# Your Baby at 6 Months

Child's Name Child's Age Today's Date

How your child plays, learns, speaks, acts, and moves offers important clues about your child's development. Developmental milestones are things most children can do by a certain age.

Check the milestones your child has reached by the end of 6 months. Take this with you and talk with your child's doctor at every visit about the milestones your child has reached and what to expect next.

## What Most Babies Do at this Age:

#### Social/Emotional

- Knows familiar faces and begins to know if someone is a stranger
- ☐ Likes to play with others, especially parents
- ☐ Responds to other people's emotions and often seems happy
- ☐ Likes to look at self in a mirror

#### Language/Communication

- □ Responds to sounds by making sounds
- ☐ Strings vowels together when babbling ("ah," "eh," "oh") and likes taking turns with parent while making sounds
- Responds to own name
- ☐ Makes sounds to show joy and displeasure
- ☐ Begins to say consonant sounds (jabbering with "m," "b")

### Cognitive (learning, thinking, problem-solving)

- Looks around at things nearby
- □ Brings things to mouth
- Shows curiosity about things and tries to get things that are out of reach
- ☐ Begins to pass things from one hand to the other

### Movement/Physical Development

- ☐ Rolls over in both directions (front to back, back to front)
- □ Begins to sit without support
- ☐ When standing, supports weight on legs and might bounce
- Rocks back and forth, sometimes crawling backward before moving forward

## Act Early by Talking to Your Child's Doctor if Your Child:

- ☐ Doesn't try to get things that are in reach
- □ Shows no affection for caregivers
- Doesn't respond to sounds around him
- ☐ Has difficulty getting things to mouth
- ☐ Doesn't make vowel sounds ("ah", "eh", "oh")
- Doesn't roll over in either direction
- Doesn't laugh or make squealing sounds
- Seems very stiff, with tight muscles
- ☐ Seems very floppy, like a rag doll

Tell your child's doctor or nurse if you notice any of these signs of possible developmental delay for this age, and talk with someone in your community who is familiar with services for young children in your area, such as your state's public early intervention program. For more information, go to www.cdc.gov/concerned or call 1-800-CDC-INFO (1-800-232-4636).

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# Help Your Baby Learn and Grow

You can help your baby learn and grow. Talk, read, sing, and play together every day. Below are some activities to enjoy with your 6-month-old baby today.

What You Can Do for Your 6-Month-Old:	
keep doing what you are doing. If he's upset, take a break and comfort your baby.  Show your baby how to comfort herself when she's upset. She may suck on her fingers to self soothe.	<ul> <li>□ Point out new things to your baby and name them.</li> <li>□ Show your baby bright pictures in a magazine and name them.</li> <li>□ Hold your baby up while she sits or support her with pillows. Let her look around and give her toys to look at while she balances.</li> <li>□ Put your baby on his tummy or back and put toys just out of reach. Encourage him to roll over to reach the toys.</li> </ul>



