure state security and defend the people's life, he had a photo session with them.







## Kim Jong Un Guided Meeting of Reviewing National Disaster Prevention Work

A meeting of reviewing the national disaster prevention work took place in Pyongyang on September 4 and 5 to examine the country's overall situation for disaster prevention and take decisive measures for strengthening the crisis response capacity.

Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the DPRK, presided over the meeting.

The meeting was attended by Kim Tok Hun, Jo Yong Won and Pak Jong Chon, members of the Presidium of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, officials of the Party Central Committee, the Cabinet, commissions, ministries and national agencies, those of the public security, judiciary and prosecution fields and leading officials of the provincial-level guidance organs, cities, counties and major industrial establishments.

Also present there were commanding officers of the Ministry of National Defence.

The respected Comrade Kim Jong Un delivered an important speech.

Kim Jong Un said that the work for boosting the capability

to prevent disaster is an important undertaking for achieving the prosperity and development of the state and safeguarding the people's lives and a crucial revolutionary task that should surely be kept ahead of all other works for the younger generations, to say nothing of the current generation, and presented a plan of the Party Central Committee on the orientation of the building of the national crisis response capability.

Stressing once again that nothing is more precious for the WPK and the state regarding the people-first principle as the basic political ideal than the people's lives and safety, he specified the detailed tasks and ways for putting the state's disaster prevention capability onto a new high level in the shortest possible period.

At the meeting, Premier Kim Tok Hun reported data, which was followed by speeches.

The meeting served as an important occasion in awakening and arousing once again the entire Party, the whole country and all the people who are out in the struggle to prevent disasters for executing the state's long-range plan and in remarkably improving the national crisis response capability.









# Tenth Meeting of Political Bureau of Eighth Central Committee of WPK Held



The Tenth Meeting of the Political Bureau of the Eighth Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea took place on September 25 at the office building of the headquarters of the Party Central Committee.

Present there were members of the Presidium of the Political

Bureau of the WPK Central Committee and members and alternate members of its Political Bureau.

Upon authorization of the respected Comrade Kim Jong Un, Jo Yong Won, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau of the WPK Central Committee and secretary for Organizational Affairs

of the Party Central Committee, presided over the meeting.

The Political Bureau of the WPK Central Committee discussed as its major agenda item the issue of examining this year's farming and thoroughly implementing relevant agricultural policies, and adopted an important resolution.

The meeting stressed the need to mobilize all forces and means for the immediate harvesting and threshing, improve cereal procurement and supply and wage an intensive struggle against all practices of hindering the execution of the cereals policy of the Party and the state.



# Ceremony for Conveying Farm Machines Sent to South Hwanghae Province by Kim Jong Un Held



The respected Comrade Kim Jong Un, who attaches importance to South Hwanghae Province, the largest agricultural province in the country, and bestows over and again the great loving care on the province so that it takes the lead in the agricultural production, sent 5 500 farm machines newly manufactured by the munitions industry sector to farms in the province.

The respected General Secretary set forth a new programme for the rural revolution for the rapid development of the socialist countryside and wisely led the munitions industry sector to render support to the agricultural sector.

Workers and officials in the munitions industry sector manufactured several thousand new-type efficient farm machines by launching a vigorous production campaign with the indomitable revolutionary spirit and unyielding mettle they have displayed in the struggle to consolidate the national defence capability.

A ceremony for conveying the farm machines took place at Haeju Square on September 25.

Senior officials of the Workers' Party of Korea and the government of the DPRK, officials of the provincial Party and power organs and the agricultural sector, working people, Haeju citizens, youth and students, and officials in the munitions industry sector attended the ceremony.

Ri Pyong Chol, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the WPK and secretary of the WPK Central Committee, made an address for conveying the farm machines, and speeches were made by Won Kyong Mo, chairman of the South Hwanghae Provincial Rural Economy Committee, Kim Jin Yong, chief secretary of the Paechon County Committee of the WPK, An Hye Song, chairperson of the management board of Sowon Farm in Pyoksong County, and Kim Un Chol, head of the mechanized workteam of Ohyon Farm in Yonan County.

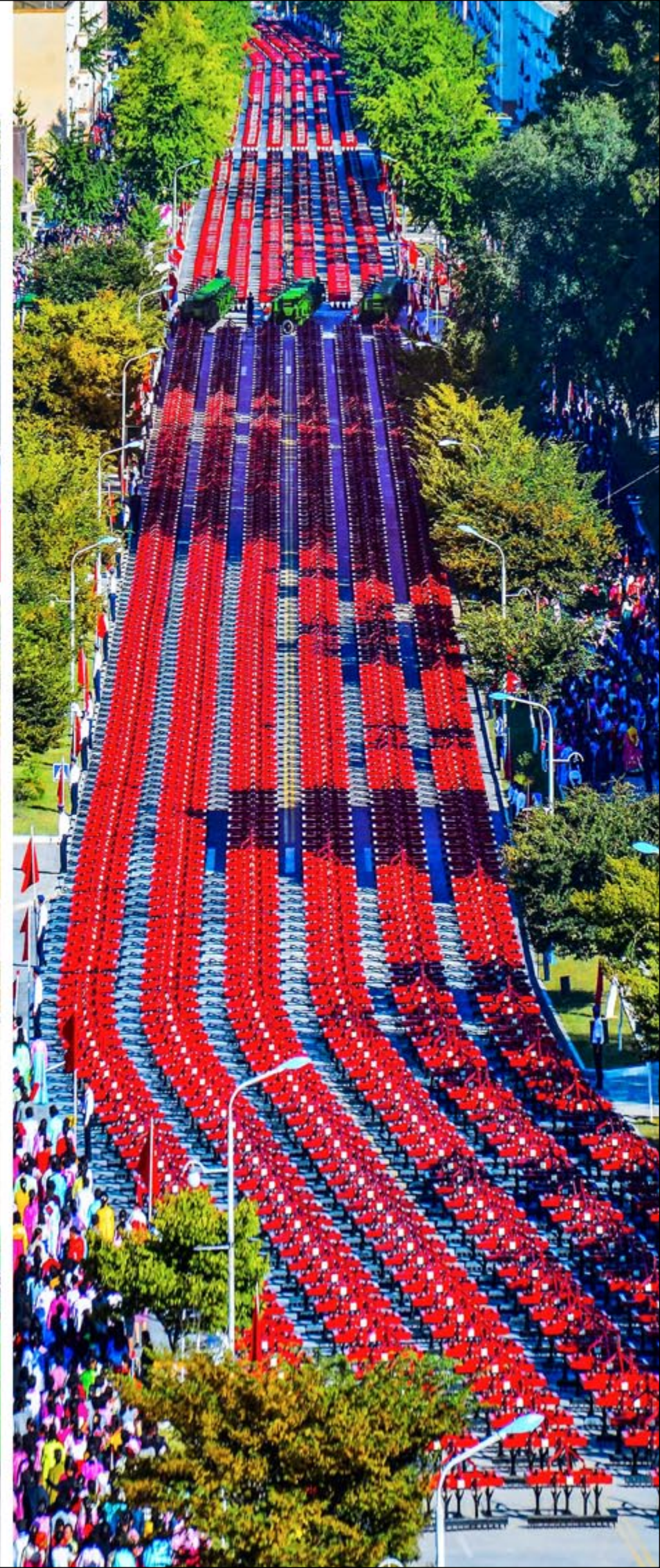
A resolution was read at the ceremony.

All the participants shouted slogans, full of firm determination to faithfully support the leadership of General Secretary Kim Jong Un and discharge their honourable mission and duty as vanguard workers of the agricultural front in the struggle to defend the Party and the revolution, and socialism by means of rice production.

After the ceremony the participants and Haeju citizens looked round the farm machines.

People of South Hwanghae Province sang and danced, gripped by joy and emotion, picturing in mind the new appearance of socialist countryside to be covered by modern farm machines and merry farming by means of machines.







Rice harvesting by means of efficient farm machines sent by the respected Comrade Kim Jong Un is in full swing on Jaeryong and Yonbaek plains and other fields in South Hwanghae Province.





## Sixth Meeting of Active Leading Personnel of Worker-Peasant Red Guards Held



The Sixth Meeting of Active Leading Personnel of the Worker-Peasant Red Guards took place at the April 25 House of Culture in Pyongyang on August 29 and 30.

Attending the meeting were leading personnel at all levels of the Worker-Peasant Red Guards, officials of public security organs and officials of units supporting paramilitary forces and other relevant units.

A letter sent by Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the DPRK, to the participants in the Sixth Meeting of Active Leading Personnel of the Worker-Peasant Red Guards was read out.

Kang Sun Nam, department director of the WPK Central Committee, made a report.

The report referred to the achievements made in strengthening the combat efficiency of the Worker-Peasant Red Guards in the past period.

Noting that to strengthen the paramilitary forces and make

full preparations for all-people resistance in our country where a constant threat of war lingers is an essentially important task for thoroughly defending the sovereignty and rights to existence and development of the state and people, the reporter called on all the leading personnel to fulfil their important responsibility and duty.

Then speeches were made.

The speakers referred to the achievements and experience gained by intensifying Party guidance over the work of paramilitary sector.

At the meeting a prospective plan for perfecting the combat preparations of the paramilitary sector was announced and citations of the Central Military Commission of the WPK were conferred on the units of the Worker-Peasant Red Guards that took the lead in strengthening the state defence capabilities and making preparations for all-people resistance.

A letter of pledge to Kim Jong Un was adopted at the meeting.

## Seventh National Conference of Judicial Officers Held



The Seventh National Conference of Judicial Officers took place at the April 25 House of Culture in Pyongyang on September 14 and 15.

The meeting analyzed and reviewed the state judicial work during the past five years since the sixth conference and discussed practical ways for improving and strengthening the observance of socialist law at the present time and measures for increasing the political and practical competence and other abilities of judicial officers a step higher.

It was attended by Choe Ryong Hae, member of the Presidium of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, first vice-president of the State Affairs Commission of the DPRK and chairman of the Standing Committee of the Supreme People's Assembly, cadres of the Party and the government, members of the socialist law-observance guidance committees at all levels, officials of judicial departments, organs of prosecution, trial, public security, and inspection and supervision, exemplary

law information workers and officials of relevant units.

A letter sent by Kim Jong Un, general secretary of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the State Affairs of the DPRK, to the participants in the conference was read out.

Then Choe Ryong Hae made a report.

He set forth tasks and ways of socialist law-observance guidance committees and judicial officers for discharging their responsibility and duty in the struggle to defend the security of the state and the rights and interests of the people and achieve the advance and development of socialism.

In the following speeches speakers mentioned the achievements and experience gained in the course of establishing the revolutionary spirit of law observance by intensifying the Party guidance over the observance of the socialist law, education in the obedience of law and the legal control.

A letter of pledge to Kim Jong Un was adopted at the conference.



# Junghung, Northern Mountainous Village

**Junghung-ri, Samjiyon, Ryanggang Province, is located in the region with an average elevation of 1 300 metres.**

In the past Junghung in Samjiyon of Ryanggang Province had been a secluded place with only a few log cabins of slash-and-burn peasants.

In the 1960s the region was brought under cultivation and a farm was set up there.

It changed its looks completely in the 1970s and the 2000s.

And several years ago it began to witness another changes.

The respected Comrade Kim Jong Un visited the Junghung Farm in July 2018 to

unfold a magnificent plan of turning it into an ideal farm encapsulating the modern civilization as required by the developing reality and the new century.

According to his grand plan, the builders came to the place and pushed forward with the huge construction project, despite unfavourable natural and climatic conditions of the mountainous region.

As a result, a rural village unique to the northern region sprang up one year after the groundbreaking, and the state gave new

houses to the farmers free of charge.

The respected General Secretary looked round the modern dwelling houses and the hall of culture newly built in the area and highly appreciated that it was a standard unit of the rural development resembling a scroll of picture.

The people in facelifted Junghung-ri are now enjoying as good a cultured life as the urbanites.

*Photo: An Chol Ryong*

*Text: Pak Pyong Hun*











The farm that cultivates mainly potatoes and wheat increases their per-hectare yields every year.





# Sci-Tech Complex, Hub of Scientific and Technological Dissemination





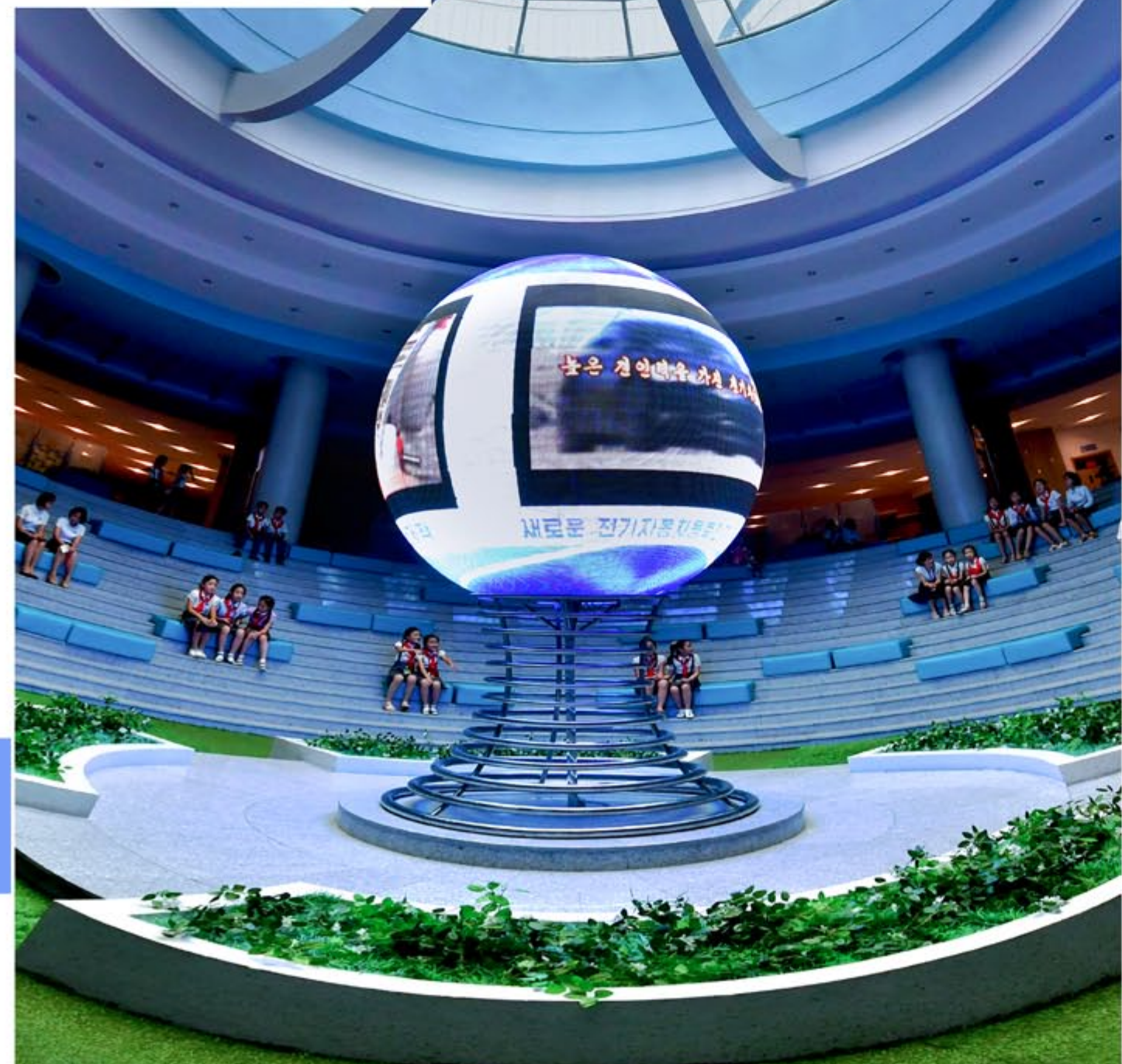


The splendid Sci-Tech Complex, a great temple of learning for all the people in the 21st century, sits on Ssuk Island on the Taedong River flowing through Pyongyang.

It is the main hub of the dissemination of the advanced science and technology provided by the respected Comrade Kim Jong Un to the people in the new century, an era of knowledge economy.

The complex is divided into a great e-library with a huge database comprising sci-tech books and information about latest scientific and technological advances and exhibition spaces.

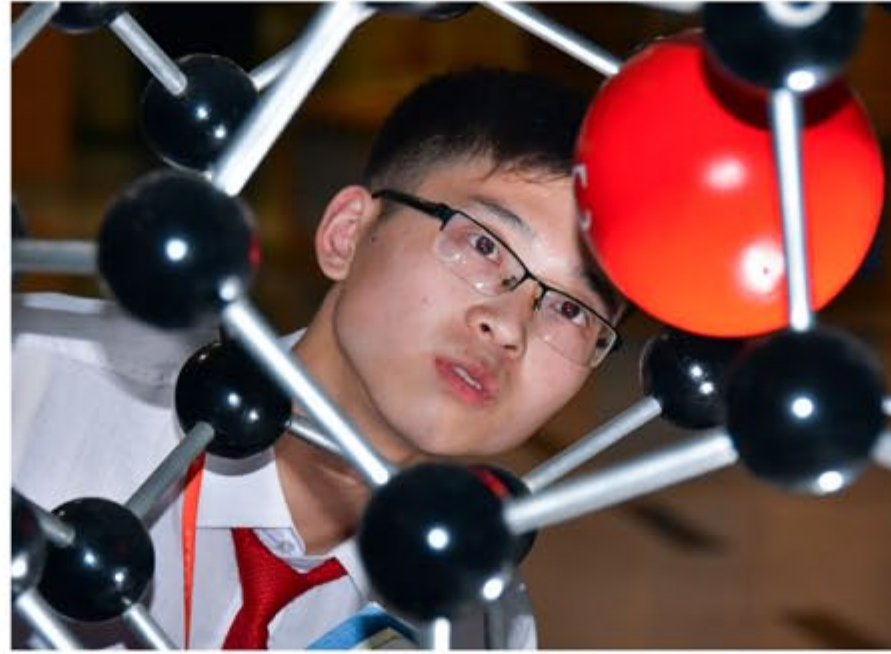
As it ensures visitors high efficiency of studying and great convenience, it attracts people from all walks of life, ranging from scientists, technicians and educators to university and school students.



**Total Building Space:  
106 600 square metres**











provinces, Mirae e-libraries and similar ones in 200 odd cities and counties, and more than 15 000 sci-tech learning spaces.

A lot of new scientific and technological information has so far flowed from the complex to every part of the country, thus making a positive contribution to the scientific and technological development of the country and successes in economic construction.

The website of the complex has become a favourite for netizens.

The Sci-Tech Complex clearly displays the aspiration and enthusiasm of the Korean people to achieve the dynamic social progress by dint of science and technology.

Photo: Ri Jin Hyok  
Text: Ri Jin Bom



**The Sci-Tech Complex has halls for basic and applied science and technology, children's dreams and so on, which help everybody acquire the principles and methods of science and technology.**

It serves as a multi-functional hub of sci-tech dissemination and academic exchange, a treasure house of latest scientific and technological information, for the professionals. And, for the youngsters, it is a window into the sci-tech wonderland.

Since the inauguration of the complex in January 2016, millions of people visited the complex.

The complex has another charm.

It is a centre for disseminating science and technology to science libraries in the





# Merry Laughter Reverberating through Central Zoo

The Central Zoo covers a total area of over 100 hectares. It has eight halls and 40-odd houses for aquatic creatures, reptiles and other animals, which keep more than 11 000 animals in over 830 species.



As clear and refreshing weather continues this autumn, many people are visiting the Central Zoo located at the foot of picturesque Mt Taesong.

Every visitor lets out an exclamation of excitement to see the zoo's entrance depicting the head of a tiger with its mouth wide open, and they are delighted again once they pass the entrance.

Roads stretching ahead among dense

flowering shrubs and trees, numbering tens of thousands in species, lead to animal halls and houses of distinctive architectural forms placed in various parts of the zoo.

Visit to the zoo gives greater delight to children than the grown-ups.

The aquarium, reptile hall, aviary, houses for tiger, bear and elephant, and other places in the zoo are crowded mostly with youth

and schoolchildren.

Frequent visitors are not young people alone. An old man says he often visits the zoo with his grandson and every time when they look round the animal houses and take photos he feels as if he gets much younger.

A seal stunt ground beside the aquarium and animal stunt ground near the monkey house are always overcrowded





The aquarium houses a wide variety of freshwater and sea fishes, such as piranhas with a reputation of a “gourmand of the Amazon River,” oscars, gold-coloured trouts, and green sea turtles.

Aquarium Penguin house



with people, who enjoy themselves seeing “entertainers” performing various stunts under the instruction of trainers.

All visitors are unaware of either weariness or passage of time, as they marvel at the interesting animal world laid out in a wide area of over 100 hectares.

Boisterous laughter of children and young people riding flower-decked horse-drawn carriages and battery cars resounds in the zoo, and at the soft drinking stalls and cozy rest places are seen people at

leisure.

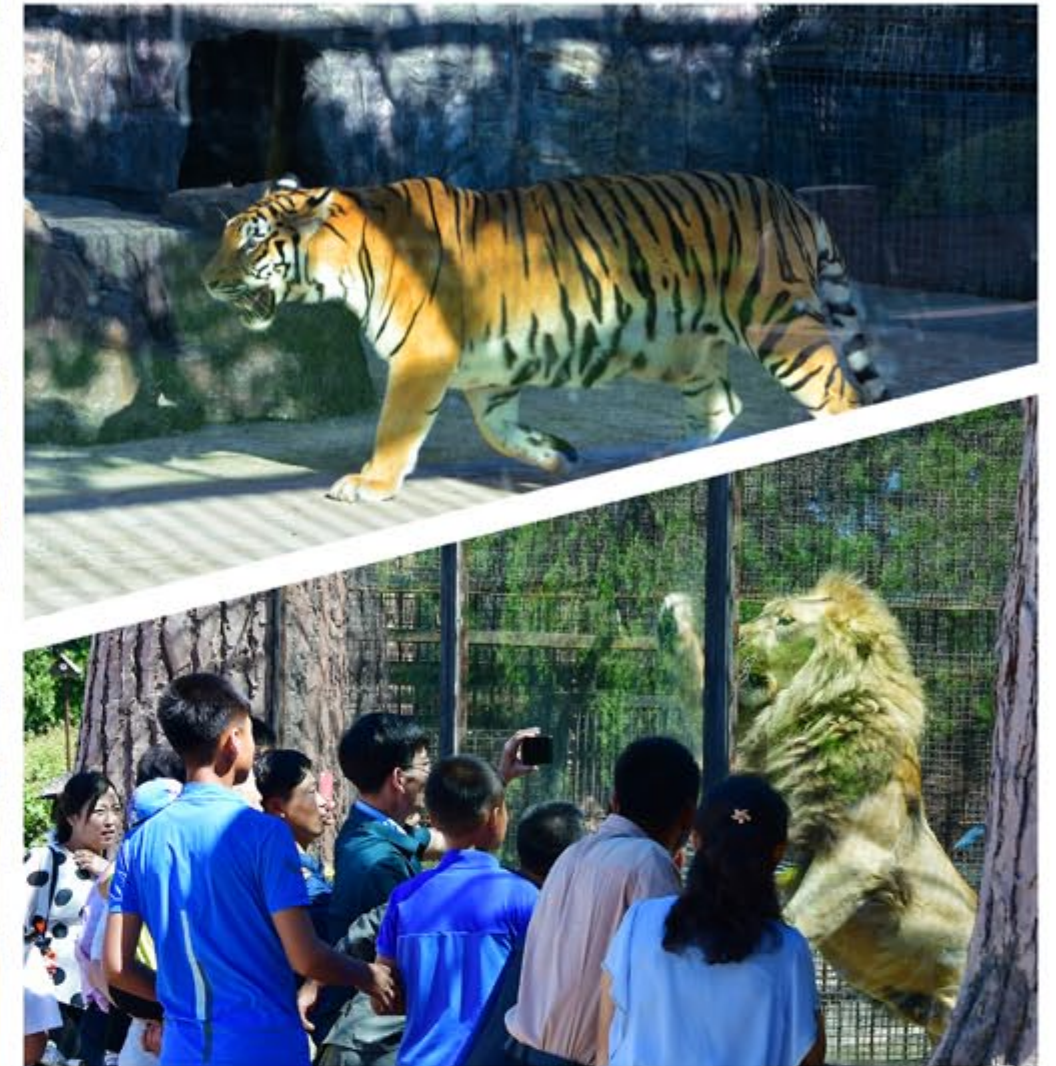
Strolling round the zoo in the evening glow arouses another extraordinary feeling.

The Central Zoo, which had been built at the excellent location as a cultural resort for the people 60 odd years ago, was reconstructed in 2016 under the deep concern and meticulous guidance of the respected Comrade Kim Jong Un.

Photo: Ra Phyoung Ryol  
Text: Kang Su Jong







While enjoying a good time at the zoo the working people, youth and students broaden the common knowledge of animals including tiger, elephant, lion, and giraffe.







**Goshawk, national bird of the DPRK**

The zoo keeps various species of birds, such as goshawk, national bird of the DPRK, red-and-blue macaw, crowned crane, white crane with a red crest, golden eagle, and black vulture.



# Central Zoo





*Children with many Dreams*

Thanks to the noble affection of the respected Comrade Kim Jong Un for the rising generation and the future, many establishments of nursing and upbringing the children have been built excellently and methods of education and edification been improved constantly in the DPRK to produce a lot of talented children.

Kuje Kindergarten in Haeju, South Hwanghae Province, was reconstructed on several occasions in the past, and recent reconstruction projects in 2014 and 2017 respectively spruced up its appearance.

It is a cozy, two-storey building with over ten education rooms, playing area, dance room, wading pool, infirmary and other facilities.

Along with modern educational conditions and environment for bringing up and educating preschool children, high pedagogical qualifications of the kindergarten teachers attract the attention of the parents.



Kuje Kindergarten, which is awarded the Order of Kim Il Sung and the title of three-time honoured model kindergarten, finds out the buds of talents of the children and brings them into full bloom.

# Where Children's Talents Are Brought into Full Bloom







Kindergarten teachers possessed of high qualifications and abilities exert great efforts to develop talents of children according to their aptitudes and hobbies.







**Children are growing up cheerfully and healthily under the state benefits.**

The kindergarten has been widely known across the country since 15 years ago, for it has produced a lot of excellent children in composition, dance and national musical instruments.

Its teaching staff are well experienced in identifying children's talents, however trivial.

Recently they are giving children elementary education in drawing, brush-writing, abacus, foreign language, *paduk* (Korean folk game), and violin and piano playing.

Children with talents and aptitudes are selected for compulsory and special education through deliberation of the kindergarten teachers.

It says, "To teach others one, you must know ten or a hundred."

The kindergarten teachers are involved in the study-while-you-work system so as to acquire high qualifications no less inferior than experts in relevant fields.

Based on regular and detailed

observation and analysis of the life of over 250 children under their charge, they direct much effort to creating new educational methods for them.

Many of the educational methods invented by the kindergarten teachers are so effective that they are widely applied to education.

Among them is a science game, which was developed by Kang Yong Ok, head of the kindergarten, and Kang Kum Sun, who was selected as the only teacher in the kindergarten sector among the top ten teachers of the last year. The game helps cultivate children's intellectual faculty and develop their thinking and observation powers, and is now generalized across the country.

Children from Kuje Kindergarten are highly appreciated in national art and other contests of kindergarten children.

*Photo: Ri Chol Jin  
Text: Kim Son Gyeong*





# Preparing Students to Possess Excellent Practical Abilities



Kim Yong Sik, head of the school, PhD and People's Teacher

**M**oranbong Middle School No. 1, which was founded over 70 years ago, is one of the well-known schools in the general education sector of the DPRK.

Remarkable successes it has gained since 1995 in the training of reserve talented personnel are attracting the attention of not only parents of the school students but also other educational workers across the country.

The school teachers are mostly graduates from Kim Il Sung University and Kim Hyong Jik University of Education, and nearly 40 percent of them have academic degrees.



The school is awarded the Order of Kim Il Sung and the title of the three-time Honoured Red Flag School for the brilliant successes it has achieved in the education of the younger generations in line with the education policy of the WPK.







The school is steadily developing the educational work to meet the demands of the era of the knowledge economy. On the whole, the contents and methods of education are geared to enhancing the zeal for study and developing intellectual faculties of the students.

To this end, a primary effort is being directed to improving qualifications of teachers.

Teachers are making strenuous efforts to consolidate their specialist knowledge and also expand the scope of knowledge to adjacent branches, while proactively applying modern technology to education to develop teaching methods beneficial to enhancing cognitive and creative faculties of students.

They have been highly appreciated in the national teaching contests, and scores of teaching methods created by them are very popular in junior and senior middle schools across the country.

The school is also paying close attention to providing students with excellent conditions and environment of education.

Last year it underwent another reconstruction. As a result, it is now furnished with classrooms specializing in subjects, upgraded labs of new energy, physics, nanotechnology, and chemistry, and even bioengineering lab with hydroponic greenhouse.



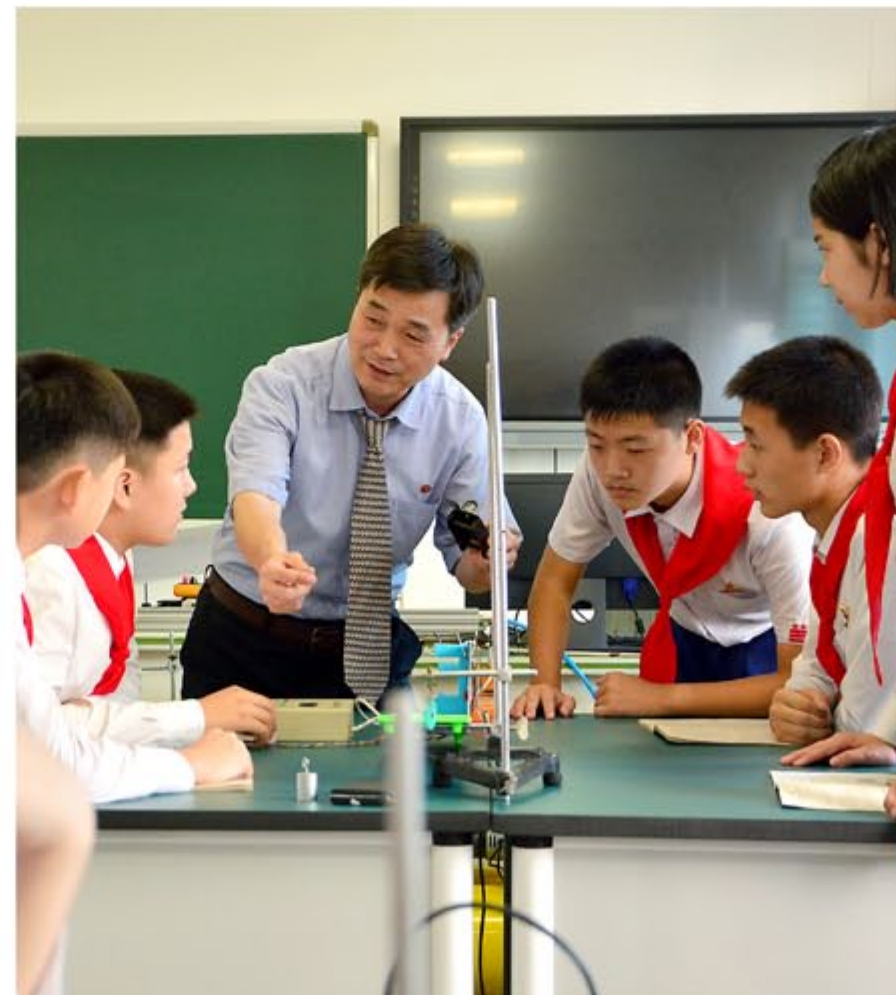
Korean history classroom



New energy laboratory



Bioengineering laboratory



Physics laboratory







Students broaden their knowledge on vegetation at the school's teaching forest.



Teachers hold discussions regularly to develop creative and application abilities of the students.

Therefore, students can enhance their cognitive and creative faculties and materialize their ideas while taking lessons and conducting experiments.

Our students are winning consecutive prizes in the national academic contests of middle schools No. 1, and the graduates have enrolled in the universities.

The respected Comrade Kim Jong Un set it as the main goal of the educational revolution in the new century to train all schoolchildren as genuine revolutionary personnel, competent and creative talents

and reserves of socialism by developing education into the most advanced and ideal one to which can be fully entrusted with the future of the country by .

We will encourage fresh innovation, bold creation and steady advance in cementing the foundations for reserve talent training, thus firmly supporting noble intention of the General Secretary.

*Kim Yong Sik, head of the school, PhD and People's Teacher*

*Photo: Ra Phyoung Ryol*



Biological classroom



Chemical laboratory







# Thriving Youth Orchard

The Kosan Combined Fruit Farm in Kangwon Province has greeted its harvest time.

Its orchards, which were wrapped in clouds of white apple blossoms in spring, are now ablaze with various colours of ripe fruits.

A vast expanse of orchards are packed with apple trees and filled with fragrant aroma of mellow fruits.

Apples weigh 100-250g on average, and some even weigh 500g.

Girls are busy picking mellow fruits from the heavy-laden branches, and the full-loaded trucks are dashing forward; these are spectacular scenery of Kosan.

Bumper fruit harvest every autumn is the genuine flavour savoured by the farmers of the Kosan Combined Fruit Farm.

The farm was set up according to the far-reaching plan of President Kim Il Sung and developed into a comprehensive fruit producer under the care of Chairman Kim Jong Il.

The respected Comrade Kim Jong Un visited the farm several times and gave instructions that the farm should reap rich harvest of fruits year after year as befits its name of "a sea of apple trees under

Chol Pass."

True to his instructions farmers made strenuous efforts to reap a richer harvest from the outset of the year.

To raise the soil fertility they produced scores of tons of organic fertilizers per hectare based on the food production cycle, and applied several kinds of microelement fertilizers they produced by themselves to improve the conditions of the fruit trees.

They tended trees with all sincerity; pruning, controlling pest, thinning out fruits and other processes were all conducted in the right time and in a qualitative way. And they made painstaking efforts to overcome the long spell of severe drought, high temperature and storms. As a result, they witnessed a bumper fruit harvest.

Fruits of the farm are supplied to the people all across the country and also processed at the Kosan Fruit Processing Factory into various products.

*Photo: Choe Won Chol  
Text: Kim Son Gyong*

**The Kosan Combined Fruit Farm covers several thousand hectares**







The farm has a modern fruit processing factory to turn out a wide variety of fruit products.





# Elderly People Seen along Taedong River



The banks of the picturesque Taedong River full of fresh autumnal air are alive with the cultural and leisure activities of Pyongyang citizens.

In particular, they are a “theatre” of daily life of the elderly.

Old people are seen either taking public health exercise to the accompaniment of lively music or jogging, demonstrating their youthful vigour. Along the riverside some are seen gazing at the floats bobbing on the water surface.

And the diligent elderly tend flowers and plants in the parks and flowerbeds laid out on the promenades, adding fresh vigour to the new day.

In the parks laid out characteristically by the historical sites including the Taedong Gate and Ryongwang Pavilion, and other parts, old people play such folk games as *janggi* (Korean chess) and *yut* (Korean

folk stick game), encircled by a crowd of passionate onlookers either kibitzing or cheering the players.

It is another eye-catching sight to see those playing volleyball, which is as exciting as that of the youngsters, and old couples engrossed in playing badminton.

When dusk falls on the banks, they spend time chatting at the rest places or taking a stroll along the brightly-lit promenades with their grandchildren, adding charm to the nocturnal view.

The idyllic view of the banks of the Taedong River provides a glimpse into a pleasant and happy life the elderly are enjoying under the benevolent care of the state.

*Photo: Choe Won Chol, Hwang Jong Hyok  
Text: Pak Ui Chol*



Old people take public health exercises, jogging, health-promoting Taekwon-Do and other morning exercises, adding distinctive charm to the scenery of the river bank.





The elderly people are leading a civilized and happy life, full of vigour, enjoying the benefits of the state.





# Chongsokjong, Scenic Beauty in East Coast of Korea

Chongsokjong, a scenic spot in the east coast of Korea, is located in Thongchon County town of Kangwon Province.

It is composed of a mass of hexagonal or octagonal pillars which were formed by the volcanic eruption of basaltic lava, cooled and condensed into the present shapes after being washed and cut by the seawater and weathered for a long time.

They rise imposingly along the shore stretching for a thousand metres.

Chongsokjong is famous for its scenery at sunrise as well as nocturnal view tinged with silvery moonlight.





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