MORTGAGE MARKET IN REVIEW



Jack Brady

Hometown America Incorporated 4665 Sweetwater Blvd., Suite 105 Sugar Land, TX 77479 Phone: (281) 265-4663

Fax: (281) 313-5626 Cell Phone: (832) 746-5626 E-Mail: jack@hometown.cc Website: http://www.hometown.cc

Market Comment

Mortgage bond prices were sharply lower last week which put significant upward pressure on rates. Fed officials indicated "The U.S. economy is currently in a good place, with low inflation, low unemployment and an outlook for continued moderate growth." Tame inflation readings early in the week resulted in some actual rate improvements. Producer prices fell 0.3% versus the expected 0.1% increase. The core, which excludes volatile food and energy, fell 0.3% versus an expected 0.2% increase. Selling pressure emerged late Tuesday and continued until the end of the week. CPI was unchanged versus an expected 0.1% increase and the core rose 0.1% versus an expected 0.2% increase. Weekly jobless claims were 210K. Analysts expected a 218K reading. Consumer sentiment was a solid 96. Mortgage interest rates finished the week worse by approximately 3/4 of a discount point.

LOOKING AHEAD

Economic Indicator	Release Date & Time	Consensus Estimate	Analysis
Retail Sales	Wednesday, Oct. 16, 8:30 am, et	Up 0.4%	Important. A measure of consumer demand. A smaller than expected increase may lead to lower mortgage rates.
Fed "Beige Book"	Wednesday, Oct. 16, 2:00 pm, et	None	Important. This Fed report details current economic conditions across the US. Signs of weakness may lead to lower rates.
Housing Starts	Thursday, Oct. 17, 8:30 am, et	1365K	Important. A measure of housing sector strength. Weakness may lead to lower rates.
Weekly Jobless Claims	Thursday, Oct. 17, 8:30 am, et	212K	Important. An indication of employment. Higher claims may result in lower rates.
Industrial Production	Thursday, Oct. 17, 9:15 am, et	Up 0.6%	Important. A measure of manufacturing sector strength. Weakness may lead to lower rates.
Capacity Utilization	Thursday, Oct. 17, 9:15 am, et	77.9%	Important. A figure above 85% is viewed as inflationary. Weakness may lead to lower rates.
Philadelphia Fed Survey	Thursday, Oct. 17, 10:00 am, et	12	Important. A survey of business conditions in the Northeast. Weakness may lead to lower rates.

Leading Economic Indicators	Friday, Oct. 18, 10:00 am, et	Unchanged	Important. An indication of future economic activity. A smaller increase may lead to lower rates.
-----------------------------	----------------------------------	-----------	---

Philadelphia Fed

Federal Reserve Banks were created to control the central banking system of the United States. The banks are divided into 12 districts and facilitate the monetary system by moving currency in and out of circulation in accordance with the policies set by the Federal Open Market Committee. The Reserve Banks handle check processing, hold cash reserves, and make loans to depository institutions. Each Reserve Bank regulates commercial banks in their district. The twelve districts include Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Cleveland, Richmond, Atlanta, Chicago, St. Louis, Minneapolis, Kansas City, Dallas, and San Francisco. The Philadelphia Fed report is a survey of manufacturing businesses in the Northeast region. The report is valuable due to the timing. It is released before the month is over and is the second regional report released. While there are many other regional reports throughout the month the Philadelphia Fed report is considered the most valuable. It has historically shown strong correlation with purchasing managers index data and therefore analysts give it considerable attention.

To unsubscribe, please hit "reply" and include unsubscribe in the subject line.

Copyright 2019. All Rights Reserved. Mortgage Market Information Services, Inc. <u>www.ratelink.com</u> The information contained herein is believed to be accurate, however no representation or warranties are written or implied.



MORTGAGE MARKET IN REVIEW

Newsletter-October 14th, 2019