word **OED DEFINITION**

....ian (suffix) 'of or belonging to'

abhor To shrink back from with shuddering, horror

abominable 1. Disgusting; physical or moral

abounded 1. plentiful

abuse 2. To use improperly, to misuse; to pervert or misemploy; to take a bad advantage of. 1611 Bible, 1Cor.

9:18

accept 1. To receive (a person) with favour or approval

accursed

1. Lying under a curse or Anathema; doomed to perdition or misery
addict

1. To bind, attach or devote oneself as a servant (to any person or a cause)

addicted 2. Attached by one's own act; devoted (to a party)

administration The action of administering (dispensing), the performance of a duty

admonish

To put (a person) in mind of duties; To counsel against wrong practices; To give authoritative or

warning advice

affect

admonition 2. A warning; grave counsel

adoption

The action of voluntarily taking into any relation: esp. of taking into sonship; the act of taking up and

treating as one's own; acceptance, espousal. 1382 Wyclif, Rom. 8:23 2. To have an affection for (a person); 6. To put on a pretense of

afore A. adverb, B. preposition, 1. Of place: before, in front-of; in the fore part

ague Acute or violent fever

alien 1. A person belonging to another nation

alienated 1. Estranged, withdrawn

allegory

1. Description of a subject under the guise (by the way) of some other subject of aptly suggestive

resemblance. 1382 Wyclif, Gal. 4:24

alway 1. All the time; perpetually

always 1. At every time; on every occasion

amanuensis

The work of a scribe. (one who copies or writes from the dictation of another)

ambassador

1. An official messenger sent by or to a public body; an envoy, or representative.

Anathema 1. Anything accursed anointed 2. Set apart (to a function)

another 1. A second (of two), further, additional; 2. Not this, not the same, different; different in effect. 1611

Bible, Gal. 1:6

apostle 1. A person sent, a messenger; 2.b. One who follows another in regard to his teaching; example, rule

of conduct

ashamed 3. Reluctant through fear of shame to; (adj.) The cause of shame

1. To put to the test; 2. To try with force; 3. To attempt, venture; 17. To make the attempt; to do one's

best

astonied 1. stunned, stupified

astonished 1. Stunned.

baptism (Latin & Greek) 'to immerse'

baptized 3. Denominated

A foreigner; one whose language and customs differs from the speaker's; a). Of language: not Greek or

barbarian Latin. Pertaining to an illiterate person. b). One living outside the pale of the Roman empire and its

civilization.

bare (modern spelling "bear") 1. To carry while moving it

base 1. Low absolutely; of small height; 10. Befitting an inferior person

2. To hold by some tie of duty or obligation. As in 'beholden'; 7. To hold or keep in view, to watch; to

contemplate with the eyes.

Belial 1. The spirit of evil personified; used from early times as a name for the Devil or one of the fiends.

Note: Belial has children: 1Kings 21:13, 'And there came in two men, children of Belial'

benevolence kindness

beryl 1. A transparent precious stone of pale-green passing into light blue, yellow and white.

1. Beg earnestly; 3. To supplicate, entreat, implore (a person) for, or to do a thing; 5. To bring a person

beseech into a certain state of mind by entreaty

beside (ourselves) 5a. (fig. senses) Out of a mental state or condition.

bewitched 2. (fig.) To influence in a way similar to witchcraft. 1526 Tindale, Gal. 3:1 blaspheme 1. To utter profane or impious words; 2. To speak irreverently of or toward God

blasphemy 1. Irreverance

body (our)

15. A number of persons taken collectively, usually as united and organized in a common cause; 16. An

organized collection of fighting men acting together; a force

bold 1. Of persons: stout-hearted, courageous, daring, fearless; the opposite of 'timid' or 'fearful'

bond(servant)

1. (adj) In a state of serfdom or slavery; not free; in bondage (to). 1611 Bible, 1Cor. 12:13 Whether wee

bee Jews or Gentiles, whether wee bee bond or free $\,$

bounty 4. Goodness shown in giving, gracious liberality

bowels

3. Considered as the seat of the tender and sympathetic emotions, hence: pity, compassion, feeling,

'heart'

brightness 1. The quality of being bright; brilliancy, clearness; quickness of intellect.

bring down (from above)

1. From higher to lower place or position; 2. To some place which is conventionally viewed as lower in

position

broken Separated forcibly into parts, fragments, pieces

buffet 1. To beat, strike, especially with the hand; to thump, knock about; 2. to deal blows

by In the presence of carbuncle 1. Bright red

carnal 4. Not spiritual, in a negative sense; secular

castaway One who is rejected

Christ

Christian

circumspectly

come (behind)

cease 5. (transitive verb) To put a stop to (the action of others) certify 3. To make (a person) certain or sure (of a matter)

charity 2. Love, kindness, natural affection chaste 1. Pure from unlawful sexual intercourse

chasten 1. Disciplinary punishment

cherub 2. A being of a celestial or angelic order. One of the 'living creatures' mentioned in the O.T. and figured

in the Jewish Temple.

chiding 1. Vehement expression of displeasure

1. The Messiah, or 'Lord's Anointed' whose advent was the subject of Jewish prophecy and

expectation; 2. The title given to Jesus of Nazaerth as embodying the fulfilment of Messianic prophecy and expectation; The Hebrew title "Messiah" applied in the O.T. prophetic writings to a promised deliverer of the Jewish nation, and hence applied to Jesus of Nazareth as the fulfilment of that promise

A. (adjective) Of persons and their qualities or actions: showing character and conduct consistent with discipleship to Christ, marked by genuine piety; following the precepts and example of Christ; Christ-like; 5. Human as distinguished from brutal; civilized, decent, respectable; B. (noun) 1. One who believes or professes the religion of Christ; an adherent; 2. One who exhibits and follows the precepts and example of Christ; a believer in Christ who is characterized by genuine piety. 1611 Bible, 1Pet. 4:16

2. Of persons: watchful on all sides, attentive to everything, cautious, heedful of all circumstances that

may affect action or decision
3. (adverb) To follow, come after

comeliness 3b. Befitting the purpose, appropriate, proper

comely 3. The moral sense; decent, proper; 3b. Befitting the purpose though with trouble, difficulty

commend 2. To present as worthy of favorable acceptance. communion 1. Holding in common with others; 2. Fellowship

compacted firmly or closely joined together

compassion 2. Pity that inclines one to spare or succour conceits (own) 7. A fanciful notion, a whim, imagination

concupiscence Eager, lustful desires

condemneth To give judicial sentence against; to find guilty, convict

confirm 1. To settle, establish firmly confounded Put to shame; confused

1. Inward knowledge; acknowledgement of something; 4. Moral sense; right and wrong; 4d. 'good

conscience conscience': a conscience that one's acts are right; a well regulated or sound conscience, one which

judges correctly.

constrain1. To force or compel a person to do anything.consumption1. Action or fact of consuming or destroyingcontemptible1. To be despised; despicable (miserable, wretched)

contend 3. To strive in argument. 1611 Bible contentions 2. Strife, dispute, verbal controversy

contentious 1. Of persons prone to dispute; quarrelsome.

A continuous text with parts duly connected. The parts which immediately precede or follow any

particular passage or 'text' and determine its meaning. (formerly 'circumstance')

contrariwise 1. But (on the other-hand)

convenient 1. Agreeing (in opinion); in accord (obs); 2. Morally appropriate, suitable

1. The action of living or having one's being in a place or among persons; 7b. A particular act of

discoursing upon any subject; a talk; 9. An 'at home'

convince To satisfy or persuade a person by evidence

cosolation 1. The action of consoling, cheering, or comforting; alleviation of sorrow or mental distress.

1. A mutual agreement between two (or more) persons; sometimes the pledge or promise of one of

covenant the parties.

2. That which covers or is adapted to cover whether for protection, shelter, concealment or

covering adornment; a cover; 4. To cover (one's head: to put on or wear one's head covering). 1611 Bible, 1Cor.

11:6; 8. To shield, protect, shelter

2. Inordinate and culpable (guilty) desire of possessing that which belongs to another or to which one

has no right

craft 4. In a bad sense: skill or art applied to deceive or overreach; deceit, guile, fraud, cunning

cut (off) An interruption or stopping of a continuance

damnation 1. The fact of being condemned

daysman An arbitrator; mediator

dead No longer in existence; spec. cut off from (something); 17. without active force; inoperative

death 5. (fig.) The fact of being cut-off from civil life, as by banishment

debtor One who owes an obligation

declare 1. To make known (Greek Lexicon); To make clear; elucidate; explain

defame Attacked in reputation

defile 3. To render morally foul; to corrupt

defraud 1. To deprive (a person) by fraud (deception) of what is his by right by dishonestly withholding it from

him

desolate In ruins

dispensation

dispersed

despise 1. To look down upon; to view with contempt; to think scornfully or slightly of

destroy

1. To pull down; 2b. To ruin (men), to undo in worldly estate; 4. To put out of existence (living beings);

to deprive of life; 7. To consign or give over to perdition

destruction 1. The action of undoing, rendering useless device (man's) Imagination; 4. An opinion; what one thinks

3. Of a person or personal agent: to consume destructively, recklessly, or wantonly; to make away

with, waste, destroy (substance, property or (fig.) its owners).

devout 1. Devoted to divine worship or service

died 2. To die a (specified) death; to die by or suffer a particular death; 4. to suffer the pains of death

diligent 3. Attentive, observant, heedful, careful

disannul 1. To cancel and do away with; to make null and void

discern 1. (verb) To separate (things) as distinct; to distinguish and divide; 2. To perceive the difference

between (things)

4. The orderly administration of things committed to one's charge; the function or office of administrator or steward; stewardship. The office of an administrator. 1382 Wyclif, 1Cor. 9:17; 5.

Ordering, management; esp. system of administration of the world. 1382 Wyclif, Eph. 1:10

Separated in different directions

disposed 4. Inclined, in the mood (to do something)

dissimulation

1. The action of dissembling; concealment of what really is, under a feigned semblance of something

different; hypocrisy

do 1. To put, place; 3. To apply; 6. To perform, execute, carry out

dominion The power or right of governing and controlling; sovereign authority; lordship, rule

doubtless B. (adv.) Without doubt or question

dragons 3. A desert mammalian animal, now understood to be a jackal

earnest

1. A pledge; a sum (valuable) paid as an installment, especially for the purpose of securing a contract;

2. Valuable paid to secure a contract

earnestly 1. Intensely

enlarged

edify 3. To build up; strengthen

effectual 1. Adequate for an intended purpose

eloquent 1. Of persons: possessing the power of fluent, forcible, and appropriate expression

emulate The endeavor to equal or surpass others in any achievement of quality

1. The action of the verb endeavour; efforts, or pains directed to an objective; strenuous attempt. To

exert oneself to the uttermost; to do all one can (in a cause or to an end)

3. (figurative applications of 'to make larger'): c. To enlarge the heart: to expand, to swell the heart with gratitude or affection (in this sense of sometimes with personal objectives, after 2Cor. 6:13); to increase the capacity of the heart for affection, widen the range of affections. 1611 Bible, 2Cor. 6:11,

13

enmity 1. The disposition or the feelings characteristic of an enemy; ill-will, hatred; a state of mutual hostility

ensample 2. A precedent. (a person that precedes or goes before another)

ensign A badge or symbol of dignity or office; 6. A body of men serving under one banner

eschew 1. To avoid, keep clear of

espoused 1. To betroth (generally a woman) to another. Usually said of the parents, or those in loco parentis

establish To set-up on a secure basis; to prove; to place beyond dispute

esteemed Valued, respected

ever (and ever) 1. Throughout all time, eternally; Also strengthened Ever and ever

exhort 1. To insist upon; to admonish earnestly

exhortation 2. Urged action

expedient 1. Hasty, speedy; 2. Conducive to a definite purpose; fit, proper, or suitable to the circumstances of the

case

experience 1. Knowledge resulting from what one has undergone; 2. to train (soldiers)

experiment 1. (v.) To have experience of

expound 1. To declare; state in detail; explain

fail 2. Come to an end

faint 1. (verb) To lose heart or courage, be afraid

faith Belief

faithfulness Of a persons actions; constant; loyal

farewell 1. An expression at the parting of friends; Goodbye!; Adieu!; Now chiefly implying regretful feeling

1. Deficiency; 2. Failing; 3a. Blameable quality in moral quality. (expressing a milder censure than vice);

fault 7a. With reference to persons: culpability; the wrong doing to which a specified evil is attributable; to

be to blame

feigned 8. To make a show or appearance of; pretend

1. The fruits first gathered in a season; especially with reference to the custom of making offering of

these to God

flatter 3. To praise insincerely

follower 2b. One who follows another in regard to his teaching; example, rule of conduct

folly 1. Foolish or deficient in understanding, weakness of mind

fool 1. One deficient in judgment; 1.c. A term of endearment or pity. (obsolete) 1611 Bible (mod Eng.:

insulting contempt)

foolish 1. Wanting in sense or judgement; 2. Insignificant, paltry, poor, fool-like forbear To endure with patience, tolerate; 7b. To restrain oneself. 1535 Coverdale

foreigner 1. A person from another nation; an alien

forgiveness pardon an offense

fruit

fornication In Scripture extended to adultery forward 6. Ready, prompt, eager; 6b. Inclined to

forwardness 1. The quality of being forward; readiness, promptness, eagerness

from

1. Denoting a departure or moving away: governing a substantive which indicates a point of departure

or place

froward 1. Perverse, ungovernable

The edible part of a plant or tree; The seed, the means of reproduction; Offspring, progeny; Anything

resulting from an action

fulness 1. The condition of being filled so as to include no vacant space

gainsaying To deny; to speak or act against, oppose

Gentiles 1. Of or pertaining to all of the nations other than the Jewish; 2. Heathen, pagan

gift something, the possession of which is transferred to another without the expectation or receipt of an

equivalent. Something of value

girded 1. To surround, encircle (the waist of a person) with a belt for the purpose of confining the garments;

2. (fig) To invest or endue with attributes

glory 1. (verb) To exult with triumph; 3. Something that brings honour and renown

gnash (teeth) To grind the teeth especially in rage goodness The manifestation of benevolence

grace 1. Pleasing quality; 2. Favour - an instance of favour; 3. Thanks graff To insert (a twig of one tree) into a different stock: = graft

Grecian Jews of Greek culture

Greek

A Hellenized Jew; A Grecian; Jews that understood the Greek Tongue, and used the Greek Translation

of the Scriptures, were called Greeks; Greek in language and culture

greet 1. To approach; 3. To address with expressions of goodwill or courtesy usually upon meeting

grieve 2. Of persons: to harass, trouble, vex

groan 1. To utter a low deep sound expressive of grief or pain; 3. to be oppressed or overburdened to the

point of groaning; 6. to express earnest longing by groans; to yearn or long, as if with groans

headlong 1. Rushing forward with ungoverned speed

1. Of those who hold a non-Jewish religious belief; a pagan: one of a nation that does not worship the

true God

heed Careful attention
heresies Contrary doctrine
hidden A hidden or secret thing

highminded Having a haughty, proud or arrogant spirit

hitherto Up to this time

holy Kept from ordinary use; dedicated ("set apart")
honour 1. High respect, esteem, exalted worth, admiration

hope To expect with desire; trust, confidence

8. An emblem of power and might; 'horn of salvation'; 12. A vessel (for holding drink); of plenty or

abundance

howbeit B. Although

humble 2. (v) To lower in dignity. 1611 Bible

humbled 1. Lowered merit

husbandry 4. Management (profitable or wasteful) of a household

impenitent Not penitent; not repentant

implacable Cannot be appeased, will not be persuaded

impute To impart; to bestow, to give

indignation The action of counting or treating a person as unworthy of regard or notice; disdain for a person

infidel

1. One who does not believe in (what the speaker holds to be) the true religion; an 'unbeliever'. 1526

Tindels 2. Cons. 6.15, 2. France Christian reject of income at the constant of a religion are accorded.

Tindale, 2Cor. 6:15; 2. From a Christian point of view: an adherent of a religion opposed to Christianity.

1. Weakness of strength; 3. Special form of mental or bodily weakness. 1382 Wyclif, 1Tim. 5:23

...wine...for thine often infirmities; 4. Moral weakness; inability to resist natural inclinations. 1382

Wyclif, Rom. 6:19 ...the infirmity of your flesh...

iniquity 1. The quality of being unrighteous, or (more often) unrighteous actions or conduct; wickedness, sin.

injured 1. Wronged; offended

instant urgent

infirmity

intercession The action of pleading on behalf of (rarely against) another, prayer for another; mediation

intreat Deal with (it) jasper 1. Bright green

jealous 3. Vigilant in guarding, watchful

jealousy (godly)

4c. Of God: having a love which will tolerate no unfaithfulness

jesting 1. The action of the verb jest; joking, pleasantry; ridicule. 1526 Tindale, Ephesians 5:4, Nether folishe

talking, nether gestinge

journeyings Engagement in battle, 1611 Bible

7. To have jurisdiction over, to govern; 9. (verb) To form an opinion about; to exercise the mind upon

(something) so as to arrive at a correct or sound notion of it; 16. To make up one's mind as to the truth

of a matter

justified Made or accounted righteous, as warranted by evidence

keep 1. seize, hold, take; 12. Observe with due formality and in the prescribed manner

kick 2. (v. intr. fig.) To show defiance lascivious 1. Inclined to lust, lewd, wanton lasciviousness The quality of being lascivious

law A rule of conduct

judge

nation

let Hindered magnify Act to honour malice 2. Power to harm

manifest 1. Obvious; Clearly revealed to the eye

manifestation The action of manifesting; the display of the existence of some person or thing

mansion A dwelling place where one stays or dwells

Maranatha Aramaic: 'Our Lord has come' or 'O our Lord, come thou' marvel 1c. To be struck with surprise. 1611 Bible, Gal. 1:6

mean (the) A 'go-between', mediator

meekness 1. Of a superior: merciful, compassionate, indulgent

meekness 1a. Gentle, courteous, kind; Of a superior: merciful, compassionate, indulgent merchandise 1. The action of buying and selling (something) for profit; trade, traffic.

mercy kind treatment when severity is merited

mete 2. To take measurements

midst 1. The middle point or part; the centre.

1. One who acts under the authority of another; one who carries out executive duties as the agent or

representative of a superior; 2. A servant, attendant

ministering 1.To serve; To furnish, supply (something necessary or helpful)
ministration 1. The action of ministering or serving: the rendering of aid or service
ministry 1. The rendering of service; the performance of labour for another

1. But, and, now (Greek Lexicon); 1. Used at the beginning of a sentence in order to mark the

statement as additional to what has been said before; 2. 'there is yet more to be said'

mortify To deprive of life; to kill; also, to make as if dead; to render insensible motion 9. An inward prompting or impulse; a desire or inclination (to or towards)

mysteries 5. Hidden or secret things

1. An extensive aggregate of persons, so closely associated with each other by common descent,

language, or history, as to form a distinct race or people, usually organized as a separate political state and occupying a definite territory; they are not necessarily organized as a separate political state; they

can be found in any territory

4. (adjective) in a state of nature, without spiritual enlightenment; unenlightened, unregenerate. 1526

natural (man) Tindale, 1Cor. 2:14

nature 2. General inherent disposition of mankind obey To comply; do what one is commanded (to do).

of preposition indicating relationship

offscouring Scoured off; filth, defilement. Of persons, 1Cor. 4:13

onyx 1. White, plane layers of different colours.

oracles (of God) Divine revelation; A message delivered by divine inspiration; the sacred scriptures (from Rom 3:2)

Outcast 1. A person "cast out" or rejected; a cast away, one rejected by society: an exile. 1535 Coverdale Bible

pare 3. Trim neat

particular 2. Pertaining to a single definite thing or person, as distinguished from others; special

patience Enduring (trouble, evil) with calmness and composure

perceive 1. Mindfully aware; to sense

perfect 3. Complete; not deficient; 4b. Of supreme moral excellence. 1388 Wyclif, Matt. 5:48

perish To pass away entirely, come to nothing persuade To induce a person to believe something

pervert 3b. To turn (any one) aside from a right to a false belief (i.e. to which the speaker holds to be such)

pestilent (fellow) 3. (fig.) Injurious to religion

1. A musical wind-instrument consisting of a single tube (or tubes) by which the sounds are produced pipes

in an organ: organ-pipe

policy 1. Organized form of government

prevent 3. To arrive, or appear before, to precede

pricked 1. pierced

pricks

n. 1. An impression in a body made by pricking or piercing; a puncture; 13. A goad for oxen. To kick (work, spurn) against the pricks: said of oxen; now archaic. And usually figurative. (after Acts 9:5)

profane 2. Person or thing regarded as unholy or desecrating that which is holy

prophecy 2. The spoken, or especially, the written utterances of a prophet, or the prophets

prophesy 1. To speak (as a prophet) and expound the Scriptures; to utter

propitiation The act (that) renders favourable proselyte A Gentile convert to the Jewish religion

protest (verb), To speak as a witness; To declare formally (something about which a doubt is stated); to affirm

in formal terms

prove 1. To make a trial of, to put to the test

provoke 1. (trans. verb) To call forth, invoke; to summon, invite; 4. To incite or urge to do something; to

stimulate to action

prudence 1. Ability to discern the most suitable course of action, especially as regards conduct puffed (up) 5. (fig.) Inflated with vanity, pride, ambition; to cause to swell with anger, to enrage

quit 3. To do one's part, behave railing 1. To utter abusive language

recapitulation To go over again, properly and in a more concise manner; to summarize

reckon To count; to think, consider, suppose, etc.

recompence 4. In return, or amends

recompense Reward (a person) for something done; 4. In return, or amends

1. To bring again into friendly relations after an estrangement; restored to friendship; 3. To set reconcile

(estranged persons or parties) at one again

redeem 3. To ransom, liberate, free (a person) from bondage, captivity of punishment; 8. To save (time) from

being lost

2. The action of freeing a prisoner, captive, or slave by payment; ransom; 2b. Jewish law. The

ceremony of redeeming the eldest son by an offering (Num. 18:13)

redound 1. Of water, waves, etc.; to swell or surge up; to overflow.

remission The action of giving up partially or wholly of a penalty or punishment

repentance To change one's mind with regard to past action through dissatisfaction with its results; 3. To change

one's mind with regard to past action or conduct.

reproach 1. A matter bringing disgrace or discredit (to a person, etc.); 2. To reject or rebuke (a person)

reprobate 1. One rejected by God. 1557 Geneva Bible, 2Cor. 13:5; depraved, morally corrupt

reprove 1. To reject

revelling 1. Riotous merry-making revile Assail with abusive language

rude (in speech)

8. Of language, composition, etc.: Lacking in elegance

1. According to Josephus they denied any obligation of the unwritten law alleged by the Pharisees to have been handed down by tradition from Moses. In origin the Sadducees seem to have been not so much a theological or philosophical sect or school, as a political party composed of the nobility; i.e. the members of the high-priestly family; 2. A person of Sadducean disposition; a materialist, a denier of

the resurrection. Denial of immortality

salute 1. To address with words expressive of respect, esp. with some customary formula of import

sanctified 1. Set apart.

Sadducees

6. Immunity from punishment secured by taking refuge in a sanctuary: a place where a fugitive was

entitled to immunity from arrest (sense 5).

sardius 1. Varying in colour from pale golden yellow to reddish orange savour 2. A smell, perfume, aroma; 3a. Attractive quality, merit, value.

scarcely 1. Rarely if ever; 2. Originally used to express a restrictive qualification = 'barely', 'only just'.

schism 3. Disunion, mutual hostility.

sealed 1. To set irrevocably (the fate of a person); 1b. (fig.) A token or symbol of a covenant; something that

authenticates or confirms; a final addition which completes and secures.

2. A concerted movement to overthrow an established government; revolt; 2b. Inciting to rebellion sedition

against state authority.

seemed 4. To appear to be selfsame 1. Very same

sin

settle 1. (trans. verb) To seat; 4.d. To assign (a person) legal domicile in a particular parish severally 2. Apart from others or from the rest; not together or in a company; independently

shambles (the) A place where meat is sold; a meat-market

shame Affected with shame; loss of esteem or reputation; Put to confusion by a consciousness of guilt or error

shipwreck 3. (fig.) Destruction, total loss or ruin. 1526 Tindale, 1Tim. 1:19 simplicity Sincerity, straightforwardness; 3. Freedom from deceit

1. (noun) An act which is regarded as a transgression of the divine law and an offense against God; a

violation (especially willful or deliberate)

slew To bring to spiritual death; to destroy with sin. 1611 Bible, Rom. 7:11 ...by it slew me

slothful Of persons; indisposed to exertion; lazy

smallest 5b. Of immaterial things, the reference is to effect rather than amount

sober 11. guided by sound reason; sane, rational: of persons

sojourner 1. One who sojourns; a temporary resident; 2. A guest or lodger; a visitor

sometimes 1. On some occasions; at times; now and then

1. A certain amount, especially in the way of a statement or information; 4. A person of note or somewhat

importance. 1382 Wyclif, Gal. 2:6; 1526 Tindale, Gal. 6:3

stablish 1. Stabilize; 2. (trans.) To set (a person) permanently in an office

stammer To falter or stumble in one's speech

steward 5. One who manages the affairs of an estate on behalf of his employer

sting 1. The wound or hurt

straitened 1. Contracted, narrow; insufficiently spacious; 1c. Contracted in intelligence or sympathy

stranger 1. One who resides in or comes to a country to which he is a foreigner; an alien

strength The condition of being strong; power to resist temptation; power to fulfill difficult duty

strengthen 1. (trans. verb) To give moral confidence to (a person); fix in resolution strive 1. To be in a state of mutual hostility; 10. To make one's way with effort

subjection To bring under control; 3. Submission; obedience subtilty 7. (sv) Excessive nicety or refinement in argument

superfluous 1. Exceeds what is sufficient; of which there is more than enough; 2. unnecessary

The removal of a person from office and substitution of another in his place; the condition of being supersession

replaced by another (*in modern times commonly referred to as "Replacement Theology")

supper The last meal of the day; also, such a meal made the occasion of a social or festive gathering

suppliants 1. To pray

tabrets

temperate

sweetsmelling 3. That which is pleasant to the mind or feelings; something that affords enjoyment or gratifies desire

1. A small tabor (drum); a timbrel (a musical instrument of percussion); a tambourine or the like that

could be held up by the hand Of persons: self-restrained

tempered 1. Brought to the proper or desired combination of qualities

tempted 1. To test

terrible 1. Exciting or fitted to excite terror; such as to excite great fear of dread

testimony To provide personal evidence in support of a fact

through Carry into effect

throughly 1. Fully, completely, perfectly to preposition indicating direction

token Evidence of a fact

tongues 6. Manner of speaking with regard to the sense of import of what is said

topaz 1. Usually in prismatic crystals, transparent and lustrous, yellow, white, pale blue, pale green

2. With sinister or evil connotation: dealing or bargaining in something which should not be made the

traffick subject of trade.
travail 1. torment, distress

1. Wearied in body or mind; troubled; 2. Experienced, versed, or learned (in a subject) as a result of

working at it; 3. That is or has been in travail (a woman in labour)

trespass 1. A transgression: the action of passing beyond the bonds of right; a violation of a duty or command

tribulations 1. A condition of great affliction, oppression or misery; persecution

unclean 1. Morally impure or defiled; unchaste: of persons. 1526 Tindale,B210 Ephesians 5:5

unsearchable 1. That cannot be searched into, so as to be ascertained or exactly estimated

unseemly 1. In an unpleasing manner; indecent

unspeakable 2. That may not be spoken. 1611 Bible, 2Cor. 12:4

utter

To give expression to (a subject, theme, one's thoughts, etc.); to express, describe, or report in words;

to speak of or about.

vain 3. Of persons: devoid of sense or wisdom

vanity 1. That which is vain, futile or worthless; that which is of no value or profit

vaunteth 5. To boast of (something)

vile 3. Physically repulsive, especially through filth; disgusting; despicable, disgusting, depraved

1. (sb) The action on the part of God of calling a person to exercise some special function or to fill a certain position; a definite career. 1526 Tindale, 1Cor. 1:1, 'Paul by vocacion an Apostle of Iesus Christ

thorow the will of God...'. 1915 a. industrial education/career. OED 1971 supplement

waitReadinessware2. On guardwatchingvigilant

vocation

weak 5. Deficient in bodily vigor; debilitated

wherefore 5. Introducing a clause expressing a consequence from what has just been stated: for which reason;

which being the case; therefore

One who has dealings with whores (arch). Tindale 1526, Ephesians 5:5, no whormonger, other unclene whoremonger

person,...hath any inheritaunce in the kyngdom of Christ

wild (olive tree) Not cultivated

wiles 1. (sb) Crafty, cunning, or deceitful trick; sly; a strategem; 2. (verb) To beguile, delude

will 1. Desire; 7. intention

wit (not a) 2b. With negative express or implied: not in the least, not at all

wit (to) 1. To have knowledge of; to know

withal Substituted for 'with'

withstood 1. To oppose: often with implication that the resistance is effectual

woe An exclamation of grief

worship 1. (trans. verb) To honor or revere as a supernatural being or power, or as a holy thing; to adore with

appropriate acts

would Expression of a conditional or undecided desire or intention

wrought 1. Created; shaped, moulded

ye plural form of "thou"

8. (fig.) denoting servitude, subjection; 8b. In reference to marriage, combining the ideas of union or

cooperation and subjection or restraint. 1382 Wyclif, 2Cor. 6:14

yokefellow A person associated with another in some work; a fellow-worker; partner in a task

zealously 1. With enthusiastic eagerness

Zion The name of one of the hills of Jerusalem, on which the city of David was built, and which became the

center of Jewish life and worship