**The Lord Is Robed in Majesty**

**Psalm 93**

 **1 The Lord is king; he is robed in majesty; the Lord is robed; he is** **girded with strength. He has** **established the world; it shall never be moved; 2 your throne is established from of old; you are from everlasting. 3 The floods have lifted up, O Lord, the floods have lifted up their voice; the floods lift up their roaring. 4 More majestic than the thunders of mighty waters, more majestic than the waves of the sea, majestic on high is the Lord! 5 Your** **decrees are very sure; holiness** **befits your house, O Lord, forevermore.**

 **I. Terms to Know**

**robed** - God is dressed in a special, magnificent clothing that shows his great power and glory.

**girded** - God is "clothed with strength," essentially signifying that He is equipped and ready to act with power.

**established** - God has created and firmly secured the world; everything exists and is stable due to His power and authority.

**decrees** - God's established laws and commands; what God says will happen, will happen with absolute certainty.

**befits** - is appropriate for" or "is suitable to; is fitting.

**II. Summary**

**Psalm 93 is a short psalm that praises God as the eternal king and creator of the world. It emphasizes God's power and majesty, and the stability of the world that is a result of God's reign:**

* **The Lord is king: The psalm begins with the declaration that the Lord is king and reigns.**
* **God's power: The psalm describes God's power as being greater than the raging seas.**
* **The world's stability: The psalm explains that the world's stability comes from God's eternal being and power.**
* **God's kingdom: The psalm describes the honor of God's kingdom among men, and the comfort that God's subjects find in it.**
* **God's throne: The psalm describes God's throne as being untouchable and eternal, marked by holiness and trustworthiness.**

**III. Questions**

**1. What does the Lord do?**

**2. Where does the writer say the Lord is from?**

**3. What did the floods do?**

**4. How does the writer describe the Lord on high?**

**5. What characteristic does the writer use to describe the Lord’s house?**