Your Child at 1 Year

Child's Name Child's Age How your child plays, learns, speaks, acts, and moves offers important clues about your child's development. Developmental milestones are things most children can do by a certain age. Check the milestones your child has reached by his or her 1st birthday. Take this with you and talk with your child's doctor at every visit about the milestones your child has reached and what to expect next. What Most Children Do at this Age: Social/Emotional Is shy or nervous with strangers Cries when mom or dad leaves ☐ Has favorite things and people Shows fear in some situations ☐ Hands you a book when he wants to hear a story Repeats sounds or actions to get attention Puts out arm or leg to help with dressing ☐ Plays games such as "peek-a-boo" and "pat-a-cake" Language/Communication Responds to simple spoken requests ☐ Uses simple gestures, like shaking head "no" or waving "bye-bye" ☐ Makes sounds with changes in tone (sounds more like speech) ☐ Says "mama" and "dada" and exclamations like "uh-oh!" □ Tries to say words you say Cognitive (learning, thinking, problem-solving) ■ Explores things in different ways, like shaking, banging, throwing Finds hidden things easily ■ Looks at the right picture or thing when it's named Copies gestures ☐ Starts to use things correctly; for example, drinks from a cup, brushes hair Bangs two things together ☐ Puts things in a container, takes things out of a container



Movement/Physical Development

- ☐ Gets to a sitting position without help
- ☐ Pulls up to stand, walks holding on to furniture ("cruising")
- May take a few steps without holding on
- May stand alone

Today's Date

- Doesn't crawl
- Can't stand when supported
- ☐ Doesn't search for things that she sees you hide.
- ☐ Doesn't say single words like "mama" or "dada"
- □ Doesn't learn gestures like waving or shaking head
- Doesn't point to things
- ☐ Loses skills he once had

Tell your child's doctor or nurse if you notice any of these signs of possible developmental delay for this age, and talk with someone in your community who is familiar with services for young children in your area, such as your state's public early intervention program. For more information, go to www.cdc.gov/concerned or call 1-800-CDC-INFO (1-800-232-4636).

Adapted from CARING FOR YOUR BABY AND YOUNG CHILD: BIRTH TO AGE 5, Fifth Edition, edited by Steven Shelov and Tanya Remer Altmann © 1991, 1993, 1998, 2004, 2009 by the American Academy of Pediatrics and BRIGHT FUTURES: GUIDELINES FOR HEALTH SUPERVISION OF INFANTS, CHILDREN, AND ADOLESCENTS, Third Edition, edited by Joseph Hagan, Jr., Judith S. Shaw, and Paula M. Duncan, 2008, Elk Grove Village, IL: American Academy of Pediatrics. This milestone checklist is not a substitute for a standardized, validated developmental screening tool.





☐ Follows simple directions like "pick up the toy"

Lets things go without help □ Pokes with index (pointer) finger

Help Your Child Learn and Grow

You can help your child learn and grow. Talk, read, sing, and play together every day. Below are some activities to enjoy with your 1-year-old child today.

What You Can Do for Your 1-Year-Old:

■ Talk to your child about what you're doing. For

Read with your child every day. Have your child

☐ Build on what your child says or tries to say, or

example, "Mommy is washing your hands with a

turn the pages. Take turns labeling pictures with

what he points to. If he points to a truck and says

"t" or "truck," say, "Yes, that's a big, blue truck."

☐ Give your child time to get to know a new caregiver.	Give your child crayons and paper, and let your child
Bring a favorite toy, stuffed animal, or blanket to help comfort your child.	draw freely. Show your child how to draw lines up and down and across the page. Praise your child when she tries to copy them.
In response to unwanted behaviors, say "no" firmly.	
Do not yell, spank, or give long explanations. A time	Play with blocks, shape sorters, and other toys that
out for 30 seconds to 1 minute might help redirect your child.	encourage your child to use his hands.
, ou. oa.	Hide small toys and other things and have your
 Give your child lots of hugs, kisses, and praise for good behavior. 	child find them.
g	Ask your child to label body parts or things you see
☐ Spend a lot more time encouraging wanted behaviors than punishing unwanted behaviors (4 times as much	while driving in the car.
encouragement for wanted behaviors as redirection	Sing songs with actions, like "The Itsy Bitsy Spider"
for unwanted behaviors).	and "Wheels on the Bus." Help your child do the actions with you.



Give your child pots and pans or a small musical

child to make noise.

push car."

instrument like a drum or cymbals. Encourage your

Provide lots of safe places for your toddler to explore.

(Toddler-proof your home. Lock away products for

cleaning, laundry, lawn care, and car care. Use a safety

gate and lock doors to the outside and the basement.)

☐ Give your child push toys like a wagon or "kiddie



washcloth."

vour child.