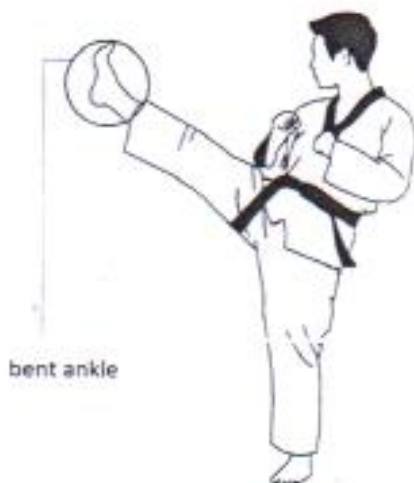# Kicking (Chagi)

Front kick *(Ap chagi)*

- Raise the kicking leg up, folding the knee up to chest height and quickly push the foot forward, fully stretching the leg.
- The path of the kicking leg should be on a straight line towards the target
- The target must be hit by the ball of the foot, instep straight with the toes pulled backward
- The supporting foot must naturally pivot using the ball of the foot during the kick
- To recover, the kicking foot is pulled back to the folded knee position with the knee still at chest level then smoothly bring the foot down with balance

Correct Movement

Deduction Factors (-0.1)

bent ankle

pointed toes

bent knee of kicking leg

bent knee of supporting leg

Roundhouse kick *(Dollyo chagi)*

- Putting the weight on the pivoting foot, raise the kicking leg by folding the knee and immediately turning the body and lifting the hip upward at an angle towards the face target. As the knee stretches, make the kicking foot circle horizontally towards the face target hitting with the instep or ball of the foot
- The supporting leg must be kept straight with the supporting foot pivoting properly during the kick. The toes of the supporting foot faces backward at the final extension of the kicking leg
- To recover, the kicking foot is pulled back to the folded knee position with the knee still at chest level then smoothly bring the foot down with balance

Correct Movement

Deduction Factors (-0.1)

bent knee of kicking leg

bent knee of supporting leg

improper pivoting of supporting foot

target is off center
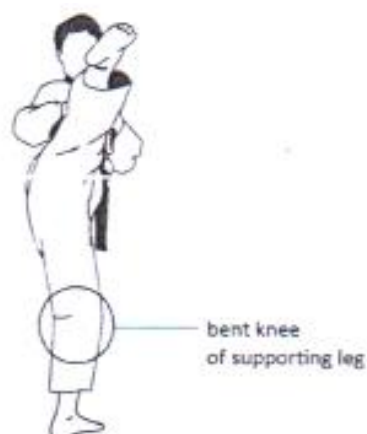
Side kick (*Yop chagi*)

- Raise the kicking leg up, folding the knee, kick forward by stretching the leg and simultaneously turning the hip forward
- Turn the body in the opposite direction of the target and hit the target using the blade or knife foot
- The supporting leg must be kept straight with the supporting foot pivoting properly during the kick. The toes of the supporting foot faces backward at the final extension of the kicking leg
- To recover, the kicking leg is drawn back to its original folded position and brought down smoothly
- During the kick, the upper body should be kept as high as possible ideally forming the letter "Y" shape

Correct Movement

Deduction Factors (-0.1)

hitting with sole foot

knee of kicking leg is bent

knee of supporting leg is bent

supporting foot lacks pivoting

kicking leg is not aligned to hip and shoulder