Entravision Communications Corporation (EVC)

Succession: Raising PT to \$7.50 from \$7 and Reaffirming Buy

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We haven't seen a minute of TV's "Succession," but that is what 2023 has brought EVC. With no next generation waiting in the wings, and the disappearance of management voting control with the conversion of Class B to Class A shares triggered by Walter Ulloa's passing, some reimagining of EVC as a public company is on the agenda, and we note the shares have outperformed the market since EVC's 1/3 announcement regarding Mr. Ulloa.

"Shareholder-friendly" takes on new meaning, highlighting outreach and conventional signaling. The board is now more reliant on management to maintain good shareholder relations, lest there be shareholder activism. Senior management no longer has voting control in its back pocket when it meets with shareholders, putting priority on different skills and messaging. Investor questions about returns of capital, given EVC's low leverage and the stability which broadcast still provides the overall business (secularly favored retransmission and political revenue were 35% and 31% of 2022E EBITDA, respectively), are more likely to be answered with dividend increases than share repurchases, as the latter now have little impact on corporate control.

Big deals? Not for now. EVC seems committed to its digital transformation, which has delivered some surprisingly strong results, like the step-function growth of Cisneros Interactive after its 4Q20 acquisition, and the long-gestating and now delivering surge of Smadex's mobile demand side platform. Such surprises drive share value, especially if seen to have legs (query whether investors sell short the legs of the surprises being delivered by political advertising at legacy broadcast). Aleph Group, EVC's chief global competitor in media platform sales representation, has been frustrated for over a year in its attempts to go public. Although a deal with EVC could achieve this, a combination would have to quell concerns about conflicts of interest from having the business of rival media platforms under the same roof in the same markets. Media platforms always have the option, as LinkedIn has shown, of pulling sales operations in-house.

We see catalysts from exploiting financial slack for more capital return and continuing digital acquisitions, and our updated discounted cash flow valuation supports a higher price target. Pro forma net debt leverage near 1x and double-digit free cash flow yield would support at the least restoration of the dividend to the pre-pandemic level of \$0.20 (vs. our 2023E FCF/share of \$0.66). Our base case model assumes no recession, making us comfortable with EBITDA estimates of \$104m in 2022 and \$96m in 2023 being above consensus. See Fig. 2. We address recession uncertainty through a separate scenario producing \$78m in 2023 EBITDA. See Figs 12-13. In effect, our valuation range of \$6-8 assumes a 50% chance of a recession and scenario-weighted average of ~\$87m in 2023 EBITDA. We extend the explicit forecast for our DCF to 2028, with a higher equity risk premium being the main driver of, on balance, higher discount rates. See Fig. 19.

Price target up to \$7.50 from \$7.00; risks on page 3. Our PT is supported by a DCF valuation based on explicit financial forecasts through 2028.

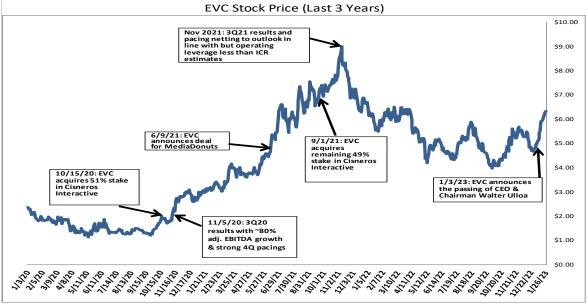
	BUY		
Price at 1/26/23 (USD)			6.33
Price Target			7.50
52-week range			3.96 - 6.80
Performance (%)	1m	3m	12m
Absolute	32	40	15
S&P 500	6	6	-7
Market Cap (USDm)			555.8
Shares outstanding (m)			87.8
Float (%)			73
Average volume			216,488
S&P 500			4,060.4
Forecasts and ratios			
Year ended 12/31	2021A	2022E	2023E
1Q EPS (USD)	0.06	0.02	0.05
2Q EPS (USD)	0.09	0.10	0.09
3Q EPS (USD)	0.14	0.11	0.08
4Q EPS (USD)	0.04	0.23	0.16
FY EPS (USD)	0.33	0.45	0.38
% Change	NM	35%	-16%
P/E (x)	18.9	14.0	16.7
EV/EBITDA (x)	7.3	6.3	6.8
Revenue (USDm)	760.2	939.6	1,063.7
% Change	121%	24%	13%

ANALYST CERTIFICATIONS AND IMPORTANT DISCLOSURES ARE LOCATED IN THE APPENDIX. Industry Capital

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Figure 1: EVC Investment Thesis, Metrics and Valuation Summary

		(in millions, except unit data)	
		12-month price target:	\$7.50
ENTERPRISE VALUE			COMPANY CHARACTERISTICS AND INVESTMENT THESIS
Price per share	\$6.33	Company description	Entravision operates a digital media business serving the U.S. and roughly 40 international
Diluted shares outstanding	87.8		markets, and a broadcast business targeting U.S. Hispanics with 49 TV stations (mostly Univision
Equity market capitalization	556		network affiliates) in 16 of the top-50 U.S. Hispanic markets, and 46 radio stations (37 FM and 9
+Pro forma net debt	119		AM) as well as a radio network with distribution to over 100 U.S. markets. The company's 2021
-Hidden value	16		revenue by segment was 73% from digital, 19% from TV, and 8% from audio. TelevisaUnivision
=Pro forma EV	\$659		owns ~11% of Entravision's stock. On August 2, 2000, Entravision completed an initial public
OPERATING PROJECTIONS		1	offering at \$16.50 per share of its Class A common stock, which is listed on the NYSE under the symbol "EVC."
Pro forma net revenue		Strategy	Expand digital media operations into fast-growing markets outside the U.S. and manage for free
2022	\$940		cash flow and asset value its TV-driven broadcast platforms in U.S. Hispanic markets.
2021	782	Est. acquisition capacity	\$342
% Chg	20.2%	Management	Since the untimely death of Walter Ulloa in December, Christopher Young is Interim CEO, as well
Pro forma EBITDA		_	as CFO (as which he has served since 2008, having been with EVC since 2000). Paul Zevnik is
2022	\$104		Interim Chairman. Jeffrey Liberman is President and COO (since 2017 and with EVC since 2000).
2021	91		
% Chg	15.2%	Positives	* Experience in expanding distribution in smaller, faster-growing ad markets, both in U.S. and
Pro forma EBITDA margin			internationally
2022	11.1%		* Low debt leverage and high free cash flow yield support returns of capital and digital-focused
2021	11.6%		acquisitions
Free cash flow per share			* Higher post-pandemic broadcast margins
2022	\$0.81		* Most of its TV stations affiliated with leading U.S. Spanish language network Univision
2021	\$0.90		* Secular growth in U.S. political advertising spending
% Chg	-10.0%	Risks	* Management succession, especially given loss of management voting control triggered by deatl
Est. 3-5 yr FCF Growth rate	7%		of prior CEO
		1	* Volatility of international media business, reflecting early stage and potential competition
VALUATION AND LEVERAGE			* Impact of sudden advertising declines on cash flow (e.g., in 2009 and 2020)
Pro forma EV/EBITDA			 Competition with TelevisaUnivision's expanding direct to consumer business
2022	6.3x		* TelevisaUnivision relationship through TV network affiliations and ownership stake may limit
2021	7.3x		strategic flexibility
Price / Free cash flow per shar	e	Valuation	Attributing almost 80% of firm value to digital media business
2022		Recent events	December 2022 - death of co-founder, CEO & Chairman. September 2021 - acquired remaining
2021	7.0x		49% interest in Cisneros Interactive for \$84 million. July 2021 – announced acquisition of
Pro forma net debt / EBITDA			MediaDonuts AsiaPac digital media business for \$36 million. October 2020 – acquired 51% stake
2022	1.1x		in Cisneros Interactive for \$29 million. May 2020 – announced substantial expense costs targeting
2021	1.3x		broadcast operations.
Dividend yield			
2022	1.6%	Upcoming potential catalysts	Recession risk to advertising-based revenue, both in U.S. and internationally - Additional digital
2021	1.6%		media M&A - Changes in capital return/allocation with new senior management



Source: Yahoo Finance, NASDAQ, company data and Industry Capital Research estimates

Investment Thesis and Valuation: Buy With \$7.50 Price Target

Positives supporting our Buy rating include: 1) EVC's share price is not fully capturing the potential of digital media acquisitions because their higher growth and different business models are more difficult for investors to assess; 2) higher post-pandemic broadcast margins, stability of TV retransmission revenue (~35% of 2022E EBITDA) and secular growth of political advertising revenue (~31% of 2022E EBITDA), and potential monetization from future spectrum auction (as in 2017) substantially reduce the operating risk profile of overall business; 3) pro forma net debt leverage under 2x and double-digit free cash flow yield will give new senior management flexibility to increase returns of capital and continue accretive digital acquisitions; and 4) our DCF valuation supports substantial stock price upside over the next 12 months.

Our DCF-based 12-month price target is a weighted average of projected equity valuations at year-end 2023 and 2024; our updated PT assumes a 50% chance of a recession in 2023, resulting in a target valuation range of \$6-\$8. First, we adjust the current net debt with the estimated free cash flow to be generated by each valuation date. Second, we adjust the current net debt for any estimated payments remaining on the acquisitions (e.g., earnouts), which are currently scheduled to occur until 2025. Finally, we value EVC both using a weighted average cost of capital (WACC) reflecting its own stock price trading and using separate WACCs for its broadcast and digital media businesses based on sector comparables, applied to separate free cash flow forecasts for each of these businesses. The results of these two methods set the range for our valuation, with the EVC-specific method incorporating market data on EVC shares' actual volatility setting the upper bound, and the sector method relying on measures of risk of comparables setting the lower bound. Note that in our DCF, for our terminal value estimates, we assume that capex equals D&A, which results in a substantially higher capex estimate than in our financial statement forecasts because capex should be like D&A for a terminal value forecast, to support the need for an asset base in perpetuity.

Risks to our investment thesis include: 1) impact of upcoming management succession and change in voting control on company's strategy and pursuit of potential longer-term options, including sale of all or a portion of the company, 2) sensitivity of EVC's advertising-based businesses to macroeconomic shocks, such as a recession, 3) potential volatility of EVC's digital media business, given its increasing focus on emerging markets, its dependence on a small number of commercial relationships with media tech platforms, and increasing competition, 4) secular challenges and potentially increasing competition from TelevisaUnivision for EVC's broadcast media business, and 5) risk-off market sentiment as an overhang for valuation of EVC's fast-growing, less mature digital advertising businesses.



EVC Is a Value Story Transforming into Growth, Better Than Vice-Versa

First off, we are comfortable with EBITDA estimates above consensus for 2022 and 2023, as we address the risk of recession through a separate scenario that feeds into our valuation range. See Fig. 2 for our current estimates, unchanged, vs. consensus. Our updated valuation range assumes a 50% chance of a 2023 recession—in the range of the 61% chance from the Wall Street Journal's latest quarterly survey of economists—and a weighted average 2023 EBITDA of ~\$87m (\$96m in our base case and \$78m in our recession case). See Fig. 13. Setting aside recession risk, 2023 could be the tipping point when EVC's digital segment accounts for the largest share of EVC's operating cash flow. See Fig. 4. Our digital segment estimates, set forth in detail in Fig. 3, include the latest digital deal for Adsmurai, which we believe contributes to our estimates being above revenue consensus, and call for solid doubledigit growth. On the margin, within digital, we shift our 2023 growth expectations slightly to Smadex, in the legacy business in our model, and from the digital media representation business, on some caution about growth at Facebook and TikTok (which has reduced its 2022 global targets). At all three segments, over the longer term, margins are healthy but on balance unlikely to expand. Our longer-term OCF margin assumptions are in 40s in percent for TV, ~30% for radio, and increasing to 8-9% for digital. See Fig. 5. At broadcast, political is the main wild card, with TV retransmission revenue surprisingly steady given industry subscriber declines. U.S. political advertising on TV should be entering an even more bullish era, marked by EVC's record 2022 results. See Fig. 7. For TV retransmission revenue, higher YouTube TV payments may help offset declines from pay TV subscriber losses. See Fig. 9. We estimate TV retransmission plus political advertising revenue rose to 43% from 29% of TV revenue over 2018-22 cycle. See Fig. 8. We assume TV core ad growth will continue to be negative, with 2022's decline aggravated by the loss of Univision affiliates in 2021. See Fig. 10. We expect less volatility in radio's core ad declines than in TV's, given less political advertising crowd-out in radio. See Fig. 11.

Looking at the bigger picture, in particular at EVC without a controlling management shareholder, it is tempting to consider transactions for "unlocking value," given the apparent differences between the international digital business and the legacy U.S. broadcast business. However, the structure of the media platform sales representation business in developing markets could be a barrier to a combination of EVC's digital business with its most likely partner/buyer, Aleph Group. For example, the combined sales representation of EVC and Aleph might cover close to 90% of Twitter's ad sales outside of the developed markets, by our estimates. Moreover, the permissions required from TelevisaUnivision for transfer of EVC's TV stations have long served as a practical barrier to a material broadcast sale/combination by EVC.

We continue to see the DNA of EVC's sales culture as a key rationale for its digital transformation. At broadcast, EVC has been able to build a top-notch sales operation at its core TV station group, better in many ways than Univision's owned and operated group. Univision's providing a 24/7 feed has long meant that sales was a key differentiator for its TV network affiliates. Sales acumen has helped make EVC a shrewd entrant into the international digital media sales representation space. In addition, EVC has learned the art of maintaining a good working relationship with a key network partner and supplier like TelevisaUnivision, a skill we see as handy in managing relationships with large media platform partners like Facebook, TikTok and Twitter.

Thus, we see capital allocated to EVC as pursuing returns that might be difficult for investors to find elsewhere. Management has focused on achieving defensible positions: EVC is TelevisaUnivision's largest TV affiliate partner, and EVC's digital business is the only publicly held provider of media platform sales representation, where it has only one meaningful global competitor. EVC's businesses are not capital-intensive, and yet benefit as toll collectors of sorts for their larger partners, whether TelevisaUnivision in broadcast or Facebook et al. in digital media representation. Warren Buffett among others has long liked advertising businesses for these



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characteristics—having owned TV station groups like Capital Cities, newspapers like the Washington Post and ad agencies like Omnicom—and we see these strengths at EVC as well.

Through its digital acquisitions, EVC has shifted the majority of its valuation (~80%, by our estimates—see Fig. 21) to a digital business where it is arguably one of two leading global players from a broadcast business with strategic limitations because of its substantial reliance on a single programming supplier, which also happens to have meaningful control over EVC's execution of broadcast M&A. Digital acquisitions are still the most likely catalyst, in our view. Although Smadex is not EVC's most recent digital acquisition, it looks to be the most recent one to be making an outsized contribution to growth and, potentially, margin expansion. See Fig. 6.

2022 was an unusually bad year for the U.S. equity market, unlikely to be repeated anytime soon, and EVC's shares should likely see better sailing as a result. Per a 1/21/23 analysis from New York University professor Aswath Damodaran, available at https://aswathdamodaran.blogspot.com, over the past 95 years, in only 6 has the U.S. stock market performed worse than in 2022, while in 88 it has performed better. Revisiting our DCF, and updating our beta regression analyses in particular, reminds us that the market is the biggest single driver of the direction of EVC's share price. For example, the catalyst of the October 2020 acquisition of Cisneros Interactive turned out to be well timed. For the year after the end of 3Q20, while the S&P 500 was up 30%, EVC shares were up 378%. However, with the market turn in November 2021, courses reversed over the next year, with the S&P 500 down 15% and EVC shares down 43%. The pattern was similar on an annual basis, with the 2021 surge (EVC up 151% vs. S&P 500 up 29%) followed by the 2022 decline (EVC down 28% vs. S&P 500 down 18%). We conclude that, on balance, EVC's higher volatility (which we capture in our 2023-28 forecast and our measures of beta of EVC and its industry comparables) is more likely than not going to work in shareholders' favor going forward.

At the end of the day, we see EVC as a value story transforming into a growth story, which is more likely to favor shareholders than vice-versa. We start by observing that value stocks, characterized by lower earnings growth, consistently outperform growth stocks. For example, per Boston-based asset manager Verdad Advisers, recent analysis of July 1926-August 2022 U.S. stock returns revealed that the Fama-French U.S. Value Research Index returned 12.7% per annum, above the 9.8% return of the Fama-French U.S. Growth Research Index. We see the essential driver of this difference being that the superior earnings growth rates of growth stocks do not persist, and in fact revert to the mean faster than expected, delivering a double whammy to returns, both in terms of earnings underperformance and valuation multiple compression. Thus, in our view, at ~6.5x 2022/23 EV/EBITDA on our estimates, EVC has a better chance of delivering superior returns than would, say, an Aleph IPO targeting the growth investor. An Aleph IPO likely would be a digital pure play looking for a pricey growth multiple out of the gate, and thus, in our view, a candidate for share price underperformance. EVC's potential to positively surprise versus expectations is likely even greater given that it is redeploying capital from a slower-growing broadcast business to a faster-growing digital business.

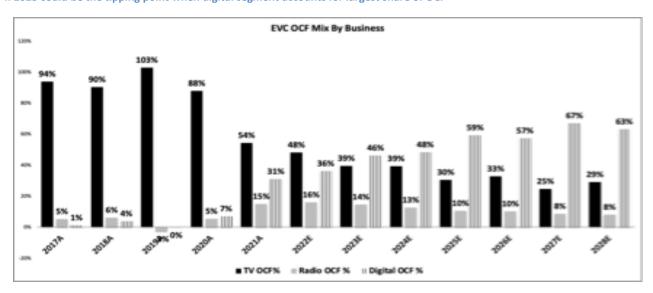
Figure 2: Our forecast, which assumes no recession this year, is above consensus on EBITDA estimates

Entravision (Commun	ications	NYSE: EVO	;)	
Summary of A					
In millions, except p	er share data	ì			
		Estimates	YoY %CHG		ICR vs
_	Last Yr	Current	Current	Consensus	Consensus
2022E					
Pro Forma *					
Revenue	781.8	939.6	20.2%		
Op expense	691.3	835.2	20.8%		
Adjusted EBITDA	90.6	104.3	15.2%		
As Reported					
Revenue	760.2	939.6	23.6%	921	2.09
Op expense	672.0	835.2	24.3%		
Adjusted EBITDA	88.2	104.3	18.3%	98.4	6.09
Margin	11.6%	11.1%		10.7%	0.49
EPS	\$0.33	\$0.45	35.1%	\$0.41	10.29
Cash FCF/sh	\$0.90	\$0.81	-10.0%		
2023E					
Pro Forma *					
Revenue	939.6	1,063.7	13.2%		
Op expense	835.2	967.3	15.8%		
Adjusted EBITDA	104.3	96.4	-7.6%		
As Reported					
Revenue	939.6	1,063.7	13.2%	978	8.89
Op expense	835.2	967.3	15.8%		
Adjusted EBITDA	104.3	96.4	-7.6%	94.6	1.99
Margin	11.1%	9.1%		9.7%	-0.69
EPS	\$0.45	\$0.38	-16.3%	\$0.42	-9.9%
Cash FCF/sh	\$0.81	\$0.66	-18.5%		
2024E					
Pro Forma *					
Revenue	1,063.7	1,208.2	13.6%		
Op expense	967.3	1,081.1	11.8%		
Adjusted EBITDA	96.4	127.1	31.8%		
As Reported					
Revenue	1,063.7	1,208.2	13.6%	1,095	10.39
Op expense	967.3	1,081.1	11.8%	, -	
Adjusted EBITDA	96.4	127.1	31.8%	118.8	7.09
Margin	9.1%	10.5%		10.9%	-0.39

Figure 3: Including the latest deal for Adsmurai, our digital estimates are above consensus revenue, and call for solid double-digit growth

Summary of Digital Segment Annual Estimates In millions, except per share data													
in millions, except per snare da	ta		Estimates		YoY %CHG		ICR vs						
<u> </u>	Last Yr	Old	Chg	Current	Current	Consensus	Consensus						
2022E													
As Reported Legacy Digital Revenue	68.7	106.2	0.0	106.2	54.6%								
Legacy Digital Nevertac	63.0	93.9	0.0	93.9	49.1%								
Legacy Digital OCF	5.7	12.3	0.0	12.3	115.7%								
Margin	8.3%	11.6%	0.0%	11.6%									
Cisneros Interactive Revenue	453.9	510.4	0.0	510.4	12.5%								
Cisneros Interactive Opex	425.3	480.5	0.0	480.5	13.0%								
Cisneros Interactive OCF Margin	28.6 <i>6.3%</i>	29.9 5.9%	(0.0) <i>0.0%</i>	29.9 <i>5.9%</i>	4.4%								
MediaDonuts Revenue	30.9	83.1	0.0	83.1	169.1%								
MediaDonuts Opex	28.1	77.2	0.0	77.2	175.1%								
MediaDonuts OCF	2.8	5.9	0.0	5.9	109.5%								
Margin	9.1%	7.1%	0.0%	7.1%									
365 Digital Revenue	1.9	11.7	0.0	11.7	NM								
365 Digital Opex	1.7	11.5	0.0	11.5	NM								
365 Digital OCF Margin	0.2 <i>11.5%</i>	0.2 2.1%	0.0 <i>0.0%</i>	0.2 <i>2.1%</i>	13.9%								
Digital Segment Revenue	555.3	732.1	0.0	732.1	31.8%	721.1	1.59						
Digital Segment Opex	518.0	683.3	0.0	683.3	31.9%								
Digital Segment OCF	37.3	48.7	(0.0)	48.7	30.5%								
Margin	6.7%	6.7%	0.0%	6.7%									
* reflects announced acquisitio	ns and dispos	sitions											
2023E													
As Reported													
Legacy Digital Revenue	106.2	133.0	7.0	140.0	31.8%								
Legacy Digital Opex	93.9	122.0	5.0	127.0	35.2%								
Legacy Digital OCF	12.3	11.0	2.0	13.0	5.8%								
Margin	<i>11.6%</i> 510.4	0.3%	1.0%	9.3%	40.207								
Cisneros Interactive Revenue Cisneros Interactive Opex	480.5	569.4 532.4	(7.0) (5.0)	562.4 527.4	10.2% 9.8%								
Cisneros Interactive OCF	29.9	37.0	(2.0)	34.9	17.0%								
Margin	5.9%	6.5%	-0.3%	6.2%									
MediaDonuts Revenue	83.1	91.2	0.0	91.2	9.7%								
MediaDonuts Opex	77.2	84.2	0.0	84.2	9.1%								
MediaDonuts OCF Margin	5.9 <i>7.1%</i>	7.0 7.7%	0.0 <i>0.0%</i>	7.0 <i>7.7%</i>	18.3%								
365 Digital Revenue	11.7	13.5	0.0%	13.5	15.4%								
365 Digital Opex	11.5	13.0	0.0	13.0	12.7%								
365 Digital OCF	0.2	0.6	0.0	0.6	139.6%								
Margin	2.1%	4.4%	0.0%	4.4%									
Digital Segment Revenue	732.1	882.1	0.0	882.1	20.5%	756.7	16.69						
Digital Segment Opex	683.3	822.6	0.0	822.6	20.4%								
Digital Segment OCF Margin	48.7 <i>6.7%</i>	59.5 <i>6.8%</i>	(0.0) <i>0.0%</i>	59.5 <i>6.7%</i>	22.2%								
_	0.770	0.870	0.070	0.775									
2024E As Reported													
Legacy Digital Revenue	140.0	141.0	20.0	161.0	15.0%								
Legacy Digital Opex	127.0	128.4	15.3	143.7	13.1%								
Legacy Digital OCF	13.0	12.6	4.7	17.3	33.2%								
Margin	9.3%	8.9%	1.8%	10.7%	42.40/								
Cisneros Interactive Revenue Cisneros Interactive Opex	562.4 527.4	632.0 589.9	0.0 (0.0)	632.0 589.9	12.4% 11.8%								
Cisneros Interactive Opex Cisneros Interactive OCF	34.9	42.1	0.0	42.1	20.5%								
Margin	6.2%	6.7%	0.0%	6.7%									
MediaDonuts Revenue	91.2	109.5	0.0	109.5	20.0%								
MediaDonuts Opex	84.2	98.7	1.6	100.3	19.1%								
MediaDonuts OCF	7.0	10.7	(1.6)	9.2	31.3%								
Margin	7.7%	9.8%	-1.4%	8.4%	30.004								
365 Digital Revenue 365 Digital Opex	13.5 13.0	16.3 14.7	0.0 0.0	16.3 14.7	20.0% 13.1%								
365 Digital OCF	0.6	1.6	0.0	1.6	170.1%								
Margin	4.4%	9.9%	0.0%	9.9%	_, 0.170								
Digital Segment Revenue	882.1	980.3	28.4	1,008.7	14.3%								
Digital Segment Opex	822.6	909.0	23.6	932.6	13.4%								
Digital Segment OCF	59.5	71.2	4.9	76.1	27.9%								
Margin	6.7%	7.3%	0.3%	7.5%									

Figure 4: 2023 could be the tipping point when digital segment accounts for largest share of OCF



Source: Industry Capital Research estimates and company data

Figure 5: Our longer-term OCF margin assumptions are in 40s for TV, ~30% for radio, and increasing to 8-9% for digital

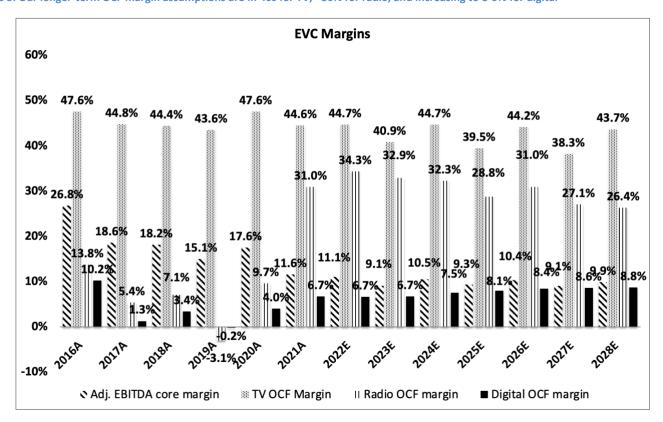
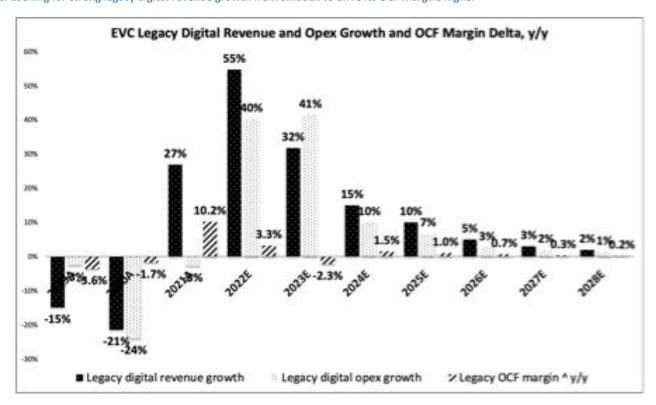


Figure 6: Looking for strong legacy digital revenue growth from Smadex to drive its OCF margins higher



Note: Legacy digital is EVC's digital segment excluding Cisneros Interactive, MediaDonuts, 365 Digital, Jack of Digital and Adsmurai. Source: Industry Capital Research estimates and company data

Figure 7: U.S. political advertising on TV should be entering even more bullish era for EVC's Spanish-language stations, marked by record 2022

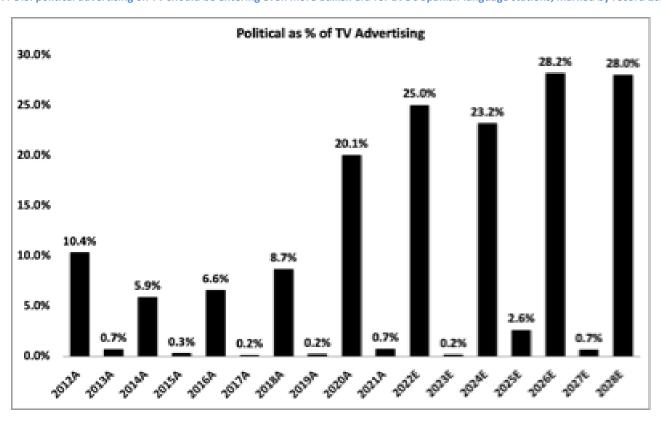


Figure 8: We estimate TV retransmission plus political rose to 43% from 29% of TV revenue over 2018-22 cycle

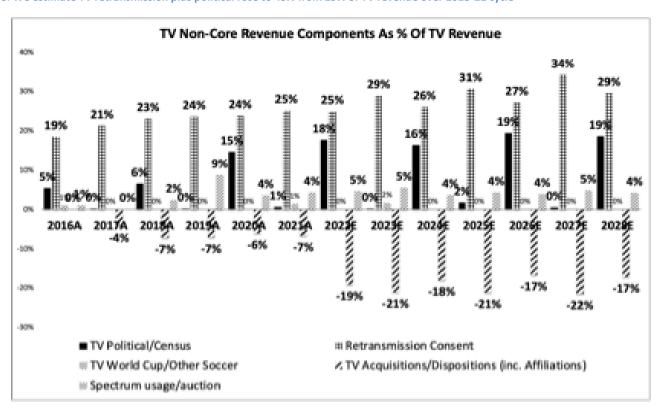


Figure 9: For TV retransmission, higher YouTube TV payments may offset declines from pay TV subscriber losses

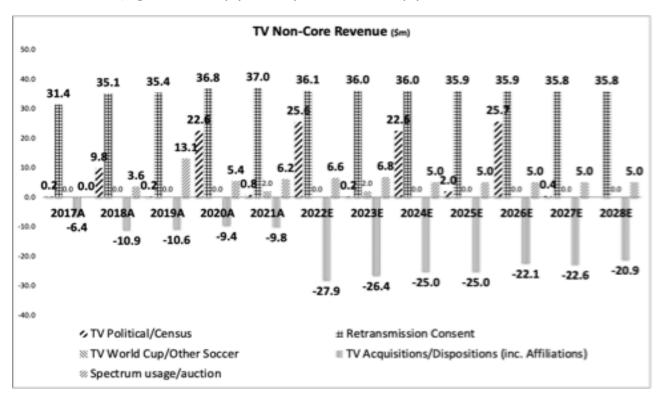


Figure 10: We assume TV core ad growth will continue to be negative, with loss of Univision affiliates aggravating 2022 decline

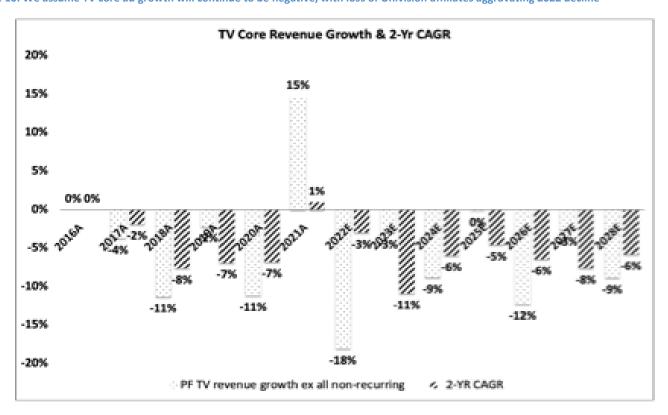


Figure 11: We expect less volatility in radio's core ad declines than in TV's, given less political crowd-out

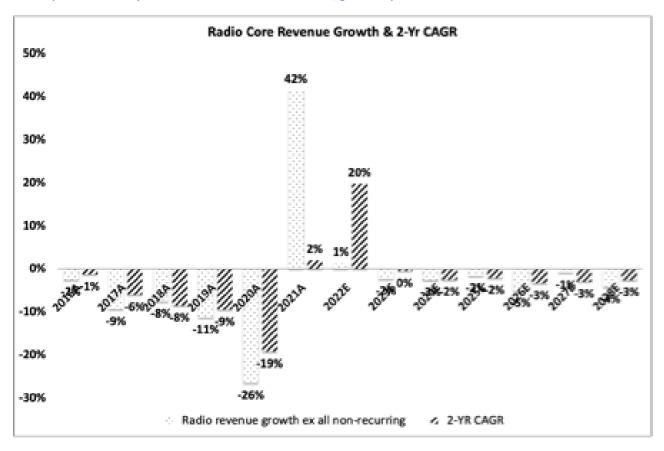


Figure 12: We base recession scenario assumptions on impact on advertising and opex of prior recessions

Entravision Communi	cations (N	YSE: EVC)
Operating Estimate Char			
In millions, except per share data			
		Estimates	
_	Current	Chg	Recession
2023E			
Revenue Growth:			
Digital	20%	-6%	14%
Core TV Advertising	-3%	-14%	-17%
Core Radio Advertising	-2%	-12%	-14%
Operating Expense Growth:			
Digital (Ex-Cost of Revenue)	35%	-2%	34%
TV	-8%	-4%	-12%
Radio	-7%	-4%	-11%
OCF Margin:			
Digital	6.7%	-0.1%	6.6%
TV	40.9%	-3.6%	37.3%
Radio	32.9%	-5.9%	27.0%

Source: Industry Capital Research estimates and company data

Figure 13: In our recession scenario, our 2023 EBITDA estimate would drop to ~\$78m, well below current consensus

Summary of A	nnual Estii	mates: Re	cession (Case			
In millions, except p	oer share data						
			Estimates		YoY %CHG		ICR vs
	Last Yr	Prior	Chg	Current	Current	Consensus	Consensus
2023E							
Pro Forma *							
Revenue	939.6	1,063.7	(64.4)	999.3	6.4%		
Op expense	835.2	967.3	(46.2)	921.1	10.3%		
Adjusted EBITDA	104.3	96.4	(18.2)	78.2	-25.1%		
As Reported							
Revenue	939.6	1,063.7	(64.4)	999.3	6.4%	978	2.2%
Op expense	835.2	967.3	(46.2)	921.1	10.3%		
Adjusted EBITDA	104.3	96.4	(18.2)	78.2	-25.1%	94.6	-17.4%
Margin	11.1%	9.1%	-1.2%	7.8%		9.7%	-1.9%
EPS	\$0.45	\$0.38	(\$0.13)	\$0.26	-43.3%	\$0.42	-39.0%
Cash FCF/sh	\$0.81	\$0.66	(\$0.15)	\$0.51	-37.0%		

Update January 27, 2023

Figure 14: Broadcast revenue drivers—Television segment

In millions																	L
TELEVISION SEGMENT	2016A	2017A	2018A	2019A	2020A	2021A	1Q22A	2Q22A	3Q22A	4Q22E	2022E	1Q23E	2Q23E	3Q23E	4Q23E	2023E	2024E
Television PF Rev Growth	0.3%	-7.2%	2.5%	-1.4%	3.2%	-6.9%	-16.0%	-6.0%	-3.4%	14.7%	-1.2%	-1.0%	-9.0%	-20.0%	-21.6%	-14.0%	10.700%
Reported TV revenue	\$159.5	\$148.1	\$151.7	\$149.7	\$154.5	\$146.8	\$30.9	\$32.4	\$35.7	\$46.2	\$145.1	\$30.6	\$29.5	\$28.5	\$36.2	\$124.8	\$138.1
Growth	7.4%	-7.2%	2.5%	-1.4%	3.2%	-4.9%	-14.5%	-4.9%	-2.1%	14.7%	-1.2%	-1.0%	-9.0%	-20.0%	-21.6%	-14.0%	10.7%
TV non-recurring items:																	l
TV Political/Census	8.6	0.2	9.8	0.2	22.6	0.8	1.3	2.8	6.4	15.2	25.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	22.6
Assm: % Incremental to Core	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	50.0%	70.4%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Incremental political	8.6	0.2	9.8	0.2	22.6	0.8	1.3	2.8	6.4	7.6	18.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	22.6
TV revenue ex political	151.0	147.9	141.9	149.4	131.9	146.1	29.6	29.6	29.3	38.6	127.0	30.6	29.4	28.5	36.1	124.6	115.5
Growth ex Political	1.8%	-2.0%	-4.0%	5.3%	-11.7%	10.7%	-18.1%	-13.1%	-18.9%	-3.2%	-13.0%	3.4%	-0.5%	-2.5%	-6.5%	-1.9%	-7.3%
Retransmission Consent	29.6	31.4	35.1	35.4	36.8	37.0	9.2	9.0	8.9	8.9	36.1	9.4	9.0	8.9	8.7	36.0	36.0
Assm: % Incremental to Core	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Incremental Retrans	29.6	31.4	35.1	35.4	36.8	37.0	9.2	9.0	8.9	8.9	36.1	9.4	9.0	8.9	8.7	36.0	36.0
TV revenue ex Retrans	130.0	116.6	116.7	114.3	117.7	109.9	21.7	23.3	26.8	37.2	109.0	21.2	20.4	19.6	27.5	88.7	102.1
Growth ex Retrans	7.6%	-10.2%	0.0%	-2.0%	3.0%	-6.6%	-18.2%	-5.7%	-2.1%	18.9%	-0.8%	-2.3%	-12.4%	-26.6%	-26.2%	-18.6%	15.1%
TV World Cup/Other Soccer	1.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	1.3	0.0	2.0	0.0
Assm: % Incremental to Core	25.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Incremental World Cup	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	1.3	0.0	2.0	0.0
TV revenue ex WC	159.1	148.1	151.7	149.7	154.5	144.8	30.9	32.4	35.7	46.2	145.1	30.6	28.8	27.2	36.2	122.8	138.1
Growth ex WC	7.1%	-7.0%	2.5%	-1.4%	3.2%	-6.2%	-14.5%	-3.5%	2.1%	14.7%	0.2%	-1.0%	-11.1%	-23.7%	-21.6%	-15.4%	12.5%
TV Acquisitions/Dispositions (inc. Affiliations)		(6.4)	(10.9)	(10.6)	(9.4)	(9.8)	(6.5)	(6.1)	(7.2)	(8.1)	(27.9)	(6.8)	(5.8)	(6.3)	(7.5)	(26.4)	(25.0)
Assm: % Incremental to Core		100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Incremental M&A	0.0	(6.4)	(10.9)	(10.6)	(9.4)	(9.8)	(6.5)	(6.1)	(7.2)	(8.1)	(27.9)	(6.8)	(5.8)	(6.3)	(7.5)	(26.4)	(25.0)
TV revenue ex M&A	159.5	154.5	162.6	160.3	163.9	156.6	37.4	38.5	42.8	54.3	173.0	37.3	35.3	34.9	43.7	151.2	163.1
Growth ex M&A	7.4%	-3.2%	5.3%	-1.5%	2.3%	-4.4%	-2.0%	7.9%	9.2%	24.5%	10.5%	-0.2%	-8.3%	-18.6%	-19.5%	-12.6%	7.9%
Spectrum usage/auction	1.5	0.0	3.6	13.1	5.4	6.2	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.8	6.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	6.8	5.0
Assm: % Incremental to Core	25.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Incremental Spectrum Usage	0.4	0.0	3.6	13.1	5.4	6.2	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.8	6.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	6.8	5.0
TV revenue ex Spectrum Usage	159.1	148.1	148.2	136.6	149.0	140.7	29.3	30.7	34.1	44.4	138.5	28.9	27.8	26.8	34.5	118.0	133.1
Growth ex Spectrum Usage	7.1%	-7.0%	0.1%	-7.8%	9.1%	-5.6%	-11.8%	-6.9%	-3.5%	13.3%	-1.6%	-1.6%	-9.6%	-21.3%	-22.2%	-14.8%	12.8%
PF TV revenue ex-all non-recurring	120.7	122.9	114.2	111.6	99.2	110.7	25.4	25.0	25.9	36.0	112.3	26.2	23.9	22.9	33.1	106.2	99.6
PF TV revenue growth ex all non-recurring	1.5%	1.8%	-7.1%	-2.3%	-11.2%	11.7%	-1.3%	1.0%	-4.4%	8.5%	1.4%	3.4%	-4.5%	-11.6%	-7.9%	-5.4%	-6.2%
TV rev grth ex all non-rec 2-yr CAGR		1.7%	-2.7%	-4.7%	-6.8%	-0.4%	0.7%	22.8%	1.9%	5.1%	6.4%	1.0%	-1.8%	-8.1%	0.0%	-2.1%	-5.8%
PF TV advertising growth ex-political		-3.8%	-11.3%	-2.2%	-11.2%	14.8%	-20.3%	-20.2%	-27.4%	-6.6%	-18.1%	3.4%	-0.9%	-4.5%	-7.9%	-3.0%	-8.8%
TV ad rev grth ex political 2-yr CAGR		-1.9%	-7.6%	-6.9%	-6.8%	1.0%	-9.5%	12.2%	-8.5%	-2.5%	-3.0%	-9.2%	-11.1%	-16.7%	-7.2%	-10.9%	-6.0%
PF TV revenue growth ex-political		-2.0%	-4.0%	5.3%	-11.7%	10.7%	-18.1%	-13.1%	-18.9%	-3.2%	-13.0%	3.4%	-0.5%	-2.5%	-6.5%	-1.9%	l
TV rev grth ex political 2-yr CAGR		-0.1%	-3.0%	0.5%	-3.6%	-1.1%	-6.6%	7.3%	-5.6%	-1.1%	-1.9%	-8.0%	-7.0%	-11.1%	-4.9%	-7.6%	-1.0%
PF TV advertising growth		-10.0%	-3.0%	-10.5%	10.9%	-7.6%	-14.8%	-8.4%	-4.0%	17.3%	-1.3%	-3.3%	-13.5%	-28.8%	-27.2%	-20.0%	18.6%

Source: Company reports; Industry Capital Research estimates

Figure 15: Broadcast revenue drivers—Radio segment

In millions													
RADIO SEGMENT	2020A	2021A	1Q22A	2Q22A	3Q22A	4Q22E	2022E	1Q23E	2Q23E	3Q23E	4Q23E	2023E	2024E
Radio PF Rev Growth	-15.9%	23.4%	9.7%	5.8%	0.1%	14.1%	7.6%	-3.0%	-5.0%	-11.0%	-14.6%	-9.0%	8.0%
Pro forma radio:													
Revenue	\$46.3	\$58.0	\$12.6	\$14.9	\$16.5	\$18.4	\$62.4	\$12.2	\$14.2	\$14.6	\$15.7	\$56.8	\$61.3
Growth	-15.9%	25.4%	11.4%	5.8%	0.1%	14.1%	7.6%	-3.0%	-5.0%	-11.0%	-14.6%	-9.0%	8.0%
Radio non-recurring items:													
Political/Census	5.9	0.8	0.3	0.6	1.5	4.0	6.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	6.1
Assm: % Incremental to Core	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	50.0%	69.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Incremental political	5.9	0.8	0.3	0.6	1.5	2.0	4.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	6.1
Radio revenue ex political	40.4	57.2	12.3	14.3	15.0	16.4	58.0	12.2	14.2	14.6	15.7	56.7	55.2
Growth ex Political	-26.4%	41.6%	8.7%	1.6%	-5.8%	3.2%	1.4%	-0.6%	-0.9%	-2.3%	-4.6%	-2.2%	-2.6%
NTR	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Assm: % Incremental to Core	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Incremental NTR	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Radio revenue ex NTR	39.5	39.5	12.6	14.9	16.5	18.4	39.5	12.2	14.2	14.6	15.7	39.5	39.5
Growth ex NTR	3.0%	0.0%	11.4%	5.8%	0.1%	14.1%	0.0%	-3.0%	-5.0%	-11.0%	-14.6%	0.0%	0.0%
World Cup/Other Soccer		0.0%					0.0						
Assm: % Incremental to Core	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Incremental World Cup	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Radio revenue ex WC	46.3	58.0	12.6	14.9	16.5	18.4	62.4	12.2	14.2	14.6	15.7	56.8	61.3
Growth ex WC	-15.9%	25.4%	11.4%	5.8%	0.1%	14.1%	7.6%	-3.0%	-5.0%	-11.0%	-14.6%	-9.0%	8.0%
Revenue	40.4	57.2	12.3	14.3	15.0	16.4	58.0	12.2	14.2	14.6	15.7	56.7	55.2
Radio revenue growth ex all non-recurring	-26.4%	41.6%	8.7%	1.6%	-5.8%	3.2%	1.4%	-0.6%	-0.9%	-2.3%	-4.6%	-2.2%	-2.6%
Radio rev grth ex all non-rec 2-yr CAGR	-19.2%	2.0%	7.1%	52.3%	20.5%	11.5%	19.8%	3.9%	0.3%	-4.0%	-0.8%	-0.4%	-2.4%

Source: Company reports; Industry Capital Research estimates

Figure 16: Financial statement forecasts supporting our valuation

In millions, except per share data AS REPORTED	2020A	2021A	1Q22A	2Q22A	3Q22A	4Q22E	2022E	1Q23E	2Q23E	3Q23E	4Q23E	2023E	2024E
	2020A	2021A	1Q22A	2Q22A	3Q22A	4Q22E	2022E	1Q23E	2Q23E	3Q23E	4Q23E	2023E	2024E
Net revenue:													
Television	\$154.5	\$146.8	\$30.9	\$32.4	\$35.7	\$46.2	\$145.1	30.6	29.5	28.5	36.2	124.8	138.1
Radio	46.3	58.0	12.6	14.9	16.5	18.4	62.4	12.2	14.2	14.6	15.7	56.8	61.3
Net broadcast revenue	200.7	204.9	43.5	47.3	52.1	64.6	207.5	42.8	43.7	43.2	51.9	181.6	199.4
Digital	143.3	555.3	153.7	174.4	188.9	215.1	732.1	192.0	215.5	223.5	251.2	882.1	1,008.7
Total net revenue (core)	344.0	760.2	197.2	221.7	241.0	279.7	939.6	234.8	259.2	266.7	303.1	1,063.7	1,208.2
Revenue from spectrum usage rights	0.0	0.0					0.0					0.0	0.0
Total net revenue	344.0	760.2	197.2	221.7	241.0	279.7	939.6	234.8	259.2	266.7	303.1	1,063.7	1,208.2
Cost of Revenue													
Television													
Radio													
Digital	106.9	466.5	126.2	141.9	157.1	178.0	603.1	155.2	172.0	182.6	204.2	714.0	815.6
Digital cost of revenue as % of revenue	74.6%	84.0%	82.1%	81.3%	83.2%	82.7%	82.4%	80.9%	79.8%	81.7%	81.3%	80.9%	80.9%
Total cost of revenue (core)	106.9	466.5	126.2	141.9	157.1	178.0	603.1	155.2	172.0	182.6	204.2	714.0	815.6
	106.9	466.5	120.2	141.9	157.1	178.0	603.1	155.2	172.0	182.0	204.2	714.0	815.6
Cost of revenue from spectrum usage rights (television)	106.9	466.5	126.2	141.9	157.1	178.0		155.2	172.0	182.6	204.2	714.0	815.6
Total cost of revenue	106.9	466.5	126.2	141.9	157.1	178.0	603.1	155.2	1/2.0	182.6	204.2	/14.0	815.6
Opex			_										
Television opex	80.9	81.4	19.2	19.7	20.0	21.2	80.2	18.9	18.5	16.6	19.8	73.8	76.4
Radio opex	41.8	40.0	9.4	10.4	10.2	11.0	41.0	9.0	9.8	9.3	10.0	38.1	41.5
Digital opex	30.6	51.5	18.9	20.4	19.1	21.9	80.2	26.8	27.8	26.8	27.1	108.6	117.0
Total opex (core)	153.3	172.9	47.5	50.5	49.294	54.1	201.4	54.7	56.1	52.7	56.9	220.5	234.9
Spectrum usage rights													
Total Opex	153.3	172.9	47.5	50.5	49.3	54.1	201.4	54.7	56.1	52.7	56.9	220.5	234.9
OCF													
Television OCF	73.6	65.4	\$11.6	\$12.6	\$15.7	\$24.9	64.9	\$11.7	\$10.9	\$11.9	\$16.4	51.0	61.7
TV OCF Margin	47.6%	44.6%	37.7%	39.1%	43.9%	54.0%	44.7%	38.3%	37.1%	41.8%	45.3%	40.9%	44.7%
Incremental Margin	173.4%	106.6%	37.770	33.170	43.370	34.070	32.5%	30.370	37.170	41.070	43.370	68.4%	80.7%
Radio OCF	4.5	18.0	3.2	4.6	6.2	7.4	21.4	3.2	4.4	5.4	5.7	18.7	19.8
Radio OCF margin	9.7%	31.0%	25.5%	30.5%	38.0%	40.3%	34.3%	26.2%	31.3%	36.6%	36.2%	32.9%	32.3%
Incremental Margin	-70.4%	114.9%						0.6%	16.6%	49.2%	64.5%	48.9%	24.5%
Digital OCF	5.7	37.3	8.6	12.2	12.7	15.3	48.7	10.0	15.7	14.0	19.8	59.5	76.1
Digital OCF margin	4.0%	6.7%	5.6%	7.0%	6.7%	7.1%	6.7%	5.2%	7.3%	6.3%	7.9%	6.7%	7.5%
Incremental Margin	7.9%	7.7%					6.4%	3.6%	8.7%	3.8%	12.6%	7.2%	13.1%
Total OCF (core)	83.8	120.8	23.4	29.4	34.6	47.6	135.0	24.9	31.1	31.3	41.9	129.2	157.7
Margin	24.4%	15.9%	11.9%	13.2%	14.4%	17.0%	14.4%	10.6%	12.0%	11.7%	13.8%	12.1%	13.0%
Incremental Margin			-0.6%	3.3%	7.0%	22.3%		3.8%	4.6%	-12.9%	-24.3%		
Spectrum sales	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total OCF	83.8	120.8	23.4	29.4	34.6	47.6	135.0	24.9	31.1	31.3	41.9	129.2	157.7
Total OCF Margin	24.4%	15.9%	11.9%	13.2%	14.4%	17.0%	14.4%	10.6%	12.0%	11.7%	13.8%	12.1%	13.0%
Incremental Margin	24.470	13.370	-0.6%	3.3%	7.0%	22.3%	14.470	3.8%	4.6%	-12.9%	-24.3%	12.170	13.070
incremental Margin			-0.0%	3.370	7.0%	22.376		3.676	4.0%	-12.970	-24.376		
				8.5			37.2			10.7			
Corporate Expense	27.8	33.0	8.7	8.5	9.5	10.4	37.2	9.8	9.6	10.7	8.3	38.5	39.2
GAAP EBITDA	56.0	87.8	14.7	20.8	25.1	37.2	97.8	15.0	21.5	20.6	33.6	90.7	118.4
	1											_	
Corporate non-cash comp	3.9	6.4	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.4	6.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.4	6.6	6.8
Opex adjustments to cash:													
Amortization of syndication contracts	(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.5)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.5)	(0.5)
Payments on syndication contracts	(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.5)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.5)	(0.5)
Non-cash comp in direct opex	1.2	3.2	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.0	3.9	1.2	1.1	1.2	0.5	4.0	4.1
Non-recurring cash severance	1.7	0.4				- 1	1					~	
EBITDA attributable to redeemable noncontrolling interest	3.4	9.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.3)	0.1	0.5	0.9	1.3	2.2
EBITDA attributable to redeemable holicolitoling interest	2.4	J.1	0.0	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	(0.0)	(0.5)	0.1	0.5	0.9	0.0	0.0
Total opex (positive) adjustments to cash	0.5	5.5	(1.0)	(0.9)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(3.9)	(1.4)	(1.0)	(0.7)	0.5	(2.7)	(1.9)
rotal open (positive) adjustificitis to casif	0.5	3.3	(1.0)	(0.5)	(1.0)	(1.0)	(3.9)	(1.4)	(1.0)	(0.7)	0.5	(2.7)	(1.9)
Foreign currency (gain) loss	(1.1)	0.5	(0.8)	1.0	1.966	1.8	3.9	1.8	1.8	0.0	0.0	3.6	0.0
Total Adjusted EBITDA	60.4	88.2	18.1	22.5	26.0	37.8	104.3	16.3	22.4	23.1	34.5	96.4	127.1
Other opex for spectrum (in corporate)													
Adjusted EBITDA (core)	60.4	88.2	18.1	22.5	26.0	37.8	104.3	16.3	22.4	23.1	34.5	96.4	127.1
Memo: adj. EBITDA (core) reported	60.4	88.0	18.1	22.5	26.0								
Model variance: adj. EBITDA	(0.0)	0.1	0.0	(0.0)	0.0								
Adj. EBITDA core margin	17.6%	11.6%	9.2%	10.1%	10.8%	13.5%	11.1%	6.9%	8.6%	8.7%	11.4%	9.1%	10.5%



Figure 17: Financial statement forecasts supporting our valuation (cont.)

In millions, except per share data	2020A	2021A	1Q22A	2Q22A	3Q22A	4Q22E	2022E	1Q23E	2Q23E	3Q23E	4Q23E	2023E	2024E
Memo: cash opex (core)	\$153.8	\$178.4	\$46.6	\$49.5	\$48.3	\$53.1	\$197.5	53.2	55.1	52.0	57.4	\$217.8	233.0
Memo: cash corporate expense	23.9	26.6	7.1	6.8	7.7	9.0	30.7	8.2	7.9	8.9	6.9	31.9	32.5
Memo: total non-cash comp	5.1	9.6	2.6	2.6	2.8	2.4	10.4	2.8	2.9	3.0	1.9	10.6	10.8
Memo: adj. EBITDA - (OCF - cash corporate)	0.6	(6.0)	1.8	(0.1)	(0.9)	(0.8)	(0.0)	(0.4)	(0.8)	0.7	(0.5)	(0.9)	1.9
Memo: PF EBITDA attributable to redeemable noncontrolling in	nterest												
D&A	17.3	22.4	6.4	6.3	6.6	6.6	25.8	6.4	7.0	7.2	8.2	28.8	36.2
D&A % of Revenue	5.0%	2.9%	3.2%	2.8%	2.7%	2.3%	2.7%	2.7%	2.7%	2.7%	2.7%	2.7%	3.0%
Change in fair value contingent consideration	0.000	8.2	5.1	1.0	0.7	(1.7)	5.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Impairments	40.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other operating (gain) loss	(6.9)	(7.0)	(0.1)	(0.8)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(1.1)	(0.1)	(0.8)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(1.1)	(3.1)
Gain (Loss) on Sale	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Reserves, accruals and other, net	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Operating Income (EBIT Inc. Impairments)	6.6	60.6	4.2	13.4	15.9	30.7	64.2	7.0	13.5	13.4	25.5	59.4	85.2
Operating Margin %	1.9%	8.0%	2.1%	6.1%	6.6%	11.0%	6.8%	3.0%	5.2%	5.0%	8.4%	5.6%	7.1%
Interest expense	(8.3)	(6.9)	(1.4)	(2.3)	(2.3)	(1.5)	(7.6)	(2.1)	(2.1)	(2.1)	(2.1)	(8.4)	(8.6)
Noncash interest	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Interest income	1.7	0.2	0.0	0.7	0.0	(0.7)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(0.0)	0.0	0.0
Net interest expense	(6.5)	(6.8)	(1.4)	(1.6)	(2.3)	(2.3)	(7.6)	(2.1)	(2.1)	(2.1)	(2.1)	(8.4)	(8.6)
Loss on debt extinguishment	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other income, net	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	(0.5)	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dustay income	0.1	54.0	2.7	11.8	13.2	28.9	56.6	4.9	11.4	11.3	23.4	51.0	76.6
Pretax income Pretax margin	0.0%	7.1%	1.4%	5.3%	5.5%	10.3%	6.0%	2.1%	4.4%	4.2%	7.7%	4.8%	6.3%
Income (taxes) benefit	(1.5)	(18.7)	(0.9)	(3.4)	(4.1)	(8.7)	(17.0)	(0.9)	(3.4)	(4.1)	(9.6)	(17.9)	(26.8)
Effective tax rate	1276.3%	34.6%	31.1%	28.5%	31.0%	30.1%	30.0%	17.3%	29.6%	36.1%	40.9%	35.0%	35.0%
Cash tax rate	6552.5%	7.6%	44.2%	52.6%	30.5%	19.1%	30.0%	87.8%	37.9%	38.3%	18.5%	33.9%	30.0%
Not become (Defens Fouth law)	,,			0 -									
Net Income (Before Equity Investments)	(1.4)	35.4	1.9	8.5	9.1	20.2	39.6	4.1	8.0	7.2	13.8	33.2	49.8
Equity in net of noncon. affils.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	(0.3)	0.0	0.0	(0.1)	(0.1)	0.2	0.0	0.0
Reported Net income	(1.4)	35.4	1.9	8.5	9.4	19.9	39.6	4.1	8.0	7.1	14.0	33.2	49.8
Net margin	17.6%	11.6%	9.2%	10.1%	10.8%	13.5%	11.1%	6.9%	8.6%	8.7%	11.4%	9.1%	10.5%
Accretion of Preferred	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Minority Interest	2.5	5.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ivillority interest	2.3	5.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net inc. to common pre-1-time	(3.9)	29.4	1.9	8.5	9.4	19.9	39.6	4.1	8.0	7.1	14.0	33.2	49.8
Net margin	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM	NM
EPS - Basic, Continuing Operations	(\$0.05)	\$0.34	\$0.02	\$0.10	\$0.11	\$0.23	\$0.46	\$0.05	\$0.09	\$0.08	\$0.16	\$0.39	\$0.58
Extraordinary items/discontinued items	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net income to common	(3.9)	29.4	1.9	8.5	9.4	19.9	39.6	4.1	8.0	7.1	14.0	33.2	49.8
EPS - basic	(\$0.05)	\$0.34	\$0.02	\$0.10	\$0.11	\$0.23	\$0.46	\$0.05	\$0.09	\$0.08	\$0.16	\$0.39	\$0.58
EPS - diluted	(\$0.05)	\$0.33	\$0.02	\$0.10	\$0.11	\$0.23	\$0.45	\$0.05	\$0.09	\$0.08	\$0.16	\$0.38	\$0.57
EPS reported by company	(\$0.05)		\$0.02	\$0.10	\$0.11								
Model variance: EPS	\$0.00		\$0.00	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)								
Pro forma adjustments	39.8	9.6	5.1	1.0	0.7	(1.7)	5.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pro forma net income	35.9	39.1	7.0	9.4	10.1	18.2	44.7	4.1	8.0	7.1	14.0	33.2	49.8
Pro forma EPS - basic	\$0.43	\$0.46	\$0.08	\$0.11	\$0.12	\$0.21	\$0.52	\$0.05	\$0.09	\$0.08	\$0.16	\$0.39	\$0.58
Pro forma EPS	\$0.43	\$0.44	\$0.08	\$0.11	\$0.12	\$0.21	\$0.51	\$0.05	\$0.09	\$0.08	\$0.16	\$0.38	\$0.57
EPS shares - Basic	84.2	85.3	86.5	85.0	84.9	85.2	85.4	85.2	85.2	85.2	85.2	85.2	85.2
EPS shares - Diluted	84.2	87.9	88.6	87.0	87.4	87.6	87.7	87.6	87.6	87.6	87.6	87.6	87.6
Free Cash Flow:													
EBITDA	60.4	88.2	18.1	22.5	26.0	37.8	104.3	16.3	22.4	23.1	34.5	96.4	127.1
Cash net interest	-5.9	-6.2	-1.2	-1.2	-1.9	-3.3	-7.6	-2.1	-2.1	-2.1	-2.1	-8.4	-8.6
Other adjustments to cash	5.3	6.8	0.1	0.8	0.1	3.3	1.0				1	0.4	3.0
- Cash taxes	-7.7	-4.1	-1.2	-6.2	-4.0	-5.5	-17.0	-4.3	-4.3	-4.3	-4.3	-17.3	-23.0
Cash taxes / EBITDA	13%	5%	7%	28%	15%	15%	16%	27%	19%	19%	13%	18%	18%
Minus: capex	-9.5	-5.6	-1.5	-1.7	-4.7	-2.1	-10.0	-3.3	-3.3	-3.3	-3.3	-13.0	-10.5
Capex / D&A	55%	25%	24%	27%	71%	32%	39%	51%	46%	45%	40%	45%	29%
Capex / BBITDA	16%	6%	9%	7%	18%	6%	10%	20%	15%	14%	9%	13%	8%
Plus: cost of revenue for spectrum usage rights	10%	076	3/0	//0	10/0	0/0	10/0	2070	13/0	14/0	2/0	13/0	870
= Free Cash Flow	42.6	79.0	14.3	14.3	15.4	26.8	70.8	6.7	12.7	13.4	24.8	57.7	85.0
Free cash flow (reported by company)	43.0	75.0	14.3	14.3	13.4	20.0	70.0	0.7	12.7	13.4	24.0	37.7	65.0
THE COST HOW HEDDITED BY CONDUING	43.0 42.6	79.0	14.3	14.3	15.4	26.8	70.8	6.7	12.7	13.4	24.8	57.7	85.0
		\$0.90	\$0.16	\$0.16	\$0.18	\$0.31	\$0.81	\$0.08	\$0.15	\$0.15	\$0.28	\$0.66	\$0.97
Free Cash Flow (core)	\$0 E1			40.IU	40.10	γU.31		70.00	40.13	40.13	yU.20		66.9%
	\$0.51 70.5%	89.7%	79.1%	63.4%	59.5%	70.9%	67.9%	40.9%	56.9%	58.1%	71.9%	59.9%	00.9%
Free Cash Flow (core) FCF per share (core) Memo: FCF/Adjusted EBITDA (core)	70.5%	89.7%	79.1%										
Free Cash Flow (core) FCF per share (core) Memo: FCF/Adjusted EBITDA (core) Dividends per basic share	70.5% \$ 0.13	89.7% \$0.10	79.1% \$0.025	\$0.025	\$0.025	\$0.025	\$0.10	\$0.025	\$0.025	\$0.025	\$0.025	\$0.10	\$0.10
Free Cash Flow (core) FCF per share (core) Memo: FCF/Adjusted EBITDA (core)	70.5%	89.7%	79.1%										

Figure 18: Financial statement forecasts supporting our valuation (cont.)

ANNUAL PERCENTAGE CHANGE	2020A	2021A	1Q22A	2Q22A	3Q22A	4Q22E	2022E	1Q23E	2Q23E	3Q23E	4Q23E	2023E	2024E
Net revenue growth	25.8%	121.0%	32.4%	24.3%	21.1%	19.6%	23.6%	19.1%	16.9%	10.6%	8.4%	13.2%	13.6%
Net revenue (core) growth	25.8%	121.0%	32.4%	24.3%	21.1%	19.6%	23.6%	19.1%	16.9%	10.6%	8.4%	13.2%	13.6%
TV revenue growth	3.2%	-4.9%	-14.5%	-4.9%	-2.1%	14.7%	-1.2%	-1.0%	-9.0%	-20.0%	-21.6%	-14.0%	10.7%
Radio revenue growth	-15.9%	25.4%	11.4%	5.8%	0.1%	14.1%	7.6%	-3.0%	-5.0%	-11.0%	-14.6%	-9.0%	8.0%
Digital revenue growth	108.0%	287.5%	51.5%	33.9%	29.3%	21.2%	31.8%	24.9%	23.6%	18.3%	16.8%	20.5%	14.3%
Cost of revenue	NM	NM	48.9%	30.1%	26.4%	19.9%	29.3%	23.0%	21.2%	16.2%	14.8%	18.4%	14.2%
Direct expense	-12.1%	-22.4%	-3.2%	1.1%	-0.7%	-2.8%	-1.5%	-2.0%	-6.0%	-17.0%	-6.8%	-8.0%	3.5%
SG&A	-10.3%	NM	-3.0%	4.9%	4.4%	29.9%	25.8%	-4.0%	-6.0%	-9.0%	19.2%	16.2%	12.4%
Opex	23.8%	NM	38.8%	27.8%	23.3%	18.1%	25.8%	20.8%	18.6%	14.0%	12.6%	16.2%	12.4%
Opex (core)	-11.6%	12.8%	17.6%	21.8%	14.7%	12.5%	16.5%	15.0%	11.2%	7.0%	5.3%	9.5%	6.6%
TV opex	-4.2%	0.6%	-3.2%	1.1%	-0.7%	-2.8%	-1.5%	-2.0%	-6.0%	-17.0%	-6.8%	-8.0%	3.5%
Radio opex	-26.3%	-4.2%	-3.0%	4.9%	4.4%	2.9%	2.3%	-4.0%	-6.0%	-9.0%	-8.6%	-7.0%	9.0%
Digital opex	-5.0%	68.1%	74.3%	69.4%	46.0%	40.7%	55.8%	41.7%	36.6%	40.6%	24.0%	35.3%	7.8%
Total OCF (core)	32.1%	44.1%	-1.2%	5.1%	9.3%	27.3%	11.8%	6.2%	5.9%	-9.6%	-12.0%	-4.3%	22.0%
TV OCF	12.8%	-11.0%	-28.3%	-13.0%	-3.8%	35.5%	-0.9%	0.7%	-13.7%	-23.8%	-34.1%	-21.4%	21.1%
Radio OCF	NM	NM	97.1%	7.8%	-6.2%	35.8%	19.2%	-0.1%	-2.7%	-14.3%	-23.3%	-12.8%	6.0%
Digital OCF	NM	NM	46.1%	32.5%	45.6%	12.6%	30.5%	16.0%	29.4%	10.4%	29.7%	22.2%	27.9%
Corporate expense	3.0%	3.0%	-2.0%	-13.0%	4.2%	47.9%	3.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	9.2%	3.0%	3.0%
Adjusted EBITDA (core)	46.6%	45.9%	27.6%	26.4%	11.4%	14.9%	18.3%	-9.9%	-0.3%	-11.0%	-8.5%	-7.6%	31.8%
D & A	3.8%	29.7%	23.4%	23.4%	11.1%	4.7%	14.9%	-0.5%	12.1%	10.3%	25.3%	11.9%	25.7%
Operating income	88.3%	47.7%	15.2%	17.3%	1.9%	42.0%	21.4%	-100.0%	-100.0%	-100.0%	-100.0%	-100.0%	NM
Pretax income	NM	NM	-72.0%	-18.2%	-31.1%	NM	4.8%	80.0%	-3.7%	-14.1%	-19.0%	-9.9%	50.2%
Net income pre-extra.	NM	NM	-65.2%	7.6%	-23.3%	NM	34.7%	NM	-6.0%	-24.2%	-29.5%	-16.3%	50.2%
EPS, Continuing Operations	NM	NM	-66.7%	11.1%	-21.4%	NM	35.3%	NM	-10.0%	-27.3%	-30.4%	-15.2%	48.7%
EPS - diluted	NM	NM	-65.9%	8.6%	-22.5%	NM	35.1%	NM	-6.7%	-24.4%	-29.5%	-16.3%	50.2%
FCF/share	NM	76.5%	6.7%	14.3%	-28.0%	-11.4%	-10.0%	-50.0%	-6.3%	-16.7%	-9.7%	-18.5%	47.0%
EPS shares - Diluted	-1.0%	4.4%	1.9%	-0.9%	-1.0%	-1.0%	-0.3%	-1.1%	0.7%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Figure 19: Summary of updates to base case DCF valuation assumptions

Entravision Commi	ntravision Communications														
Summary of Changes	ummary of Changes to Forecast and Valuation														
(in \$ million except unit data)	· · · · · 														
CAGRs	Rev	EBITDA	Low	High	2019-23	2021-25	2022-26	2023-27	2024-28	Risk Free Rate	Equity Premium	WACC-EVC	WACC-EVC-D	WACC-EVC-B	
Current	939.6	104.3	\$7.50	\$9.00	24%	8%	8%	9%	8%	3.5%	4.6%	8.1%	10.9%	8.0%	
Current	939.6	104.3	\$7.00	\$8.50	24%	8%	9%	8%	8%	3.5%	5.1%	8.5%	11.8%	7.1%	
Delta	0.0	0.0	(\$0.50)	(\$0.50)	0.0%	0.2%	0.6%	-1.2%	-0.4%	-0.1%	0.6%	0.3%	1.0%	-0.9%	
Source: Company data and Industr	y Capital Resear	<u></u>	(,)	(, /											

Industry Capital Research

Figure 20: DCF analysis supports \$7.50 12-month price target within \$7.00-\$8.50 Range

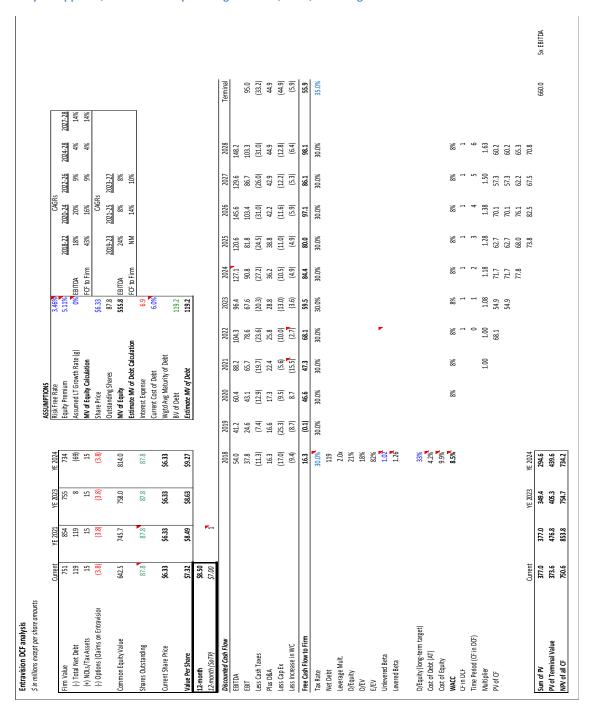


Figure 21: DCF analysis allocates almost 80% of firm value to digital media business

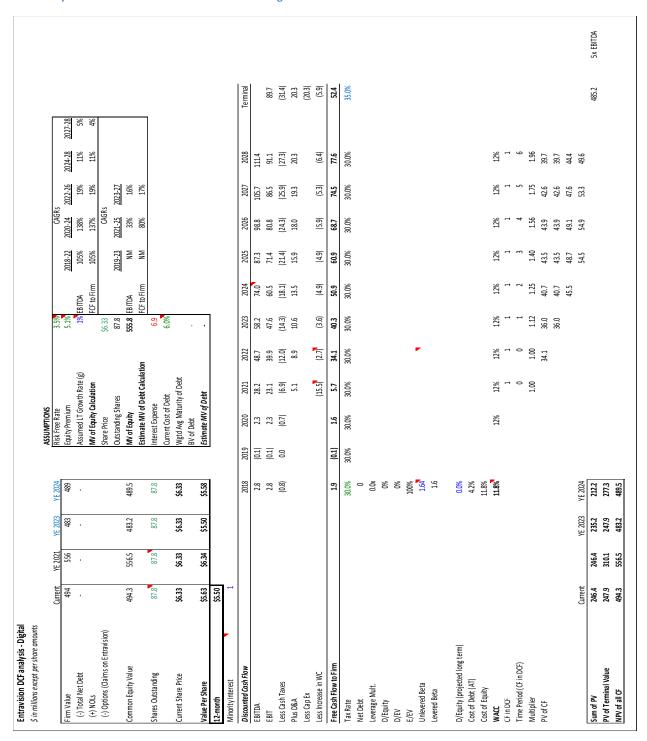


Figure 22: DCF analysis allocates ~20% of firm value to broadcast media business

s in millions except per snare amounts					ASSUMPTIONS											
	Current	YE 2023	YE 2024		Risk Free Rate			3.5%			CAGRs	S				
Firm Value	139	127	103		Equity Premium	_		5.1%		2018-22	2020-24	2022-26	2024-28	2027-28		
(-) Total Net Debt	119	∞	(69)		Assumed LT Growth Rate (g)	owth Rate (g		-1% E	-1% EBITDA	7%	-2%	-4%	%6-	22%		
(+) NOLS	15	15	15	_	MV of Equity Calculation	alculation		ட	FCF to Firm	24%	-7%	-4%	-12%	76%		
(-) Options (Claims on Entravisior	(3.8)	(3.8)	(3.8)	<u> </u>	Share Price			\$6.33			CAGRs	S				
					Outstanding Shares	ares		87.8		2019-23	2021-25	2023-27				
Common Equity Value	30.7	130.4	182.4		MV of Equity			555.8 EBITDA	BITDA	-5%	-14%	-11%				
	,				Estimate MV of Debt Calculation	f Debt Calcula	tion		FCF to Firm	M	-18%	-12%				
Shares Outstanding	87.8	87.8	87.8		Interest Expense			6.9								
	-			_	Current Cost of Debt	Debt		%0.9								
Current Share Price	\$6.33	\$6.33	\$6.33		Wgtd Avg Maturity of Debt	urity of Debt		,								
	,	3	90.5		BV of Debt	17.0		119.2								
Value Per Snare	\$0.35	\$1.49	\$7.08		Estimate MV of Debt	тыерг		119.7								
	OCT C															
Discounted Cash Flow			2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2076	7002	2028		Terminal	
FBITDA			513	413	28.1	29.9	55.6	38.7	53.1	33.3	46.8	23.8	36.8			
EBIT			35.0	24.7	40.8	42.7	38.7	20.0	30.3	10.4	22.6	0.2	12.2		6.1	
Less Cash Taxes			(10.5)	(7.4)	(12.2)	(12.8)	(11.6)	(0.9)	(9.1)	(3.1)	(8.9)	(0.1)	(3.7)		(2.1)	
Plus D&A			16.3	16.6	17.3	17.3	16.9	18.2	22.8	22.9	24.2	23.6	24.7		24.7	
Less Cap Ex			(17.0)	(25.3)	(9.5)	(2.6)	(10.0)	(13.0)	(10.5)	(11.0)	(11.6)	(12.2)	(12.8)		(24.7)	
Less Increase in WC			(9.4)	(8.7)	8.7	0:0	0.0	0.0	0:0	0.0	0.0	0:0	0:0		0:0	
Free Cash Flow to Firm			14.3	(0:0)	45.0	41.5	34.0	19.2	33.5	19.1	28.4	11.6	20.4		4.0	
Tax Rate			30.0%	30.0%	30.0%	30.0%	30:0%	30.0%	30.0%	30:0%	30.0%	30.0%	30.0%		35.0%	
Net Debt			119													
Leverage Mult.			2.1x													
D/Equity			21%													
D/EV			18%													
E/EV			82%				•									
Unlevered Beta			0.73				-									
Levered Beta			6:0													
D/Fauity (long-term target)			33%													
Cost of Debt (AT)			4.2%													
Cost of Equity			8.1%													
WACC			7.1%		%	7%	7%	%	7%	7%	%	7%	7%	%/		
CFINDCF						-				-	-		-	-		
Time Period (CF in DCF)						0	0	П	2	က	4	2	9	9		
Multiplier						1.00	1.00	1.07	1.15	1.23	1.32	1.41	1.51	1.51		
PV of CF							34.0	17.9	29.2	15.6	21.6	8.2	13.5	0.0		
								17.9	29.2	15.6	21.6	8.2	13.5	0.0		
	Ourrent	VF 2023	VF 2024						31.3	16.7	23.1	∞ o	14.5	0:0		
)	1001	11 2023	1202								0.	t o	2	200	707	1× EDITOA
Sum of PV BV of Torminal Value	1.00.1	¥ 6	0.70												7.64	IX EBIIDA
rv or reminal value	37.0	0.20	ž													
			,													

Figure 23: DCF analysis of recession scenario would reduce 12-month valuation range to \$4.50-\$6.00 from \$7.00-\$8.50

Firm Value	Current				ACCIMADTIONS											
irm Value		VE 2022	VE 2024		Pick Eron Dato			03V C			CACE					
	558	TE 2023	7E 2024		KISK Free Kate Forith Premirm	F		5.40%		2018-22	2020-24	s 2022-256	2024-28	3027-28		
1 Total Not Don't	011	3 5	(41)		Assumed IT Growth Date (a)	 rowth Dato (a	_	80	V	100/	150/	70	30,	15%		
(+) MOLE/Tax Assate	£ 5	1 5	£ C		Assumed El Growth Mate	John III nate (6		8	ECE to Firm	73%	11%	2 %	% %	1/1%		
(+) INCL3/18A Assets (-) Ontions (Claims on Entravision	77 ()	77	77 (7)		Share Drice	alcalation		\$6.33	2	400	CAGR		0/7	7470		
(1) Options (claims on thirdwision	0:0	(0:0)	0:0		Ortotanding	20304		070		2010 13	20.100					
Common Fairity Value	0 Z4Z	545.9	585.0		Outstallung Shares	<u>a</u>		07.0 555.8 FRITDA	RITOA	17%	<u>C7-17Ω7</u>	77-C707 89				
מווויסו בלמנה אמומכ	? Î	ŝ	2.00		Estimate MV of Debt Calculation	of Debt Calcula	ation	3	FCF to Firm	R N	£ %	8 8				
Shares Outstanding	87.8	87.8	87.8		Interest Expense	se		6.9]		
					Current Cost of Debt	f Debt		%0.9								
Current Share Price	\$6.33	\$6.33	\$6.33		Wgtd Avg Maturity of Debt	urity of Debt										
					BV of Debt			119.2								
Value Per Share	\$5.09	\$6.22	\$6.66		Estimate MV of Debt	of Debt		119.2								
12-month	\$6.00			,												
12-month (SoTP)	\$4.50															
Discounted Cash Flow			2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	Terminal	leu l	
ЕВІТОА			0.42	41.2		88.2	104.3	78.2	106.7	102.0	125.0	100.3	115.3		1	
EBIT			37.8	24.6	43.1	65.7	78.6	51.1	72.6	65.4	85.2	60.3	73.4	9	8.99	
Less Cash Taxes			(11.3)	(7.4)	(12.9)	(19.7)	(23.6)	(15.3)	(21.8)	(19.6)	(52.6)	(18.1)	(22.0)	(2	(23.4)	
Plus D&A			16.3	16.6	17.3	22.4	25.8	27.1	34.1	36.6	39.8	40.0	41.9	. 4	41.9	
Less Cap Ex			(17.0)	(25.3)	(9.5)	(2.6)	(10.0)	(13.0)	(10.5)	(11.0)	(11.6)	(12.2)	(12.8)	4)	(41.9)	
Less Increase in WC			(9.4)	(8.7)	8.7	(15.5)	(2.7)	(3.4)	(4.7)	(4.7)	(2.6)	(4.8)	(0.9)		(5.4)	
Free Cash Flow to Firm			16.3	(0.1)	46.6	47.3	68.1	46.5	69.7	9.99	82.2	65.3	74.5	3	38.1	
Tax Rate			30.0%	30.0%	30.0%	30.0%	30.0%	30.0%	30.0%	30.0%	30.0%	30.0%	30.0%	36	35.0%	
Net Debt			119													
Leverage Mult.			2.0x													
D/Equity			21%													
D/EV			18%													
E/EV			82%													
Unlevered Beta			1.02				-									
Levered Beta			1.26													
D/ Equity (long-term target) Cost of Debt (AT)			35%													
Cost of Equity			0/7: -													
was or equity			0, 5, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6,		/00	/00	ò	òò	/00	\do	\do	/00	/00			
WALL of in port			8.5%		%	%	% 5	× ·	% S	% '	% '	% 5	% S			
Cr III DCr Time Beriod (Cr is DCr)							- c		- r	٦ ،		- u	- u			
Multiplier						5	. 5	1 8	7 2	2, 2,	22 4	. 67	2 2			
Multiplier DV of CE						9	2 5	8 6	70 T	52.7	8 6	2.5	A7.8			
5							3	42.8	59.3	52.2	59.4	43.5	45.8			
									64.3	56.6	64.4	47.2	49.6			
	Current	YE 2023	YE 2024							61.4	6.69	51.2	53.8			
Sum of PV	303.0	282.1	236.3											4	449.7	4x EBITDA
PV of Terminal Value	254.6	276.1	299.5													
NPV of all CF																

Update January 27, 2023

APPENDIX

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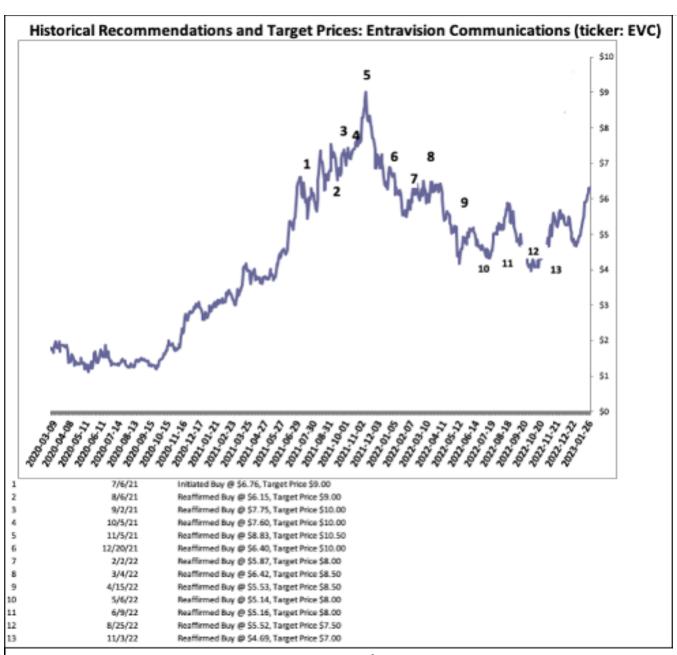
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