## PMC PRACTICE TEST 10

## CHEMISTRY

Q.1	Thermochemistry is very important to learn about		
	A. Chemical Equilibrium	B. Chemical Bonding	
	C. Heat contents of a compound	D. All of these	
Q.2	Positive rays are produced when	strike the molecules of a gas in a	
	discharge tube		
	A. low speed neutrons	B. high speed neutrons	
	C. low speed electrons	D. high speed electrons	
Q.3	If both alkyl groups attached to carbony	l in ketone are same then it is called	
	as?		
	A. Mixed	B. Unsymmetrical	
	C. Symmetrical	D. None of these	
Q.4	Which of the carboxylle acid in diluted f		
	A. Formic acid	B. Acetic acid	
0.5	C. Benzoic acid	D. Amino acid	
Q.5	Which of the uranium isotope have large		
	41	22 x 10 3 atoms of U - 238	
		of these	
Q.6	H-bonding is a type of?		
	A. Chemical bonding	B. Ion dipole force	
	C. Dipole-dipole force	D.Polar force	
Q.7	Strong Electrolytes are those which ioni		
	A. Slowly	B. Do not ionize	
0.0	C. Ionize rapidly	D. None of these	
Q.8	The reaction in which one of the group of group of atoms is called as	of a compound is replaced by another	
	A. Substitution	B. Elimination	
	C. Addition	D. Condensation	
Q.9	Organic compounds are	D. Collection	
4.5	A Inorganie	B. Polar	
	C. Ionic	D. Non-Polar	
Q.10		re named as?	
	A Alkyl Halogens	B. Halogen Alkanes	
·	C. Haloalkanes	D. Alkyl halides	
Q.11			
	A. Being s-block elements	B. Inert gas configurations	
0.12	C. ns <sup>1</sup> electronic configuration Following is termed as hydroxyl derivat	D. Being metals	
Q.12	A. Benzyl chloride	B. Benzyl alcohol	
	C. Phenols	D. Carboxylic acids	
0.13	Rate of reaction can be calculated by ca		
<b>~</b>	A. Change in temperature	B. Change in pressure	
	C. Change in volume	D. Change in concentration	
Q.14	Molecules that have high molecular ma	ss and consist of large number of	
	atoms are called as?		
	A. Micro molecules	B. Macromolecules	
	C. Polypeptides	D. Carbohydrates	
Q.1:	Paramagnetic behavior of transition ele		
	A. s electrons C. Paired electrons	B. Unpaired electrons D. Outer d electrons	
0.16	6 Oxidation number of an ion with single		
Q.II	A. Ionic radius	B. Charge on Ion	
	C. Number of electrons in ion	D. Number of protons in ion	
0.1	7 All the halogens arediatomic me		
	A. polar	B. non polar	
	C. reactive	D. non-reactive	
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Q.18	Which enzyme is used for diagnosis of J	aundice? B. Protease	
	C. Alkaline phosphatase	D. None of these	
Q.19			
Q.I.	Which inert gas is mixed with oxygen gas by deep sea divers to adjust the partial pressure of oxygen gas		
	A. Neon	B. Helium	
	C. Argon	D. Krypton	
Q.20			
Q.20	position is not mentioned in the name be		
	A. Aldehyde is given priority	B. Aldehyde is parent	
	C. Aldehyde group is present at terminal		
Q.21			
	A. From the side of leaving group	B. Opposite to leaving group	
	C. In front of leaving group	D. Below leaving group	
Q.22			
	A. Magnetic	B. Repulsive	
	C. Electrostatic	D. Weak	
Q.23	Isoenzymes catalyze?	11	
	A. Catalyze different reaction		
	B. Catalyze same reaction		
	C. Catalyze any reaction		
	D. Catalyze reactions that are from differen	ni reactions	
Q.24			
	A. Alcoholic OH	ВСНО	
	CCOOH	D. Phenolic - OH	
Q.25			
	A. Sublimation	B. Freezing	
0.46	C. Melting	D. Condensation	
Q.26	dx/dt is rate of reaction expression when	P. Change in Consentration	
	C. Very small change in Concentration	B. Change in Concentration D. All of these	
Q.27	Cooling is caused by	D.An or mise	
Q.2.	A. Vapor pressure	B. Evaporation	
	C. Freezing	D. None of these	
Q.28		for extra electron	
		B. attraction of electron	
	C. attraction of nucleus	D. repulsion of nucleus	
Q.29	Heat of solution for NaCl is		
	A. High	B. Low	
	C. Zero	D. One	
Q.30		3000000	
	A. Friedrich Reinitzer	B. William crooks	
	C. Bravis	D. J J Thomson	
Q.31			
	A. Aldehydes	B. Carboxylic acids	
O 22	C. Alcohols State functions are independent of	D. Ketones	
Q.32	A. Enthalpy Change	B. Surroundings	
	C. Path of the reaction	D. system	
0.33	1st series of transition elements start fro		
Q	A. Sc	B. Y	
	C. La	D. Cd	
Q.34	When acetylene react with ammoniacal	solution cuprous chloride which	
-	color of acetylide is formed?		
	A. White	B. Red	
	C. Brown	D. Pink	
Q.35	X-ray work in 20th century shows that o		
	A. 0.1nm	B. 0.2nm	
	C. 0.3nm	D. 0.4nm	
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PMC F	PRACTICE BUNDLE 2 TEST 10	PAGE 3 OF 14	
	C. Darance both at the same time	D. order doesn't matter	
	A. First balance Hydrogen     C. balance both at the same time	B. First balance oxygen D. order doesn't matter	
Q.34	In Ion electron method, while balancing		
0.54	C. Enthalpy	D. None of these	
	A. Heat	B. Work	
Q.53		D WI.	
	C. 2.8 g of CO	D. 5.4 g of N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>5</sub>	
	A. 3.6g of H <sub>2</sub>	B. 4.8g of C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH	
Q.52	The smallest number of molecules are p		
	C. Both of the above	D. None of the above	
4	A. Ca	B. Cr	
0.51	The element caesium bears resemblance		
	C. 0.05	D. 0.06	
Q.50	Ice occupies more space than liquid water A. 0.1	B. 0.09	
0.50	C. increase in nuclear charge	D. strong attractive forces	
	A. addition of electrons	B. addition of shells	
Q.49	In groups, the removal of electrons from		
0.40	C. Anisotropy	D. All of these	
	A. Isomerism	B. Allotropy	
Q.48		•	
_	C. Single	D. Infinite	
	A. Variable	B. Constant	
Q.47	The oxidation state of transition element	ts is usually	
	C. Iso-octane	D. All of these	
- TO	A. Tetramethy lead	B. Tetraethyl lead	
Q.46	Which of the following has anti knockin	g properties?	
	C. State of system	D-All of these	
2.10	A. Reaction conditions	B. Concentration	
0.45	The condition of a system is called as	?	
	C. increase in density	D. increase in volume	
	A. decrease in volume	B. decrease in density	
Q.44	its	rencen tes mineranes which teames in	
Q.44	when water freezes at C, spaces occur be		
	A. Ethyl acetate C. Acetyl Halide	B. Acetamide D. Acetic anhydride	
Q.43	Which of the following cannot be prepar	PA colonida	
0.00	C. Evaporating Dish	D. Electrolytic Cell	
	A. Beaker	B. Flask	
Q.42	Electrolysis is carried out in		
	C. Halogen	D. All of these	
	A. Nitric acid	B. Oxygen	
Q.41	Which of the following give free radical		
	C. 8	D. 32	
4	A. 2	B. 18	
Q.40	How many electrons can an atom accom		
	C. Amines	D. Nitriles	
2.57	A. Aldehydes	B. Imines	
0.39	The compounds which have -CN group :		
	A. 48 atm C. 111.5atm	D. 73. Atm	
8LQ	Critical pressure of Argon(Ar) is A. 48 atm	B. 33.5atm	
0.70	C. X-rays	D. Beta rays	
	A. Gamma rays	B. Alpha rays	
Q.37	is used to measure atomic radii		
0.35	C. Both A and B	D. Only in Numerator	
	A. Denominator	B. Numerator	
Q.36	Volume factor can appear in equilibrium		
0.36			

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Q.55	The catalyst in the formation of ester from alcohol and a weak acid is		
	A. A base	B. Palladium	
	C. Nickel	D. A mineral Acid	
Q.56	Which gases are used as mixture for		
	A. Oxygen and nitrogen	<ul> <li>B. Carbon dioxide and oxygen</li> </ul>	
	C. Helium and oxygen	D. Helium and hydrogen	
	BIOLO	OGY	
Q.57	Factory of ribosomal synthesis is?		
	A. Cytoplasm	B. Nucleus	
	C. Nucleolus	D. Endoplasmic reticulum	
Q.58	Which reaction is catalyzed by the en	•	
	A. Carboxylation of ribulose bisphosph		
	B. Conversion of triose phosphate (TP)		
	C. Oxidation of glycerate-3-phosphate		
Q.59	D. Reduction of glycerate-3-phosphate Which of these is not involved in resp		
Q	A. Lungs	B. Trachea	
	C. Glucagon	D. Bronchi	
Q.60		The state of the s	
	A. Locus	B. Population	
	C. Allele	D. Genetic sequence	
Q.61	Which one is the basic element found		
	A. Oxygen	B. Carbon	
	C. Hydrogen	D. All of these	
Q.62	Which two proteins are the major comuscle fiber contraction?	mponents of myolibrus, allowing for	
	A. Myosin and cartildge	B. Mylode and myosin	
	C. Lamellae and actin	D. Actin and myosin	
Q.63			
	A. Darwin's natural selection	B. Lamarck's theory	
	C. Hardy	D. Weinberg's principle	
Q.64			
	A. Haif	B. Mucous	
0.65	C. Both A and B	D. Larynx	
Q.65	Covalent modification means change  A. Chemical properties	B. Physical properties	
	C. Bonding on amino acids	D. pH of amino acids	
0.66	Bottlenecks increases the affect of wh		
	A. Genetic linkage	B. Genetic expression	
	C. Genetic diversity	D. Gene pool	
Q.67	The non-substrate molecules that bin		
	A. Inhibitors	B. Reactants	
0.00	C. Allosteric substrates	D. Allosteric modulators	
Q.00	When cocaine is used as a stimulant, reuptake of which hormone?	it interferes with the CNS at the	
	A. Testosterone	B. Dopamine	
	C. Serotonin	D. Adrenaline	
Q.69			
	A. 10	B. 8	
	C. 12	D. 9	
Q.70	•		
	A. Polymer	B. Polypeptide	
0.71	C. Polysomes	D. Monomer	
Q.71	Which is not the characteristic of trip  A. They may be coelomate pseudocoelo		
	B. They are included in grade bilateria	omate of acocioniate	
	C. All of them have digestive system		
	D. All of them have blood vascular syst	tem	

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Q.72	Influenza caused by which virus?		
	A. Adenovirus	B. Pox virus	
	C. Influenza Virus	D. Herpes virus	
Q.73	Which statement is incorrectabout ethyl		
	A. Climacteric is burst of respiratory activity in fruit ripening     B. It is associated with ethane production		
	C. It helps in fruit ripening		
	D. It helps in fruit set		
Q.74	Which lobe is involved in short-term me	mory, speech, musical rhythm and	
	some degree of smell recognition?		
	A. Frontal	B. Parietal	
0.55	C. Temporal	D. Occipital	
Q.75	The body of which of the following orga		
	A. Cake urchin	B. Sea urchin	
0.76	C. Sea cucumber Which of the following is involved in sle	D. Brittle star	
Q.70	A. Thalamus	B. Brain stem	
	C. Hypothalamus	D. Gerebellum	
Q.77	Which statement is incorrect?		
	A. Homologous organs are functionally di		
	B. Examples of homologous structures are arri	ns of man, forelimb of cat, flipper of whale	
	C. Examples of analogous structures are w		
0.78	D. Analogous organs are functionally diffe Which of the following is not present in		
Q.70	A. Enzymes	B. Coenzymes	
	C. Ribosomes	D. Thylakoid	
Q.79	The cause behind vomiting is		
	A. Peristalsis	B. Anti peristalsis	
	C. Swallowing	D. Hunger pangs	
Q.80	Which characteristic is least likely to affi the tundra?	ect an organism's biological litness in	
	A. Exothermic versus endothermic regulation	B Sizer	
	C. Eur	D. Noctumal versus diurnal activity	
Q.81	How much of the body heat is produced		
	A.15%	B. 30%	
	C. 55%	D. 85%	
Q.82	Which of the following would not be four A. Mitochondria	nd in a prokaryotic cell?  B. RNA	
	C. Ribosomes	D. Plasma membrane	
0.83	The amount of oxygen in exhaled air is:		
	A. 21%	B. 16%	
	C. 79%	D. 4%	
Q.84	A disc-like protein that is centrally foun		
	A. H line C. M line	B. Z line	
0.85	The reversible inhibitors usually constit	D. I line	
Q.03	A. No Linkage with enzyme	B. Strong linkage with enzyme	
	C. Medium linkage	D. Weak linkage with enzyme	
Q.86	Which of the following combination is a		
	organelles?		
	A. Mitochondria and Ribosomes	B. Mitochondria and Nucleus	
0.07	C. Mitochondria and Vacuole	D. Mitochondria and Chloroplast	
Q.87	This is non-reducing sugar A. Maltose	B. Lactose	
	C. Cellobiose	D. Sucrose	
O.88	Some bacteria have heat resistant organ		
	A. Spores	B. Cysts	
	C. Granules	D. All of Above	
Q.89	Virus attachment requires energy?	n. v.	
	A. Yes	B. No	
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C. Provided by cell usually D. Provided by virus machinery Q.90 The cells that secrete testosterone A. Nerve cells B. Fat cells D. Interstitial cells C. Muscle cells Q.91 Enzymes showing substrate specificity are specific to how many substrates? B. 3 C. 2 D. 4 Q.92 Which of the following scenarios gives both sons and daughters the SAME probability of being born with a disease? A. The disease is X-linked dominant. A heterozygous mother is crossed with a healthy father. B. The disease is X-linked dominant. A heterozygous mother is crossed with a father with the disease. C. The disease is X-linked recessive. A mother with the disease is crossed with a healthy father. D. The disease is X-linked recessive. A heterozygous mother is crossed with a healthy father. Q.93 The brain portion that is reduced in humans is: B. Midbrain A. Forebrain C. Hindbrain D. Limbic system Q.94 Refers to the final changes within an immature virion that result in an infectious virus particle A. Assembly B. Coating C. Integration D. Maturation Q.95 Enzymes which are involved in transfer of electrons are known as? B. Dehydrogenases A. Oxidases D. Bour A and B C. Hydrolyses Q.96 A man with type AB blood marries a woman with type A blood. Which of the following blood types might their sons inherit? B. Type B or type O A. Type A or type O C. Type AB only D. Type A type B, or type AB Q.97 Adaptations that an organism acquires by its own actions are which of the following? B Non heritable A Heritable C. Both a and b D. Acquired Q.98 In myelinated neurons the impulse jumps from node to node, what is this transmission called?-A. Myelinated inpulse B. Jumping impulse C. Saltatory impulse D. All of these O.99 Enzymes do not change which of the following? A. Conc. of redutants-B. Conc. of products D. Both a and b C. Keq O.100 Which of the statement about cell membrane is not true? A. It contains protein molecules embedded in lipid bilayer B. It is a differentially permeable membrane C. It contains charged pores thus ions being charged particles across cell membrane much easier than neutral particles. D. It may get infolded to engulf solid or liquid material Q.101 Select the function/s of male reproductive system: B. To transfer sperms to the female A. To produce enzymes C. To produce sperms D. Both B and C are correct Q.102 When was the presence of small filter passing, ultramicroscopic agent in yellow fever disease was discovered? A. 1989 B. 1901 C. 1900 D. 1889 Q.103 Which of the following combinations is incorrect? A. Nematoda- roundworms, pseudocoelomate B. Echinodermata- coelom present, bilateral symmetry C. Platyhelminthes- gastrovascular cavity, flatworms, acoelomate D. Calcarea- gastrovascular cavity, coelom present

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Q.104	Viviparous animals are those in which?		
	A. Internal fertilization with external development in eggs		
	B. Internal fertilization and internal development followed by hatching of egg		
	C. External fertilization with external devel		
	D. Internal fertilization with internal develo		
0.105	Choose one of the actions caused by skeletal muscle:		
~	A. Constriction of blood vessel	B. Heartbeat	
	C. Dilation of pupil	D. Eye movements	
O 106	The most common cause of cancer-relate		
Qiroo	A. Prostate cancer	B. Kidney cancer	
	C. Lung cancer	D. Skin cancer	
0.107	The structures of the front flipper of a w		
Q.107	similar bone structure and derive from a		
		common ancestor. This is an	
	example of which of the following?	B. Annie manne atmostrano	
	A. Convergent evolution	B. Analogous structures	
	C. Homologous structures	D. Bottleneck affect	
Q.108	The auditory relay center is found in:	n	
	A. Corpus callosum	B. Hindbrain	
	C. Forebrain	D. Midbrain	
Q.109	Which one of the following is least likely	to occur in a boy during puberty?	
	A. His voice deepens		
	B. Hair grows on the chest and under the al	ms	
	C. Sperm starts to be produced		
	D. His hair turns grey		
Q.110	Which one of the following is feast likely	to accur in a boy during puberty?	
	A. His voice deepens		
	B. Hair grows on the chest and under the ar	ms	
	C. Sperm starts to be produced		
	D. His hair turns gree		
0.111	The experiment that simulated condition	s thought to be present on the early	
•	earth	\ V/	
	A. Hershey Chase experiment	B. Gelger Marsden experiment	
	C. Schiehallion experiment	D. Miller-Urey experiment	
0.112	Lymph capillaries join together to form	arger lymph vessels, that gives rise	
•	to:	.,	
	A. Thoracic duct	B. Lymph duct	
	C. Thoracic lymph duet	D. Sperm duct	
0.113	For a protein molecule of 2000 amino aci	ds, the mRNA will have a length of	
	how many nucleotides?		
	A. 3000	B. 2000	
	C. 6000	D. 5000	
0.114	Which term is used to refer to an inactive		
<b>Q</b>	A. Apoenzyme	B. Null enzyme	
	C. Zymogen	D. Inhibitor	
0.115	Which of the following is not a risk facto		
Q.115	A. Advanced maternal age	B. Tobacco use	
	C. Obesity	D. Use of prenatal vitamins	
0.116	Viroids lacks	D. Ose of prenatar vitalimis	
Q.110	A. RNA	D. Engana	
		B. Enzyme D. All of these	
	C. Protective protein coat		
Q.117	Which substances can cross plasma more		
	A. Starch	B. Protein	
	C. Lipid soluble	D. Ions	
Q.118	Flame cells are the excretory structures i		
	A. Annelida	B. Coelenterates	
	C. Echinodermata	D. Platyhelminthes	
Q.119	The process of inspiration occurs as:		
	A. Lungs pull air inside	B. Passive transport of air takes place	
	<ul> <li>C. Passive expansion of air takes place</li> </ul>	D. Air is pushed inside	
		· ·	

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Q.120 The viral DNA or RNA is protected by A. Shell of lipids B. Shell of proteins C. Shell of carbohydrates D. Shell of amino acids Q.121 The several distinct arrangements of cocci is based on their A. Long chain of cells B. Planes of division C. Grape like clusture shape D. All of Above Q.122 Assume that blood type is not a sex-linked trait. A mother with genotype "A/O" and a father with genotype "A/B" could NOT have a child with which blood type? A. A B. B C. AB D.O Q.123 What is the chemical characteristic of auxins? A. Indole propionic acid B. Indole carboxylic acid. D. Indole acetic acid. C. Indole acetaldehyde Q.124 Which of these is not a part of murein? A. Polypeptides B. Amino acids C. Proteins D. Glycans PHYSICS Q.125 Two travelling waves of the same frequency, same amplitude and travelling in opposite direction results in: B. Standing waves A. Beats C. Diffraction D. None of these Q.126 The principle of a direct current generator is based on A. Coulomb's Law B. Ampere's Law C. Faraday's Law Lenz's Law Q.127 Wave nature of He atom is similar to A. Alpha rays B. Beta ray D. X-rays C. Gamma rays Q.128 In wave motion the least distance between two points which are out of phase A. A Q.129 Angular displacement is a: A. Vector quantity B. Scalar quantity C. Neither scalar nor vector quantity D. None of these Q.130 Work done by conservative force is A. Reversible B. Non reversible D. None of them C. Can be both Q.131 Rate of change in displacement is known as: A. Speed B. Velocity C. Acceleration D. Momentum Q.132 Can we see magnetic flux lines? A. Yes B. No C. Depends on strength of field D. Only when the field is large Q.133 In Thermodynamics zeroth law is related with A. Work B. Energy C. Thermal equilibrium D. Entropy Q.134 What is the unit of decay constant? A. Second B. Minute C. Hour D. sec-1 Q.135 When a wave comes across the boundary of two media, a part of it is reflected back. Which statement is true about reflected wave: A. Its wavelength changes depending on the nature of the boundary B. Its frequency changes depending on the nature of the boundary C. Its amplitude increases depending on the nature of the boundary D. Its phase may changes depending on the nature of the boundary

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Q.136 What is the measure in radians of the angle A = 330°?			
Α. 11π/3	B. 7π/4		
C. 7π/6	D. 11π/6		
Q.137 In step up transformer is increase	sed in secondary colls		
A. Electric field	B. Magnetic field		
C. Number of turns	D. None of these		
Q.138 Force experienced by charge particles	in magnetic field is		
A. Perpendicular to velocity	B. Perpendicular to field		
C. Parallel to field	D. Perpendicular to velocity and field		
Q.139 Magnetic Force between two wires is in	iversely proportional to		
A. Distance	B. Current on them		
C. Charge on them	D. None of these		
Q.140 A transverse wave on a string has an a			
colored red. As one cycle of the wave p	asses by, what is the total distance		
traveled by the red spot?	n		
A. A	B. 2A		
C. A/2	D. 4A		
Q.141 The efficiency of Carnot engine can ne  A. We cannot achieve the higher tempera			
B. We do not have an ideal working subs			
C. There is always energy losses	rance		
D. We need cold reservoir at absolute zer	ntermerature which is not available		
Q.142 The value of K depends upon	o temperature, which is not available		
A. charges	B. System of units and medium		
C. The distance between charges	D. Nature of medium		
Q.143 Internal resistance is the resistance off			
A. Source of emf	B. Conductor		
C. Resistor	D. Capacitor		
Q.144 Which of the following rectifier uses w	heatstone bridge to rectify signal?		
A. Half wave	B. Full wave		
C. Bridge	D. All of the above		
Q.145 First law of thermodynamics state			
A. System can do work	B. System has temperature		
Q. System has pressure	D. Heat is form of energy		
Q.146 Most widely used rectifier is	770 77 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11		
A. Half-waye rectifier	B. Full wave rectifier		
C. Bridge rectifier	D. None of them		
Q.147 What is 30 degrees in radians?	D 4		
Α. π/3	Β. π/6		
O.148 What is the unit of frequency?	D. π/4		
A. 1/Hertz	B. 1/ second <sup>2</sup>		
C. Second	D. Hertz		
Q.149 How many down quarks in Neutron	D. Heltz		
A. I	B. 2		
C. 3	D. 4		
Q.150 A straight moving bus takes a sharp ri			
passengers sitting inside the bus?	Sur ratio with any ben to the		
A. They will tilt rightwards	B. They will tilt leftwards		
C. They will stay the way they were	D. They will start jumping		
Q.151 Two containers hold an ideal gas at the			
containers hold the same type of gas, b	ut container B has twice the volume of		
container A. What is the average trans	lational kinetic energy per molecule in		
container B?	300 T T		
A. Twice that of container A	B. The same as that of container A		
C. Half that of container A	D. Impossible to determine		
Q.152 Motional emf induced in a coll is indep			
A. Number of turns	B. Change in flux		
C. Change in time	D. Resistance		
BMO BDAOTIOE BUNDIES STOT 40	BACE 2 25 44		
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Q.153 Energy stored in a parallel plate capac	itor:
A. CV	B. CV <sup>2</sup>
C. ½ CV	D. 1/2 CV <sup>2</sup>
Q.154 Two point charges are at the distance	
F, then what is the force between char	ges when the distance between them is
3d?	
A. F 3	B. F 9
C. F 3 d	D. F 9 d
Q.155 A mixer grinder rotates clockwise it's	
A. Zero C. Uniform but not zero	B. Negative D. Positive
Q.156 The resistance of a wire on increasing	
A. Increase with a rise in temperature	its temperature win
B. Decrease with a rise in temperature	
C. Will remain the same	
D. Depends upon the altitude of experim	entation
Q.157 Sun spectra also has dark lines in patt	
A. Absorption	B. Emission
C. Release	D. Free particle
Q.158 Which radiation passes through black	
A. Alpha	B. Gamma
C. Beta	D White
Q.159 When deuterium and tritium fuse toge	
A. O atom	B. U atom
C. N atom	D. He atom
Q.160 If I, R and t are the current, resistance	
to Joule's law heat produced will be pr	
A. I <sub>2</sub> Rt	B. LRY
C. I <sub>2</sub> R2t Q.161 Cequ = C1 + C2 + C3 + + Cn is the	D. I2R2t2 combination in
	combination in
A Parallal	D Cariac
A. Parallel	B Series
C. Both of them	D. None of them
C. Both of them Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate wi	D. None of them nich photon is emitted
C. Both of them Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A. Blue	D. None of them
C. Both of them Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A Blue C. Purple	D. None of them nich photon is emitted B. White
C. Both of them Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A. Blue	D. None of them nich photon is emitted B. White
C. Both of them Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A. Blue C. Purple Q.163 Spectrum from H atom is A. Line C. Band	D. None of them nich photon is emitted B. White D. None of these
C. Both of them Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A Blue C. Purple Q.163 Spectrum from H atom is A. Line C. Band Q.164 The spin of quarks is	D. None of them nich photon is emitted B. White D. None of these B. Continuous D. None of these
C. Both of them Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A Blue C. Purple Q.163 Spectrum from H atom is A Line C. Band Q.164 The spin of quarks is A. I	D. None of them hich photon is emitted B. White D. None of these B. Continuous D. None of these B. 2
C. Both of them Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A Blue C. Purple Q.163 Spectrum from H atom is A. Line C. Band Q.164 The spin of quarks is A. 1 C. Half	D. None of them hich photon is emitted B. White D. None of these B. Continuous D. None of these B. 2 D. Quarter
C. Both of them  Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A. Blue C. Purple Q.163 Spectrum from H atom is A. Line C. Band  Q.164 The spin of quarks is A. 1 C. Half  Q.165 If the velocity of an object is increasing	D. None of them hich photon is emitted B. White D. None of these B. Continuous D. None of these B. 2 D. Quarter g with time then acceleration is
C. Both of them  Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A. Blue C. Purple Q.163 Spectrum from H atom is A. Line C. Band Q.164 The spin of quarks is A. 1 C. Half Q.165 If the velocity of an object is increasing A. Negative	D. None of them hich photon is emitted B. White D. None of these B. Continuous D. None of these B. 2 D. Quarter g with time then acceleration is B. Positive
C. Both of them  Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A. Blue C. Purple Q.163 Spectrum from H atom is A. Line C. Band Q.164 The spin of quarks is A. 1 C. Half Q.165 If the velocity of an object is increasing A. Negative C. Zero	D. None of them nich photon is emitted B. White D. None of these B. Continuous D. None of these B. 2 D. Quarter g with time then acceleration is B. Positive D. None of the above
C. Both of them  Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A Blue C. Purple Q.163 Spectrum from H atom is A. Line C. Band Q.164 The spin of quarks is A. 1 C. Half Q.165 If the velocity of an object is increasing A. Negative C. Zero  Q.166 During an isothermal process which of	D. None of them hich photon is emitted B. White D. None of these B. Continuous D. None of these B. 2 D. Quarter g with time then acceleration is B. Positive D. None of the above The following is true?
C. Both of them  Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A Blue C. Purple Q.163 Spectrum from H atom is A. Line C. Band Q.164 The spin of quarks is A. 1 C. Half Q.165 If the velocity of an object is increasing A. Negative C. Zero Q.166 During an isothermal process which of A. Temperature increases	D. None of them hich photon is emitted B. White D. None of these B. Continuous D. None of these B. 2 D. Quarter g with time then acceleration is B. Positive D. None of the above I the following is true? B. Temperature decreases
C. Both of them  Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A. Blue C. Purple Q.163 Spectrum from H atom is A. Line C. Band Q.164 The spin of quarks is A. 1 C. Half Q.165 If the velocity of an object is increasing A. Negative C. Zero Q.166 During an isothermal process which of A. Temperature increases C. dW= Dq	D. None of them nich photon is emitted B. White D. None of these B. Continuous D. None of these B. 2 D. Quarter g with time then acceleration is B. Positive D. None of the above I the following is true? B. Temperature decreases D. None of them
C. Both of them  Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A Blue C. Purple Q.163 Spectrum from H atom is A. Line C. Band Q.164 The spin of quarks is A. I C. Half Q.165 If the velocity of an object is increasing A. Negative C. Zero Q.166 During an isothermal process which of A. Temperature increases C. dW= Dq Q.167 The maximum efficiency of full wave in	D. None of them hich photon is emitted B. White D. None of these B. Continuous D. None of these B. 2 D. Quarter g with time then acceleration is B. Positive D. None of the above I the following is true? B. Temperature decreases D. None of them rectifler is
C. Both of them  Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A Blue C. Purple Q.163 Spectrum from H atom is A Line C. Band Q.164 The spin of quarks is A. 1 C. Half Q.165 If the velocity of an object is increasing A. Negative C. Zero Q.166 During an isothermal process which of A. Temperature increases C. dW= Dq Q.167 The maximum efficiency of full wave in A. 80.60%	D. None of them nich photon is emitted B. White D. None of these B. Continuous D. None of these B. 2 D. Quarter g with time then acceleration is B. Positive D. None of the above I the following is true? B. Temperature decreases D. None of them rectifier is B. 40.60%
C. Both of them  Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A Blue C. Purple Q.163 Spectrum from H atom is A. Line C. Band Q.164 The spin of quarks is A. 1 C. Half Q.165 If the velocity of an object is increasing A. Negative C. Zero Q.166 During an isothermal process which of A. Temperature increases C. dW= Dq Q.167 The maximum efficiency of full wave in A. 80.60% C. 70%	D. None of them hich photon is emitted B. White D. None of these B. Continuous D. None of these B. 2 D. Quarter g with time then acceleration is B. Positive D. None of the above I the following is true? B. Temperature decreases D. None of them rectifier is B. 40.60% D. 50%
C. Both of them  Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A Blue C. Purple Q.163 Spectrum from H atom is A. Line C. Band Q.164 The spin of quarks is A. 1 C. Half Q.165 If the velocity of an object is increasing A. Negative C. Zero Q.166 During an isothermal process which of A. Temperature increases C. dW= Dq Q.167 The maximum efficiency of full wave is A. 80.60% C. 70% Q.168 A radioactive source has a half-life of the spin of th	D. None of them hich photon is emitted B. White D. None of these B. Continuous D. None of these B. 2 D. Quarter g with time then acceleration is B. Positive D. None of the above I the following is true? B. Temperature decreases D. None of them rectifier is B. 40.60% D. 50%
C. Both of them  Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A Blue C. Purple Q.163 Spectrum from H atom is A. Line C. Band Q.164 The spin of quarks is A. 1 C. Half Q.165 If the velocity of an object is increasing A. Negative C. Zero Q.166 During an isothermal process which of A. Temperature increases C. dW= Dq Q.167 The maximum efficiency of full wave in A. 80.60% C. 70% Q.168 A radioactive source has a half-life of the source?	D. None of them hich photon is emitted B. White D. None of these B. Continuous D. None of these B. 2 D. Quarter g with time then acceleration is B. Positive D. None of the above f the following is true? B. Temperature decreases D. None of them rectifier is B. 40.60% D. 50% So s. How long it will take to decay 7/8
C. Both of them  Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A Blue C. Purple Q.163 Spectrum from H atom is A. Line C. Band Q.164 The spin of quarks is A. 1 C. Half Q.165 If the velocity of an object is increasing A. Negative C. Zero Q.166 During an isothermal process which of A. Temperature increases C. dW= Dq Q.167 The maximum efficiency of full wave in A. 80.60% C. 70% Q.168 A radioactive source has a half-life of the source? A. 10 sec	D. None of them nich photon is emitted B. White D. None of these B. Continuous D. None of these B. 2 D. Quarter g with time then acceleration is B. Positive D. None of the above f the following is true? B. Temperature decreases D. None of them rectifier is B. 40.60% D. 50% B. 70 sec
C. Both of them  Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A Blue C. Purple Q.163 Spectrum from H atom is A. Line C. Band Q.164 The spin of quarks is A. 1 C. Half Q.165 If the velocity of an object is increasing A. Negative C. Zero Q.166 During an isothermal process which of A. Temperature increases C. dW= Dq Q.167 The maximum efficiency of full wave in A. 80.60% C. 70% Q.168 A radioactive source has a half-life of the source? A. 10 sec C. 240 sec	D. None of them hich photon is emitted B. White D. None of these B. Continuous D. None of these B. 2 D. Quarter g with time then acceleration is B. Positive D. None of the above I the following is true? B. Temperature decreases D. None of them rectifier is B. 40.60% D. 50% B. 70 sec D. 640 sec
C. Both of them  Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A Blue C. Purple Q.163 Spectrum from H atom is A. Line C. Band Q.164 The spin of quarks is A. 1 C. Half Q.165 If the velocity of an object is increasing A. Negative C. Zero Q.166 During an isothermal process which of A. Temperature increases C. dW= Dq Q.167 The maximum efficiency of full wave in A. 80.60% C. 70% Q.168 A radioactive source has a half-life of the source? A. 10 sec C. 240 sec Q.169 Michelson's interferometer is an instrict	D. None of them nich photon is emitted B. White D. None of these B. Continuous D. None of these B. 2 D. Quarter g with time then acceleration is B. Positive D. None of the above I the following is true? B. Temperature decreases D. None of them rectifier is B. 40.60% D. 50% B. 70 sec D. 640 sec ament that can be used to measure:
C. Both of them  Q.162 When electron strikes with Al plate with A Blue C. Purple Q.163 Spectrum from H atom is A. Line C. Band Q.164 The spin of quarks is A. 1 C. Half Q.165 If the velocity of an object is increasing A. Negative C. Zero Q.166 During an isothermal process which of A. Temperature increases C. dW= Dq Q.167 The maximum efficiency of full wave in A. 80.60% C. 70% Q.168 A radioactive source has a half-life of the source? A. 10 sec C. 240 sec	D. None of them nich photon is emitted B. White D. None of these B. Continuous D. None of these B. 2 D. Quarter g with time then acceleration is B. Positive D. None of the above I the following is true? B. Temperature decreases D. None of them rectifier is B. 40.60% D. 50% B. To sec D. 640 sec

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Q.170	A stationary wave is formed in a pipe will			
	complete loops are formed and the wavelength of the wave is 10 cm, what is			
	the length of the pipe?	D 16		
	A. 10 cm	B. 15 cm		
	C. 12.5 cm	D. 7.5 cm		
Q.171	If 238U decay two gamma particles the n			
	A. 238U	B. 234U		
	C. 237U	D. None of these		
Q.172	If the temperature of Sun is doubled hea			
	A. Three times	B. Sixteen times		
	C. Four times	D. Same		
Q.173	The energy input to an engine is 60 J, an	d the work it performs is 15 J. What		
	is its thermal efficiency?			
	A. 4.00	B. 1.00		
	C. 0.25	D. Impossible to determine		
Q.174	The angular acceleration is maximum w	hen		
	A. r=maximum	B. r=0		
	C. r=1	D. Norte of these		
Q.175	1 weber is equal to			
	A. 10 Gauss	B. 108 Maxwell		
	C. 10 <sup>-1</sup> Gauss	D. 10 <sup>4</sup> Maxwell		
Q.176	Which of the following statements is inco	rrect about the photons?		
	A. Momentum of photon h/λ	B. Rest mass of photon is zero		
	C. Photon exert no pressure	D. Energy of photon is hy		
Q.177	If displacement-time graph is a curve, w	hich of the following is correct:		
-	A. Area under graph represent displacemen			
	B. Gradient of the graph is constant			
	C. Gradient of the tangent of graph represen	nts acceleration		
	D. Gradient of the tangent of graph represe			
Q.178	A ball is released from the top of the tow			
	gravity in first, second and third second	of the motion		
	A.1:2:3	B. 1:4:9		
	C.123-5	D. 1:5:3		
Q.179	Whenever new nuclei are formed energy	is		
		B. Released		
	C. Remain unchanged	D. None of these		
Q.180	If a cell of emf 2V and internal resistance resistance R, the current that flows is sar	e 0.5 ohm is connected across a		
	resistance R, the current that flows is sar	ne as that when a cell of emf 1.5 V		
	and internal resistance 0.3 ohm is connec	ted across the same resistor. Then		
	R=Ohm			
	A. 0.3	B. 0.6		
	C. 0.5	D. 0.75		
	ENGL	ISH		
Q.181	Bilal hasterrible headac			
	A.a	B. an		
	C. the	D. no article		
Q.182	Plenty of mangoes and bananas	available in		
	this season.	<b></b>		
	A. is	B. are		
	C. was	D. were		
Q.183	Choose the correct sentence.			
	A. I think june is the hottest month.			
	C. I think June is the hotest month.	D. I think June is the hottest month.		
Q.184	Choose the correct spelling of the word	- 1		
	A. shoose	B. shoes		
السفادر عم	C. shews	D. sheos		
Q.185	There (be) a lion tamer.			
	A. is	B. be		
	C. was	D. been		
PMC P	RACTICE BUNDLE 2 TEST 10	PAGE 11 OF 14		

Q.186	Choose the correct sentence.  A. The train stopped at Karachi, Hyderabac before it reached Rawalpindi.  B. The train stopped at Karachi, Hyderabac before it reached rawalpindi.  C. The train stopped at Karachi Hyderabad before it reached Rawalpindi.  D. The train stopped at Karachi, Hyderabac	i, bahawalpur, Multan and Lahore Bahawalpur, Multan and Lahore	
	before it reached rawalpindi.	2,111	
Q.187	The police released any information	tion about the case.	
	A. have	B. had	
	C. hasn't	D. haven't	
Q.188	Neither the explorer nor his companions	ever see	n
	again.		
	A. is	B. are	
	C. was	D. were	
Q.189	how are		
	A. howre	B. how'e	
	C. ho'wre	D. howre	
Q.190	He is very , he believes	everything.	
	A. fallible	B. sensible	
	C. credible	Degullible	
Q.191	I had just entered (A) / the station (B)/th	an I met (C)/ my friends (D).	
-	A. I had just entered	B. the station	
	C, than I met	D. my friends.	
0.192	Here the bus!		
	A. came	B. come	
	C. has come	D. comes	
Q.193	The Prime Minister is a very man	n. Everyone follows his orders.	
-	A. powerful	B. circular	
	C. direct A1	D. painful	
0.194	I bought umbrelly to go o	nt in the rain.	
Q.1.	ACCOUNT OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	B, an	
	A.a.	D. no article	
0.105	Should I wear my joggers or my	D. no article	
Q.195		B. shorts	
	A. cardigan C. scarves	D. trainers	
Q.196			
Q.190	way to save it.	lear if we don't find	
	A. Thethe	B. Thean	
	C. Thea	D. A a	
O 197	The doctors tried everything they could t		
Q.157	V /	to the patient's blood	
	pressure.		
	A. produce	B. reduce	
	C. clarify	D. hasten	
Q.198	Choose the correct sentence.		
	A. The Return of the King which is a popular r		
	B. "The Return of the King", which is a pop	pular movie made a huge amount of	
	money.		
	C. "The Return of the King", which is a pop	ular movie, made a huge amount of	
	money.		
	D. "The return of the king", which is a popular	ular movie, made a huge amount of	
	money.		
Q.199	Choose the correct spelling of the word		
	A. knowledgeable	B. knowledgable	
	C. knowledgeable	D. kowlegable	
Q.200	Q.200 The police will out crimes for years.		
	A. has been wiping	B. have been wiping	
	C. wipes	D. wiped	
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FINCE	MOTIVE BUILDE & 1EST TU	FAGE IZ UP 14	

## LOGICAL REASONING

Q.201 Which one does not belong to others? A. Apple B. Mango C. Cucumber D. Orange O.202 Statements: I. No cities are countries. II. No countries are villages. Conclusions: I. Some countries are cities. II. No villages are the city. A. Only conclusion (I) follows B. Only conclusion (II) follows C. Both conclusions follow D. Both of them do not follow Q.203 L. There are orders by the high court to clean Karachi. II. More than 500 people died in Karachi due to land pollution. A. Statement I is the cause and statement II is its effect. B. Statement II is the cause and statement I is its effect. C. Both statements I and II are independent causes.

D. Both statements I and II are the effects of independent cause. Q.204 Statements I. All apples are bananas. II. No banana is a mango. III. Some mangoes are oranges Conclusions I. All oranges can never be bahanas. II. Some mangoes are apples. A. Only conclusion (I) follows B. Only conclusion (II) follows D. Both of them do not follow C. Both conclusions follow Q.205 Arrange the following words in a meaningful sequence. 1. Infection 2. Consultation 3. Doctor 4. Treatment 5. Regovery A. 1, 3, 4, 5, 2 B.J. 3, 2, 4, 5 C. 1, 2, 3,4. Q.206 Statement: The Management of School M has decided to give free breakfast from next academic year to all the students in its primary section through its canteen even though they will not get any government grant. Courses of Action: I. The school will have to admit many poor students who will seek admission for the next academic year. II. The canteen facilities and utensils have to be checked and new purchases to be made to equip It properly. III. Funds will have to be raised to support the scheme for years to come. A. Only II and III follows B. Only III and I follow C. Only I and II follow D. Only I follows Q.207 Statement: Should admission to the professional degrees in Pakistan be given only on merit without any concession to any particular group of students? Arguments: I. Yes. This will improve the quality of the professional institutes and degrees as they will be able to complete the degree successfully. II. No. This will keep a large number of socially and economically backward students out of the reach of professional institutes and degrees. B. If only argument II is strong A. If argument I is strong C. If both I and II are strong. D. If neither I nor II is strong

O.208 Statement:

- I. Assessed the value of tea exports this year over all the earlier years due to an increase in demand for quality tea in the ket.
- II. There is an increase in demand of coffee in the domestic market during the last two years.
- A. Statement I is the cause and statement II is its effect.
- B. Statement II is the cause and statement I is its effect

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C. Both the statements I and II are independent causes

D. Both the statements I and II are effects of independent causes

Q.209 Here are some words translated from an artificial language, dionot means oak tree blyonot means oak leaf blycrin means maple leaf Which word could mean "maple syrup"?

A. blymuth B. hupponot C. patrician D. crinweel

Q.210 Which country has the most news channels?

A. Russia B. India
C. Australia D. Brazil

As we know there is lot of mistakes in answer keys of PMC Practice tests, so I have decided to rectify all in proper in SKN STUDY GROUP



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