

Do Your Homework Before Choosing a CareProvider

It's important that you ask yourself the following questions when carefully considering a caregiver for your child:

- Does this person have a history of violence?
- Will this person become frustrated or angry if my baby cries?
- » Have I told this person that a baby should never be shaken?
- Is this person good with babies?
- » Has this person had children removed from his or her care because he or she was unable to care for them?
- » Does this person know to call someone immediately if they become frustrated while caring for the baby?
- Did I fnd this person from someone I know?
- Does this person abuse alcohol or drugs?

For more INFORMATION call TRUSTLINE California's Background Check for In-Home Child Care at (8) 822-849 or visit http:// www.trustline.org

Preventing Shaken Baby Syndrome/ Abusive Head Trauma

Resources

Get Help Now! CHILDHELP NATIONAL ABUSE **HOTLINE**

This is a free, confidential, 24/7 counseling & crisis line for parents (800) 4-A-CHILD / (800) 422-4453 http://www childhelp org/hotline

Other Resources

National Center on Shaken Baby Syndrome http://www.dontshake.org



http://cdss ca.gov/Inforesources/OCAP





To care for your baby, you need to care for yourself

Helping parents find ways to cope with crying and understand the long-term effects of shaking an infant.







CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SERVICES

The Office of Child Abuse Prevention

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- If you are getting upset or losing control, focus on calming yourself down. Put the baby in a safe place and walk away to calm down, checking on the baby every 5 to 10 minutes.
- » Call a friend, relative, neighbor, or parent helpline for support.
- » Remember that caring for a crying baby can be very frustrating, but infant crying is normal and it will get better.
- » Be sensitive and supportive in situations when other parents are trying to calm a crying baby.





Why do babies cry?

Babies cry because it's the only way they know how to express their wants and needs. They cry to let you know that they are:

- » Hungry
- » Thirsty
- » Tired
- » Hot
- » Cold
- » Not feeling well
- » Need a diaper change
- » Uncomfortable
- » Teething
- Scared



Have a Plan:

Knowing what to do when your baby is crying can help reduce your stress level.

Try to keep a daily routine:

- » Eat healthy and drink plenty of water
- » Get as much rest as possible
- Create a solid support system for your family
- » Do something for yourself everyday



How to calm your crying baby:

Check and tend to physical needs. Is your baby:

- » Hungry
- » Thirsty
- » Hot
- » Cold

Does your baby:

- » Need to be burped
- » Need a diaper change
- Have something wrapped around his her fnger or toe, causing them pain (hair tourniquet)



The 5 S's of soothing your baby*:

- » Swaddling and laying your baby on its back
- » Side or stomach position is comfortable for your baby while you are holding him her
- » Sounds like your voice, soft music or white noise can be soothing to your baby
- » Swinging your baby gently in your arms or a rocker
- » Sucking on a pacifer or feeding can help calm your baby

*as developed y Dr. Harvey Karp

What is Shaken aby Syndrome/Abusive Head Trauma?

This is a serious brain injury from enduring blunt impact to the head or being forcefully shaken. When a baby is shaken, the brain is at serious risk for trauma caused by movement in the skull.

The most common trigger leading to abusive head trauma is inconsolable crying. Babies less than one year old are at greatest risk of injury from abusive head trauma.

Shaking a baby can cause:

- » Brain damage
- » Blindness
- » Spinal injuries
- » Paralysis
- » Seizures
- Learning and behavior problems
- » In extreme cases, death

Signs your baby may have been shaken:

- » Rigidity
- » Seizures
- » Lethargy
- » Vomiting
- » Coma
- » Diffculty breathing
- » Dilated pupils
- » Blood spot in eyes