How does Sheila develop throughout the play?

**Act One**

**Quotation:**

**Interpretation:**

**Techniques:**

**Analysis:**

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**Use in essays on…**

**Act Two:**

**SHEILA: “Father threw this girl out because she asked for decent wages. I went and pushed her farther out, right into the street, just because I was angry and she was pretty.”**

**Interpretation:** Part of the Inspector’s role is to impart knowledge upon the Birlings – here Sheila conveys to the audience that the Inspector’s message is getting through to the younger generation.

**Techniques:** Tone; Juxtaposition; Verbs.

**Analysis:**

* The formality and tone of “Father”, as opposed to Sheila’s earlier call of “daddy”, emphasises that she is maturing as the Inspector’s lessons begin to have an impact on her.
* Sheila’s use of the verbs “threw” and “pushed” stress the active role the Birling family took in Eva’s death.
* Sheila’s “angry” attitude is juxtaposed with Eva’s “pretty” demeanour. Sheila commits the wrongdoing, yet it is Eva who ends up on the “street”, reinforced by the confirmation that all Eva asked for was “decent wages”.

**Use in essays on…**Age; Responsibility; Power.

**Act Three:**

**BIRLING: “Now look at the pair of them – the famous younger generation who know it all. And they can’t even take a joke.”**

**Interpretation:**

**Techniques:**

**Analysis:**

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**Use in essays on…**

**Act**

**Quotation:**

**Interpretation:**

**Techniques:**

**Analysis:**

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**Use in essays on…**

Floating

**Teacher notes:**

This activity is designed to be used in class or set as a homework, to help pupils develop their AO1 and AO2 skills.

The resource is designed so that it can be revisited multiple times, or used by pupils independently, to develop a bank of revision essay plans over time.

One example quotation is provided, taken from The Quotation Bank®: An Inspector Calls. Three further The Quotation Bank template boxes are provided for analysis, with reference to Act One and Three, so as to provide whole text coverage with quotations. The fourth box allows pupils to pick a quotation from anywhere in the play.

When using this resource with your pupils you may wish to give pupils two copies of the handout, so you can model the analysis with the whole class, using a quotation you have chosen, before they work independently.

*Differentiated use of the resource:*

You may wish to give pupils a list of quotations to analyse, particularly where you feel pupils would benefit from more structure and support. The template is provided as a Word document so you can type directly into the document to provide more scaffolding and support if you feel your pupils would benefit from this.

You may wish to give pupils instructions that involve developing one point in great detail. Alternatively, pupils could find quotations that provide an alternative interpretation from a previous point. This is an activity that could work well in groups.

To stretch pupils, and with your most able pupils, you may ask them to select the quotations involving stage directions to show awareness of dramatic effects.

Pupil-focused instructions are provided below if you wish to use this resource for homework or independent learning.

*Further activities:*

* Once the activity is complete, pupils could discuss how to structure the 10-12 bullet points they now have – should they join them chronologically to show the development of Birling throughout the play, or are there other ways they could group them?
* Use in essays on – how could the material on this essay plan be adapted to answer different exam questions?

**The Quotation Bank Essay plan!**

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| --- | --- |
| **A01** | Read, understand and respond to texts. Students should be able to:* Maintain a critical style and develop an ***informed personal response***
* Use textual references, ***including quotations***, to support and illustrate ***interpretations***.
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| **A02** | Analyse the ***Language, Form and Structure*** used by a writer to ***create meanings and effects***, using ***relevant subject terminology*** where appropriate.  |

This activity allows you to show off all your analytical and interpretative skills!

1. Choose a quotation from the text
2. Use the headings in the blank quotation box to help you analyse and interpret the quotation
* Interpretation – Give your own personal response to the quotation. What does it suggest about a key theme or idea? What message is it conveying to the audience or reader? You may want to include a brief contextual comment here if you like.
* Technique – What literary techniques are present in the quotation? This is just a list of techniques – you don’t need to analyse them at this point.
* Analysis – Break down the quotation into smaller parts and analyse the effect of language, form or structure. Aim for three different analytical points, covering three different techniques.
* Use in essays on…. – Which possible exam questions or themes might this quotation be useful for?
1. Once you have analysed the quotations in detail, use the points you have made to plan an essay to the question set.
2. Write the essay
* Make sure the first sentence answers the question and gives a clear interpretation – try to use the terms in the question in your answer.
* Use all your analysis from the quotation box above, in full sentences, to develop your answer.
* Try to use appropriate connectives to give the paragraph a clear structure.
* In your final sentence it is really useful to go back and explicitly address the question again, using the terms from the question to show you are focussed on the question set.