



THE UNITED MONARCHY OF GIEZWASM

THE MINISTRIES

Service, Responsibility, Administration & Public Ministry Development

2026 PUBLIC INSTITUTIONAL GUIDE

FAITH • SERVICE • STEWARDSHIP • ORGANIZATION • CONTINUITY

A public guide explaining what a UMG Ministry is, how Ministries are created and organized, the service areas reflected in current public governing records, the Founding Era ministry references, and the standards that should control public representation of ministry status and authority.

PUBLICATION & INSTITUTIONAL STATUS NOTICE

PUBLIC STATUS: PUBLIC INSTITUTIONAL GUIDE - 2026. This book is designed for public, educational, historical, archival, and institutional reference. It explains the ministry framework of The United Monarchy of Giezwa (UMG) and should be read together with the current Government Overview, Government Structure, Government Documents, Office of the Monarch guide, and Legal Information Center.

UMG Ministries are internal organizational bodies used to structure recurring areas of responsibility. A Ministry title does not by itself create a public governmental department recognized by another jurisdiction, nor does it confer sovereign authority, regulatory power, police power, judicial power, diplomatic status, taxing power, licensing authority, or authority over third parties.

Earlier Founding Era materials used broader governmental language and referenced Ministries of Law, Treasury, Culture, Education, Intelligence, and Faith, along with other ministry concepts such as economic, heritage, and earth/agriculture functions. Those references are preserved as historical institutional material. They are not proof that every named Ministry is currently active, staffed, funded, licensed, or externally authorized.

Current public presentation must use status labels. A Ministry should be described as Established / Active, Under Development, Under Legal Review, or Proposed / Long-Term Objective according to its real condition. Where a service area is better handled by an institution, professional provider, project company, or licensed external entity, it should not be labeled a Ministry merely for appearance.

CORE READING RULE

A Ministry exists to organize recurring work. The title should follow the function. Public status should follow the facts. Applicable law controls wherever it applies.

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1. PURPOSE OF THE MINISTRIES GUIDE

The Ministries page and this companion book explain how UMG may organize recurring fields of institutional responsibility into Ministries. The goal is not to create titles for appearance. The goal is to create durable service structures where a continuing body of work requires leadership, records, standards, coordination, and accountability.

Current UMG public government materials define a Ministry as a body organized around an ongoing field of institutional responsibility. They also require a documented status, a clear relationship to the Crown and Office of the Monarch, public-facing responsibilities that can be described without exposing restricted operations, and records or programs that can be preserved over time.

PUBLIC PURPOSE

For the public, the Ministries framework should answer five simple questions: What does this Ministry do? Who is responsible for it? What is its current status? What records or programs exist? What legal or professional limits apply?

2. WHAT A UMG MINISTRY IS

A UMG Ministry is an internal organizational body created to coordinate a stable, recurring area of work. The Ministry should have a defined mission, a continuing service area, a responsible leader or coordinating office where appointed, a relationship to the wider government structure, and a recordkeeping system capable of showing what the Ministry has actually done.

- A defined mission and continuing area of responsibility.
- A documented status visible to the public.
- A responsible leader or designated coordinating office where appointed.
- A clear relationship to the Crown, Office of the Monarch, other Ministries, institutions, and Public Administration.
- Public responsibilities that can be explained accurately and lawfully.
- Records, policies, programs, projects, or reports that can be preserved and reviewed over time.

A Ministry that does not yet have defined work, leadership, records, authority, resources, or a real operating purpose should remain proposed or under development rather than being represented as active.

3. MINISTRY VS. INSTITUTION VS. OFFICE

MINISTRY

A Ministry organizes a recurring field of institutional responsibility. It is appropriate when a continuing service area needs leadership, standards, records, coordination, and public accountability.

INSTITUTION

An Institution is a specialized body that may have a narrower archival, educational, cultural, research, humanitarian, development, ceremonial, or advisory purpose. Not every institution needs the breadth or recurring administrative responsibility of a Ministry.

OFFICE

An Office is usually built around a defined role, coordinating function, or recurring responsibility. An office may sit within a Ministry, within the Office of the Monarch, or operate as a separate internal function depending on the governing record.

PROJECT ENTITY OR PROFESSIONAL PROVIDER

Development projects, regulated services, security functions, financial activity, construction, healthcare, education, legal services, or other specialized work may require a separate legal entity, licensed professional, contractor, charity, company, or host-jurisdiction structure. A Ministry name does not remove those requirements.

4. HOW MINISTRIES FIT THE GOVERNMENT STRUCTURE

The Crown provides continuity and high-level internal direction. The Office of the Monarch supports coordination, records, communication, appointments, and routing. Ministries organize recurring fields of work. Institutions and offices carry specialized functions. Public Administration supports records, correspondence, public information, procedure, and cross-body coordination.

Simple public flow: THE CROWN → OFFICE OF THE MONARCH → MINISTRIES / INSTITUTIONS / APPOINTED OFFICES → PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION / PROGRAMS / PROJECTS.

Ministries should not depend on the Monarch performing every operational task personally. A durable structure routes work to the responsible body, documents decisions, preserves records, and escalates major questions only when Crown-level review is appropriate.

5. STATUS BEFORE TITLE

Every public Ministry listing should display status before visitors are asked to rely on the title. Status is not decorative. It tells the public what stage the Ministry has actually reached.

ESTABLISHED / ACTIVE	UNDER DEVELOPMENT	UNDER LEGAL REVIEW	PROPOSED / LONG-TERM OBJECTIVE
Currently established or operating within UMG’s lawful organizational scope.	Being organized, documented, staffed, prepared, or developed for future operation.	Being reviewed for legal mechanisms, requirements, approvals, agreements, licensing, risks, or next steps.	A future concept or strategic objective that has not completed every step, resource, agreement, authorization, or approval that may be required.

The stated status should control how a visitor understands the body. Historical reference does not equal current operation. A proposed Ministry is not active. A Ministry under legal review is not externally approved. An internal Ministry is not automatically a public governmental department recognized by another jurisdiction.

6. PUBLIC MINISTRY FRAMEWORK AT A GLANCE

The following service areas are a public-facing organizational framework drawn from UMG's current governing themes. They organize areas already reflected in the public Constitution, Bylaws, Government Structure, and Founding Era records. They should be treated as framework categories until the current governing record separately confirms the exact Ministry name, leadership, and operating status.

LEGAL & INSTITUTIONAL AFFAIRS

PUBLIC FRAMEWORK / STATUS TO BE CONFIRMED

Coordinates internal governing records, policy development, institutional standards, compliance routing, legal-information coordination, and review of matters requiring outside counsel.

Core public scope: governing records; policies; public editions; compliance routing; legal-information coordination; referral to qualified attorneys or other professionals.

TREASURY, COMMERCE & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

PUBLIC FRAMEWORK / STATUS TO BE CONFIRMED

Organizes internal financial planning, commerce and entrepreneurship support, development-fund concepts, economic initiatives, and properly structured business or investment coordination.

Core public scope: budgeting and internal financial planning; entrepreneurship; commerce; economic-development coordination; records; lawful entity-based programs. No central-bank, taxing, securities, or legal-tender authority is implied.

CULTURE, HERITAGE & CEREMONIAL AFFAIRS

PUBLIC FRAMEWORK / STATUS TO BE CONFIRMED

Preserves cultural identity, heritage, arts, traditions, ceremonial standards, historical observances, approved symbols, and public cultural programming.

Core public scope: heritage; arts; ceremonies; cultural education; traditions; festivals; approved symbols; historical preservation in coordination with Royal House archives.

EDUCATION, RESEARCH & INNOVATION

PUBLIC FRAMEWORK / STATUS TO BE CONFIRMED

Supports education, scholarship, historical study, entrepreneurship, technology, research, and future educational initiatives where lawfully established.

Core public scope: educational materials; scholarship concepts; research; innovation; technology; cultural learning; future schools or programs subject to applicable approvals.

HEALTH, HUMANITARIAN & COMMUNITY WELFARE

PUBLIC FRAMEWORK / STATUS TO BE CONFIRMED

Coordinates humanitarian, wellness, relief, community-support, charitable, and social-welfare initiatives through lawful programs and qualified providers.

Core public scope: humanitarian aid; wellness education; community support; charitable programs; partnerships; referrals. Regulated health services require licensed providers and applicable approvals.

ENVIRONMENT, AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES

PUBLIC FRAMEWORK / STATUS TO BE CONFIRMED

Supports environmental stewardship, clean water, agriculture, renewable energy, responsible land use, conservation, and sustainable development.

Core public scope: agriculture; food systems; water; renewable energy; conservation; sustainable planning; environmental education and lawful project coordination.

DEVELOPMENT, INFRASTRUCTURE & HOUSING

PUBLIC FRAMEWORK / STATUS TO BE CONFIRMED

Coordinates long-term planning for housing, infrastructure, tourism, logistics, transportation, utilities, technology, and community-development projects.

Core public scope: planning; project coordination; feasibility; development entities; infrastructure concepts; housing and community development. Land, zoning, construction, concessions, and regulated infrastructure require external legal authority and approvals.

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS & COOPERATION

PUBLIC FRAMEWORK / STATUS TO BE CONFIRMED

Supports peaceful communications, cultural exchange, professional consultation, humanitarian cooperation, development discussions, and international relationship-building.

Core public scope: professional outreach; cultural exchange; legal and development consultation; liaison functions; international partnerships. No embassy, treaty, diplomatic mission, or recognition is represented unless formally established.

FAITH, BELIEF & CULTURAL SPIRITUAL LIFE

PUBLIC FRAMEWORK / STATUS TO BE CONFIRMED

Preserves UMG ceremonial and spiritual traditions while respecting freedom of religion and belief for participants and the requirements of applicable law.

Core public scope: ceremonial faith traditions; cultural spiritual education; interfaith respect; observances; historical religious materials; freedom-of-belief principles.

7. LEGAL & INSTITUTIONAL AFFAIRS

This service area is the public-facing home for internal governance coordination rather than a substitute for courts, regulators, or licensed legal practice. It can organize UMG governing records, policy drafting, public editions, institutional standards, compliance questions, document review, and routing of matters to qualified counsel.

Appropriate functions

- Maintain and organize governing-document drafts, policies, amendments, and public institutional summaries.
- Coordinate legal-information publications and verification resources.
- Flag matters requiring licensed attorneys, accountants, regulators, or other outside professionals.
- Support status labeling and public accuracy across UMG documents.
- Maintain a record of legal-review questions, counsel recommendations, and approved public updates where appropriate.

Public boundary

The Ministry does not itself create a public court, law-enforcement body, bar association, regulatory agency, or law firm. Individualized legal advice or representation must be provided only by properly qualified professionals where required.

8. TREASURY, COMMERCE & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

UMG public governing records allow support for entrepreneurship, employment, investment, commerce, development, charitable initiatives, and lawful property ownership through properly organized entities and programs. Historical documents also used treasury, economic ministry, currency, and sovereign-wealth terminology. Current public materials clarify that those terms do not themselves create legal-tender, central-bank, taxing, securities, or public-finance authority.

Appropriate functions

- Internal budgets, financial planning, bookkeeping standards, and program-level financial records.
- Entrepreneurship, commerce, business development, sponsorship, and lawful economic opportunity programs.
- Coordination with properly organized companies, nonprofits, trusts, funds, or project entities where appropriate.
- Financial-compliance routing to qualified accountants, attorneys, banks, payment providers, tax professionals, and regulators.

Any investment, securities, fundraising, money-transmission, lending, banking, tax, or digital-asset activity remains subject to applicable law and professional review.

9. CULTURE, HERITAGE & CEREMONIAL AFFAIRS

Founding Era materials referenced both Culture and Heritage functions. The modern public purpose is preservation: protect the identity, traditions, arts, ceremonies, symbols, historical observances, and cultural memory of UMG without confusing cultural expression with external governmental status.

Appropriate functions

- Cultural programs, arts, media, music, festivals, historical observances, and ceremonial education.
- Preservation of approved traditions, attire, architecture concepts, symbols, and historical narratives.
- Coordination with the Royal House on ceremonies and dynastic traditions without absorbing family biography or succession functions.
- Public labeling of cultural and ceremonial works so symbolic language is not mistaken for external legal authority.

10. EDUCATION, RESEARCH & INNOVATION

UMG public records support education, scholarship, historical study, entrepreneurship, technology, cultural learning, research, science, and innovation. The Ministry framework may coordinate educational content and future institutional planning while ensuring that any regulated school, university, credentialing program, research facility, or professional training activity is lawfully established.

Appropriate functions

- Public education and historical-learning materials.
- Scholarship and mentorship concepts.
- Entrepreneurship and technology education.
- Research, science, innovation, and future educational institution planning.
- Partnerships with qualified educators, schools, colleges, universities, nonprofits, or research organizations.

11. HEALTH, HUMANITARIAN & COMMUNITY WELFARE

Current public governing materials allow humanitarian, health, wellness, relief, and community-support initiatives through lawful partnerships, programs, charities, providers, and institutions. Public ministry work should focus on coordination, support, education, fundraising where lawful, and relationships with qualified providers rather than presenting UMG as a medical licensing or public-health authority.

Appropriate functions

- Humanitarian relief and community-support programs.
- Wellness education and non-clinical community initiatives.
- Partnerships with charities, providers, hospitals, clinics, licensed professionals, and relief organizations.
- Community development and social-welfare coordination.

Clinical care, emergency response, healthcare facilities, professional practice, insurance, controlled medical activity, and other regulated services require all applicable licenses, approvals, and credentials.

12. ENVIRONMENT, AGRICULTURE & NATURAL RESOURCES

UMG public materials support environmental stewardship, clean water, sustainable development, agriculture, renewable energy, responsible land use, food systems, conservation, and preservation of natural resources. Founding Era records used the title Ministry of Earth and Agriculture; the current public framework should focus on lawful stewardship and project coordination.

Appropriate functions

- Agriculture and food-system planning.
- Clean-water and renewable-energy concepts.
- Conservation, environmental education, and responsible land-use planning.
- Sustainable-development partnerships and feasibility work.

Land ownership, zoning, environmental permitting, water rights, agriculture licensing, energy projects, concessions, and resource regulation remain controlled by the applicable owner, government, regulator, or competent authority.

13. DEVELOPMENT, INFRASTRUCTURE & HOUSING

UMG public Bylaws contemplate housing, land development, infrastructure, tourism, agriculture, technology, water, energy, transportation, logistics, education, healthcare, and community-development projects. Depending on the actual legal structure, these functions may be coordinated through a Ministry, project company, development corporation, nonprofit, contractor network, or host-country arrangement.

Appropriate functions

- Development strategy and feasibility planning.
- Housing, infrastructure, tourism, logistics, utilities, and community-development concepts.
- Coordination with development entities, project companies, landowners, planners, engineers, architects, attorneys, and governments where appropriate.
- Public status labeling so conceptual projects are not presented as completed or approved.

A Ministry cannot unilaterally create land rights, zoning approvals, building permits, concessions, public-private partnerships, municipal authority, or infrastructure licenses.

14. INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS & COOPERATION

UMG may pursue peaceful communications, cultural exchange, strategic relationships, professional consultation, development discussions, humanitarian cooperation, and other lawful international engagement. The Ministry framework can coordinate relationship-building and liaison work while preserving the distinction between professional or institutional outreach and formal diplomacy.

Appropriate functions

- Cultural and professional relationship-building.
- International development discussions and lawful partnership exploration.
- Coordination with legal counsel before governmental outreach where appropriate.
- Humanitarian and educational cooperation.
- Public records of confirmed meetings, consultations, agreements, or milestones when approved for release.

No embassy, treaty, diplomatic mission, concession, autonomous arrangement, governmental recognition, or sovereign status should be represented as established unless formally created through the appropriate legal and governmental process.

15. FAITH, BELIEF & CULTURAL SPIRITUAL LIFE

Founding Era materials referenced a Ministry of Faith, while current public constitutional language emphasizes freedom of religion and belief. A modern public-facing service area should therefore preserve UMG spiritual and ceremonial traditions without requiring religious conformity or suggesting that internal spiritual practice overrides applicable law.

Appropriate functions

- Preservation of approved ceremonial and spiritual traditions.
- Cultural education concerning the historical beliefs and practices of the House.
- Interfaith respect and freedom-of-belief principles.
- Coordination of ceremonial observances where participation is voluntary and lawful.

Religious or spiritual terminology should be presented as internal cultural, ceremonial, or faith-based expression rather than external legal authority.

16. FOUNDING ERA MINISTRY REFERENCES

Historical UMG materials are part of the institutional record and should not be erased merely because the public structure evolves. Founding Era ceremonial records specifically referenced Ministries of Law, Treasury, Culture, Education, Intelligence, and Faith. Earlier Bylaws also referenced an Economic Ministry, a Ministry of Heritage, and a Ministry of Earth and Agriculture.

These names help show how the original government concept developed. They should not automatically be treated as proof that every named Ministry is currently active, staffed, funded, licensed, or externally authorized. Public editions should preserve the history while explaining the current status.

Special note on intelligence and security terminology

Earlier materials used national-security, intelligence, police, military, and protective terminology. Current public UMG standards clarify that internal titles do not create governmental police, military, weapons, investigation, surveillance, or law-enforcement authority. Safety, risk management, event security, private security, investigation, or protective work must be routed to properly authorized and licensed persons or entities where required.

17. MINISTRY LEADERSHIP & APPOINTMENTS

A Ministry should have identifiable responsibility. Where a Minister or coordinating officer is appointed, the public appointment record should ideally state the office title, appointing authority, date or edition, scope of responsibility, status, and whether the role is active, interim, honorary, ceremonial, advisory, or under development.

Leadership should be matched to actual competence and responsibility. A Ministry title should not be used to imply professional credentials, licenses, public office, diplomatic status, or regulated authority the person does not possess.

Good appointment record

- Exact Ministry and office title.
- Name approved for public use.
- Date of appointment or public edition.
- Scope of responsibility.
- Status and term if applicable.
- Reporting relationship.
- Any professional or legal limitations that matter to the role.

18. RECORDS, POLICIES, PROGRAMS & BUDGETS

A Ministry becomes credible through records, not through titles alone. Ministries should preserve records showing what was proposed, approved, performed, changed, funded, completed, or retired.

- Mission and charter or public institutional description.
- Appointments and leadership records.
- Policies, procedures, and public standards.
- Program and project records.
- Budgets or financial records appropriate for internal or public disclosure.
- Contracts, professional reviews, licenses, permits, or approvals where relevant.
- Public reports, notices, and historical editions.

Sensitive financial, personal, security, legal, or operational records may remain restricted. Public transparency does not require publication of every underlying file.

19. CROSS-MINISTRY COORDINATION

Many real projects cross Ministry lines. A development project may involve environment, economic development, education, health, international relations, and cultural preservation at the same time. The Office of the Monarch and Public Administration may help route and coordinate cross-cutting matters without erasing functional boundaries.

A sound workflow is: intake → routing → responsible Ministry review → professional/legal review where needed → recommendation → authorization → record → publication where appropriate → later review and archive.

20. REGULATED ACTIVITY & PROFESSIONAL BOUNDARIES

Ministry terminology does not exempt UMG from licensing, professional, regulatory, tax, financial, employment, corporate, construction, healthcare, education, security, consumer-protection, privacy, environmental, or other applicable requirements.

Examples of functions that may require outside legal authority or licensed professionals include legal representation, medical care, private security, investigations, banking, securities, investment management, construction, architecture, engineering, schools, healthcare facilities, environmental permitting, land development, immigration advice, and regulated financial services.

The public rule is straightforward: if a function is regulated, the Ministry coordinates only within the lawful scope available to UMG and uses properly authorized professionals or entities where required.

21. PUBLIC COMMUNICATIONS & MINISTRY CORRESPONDENCE

UMG already maintains public ministry correspondence standards and letterhead concepts. Official Ministry communications should identify the Ministry, responsible officer, date, subject, purpose, status, and appropriate notice where the subject could be misunderstood.

Public correspondence standard

- Use the exact current Ministry name.
- State the public status where relevant.
- Do not use seals, titles, letterhead, or language to imply authority that has not been granted.
- Separate internal UMG decisions from outside government approvals or filings.
- Preserve significant correspondence in the appropriate records system.
- Route legal or regulated questions to qualified professionals.

22. ETHICS, ACCOUNTABILITY & PUBLIC ACCURACY

Ministries should be judged by service, accuracy, recordkeeping, responsible use of resources, and respect for applicable law. Internal status or Royal terminology should not be used to intimidate, mislead, impersonate government, or bypass professional and legal requirements.

- Tell the public what is active and what is not.
- Do not present proposals as approvals.
- Protect privacy and restricted information.
- Document appointments and major decisions.
- Correct outdated public information when status changes.
- Preserve superseded records so history remains traceable.

23. CREATING, MERGING, RENAMING OR RETIRING MINISTRIES

Government structure should grow according to function. UMG's current public standard favors creating a Ministry only when an ongoing area of responsibility justifies one. Duplicative bodies should be merged or retired rather than maintained only because a title already exists.

Before creating a Ministry

- Define the mission and recurring body of work.
- Determine whether the function is better suited to an Institution, Office, project entity, or external provider.
- Identify leadership, reporting relationships, and records responsibilities.
- Determine the current status and any required legal review.
- Create or approve the governing record establishing the body.
- Publish an accurate public description only when ready.

When changing a Ministry

Renaming, merging, restructuring, or retiring a Ministry should be documented by date and edition. Earlier public records should remain traceable in the archive so future readers can understand how the structure evolved.

24. PUBLIC VERIFICATION & STATUS UPDATES

The public should be able to verify the Ministries framework without relying on screenshots, social-media posts, ceremonial language, or old drafts.

- Check the exact Ministry name and page or publication year.
- Read the status label.
- Check whether leadership has actually been appointed.
- Look for current programs, records, policies, reports, or documented activity.
- Use Government Documents for approved internal records.
- Use the Legal Information Center for legal meaning, outside filings, verification, and status limitations.
- When an outside approval, license, filing, or agreement matters, verify it through the appropriate source authority.

25. CLOSING STANDARD OF MINISTERIAL SERVICE

The purpose of Ministries is not to make UMG appear larger or more governmental than the record supports. Their purpose is to organize real work into durable areas of service.

A strong Ministry has a mission people can understand, leadership that accepts responsibility, records that show what happened, status labels that tell the truth, procedures that survive leadership changes, and professional boundaries that respect applicable law.

**SERVICE BEFORE TITLE. FUNCTION BEFORE APPEARANCE. STATUS BEFORE CLAIM.
RECORD BEFORE MEMORY.**

Founding Era standard: Organize what exists. Build what is needed. Label what is developing. Preserve what came before. Use qualified professionals where the law requires them. Tell the public what is true. Leave every Ministry stronger, clearer, and more useful for the generation that follows.

PUBLIC SOURCE FOUNDATION

This guide was prepared from the current UMG public institutional framework, including the Government Overview (2026 Public Institutional Edition), Government Structure (2026 Public Institutional Guide), Office of the Monarch (2026 Public Institutional Guide), Constitution Public Institutional Edition, Public Governing Documents, Public Legal Guides, Royal Duties & Roles Guide, Founding Era Bylaws and Royal Decree I, Founding Era ceremonial materials, and the public Ministry correspondence standard. Where historical material used broader governmental terminology, this edition applies the current public-status, legal-scope, privacy, and verification standards.

FINAL PUBLIC NOTICE

The Ministries, Ministry titles, Minister appointments, programs, policies, institutions, councils, offices, projects, financial terminology, international-relations functions, ceremonial functions, development functions, and other governmental-style terms described in this guide are internal UMG organizational concepts unless separately established under applicable external law. They do not independently establish internationally recognized sovereign-state status, territorial jurisdiction, diplomatic recognition, public governmental office, police or military authority, judicial authority, taxation authority, central-bank authority, immigration authority, licensing authority, or legal privilege. External and regulated activity remains subject to applicable law and any required professional credentials, licenses, approvals, agreements, filings, land rights, regulatory processes, or competent authorities. Historical Ministry references do not prove present operation. Each Ministry should be understood according to its current documented status.