

# AQUATIC HERBICIDE

# For aquatic plant control in quiescent, slow moving, and flowing water aquatic sites.

# **ACTIVE INGREDIENT:**

Dipotassium salt of endothall*	40.3%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	59.7%
TOTAL	100.0%

Contains 4.23 lbs. dipotassium endothall\* per gallon

\*7-oxabicyclo [2.2.1]heptane-2,3-dicarboxylic acid equivalent 28.6%

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN **DANGER PELIGRO**

Si usted no entiende la etiqueta, busque a alguien para que se la explique a usted en detalle. (If you do not understand the label, find someone to explain it to you in detail.)

# **FIRST AID**

## IF IN EYES:

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

# **IF SWALLOWED:**

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told by a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

# IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING:

- Take off contaminated clothing.
- Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

# **IF INHALED:**

- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

**HOT LINE NUMBER**: Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 866-673-6671 (Rocky Mountain Poison Control Center) for emergency medical treatment information.

See inside for additional precautionary statements.

**NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:** Measures against circulatory shock, respiratory depression, and convulsion may be needed.

EPA Registration No. 70506-176

Batch/Lot No.: \_

# Net Contents: \_\_\_\_\_



# **UPI** United Phosphorus, Inc. 630 Freedom Business Center, Suite 402

630 Freedom Business Center, Suite 402 King of Prussia, PA 19406 1-800-438-6071

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS DANGER

CORROSIVE. CAUSES IRREVERSIBLE EYE DAMAGE. MAY BE FATAL IF SWALLOWED. HARMFUL IF INHALED OR ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN. DO NOT GET IN EYES, ON SKIN, OR ON CLOTHING. AVOID BREATHING VAPORS OR SPRAY MIST. PROLONGED OR FREQUENTLY REPEATED SKIN CONTACT MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC REACTIONS IN SOME INDIVIDUALS.

## Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Mixers, loaders, applicators and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants,
- Shoes and socks,
- · Chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material,
- Protective eyewear,
- NIOSH-approved respirator with a dust/mist filter with MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C or any N, R, P, or HE filter.

Exception: During application, the respirator need not be worn, provided that the pesticide is applied in a manner (such as direct metering or subsurface application from the rear of a vessel that is moving into the wind) such that the applicator will have no contact with the pesticide.

See Engineering Controls for additional requirements.

## **User Safety Requirements:**

Follow the manufacturers' instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

Discard clothing or other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

# **Engineering Controls:**

When mixers and loaders use a closed system designed by the manufacturer to enclose the pesticide to prevent it from contacting handlers or other people AND the system is functioning properly and is used and maintained in accordance with the manufacturers written operating instructions, the handlers need not wear a respirator, provided the required respirator is immediately available for use in an emergency such as a spill or equipment breakdown.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d) (4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

# **User Safety Recommendations**

User should:

- Wash hands thoroughly after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

# ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not contaminate water by cleaning of equipment or disposal of equipment washwaters.

This pesticide is toxic to mammals.

Treatment of aquatic plants can result in oxygen loss from decomposition of dead plants. This loss can cause fish suffocation. Water bodies containing very high plant density should be treated in sections to prevent suffocation of fish.

# **PRODUCT INFORMATION**

Aquathol K is a liquid concentrate soluble in water which is effective against a broad range of aquatic plants. Dosage rates indicated for the application of Aquathol K are measured in parts per million (ppm) of dipotassium endothall.

# **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift.

- Phytotoxicity is not expected on plants or crops irrigated with Aquathol K treated water, however, all species and cultivars (varieties) have not been tested.
- Undiluted Aquathol K may be injurious to crops, grass, ornamentals, and other foliage.
- Do not use Aquathol K treated water for chemigation as interactions between Aquathol K and other pesticides and fertilizers are not known.
- Do not use Aquathol K in brackish or saltwater.
- · Wash out spray equipment with water after each operation.
- Contact of spray concentrate (product) directly or by drift with nontarget plants or crops may result in injury.
- United Phosphorus, Inc. recommends not reducing Aquathol K rates below those specified within this label, when using Aquathol K in a treatment combination, or as a tank mix, with product(s) containing ALS inhibitor active ingredients, unless specified otherwise on this label or a United Phosphorus, Inc. supplemental label.

# HOW TO APPLY:

Aquathol K is a contact herbicide; consequently, apply when target plants are present.

Aquathol K may be sprayed on the water or injected below the water surface. It may be applied as a concentrate or diluted with water depending on the equipment.

In instances where the plant(s) to be controlled is an exposed surface problem (i.e., some of the broad-leaved pond weeds), coverage is important. For best results, apply the concentrate with the least amount of water compatible with the application equipment.

# **Drinking Water (Potable Water)**

Consult with appropriate state or local water authorities before applying this product to public waters. State or local agencies may require permits. The drinking water (potable water) restrictions on this label are to ensure that consumption of water by the public is allowed only when the concentration of endothall acid in the water is less than the MCL (Maximum Contamination Level) of 0.1 ppm. Applicators must consider

the unique characteristics of the treated waters to assure that endothall acid concentrations in potable drinking water do not exceed 0.1 ppm at the time of consumption.

## For Lakes, Ponds, and other Quiescent Water Bodies:

- For Aquathol K applications, the drinking water setback distance from functioning potable water intakes in the treated water body must be greater than or equal to 600 feet.
- Note: Existing potable water intakes that are no longer in use, such as those replaced by a connection to a municipal water system or a potable water well, are not considered to be functioning potable water intakes.

## For Flowing Water Bodies:

• Applicator is responsible to assure that treated water exceeding the MCL of 0.1 ppm does not enter potable water intakes. For Aquathol K applications, potable water intakes must be closed when treated water exceeding the MCL of 0.1 ppm is present at the intake. In the event the water intake cannot be closed (when treated water will exceed 0.1 ppm), treatments must only be made downstream from the intake in order to assure Aquathol K treated water above 0.1 ppm does not enter the potable water system.

# QUIESCENT OR SLOW MOVING WATER TREATMENTS: SURFACE OR INJECTED APPLICATIONS

For aquatic plant control in quiescent or slow moving water, Aquathol K use rates can be found in the following chart. Since the active ingredient is water soluble and tends to diffuse from the treated area, select the dosage rate applicable to the area to be treated. Marginal treatments of large bodies of water require higher rates as indicated.

Use higher labeled rates of Aquathol K when making treatments to small areas with an increased potential for rapid dilution or when treating narrow areas such as boat lanes or shoreline treatments where dilution may reduce the exposure of plants to Aquathol K.

Use lower labeled rates of Aquathol K for large contiguous treatment blocks or in protected areas such as coves where reduced water movement will not result in rapid dilution of Aquathol K from the target treatment area or when treating entire lakes or ponds.

# PLANTS CONTROLLED AND AQUATHOL K DOSAGE RATES FOR SURFACE OR INJECTED APPLICATION IN QUIESCENT OR SLOW-MOVING WATER

	APPLICATION RATE				
		ke or Large Area tment	Spot or Lake Margin Treatment		
Aquatic Plant	ppm Dipotassium Endothall	gallons Aquathol K per Acre Ft.	ppm Dipotassium Endothall	gallons Aquathol K per Acre Ft.	
Coontail, <i>Ceratophyllum</i> spp.	2.0-3.0	1.3-1.9	3.0-5.0	1.9-3.2	
Horned Pondweed, Zannichellia palustris	2.0-3.0	1.3-1.9	3.0-5.0	1.9-3.2	
Sago Pondweed, Stuckenia pectinata	1.0-2.0	0.6-1.3	2.0-5.0	1.3-3.2	
Hydrilla, <i>Hydrilla verticillata</i>	1.0-4.0	0.6-2.6	2.0-5.0	1.3-3.2	
Hygrophila*, Hygrophila polysperma	4.0-5.0	2.6-3.2	5.0	3.2	
Milfoil, <i>Myriophyllum</i> spp.	2.0-3.0	1.3-1.9	3.0-5.0	1.9-3.2	
Naiad, <i>Najas</i> spp.	2.0-4.0	1.3-2.6	3.0-5.0	1.9-3.2	
Pondweed, Potamogeton spp.	0.75-3.0	0.45-1.9	1.5-5.0	1.0-3.2	
Including:					
American, <i>P. nodosus</i>	2.0-3.0	1.3-1.9	3.0-5.0	1.9-3.2	
Largeleaf (Bass Weed), P. amplifolius	2.0-3.0	1.3-1.9	3.0-5.0	1.9-3.2	
Curlyleaf, <i>P. crispus</i>	0.75-1.5	0.45-1.0	1.5-5.0	1.0-3.2	
Flatstem, P. zosteriformis	2.0-3.0	1.3-1.9	3.0-5.0	1.9-3.2	
Floating-leaf, <i>P. natans</i>	1.0-2.0	0.6-1.3	2.0-5.0	1.3-3.2	
Illinois, <i>P. Illinoensis</i>	1.5-2.5	1.0-1.6	2.5-5.0	1.6-3.2	
Narrowleaf, <i>P. pusillus</i>	1.0-2.0	0.6-1.3	2.0-5.0	1.3-3.2	
Threadleaf, <i>P. filiformis</i>	2.0-3.0	1.3-1.9	3.0-5.0	1.9-3.2	
Variable Leaf, P. diversifolius	1.0-2.0	0.6-1.3	2.0-5.0	1.3-3.2	
Parrotfeather, Myriophyllum aquaticum	2.0-3.0	1.3-1.9	3.0-5.0	1.9-3.2	
Water Stargrass, Heteranthera spp.	2.0-3.0	1.3-1.9	3.0-5.0	1.9-3.2	

\* Suppression only

# PONDS AND SMALL LAKES WITH LITTLE TO NO OUTFLOW

The following directions are intended for ponds and small lakes with minimal outflows to assure adequate contact time with the weeds. Apply Aquathol K directly to the perimeter or in multiple locations around the perimeter of the water body.

This will allow for rapid mixing throughout the water body as well as the water column.

For best results, apply in early spring when weeds are actively growing with a minimum of 24 hours contact time.

Apply Aquathol K at the following rate: PLANTS CONTROLLED AND AQUATHOL K DOSAGE RATES FOR SURFACE OR INJECTED APPLICATION IN PONDS AND SMALL LAKES

Aquatic Plant	Application Rate	Concentration (ppm)
Coontail (Ceratophyllum spp.)	1.25 gallons Aquathol K	2.0 ppm
Horned Pondweed (Zannichellia palustris)	per acre ft.	
Sago Pondweed (Stuckenia pectinata)		
Hydrilla <i>(Hydrilla verticillata)</i>		
Milfoil (Myriophyllum spp.)		
Parrotfeather (Myriophyllum aquaticum)		
Water Stargrass (Heteranthera spp.)		
Naiad <i>(Najas</i> spp.)		
Pondweed (Potamogeton spp.)		

The following chart exemplifies the quantity of Aquathol K to be applied.

Examples of Aquathol K required for Treatment, Average Depth 4 ft. (2 ppm)

Amount of Aquathol K to Treat 1/2 Acre	Amount of Aquathol K to Treat 1 Acre
2.5 gallons	5.0 gallons

The following charts indicate the quantity of Aquathol K to be applied.

# Gallons of Aquathol K to Treat One Acre-Foot of Water

				Rate (ppm)			
	0.75	1.0	1.5	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0
				gallons/A-ft.			
1 acre ft.	0.45	0.6	1.0	1.3	1.9	2.6	3.2

# Fluid Ounces of Aquathol K to Treat 1,000 Square-Feet per Foot of Depth

				Rate (ppm)			
	0.75	1.0	1.5	2.0	3.0	4.0	5.0
				fl. oz./1,000 ft. <sup>2</sup>			
1,000 ft. <sup>2</sup>	1.4	1.9	2.8	3.8	5.7	7.6	9.4

# FLOWING WATER TREATMENTS (WITH THE EXCEPTION OF IRRIGATION CANALS): DRIP OR METERING SYSTEM APPLICATIONS

For aquatic plant control in flowing water, Aquathol K use rates can be found in the following chart. Apply Aquathol K in a manner to achieve the desired rate and adequate mixing so product is distributed throughout the entire water column. Adequate concentration (rate) and exposure time (length of treatment) will impact Aquathol K efficacy on the target plant species. Although Aquathol K is a contact herbicide adequate exposure time is critical. The following rate chart has been developed based on Concentration Exposure Time (CET) data for Aquathol K. The CET concept allows rates and the length of exposure to be adjusted for different treatment scenarios.

# AQUATHOL K APPLICATION RATES FOR DRIP OR METERING APPLICATION SYSTEMS IN FLOWING WATER

			Le	ngth of Trea	atment (hou	rs)		
	6	8	12	18	24	36	48	72
Plant Species			-	Rate	(ppm)	-		
Pondweeds <i>(Potamogeton</i> spp.) Sago Pondweed <i>(Stuckenia pectinata)</i>	4.0-5.0	3.0-4.0	2.0-3.0	1.5-2.5	1.0-2.0	0.75-1.5	0.5-1.0	0.5
Milfoil <i>(Myriophyllum</i> spp.) Parrotfeather <i>(Myriophyllum aquaticum)</i> Coontail <i>(Ceratophyllum</i> spp.) Horned pondweed <i>(Zannichellia</i> spp.) Hydrilla <i>(Hydrilla verticillata)</i> Naiad <i>(Najas</i> spp.) Water Stargrass <i>(Heteranthera</i> spp.)	5.0	4.0-5.0	3.0-4.0	2.0-3.0	1.5-2.5	1.0-2.0	0.75-1.5	0.5-1.0

NOTE: Hygrophila (Hygrophila polysperma) may be suppressed at the higher application rates listed in this table.

**Restriction for flowing waters used for irrigation of food crops:** Do not apply more than 30 ppm per growing season, not to exceed 5 ppm per application. Do not apply more than a total of 5 ppm within a 7-day interval.

Note: There is no Pre-harvest Interval (PHI) for crops irrigated with treated water.

To calculate the amount of Aquathol K required for a particular treatment use the following formula:

[Cubic Feet per Second (CFS) X Length of Treatment (hrs.) X Rate (ppm)] x 0.052947 = Gallons of Aquathol K Needed for Treatment

To calculate the amount of Aquathol K to be applied per hour use the following formula:

Gallons of Aquathol K per Hour = Total Gallons of Aquathol K / Length of Treatment (hrs.)

# STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

**Pesticide Storage:** Store in the original container. Do not store in a manner where cross-contamination with other pesticides, fertilizers, food or feed could occur. Storage at temperatures below 32°F may result in the product freezing or crystallizing. Should this occur the product must be warmed to 50°F or higher and thoroughly agitated. In the event of a spill during handling or storage, absorb with sand or other inert material and dispose of absorbent in accordance with the Pesticide Disposal Instructions listed below.

**Pesticide Disposal:** Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

# **Container Handling:**

(for Nonrefillable containers)

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying.

# For containers 5 gallons or less:

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times.

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Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

# For containers more than 5 gallons:

Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Or

Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 PSI for at least 30 seconds. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

# (for Refillable containers)

**Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not use this container for any other purpose.** Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or mix tank. Fill the container about 10 percent full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for 2 minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or reconditioning if appropriate or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by state and local authorities.

# EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300 MEDICAL: (866) 673-6671 Rocky Mountain Poison Control Center

# IMPORTANT INFORMATION READ BEFORE USING PRODUCT

# CONDITIONS OF SALE AND LIMITATION OF WARRANTY AND LIABILITY

**NOTICE:** Read the entire Directions for Use and Conditions of Sale and Limitation of Warranty and Liability before buying or using this product. If the terms are not acceptable, return the product at once, unopened, and the purchase price will be refunded.

The Directions for Use of this product reflect the opinion of experts based on field use and tests, and must be followed carefully. It is impossible to eliminate all risks associated with the use of this product. Crop injury, ineffectiveness or other unintended consequences may result because of such factors as manner of use or application, weather or crop conditions, presence of other materials or other influencing factors in the use of the product, which are beyond the control of United Phosphorus, Inc. or Seller. Handling, storage, and use of the product by Buyer or User are beyond the control of United Phosphorus, Inc. and Seller. To the extent consistent with applicable law, all such risks shall be assumed by Buyer and User, and Buyer and User agree to hold United Phosphorus, Inc. and Seller harmless for any claims relating to such factors.

TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, UNITED PHOSPHORUS, INC. AND SELLER MAKE NO WARRANTIES OF MER-CHANTABILITY OR OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE NOR ANY OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY EXCEPT AS STATED ON THIS LABEL.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, United Phosphorus, Inc. or Seller shall not be liable for any incidental, consequential or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product and THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE USER OR BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE LIABILITY OF UNITED PHOSPHORUS, INC. AND SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT, SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THE PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF UNITED PHOSPHORUS, INC. OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

United Phosphorus, Inc. and Seller offer this product, and Buyer and User accept it, subject to the foregoing conditions of sale and limitations of warranty and of liability, which may not be modified except by written agreement signed by the duly authorized representative of United Phosphorus, Inc.

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# **Safety Data Sheet**

Revision Number: 6

#### 1. Identification of the Substance/Preparation and of the Company/Undertaking

Revision date 19-Feb-2019

Identification of the product	
Product Description	AQUATHOL® K Aquatic Herbicide
Other means of identification	
Product code	12-204
UN/ID no.	2902
Registration number(s)	70506-176
Recommended use of the chemica	l and restrictions on use
Recommended use	Aquatic herbicide.
Uses advised against	Activities contrary to label recommendation
Details of the Supplier of the Safety	/ Data Sheet_
Supplier Address	
UPL NA Inc.	
630 Freedom Business Center	
Suite 402	
King of Prussia, PA 19406	
Emergency telephone number	
Company Phone Number	1-800-438-6071
Emergency telephone number	Chemtrec: (800) 424-9300 (24hrs) or (703) 527-3887
	Medical: Rocky Mountain Poison Control Center

(866) 673-6671 (24hrs)

2. Hazards Identification

**Classification** 

## **OSHA Regulatory Status**

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

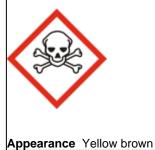
Acute toxicity - Dermal	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Vapors)	Category 2

#### Label elements

#### **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

DANGER

Hazard Statements Harmful in contact with skin Fatal if inhaled



Physical state Liquid

Odor Slight chlorine

**Precautionary Statements - Prevention** 

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell Wash contaminated clothing before reuse IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

#### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed Store locked up

#### Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC) OTHER INFORMATION

## 3. Composition/information on Ingredients

Chemical name	CAS No	Weight-%
Dipotassium endothall salt	2164-07-0	40.3

If CAS number is "proprietary", the specific chemical identity and percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

# 4. First aid measures **FIRST AID MEASURES** Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact Eye contact lenses, if present, after 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the evelids, for at least 15 minutes. Skin contact Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Seek immediate medical attention/advice. Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Inhalation Move to fresh air. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC RESPIRATORY REACTION. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice. Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. May produce an allergic reaction. Clean mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek immediate medical attention/advice. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed Most Important Symptoms and Burning feeling and temporary redness. Effects Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed Notes to physician No information available. Treat symptomatically. 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Decomposition by contact with water may generate vapours which can be ignited by heat or open flame.

#### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

No information available.

Hazardous combustion products Extreme temperatures convert Endothall product to endothall anhydride which is a strong vessicant causing blistering of eyes, mucous membranes and skin.

#### Explosion data

#### Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

6. Accidental release measures				
Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
Personal Precautions	Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.			
Environmental Precautions				
Environmental precautions	Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Consult a regulatory specialist to determine appropriate state or local reporting requirements, for assistance in waste characterization and/or hazardous waste disposal and other requirements listed in pertinent environmental permits.			
Methods and material for containn	nent and cleaning up			
Methods for Clean-Up	Remove all ignition sources. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Keep in suitable and closed containers for disposal.			
	7. Handling and Storage			
Precautions for safe handling				
Handling	Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep out of reach of children. Empty containers may contain hazardous residues.			
Conditions for safe storage, inclue	ling any incompatibilities			
Storage	Store in an area where cross-contamination with pesticides, fertilizers, food or feed could not occur. Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place.			
incompatible materials	No information available.			
	8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection			
Exposure guidelines	This product does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational exposure limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies.			
Engineering controls	Investigate engineering techniques to reduce exposures. Local mechanical exhaust ventilation is preferred. Consult ACGIH ventilation manual or NFPA Standard 91 for design of exhaust systems. PESTICIDE APPLICATORS & WORKERS. THESE WORKERS MUST REFER TO PRODUCT LABELING AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN ACCORDANCE WITH EPA WORKER PROTECTION STANDARD 40 CFR PART 170.			
Personal protective equipment Eye/Face Protection	Tightly fitting safety goggles. or. Face-shield.			

Skin protection Respiratory protection	Chemical resistant gloves. Chemical resistant footwear plus socks. Where airborne exposure is likely, use NIOSH approved respiratory protection equipment appropriate to the material and/or its components. Full facepiece equipment is recommended and, if used, replaces need for face shield and/or chemical goggles. If exposures cannot be kept at a minimum with engineering controls, consult respirator manufacturer to determine appropriate type equipment for given application. Observe respirator use limitations specified by NIOSH or the manufacturer. For emergency and other conditions where there may be a potential for significant exposure, use an approved full face positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus. Respiratory protection programs must comply with 29 CFR 1910.134.
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#### General hygiene considerations

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

# 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Appearance color	Liquid Yellow brown No information available	Odor	Slight chlorine
Property pH Melting point/freezing point Boiling Point/Range Flash Point Evaporation Rate Flammability (solid, gas) Flammability limit in air Upper Flammability Limit Lower Flammability Limit Lower Flammability Limit vapor pressure Vapor Density Specific gravity Water solubility Solubility in Other Solvents Partition coefficient: n-octanol/wate Autoignition temperature	no data available No information available	<u>Remarks/ • Method</u>	
Viscosity, kinematic Dynamic viscosity	No information available No information available		
Explosive properties Oxidizing properties	No information available No information available		
OTHER INFORMATION			
Softening point molecular weight VOC Content Liquid Density	No information available No information available No information available No information available		

# 10. Stability and Reactivity

# Reactivity

no data available

#### **Chemical stability**

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

#### None under normal processing.

#### Conditions to avoid

No information available.

### incompatible materials

No information available.

#### Hazardous decomposition products

Extreme temperatures may convert endothall product to endothall anhydride, a strong vessicant, causing blistering of eyes, mucous membranes and skin.

## **11. Toxicological Information**

#### Information on Likely Routes of Exposure

Inhalation	Toxic by inhalation.
Eye contact	May cause irreversible damage to eyes.
Skin contact	May cause irritation. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause allergic reactions with susceptible persons.
Ingestion	MAY BE HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED.
Component Information	Although no allergic skin reactions were observed in guinea pigs following exposure to this material in water, allergic skin reactions were observed following exposure to this material in ethanol. Repeated application to the skin of rats produced severe skin irritation, liver, and kidney effects considered to be secondary to irritation, and increased mortality. Long-term dietary administration produced no adverse effects in rats. Dermal - Slightly toxic to Rabbits (LD50 2,000 mg/kg) Skin irritation - Non-irritating to rabbits Inhalation - Slightly toxic to rats (4 hr LC50 0.83 mg/l) aerosol Eye irritation - Cause irreversible eye damage in rabbits. Endothall- Intentional swallowing of 40 ml led to death within 12-hours. Skin allergy was observed in guinea pigs following repeated exposures. Repeated dietary administration (via gelatin capsules) produced vomiting, diarrhea, sluggish movements, and liver, kidney and blood effects in dogs. Long-term dietary administration to rats and mice produced effects in the glandular stomach. High mortality rates and intestinal tumors considered to be secondary to the effects in the stomach were observed in mice. Long-term application to the skin of mice produced no tumors. No birth defects were observed in the offspring of rats exposed orally during pregnancy, even at dosages that produced adverse effects on the mothers. No genetic changes were observed in tests using bacteria, animal cells or animals.

#### Information on Toxicological Effects

Symptoms

No information available.

## Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Sensitization	No information available.
Mutagenic effects	no data available.
Carcinogenicity	There are no known carcinogenic chemicals in this product.
Reproductive effects	Not Available.
STOT - Single Exposure	no data available.
STOT - Repeated Exposure	no data available.
Aspiration hazard	No information available.

#### Numerical Measures of Toxicity - Product information

LD50 Dermal	2000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation	0.83 mg/l (4-hr)

# **12. Ecological Information**

#### ecotoxicity

Endothall dipotassium salt: Mallard duck LD50 = 328 mg/kg Bluegill sunfish EC50= 1071 ppm Rainbow trout EC50 = 363 ppm Sheepshed minnow 96 hr EC50 = 340 ppm Mysid shrimp 96 hr EC50 = 257 ppm Eastern oyster 96 hr EC50 = 335 ppm

# Persistence/Degradability

no data available.

# **Bioaccumulation/Accumulation**

No information available.

#### **Other Adverse Effects**

no data available

# **13. Disposal Considerations**

# **Waste Treatment Methods**

Waste Disposal Method	Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If the wastes cannot be disposed of by use or according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.
Contaminated packaging	Non refillable container. Do not reuse this container. Refer to product label.

## **14. Transport Information**

#### DOT

UN/ID no.

Hazard class

Packing group

When shipped as a limited quantity by domestic highway, as per 49 CFR 173.153 the combination package, not exceeding a gross weight of 66 pounds (30 kg), may contain inner packagings not over 1.3 gallons (5 L) each. Limited quantity designated packagings are excepted from labeling and packaging specification requirements. If the limited quantity package is shipped by air the package must also conform to applicable requirements of 173.27. 2902 Proper shipping name Pesticides, liquid, toxic. n.o.s. (Endothal) 6.1 PG III **Reportable Quantity (RQ):** 1.000 lbs

#### **ICAO**

UN/ID no.	2902
Proper shipping name	Pesticide, liquid, toxic, n.o.s (Endothall)
Hazard class	6.1
Packing group	PG III

#### ΙΑΤΑ

EmS No.

UN/ID no.	2902
Proper shipping name	Pesticide, liquid, toxic, n.o.s (Endothall)
Hazard class	6.1
Packing group	PG III
IMDG UN/ID no. Proper shipping name Hazard class Packing group	2902 Pesticide, liquid, toxic, n.o.s (Endothall) 6.1 PG III

F-A, S-A

## **15. Regulatory Information**

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:

signal word	DANGER
Ventilation Control	PESTICIDE APPLICATORS & WORKERS THESE WORKERS MUST REFER TO PRODUCT LABELING AND DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN ACCORDANCE WITH EPA WORKER PROTECTION STANDARD 40 CFR PART 170.

Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage. May be fatal if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through skin. Pesticide is toxic to mammals.

International Inventories	
USINV	Present
DSL/NDSL	Present
EINECS/	Present
ELINCS	
ENCS	Not Present
China	Not Present
KECL	Not Present
PICCS	Not Present
AICS	Not Present
TSCA	Present

**TSCA** - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

#### Federal Regulations

#### SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

#### CERCLA

Not applicable

#### CERCLA

SARA Product RQ

0

RCRA Pesticide Information

**State Regulations** 

State Right-to-KnowNot applicableInternational regulationsU.S. EPA Label informationEPA Pesticide registration number70506-176

#### 16. Other Information NFPA **HEALTH** 3 flammability 0 Instability 0 Physical hazard -17-Apr-2015 **Preparation Date** 19-Feb-2019 **Revision date Revision Summary** Update logo Disclaimer UPL NA Inc. believes that the information and recommendations container herein (including data and statements) are accurate as of the date hereof. NO WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, OR ANY OTHER WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, IS MADE CONCERNING THE INFORMATION PROVIDED HEREIN. The information provided herein relates only to the specific product designated and may not be valid where such product is used in combination with other materials or in any process. Further, since the conditions and methods of use are beyond the control of UPL NA Inc. and UPL NA Inc. expressly disclaims any and all liability as to any results obtained or arising from any use of the product or reliance on such information.

End of SDS

# ttora Landscape and

**Aquatic Herbicide** 

# Sepro

# SPECIMEN

For use as a general herbicide to control weeds in commercial greenhouses and nurserles; ornamental seed crops\*; landscape, industrial, recreational, commercial, residential, and public areas; turf renovation; dormant established turfgrass; and aquatic areas

#### Active Ingredient

Diquat dibromide (6,7-dihydrodipyrido(1,2-a;2,11-c)pyrazinediium dibromide) ..... 37.3% Other Ingredients ... TOTAL

Contains 2 pounds diquat cation per one (1) U.S. gallon (3.73 pounds diquat dibromidie par gallon)

# Keep Out of Reach of Children CAUTION / PRECAUCIÓN Si usted no entiende la eliqueta: busque a alguien para que se la explique a usied en detalle.

do not understand the label, find someone to explain ( to you in detail.)

NOTICE: Read the entire label before using. Use univ according to label directions. Before buying or using this product, read Warranty Disclaimer and Misuse statements. If terms are unacceptable, return at once unopened.

except in the state of California

Littora is a registered trademark of SePRO Corporation

Manufactured for SePRO Corporation 11550 North Mendian Street, Suite 600

EPA Reg. No. 67690-53 FPL20151006

#### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

# **KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION / PRECAUCIÓN**

Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing spray mist and contact with eyes or clothing.

FIRST AID		
lf inhaled	<ul> <li>Move person to fresh air.</li> <li>If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth, if possible.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
If swallowed	<ul> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.</li> <li>Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.</li> <li>Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.</li> <li>Do not give anything to an unconscious person.</li> </ul>	
If in eyes	<ul> <li>Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.</li> <li>Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.</li> </ul>	
	HOTLINE NUMBER	

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. In case of emergency endangering health or the environment involving this product, call INFOTRAC at 1-800-535-5053.

Note to Physicians: To be effective, treatment for diquat poisoning must begin IMMEDIATELY. Treatment consists of binding diquat in the gut with suspensions of activated charcoal or bentonite clay, administration of cathartics to enhance elimination, and removal of diquat from the blood by charcoal hemoperfusion or continuous hemodialysis.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Some materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are: barrier laminate. butvl rubber ≥14 mils, nitrile rubber ≥14 mils,

#### Mixers, Loaders, Applicators and Other Handlers Must Wear:

- Coveralls over long-sleeved shirt and long pants;
- Chemical-resistant gloves; Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks:
- Protective eyewear;
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure; Chemical-resistant apron when cleaning equipment, mixing, or loading; and
- Face shield when mixing or loading.

Exception: After this product has been diluted to 0.50% or less in water (i.e., the labeled rate for some spot applications), applicators for AQUATIC SURFACE APPLICATIONS must, at a minimum, wear (Note: Mixers and loaders for this application method must still wear the PPE as described in the above section.): Long-sleeved shirt and long pants;

- Shoes plus socks;
- Waterproof gloves; and
- Protective eyewear.

Exception: At a minimum, applicators for AQUATIC SUBSURFACE APPLICATIONS must wear (Note: Mixers and loaders for this application method must still wear the PPE as described in the above section.):

- Short-sleeved shirt and short pants;
- Waterproof gloves; and
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks.

#### USER SAFETY REQUIREMENT

Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them. Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

#### ENGINEERING CONTROLS

Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications are required to use closed systems that provide dermal protection. The closed system must be used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)]. When using the closed system, mixers and loaders' PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

# USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Users should: Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. For Terrestrial Uses do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters. For Aquatic Uses do not apply directly to water except as specified on this label.

#### **DIRECTIONS FOR USE**

It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Read the entire label. Use strictly in accordance with precautionary statements and directions for use, and with applicable state and federal regulations.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation. Do not apply this product through any type of irrigation system. Do not use this product for reformulation.

#### AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard (WPS), 40 CFR Part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification, and emergency assistance. It also contains specific instructions and exceptions pertaining to the statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE) and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the WPS.

#### Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 24 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the WPS and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water. is:

- Coveralls over long-sleeve shirt and long pants;
- Chemical-resistant gloves;
- Chemical-resistant footwear plus socks; ٠
- Protective eyewear; and
- Chemical-resistant headgear for overhead exposure.

#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forests, nurseries, or greenhouses.

#### Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas or vicinity where there may be drift.

For terrestrial uses, do not enter or allow entry of maintenance workers into treated areas, or allow contact with treated vegetation wet with spray, dew, or rain, without appropriate protective clothing until spray has dried.

For aquatic uses, do not enter treated areas while treatments are in progress.

#### PRODUCT INFORMATION

- This product is a nonvolatile herbicide for general weed control in:
- Commercial greenhouses and nurseries;
- Ornamental seed crops (flowers, bulbs, etc. except in the state of California);
- Landscape, industrial, recreational, commercial, residential, and public areas;
- Turf renovation (all turf areas except commercial sod farms);
- Dormant established turfgrass (Bermudagrass, zoysiagrass, nonfood or feed crop); and
- Aquatic areas.

Absorption and herbicidal action is usually quite rapid with effects visible in a few days. This product controls weeds by interfering with photosynthesis that occurs within green plant tissue. Weeds should be succulent and/or actively growing for best results.

Rinse all spray equipment thoroughly with water after use. Avoid spray drift to crops, ornamentals, and other desirable plants during application, as injury may result. Application to muddy water may result in reduced control. Minimize creating muddy water during aquatic application. Use of dirty or muddy water for diluting this product may result in reduced herbicidal activity. Avoid applying under conditions of high wind, water flow, or wave action.

#### Spray Drift Management

Avoiding spray drift at the application site is the responsibility of the applicator. The interactions of many equipment and weather-related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all these factors when making decisions.

The following drift management requirements must be followed to avoid off-target drift movement from aerial applications to agricultural field crops:

- · The distance of the outermost nozzles on the boom must not exceed % the length of the wingspan or rotor; and
- Nozzles must always point backward parallel with the air stream and never be pointed downward more than 45 degrees.

Where states have more stringent regulations, they must be observed.

#### **Droplet Size**

The most effective way to reduce drift potential is to apply large droplets. The best drift management strategy is to apply the largest droplets that provide sufficient coverage and control. Applying larger droplets reduces drift potential, but will not prevent drift if applications are made improperly, or under unfavorable environmental conditions (See Wind, *Temperature and Humidity*, and *Temperature* Inversions sections of this label).

#### **Controlling Droplet Size**

Volume - Use high flow rate nozzles to apply the highest practical spray volume.

Nozzles with higher rated flows produce larger droplets. Pressure - Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure. Number of Nozzles - Use the minimum number of nozzles that provide uniform coverage.

Nozzle Orientation - Orienting nozzles so that the spray is released parallel to the airstream produces larger droplets than other orientations and is the recommended practice. Significant deflection from horizontal will reduce droplet size and increase drift potential

Nozzle Type - Use a nozzle type that is designed for the intended application. With most nozzle types, narrower spray angles produce larger droplets. Consider using low-drift nozzles. Solid stream nozzles oriented straight back produce the largest droplets and the lowest drift.

#### **Boom Length**

For some use patterns, reducing the effective boom length to less than % of the wingspan or rotor length may further reduce drift without reducing swath width.

#### **Application Height**

Applications should not be made at a height greater than 10 feet above the top of the target plants, unless a greater height is required for aircraft safety. Making applications at the lowest height that is safe reduces exposure of droplets to evaporation and wind

#### Swath Adjustment

When applications are made with a crosswind, the swath will be displaced downwind. Therefore, on the up and downwind edges of the field, the applicator must compensate for this displacement by adjusting the path of the aircraft upwind. Swath adjustment distance should increase with increasing drift potential (higher wind, smaller drops, etc.).

#### Wind

Drift potential is lowest between wind speeds of 2-10 mph. However, many factors, including droplet size and equipment type, determine drift potential at any given speed. Application should be avoided below 2 mph due to variable wind direction and high inversion potential. Note: Local terrain can influence wind patterns, Every applicator should be familiar with local wind patterns and how they affect spray drift.

#### Temperature and Humidity

When making applications in low relative humidity conditions set up equipment to produce larger droplets to compensate for evaporation. Droplet evaporation is most severe when conditions are both hot and dry.

#### Temperature Inversions

Applications should not occur during a temperature inversion because drift potential is high. Temperature inversions restrict vertical air mixing, which causes small suspended droplets to remain in a concentrated cloud. This cloud can move in unpredictable directions due to the light variable winds common during inversions. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperatures with altitude and are common on nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. They begin to form as the sun sets and often continue into the morning. Their presence can be indicated by ground fog; however, if fog is not present inversions can also be identified by the movement of smoke from a ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing.

#### Sensitive Areas

The pesticide should only be applied when the wind is blowing away from adjacent sensitive areas (e.g., residential areas, bodies of water, known habitat for threatened or endangered species, non-target crops).

#### USE IN COMMERCIAL GREENHOUSES AND NURSERIES

For general weed control in commercial greenhouses (beneath benches), field grown and container stock, and other similar areas, this product may be applied before crop emergence either pre- or post-plant in field grown ornamental nursery plantings, or post-emergence as a directed spray. This product may also be applied before crop emergence in ornamental seed crops (except in the state of California).

Avoid contact with desirable foliage as injury may occur. Do not use on food or feed crops

Spot spray: Apply 1-2 quarts of this product plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of water, or 0.75 ounces (22 milliliters) of this product plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 1 callon of water.

Broadcast: Apply 1-2 pints of this product in a minimum of 15 gallons of water per acre. Add the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray mixture. Use an adequate spray volume to insure good coverage.

#### USE IN ORNAMENTAL SEED CROPS (FLOWERS, BULBS, ETC.) [EXCEPT IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA]

For pre-harvest desiccation of ornamental seed crops. NOT FOR FOOD OR FIBER CROPS.

Broadcast (Air or Ground): Apply 1.5-2 pints of this product plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per acre in sufficient water (minimum of 5 gallons by air, 15 gallons by ground) for desiccation and weed burndown. Repeat as needed at no less than at 5-day intervals; up to three applications. Do not use seed, screenings, or waste as feed or for consumption.

#### USE IN LANDSCAPE, INDUSTRIAL, RECREATIONAL, COMMERCIAL, RESIDENTIAL, AND PUBLIC AREAS

Littora Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide provides fast control of broadleaf and grassy weeds in industrial, recreational, golf course, commercial, residential, and public areas. This product is a nonselective herbicide that rapidly kills undesirable above ground weed growth in 24-36 hours. Avoid applications to desirable plants.

This product is a contact/desiccant herbicide; it is essential to obtain complete coverage of the target weeds to get good control. Improper application technique and/or application to stressed weeds may result in unacceptable weed control. For best results, apply to actively growing, young weeds. Difficult weeds (such as perennial or deeply-rooted weeds) can often be controlled by tank mixing this product with other systemic-type herbicides. Refer to other product labels for specific application directions.

For residual weed control, tank mix this product with a pre-emergent herbicide labeled for the intended use site. When mixing this product with another herbicide, It is recommended to mix just a small amount to first determine if the mixture is physically compatible before proceeding with larger volumes.

SePRO Corporation has not tested all possible tank mixtures with other herbicides for compatibility, efficacy or other adverse effects. Before mixing with other herbicides SePRO Corporation recommends you first consult your state experimental station, state university or extension agent.

- Grounds maintenance weed control: This product can be used as a spot or broadcast spray to control weeds in public, commercial and residential landscapes, including landscape beds, lawns, golf courses and roadsides. This product can also be used for weed control around the edges and non-flooded portions of ponds, lakes and ditches.
- Trim and Edge weed control: This product can be used to eliminate undesired grass and broadleaf plant growth in a narrow band along driveways, walkways, patios, cart paths, ience lines, and around trees, ornamental gardens, buildings, other structures, and beneath noncommercial greenhouse benches. Vegetation control with this product is limited to the spray application width. Do not exceed the labeled rate of this product as excessive rates may result in staining of concrete-based materials.

Since this product does not translocate systemically, can be used as an edging or pruning tool when precisely applied to select areas of grass or to undesirable growth on desirable ornamental bedding plants, ground covers, etc.

Industrial weed control: Littora Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide can be used as a spot or broadcast spray either alone or in combination with other herbicides as a fast burndown or control weeds in rights-of-ways, railroad beds/ yards, highways, roads, dividers and medians, parking lots, pipelines, pumping stations, public utility lines, transformer stations and substations, electric utilities, storage yards, and other non-crop areas.

Spot spray: Apply either 1-2 quarts of this product plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons water, or 0.75 ounces (22 milliliters) this product plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 1 gallon of water.

Broadcast: 1-2 pints of this product per acre in sufficient water to insure good spray coverage. Add the labeled rate of 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons spray mixture. Greater water volumes are necessary if the target plants are tall and/or dense. It is recommended that 60 gallons or greater water volume be used to obtain good coverage of dense weeds.

#### USE IN TURF RENOVATION (ALL TURF AREAS EXCEPT COMMERCIAL SOD FARMS)

To desiccate golf course turf and other turf areas prior to renovation, apply 1-2 pints of this product per acre plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionio surfactant in 20-100 gallons of water (4 teaspoons of this product plus the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 1 gallon of water) using ground spray equipment. Apply for full coverage and thorough contact with the turfgrass. Apply only when the turf is dry, free from dew and incidental moisture. For enhanced turf desiccation, especially in the case of thick turfgrass, water volumes should approach 100 gallons of water per acre.

For suppression of regrowth and quick desiccation of treated turfgrass, this product may be mixed with other systemic nonselective or systemic post-emergence grassy weed herbicides. Refer to other product labels for specific application directions and restrictions.

Avoid spray contact with, or spray drift to, foliage of ornamental plants or food crops. Do not graze livestock on treated turf or feed treated thatch to livestock.

#### USE IN DORMANT ESTABLISHED TURFGRASS (BERMUDAGRASS, ZOYSIAGRASS), NONFOOD OR FEED CROP

For control of emerged annual broadleaf and grass weeds, including little barley<sup>1</sup>, annual bluegrass, bromes including rescuegrass, six-weeks fescue, henbit, buttercup, and Carolina geranium in established dormant Bermudagrass lawns, parks, golf courses, etc.

Apply 1-2 pints this product per acre in 20-100 gallons of spray mix by ground as a broadcast application. Add the labeled rate of a 75% or greater nonionic surfactant per 100 gallons of spray mixture.

Bermudagrass must be dormant at application. Application to actively growing Bernudagrass or Bernudagrass in transition may cause delay or permanent injury. Users in the extreme Southern areas should be attentive to the extent of dormancy at the time of application.

\*For control of little barley, apply this product prior to the mid-boot stage.

#### USE IN AQUATIC AREAS

#### New York - Not for Sale sale or Use use in New York State without Supplemental Special Local Needs Labeling.

Obtain Required Permits: Consult with appropriate state or local pesticide and/or water authorities before applying this product in or around public waters. Permits and posting or treatment notification may be required by state, tribal, or local public agencies.

Treatment of dense weed areas may result in oxygen loss from decomposition of dead weeds. This loss of oxygen may cause fish suffocation. Therefore, to minimize this hazard, do not treat more than 1/2 of the water body area at one time and wait 14 days between treatments when susceptible plants are mature and have grown to the water's surface, or when the treatment would result in significant reductions in total plant biomass. Waters having limited and less dense weed infestations may not require partial treatments.

For application only to still water (i.e. ponds, lakes, and drainage ditches) where there is minimal or no outflow to public waters.

#### and/or

For applications to public waters in ponds, lakes, reservoirs, marshes, bayous, drainage ditches, canals, streams, rivers, and other slow-moving or quiescent bodies of water for control of aquatic weeds. For use by:

- Corps of Engineers;
- Federal or State public agencies (i.e., Water Management District personnel, municipal officials); or
- Applicators and/or licensees (certified for aquatic pest control) that are authorized by the State or Local government.

Treated water may be used according to the water use restrictions set forth in Table 1 or when an approved assay or analytical method establishes that the water does not contain more than the desig-nated maximum contaminant level goal (MCLG) of 0.02 mg/l (ppm) of diquat dibromide (calculated as the cation).

Application Rate (gallons/ surface acre)	Drinking	Fishing and Swimming	Livestock/ Domestic Animals Consumption	Irrigation to Turf and Landscape Ornamentals <sup>th</sup>	Irrigation to Food Crops and Production Omamentals <sup>th</sup>
≥2	3 days	0	1 day	3 days	5 days
1	2 days	0	1 day	2 days	5 days
0.75	2 days	0	1 day	2 days	5 days
0.50	1 day	0	1 day	1 day	5 days
Spot Spray <sup>†</sup> (< 0.5)	1 day	Ø	1 day	1 day	5 days

<sup>†</sup> Add a nonionic surfactant (with at least 75% of the constituents active as a spray adjuvant) at the rate recommended by the manufacturer.

# For preparing agricultural sprays for food crops, turf or ornamentals (to prevent phytotoxicity), do not use water treated with this product before the specified time period.

When the contents of more than one spray tank is necessary to complete a single aquatic application, no water holding restrictions apply between the consecutive spray tanks.

No applications are to be made in areas where commercial processing of fish. resulting in the produc-tion of fish protein concentrate or fish meal, is practiced.

#### Floating and Marginal Weed Control

This product may be applied by backpack, airboat, spray handgun, helicopter, airplane, or similar application equipment that results in thorough spray coverage.

- · cattails, Typha spp.
- salvinia spp., including Salvinia molesta • water hyacinth, Eichhornia crassipes
- · duckweed, including Lemna spp.
- · frog's bitt, Limnobium spongia
- · water lettuce, Pistia stratictes
- · pennywort, Hydrocotyle spp.
- Not for use in California

Spot Treatment: Apply this product at 2 to 4 quarts per 100 gallons spray carrier (0.5 - 1.0% solution) with an approved aquatic surfactant or wetting agent at 0.25 - 1.0% v/v (1 quart to 1 gallon per 100 gallons water, refer to the surfactant label for product-specific rates). For cattail control, this product should be applied prior to flowering at the maximum application rate (8 quarts of this product /100 gallons spray carrier) plus the wetting agent. Repeat treatments may be necessary for complete control.

Spray to completely wet target weeds but not to runoff. Densely packed weeds or mats may require additional applications due to incomplete spray coverage. Re-treat as needed. For best results, re-treat weed escapes within 2 weeks of the initial treatment.

Broadcast Treatment: Apply this product at the rate of 0.5 - 2.0 gallons per surface acre in sufficient carrier along with 16-32 ounces per acre of an aquatic surfactant or wetting agent (refer to the surfactant label for product specific rates). Re-treat as necessary for densely populated weed areas. Good coverage is necessary for control of the target weeds.

For duckweed control, apply this product at 1 - 2 gallons/acre.

#### Submersed Weed Control

To control submersed weeds apply this product in water at 0.5 - 2.0 gallons per surface acre (per 4 foot water depth), or up to 0.5 gallons/acre foot in water with an average depth greater than 4 feet deep. For severe weed infestations or when treating more difficult to control species, use 0.5 gallons/acre foot of water. Refer to Table 2 for application rates.

- algae<sup>t1</sup>, Spirogyra spp. and Pithophora spp.
   bladderwort, Utricularia spp.
   Brazilian elodea, Egeria densa
   brondweeds<sup>t</sup>, Potamogetor
- naiads, Najas spp.
  pondweeds<sup>†</sup>, Potamogeton spp.
- · coontail, Ceratophyllum demersum
- watermilfoils, including Eurasian, Myriophyllum spp.
- elodea, Elodea spp.
- "This product controls Potamogeton species except Richardson's pondweed, (P. richardsonii).
- "Suppression only. For control of Spirogyra and/or Pithophora, use this product in a tank mix with an approved algaecide.

TABLE 2: GALLONS OF PRODUCT PER SURFACE ACRE				
Application Rate (gallons/acre)	Average Water Depth			
	1 Foot	2 Feet	3 Feet	4 Feet <sup>t1</sup>
1	0.25 gal.	0.50 gal	0.75 gal.	1.0 gal.
2	0.50 gal	1.0 gal.	1.5 gals	2.0 gais.

 $^{\dagger}$  For water depths  $\leq 2$  feet including shorelines, do not exceed 1 gallon per surface acre.

<sup>11</sup>In treatment areas with an average water depth greater than 4 feet, apply a maximum of 0.5 gallons per acre foot of water.

Subsurface Applications: Where the submersed weed growth, especially hydrilla, has reached the water surface, apply either in a water carrier or an invert emulsion through trailing hoses to apply the dilute spray below the water surface to insure adequate coverage.

Bottom Placement: Where submersed weeds such as hydrilla, bladderwort, or coontail are growing in deeper water and are less mature (e.g. not to the surface of the water) and/or where the water is slowly moving through the weed growth, the use of an application method (such as invert emulsion carrier or long-trailing hoses) to inject this product near the bottom with weighted hoses may improve control.

Surface Application for Submerged Aquatic Weeds: Apply the recommended rate of this product as a spray in sufficient carrier to fully cover the target area. Applications should be made to ensure complete coverage of the weed areas. In mixed weed populations, use the high rate of application as indicated by weeds present. For dense submersed weeds or water over 2 feet deep, a surface spray is not recommended (This product should be applied subsurface in these situations.)

Tank Mixes With Other Aquatic Herbicides/Algaecides: For severe weed or algae infestations, the use of an approved algaecide either as a pretreatment to the application of this product or in a tank mix, may result in enhanced weed control.

When tank mixing, read and follow the labeled precautionary statements, directions for use, weeds controlled, and other restrictions for each tank mix product. Use in accordance with the most restrictive label limitations and precautions of the products used in the tank mix. Do not exceed any labeled rate or dose. To ensure compatibility, a jar test is recommended before field application of any tank mix combination. Consult with SePRO Corporation for latest tank mix recommendations.

#### Littora Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide + Komeen®

The addition of Komeen, or other copper-based herbicides/algaecides, with this product may improve control on some species, such as hydrilla. For best results, apply 2 gallons this product in combination with 4 gallons of Komeen (0.8 lbs. a.l/gallon) per acre. For hydrilla control and control of other species with high sensitivity to copper, lower rates of Komeen may also enhance the activity of this product. Apply copper at a minimum of 0.1 ppm in combination with this product. Higher rates may be needed in areas with dense weeds.

#### Littora Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide + endothall

The addition of endothall with this product may improve control on some species, such as hydrilla. For best results, apply this product at 1 to 2 gallons per acre in combination with the dipotassium salt of endothall at 0.6 to 1.2 gallons/acre foot (i.e. 1 to 2.0 ppm a.i.). Higher rates may be used, but do not exceed the maximum allowed rate for either product.

#### NOTE: For Drinking (Potable) Water

- The drinking (potable) water restrictions for applications of this product plus endothall are to ensure that consumption of water by the public is allowed only when the concentration of endothall in the water is less than the MCL (Maximum Contamination Level) of 0.1 ppm. Applicators should consider the unique characteristics of the treated waters to assure that endothall concentrations in potable drinking water do not exceed 0.1 ppm at the time of consumption.
- For applications of this product plus endothall, the drinking water setback distance from functioning potable water intakes is > 600 feet. Note: Existing potable water intakes that are no longer in use, such as those replaced by a connection to a municipal water system or a potable water well, are not considered to be functioning potable water intakes.

# STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal. Pesticide Storage: Keep pesticide in original container. Do not put concentrate or dilute into food or drink containers. Do not contaminate feed, foodstuffs, or drinking water. Do not store or transport near feed or food. Store at temperatures above 32°F.

Pesticide Disposal: Open dumping is prohibited. Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Non-refillable Container Disposal (rigid, 5 gallons or less): Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptiy after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1⁄4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat the procedure two more times. Then offer the container for recycling (if available) or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. **CONTAINER IS NOT SAFE FOR FOOD, FEED, OR DRINKING WATER!** 

Warranty Disclaimer: SePRO Corporation warrants that this product conforms to the chemical description on the product label. Testing and research have also determined that this product is reasonably fit for the uses described on the product label. To the extent consistent with applicable law, SePRO Corporation makes no other express or implied warranty of fitness or merchantability nor any other express or implied warranty and any such warranties are expressly disclaimed.

Misuse: Federal law prohibits the use of this product in a manner inconsistent with its label directions. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the buyer assumes responsibility for any adverse consequences if this product is not used according to its label directions. In no case shall SePRO Corporation be liable for any losses or damages resulting from the use, handling or application of this product in a manner inconsistent with its label.

For additional important labeling information regarding SePRO Corporation's Terms and Conditions of Use, Inherent Risks of Use and Limitation of Remedies, please visit <u>http://seprolabels.com/terms</u> or scan the image below.



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Conforms to HazCom 2012/United States

SDS

Littora

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# Littora®

# Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide

# Section 1. Identification

Product name	: Littora® Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide
Other means of identification	: EPA Registration Number 67690-53
Supplier's details	: SePRO Corporation 11550 North Meridian Street Suite 600 Carmel, IN 46032 U.S.A. Tel: 317-580-8282 Toll free: 1-800-419-7779 Fax: 317-580-8290 Monday - Friday, 8am to 5pm <u>E.S.T.</u> <u>www.sepro.com</u>
Free a water and the law beauty	

**Emergency telephone** 

: INFOTRAC - 24-hour service 1-800-535-5053

The following recommendations for exposure controls and personal protection are intended for the manufacture, formulation and packaging of this product. For applications and/or use, consult the product label. The label directions supersede the text of this Safety Data Sheet for application and/or use.

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard Classification: Acute Oral Toxicity: Acute Dermal Toxicity: Acute Inhalation Toxici Acute Aquatic Toxicity:	ty: Category 2
Signal Word:	Caution
Hazard Statements:	Toxic by inhalation. Irritating to eyes and skin. Harmful if swallowed.
Hazard Pictograms:	
Precautionary Statements:	Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing spray mist. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wear protective eyeware. Wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, socks, shoes and gloves.
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Description of Hazards not Otherwise Classified: This pesticide is toxic to aquatic invertebrates.