

1109 North McLane Road Payson, Arizona 85541 (928) 978-4345

PRELIMINARY DRAINAGE DESIGN REPORT

for

PAINTED DESERT REGIONAL FOOD HUB

Coconino County, Arizona

March 2019

Prepared for:

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145 Leupp Road
Flagstaff, Arizona 86004

Project No. 18-11



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FOOD HUB

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Purpose

This Preliminary Drainage Design Report has been prepared for an existing 16.0 acre commercial development located at 19722 Leupp Road in Coconino County, Arizona (see Figure 1 for Project Vicinity Map and Figure 2 for Location Map). The analyses contained herein was prepared through a contract to provide engineering services for development of the southern portion of the property into the PAINTED DESERT REGIONAL FOOD HUB hereafter known as Food Hub. Preliminary Plans calls for the addition of commercial buildings, parking, guess quarters, a public garden, greenhouse, and other entities for food distribution to local families. The purpose of this report is to provide a narrative and a summary of the final hydrologic and hydraulic analysis and final drainage structures.



FIGURE-1: Project Vicinity Map

1.2. Background

The proposed Food Hub project is located in the southwest quarter of Section 11, Township 22 North, Range 10 East of the Gila & Salt River Meridian, Town of Payson, Arizona. This development is privately owned. The property south of project is owned by the Sate of Arizona. See Figure 2 for the Project Location Map.

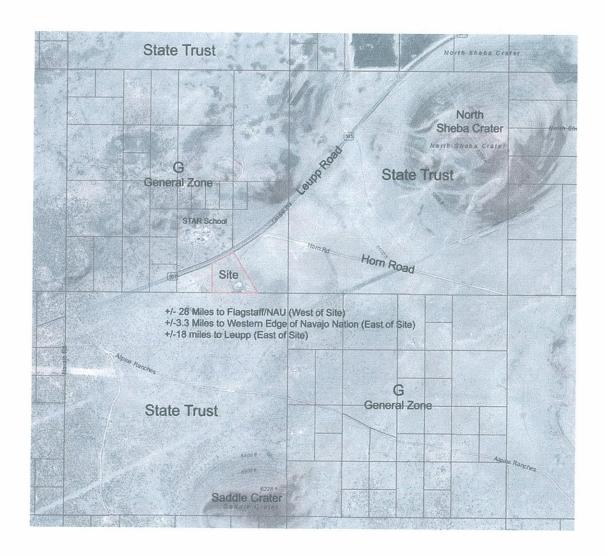


FIGURE 2: Project Location Map

1.3. Objective

The overall objective of this report is to provide an engineering analysis to support proposed drainage improvements for the Food Hub in accordance with the *Coconino County Drainage Design Criteria*⁽¹⁾. Improvements will ensure that post development peak discharges do not exceed the pre-development peak discharges for the 2-, 10-, and 100-year peak rainfall events.

2. DRAINAGE BASIN CHARACTERISTICS

2.1. Mapping

The drainage basins were delineated using new Topographic Mapping information prepared by Aerial Mapping Company of Phoenix, 1"=100', 1' C.I., 2018.

2.2. Watershed Boundaries

The on-site watersheds consist of three drainage basins. The two northern basins were split according to the soil's classifications. These northern basins drain into the southern basin which is where the future Food Hub will be located. (see Exhibit A – Existing Conditions Drainage Map). Outfall of the southern basin is at the southern boundary onto State Land.

2.3. Basin Characteristics

A. Overland Slopes

Average overland slopes across the site are less than 1.0%.

B. Vegetation

Vegetative cover is sparse and consists mainly of brush and cactus.

C. Soils

According to the *USDA National Soil Survey*⁽²⁾, the Food Hub project site is made up of two soils classifications, 69-Wupatki-Waukoki, very cindery loams

and 24-LOMAKI-Nalaki, very cindery loams. Refer to Appendix "A" for excerpts from the survey that defines the soil texture of the Food Hub project site as cindery loam and in Hydrologic Soil Group (HSG) B, C, and D.

D. Development

The current southern drainage basin consists of commercial buildings, a residential structure, and various other impervious areas. Future development of this project, will consist of additional buildings. The parking and walkways will not be paved and will not add to the existing rainfall runoff.

3. HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS

3.1 Methodology

Because the drainage area does not exceed 160 acres, the Rational Method was used to determine the 2-, 10-, and 100-year peak flows. The methods used to determine modeling parameters are in accordance with the *Arizona Department of Transportation Highway Drainage Manual*⁽³⁾ guidelines (herein referred to as the ADOT Manual).

The Rational Method equation is:

$$Q = CIA$$

Where:

Q is the peak discharge in cfs

C is the Rational Method runoff coefficient

I is the rainfall intensity in in/hour

A is the drainage basin area in Acres

3.1.1 Rational Method Runoff Coefficient (C)

To determine the existing conditions "C" factors for each of the northern drainage basins, Figure 2-5 of the ADOT Manual was referenced. For Basin A1 with soils type 69 and HSG's of B & D with 10% vegetation, the "C" factors are C_2 =0.20, C_{10} =0.34, and C_{100} =0.55. For Basin A2 with soil type 24,

10% vegetation and HSG's of C & B, the "C" values are C_2 =0.20, C_{10} =0.34, and C_{100} =0.50. (see Figures 2-5 in Appendix "B").

Existing conditions "C" values for the southern drainage basin was determined by referencing Figure 2-3 of the ADOT Manual for developed watersheds. With closed polylines and added areas, the total impervious area (25,000 s.f.) in the southern basin was determined, divided by the total area (163,000 s.f.) of the southern basin and found to be 15% imperious. "C" factors from Figure 2-3 resulted in C2=0.28, C10=0.50, and C100=0.62. (see Figures 2-3 in Appendix "B").

Future Conditions of the site will add an impervious area (10,000 s.f.) to the existing impervious area (25,000 s.f.) totaling 35,000 s.f. divided by the total area (163,000 s.f.) resulting in an impervious area of 21%. Referencing Figure 2-3, the future conditions "C" coefficients are $C_2 = 0.34$, $C_{10} = 0.55$, and $C_{100} = 0.67$. Refer to Appendix "B" that included the ADOT Manual Figures 2-5 and 2-3. The parking lot and walkways will not be paved and will not contribute to the impervious area.

3.1.2 Rainfall Intensity (I)

The rainfall intensity (I) used in the Rational Method is dependent on the Time of Concentration (Tc) and interpolation with the IDF (Intensity-Duration-Frequency) Curve for the Food Hub area. The IDF curves for the 2, 10, and 100-year storm events was determined by first referencing the NOAA Altas 14 Volume 1, Version 5 and finding the rainfall for the site in inches. These values were then multiplied by 60 seconds and when divided by the storm duration to find the value in in/hr. resulting in Figure 3.1, IDF Curve for the Food Hub, Leupp, AZ (see Appendix B). The Tc for the three Food Hub drainage basins was determined using the Rational Method Tc Calculator. Copies of the Calculator for each of the basins are included in Appendix "B"

and show rainfall intensities (I) for the Rational Method 2-, 10-, and 100-year rainfall events.

3.1.3 Drainage Basin Area (A)

Areas for the Food Hub drainage basins are shown on Exhibit "A" and Exhibit "B".

3.2 Hydrologic Analysis Results

The results of the existing and future conditions Rational Method calculations (see Appendix "C") are summarized in Tables 3.1.

Table 3.1: Foof Hub
Rational Method Peak Discharge from Rainfall Events

			T TOM Kamian I	ZVCIILS
	3333	2-Year	10-Year	100-Year
Basin ID	Area	Discharge	Discharge	Discharge
	(Ac)	(cfs)	(cfs)	(cfs)
Exist	ting Condit	tions		
Basin A1	6.98	1.95	7.62	22.26
Basin A2	5.38	1.24	4.02	13.72
Basin A3	3.74	1.47	5.24	13.45
Total		4.66	16.88	49.43
Futu	red Condit	ions		
Basin B1	6.98	1.95	7.62	22.26
Basin B2	5.38	1.24	4.02	13.72
Basin B3	3.74	1.78	5.76	14.54
Totsl	-	4.97	17.41	50.52
Increase	d Rainfall			
Basin AB1	6.98	0.00	0.00	0.00
Basin AB2	5.38	0.00	0.00	0.00
Basin AB3	3.74	0.31	0.52	1.08

4.0 CONCLUSION

Table 3.1 illustrates under future conditions, the increased discharges from the Food Hub development will be minimal and because there are no residential structures immediately south of the property at the drainage outfall, no flooding danger is present. Therefore, we are asking for a variance to the retention/detention requirements for development of the Painted Desert Regional Food Hub.

5.0 REFERENCES

- 1 Coconino County Drainage Design Criteria, Coconino County Public Works Department 5600 East Commerce Avenue, Flagstaff, AZ. January 2001.
- 2 USDA National Resources Conservation Services, Web Soil Survey, National Cooperative Soil Survey.
- 3 Arizona Department of Transportation, *Highway Drainage Manual Hydrology*, March 1993.

APPENDIX "A"

Soils Data

Coconino County Area, Arizona, Central Part

69—Wupatki-Wukoki very cindery loams, 0 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 1rv5 Elevation: 5,000 to 6,100 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 8 to 14 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 52 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 150 to 175 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Wupatki and similar soils: 60 percent Wukoki and similar soils: 25 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Wupatki

Setting

Landform: Fan terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Alluvium and/or colluvium derived from pyroclastic

rock

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 6 inches: very gravelly loam H2 - 6 to 16 inches: very gravelly loam H3 - 16 to 20 inches: indurated

H4 - 20 to 60 inches: cinders

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 8 to 20 inches to duripan

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very

low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 30 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0

to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 1.3 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s

>Hydrologic Soil Group: D

Ecological site: Cinder Hills 10-14" p.z. (Provisional)

(R035XA102AZ) Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Wukoki

Setting

Landform: Fan terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Alluvium and/or colluvium derived from pyroclastic

rock

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 10 inches: very gravelly loam H2 - 10 to 18 inches: very gravelly loam

H3 - 18 to 60 inches: cinders

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Natural drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat):

Moderately high to high (0.60 to 2.00 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 10 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0

to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 2.9 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s

>Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: Cinder Hills 10-14" p.z. (Provisional)

(R035XA102AZ) Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Coconino County Area, Arizona, Central Part

Survey Area Data: Version 12, Sep 19, 2018

Coconino County Area, Arizona, Central Part

24—Lomaki-Nalaki very cindery loams, 0 to 8 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 1rsl Elevation: 4,800 to 5,900 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 8 to 14 inches Mean annual air temperature: 52 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 150 to 175 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Lomaki and similar soils: 60 percent Nalaki and similar soils: 30 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

Description of Lomaki

Setting

Landform: Fan terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Alluvium derived from pyroclastic rock

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 3 inches: very gravelly loam H2 - 3 to 24 inches: very gravelly loam

H3 - 24 to 60 inches: cinders

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Natural drainage class: Somewhat excessively drained
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat):

Moderately high to high (0.60 to 2.00 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 10 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0

to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: Low (about 3.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Ecological site: Cinder Hills 10-14" p.z. (Provisional) (R035XA102AZ)

Hydric soil rating: No

Description of Nalaki

Setting

Landform: Fan terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Alluvium derived from pyroclastic rock

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 10 inches: very gravelly loam

H2 - 10 to 21 inches: extremely gravelly loam

H3 - 21 to 27 inches: indurated H4 - 27 to 60 inches: cinders

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 8 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to duripan

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very

low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr) Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 25 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline to very slightly saline (0.0

to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 1.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 6s

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

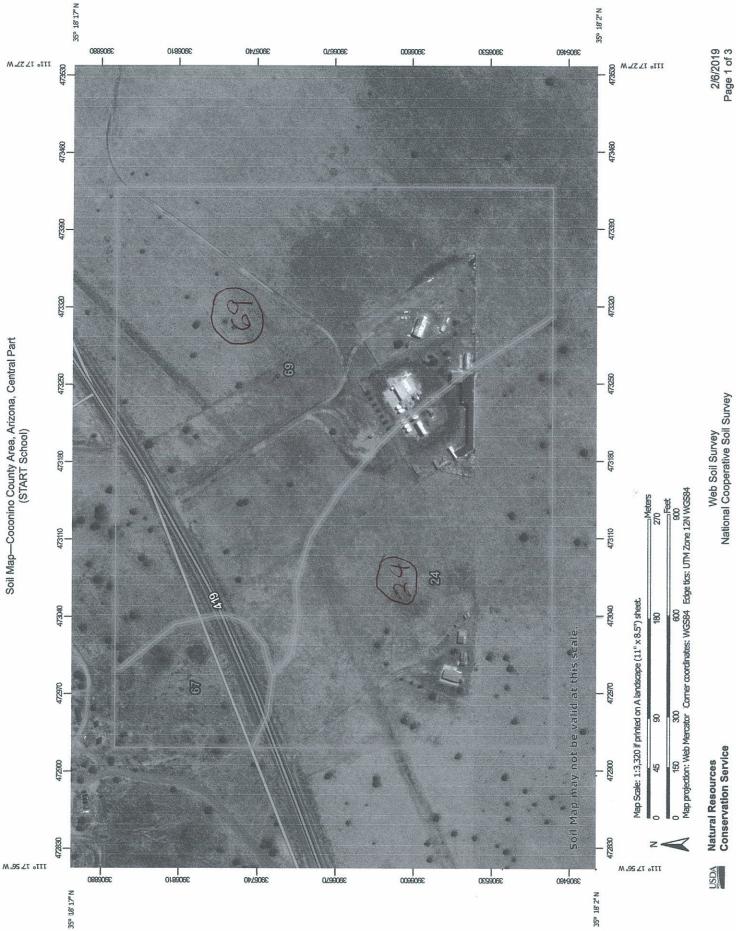
Ecological site: Cinder Hills 10-14" p.z. (Provisional)

(R035XA102AZ) Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Coconino County Area, Arizona, Central Part

Survey Area Data: Version 12, Sep 19, 2018



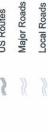
Natural Resources Conservation Service

MAP LEGEND

Special Line Features Very Stony Spot Stony Spot Spoil Area Wet Spot Other Water Features Transportation W 8 Soil Map Unit Polygons Area of Interest (AOI) Soil Map Unit Points Soil Map Unit Lines Special Point Features **Borrow Pit** Clay Spot Area of Interest (AOI) Blowout 9 Soils

Transportation HH Rails Interstate Highways US Routes

Closed Depression



Gravelly Spot

Gravel Pit



Marsh or swamp

Lava Flow

Landfill

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Coconino County Area, Arizona, Central Part Survey Area Data: Version 12, Sep 19, 2018

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Dec 31, 2009—Oct 12, 2017

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Severely Eroded Spot

Slide or Slip

Sinkhole

Sodic Spot

Sandy Spot

Saline Spot

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
24	Lomaki-Nalaki very cindery loams, 0 to 8 percent slopes	17.6	35.7%
67	Wukoki-Rock outcrop complex, 5 to 25 percent slopes	3.5	7.1%
69	Wupatki-Wukoki very cindery loams, 0 to 15 percent slopes	28.2	57.2%
Totals for Area of Interest		49.4	100.0%

APPENDIX "B"

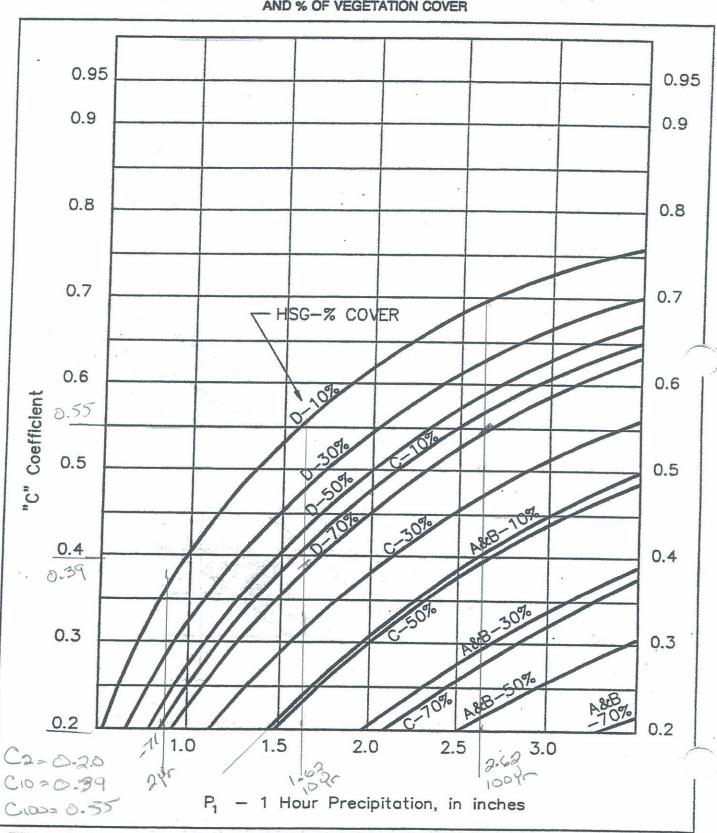
Hydrology Parameters

69- Wupatri-Wukoki very cindery loams, 0-15% stope

H5G D+B 10% Ugg-Cover

FIGURE 2-5 RATIONAL "C" COEFFICIENT UPLAND RANGELAND (GRASS & BRUSH)

AS A FUNCTION OF RAINFALL DEPTH, HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP (HSG), AND % OF VEGETATION COVER



24-Lomaki-Naiaki Cindery Loam 0-8% slope Jery FIGURE 2-5

45G C3B 10% Veg Cover

FIGURE 2-5 RATIONAL "C" COEFFICIENT UPLAND RANGELAND (GRASS & BRUSH)

AS A FUNCTION OF RAINFALL DEPTH, HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP (HSG), AND % OF VEGETATION COVER

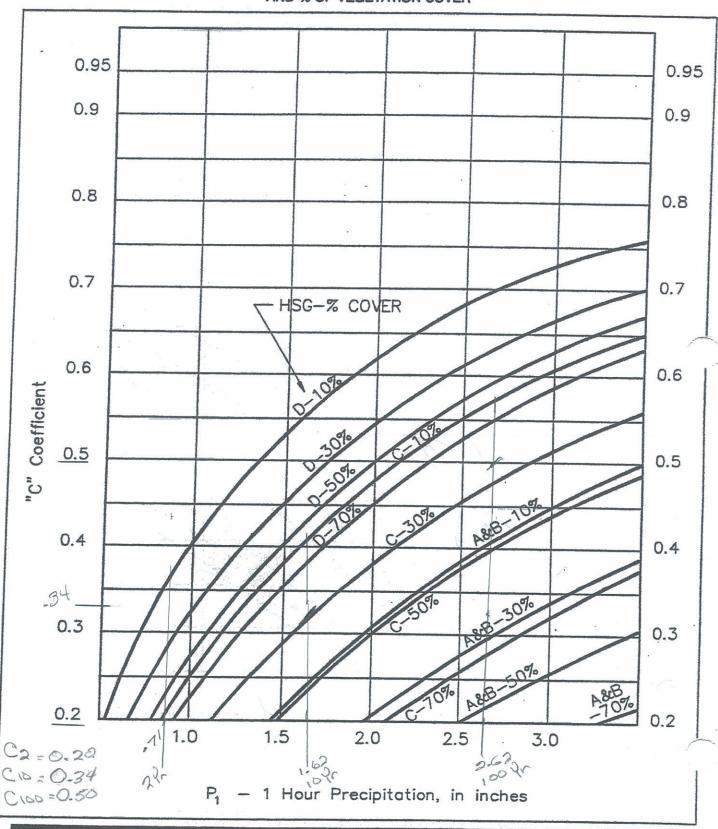


FIGURE 2-3 RATIONAL "C" COEFFICIENT DEVELOPED WATERSHEDS

AS A FUNCTION OF RAINFALL DEPTH AND TYPE OF DEVELOPMENT

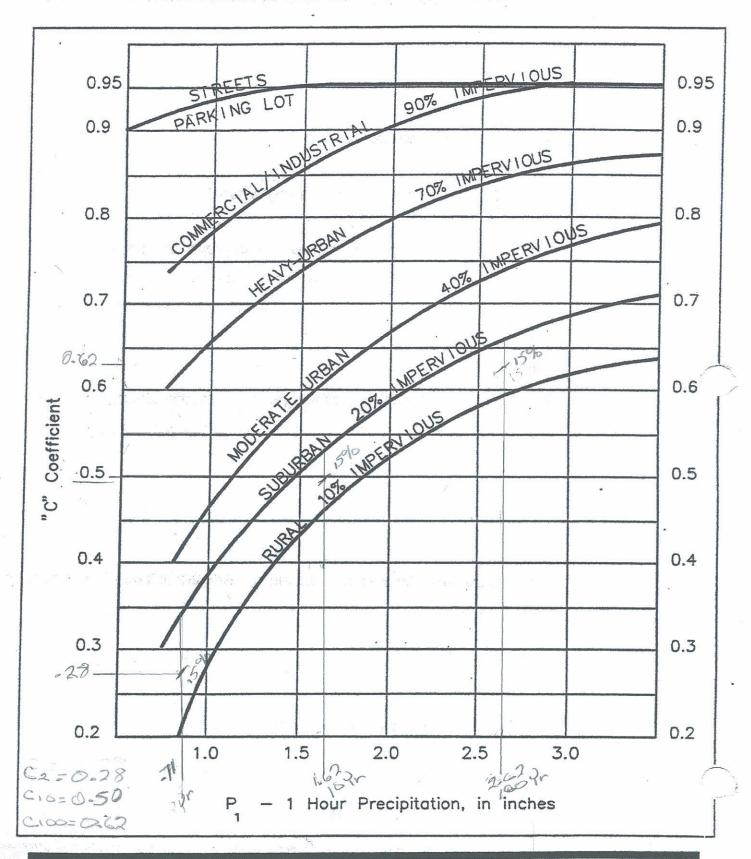
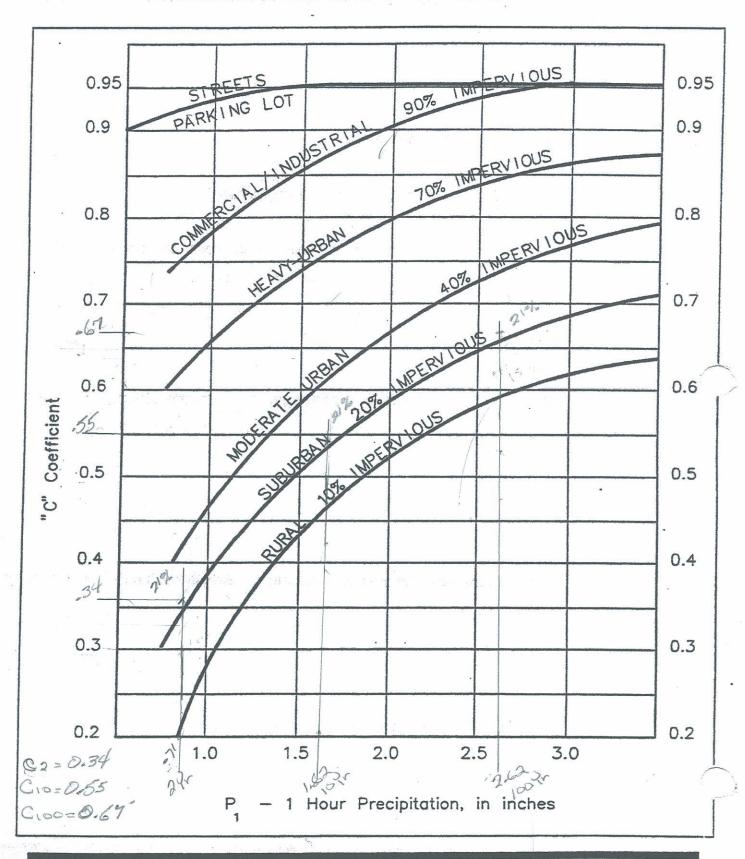


FIGURE 2-3 RATIONAL "C" COEFFICIENT DEVELOPED WATERSHEDS

AS A FUNCTION OF RAINFALL DEPTH AND TYPE OF DEVELOPMENT



NOAA Atlas 14, Volume 1, Version 5 Location name: Flagstaff, Arizona,





Latitude: 35.3028°, Longitude:

-111.295°





POINT PRECIPITATION FREQUENCY ESTIMATES

Sanja Perica, Sarah Dietz, Sarah Heim, Lillian Hiner, Kazungu Maitaria, Deborah Martin, Sandra Pavlovic, Ishani Roy, Carl Trypaluk, Dale Unruh, Fenglin Yan, Michael Yekta, Tan Zhao, Geoffrey Bonnin, Daniel Brewer, Li-Chuan Chen, Tye Parzybok, John Yarchoan

NOAA, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland

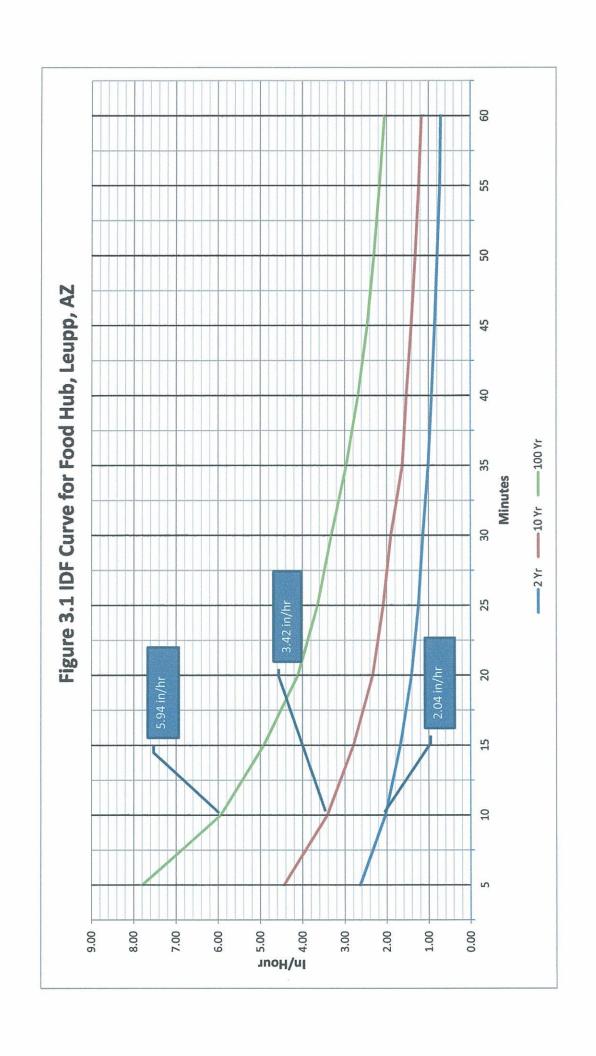
PF_tabular | PF_graphical | Maps_&_aerials

PF tabular

	PDS-based point precipitation frequency estimates with 90% confidence intervals (in inches) ¹									
Duration				Avera	ge recurrenc	e interval (yea	ars)		graduate and the same of the s	
Daration	1	2	5	10	25	50	100	200	500	1000
5-min	0.173 (0.149-0.202)	0.224 (0.193-0.261)	0.304 (0.263-0.354)	0.373 (0.319-0.433)	0.473 (0.401-0.549)	0.558 (0.468-0.647)	0.653 (0.538-0.758)	0.756 (0.612-0.880)	0.908 (0.719-1.07)	1.03 (0.803-1.22
10-min	0.264 (0.227-0.307)	0.341 (0.295-0.397)	0.463 (0.401-0.540)	0.568 (0.486-0.660)	0.721 (0.611-0.835)	0.850 (0.712-0.985)	0.994 (0.819-1.15)	1.15 (0.932-1.34)	1.38 (1.09-1.62)	1.58 (1.22-1.86)
15-min	0.327 (0.282-0.382)	0.423 (0.365-0.493)	0.574 (0.496-0.669)	0.704 (0.603-0.818)	0.893 (0.757-1.03)	1.05 (0.883-1.22)	1.23 (1.01-1.43)	1.43 (1.16-1.66)	1.71 (1.36-2.01)	1.95 (1.52-2.31
30-min	0.441 (0.380-0.514)	0.569 (0.492-0.664)	0.773 (0.669-0.901)	0.947 (0.812-1.10)	1.20 (1.02-1.39)	1.42 (1.19-1.64)	1.66 (1.37-1.93)	1.92 (1.56-2.24)	2.31 (1.83-2.71)	2.63 (2.04-3.11)
60-min	0.545 (0.470-0.636)	0.705 (0.609-0.821)	0.957 (0.828-1.12)	1.17 (1.00-1.36)	1.49 (1.26-1.73)	1.76 (1.47-2.03)	2.05 (1.69-2.38)	2.38 (1.93-2.77)	2.86 (2.26-3.35)	3.26 (2.53-3.85)
2-hr	0.649 (0.572-0.748)	0.823 (0.722-0.948)	1.09 (0.957-1.26)	1.32 (1.15-1.51)	1.66 (1.43-1.90)	1.95 (1.65-2.23)	2.27 (1.90-2.60)	2.62 (2.15-3.01)	3.14 (2.51-3.63)	3.57 (2.80-4.16)
3-hr	0.696 (0.619-0.796)	0.880 (0.781-1.01)	1.14 (1.01-1.30)	1.36 (1.20-1.55)	1.69 (1.47-1.91)	1.96 (1.69-2.25)	2.27 (1.93-2.62)	2.64 (2.18-3.04)	3.17 (2.55-3.66)	3.61 (2.84-4.20)
6-hr	0.804 (0.723-0.900)	1.00 (0.900-1.12)	1.26 (1.13-1.41)	1.48 (1.32-1.65)	1.80 (1.59-2.01)	2.07 (1.81-2.31)	2.36 (2.04-2.64)	2.68 (2.28-3.07)	3.18 (2.64-3.70)	3.65 (2.93-4.24)
12-hr	0.950 (0.860-1.06)	1.18 (1.06-1.31)	1.45 (1.31-1.61)	1.67 (1.51-1.85)	1.98 (1.77-2.19)	2.21 (1.97-2.45)	2.46 (2.17-2.73)	2.73 (2.38-3.10)	3.21 (2.69-3.74)	3.68 (2.96-4.28)
24-hr	1.11 (1.01-1.23)	1.38 (1.25-1.53)	1.71 (1.55-1.89)	1.98 (1.79-2.18)	2.34 (2.11-2.58)	2.63 (2.36-2.89)	2.93 (2.61-3.22)	3.23 (2.87-3.56)	3.64 (3.20-4.02)	3.96 (3.46-4.38)
2-day	1.26 (1.15-1.39)	1.56 (1.43-1.72)	1.92 (1.75-2.12)	2.21 (2.02-2.43)	2.60 (2.36-2.85)	2.91 (2.64-3.19)	3.22 (2.91-3.53)	3.54 (3.17-3.89)	3.96 (3.52-4.36)	4.28 (3.79-4.73)
3-day	1.34 (1.23-1.48)	1.67 (1.52-1.83)	2.05 (1.88-2.25)	2.36 (2.16-2.59)	2.79 (2.54-3.06)	3.13 (2.84-3.43)	3.48 (3.15-3.81)	3.84 (3.45-4.21)	4.32 (3.85-4.76)	4.70 (4.15-5.19)
4-day	1.43 (1.31-1.57)	1.77 (1.62-1.94)	2.18 (2.00-2.39)	2.52 (2.30-2.75)	2.99 (2.72-3.26)	3.36 (3.05-3.66)	3.74 (3.39-4.09)	4.14 (3.72-4.54)	4.69 (4.17-5.15)	5.12 (4.51-5.64)
7-day	1.67 (1.54-1.82)	2.06 (1.90-2.24)	2.52 (2.33-2.73)	2.89 (2.67-3.13)	3.41 (3.14-3.68)	3.81 (3.49-4.12)	4.22 (3.86-4.57)	4.65 (4.22-5.04)	5.22 (4.71-5.68)	5.66 (5.07-6.18)
10-day	1.86 (1.71-2.02)	2.30 (2.11-2.50)	2.79 (2.57-3.03)	3.18 (2.92-3.44)	3.69 (3.39-3.99)	4.08 (3.74-4.41)	4.47 (4.09-4.84)	4.86 (4.42-5.26)	5.38 (4.87-5.83)	5.76 (5.19-6.26)
20-day	2.42 (2.23-2.63)	2.99 (2.76-3.25)	3.58 (3.31-3.89)	4.03 (3.72-4.37)	4.61 (4.25-4.99)	5.02 (4.62-5.43)	5.41 (4.98-5.86)	5.78 (5.31-6.26)	6.23 (5.71-6.75)	6.53 (5.98-7.10)
30-day	2.93 (2.70-3.18)	3.60 (3.32-3.92)	4.30 (3.96-4.66)	4.81 (4.44-5.21)	5.46 (5.03-5.90)	5.92 (5.45-6.39)	6.35 (5.84-6.87)	6.75 (6.19-7.31)	7.22 (6.61-7.83)	7.54 (6.89-8.19)
45-day	3.51 (3.23-3.83)	4.32 (3.97-4.72)	5.16 (4.75-5.62)	5.79 (5.33-6.30)	6.59 (6.07-7.15)	7.15 (6.58-7.75)	7.68 (7.06-8.32)	8.16 (7.49-8.84)	8.73 (8.01-9.45)	9.09 (8.35-9.85
60-day	4.05 (3.73-4.42)	4.98 (4.58-5.43)	5.90 (5.44-6.42)	6.58 (6.06-7.15)	7.42 (6.83-8.05)	8.00 (7.37-8.67)	8.53 (7.85-9.24)	9.01 (8.29-9.75)	9.54 (8.79-10.3)	9.87 (9.11-10.7)

¹ Precipitation frequency (PF) estimates in this table are based on frequency analysis of partial duration series (PDS).

Numbers in parenthesis are PF estimates at lower and upper bounds of the 90% confidence interval. The probability that precipitation frequency estimates (for a given duration and average recurrence interval) will be greater than the upper bound (or less than the lower bound) is 5%. Estimates at upper



Rational Method Tc Calculator

START SCHOOL Project 18-11 Drainage Basin A1

USER I	NPUTS		
Recurrence	2	year	
1 hour depth	0.71	inches	
Тс	10	minutes	
L	0.154	mile	
Kb	0.1		(Refer to Table 2-1)
S	57	feet/mile	
I	2.04	inches/hour	(Rainfall Intensity from Figure 3.1 for 10 Minutes)
I	1.40		(Rainfall Intensity from Figure 3.1, if greater than 10 Minutes)

OUTPUT		$T_c=11.4L^{0.5}K_b^{0.52}S^{-0.31}I^{-0.38}$			
Tc	20.4 minutes	*If less than 10 minutes use 10 r	ninute		

Tc 20.4 minutes *If less than 10 minutes use 10 minute intensity

1.40 inches/hour Per ADOT Draiange Criteria Figure 3.1*

USER INP	UTS		
Recurrence	10	year	
1 hour depth	1.62	inches	
Tc	10	minutes	
L	0.154	mile	
Kb	0.1		(Refer to Table 2-1)
S	57	feet/mile	
I	3.42	inches/hour	(Rainfall Intensity from Figure 3.1 for 10 Minutes)
I	2.80		(Rainfall Intensity from Figure 3.1, if greater than 10 Minutes)
			$T_c=11.4L^{0.5}K_b^{0.52}S^{-0.31}t^{0.38}$
OUTPU	T		
Tc	15.7	minutes	*If less than 10 minutes use 10 minute intensity
I ₁₀₌	2.80	inches/hour	Per ADOT Draiange Criteria Figure 3.1*

USER	NPUTS		
Recurrence	100	year	
1 hour depth	2.62	inches	
Tc	10	minutes	
L	0.154	mile	
Kb	0.1		(Refer to Table 2-1)
S	57	feet/mile	
I	5.94	inches/hour	(Rainfall Intensity from Figure 3.1 for 10 Minutes)
I	5.80		(Rainfall Intensity from Figure 3.1, if greater than 10 Minutes)
			$T_c=11.4L^{0.5}K_b^{0.52}S^{-0.31}I^{-0.38}$
OUT	PUT		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Tc	11.9	minutes	*If less than 10 minutes use 10 minute intensity

If less than 10 minutes use 10 minute intensity Per ADOT Draiange Criteria Figure 3.1

RAINFALL INTENSITY SUMMARY:

1100=

12=	1.40	inches/hour
I ₁₀₌	2.80	inches/hour
1100=	5.80	inches/hour

5.80 inches/hour

Rational Method Tc Calculator

START SCHOOL Project 18-11 Drainage Basin A2

USER I	NPUTS		
Recurrence	2	year	
1 hour depth	0.71	inches	
Тс	10	minutes	
L	0.151	mile	
Kb	0.1		(Refer to Table 2-1)
S	38	feet/mile	
I	2.04	inches/hour	(Rainfall Intensity from Figure 3.1 for 10 Minutes)
I	1.15		(Rainfall Intensity from Figure 3.1, if greater than 10 Minutes)

	$T_c=11.4L^{0.5}K_b^{0.52}S^{-0.31}i^{-0.38}$
OUTPUT	

Tc *If less than 10 minutes use 10 minute intensity 24.6 minutes 12= Per ADOT Draiange Criteria Figure 3.1* 1.15 inches/hour

USER I	NPUTS		
Recurrence	10	year	
1 hour depth	1.62	inches	
Тс	10	minutes	
L	0.151	mile	
Kb	0.1		(Refer to Table 2-1)
S	38	feet/mile	
I	3.42	inches/hour	(Rainfall Intensity from Figure 3.1 for 10 Minutes)
I	2.20		(Rainfall Intensity from Figure 3.1, if greater than 10 Minutes)
			$T_c=11.4L^{0.5}K_b^{0.52}S^{-0.31}t^{-0.38}$
OUT	PUT		to the second se
Tc	19.3	minutes	*If less than 10 minutes use 10 minute intensity
I ₁₀₌	2.20	inches/hour	Per ADOT Draiange Criteria Figure 3.1*

USERI	NPUTS		
Recurrence	100	year	
1 hour depth	2.62	inches	
Tc	10	minutes	
L	0.151	mile	
Kb	0.1		(Refer to Table 2-1)
S	38	feet/mile	
I	5.94	inches/hour	(Rainfall Intensity from Figure 3.1 for 10 Minutes)
I	5.10		(Rainfall Intensity from Figure 3.1, if greater than 10 Minutes)
OUT	PUT		$T_c=11.4L^{0.5}K_b^{0.52}S^{-0.31}r^{-0.38}$

	$T_c=11.4L^{0.5}K_b^{0.52}S^{-0.31}i^{-0.38}$
THE PERSON NAMED AND POST OFFICE ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED AND POST OF T	

Tc	14.0 minutes	*If less than 10 minutes use 10 minute intensity
l ₁₀₀₌	5.10 inches/hour	Per ADOT Draiange Criteria Figure 3.1*

RAINFALL INTENSITY SUMMARY:

₂₌	1.15	inches/hour	
l ₁₀₌	2.20	inches/hour	
I ₁₀₀₌	5.10	inches/hour	

Rational Method Tc Calculator

START SCHOOL Project 18-11 Drainage Basin A3

USERI	NPUTS		
Recurrence	2	year	
1 hour depth	0.71	inches	
Тс	10	minutes	
L	0.104	mile	
Kb	0.1		(Refer to Table 2-1)
S	31	feet/mile	
I	2.04	inches/hour	(Rainfall Intensity from Figure 3.1 for 10 Minutes)
I	1.40		(Rainfall Intensity from Figure 3.1, if greater than 10 Minutes)

OUTPUT		1c=11.4L Nb Nb S S S N 1				
Tc	20.2 minutes	*If less than 10 minutes use 10 minute inte				
/2						

ensity 12= 1.40 inches/hour Per ADOT Draiange Criteria Figure 3.1*

USER I	NPUTS		
Recurrence	10	year	
1 hour depth	1.62	inches	
Tc	10	minutes	
L	0.104	mile	
Kb	0.1		(Refer to Table 2-1)
S	31	feet/mile	
I	3.42	inches/hour	(Rainfall Intensity from Figure 3.1 for 10 Minutes)
I	2.80		(Rainfall Intensity from Figure 3.1, if greater than 10 Minutes)
			$T_c=11.4L^{0.5}K_b^{0.52}S^{-0.31}i^{-0.38}$
OUT	PUT		Control of the Contro
Tc	15.5	minutes	*If less than 10 minutes use 10 minute intensity
I ₁₀₌	2.80	inches/hour	Per ADOT Draiange Criteria Figure 3.1*

USER I	NPUTS		
Recurrence	100	year	
1 hour depth	2.62	inches	
Тс	10	minutes	
L	0.104	mile	
Kb	0.1		(Refer to Table 2-1)
S	31	feet/mile	
I	5.94	inches/hour	(Rainfall Intensity from Figure 3.1 for 10 Minutes)
I	5.80		(Rainfall Intensity from Figure 3.1, if greater than 10 Minutes)
OUT	PUT		$T_c=11.4L^{0.5}K_b^{0.52}S^{-0.31}I^{0.38}$
Tc	11.8	minutes	*If less than 10 minutes use 10 minute intensity

Per ADOT Draiange Criteria Figure 3.1*

RAINFALL INTENSITY SUMMARY:

100=

12=	1.40	inches/hour
110=	2.80	inches/hour
1100=	5.80	inches/hour

5.80 inches/hour

APPENDIX "C"

Rational Method Hydrology Data for

Existing and Future Conditions

START SCHOOL Project Number 18-11 Existing Conditions

	Drainage Basin A1							
Rational Method	Q=CIA			Rational "C" Cofficient				
Drainage Basin	303,946 s	.f.		2 year 10 year 100 year				
Native (Siol Type 69))			0.20 0.39 0.55 (Figure 2.5)				
	A =	6.98	Acres					
Rainfall Intensity (I)	12 =	1.40 i	in/hr	Refer to Rational Method Tc Calculator				
	I10 =	2.80	in/hr					
	I100 =	5.80	in/hr					
Rainfall Runoff								
	Q2 = 0.20 * 1.40 *	6.98 =	1.95	cfs				
	Q10 = 0.39 * 2.80 *	6.98 =	7.62	cfs				
	Q100 = 055 * 5.80 * 6	6.98 =	22.26	cfs				
	Dra	ainage B	asin A					
Rational Method	Q=CIA			Rational "C" Cofficient				
Drainage Basin	234,342 s	f.		2 year 10 year 100 year				
Native (Soil Type 24)			0.20 0.34 0.50 (Figure 2.5)				
	A =	5.38	Acres					
Rainfall Intensity (I)	I2 =		in/hr	Refer to Rational Method Tc Calculator				
	110 =		in/hr					
2000 N NOT NO 2010 N	I100 =	5.10	in/hr					
Rainfall Runoff								
	Q2 = 0.20 * 1.15 *		1.24					
	Q10 = 0.34 * 2.20 *		4.02					
	Q100 = 0.50 * 5.10 *		13.72					
		ainage B	asin A					
Rational Method	Q=CIA	-		Rational "C" Cofficient				
Drainage Basin	162,965 s	.f.		2 year 10 year 100 year				
Developed (15% Im	₹ (17)	2471114440000		0.28 0.50 0.62 (Figure 2.3)				
	A =	3.74	Acres					
D 1 CH 1	10	1.40 :		D.C. D.C. D.C.L. I.T. C.L.L.				
Rainfall Intensity (I)	12 =		in/hr	Refer to Rational Method Tc Calculator				
	110 =		in/hr					
- 1 0 11 - 00	I100 =	5.80	in/hr					
Rainfall Runoff		2 7 4						
	Q2 = 0.28 * 1.40 *		1.47					
	Q10 = 0.50 * 2.80 *		5.24					
	Q100 = 0.62 * 5.80 *	3.74 =	13.45	cfs				

START SCHOOL Project Number 18-11 Post Developed Conditions

		P	ost Develo	opea Conditions
		Dra	inage Basi	sin B1
SAME AS EXISTING	IS			
Q	2 = 1.95	5 cfs		
Q1	0 = 7.62	2 cfs		
Q10	0 = 22.26	cfs		
		Dra	inage Basi	sin B2
SAME AS EXISTING	CONDITION	IS		
Q	2 = 1.24	l cfs		
Q1	0 = 4.02	2 cfs		
Q10	0 = 13.72	2 cfs		
		Dra	inage Basi	sin B3
Rational Method	Q=CIA			Rational "C" Cofficient
Drainage Basin	162,965	s.f.		2 year 10 year 100 year
Developed (21% Impo	ervious)			0.34 0.55 0.67 (Figure 2.3)
	A =	3.74	Acres	
Rainfall Intensity (I)	I2 =	Print Manager	in/hr	Refer to Rational Method Tc Calculator
	110 =		in/hr	
	I100 =	5.80	in/hr	
Rainfall Runoff				
	2 = 0.34 * 1.40		1.78	200
	0 = 0.55 * 2.80		5.76	
Q10	0 = 0.67 * 5.80) * 3.74 =	14.54	1 cfs
		000	0.00	
Increase in Rainfall Ru	noff	Q2 =		
		Q10 =		
		Q100 =	1.08	S CIS

EXHIBITS

- A Existing Conditions Drainage Map
- B Developed Conditions Drainage
 Map

