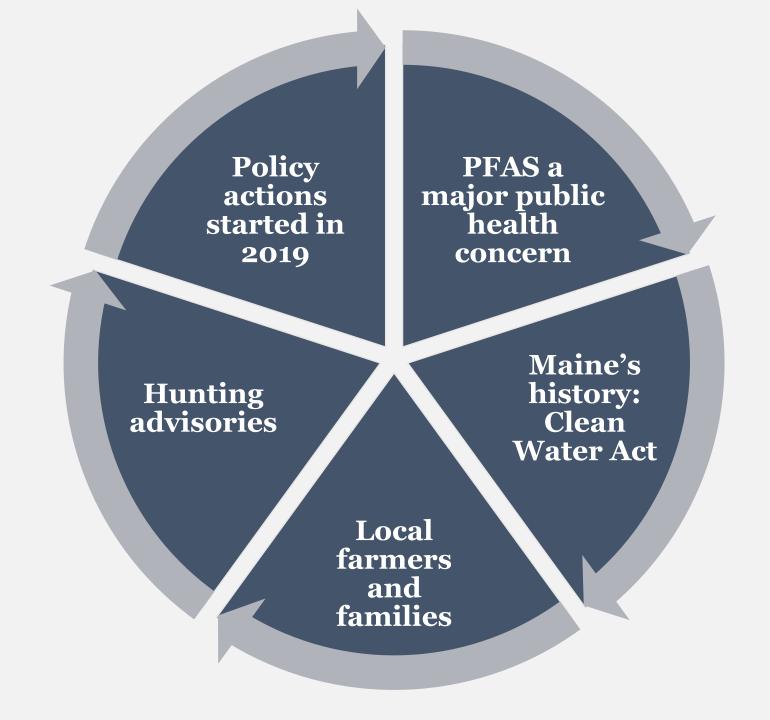
PFAS in Maine: Current Situation & Policy Implications

Emily Cole-Prescott & Scott Firmin
City of Saco (Maine) & Portland (Maine) Water District
June 13, 2023

Landscape of Public Health Concern



Maine's LD 1911 Provisions

- Passed in 2022
- Bans land application of biosolids & composting sales from biosolids in Maine*
- Requires wastewater treatment facilities to sample effluent for PFAS
- Prohibits new licenses to land-apply septage
- Requires DEP to report to Legislature on how to handle septage

^{*}Certain exemptions to composting from food wastes and specific liquor making processes

Maine's LD 1639 Provisions

- Passed in 2022
- Limited out-of-state bulky waste and Construction Demolition Debris into Maine
- Unintended Consequence: Landfill Operators did not have enough material to bulk the wet waste coming into the landfills
- Resulted in Landfills telling
 wastewater treatment facilities they
 may not have capacity to take
 biosolids, causing statewide concern

Many Unintended Consequences for Wastewater Treatment

No Outlet for Biosolids

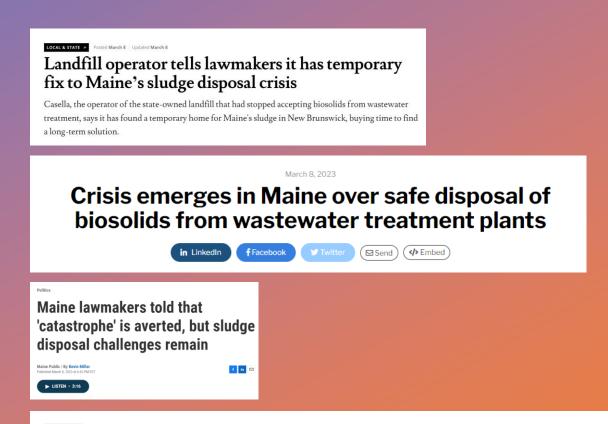
 Crisis situation where wastewater treatment facilities cannot get their biosolids into landfills

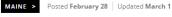
Ever-increasing Costs

 Wastewater treatment facilities in Maine notified this week of cost increases greater than \$60 per ton overnight, even if under contract

2023 Update

LD 718 – Two-year pause on implementation of LD 1639

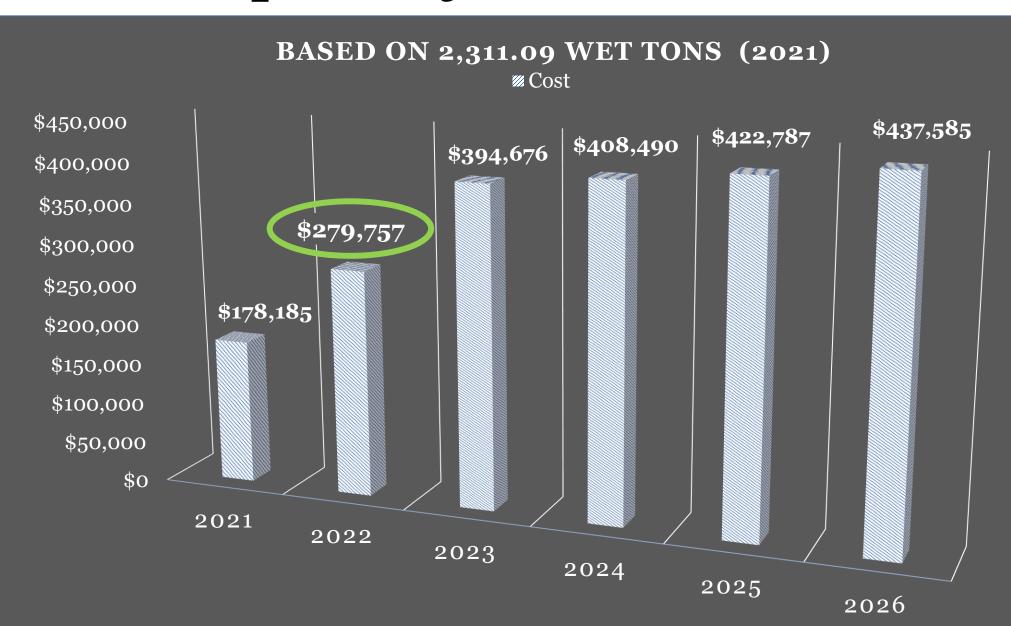




Crisis building at Maine wastewater treatment plants

Wastewater treatment plant operators across Maine face paying higher fees to truck sludge to New Brunswick after two state laws curtailed how biosolid disposal is handled.

Example: Projected Cost Increases



Loss throughout Maine





Farming families' health, welfare, and economic losses

Millions in taxpayer-funded efforts around PFAS in last year's budget

This article outlines challenges from a water perspective:

https://www.bangordailynews.com/2022/08/17/mainefocus/path-of-forever-chemicals-into-public-drinking-water/

Increased Costs for Biosolids Management Contracts

(Recent update: These percentages have increased significantly over the last three months)

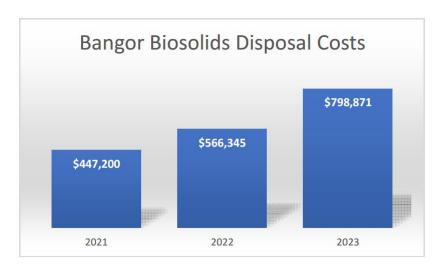
Greater Augusta 64%

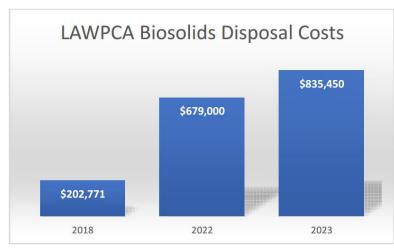
Sanford 455% Portland 37%

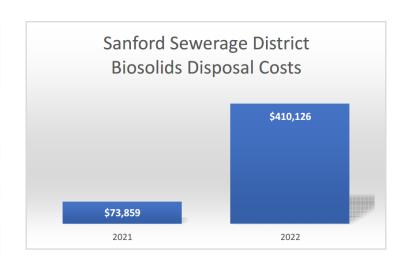
Lewiston-Auburn 312%

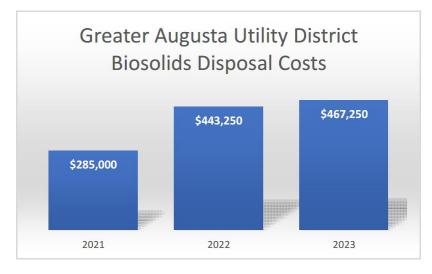
Bangor 79% York 111%

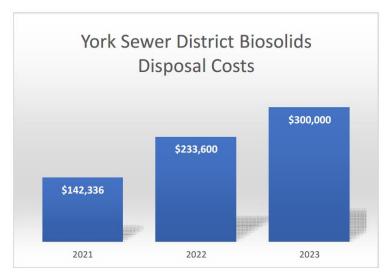
Tracking Disposal Costs...

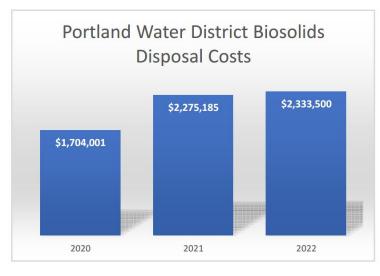














Septage Management

The Question:

• Where Will Septage Go?

The Issues:

- Increasing PFAS concentrations at facilities
- Not equipped to treat PFAS
- Capacity concerns

DEP shared report with Maine Legislature in January 2023.



Overview: Right Now in Maine

Last Week – Kicked off Maine's First Biosolids Management Study





Significant climate impacts to truck material





Need enhanced collaboration & coordination

Looking Ahead...







Biosolids Management Studies

Collaborative partnerships

Engagement beyond water industry

Questions & Comments

If you think of questions later, feel free to contact us:

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References & Resources

- Utility information reported here collected from the utility directors through June 2022.
- LD 1911 details can be found here: https://legislature.maine.gov/legis/bills/display_ps.asp?PID=1456&snum=130&paper=&paperld=l&ld=1911.
- Rhoda, E. (2022, August 17). "The path of 'forever chemicals' into public drinking water used by thousands in central Maine." *Bangor Daily News*. https://www.bangordailynews.com/2022/08/17/mainefocus/path-of-forever-chemicals-into-public-drinking-water/