

WORD	OED DEFINITION
....ian (suffix)	'of or belonging to'
abhor	To shrink back from with shuddering, horror
abominable	1. Disgusting; physical or moral
abuse	2. To use improperly, to misuse; to pervert or misemploy; to take a bad advantage of; 1611 Bible, 1Cor 9:18 OED
accept	1. To receive (a person) with favour or approval
accursed	Lying under a curse; doomed to perdition or misery
addict	1. To bind, attach or devote oneself as a servant (to any person or a cause)
addicted	2. Attached by one's own act; devoted (to a party)
administration	The action of administering (dispensing), the performance of a duty
admonish	To put (a person) in mind of duties; To counsel against wrong practices; To give authoritative or warning advice
admonition	2. A warning; grave counsel
adoption	The action of voluntarily taking into any relation: esp. of taking into sonship; the act of taking up and treating as one's own; acceptance, espousal; 1382 Wyclif, Romans 8:23
ague	Acute or violent fever
alien	1. A person belonging to another nation
always	1. All the time; perpetually
always	1. At every time; on every occasion
amanuensis	The work of a scribe. (one who copies or writes from the dictation of another)
ambassador	1. An official messenger sent by or to a public body; an envoy, or representative.
Anathema	1. Anything accursed
another	1. A second (of two), further, additional; 2. Not this, not the same, different
apostle	1. A person sent, a messenger; 2.b. One who follows another in regard to his teaching; example, rule of conduct
ashamed	Reluctant through fear of shame; (adj.) The cause of shame
astonished	1. Stunned.
baptism	Latin & Greek 'to immerse'
baptized	3. Denominated
barbarian	A foreigner; one whose language and customs differs from the speaker's; a). Of language: not Greek or Latin. Pertaining to an illiterate person. b). One living outside the pale of the Roman empire and its civilization.
bare (modern spelling "bear")	1. To carry while moving it
behold	2. To hold by some tie of duty or obligation. As in 'beholden'; 7. To hold or keep in view, to watch; to contemplate with the eyes.
Belial	1. The spirit of evil personified; used from early times as a name for the Devil or one of the fiends.
benevolence	kindness
beryl	1. Transparent pale green passing into light blue, yellow and white.
beseech	1. Beg earnestly; 3. To supplicate, entreat, implore (a person) for, or to do a thing; 5. To bring a person into a certain state of mind by entreaty
beside (ourselves)	5a. (fig. senses) Out of a mental state or condition.
blaspheme	1. To utter profane or impious words; 2. To speak irreverently of or toward God
blasphemy	1. Irreverence
body (our)	15. A number of persons taken collectively, usually as united and organized in a common cause; 16. An organized collection of fighting men acting together; a force
bowels	3. Considered as the seat of the tender and sympathetic emotions, hence: pity, compassion, feeling, 'heart'
brightness	1. The quality of being bright; brilliancy, clearness; quickness of intellect.
bring down (from above)	1. From higher to lower place or position; 2. To some place which is conventionally viewed as lower in position.
broken	Separated forcibly into parts, fragments, pieces
buffet	1. To knock about; 2. to deal blows
by	In the presence of
carbuncle	1. Bright red
carnal	4. Not spiritual, in a negative sense; secular
castaway	One who is rejected

cease	5. (transitive verb) To put a stop to (the action of others)
charity	2. Love, kindness, natural affection
chasten	1. Disciplinary punishment
cherub	2. A being of a celestial or angelic order. One of the 'living creatures' mentioned in the OT and figured in the Jewish Temple.
chiding	1. Vehement expression of displeasure
Christ	1. The Messiah, or 'Lord's Anointed' whose advent was the subject of Jewish prophecy and expectation; 2. The title given to Jesus of Nazaerth as embodying the fulfilment of Messianic prophecy and expectation; The Hebrew title "Messiah" applied in the O.T. prophetic writings to a promised deliverer of the Jewish nation, and hence applied to Jesus of Nazareth as the fulfilment of that promise
Christian	A. (adjective) Of persons and their qualities or actions: showing character and conduct consistent with discipleship to Christ, marked by genuine piety; following the precepts and example of Christ; Christ-like; 5. Human as distinguished from brutal; civilized, decent, respectable; B. (noun) 1. One who believes or professes the religion of Christ; an adherent; 2. One who exhibits and follows the precepts and example of Christ; a believer in Christ who is characterized by genuine piety; 1611 Bible, 1Pet 4:16 OED
come (behind)	3. (adverb) To follow, come after
comeliness	3b. Befitting the purpose, appropriate, proper
comely	3. The moral sense; decent, proper; 3b. Befitting the purpose though with trouble, difficulty
commend	2. To present as worthy of favorable acceptance.
compassion	2. Pity that inclines one to spare or succour
conceits (own)	7. A fanciful notion, a whim, imagination
concupiscence	Eager, lustful desires
condemneth	To give judicial sentence against; to find guilty, convict
confirm	1. To settle, establish firmly
confounded	Put to shame; confused
conscience	1. Inward knowledge; acknowledgement of something; 4. Moral sense; right and wrong; 4d. 'good conscience': a conscience that one's acts are right; a well regulated or sound conscience, one which judges correctly.
constraineth	1. To compel a person to do anything.
consumption	1. Action or fact of consuming or destroying
contentions	2. Strife, dispute, verbal controversy
contentious	1. Of persons prone to dispute; quarrelsome.
context	A continuous text with parts duly connected. The parts which immediately precede or follow any particular passage or 'text' and determine its meaning. (formerly 'circumstance')
convenient	Morally appropriate, suitable
conversation	1. The action of living or having one's being in a place or among persons; 7b. A particular act of discoursing upon any subject; a talk; 9. An 'at home'
convince	To satisfy or persuade a person by evidence
cosolation	1. The action of consoling, cheering, or comforting; alleviation of sorrow or mental distress.
covenant	1. A mutual agreement between two (or more) persons; sometimes the pledge or promise of one of the parties.
covering	2. That which covers or is adapted to cover whether for protection, shelter, concealment or adornment; a cover; 4. To cover (one's head: to put on or wear one's head covering.) 1611 Bible, 1Cor 11:6 OED; 8. To shield, protect, shelter
craft	4. In a bad sense: skill or art applied to deceive or overreach; deceit, guile, fraud, cunning
cut (off)	An interruption or stopping of a continuance
damnation	1. The fact of being condemned
daysman	An arbitrator; mediator
dead	No longer in existence; spec. cut off from (something); 17. without active force; inoperative
death	5. The fact of being cut-off, as by banishment
debtor	One who owes an obligation
declare	1. To make known (Greek Lexicon); To make clear; elucidate; explain
defame	Attacked in reputation
defile	3. To render morally foul; to corrupt

defraud	1. To deprive (a person) by fraud (deception) of what is his by right by dishonestly withholding it from him
desolate	In ruins
despise	1. To look down upon; to view with contempt; to think scornfully or slightly of
destroy	1. To pull down; 2b. To ruin (men), to undo in worldly estate; 4. To put out of existence (living beings); to deprive of life; 7. To consign or give over to perdition
device (man's)	Imagination; 4. An opinion; what one thinks
devour	3. Of a person or personal agent: to consume destructively, recklessly, or wantonly; to make away with, waste, destroy (substance, property or (fig.) its owners).
devout	1. Devoted to divine worship or service
died	2. To die a (specified) death; to die by or suffer a particular death; 4. to suffer the pains of death
disannul	1. To cancel and do away with; to make null and void
discern	1. (verb) To separate (things) as distinct; to distinguish and divide; 2. To perceive the difference between (things)
dispensation	4. The orderly administration of things committed to one's charge; the function or office of administrator or steward; stewardship. The office of an administrator. 1382 Wyclif, 1Cor 9:17 OED; 5. Ordering, management; esp. system of administration of the world. 1382 Wyclif, Eph 1:10
dispersed	1. Separated in different directions
disposed	4. Inclined, in the mood (to do something)
dissimulation	Feigning, hypocrisy
do	1. To put, place; 3. To apply; 6. To perform, execute, carry out
dominion	The power or right of governing and controlling; sovereign authority; lordship, rule
dragons	3. A desert mammalian animal, now understood to be a jackal
earnest	1. A pledge; A sum (valuable) paid as an installment, especially for the purpose of securing a contract.
earnestly	1. Intensely
edify	3. To build up; strengthen
effectual	1. Adequate for an intended purpose
eloquent	1. Of persons: possessing the power of fluent, forcible, and appropriate expression
emulate	The endeavor to equal or surpass others in any achievement of quality
enlarged	3. (figurative applications of 'to make larger'): c. To enlarge the heart: to expand, to swell the heart with gratitude or affection (in this sense of sometimes with personal objectives, after 2Corinthians 6:13); to increase the capacity of the heart for affection, widen the range of affections. 1611 Bible, 2Cor 6:11, 13
enmity	The disposition or the feelings characteristic of an enemy; ill-will, hatred; a state of mutual hostility
ensample	2. A precedent. (a person that precedes or goes before another)
ensign	A badge or symbol of dignity or office; 6. A body of men serving under one banner
eschew	1. To avoid, keep clear of
establish	To set-up on a secure basis; to prove; to place beyond dispute
esteemed	Valued, respected
ever (and ever)	1. Throughout all time, eternally; Also strengthened Ever and ever
exhort	1. To insist upon; to admonish earnestly
expedient	2. Conducive to a definite purpose; fit, proper, or suitable to the circumstances of the case
experience	1. Knowledge resulting from what one has undergone; 2. to train (soldiers)
expound	1. To declare; state in detail; explain
fail	2. Come to an end
faint	1. (verb) To lose heart or courage, be afraid
faith	Belief
faithfulness	Of a persons actions; constant; loyal
feigned	8. To make a show or appearance of; pretend
firstfruits	1. The fruits first gathered in a season; especially with reference to the custom of making offering of these to God
follower	2b. One who follows another in regard to his teaching; example, rule of conduct
fool	1. One deficient in judgment; 1.c. A term of endearment or pity. (obsolete) 1611 (mod Eng.: insulting contempt)
foolish	Insignificant, paltry, poor, fool-like
forbearance	To endure with patience; tolerate

fornication	In Scripture extended to adultery
froward	1. Perverse, ungovernable
fruit	The edible part of a plant or tree; The seed, the means of reproduction; Offspring, progeny; Anything resulting from an action
fulness	1. The condition of being filled so as to include no vacant space
gainsaying	To deny; to speak or act against, oppose
Gentiles	1. Of or pertaining to all of the nations other than the Jewish; 2. Heathen, pagan
gift	something, the possession of which is transferred to another without the expectation or receipt of an equivalent. Something of value
glory	1. (verb) To exult with triumph
gnash (teeth)	To grind the teeth especially in rage
goodness	The manifestation of benevolence
graft	To insert (a twig of one tree) into a different stock: = graft
Grecian	Jews of Greek culture
Greek	A Hellenized Jew; A Grecian; Jews that understood the Greek Tongue, and used the Greek Translation of the Scriptures, were called Greeks; Greek in language and culture
groan	1. To utter a low deep sound expressive of grief or pain; 3. to be oppressed or overburdened to the point of groaning; 6. to express earnest longing by groans; to yearn or long, as if with groans
headlong	1. Rushing forward with ungoverned speed
heed	Careful attention
heresies	Contrary doctrine
hidden	A hidden or secret thing
highminded	Having a haughty, proud or arrogant spirit
hitherto	Up to this time
holy	Kept from ordinary use; dedicated ("set apart")
honour	1. High respect, esteem, exalted worth, admiration
hope	To expect with desire; trust, confidence
horn	8. An emblem of power and might; 'horn of salvation'; 12. A vessel (for holding drink); of plenty or abundance
howbeit	B. Although
humbled	1. Lowered merit
husbandry	4. Management (profitable or wasteful) of a household
impenitent	Not penitent; not repentant
implacable	Cannot be appeased, will not be persuaded
impute	To impart; to bestow, to give
indignation	The action of counting or treating a person as unworthy of regard or notice; disdain for a person
infidel	1. One who does not believe in (what the speaker holds to be) the true religion; an 'unbeliever'; 1526 Tindale, 2Cor 6:15; 2. From a Christian point of view: an adherent of a religion opposed to Christianity.
infirmity	1. Weakness of strength; 3. Special form of mental or bodily weakness; 1382 Wyclif, 1Tim 5:23 ...wine...for thine often infirmities; 4. Moral weakness; inability to resist natural inclinations; 1382 Wyclif, Rom 6:19 ...the infirmity of your flesh...
iniquity	1. The quality of being unrighteous, or (more often) unrighteous actions or conduct; wickedness, sin.
instant	urgent
intercession	The action of pleading on behalf of (rarely against) another, prayer for another; mediation
intreat	Deal with (it)
jasper	1. Bright green
judge	7. To have jurisdiction over, to govern; 9. (verb) To form an opinion about; to exercise the mind upon (something) so as to arrive at a correct or sound notion of it; 16. To make up one's mind as to the truth of a matter
justified	Made or accounted righteous, as warranted by evidence
keep	1. seize, hold, take; 12. Observe with due formality and in the prescribed manner
kick	2. (v. intr. fig.) To show defiance
lascivious	1. Inclined to lust, lewd, wanton
lasciviousness	The quality of being lascivious
law	A rule of conduct
let	Hindered

magnify	Act to honour
malice	2. Power to harm
manifest	1. Obvious; Clearly revealed to the eye
manifestation	The action of manifesting; the display of the existence of some person or thing
mansion	A dwelling place where one stays or dwells
Maranatha	Aramaic: 'Our Lord has come' or 'O our Lord, come thou'
mean (the)	A 'go-between', mediator
merchandise	1. The action of buying and selling (something) for profit; trade, traffic.
midst	1. The middle point or part; the centre.
minister	1. One who acts under the authority of another; one who carries out executive duties as the agent or representative of a superior; 2. A servant, attendant
ministry	1. The rendering of service; the performance of labour for another
moreover	1. But, and, now (Greek Lexicon); 1. Used at the beginning of a sentence in order to mark the statement as additional to what has been said before; 2. 'there is yet more to be said'
mortify	To deprive of life; to kill; also, to make as if dead; to render insensible
motion	9. An inward prompting or impulse; a desire or inclination (to or towards)
mysteries	5. Hidden or secret things
nation	1. An extensive aggregate of persons, so closely associated with each other by common descent, language, or history, as to form a distinct race or people, usually organized as a separate political state and occupying a definite territory; they are not necessarily organized as a separate political state; they can be found in any territory
natural (man)	4. (adjective) in a state of nature, without spiritual enlightenment; unenlightened, unregenerate; 1526 Tindale, 1Cor 2:14 OED
nature	2. General inherent disposition of mankind
obey	To comply; do what one is commanded (to do).
of	preposition indicating relationship
offscouring	Scoured off; filth, defilement. Of persons 1Cor 4:13 OED
onyx	1. White, plane layers of different colours.
oracles (of God)	Divine revelation; A message delivered by divine inspiration; the sacred scriptures (from Rom 3:2)
Outcast	1. A person rejected
pare	3. Trim neat
particular	2. Pertaining to a single definite thing or person, as distinguished from others; special
patience	Enduring (trouble, evil) with calmness and composure
perfect	3. Complete; not deficient; 4.b. Of supreme moral excellence. 1388 Wyclif, Matt 5:48 OED
perish	To pass away entirely, come to nothing
persuade	To induce a person to believe something
pestilent (fellow)	3. (fig.) Injurious to religion
pipes	1. A musical wind-instrument consisting of a single tube (or tubes) by which the sounds are produced in an organ: organ-pipe
policy	1. Organized form of government
prevent	3. To arrive, or appear before, to precede
pricks	n. 1. An impression in a body made by pricking or piercing; a puncture; 13. A goad for oxen. To kick (work, spurn) against the pricks: said of oxen; now archaic. And usually figurative. (after Acts 9:5): cf. Kick v.
profane	2. Person or thing regarded as unholy or desecrating that which is holy
prophecy	2. The spoken, or especially, the written utterances of a prophet, or the prophets
prophecy	1. To speak (as a prophet) and expound the Scriptures; to utter
propitiation	The act (that) renders favourable
proselyte	A Gentile convert to the Jewish religion
protest	(verb), To speak as a witness; To declare formally (something about which a doubt is stated); to affirm in formal terms
provoke	1. (trans. verb) To call forth, invoke; to summon, invite
puffed (up)	5. (fig.) Inflated with vanity, pride, ambition; to cause to swell with anger, to enrage
quit	3. To do one's part, behave
railing	1. To utter abusive language
recapitulation	To go over again, properly and in a more concise manner; to summarize

reckon	To count; to think, consider, suppose, etc.
recompence	4. In return, or amends
recompense	Reward (a person) for something done
reconcile	1. To bring again into friendly relations after an estrangement; Restored to friendship; 3. To set (estranged persons or parties) at one again
redemption	3. The action of freeing a prisoner, captive, or slave by payment; ransom
redound	1. Of water, waves, etc.; to swell or surge up; to overflow.
remission	The action of giving up partially or wholly of a penalty or punishment
repentance	To change one's mind with regard to past action through dissatisfaction with its results
reproach	2. To reject or rebuke (a person)
reprobate	Depraved, morally corrupt
revelling	1. Riotous merry-making
revile	Assail with abusive language
Sadducees	1. According to Josephus they denied any obligation of the unwritten law alleged by the Pharisees to have been handed down by tradition from Moses. In origin the Sadducees seem to have been not so much a theological or philosophical sect or school, as a political party composed of the nobility; i.e. the members of the high-priestly family; 2. A person of Sadducean disposition; a materialist, a denier of the resurrection. Denial of immortality
sanctified	1. Set apart.
sanctuary	6. Immunity from punishment secured by taking refuge in a sanctuary: a place where a fugitive was entitled to immunity from arrest (sense 5).
sardius	1. Varying in colour from pale golden yellow to reddish orange
savour	3a. Attractive quality, merit, value.
scarcely	1. Rarely if ever; 2. Originally used to express a restrictive qualification = 'barely', 'only just'.
schism	3. Disunion, mutual hostility.
sealed	1b. (fig.) A token or symbol of a covenant; something that authenticates or confirms; a final addition which completes and secures.
sedition	2. A concerted movement to overthrow an established government; revolt; 2b. Inciting to rebellion against state authority.
selfsame	1. Very same
settle	1. (trans. verb) To seat; 4.d. To assign (a person) legal domicile in a particular parish
severally	2. Apart from others or from the rest; not together or in a company; independently
shambles (the)	A place where meat is sold; a meat-market
shame	Affected with shame; loss of esteem or reputation; Put to confusion by a consciousness of guilt or error
shipwreck	3. (fig.) Destruction, total loss or ruin. 1526 Tindale, 1Timothy 1:19
simplicity	Sincerity, straightforwardness; Freedom from deceit
slew	To bring to spiritual death; to destroy with sin; 1611 Bible, Rom 7:11 ...by it slew me
slothful	Of persons; indisposed to exertion; lazy
smallest	5b. Of immaterial things, the reference is to effect rather than amount
sober	11. guided by sound reason; sane, rational: of persons
somewhat	1. A certain amount, especially in the way of a statement or information.
stablish	1. Stabilize; 2. (trans.) To set (a person) permanently in an office
stammer	To falter or stumble in one's speech
steward	5. One who manages the affairs of an estate on behalf of his employer
sting	1. The wound or hurt
straitened	1. Contracted, narrow; insufficiently spacious; 1c. Contracted in intelligence or sympathy
stranger	1. One who resides in a country to which he is a foreigner; an alien
strength	The condition of being strong; power to resist temptation; power to fulfill difficult duty
strengthen	1. (trans. verb) To give moral confidence to (a person); fix in resolution
strive	1. To be in a state of mutual hostility; 10. To make one's way with effort
subjection	To bring under control
supersession	The removal of a person from office and substitution of another in his place; the condition of being replaced by another (*in modern times commonly referred to as "Replacement Theology")
supper	The last meal of the day; also, such a meal made the occasion of a social or festive gathering
suppliants	1. To pray

tabrets	1. A small tabor (drum); a timbrel (a musical instrument of percussion); a tambourine or the like that could be held up by the hand
temperate	Of persons: self-restrained
tempered	1. Brought to the proper or desired combination of qualities
tempted	1. To test
terrible	1. Exciting or fitted to excite terror; such as to excite great fear or dread
testimony	To provide personal evidence in support of a fact
through	Carry into effect
to	preposition indicating direction
token	Evidence of a fact
tongues	6. Manner of speaking with regard to the sense or import of what is said
topaz	1. Usually in prismatic crystals, transparent and lustrous, yellow, white, pale blue, pale green
traffick	2. With sinister or evil connotation: dealing or bargaining in something which should not be made the subject of trade.
travail	1. torment, distress
travailed	1. Wearied in body or mind; troubled; 2. Experienced, versed, or learned (in a subject) as a result of working at it; 3. That is or has been in travail (a woman in labour)
unseemly	1. In an unpleasing manner; indecent
utter	To give expression to (a subject, theme, one's thoughts, etc.); to express, describe, or report in words; to speak of or about.
vanity	That which is vain, futile or worthless; that which is of no value or profit
vaunteth	5. To boast of (something)
vile	3. Physically repulsive, especially through filth; disgusting; despicable, disgusting, depraved
wait	Readiness
ware	2. On guard
wild (olive tree)	Not cultivated
wiles	1. Crafty, cunning, or deceitful trick; sly
will	1. Desire; 7. intention
withal	Substituted for 'with'
woe	An exclamation of grief
worship	1. (trans. verb) To honor or revere as a supernatural being or power, or as a holy thing; to adore with appropriate acts
would	Expression of a conditional or undecided desire or intention
wrought	1. Created; shaped, moulded
ye	plural form of "thou"
yoked	8. (fig.) denoting servitude, subjection; 8b. In reference to marriage, combining the ideas of union or cooperation and subjection or restraint; 1382 Wyclif, 2Cor. 6:14
yokefellow	A person associated with another in some work; a fellow-worker; partner in a task