#### CPC-2020-516-DB-PSH-SIP

**EXHIBIT 7** 

## CITY OF LOS ANGELES OFFICE OF THE CITY CLERK ROOM 395, CITY HALL LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90012

CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT

PROPOSED MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

	PROPOSED WITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION		
LEAD CITY AGENCY	COUNCIL DISTRICT		
City of Los Angeles	CD 10 - HERB J. WESSON, JR.		

PROJECT TITLE CASE NO. VTT-73424-SL

PROJECT LOCATION

4116 W COUNTRY CLUB DR

#### PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The proposed project involves the demolition of three commercial buildings and surface parking and the construction, use and maintenance of thirty-eight (38) small lot homes on a 1.35 net acre site in the C2-1-O Zone. Each home will be three stories in height and will include two parking spaces within private garages. Additionally, ten guest parking spaces are proposed.

The project is requesting approval of a Vesting Tentative Tract Map (VTT-73424-SL) to allow for the merger and subdivision of eight existing parcels into 38 Small Lots.

#### NAME AND ADDRESS OF APPLICANT IF OTHER THAN CITY AGENCY

Advent Property Holdings

#### FINDING:

The City Planning Department of the City of Los Angeles has Proposed that a mitigated negative declaration be adopted for this project because the mitigation measure(s) outlined on the attached page(s) will reduce any potential significant adverse effects to a level of insignificance

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 2)

#### SEE ATTACHED SHEET(S) FOR ANY MITIGATION MEASURES IMPOSED.

Any written comments received during the public review period are attached together with the response of the Lead City Agency. The project decision-make may adopt the mitigated negative declariation, amend it, or require preparation of an EIR. Any changes made should be supported by substantial evidence in the record and appropriate findings made.

#### THE INITIAL STUDY PREPARED FOR THIS PROJECT IS ATTACHED.

NAME OF PERSON PREPARING THIS FORM		TITLE	TELEPHONE NUMBER
JORDANN TURNER		CITY PLANNER	(213) 978-1365
ADDRESS  200 N. SPRING STREET, 7th FLOOR LOS ANGELES, CA. 90012	SIGNATURE (Official)		JULY 6, 2016

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#### I-120. Aesthetics (Light)

- Environmental impacts to the adjacent residential properties may result due to excessive illumination on the project site. However, the potential impacts will be mitigated to a less than significant level by the following measure:
- Outdoor lighting shall be designed and installed with shielding, such that the light source cannot be seen from adjacent residential properties, the public right-of-way, nor from above.

#### I-130. Aesthetics (Glare)

- Environmental impacts to adjacent residential properties may result from glare from the proposed project.
   However, the potential impacts will be mitigated to a less than significant level by the following measure:
- The exterior of the proposed structure shall be constructed of materials such as, but not limited to, high-performance and/or non-reflective tinted glass (no mirror-like tints or films) and pre-cast concrete or fabricated wall surfaces to minimize glare and reflected heat.

#### IV-70. Tree Removal (Non-Protected Trees)

- Environmental impacts from project implementation may result due to the loss of significant trees on the site. However, the potential impacts will be mitigated to a less than significant level by the following measures:
- Prior to the issuance of any permit, a plot plan shall be prepared indicating the location, size, type, and general
  condition of all existing trees on the site and within the adjacent public right(s)-of-way.
- All significant (8-inch or greater trunk diameter, or cumulative trunk diameter if multi-trunked, as measured 54 inches above the ground) non-protected trees on the site proposed for removal shall be replaced at a 1:1 ratio with a minimum 24-inch box tree. Net, new trees, located within the parkway of the adjacent public right(s)-of-way, may be counted toward replacement tree requirements.
- Removal or planting of any tree in the public right-of-way requires approval of the Board of Public Works. Contact
  Urban Forestry Division at: 213-847-3077. All trees in the public right-of-way shall be provided per the current
  standards of the Urban Forestry Division, Bureau of Street Services, Department of Public Works.

#### IV-90. Tree Removal (Public Right-of-Way)

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- Removal of trees in the public right-of-way requires approval by the Board of Public Works.
- The required Tree Report shall include the location, size, type, and condition of all existing trees in the adjacent public right-of-way and shall be submitted for review and approval by the Urban Forestry Division of the Bureau of Street Services, Department of Public Works (213-847-3077).
- The plan shall contain measures recommended by the tree expert for the preservation of as many trees as possible. Measures such as replacement by a minimum of 24-inch box trees in the parkway and on the site, on a 1:1 basis, shall be required for the unavoidable loss of significant (8-inch or greater trunk diameter, or cumulative trunk diameter if multi-trunked, as measured 54 inches above the ground) trees in the public right-of-way.
- All trees in the public right-of-way shall be provided per the current Urban Forestry Division standards.

#### X-60. Land Use/Planning

- The project will result in land use and/or planning impact(s). However, the impact(s) can be reduced to a less than significant level through compliance with the following measure(s):
- An air filtration system shall be installed and maintained with filters meeting or exceeding the ASHRAE Standard 52.2 Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) of 11, to the satisfaction of the Department of Building and Safety.

#### XII-20. Increased Noise Levels (Demolition, Grading, and Construction Activities)

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- Construction and demolition shall be restricted to the hours of 7:00 am to 6:00 pm Monday through Friday, and 8:00 am to 6:00 pm on Saturday.
- Demolition and construction activities shall be scheduled so as to avoid operating several pieces of equipment simultaneously, which causes high noise levels.
- The project contractor shall use power construction equipment with state-of-the-art noise shielding and muffling devices.

#### XII-170. Severe Noise Levels (Residential Fronting on Major or Secondary Highway, or adjacent to a Freeway)

Environmental impacts to future occupants may result from this project's implementation due to mobile noise. However, these impacts will be mitigated to a less than significant level by the following measures:

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- All exterior windows having a line of sight of a Major or Secondary Highway shall be constructed with double-pane glass and use exterior wall construction which provides a Sound Transmission Class (STC) value of 50, as determined in accordance with ASTM E90 and ASTM E413, or any amendment thereto.
- The applicant, as an alternative, may retain an acoustical engineer to submit evidence, along with the application for a building permit, any alternative means of sound insulation sufficient to mitigate interior noise levels below a CNEL of 45 dBA in any habitable room.

#### XIV-10. Public Services (Fire)

- Environmental impacts may result from project implementation due to the location of the project in an area having marginal fire protection facilities. However, this potential impact will be mitigated to a less than significant level by the following measure:
- The following recommendations of the Fire Department relative to fire safety shall be incorporated into the building plans, which includes the submittal of a plot plan for approval by the Fire Department either prior to the recordation of a final map or the approval of a building permit. The plot plan shall include the following minimum design features: fire lanes, where required, shall be a minimum of 20 feet in width; all structures must be within 300 feet of an approved fire hydrant, and entrances to any dwelling unit or guest room shall not be more than 150 feet in distance in horizontal travel from the edge of the roadway of an improved street or approved fire lane.

#### XIV-20. Public Services (Police – Demolition/Construction Sites)

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• Temporary construction fencing shall be placed along the periphery of the active construction areas to screen as much of the construction activity from view at the local street level and to keep unpermitted persons from entering the construction area.

#### XIV-30. Public Services (Police)

- Environmental impacts may result from project implementation due to the location of the project in an area having marginal police services. However, this potential impact will be mitigated to a less than significant level by the following measure:
- The plans shall incorporate the design guidelines relative to security, semi-public and private spaces, which may include but not be limited to access control to building, secured parking facilities, walls/fences with key systems, well-illuminated public and semi-public space designed with a minimum of dead space to eliminate areas of concealment, location of toilet facilities or building entrances in high-foot traffic areas, and provision of security guard patrol throughout the project site if needed. Please refer to "Design Out Crime Guidelines: Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design", published by the Los Angeles Police Department. Contact the Community Relations Division, located at 100 W. 1st Street, #250, Los Angeles, CA 90012; (213) 486-6000. These measures shall be approved by the Police Department prior to the issuance of building permits.

#### XVI-40. Safety Hazards

- Environmental impacts may result from project implementation due to hazards to safety from design features (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses. However, the potential impacts can be mitigated to a less than significant level by the following measure:
- The developer shall install appropriate traffic signs around the site to ensure pedestrian, bicycle, and vehicle safety.
- The applicant shall submit a parking and driveway plan that incorporates design features that reduce accidents, to the Bureau of Engineering and the Department of Transportation for approval.

#### XVI-80. Transportation/Traffic

- The project will result in impacts to transportation and/or traffic systems. However, the impact can be reduced to a less than significant level though compliance with the following measure(s):
- Applicant shall plan construction and construction staging as to maintain pedestrian access on adjacent sidewalks
  throughout all construction phases. This requires the applicant to maintain adequate and safe pedestrian
  protection, including physical separation (including utilization of barriers such as K-Rails or scaffolding, etc.) from
  work space and vehicular traffic and overhead protection, due to sidewalk closure or blockage, at all times.
- Temporary pedestrian facilities should be adjacent to the project site and provide safe, accessible routes that replicate as nearly as practical the most desirable characteristics of the existing facility.
- Covered walkways shall be provided where pedestrians are exposed to potential injury from falling objects.
- Applicant shall keep sidewalk open during construction until only when it is absolutely required to close or block sidewalk for construction staging. Sidewalk shall be reopened as soon as reasonably feasible taking construction and construction staging into account.

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## **CITY OF LOS ANGELES**

OFFICE OF THE CITY CLERK ROOM 395, CITY HALL LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90012

CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT

# **INITIAL STUDY** and CHECKLIST

(CEQA Guidelines Section 15063)

LEAD CITY AGENCY: City of Los Angeles		COUNCIL DISTRICT: CD 10 - HERB J. WESSON, JR.	DATE:
RESPONSIBLE AGENCIES: Department of City Plann	ning		
ENVIRONMENTAL CASE: ENV-2015-1229-MND	RELATED VTT-73424		
PREVIOUS ACTIONS CASE NO.:		es have significant changes from prev bes NOT have significant changes from	
PROJECT DESCRIPTION: TENTATIVE TRACT MAP	-1 <del>-</del>		
ENV PROJECT DESCRIPTION: The proposed project involves the demolition of three comaintenance of thirty-eight (38) small lot homes on a 1 and will include two parking spaces within private garage.  The project is requesting approval of a Vesting Tentative existing parcels into 38 Small Lots.	.35 net acre ges. Additior	site in the C2-1-O Zone. Each home wally, ten guest parking spaces are pro	vill be three stories in height posed.
ENVIRONMENTAL SETTINGS: The project site is a generally level consisting of multipl Crenshaw Avenue and Country Club Drive. The subject Office Commercial land uses and is zoned C2-1-O. The the east.	t property is	within the Wilshire Community Plan, o	designated for Neighborhood
The site is currently developed with three commercial by parking. The adjacent properties to the north (across Calong Crenshaw Boulevard and zoned C2-10; immediated the project site are one and two-story commercial busite are commercial buildings along Crenshaw Bouleva Zone.	ountry Club ate east are i ildings and s	Drive) are developed with one and two multi-family housing in the R3-1-O-HP surface parking in the C2-1-O Zone; in	o story commercial buildings OZ zone; immediate south nmediate west of the project
Crenshaw Boulevard adjoining the project site to the we with concrete gutters, curbs and sidewalk. Country Club improved with concrete gutters, curbs and sidewalk.			
The property is located approximately 2 kilometers from Zone.	n the Puente	Hills Blind Thrust fault and is located	within a Methane Buffer
The property is not located within an Airport Hazard are Flood Zone, Watercourse, Hazardous Waste/Border Zo a Landslide Area, a Preliminary Fault Rupture Study Ar within 500 feet of any school or park.	ne Propertie	es, High Wind Velocity Areas, Oil Wells	s, Alquist-Priolo Fault Zone,
PROJECT LOCATION: 4116 W COUNTRY CLUB DR			

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COMMUNITY PLAN AREA: WILSHIRE STATUS:	AREA PLANNING COMMISSION: CENTRAL	CERTIFIED XIEIDHBORHOOD COUNCIL: OLYMPIC PARK
☐ Does Conform to Plan ☐ Does NOT Conform to Plan		
EXISTING ZONING: C2-1-O	MAX. DENSITY/INTENSITY ALLOWED BY ZONING: 68 units	
GENERAL PLAN LAND USE: NEIGHBORHOOD OFFICE COMMERCIAL	MAX. DENSITY/INTENSITY ALLOWED BY PLAN DESIGNATION: 68 units	LA River Adjacent:
	PROPOSED PROJECT DENSITY: 38 units	

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## Determination (To Be Completed By Lead Agency)

On the basis of this initial evaluation: I find that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions on the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. I find the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required. I find the proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect 1) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and 2) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but it must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed. I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required. **CITY PLANNER** (213) 978-1365 Irfam F. P. m Signature Title Phone

#### **Evaluation Of Environmental Impacts:**

- 1. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2. All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3. Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less that significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4. "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of a mitigation measure has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses," as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5. Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR, or negative declaration. Section 15063 (c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
  - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
  - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
  - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less than Significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.

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- 6. Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for the latin pacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7. Supporting Information Sources: A sources list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8. This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9. The explanation of each issue should identify:
  - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
  - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance.

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## **Environmental Factors Potentially Affected:**

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

✓ AESTHETICS  □ AGRICULTURE AND FOREST RESOURCES □ AIR QUALITY ✓ BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES □ CULTURAL RESOURCES □ GEOLOGY AND SOILS	☐ GREEN HOUSE GAS EMISSIONS ☐ HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS ☐ HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY ✓ LAND USE AND PLANNING ☐ MINERAL RESOURCES ✓ NOISE	<ul> <li>□ POPULATION AND HOUSING</li> <li>✓ PUBLIC SERVICES</li> <li>□ RECREATION</li> <li>✓ TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC</li> <li>□ UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS</li> <li>□ MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE</li> </ul>
INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIS	T (To be completed by the Lead City Agency)	
Background PROPONENT NAME:	,	PHONE NUMBER:
Advent Property Holdings	(	949) 777-4000
APPLICANT ADDRESS:		
AGENCY REQUIRING CHECKLIST:	Ι	DATE SUBMITTED:
Department of City Planning	C	04/02/2015
PROPOSAL NAME (if Applicable):		

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	Less than significant	A second	
Potentia(BP) significant impact	C-2020¤516- mitigation incorporated	TANGARE TANGAKE TANGAKE	7 No impact

	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?	j	1	
).	Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?			<b>V</b>
<b>)</b> .	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?		<b>Y</b>	
d.	Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?	<b>V</b>		
l.	AGRICULTURE AND FOREST RESOURCES	1,		-
1.	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to nonagricultural use?			<b>V</b>
b.	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?			<b>V</b>
c.	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?			~
d.	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?			<b>V</b>
е.	Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?			~
II.	AIR QUALITY			
<b>a</b> .	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?		V	
Э,	Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?		~	
c.	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?		~	The state of the s
ı.	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?		V	
<b>)</b> .	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?		<b>V</b>	-
V.	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES		1	<u>4_</u> ,
a.	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?		<b>V</b>	
<b>)</b> .	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?			<b>√</b>
i.	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?			<b>V</b>
ī.	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?			
	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?	<b>Y</b>		
i.	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?			<b>V</b>

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	Less than significant		
Potentia(I)(P)( significant	C-20204516- mitigation	DB-@ShpuSIP	
	incorporated	EXHIBIT 7	No impact

a.	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in § 15064.5?	<b>✓</b>	
ο.	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to § 15064.5?	<b>V</b>	
С.	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?	<b>√</b>	
d.	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?	~	
e.	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a site, feature, place, cultural landscape, sacred place, or object with cultural value to a California Native American Tribe that is listed or determined eligible for listing on the California register of historical resources, listed on a local historical register, or otherwise determined by the lead agency to be a tribal cultural resource?	<b>*</b>	Total Cont.
۷Ì.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS		
	Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving: Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.		
b.	Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving: Strong seismic ground shaking?	~	_
C.	Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving: Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?		<b>Y</b>
d.	Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving: Landslides?		<b>V</b>
Э.	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?	<b>V</b>	
f.	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?		<b>V</b>
g.	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?		
٦.	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?		<b>V</b>
/II	GREEN HOUSE GAS EMISSIONS		2
à.	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?	~	
ο.	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?	~	
/	I. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS		
1.	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?	<b>V</b>	
Э.	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?		<b>V</b>
	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?		<b>V</b>
ì	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?		~

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Ī		Less than significant		
100000	significant	mitigation	DB#PS##SIP FXHIRIT 7	<b>N.</b> 1. 1
Sp. div	impact	incorporated	HWD#G511	No impact

e.	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?	The state of the s			<b>V</b>
f.	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				~
g.	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?			<b>V</b>	
h.	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				~
X.	HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY				
a.	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?	7		V	4
b.	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of preexisting nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?			<b>Y</b>	
c.	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?				<b>Y</b>
d.	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site?			1	
е.	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?			~	And the second s
f.	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?			<b>V</b>	
g.	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				<b>*</b>
ո.	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows?				<b>Y</b>
i.	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?				
j.	Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?				<b>V</b>
Κ.	LAND USE AND PLANNING				
a.	Physically divide an established community?			1	BALGO A
b.	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?		~		
c.	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?				<b>Y</b>
ΧI.	MINERAL RESOURCES				
a.	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				<b>Y</b>
o.	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				<b>V</b>
ΧII	NOISE			and rathering.	
a.	Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?		<b>V</b>		

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	Less than significant		te de la constante de la const
Potentia()P(	C-20 <b>20</b> 516-	DBePSH4SIP	
significant impact	mitigation incorporated	EXHIBIT 7	No impact

ο.	Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?	<b>V</b>		
	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?		<b>✓</b>	
ī.	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?	<b>√</b>		
	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?		<b>V</b>	
	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?		1	Y
(II	II. POPULATION AND HOUSING			
1.	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?			
).	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?	1		~
	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?			V
(I)	V. PUBLIC SERVICES			
<b>1</b> .	Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services: Fire protection?			
٠.	Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services: Police protection?			
	Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services: Schools?		<b>V</b>	
ī.	Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services: Parks?			
	Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services: Other public facilities?	4		
Č	RECREATION			
l.	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?		~	
i.	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?	and the state of t	V	

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significant	mitigation	DB.@ShkSIP \u00e4y\u00e4	
impact	incorporated	-impact '	No impact

a.	Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit?		<b>V</b>	
о.	Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?		~	
	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?	á	The second secon	<b>V</b>
I.	Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?	<b>V</b>	Transfer in the second	***
	Result in inadequate emergency access?	V		
f.	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities supporting alternative transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle racks)?		<b>V</b>	
(V	II. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS			
۱.	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?		~	
).	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?		~	
	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?		<b>V</b>	
l.	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?		~	
	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?		~	
	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?		<b>Y</b>	
	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?		<b>V</b>	
īV	III. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE			
•	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?			~
	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?		<b>V</b>	
	Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?		<b>V</b>	
o.	substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?  Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?  Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial		<b>*</b>	

Note: Authority cited: Sections 21083, 21083.05, Public Resources Code. Reference: Section 65088.4, Gov. Code; Sections 21080, 21083.05, 21095, Pub. Resources Code; Eureka Citizens for Responsible Govt. v. City of Eureka (2007) 147 Cal.App.4th 357; Protect the Historic Amador Waterways v. Amador Water Agency (2004) 116 Cal.App.4th at 1109; San Franciscans Upholding the Downtown Plan v. City and County of San Francisco (2002) 102 Cal.App.4th 656.

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#### DISCUSSION OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL EVALUATION (Attach additional sheets if necessary)

The Environmental Impact Assessment includes the use of official City of Los Angeles and other government source reference materials related to various environmental impact categories (e.g., Hydrology, Air Quality, Biology, Cultural Resources, etc.). The State of California, Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology - Seismic Hazard Maps and reports, are used to identify potential future significant seismic events; including probable magnitudes, liquefaction, and landslide hazards. Based on applicant information provided in the Master Land Use Application and Environmental Assessment Form, impact evaluations were based on stated facts contained therein, including but not limited to, reference materials indicated above, field investigation of the project site, and any other reliable reference materials known at the time.

Project specific impacts were evaluated based on all relevant facts indicated in the Environmental Assessment Form and expressed through the applicant's project description and supportive materials. Both the Initial Study Checklist and Checklist Explanations, in conjunction with the City of Los Angeles's Adopted Thresholds Guide and CEQA Guidelines, were used to reach reasonable conclusions on environmental impacts as mandated under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The project as identified in the project description may cause potentially significant impacts on the environment without mitigation. Therefore, this environmental analysis concludes that a Mitigated Negative Declaration shall be issued to avoid and mitigate all potential adverse impacts on the environment by the imposition of mitigation measures and/or conditions contained and expressed in this document; the environmental case file known as ENV-2015-1229-MND and the associated case(s), VTT-73424-SL. Finally, based on the fact that these impacts can be feasibly mitigated to less than significant, and based on the findings and thresholds for Mandatory Findings of Significance as described in the California Environmental Quality Act, section 15065, the overall project impact(s) on the environment (after mitigation) will not:

- Substantially degrade environmental quality.
- Substantially reduce fish or wildlife habitat.
- Cause a fish or wildlife habitat to drop below self sustaining levels.
- Threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community.
- Reduce number, or restrict range of a rare, threatened, or endangered species.
- Eliminate important examples of major periods of California history or prehistory.
- Achieve short-term goals to the disadvantage of long-term goals.
- Result in environmental effects that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable.
- Result in environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings.

#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

All supporting documents and references are contained in the Environmental Case File referenced above and may be viewed in the EIR Unit, Room 763, City Hall.

<u>For City information, addresses and phone numbers:</u> visit the City's website at http://www.lacity.org; City Planning - and Zoning Information Mapping Automated System (ZIMAS) cityplanning.lacity.org/ or EIR Unit, City Hall, 200 N Spring Street, Room 763. Seismic Hazard Maps - http://gmw.consrv.ca.gov/shmp/

Engineering/Infrastructure/Topographic Maps/Parcel Information - http://boemaps.eng.ci.la.ca.us/index01.htm or City's main website under the heading "Navigate LA".

PREPARED BY:	TITLE:	TELEPHONE NO.:	DATE:
JORDANN TURNER	CITY PLANNER	(213) 978-1365	06/09/2016

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## APPENDIX A: ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS EXPLANATION TABLE

I. A	I. AESTHETICS				
a.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista. A scenic vista refers to views of focal points or panoramic views of broader geographic areas that have visual interest. A focal point view would consist of a view of a notable object, building, or setting. A scenic vista would become diminished if the bulk or design of a building or development contrasts enough with a visually interesting view, so that the quality of the view is permanently affected. The subject site is located on the southeast corner of Crenshaw Boulevard and Country Club Drive and neither of these streets is identified as a Scenic Highway in the Mobility Plan 2035. Therefore, the proposed project would result in no impact with regard to scenic vistas.			
b.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would substantially damage scenic resources within a State Scenic Highway. The City of Los Angeles' General Plan Mobility Element (Citywide General Plan Circulation System Maps) indicates that no City-designated scenic highways are located near the project site. Therefore, no impacts related to scenic highways would occur.			
C.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the project site and its surroundings. Significant impacts to the visual character of a site and its surroundings are generally based on the removal of features with aesthetic value, the introduction of contrasting urban features into a local area, and the degree to which the elements of the proposed project detract from the visual character of an area. The proposed projectwill not change the visual character of its surroundings, and will be an infill development of 38 small lot homes in a built-out environment. The project will be required to comply with LAMC Sections 91.8104, 91.8104.15, and 91.6205, which regulate trash and graffiti abatement.			

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		Therefore, impacts will be less than significant.	
d.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT WITH MITIGATION INCORPORATED	A significant impact would occur if light and glare substantially altered the character of off-site areas surrounding the site or interfered with the performance of an off-site activity. Light impacts are typically associated with the use of artificial light during the evening and night-time hours. Glare may be a daytime occurrence caused by the reflection of sunlight or artificial light from highly polishedsurfaces, such as window glass and reflective cladding materials, and may interfere with the safe operation of a motor vehicle on adjacent streets. Daytime glare is common in urban areas. Nighttime glare is primarily associated with bright point-source lighting that contrasts with existing low ambient light conditions. The project could create significant new sources of light and glare due to the use of security lighting and various building materials. Incorporation of the mitigation measures would reduce project impacts to less than significant levels.	I-120, I-130
II. A	GRICULTURE AND FOREST RESOU	RCES	
a.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would convert valued farmland to non-agricultural uses. No farmland, agricultural uses, or related operations are present within the project site or surrounding area. Due to its urban setting, the project site and surrounding area are not included in the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency. Therefore, the proposed project would not convert any Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance to a non-agricultural use, and no impact would occur.	
b.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project conflicted with existing agricultural zoning or agricultural parcels enrolled under the Williamson Act. The project site is not zoned for agricultural use or regulated under the Williamson Act. As the project site and surrounding area do not contain farmland of any type, the proposed project would not conflict with a Williamson Act Contract and no impact would occur.	

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	Impact?	Explanation	Measures
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	Inc. page of	I	EXHIBIT 7
C.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project conflicted with existing zoning for, or caused rezoning of forest land or timberland, or resulted in the loss of forest land or in the conversion of forestland to non-forest use. The project site and the surrounding area are not zoned for forest land or timberland. Accordingly, the proposed project would not conflict with forest land or timberland zoning or result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use. Therefore, no impact would occur.	
d.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project conflicted with existing zoning for, or caused rezoning of forest land or timberland, or resulted in the loss of forest land or in the conversion of forestland to non-forest use. The project site and the surrounding area are not zoned for forest land or timberland.  Accordingly, the proposed project would not conflict with forest land or timberland zoning, or result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use. Therefore, no impact would occur.	
e.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project caused the conversion of farmland to non-agricultural use. The project site does not contain farmland, forestland, or timberland. Therefore, no impacts would occur.	
III. A	AIR QUALITY		
a.		The South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) is the agency primarily responsible for comprehensive air pollution control in the South Coast Air Basin and reducing emissions from area and point stationary, mobile, and indirect sources. SCAQMD prepared the 2012 Air Quality Management Plan (AQMP) to meet federal and state ambient air quality standards. A significant air quality impact may occur if a project is inconsistent with the AQMP or would in some way represent a substantial hindrance to employing the policies or obtaining the goals of that plan. The proposed project with 38 small lot homes is not expected to conflict with or obstruct the implementation of the AQMP and SCAQMD rules. The proposed project is also subject to the City's Green Building Program Ordinance (Ord. No. 179,890), which was adopted to reduce the use of natural resources, create healthier living	

Mitigation

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	1 10		Mitigation
	Impact?	Explanation CPC	Measures -2020-516-DB-PSH-SIP
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:		environments, and minimize the negative impacts of development on local, regional and global ecosystems. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.	
b.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. Construction of the proposed project would contribute to air quality emissions through the use of heavy-duty construction equipment, truck deliveries and haul trips, and vehicle trips generated by construction workers traveling to and from the project site. Fugitive dust emissions would primarily result from earthwork activities. Nitrogen oxide (NOX) emissions would primarily result from the use of construction equipment. It is mandatory for all construction projects in the South Coast Air Basin (Basin) to comply with SCAQMD Rule 403 for Fugitive Dust. Specific Rule 403 control requirements include, but are not limited to, applying water in sufficient quantities to prevent the generation of visible dust plumes, applying soil binders to uncovered areas, reestablishing ground cover as quickly as possible, utilizing a wheel washing system to remove bulk material from tires and vehicle undercarriages before vehicles exit the project site, and maintaining effective cover over exposed areas. Compliance with Rule 403 would reduce regional particulate matter emissions associated with construction activities and the impacts would be less than significant.	
C.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	The project does not propose to have a subterranean level and proposes less than 500 cubic yards of grading. While grading will be minimal, the construction phase will produce fugitive dust and mobile sources emissions as a result of construction activity. The proposed project and the whole of the Los Angeles metropolitan area are located within the Basin, which is characterized by relatively poor air quality. The Basin is currently classified as a federal and State non-attainment area for ozone (O3), respirable particulate matter (PM10), PM2.5, and lead (Pb) and a federal attainment/maintenance area for carbon monoxide (CO). It is classified as a State	

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		attainment area for CO, and it currently meets the federal and State standards for nitrogen dioxide (NO2), sulfur oxides (SOX), and Pb.Because the Basin is designated as a State and/or federal nonattainment air basin for O3, PM10, PM2.5, and NO2, there is an on-going regional cumulative impact associated with these pollutants. However, an individual project can emit these pollutants without significantly contributing to this cumulative impact depending on the magnitude of emissions. This magnitude is determined by the project-level significance thresholds established by the SCAQMD. Operational	EXHIBIT 7
d.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	and construction regional emissions would not likely exceed the project-level SCAQMD localized significance thresholds for criteria air pollutants. Impacts during construction will be less than significant due to existing regulations and compliance with SCAQMD Rule 403 during the construction phase.  Based on the City of Los Angeles CEQA	
d.	LEGG THAN GIONII IOANT INIFACT	Thresholds Guide, a significant impact may occur if a project were to generate pollutant concentrations to a degree that would significantly affect sensitive receptors. The SCAQMD identifies the following as sensitive receptors: long-term health care facilities, rehabilitation centers, convalescent centers, retirement homes, residences, schools, playgrounds, child care centers, and athletic facilities. The California Air Resources Board (CARB) has published guidance for locating new sensitive receptors (e.g., residences) away from nearby sources of air pollution. Relevant recommendations include avoid siting new sensitive land uses within 500 feet of a freeway or 300 feet of a large gas station (defined as a facility with a throughput of 3.6 million gallons per year or greater). The project site is located approximately 2 miles north of Interstate 10 (Santa Monica Freeway) and approximately .25 miles from a gas station (located at Crenshaw Boulevard and Olympic Boulevard). However, the gas station is not considered a large gas station. Therefore, the location of the proposed project would be consistent with CARB recommendations for locating new sensitive receptors and the proposed project would have a less-than-significant impact.	

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	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
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e.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	Potential sources that may emit odors during construction activities include equipment exhaust and architectural coatings. Odors from these sources would be localized and generally confined to the immediate area surrounding the project site. The proposed project would utilize typical construction techniques, and the odors would be typical of most construction sites and temporary in nature. Construction of the proposed project would not cause an odor nuisance. According to the SCAQMD CEQA Air Quality Handbook, land uses and industrial operations that are associated with odor complaints include agricultural uses, wastewater treatment plants, food processing plants, chemical plants, composting, refineries, landfills, dairies and fiberglass molding. The proposed land uses would not result in activities that create objectionable odors. Therefore, the proposed project would result in a less-than-significant impact related to objectionable odors.	
IV. E	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES	related to objectionable odors.	
a.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A project would have a significant biological impact through the loss or destruction of individuals of a species or through the degradation of sensitive habitat. The project site is located within the Wilshire Community Plan. A Tree Report for the project was prepared by Approved Tree Care dated February 16, 2015. The study did not identify any trees on-site. However three trees are located within the public right-of-way. While it is not anticipated that the project site would be a habitat for any species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game, the project will be required to comply with the Federal Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) (Title 33, United States Code, Section 703 et seq., see also Title 50, Code of Federal Regulation, Part 10) and Section 3503 of the California Department of Fish and Game Code. Therefore, the project's impacts will be less than significant.	
b.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if any riparian habitat or natural community would be lost or destroyed as a result of urban development. The project site does not contain any riparian habitat and does not contain any streams or water courses	

	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
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		necessary to support riparian habitat. Therefore, the proposed project would not have any effect on riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW) or the United States Fish and Wildlife Services (USFWS), and no impacts would occur.	EXHIBIT 7
C.	NO IMPACT	The project site is located in a highly urbanized area and developed with commercial buildings. There are no federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) on the site. Therefore, no impacts would occur.	
d.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would interfere with, or remove access to, a migratory wildlife corridor or impede use of native wildlife nursery sites. Due to the highly urbanized nature of the project site and surrounding area, the lack of a major water body, and the limited number of trees, the project site does not support habitat for native resident or migratory species or contain native nurseries. Therefore, the proposed project would not interfere with wildlife movement or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites, and no impact would occur.	
e.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT WITH MITIGATION INCORPORATED	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would be inconsistent with local regulations pertaining to biological resources. The project site does not contain locally-protected biological resources, such as oak trees, Southern California black walnut, western sycamore, and California bay trees. The tree report does not identify any trees on site. However the trees are located within the Crenshaw Boulevard right-of-way. Mitigation measures have been incorporated to reduce impacts of the removal of the trees along the public right-of-way to a less than significant impact.	IV-70, IV-90
f.	NO IMPACT	The project site and its vicinity are not part of any draft or adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plan. Therefore, the	

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	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
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		proposed project would not conflict with the provisions of any adopted conservation plan, and no impacts would occur.	EXHIBIT 7
v. c	ULTURAL RESOURCES	•	
a.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would be substantially altered the environmental context of, or removed identified historical resources. The project includes the demolition of an existing buildings constructed from 1940's and 1960's. The building is not identified as a historic resource by local or state agencies, and the project site has not been determined to be eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places, California Register of Historical Resources, and the Los Angeles Historic-Cultural Monuments Register. In addition, the site was not found to be a potential historic resource or have any significant architectural features, based on a review of the City's Survey LA findings. Therefore, project impacts would be less than significant.	
b.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if a known or unknown archaeological resource would be removed, altered, or destroyed as a result of the proposed development. Section 15064.5 of the State CEQA Guidelines defines significant archaeological resources as resources that meet the criteria for historical resources or resources that constitute unique archaeological resources. The project proposes minimal grading, less than 500 cubic yards. Project-related excavation for the building footing may have the potential to uncover archaeological resources. However, if archeological resources are found during excavation, the project will be required to follow procedures as detailed in the California Public Resources Code Section 21083.2. Therefore, the impact would be less than significant.	
C.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if excavation or construction activities associated with the proposed project would disturb paleontological or unique geological features. The proposed project would require ground disturbance that may involve excavation into native soils that contain paleontological resources. The project proposes minimal grading, less than 500 cubic yards. If	

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	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
	Impacti	CPC	-2020-516-DB-PSH-SIP
		paleontological resources are found during excavation, the project will be required to follow procedures as detailed in the California Public Resources Code Sections 5097.5 and 30244. Therefore, the impact would be less than significant	EXHIBIT 7
d.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if previously interred human remains would be disturbed during excavation of the project site. Human remains could be encountered during excavation and grading activities associated with the proposed project. The project proposes to grade less than 500 cubic yards of dirt. While no formal cemeteries, other places of human internment, or burial grounds or sites are known to occur within the project site, there is always a possibility that human remains can be encountered during construction. If human remains are found during excavation, the project will need to follow procedures as detailed in the California Health and Safety Code Section 7050.5. If human remains of Native American origin are discovered during project construction, compliance with state laws, which fall within the jurisdiction of the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) (Public Resource Code Section 5097), relating to the disposition of Native American burials will be adhered to. Therefore, the impact would be less than significant.	
e.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the project would result in a substantial adverse change in the significance of a tribal cultural resource, including, but not limited to, sites, features, places, cultural landscapes, sacred places, and objects with cultural value to a California Native American tribe or an historical resource as defined in of Section 5024.1(c) Public Resources Code. The subject property has not been identified to contain any tribal cultural resource. If human remains of Native American origin are discovered during project construction, compliance with state laws, which fall within the jurisdiction of the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) (Public Resource Code Section 5097), relating to the disposition of Native American burials will be adhered to and if archeological resources are found during excavation, the project will be required to follow procedures as detailed in the California	

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	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
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		Public Resources Code Section 21083.2. Therefore, project impacts would be less than significant.	LAMBIT 7
VI.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS		
a.	NO IMPACT	The project site is not located within an Alquist-Priolo Special Studies Zone or Fault Rupture Study Area. Therefore, no impacts would occur.	
b.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A Significant impact would occur if the proposed project would cause personal injury or death or resulted in property damage as a result of seismic ground shaking. The project site is located approximately 2 kilometers from the Puente Hills Blind Thrust. The proposed project would be designed and constructed in accordance with State and local building codes to reduce the potential for exposure of people or structures to seismic risks to the maximum extent possible. Compliance with such requirements would reduce seismic ground shaking impacts to the maximum extent practicable with current engineering practices. Therefore, impacts related to strong seismic ground shaking would be less than significant.	
C.	NO IMPACT	Based upon the criteria established in the City of Los Angeles CEQA Thresholds Guide, a significant impact may occur if a proposed project site is located within a liquefaction zone. Liquefaction is the loss of soil strength or stiffness due to a buildup of pore-water pressure during severe ground shaking. This site is not located within a liquefaction zone. Therefore, no impacts would occur.	
d.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would be implemented on a site that would be located in a hillside area with unstable geological conditions or soil types that would be susceptible to failure when saturated. The project site is not located within a landslide hazard zone. Therefore, no impacts would occur.	
e.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if construction activities or future uses would result in substantial soil erosion or loss of topsoil. Construction of proposed project would result in ground surface disturbance during site clearance, excavation, and grading, which could create the potential for soil erosion to occur. Nevertheless, construction activities would be performed in	

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	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
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		accordance with the requirements of the Los Angeles Building Code and the Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board (LARWQBC) through the City's Stormwater Management Division. In addition, the project would be required to develop a Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) which would require implementation of an erosion control plan to reduce the potential for wind or waterborne erosion during the construction process. Furthermore, all onsite grading and site preparation would comply with applicable provisions of Chapter IX, Division 70 of the LAMC, and conditions imposed by the City of Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety Grading Division. Therefore, project impacts would be less than significant.	EXHIBIT 7
f.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if any unstable geological conditions would result in any type of geological failure, including lateral spreading, off-site landslides, liquefaction, or collapse. The project site is not located in a liquefaction zone or area of known instability. Therefore, no impact would result.	
g.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would be built on expansive soils without proper site preparation or design features to provide adequate foundations for project buildings, thus, posing a hazard to life and property. Expansive soils have relatively high clay mineral and expand with the addition of water and shrink when dried, which can cause damage to overlying structures. Soils on the project site may have the potential to shrink and swell resulting from changes in the moisture content. The project would be required to comply with the requirements of the UBC, LAMC, and other applicable building codes. Therefore, project impacts would be less than significant.	
h.	NO IMPACT  GREEN HOUSE GAS EMISSIONS	The project site is located in a highly urbanized area, where wastewater infrastructure is currently in place. The existing buildings currently connect to existing sewer lines that serve the project site and would not use septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems. Therefore, no impact would occur.	

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	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
		CPC	-2020-516-DB-PSH-SIP EXHIBIT 7
a.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	Greenhouse gases (GHG) are those gaseous constituents of the atmosphere, both natural and anthropogenic (human generated), that absorb and emit radiation at specific wavelengths within the spectrum of terrestrial radiation emitted by the earth's surface, the atmosphere itself, and by clouds. The City has adopted the LA Green Plan to provide a citywide plan for achieving the City's GHG emissions targets, for both existing and future generation of GHG emissions. In order to implement the goal of improving energy conservation and efficiency, the Los Angeles City Council has adopted multiple ordinances and updates to establish the current Los Angeles Green Building Code (LAGBC) (Ordinance No. 179,890). The LAGBC requires projects to achieve a 20 percent reduction in potable water use and wastewater generation. As the LAGBC includes applicable provisions of the State's CALGreen Code, a new development project that can demonstrate it complies with the LAGBC is considered consistent with statewide GHG reduction goals and policies including AB32 (California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006). Through required implementation of the LAGBC, the project would be consistent with local and statewide goals and polices aimed at reducing the generation of GHGs.  Therefore, project impacts would be less	
b.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	than significant.  The California legislature passed Senate Bill (SB) 375 to connect regional transportation planning to land use decisions made at a local level. SB 375 requires the metropolitan planning organizations to prepare a Sustainable Communities Strategy (SCS) in their regional transportation plans to achieve the per capita GHG reduction targets. For the SCAG region, the SCS is contained in the 2012-2035 Regional Transportation Plan/Sustainable Communities Strategy (RTP/SCS). The 2012-2035 RTP/SCS focuses the majority of job growth in high-quality transit areas and other opportunity areas on existing main streets, in downtowns, and commercial corridors, resulting in an improved jobs-housing balance and more opportunity for transit-oriented development. In addition, SB 743, adopted September 27, 2013,	

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Import?	Evalenation	Mitigation
Impact?	Explanation CPC-	Measures -2020-516-DB-PSH-SIP
		EXHIBIT 7
	encourages land use and transportation planning decisions and investments that reduce vehicle miles traveled that contribute to GHG emissions, as required by AB 32. The proposed project would construct a residential project within close proximity to commercial uses and public transit (along Crenshaw Boulevard) and	
	would not interfere with SCAG's ability to implement the regional strategies outlined in the 2012-2035 RTP/SCS. The proposed project, therefore, would be consistent with statewide, regional and local goals and policies aimed at reducing GHG emissions and would result in a	
	less-than-significant impact related to	
	GHG reduction plans.	
/III. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS M		
a. LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the	
	proposed project would create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials. Construction of the proposed project would involve the temporary use of potentially hazardous materials, including vehicle fuels, oils, and transmission fluids. Operation of the project would involve the limited use and storage of common hazardous substances typical of those used in residential developments, including lubricants, paints, solvents, cleaning supplies, pesticides and other landscaping supplies. No industrial uses or activities are proposed that would result in the use or discharge of unregulated hazardous materials and/or substances, or create a public hazard through transport, use, or disposal. As a residential development, the proposed project would not involve large quantities of hazardous materials that would require routine transport, use, or disposal. With compliance to applicable standards and regulations and adherence to manufacturer's instructions related to the transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials, the proposed project would not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous	

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	Impact?	Explanation	Measures
		CPC	-2020-516-DB-PSH-SIP EXHIBIT 7
b.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project created a significant hazard to the public or environment due to a reasonably foreseeable release of hazardous materials. The existing structures on the subject property were built in 1940's and 1960's and therefore may contain asbestos-containing materials (ACMs) and lead-based paint (LBP). Demolition of these buildings would have the potential to release asbestos fibers into the atmosphere if such materials exist and they are not properly stabilized or removed prior to demolition activities. The removal of asbestos is regulated by SCAQMD Rule 1403; therefore, any asbestos found on-site would be required to be removed by a certified asbestos containment contractor in accordance with applicable regulations prior to demolition. Similarly, it is likely that lead-based paint is present in buildings constructed prior to 1979. Compliance with existing State laws regarding removal would be required. Therefore, project impacts would be less than significant.	LATIBIT 7
C.	NO IMPACT	Construction activities have the potential to result in the release, emission, handling, and disposal of hazardous materials within one-quarter mile of anexisting school. The project site is not located within one-quarter mile of an existing school and is not anticipated to emit hazardous emissions or handlehazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste as part of the proposed project. Therefore, no impacts would result.	
d.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the project site is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section65962.5 and would create a significant hazard to the public or the environment. The California Department of Toxic Substances Control (DTSC) maintains adatabase (EnviroStor) that provides access to detailed information on hazardous waste permitted sites andcorrective action facilities, as well as existing site cleanup information on	

Mitigation

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investigation, cleanup, permitting, and/or corrective actions that are planned, beingconducted, or have been completed

	40	Fundamentian	Mitigation
	Impact?	Explanation CPC	Measures -2020-516-DB-PSH-SIP
		under DTSC's oversight. The project site has not been identified on EnviroStor. No evidence has been provided that toxicsubstances exists on the site. Therefore, no impacts would result.	EXHIBIT 7
e.	NO IMPACT	The project site is located approximately 8 miles northeast of Los Angeles International Airport. The project site is not located within an Airport Hazard site. Therefore, no impact would result.	
f.	NO IMPACT	The project site is not located within two miles of a private airstrip. Therefore, no impacts would occur.	
g.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	The proposed project would not require the closure of any public or private streets and would not impede emergency vehicle access to the project site or surrounding area. The project would be required to receive approval from LAFD, mitigation measures have been incorporated to further reduce the impacts to a less than significant level.	
h.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project exposed people and structures to high risk of wildfire. The project site is located in a highlyurbanized area of the City. The area surrounding the project site is completely developed. Accordingly, the project site and the surrounding area are not subjectto wildland fires. Therefore, the proposed project would not expose people or structures to a risk of loss, injury, or death involving wildland fires, and no impact would occur.	
IX. I	HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY		
	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project discharges water that does not meet the quality standards of agencies which regulate surface water quality and water discharge into stormwater drainage systems, or does not comply with all applicable regulations as governed by the Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board(LARWQCB). The proposed project is the construction of 38 small lot homes. The proposed project would be required to comply with the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) standards and the City's Stormwater and Urban Runoff Pollution Control regulations (Ordinance No. 172,176 and No. 173,494) to ensure pollutant loads from the project site are minimized for downstream	

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			Mitigation
	Impact?	Explanation CPC	Measures -2020-516-DB-PSH-SIP
		0. 0	EXHIBIT 7
1		receiving waters. Therefore, the proposed	
		project would result in	
-	L COC TI IANI CIONIFICANT IMPACT	less-than-significant impacts.	
b.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would substantially deplete groundwater or interferes with groundwater recharge. The project will require minimal grading; however, the project would be required to comply with Waste Discharge Requirements for Discharges of Groundwater from Construction andProject Dewatering to Surface Waters in Coastal Watersheds of Los Angeles and Ventura Counties (Order No. R4-2008-0032, National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System No. CAG994004) or subsequent permit. Potable water would be supplied by the Los Angeles Department of Water and Power (LADWP), which draws its water supplies from distant sources for which it conducts its own assessment and mitigation of potential environmental impacts. Therefore, the project would not require direct additions or withdrawals of groundwater. Therefore, project development would not impact	
		groundwater supplies or groundwater recharge, and impacts will be less than significant.	
c.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would substantially alter the drainage pattern of an existing stream or river so that erosion or siltation would result. There are no streams or rivers located in the project vicinity. Project construction would temporarily expose on-site soils to surface water runoff. However, compliance with construction-related BMPs and/or the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) would control and minimize erosion and siltation. Therefore, the proposed project would result in less than significant impact related to the alteration of drainage patterns and on- or off-site erosion or siltation.	
d.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would substantially alter the drainage pattern of an existing stream or river such that flooding would result. As discussed above, there are no streams or rivers located in the project vicinity. During project operation, storm water or any runoff irrigation waters would be directed into existing storm drains that are	

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	I	Fleastine	Mitigation
	Impact?	Explanation	Measures -2020-516-DB-PSH-SIP
		currently receiving surface water runoff under existing conditions. Since the	EXHIBIT 7
		project site is almost entirely impervious, impermeable surfaces resulting from the development of the project would not substantially change the volume of storm	
		water runoff in a manner that would result in flooding on- or off-site. Accordingly, significant alterations to existing drainage patterns within the site and surrounding	
		area would not occur. Therefore, the proposed project would result in less than significant impacts related to the alteration of drainage patterns and on- or off-site flooding.	
е.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if runoff water would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm drain systems serving the project site, or if the proposed project would substantially increase the probability that polluted runoff would reach the storm drain system.  Accordingly, since the volume of runoff from the site would not measurably	
		increase over existing conditions, water runoff after development would not exceed the capacity of existing or planned drainage systems. Therefore, the proposed project would result in less than significant impacts related to existing storm drain capacities or water quality	
f.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if a project includes potential sources of water pollutants that would have the potential to substantially degrade water quality. The proposed project does not include potential sources of contaminants, which could potentially degrade water quality and would comply with all federal, state and local regulations governing stormwater discharge. Therefore, no impact would occur.	
g.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would be located within a 100-year or 500-year floodplain or would impede or redirect flood flows. According to the Safety Element of the City of Los Angeles General Plan, 100-Year & 500-Year Flood Plains, Exhibit F, the project site is not located within a 100-year or 500-year floodplain. Therefore, no impact related to flood zones would occur.	

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	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
		CPC	-2020-516-DB-PSH-SIP EXHIBIT 7
h.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would be located within a 100-year or 500-year floodplain or would impede or redirect flood flows. According to the Safety Element of the City of Los Angeles General Plan, 100-Year & 500-Year Flood Plains, Exhibit F, the project site is not located within a 100-year or 500-year floodplain. Therefore, no impact related to flood zones would occur.	
i.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would be located within an area susceptible to flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam. The project site and the surrounding areas are not located within a flood hazard area. Accordingly, the proposed project would not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving flooding. Therefore, no impact related to flooding would occur.	
j.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would be located within an area susceptible to inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow. The project site and the surrounding areas are not located near a water body or in an area where such potential exists. Therefore, the project would have no impact related to inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow.	
Χ. l	AND USE AND PLANNING		
a.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if the proposed project would be sufficiently large enough or otherwise configured in such a way as to create a physical barrier within an established community.  According to the City of Los Angeles CEQA Thresholds Guide, the determination of significance shall be made on a case-by-case basis considering the following factors: (a) the extent of the area that would be impacted, the nature and degree of impacts, and the types of land uses within that area; (b) the extent to which existing neighborhoods, communities, or land uses would be disrupted, divided or isolated, and the duration of the disruptions; and (c) the number, degree, and type of secondary impacts to surrounding land uses that could result from implementation of the proposed project. The proposed project site is located within an urbanized area of the Wilshire Community Plan and is	

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	Impact?	Explanation CPC	Measures -2020-516-DB-PSH-SIP
		01 0	EXHIBIT 7
		consistent with the existing physical arrangement of the properties within the vicinity of the site. No separation of uses or disruption of access between land use types would occur as a result of the proposed project. Accordingly, implementation of the proposed project would not disrupt or divide the physical arrangement of the established community, and no impact would occur.	LATIIDIT 1
b.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT WITH MITIGATION INCORPORATED	A significant impact may occur if a project is inconsistent with the General Plan or zoning designations currently applicable to the project site, and would cause adverse environmental effects, which the General Plan and zoning ordinance are designed to avoid or mitigate. The site is currently improved with commercial buildings and parking. The project site is located within the Wilshire Community Plan with a land use designation of Neighborhood Office Commercial. The site is zoned C2-1-O. The project does not propose any deviations from the Zoning Code. The proposed residential use is consistent with the zoning of the site. With the approval of the vesting tract map the project will be in compliance with the Zoning Code.Nevertheless, Objective 2.1 of the Housing Element aims to "promote safety and health within neighborhoods," Objective 4.3 of the Air Quality Element aims to "ensure that land use plans separate major sources of air pollution from sensitive receptors such as schools, hospitals and parks," and Objective 2 of the Noise Element aims to "reduce or eliminate nonairport related intrusive noise, especially relative to noise sensitive uses." The project is located along Crenshaw Boulevard, a designed Avenue II which generates large amounts of pollution and noise. Therefore, the project's location would conflict with the Housing Element's objective to promote safety and health within neighborhoods; the Air Quality Element's objective to separate major sources of air pollution from sensitive receptors; and the Noise Element's objective to reduce nonairport related intrusive noise relative to noise	X-60
		sensitive uses. Incorporation of the mitigation measures would reduce	iq.

	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
	impact:	CPC	-2020-516-DB-PSH-SIP
F	I	project impacts to less than significant	EXHIBIT 7
		levels.	
C.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the	
		proposed project were located within an	
		area governed by a habitat conservation	
		plan or natural community conservation	
		plan. The project site is not subject to any habitat conservation plan or natural	
		community conservation plan. Therefore,	
		no impact would occur.	
XI. I	MINERAL RESOURCES		
a.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the	
		proposed project would result in the loss	
		of availability of known mineral resources	
		of regional value, or a locally-important mineral resource recovery site. The	
		project site is not classified by the City as	
		containing significant mineral deposits.	
		The project site is currently designated for	
		Neighborhood Commercial and not for	
		mineral extraction. In addition, the project	
		site is not identified by the City as being located in an oil field or within an oil	
		drilling area. Therefore, the proposed	
		project would not result in the loss of	
		availability of any known, regionally- or	
		locally-valuable mineral resource, and no	
		impact would occur.	
b.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would result in the loss	
		of availability of known mineral resources	
		of regional value, or a locally-important	
		mineral resource recovery site. The	
		project site is not classified by the City as	
		containing significant mineral deposits.	
		The project site is currently designated for Neighborhood Office Commercial and not	
		for mineral extraction. In addition, the	
		project site is not identified by the City as	
1		being located in an oil field or within an oil	
		drilling area. Therefore, the proposed	
		project would not result in the loss of	
		availability of any known, regionally- or locally-valuable mineral resource, and no	
		impact would occur.	
XII.	NOISE		
	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT WITH	The City of Los Angeles has	XII-20
	MITIGATION INCORPORATED	established policies and regulations	
		concerning the generation and control	
		of noise that could adversely affect its citizens and noise-sensitive land uses.	
		Construction activity would result in	
		temporary increases in ambient noise	
		levels in the project area on an	
		intermittent basis. Noise levels would	

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			Mitigation
	Impact?	Explanation	Measures -2020-516-DB-PSH-SIP
		OF C	EXHIBIT 7
		fluctuate depending on the construction phase, equipment type and duration of use, distance between the noise source and receptor, and presence or absence of noise attenuation barriers. In addition to mitigation measures imposed herein, the project shall comply with the City of Los Angeles Noise Ordinance No. 144,331 and 161,574, which prohibit the emission of creation of noise beyond certain levels at adjacent uses unless technically infeasible.	EXHIBIT 7
b.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT WITH MITIGATION INCORPORATED	Construction activities can generate varying degrees of vibration, depending on the construction procedures and the type of construction equipment used. High levels of vibration may cause physical personal injury or damage to buildings. However, vibrations rarely affect human health. The operation of construction equipment generates vibrations that spread through the ground and diminish with distance from the source. Unless heavy construction activities are conducted extremely close (within a few feet) to the neighboring structures, vibrations from construction activities rarely reach the levels that damage structures. However, with mitigation, the proposed project would result in a less-than-significant impact related to construction vibration.	XII-170
c.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the project caused a substantial permanent increase in noise levels above existing ambient levels. New stationary sources of noise, such as rooftop mechanical HVAC equipment, would be installed on the proposed development. The design of the equipment will be required to comply with LAMC Section 112.02, which prohibits noise from air conditioning, refrigeration, heating, pumping, and filtering equipment from exceeding the ambient noise level on the premises of any other occupied properties by more than 5 dBA. Therefore, project impacts would be less than significant.	

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	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
	inipact:	CPC	-2020-516-DB-PSH-SIP
			EXHIBIT 7
d.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT WITH MITIGATION INCORPORATED	The City of Los Angeles has established policies and regulations concerning the generation and control of noise that could adversely affect its citizens and noise-sensitive land uses. Construction activity would result in temporary increases in ambient noise levels in the project area on an intermittent basis. Noise levels would fluctuate depending on the construction phase, equipment type and duration of use, distance between the noise source and receptor, and presence or absence of noise attenuation barriers. In addition to mitigation measures imposed herein, the project shall comply with the City of Los Angeles Noise Ordinance No. 144,331 and 161,574, which prohibit the emission of creation of noise beyond certain levels at adjacent uses	XII-170
е.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	unless technically infeasible.  A significant impact would occur if the project were located within an airport land use plan area, or within two miles of any public or public use airports, or private air strips and its location would have the potential to result in a safety hazard for people residing in the project area. The project is located approximately 8 miles northeast of Los Angeles International Airport However the project is not located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted. Additionally the project site is not located within an airport hazard zone. The project proposed a total of 38 small lot homes, all three stories in height. As proposed, the project would have a less than significant impact.	
f.	NO IMPACT	The project site is not located within two miles of a private airstrip. Therefore, no impacts would occur.	
XIII.	POPULATION AND HOUSING		
a.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	The project proposes to construct 38 small lot homes. The site is currently improved with a commercial buildings and surface parking. The project would induce a substantial population growth. However, the proposed density of the project is consistent with the land use designation and the zone of the property, as designated by the Wilshire Community Plan. The project site is located within an urban area of the City and is served by existing infrastructures. As proposed, the	

Mitigation

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	I	Full-off	Mitigation
	Impact?	Explanation CPC	Measures -2020-516-DB-PSH-SIP
			EXHIBIT 7
		project would have a less than significant impact.	
b.	NO IMPACT	The project site is developed with commercial buildings with no residential units and would not not necessitate the construction of replacement housing elsewhere. No impacts will result.	
C.	NO IMPACT	The project will not displace any existing residents. No impact will result.	
ΧIV	. PUBLIC SERVICES		
a.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT WITH MITIGATION INCORPORATED	A significant impact would occur if the project requires the addition of a new fire station or the expansion, consolidation or relocation of an existing facility to maintain service. The LAFD generally considers fire protection services for a project adequate if a project is within the maximum response distance for the land use proposed. The subject property and the surrounding area are currently served by Fire Station 29, located at 4029 Wilshire Boulevard (approximately 1 mile north of the project site). The proposed project would result in an increase of 38 residential units, which could increase the number of emergency calls and demand for LAFD fire and emergency services. To maintain the level of fire protection and emergency services, the LAFD may require additional fire personnel and equipment. However, given the location of existing fire stations, it is not anticipated that there would be a need to build a new or expand an existing fire station to serve the proposed project and maintain acceptable service ratios, response times, or other performance objectives for fire protection. The project would neither create capacity or service level problems nor result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for fire protection. Nevertheless, incorporation of the mitigation measures would further reduce project impacts to less than significant levels.	XIV-10

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		Mitigation
Impact?	Explanation	Measures
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		EXHIBIT 7
LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT WITH MITIGATION INCORPORATED	A significant impact would occur if the Los Angeles Police Department (LAPD) could not adequately serve the proposed project, necessitating a new or physically altered station. The project site is served by the Wilshire Community Police Station located at 4861 Venice Boulevard located approximately 2 miles southwest of the project site. The proposed project will consist of 38 small lot homes. The project would not create capacity/service level problems nor result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered	

b.

governmental facilities in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for police protection. Nevertheless, incorporation of the mitigation measures would further reduce project impacts to less than significant levels LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would include substantial employment or population growth, which could generate a demand for school facilities that would exceed the capacity of the school district. The proposed project will construct a 38 residential units. The project has the potential to increase the number of students in the area and impact existing schools in the area. However, development of the proposed project would be subject to California Government Code Section 65995, which would allow LAUSD to collect impact fees from developers of new residential and commercial space. Conformance to California Government Code Section 65995 is deemed to provide full and complete mitigation of impacts to school facilities. Impacts on school facilities would be less than significant. LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would exceed the capacity or capability of the local park system to serve the proposed project. The City of Los Angeles Department of Recreation and Parks (RAP) is responsible for the provision, maintenance, and operation of public recreational and park facilities and services in the City. The proposed project

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	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
	impacts	CPC	-2020-516-DB-PSH-SIP
			EXHIBIT 7
		would result in a net increase of 38 units, which could result in increased demand for parks and recreation facilities. The proposed project would include common	
		open space. This project feature would reduce the demand for park space created by the proposed project to less	
		than significant levels. Nevertheless, payment of required impact fees by the	
		proposed residential development per LAMC Section 17.12 would further offset some of the increased demand by helping	
		fund new facilities, as well as the expansion of existing facilities. Therefore, the project would not create capacity or	
		service level problems, or result in substantial physical impacts associated with the provision or new or altered parks	
		facilities, and project impacts would be less than significant.	
е.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would result in substantial employment or population	
		growth that could generate a demand for other public facilities, including libraries, which exceed the capacity available to	
		serve the project site, necessitating new or physically altered public facilities, the	
		construction of which would cause significant environmental impacts. The proposed project would result in an	
		increase of 38 units, which could result in increased demand for other public	
		facilities. While the increase in population as a result of the proposed project may create a demand for other public facilities,	
		the project would not create substantial capacity or service level problems that	
		would require the provision of new or physically altered public facilities in order to maintain an acceptable level of other	
		government services. Therefore, project impacts would be less than significant.	
XV.	RECREATION		
a.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would exceed the capacity or capability of the local park	
		system to serve the proposed project. The project proposes to construct 38 small lot homes Additionally, the construction of	
		the residential units will be required to comply with the payment of impact fees	
		by the proposed residential development per LAMC Section 17.12. Therefore, the proposed project would not create	
I	I	capacity or service level problems, or	l

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	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
		CPC	-2020-516-DB-PSH-SIP EXHIBIT 7
		result in substantial physical impacts associated with the provision or new or altered parks facilities. Accordingly, the proposed project would result in a less than significant impact on park facilities.	LAHIBH 7
b.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would necessitate construction of new recreational facilities, which would adversely impact the environment, or require the expansion or development of parks or other recreational facilities in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, or other performance objectives for parks. The proposed project would not require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities beyond the limits of the project site. Although the proposed project would place some additional demands on park facilities, the increase in demand would be met through a combination of on-site amenities and existing parks in the project area. The project's increased demands upon recreational facilities would not in and of itself result in the construction of a new park, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment. Therefore, project impacts would be less than significant.	
XVI.	TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC		
a.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	The proposed project involves the removal of commercial buildings and the construction of 38 small lot homes, which is less than the LADOT traffic study of 40 dwelling units. The project is not expected to significantly increase the traffic. Therefore, the project would have less than a significant impact.	
b.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if the adopted California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) and Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (Metro) thresholds for a significant project impact would be exceeded. The project involves the construction of 38 small lot homes, which is less than LADOT's traffic study threshold of 40 dwelling units. Therefore, the project would have a less than significant impact.	

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			Mitigation
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			EXHIBIT 7
C.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project changed air traffic patterns. The project is not located in an Airport Hazard area and would not affect air traffic patterns. Therefore, no impact would occur	
d.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT WITH MITIGATION INCORPORATED	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project design features/physical configurations affect the visibility of pedestrians and bicyclists to drivers entering and exiting the site, and the visibility of cars to pedestrians and bicyclists or the physical conditions of the site and surrounding area, such as curves, slopes, walls, landscaping or other barriers, which could cause vehicle/pedestrian, vehicle/bicycle or vehicle/vehicle conflicts. The project includes entrances to buildings which require cross vehicular paths of travel and would result in vehicle/pedestrian conflicts. Incorporation of the mitigation measures would reduce project impacts to less than significant level.	XVI-40
e.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT WITH MITIGATION INCORPORATED	A significant impact would occur if the project impaired implementation of or physically interfered with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan. Prior to the issuance of a building permit, the Fire Department would be required to review and approve plans. Additionally, with the implementation of mitigation measures, impacts would be less than significant.	XVI-80
f.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the project would conflict with adopted policies, plans or programs regarding public transit, bicycle or pedestrian facilities or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of facilities supporting alternative transportation. The proposed project will comply with existing regulation as it relates to providing bicycle facilities. During the grading, demolition, and construction phases of the project there is the potential for pedestrian pathways to be blocked or closed. However, prior to closure of a sidewalk within the public right-of-way, the closure along with pedestrian protection would be required to be approved by the Bureau of Street Services and the Department of Building and Safety, pursuant to LAMC	

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	Impact?	Explanation	Measures
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		10-4: 02 45 and 04 2206 Therefore	EXHIBIT 7
		Section 62.45 and 91.3306. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.	
XVII	UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS	<u></u>	
а.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the	
<b>a</b> .	LEGO ITIAN GIGNII IOANT IWII ACT	proposed project would exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board. A significant impact would also occur if the proposed project would increase water consumption or wastewater generation to such a degree that the capacity of facilities currently serving the project site would be exceeded. The proposed project is the construction of 38 small lot homes, the wastewater generated from the site would be typical of mixed use projects and would enter into and be treated at the Hyperion Treatment Plant (HTP). As the HTP is in compliance with the State's wastewater treatment requirements, the project would not exceed the wastewater treatment requirements of the Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board (LARWQC). The wastewater generation of the proposed project would account for a small percentage of average daily wastewater flow. This increase in wastewater flow would not jeopardize the HTP to operate within its established wastewater treatment requirements. Furthermore, all wastewater from the project would be treated according to requirements of the NPDES permit authorized by the LARWQCB. Therefore, the proposed project would result in a less than significant impact related to wastewater treatment requirements.	
b.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	LADWP conducts water planning based	
		on forecast population growth. The construction, use, and maintenance of 38 small lot homes is not anticipated to directly induce population growth in the area. It is not anticipated to require new water supply entitlements and/or require the expansion of existing or construction of new water treatment facilities beyond those already considered in the LADWP 2010 Urban Water Management Plan. Thus, it is anticipated that the proposed project would not create any water system capacity issues, and there would be sufficient reliable water supplies available to meet project demands. Prior to any construction activities, the project applicant would be required to coordinate	

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	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
		with the City of Los Angeles Bureau of Sanitation (BOS) to determine the exact wastewater conveyance requirements of the proposed project, and any upgrades to the wastewater lines in the vicinity of the project site that are needed to adequately serve the proposed project would be undertaken as part of the project. Therefore, the proposed project would have a less than significant impact related to water or wastewater	-2020-516-DB-PSH-SIP EXHIBIT 7
C.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would increase surface water runoff, resulting in the need for expanded off-site storm water drainage facilities. Development of the proposed project would maintain existing drainage patterns; site-generated surface water runoff would continue to flow to the City's storm drain system. Since the project site is developed with buildings and a surface parking lot, impermeable surfaces resulting from the development of the project would not significantly change the volume of storm water runoff. Accordingly, since the volume of runoff from the site would not measurably increase over existing conditions, the proposed project would not create or contribute runoff water that would exacerbate any existing deficiencies in the storm drain system or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff. Therefore, the proposed project would result in a less-than-significant impact related to existing storm drain capacities.	
d.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board. A significant impact would also occur if the proposed project would increase water consumption or wastewater generation to such a degree that the capacity of facilities currently serving the project site would be exceeded. Wastewater from the subject property would enter into and be treated by the Hyperion Treatment Plant (HTP), which is a part of the Hyperion Treatment System, which includes the Tilman Water Reclamation Plant and the Los Angeles—Glendale Water Reclamation Plant. The wastewater generated by the project would be typical of residential	

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	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
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			EXHIBIT 7
		uses. As the HTP is in compliance with the State's wastewater treatment requirements, the project would not exceed the wastewater treatment requirements of the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB). Furthermore, as a proportion of total average daily flow experienced by the HTP, the wastewater generation of the proposed project would account for a small percentage of average daily wastewater flow. This increase in wastewater flow would not jeopardize the HTP to operate within its established wastewater treatment requirements. Therefore, project impacts would be less than significant.	
e.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the Los Angeles Regional Water Quality Control Board. A significant impact would also occur if the proposed project would increase water consumption or wastewater generation to such a degree that the capacity of facilities currently serving the project site would be exceeded. Wastewater from the subject property would enter into and be treated by the Hyperion Treatment Plant (HTP), which is a part of the Hyperion Treatment System, which includes the Tilman Water Reclamation Plant and the Los Angeles—Glendale Water Reclamation Plant. The wastewater generated by the project would be typical of residential uses. As the HTP is in compliance with the State's wastewater treatment requirements, the project would not exceed the wastewater treatment requirements of the Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB). Furthermore, as a proportion of total average daily flow experienced by the HTP, the wastewater generation of the proposed project would account for a small percentage of average daily wastewater flow. This increase in wastewater flow would not jeopardize the HTP to operate within its established wastewater treatment requirements. Therefore, project impacts would be less than significant.	

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	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
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f.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project's solid waste generation exceeded the capacity of permitted landfills. The Los Angeles Bureau of Sanitation (BOS) and private waste management companies are responsible for the collection, disposal, and recycling of solid waste within the City, including the project site. Solid waste generated during the operation of the proposed project is anticipated to be collected by private waste haulers. Solid waste collected from the proposed project is anticipated to be hauled to Sunshine Canyon Landfill. In compliance with Assembly Bill (AB) 939, the project applicant would be required to implement a Solid Waste Diversion Program and divert at least 50 percent of the solid waste generated by the project from the Sunshine Canyon Landfill. The proposed project would also comply with all federal, State, and local regulations related to solid waste. Therefore, the proposed project would have a less-than-significant impact related to solid waste.	
	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project's solid waste generation exceeded the capacity of permitted landfills. The Los Angeles Bureau of Sanitation (BOS) and private waste management companies are responsible for the collection, disposal, and recycling of solid waste within the City, including the project site. Solid waste generated during the operation of the proposed project is anticipated to be collected by private waste haulers. Solid waste collected from the proposed project is anticipated to be hauled to Sunshine Canyon Landfill. In compliance with Assembly Bill (AB) 939, the project applicant would be required to implement a Solid Waste Diversion Program and divert at least 50 percent of the solid waste generated by the project from the Sunshine Canyon Landfill. The proposed project would also comply with all federal, State, and local regulations related to solid waste. Therefore, the proposed project would have a less-than-significant impact related to solid waste.	
XVIII	. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIF	FICANCE	

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a.	NO IMPACT	Based on the analysis in this Initial Study, the proposed project would not have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal, or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory. The proposed project will not disturb the existing physical conditions on the site in this urban environment. Therefore, no	EARIBIT /
b.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	impact would result.  A significant impact may occur if the proposed project, in conjunction with the related projects, would result in impacts that are less than significant when viewed separately but significant when viewed together. Although projects may be constructed in the project vicinity, the cumulative impacts to which the proposed project would contribute would be less than significant. In addition, all potential impacts of the proposed project would be reduced to less than significant levels with implementation of the mitigation measure provided in the previous sections. None of these potential impacts are considered cumulatively considerable, and implementation of the mitigation measures identified will ensure that no cumulative impacts will occur as a result of the proposed project.	
c.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if the proposed project has the potential to result in significant impacts, as discussed in the preceding sections. All potential impacts of the proposed project have been identified, and mitigation measures have been prescribed, where applicable, to reduce all potential impacts to less-than-significant levels. Upon implementation of the mitigation measure identified, the proposed project would not have the potential to result in substantial adverse impacts on human beings either directly or indirectly	