



SÜSS: GERMAN DESSERT BAR

This logo was created for a small bakery specializing in authentic German desserts. The logo, as well as the bird graphic, has been used throughout the bakery's menu, stationery, packaging and products.

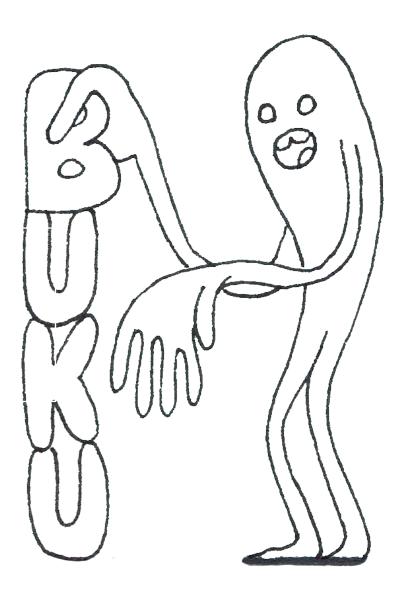








This poster was designed for the 2018 Music Festival,
The Buku Project. Merchandise was also created to
accompany the poster, along with a t-shirt and a tote bag.











KRAFTHEINZ MAGALOGUE

This magalogue for the KraftHeinz Company consists of thirty-six pages. The magalogue contains articles relating to both the history of each individual company and the recent merger of Kraft and Heinz that took place in 2017. The layout is composed of a four-column grid system, divided into two large columns to allow for better type flow, image placement and important pull quotes.



barbeque sauces; Stove Top stuffing mix let-Puffed marshmallows: veeta Cheesy Skillets and Taco Bell Home Originals meal kits: Shake 'N Bake coatings: Baker'schocolate and baking ingredients: and Grey Poupon premium mustards.

and Nabob coffee, as well as a range of products bearing brand names similar to those marketed in the U.S.The Foodservice business sells primarily branded products including Maxwell House coffee, A.I. steak sauce, and a broad array of Kraft sauces, dressings. headquartered in Northfield IL"

Kraft Foods Group History Origin of the firm

The company has its origin as National Dairy Products Corporation (National Dairy), formed on December 10, 1923, by Thomas H. McInnerney. The firm was initially set up to execute on a rollup strategy in the then fragmented United States ice cream industry. Through acquisitions it expanded into a full range of dairy products. By 1930 it was the largest dairy company in the United States and the world, exceeding Borden.

McInnerney operated the Hydrox Corporation, an ice cream company located in Chicago, Illinois. In 1923 he went to Wall Street to convince six million pounds of the product were sold to the U.S. Army for investment hankers there to finance his scheme for consolidating the United States ice cream industry.

He initially found "hard sledding" with one banker saying the dairy industry "lacked dignity" He persevered and convinced a consortium including Goldman Sachs and Lehman Brothers formed in 1923 in a merger of McInnerney's Hydrox with Rieck was then listed on the New York Stock Exchange with the offer of 125,000 shares having been oversubscribed.

ed to the United States in 1903 and started a wholesale door-to-doo cheese business in Chicago; its first year of operations was "dismal". Josina \$3,000 and a horse. However the business took hold and Kraft was joined by his four brothers to form J.L. Kraft and Bros. Company in 1909. As early as 1911, circulars and advertisements were in us by the company.

In 1912, the company established its New York City, New York, By 1914, thirty-one varieties of cheeses were being sold around marketing and opening awholly owned cheese factory in Illinois.

In 1915, the company had invented pasteurized processed choese that did not need refrigeration, thus giving a longer shelf life than conventional cheese. The process was patented in 1916 and about military rations during World War I.

In 1916, the company becan national advertising and had made its first acquisition—a Canadian cheese company.

and listed on the Chicago Stock Exchange.

this THE SPECIAL MACARONI age AND THE GRATED CHEESE

Page 19

- 1903	+1909	-1914	-1924	- 1928	-1929	- 1930	-1937	- 1953	-1956	
L. Kraft started wholesale cheese butiness in Chicago	L. Kraft & Bros. Company is incorporated	J.L. Kraft & Bros. Co. opened their first cheese factory in Stockson. Illinois, within a year they begin producing process cheese in tins. The U.S. government provided cheese in tins for the armed forces during World War I	Kraft & Bros. changes its name to Kraft Cheese Company and goes public	Postem acquired Maxwell House of fee farth merges with Phonix Choose Corporation, maker of Philadelphia Brand cream cheese; Erah introduces Welvesta process chemic spread; N.B.C. acquires Shredded Wheat Company.	Postum acquires controlling interest in Clarence 1 Editories (Companies) of Companies (Company) Postum Anages its name to General Foods Corporation, Finishmann Company, Chase & Samborn, and the Royal Baking Powder Company merge to form Standard Brands	Kraft in acquired by National Dairy Products Corporation but continues to operate independently	KRAFT Macaroni and Cheese Dinner was introduced with the afvertising slogan of "Make a meal for 4 in 9 minutes,"	General Foods acquires Perkins Products, maker of Kool-Aid powdered beverage mixes	National Dairy begins centralizing its operation transforming Kraft from subsidiary to division	
In 1926, it was listed on the NYSE. The firm then began to consolidate the United States dairy industry through acquisition, in competition with National Dairy and Borden.		isition, in competition	After National Dairy acquisition of Kraft-Phenix At the time of the acquisition in 1930. National Dairy had sales of \$315 million compared with \$85 million for Kraft Phenix.		and James L. Kraft, Kraft's founder, of the divisions became less autonom	During these years, Thomas McInnerney, National Dairy's founder, and James L. Kraft Kraft's Gunder, died, and at the end of the decade, the divisions became less autonomous and even diversified to the glass packaging business with the acquisition of Metro Class in 1954.		In the 1960s, product development became intense, launching fruit jellies, fruit preserves, markimallows, barbecue sauces and Kraft Śingles, a brand of individually wrapped cheese slices. During this decade, the company also expanded in many markets worldwide.		
Later, in 1927, it established its London, United Kingdom, and Hamburg, Germany, sales offices—its first forays custide North America. Sales for 1927 were \$604 million. In 1928, it acquired Phenix Cheese Company, the maker of a cream cheese branded as Philadelphia cream cheese, and the company.			National Dairy management run the combined business. Following the Kniff-Phenix cognization, the ferm continued to be called National Dairy until 1969 when it changed its name to Kniffco. Historically, all of the firm's sales came from dairy products. However, the firm's product lines began to olversify away from dairy products to carried cardies management and cheese dimension management cardies management and cheese dimension management the sales of the sales of the sales of the sales of the firm low-value added commodity dairy products, such as fluid milk. This trend would continue for the firm through neglect and divestiture, until the primary remaining dairy product produced by the firm would be cheese. As a result, the modern thistory of the firm emphasizes the cheese history Product development and advertising helped the company to grow during the postwar years, launching sleed process cheese and Cheer Whiz, a brand of process cheese slace, in the 1950s.		In 1947, the company tested the m	In 1947, the company tested the marketing power of the emerging medium of television by producing an hour-long drama/anthology series, the Kraft Television Theatre.		In 1961, the firm acquired Dominion Dainies of Canada, marking the first effort by the firm to expand into fluid milk and ice cream outside the United States. In the same year it also acquired The Southern		
						The product advertised on the program. MacLaren's imperial Cheese, was selected because " (it had) not only had no advertising appropriation whatsoever, but had not even been distributed for several years." As described by internal documents of J. Walter Thompsom—the advertising firm which conceived of the marketing test—the result was "although there was no other advertising support for it whatsoever, still grocery stores could not keep up with the demand."			Oil Company in Manchester, England.	
changed its name to Kraft-Phenix Cheese Company, In 1929, The New York Times reported that Kraft Phenix The Hershey Company and Colgate were looking at merging in the same year; it was reported that National Dary; benden and Standard Brands (a firm that is now part of Kraft Foods) were all looking at acquiring the firm. By 1930, it had captured forty percent of the cheese market in the U.S. and was the third largest dairy company in the United States after National Dairy and Borden. In 1930, the company also began operating in Australia following a merger with Fred Walker & Co.					appropriation whatsoever, but had several years." As described by inte Thompson—the advertising firm w test—the result was "although ther support for it whatsoever, still groo				National Dairy becomes Kraff In 1999, the firm charged its name from National Dairy to Kraftoo Corporation. The reason for the name charge was given at the time: "Expansion and innovation have taken us for affeld from the regional milk and ice cream business we started with in 1932. Dollar sales of these original products have remained relatively static over the past fem years and, in 1999 accounted for approximately 25% of our sales: At the same time, the firm transferred to Glenview, Illinois, in 1972,	
1969	1980	1981	1985	1986	1988	1989	1995	2000	2001	



Image Above: A porcelain, Heinz Pickle Sign from 1963

After its domestic success in the nineteenth century, the H.J. Heinz Company began to transition from a domestic, private firm to an international, public company in the twentieth century. In 1900, H.J. Heinz incorporated the company; six family members owned shares in the company.

At this time, the H.J. Heinz Co. was first in the production of ketchup, pickles, mustard, and vinegar in the United States. Five years later, in 1905, Heinz expanded overseas when the company opened its first international factory in England.

Unfortunately, at the age of 75, Heinz Company founder H.J. Heinz died in 1919. The management of the business remained in the family, however, as Howard Heinz succeeded his father as company president. Howard Heinz successfully rescued the company at the height of the Great Depression in 1931 by introducing two new product lines: ready-to-eat soups and baby food.

In Britain, Heinz Beanz on toast for breakfast has become a staple of the diet. In 1928, the British Heinz subsidiary stopped importing Heinz beans from the United States and Canada and began to produce its own, permitting cheaper, yet more popular, bean production. The Heinz Company would later strike marketing gold in 1967 with the U.K. advertising slogan "Beanz Meanz Heinz," its success and hundreds of variations compares only to the "57 Varieties" campaign of a half-century earlier.

Following the death of Howard Heinz in 1941, his son, H.J. "Jack" Heinz II took control of the company. He followed his grandfather's example of company growth by expanding the H.J. Heinz Co. domestically through acquisitions and internationally by launching Heinz subsidiaries. Jack Heinz already had previous expansion experience, as he had directed the company's development in Australia during the 1930s. Although Heinz products had been available in Australia for 50 years, the company cemented its position there when it built a production plant in Richmond, Victoria, in 1934. The subsidiary, Heinz-Australia, would become the nation's largest food processing plant. When the company had its first public offering in 1946, sales figures revealed that the H.J. Heinz Company earned over \$4 million in net profits.

Columbian Exposition tag, and pickle charm, 1893

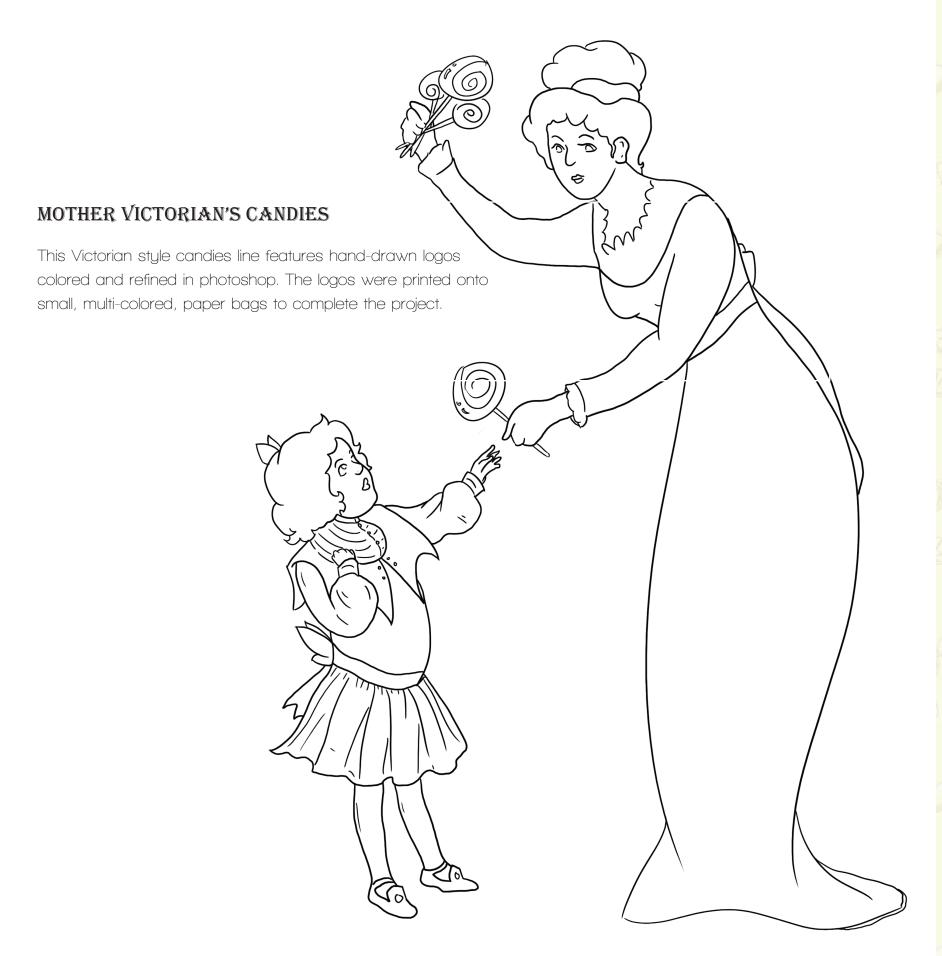
Weinz fair tag, c. 1910

Herz tooth at the Panama
Paulic Exposition Paulic Exposition tag, and pickle charm, 1893

Weinz fair tag, c. 1910

Fig. 1. An annual of a family of

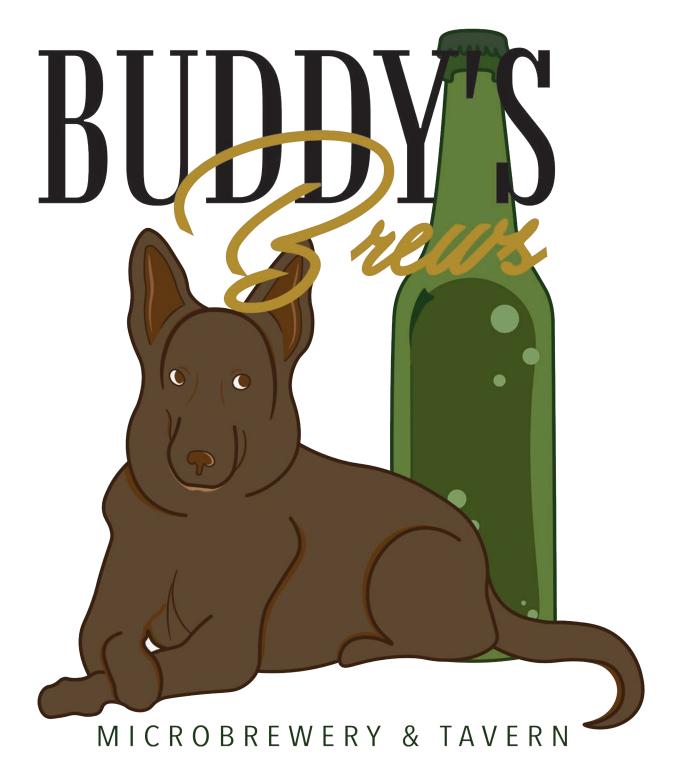






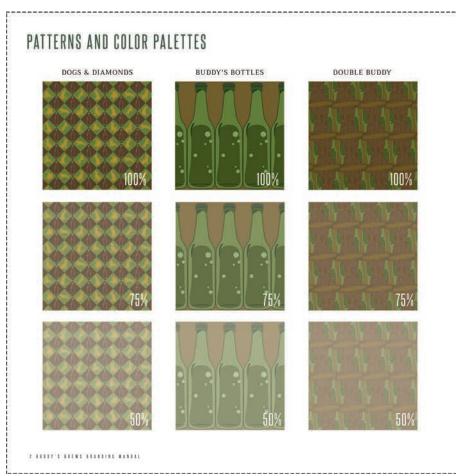


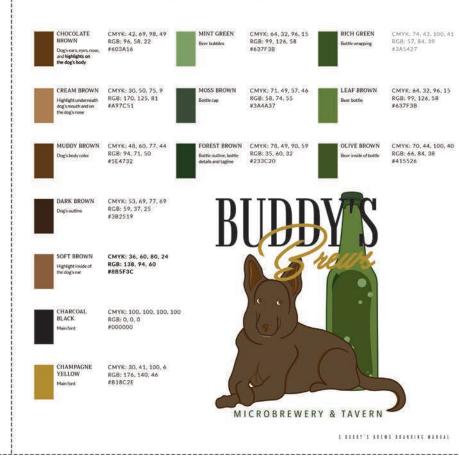


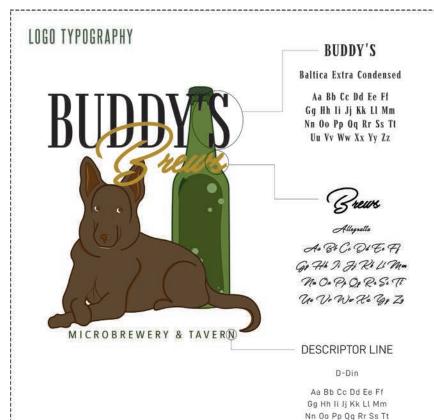


BUDDY'S BREWS: MICROBREWERY & TAVERN

This logo was created for a company that prints your dog's image onto beer bottles. The logo has been implemented throughout the company's branding manual, designs, patterns, stationery and other products such as merchandise.







Uu Vv Ww Xx Yy Zz

COORDINATING FONTS

RECOMMENDED FOR MAIN TITLES

Steelfish A B C D F F

ABCDEF GHIJKIM NOPQRST UVWXYZ

> Point Size: 23pt Tracking: 100

RECOMMENDED FOR BODY COPY

Lato Light

Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk Ll Mm Nn Oo Pp Qq Rr Ss Tt Uu Vv Ww Xx Yy Zz

> Point Size: 9pt Leading: 13pt

RECOMMENDED FOR HEADLINES

Trirong Light Trirong Light Italic

Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee

Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk
LI Mm Nn Oo Pp

LI Mm Nn Oo Pp

LI Mm Nn Oo Pp

Qq Rr Ss Tt Uu

Qq Rr Ss Tt Uu

Qq Rr Ss Tt Uu

Leading: 13pt Tracking: 100

RECOMMENDED FOR CAPTIONS

Lato Light Italic

Aa Bb Cc Dd Ee Ff Gg Hh Ii Jj Kk Ll Mm Nn Oo Pp Qq Rr Ss Tt Uu Vv Ww Xx Yy Zz

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C STREET ! BREWS BRANCHE WANGED

P REDEAL E REEME BERKEINE MRNEET







DIVERSITY POSTER

The task assigned was to create a poster that best depicted what diversity meant to us and had typographic elements.

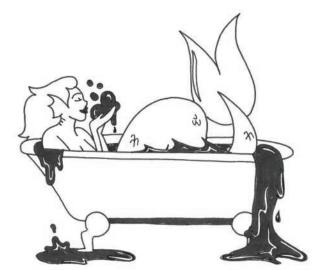
Matryoshkas of different nationalities, nesting within each other best represented the idea of diversity as well as acceptance.





UNDER THE SEA

This series of sea creature icons have so much personality to offer, whether it be used for beachhouse or bathroom decore. A great amount of development and experimenting brought these three icons (tricons) to life.



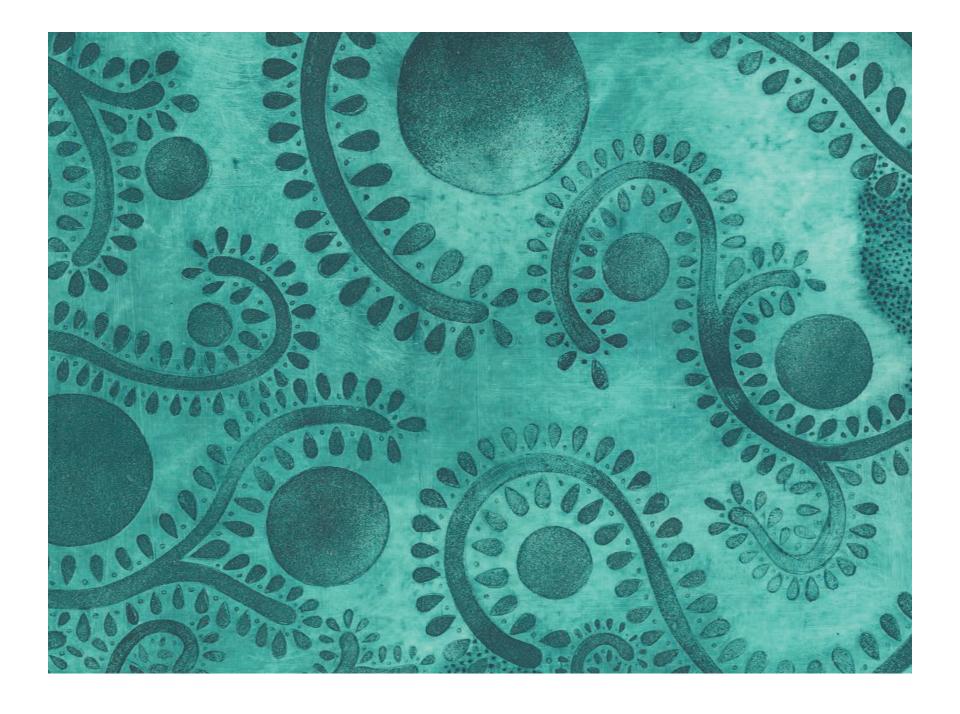














A copper-plate engraving was created during a month-long process that involved applying thick, tar-like layers of ink, burnishing away the desired areas and linework, and resting the plate in an acid-bath solution for a period of time. This process was repeated numerous times until the desired image was created. Several copies were printed in multiple colors on rich, Hannelora print-making paper.











SPROUT: BEGINNER'S SUCCULENT GREEN HOUSE

This piece was created for the Kutztown University Senior project during the internship assignment. Free, creative range was given with no limitations. I had decided to create a package design based project in order to reflect what I had learned during my internship.









SEASON OF THE WITCH

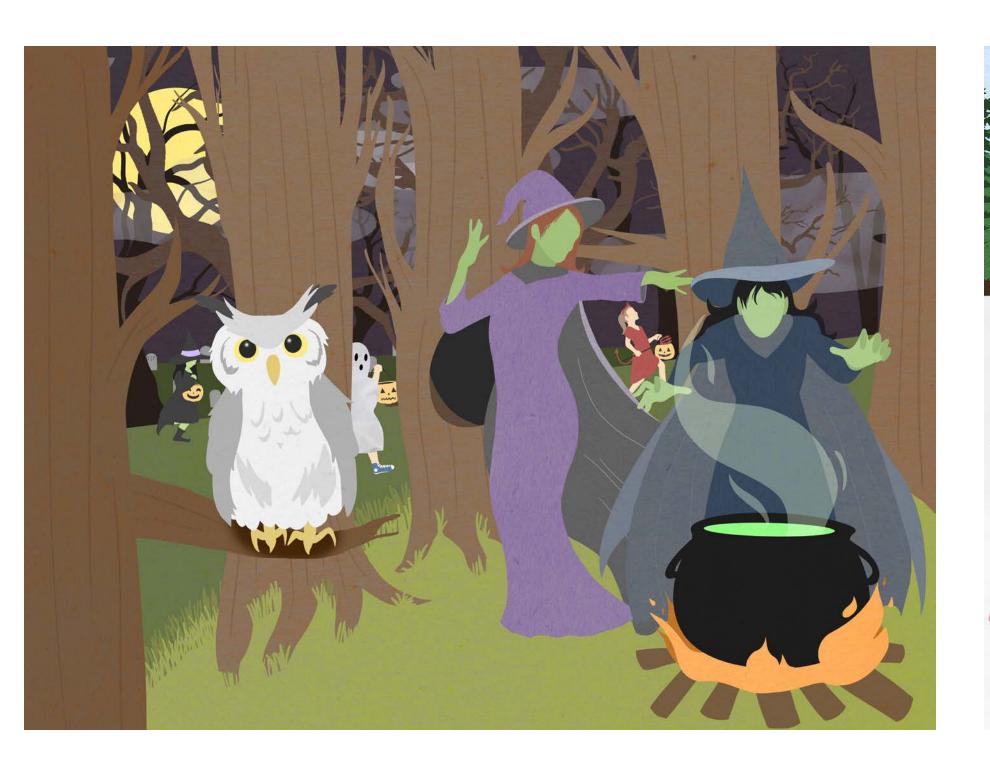
This series of four spot illustrations is based around the four seasons. The project started with an initial concept sketch for the Halloween season detailing witches, from there the concept of witches celebrating the different seasons emerged.









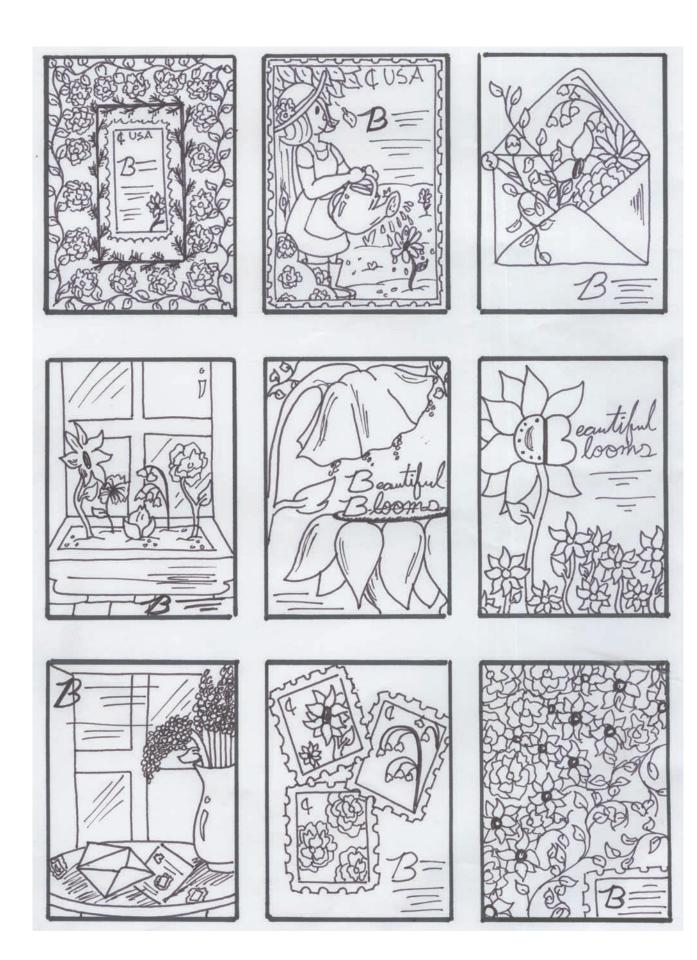


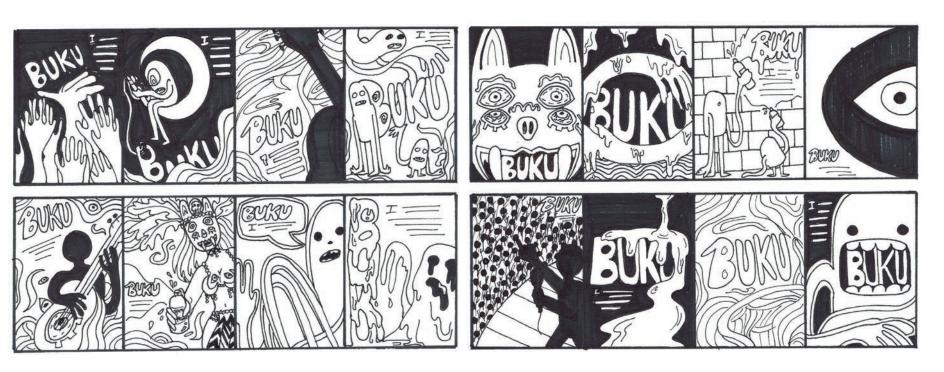


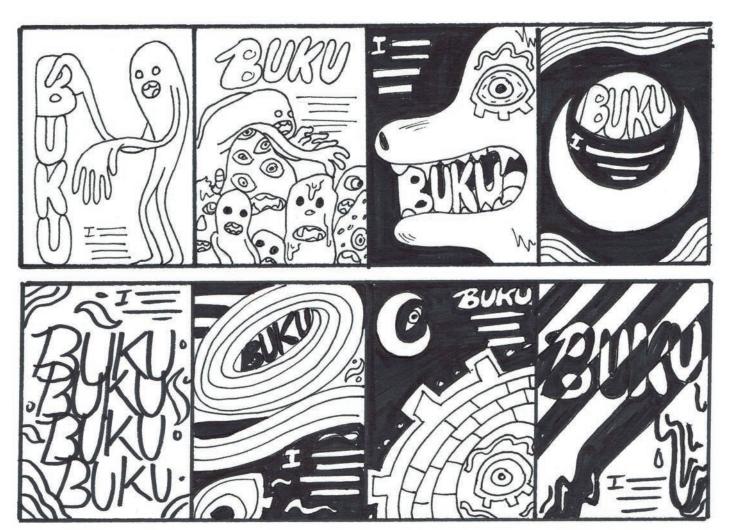














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