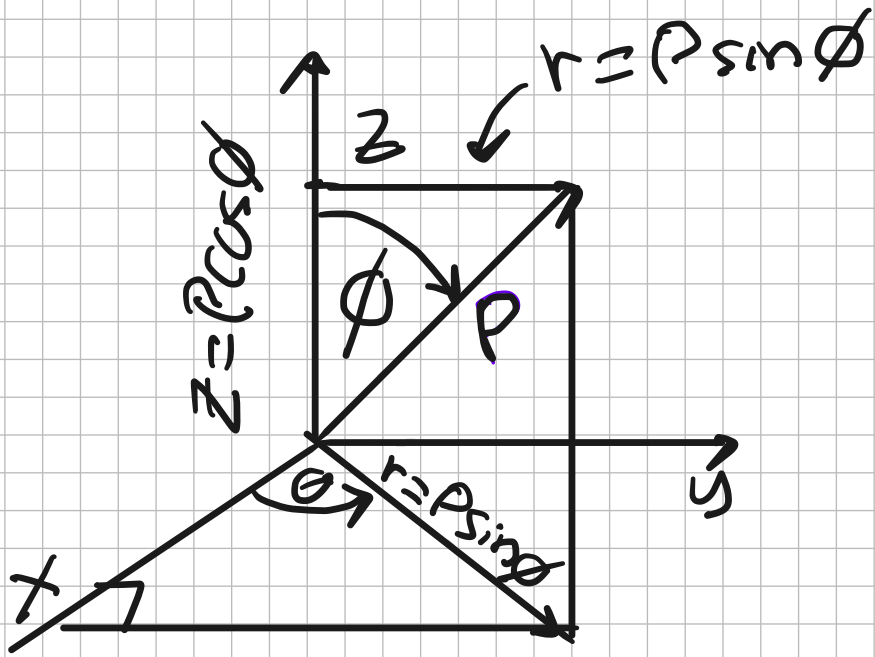
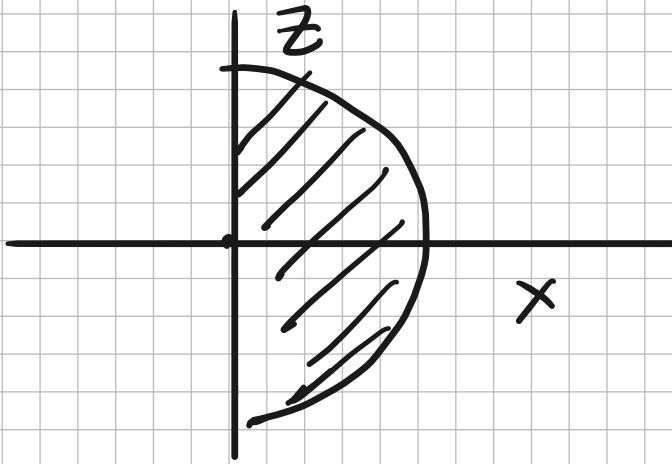


III

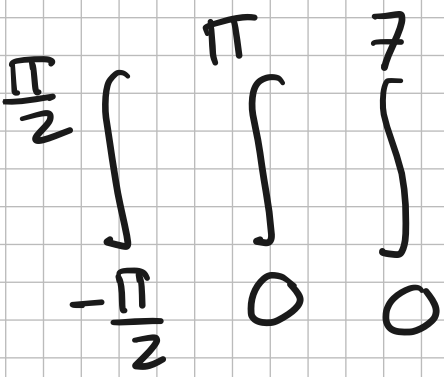
$$y = \sqrt{49 - x^2 - z^2}$$



$$\cos \theta = \frac{x}{\rho \sin \phi} \Rightarrow x = \rho \sin \phi \cos \theta$$

$$y = \rho \sin \phi \sin \theta$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = \rho^2$$



$$\rho^2 \sin \phi \, d\rho \, d\phi \, d\theta$$

$$\frac{\rho^3}{3} \Big|_0^{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \sin \phi \, d\phi \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} 1 \, d\theta$$

$$\frac{7^3}{3} [-\cos\phi]_0^\pi \cdot \theta \Big|_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2}$$

$$-\frac{7^3}{3} [\overset{''-1}{\cos\pi} - \overset{''1}{\cos 0}] \cdot \left[\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right]$$

$$\frac{7^3 (2)}{3} \cdot \pi$$

$$\frac{7^3 \cdot 2\pi}{3}$$

Spherical

$$\int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} \int_0^\pi \int_0^7 \frac{\rho^2 \sin\phi \, d\rho \, d\phi \, d\theta}{\rho}$$

$$\frac{\rho^2}{2} \Big|_0^7 \int_0^\pi \sin\phi \, d\phi \int_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2} 1 \, d\theta$$

$$\frac{49}{2} [-\cos\phi]_0^\pi \cdot [\theta]_{-\pi/2}^{\pi/2}$$

$$-\frac{49}{2} [-1 - 1] \left[\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right]$$

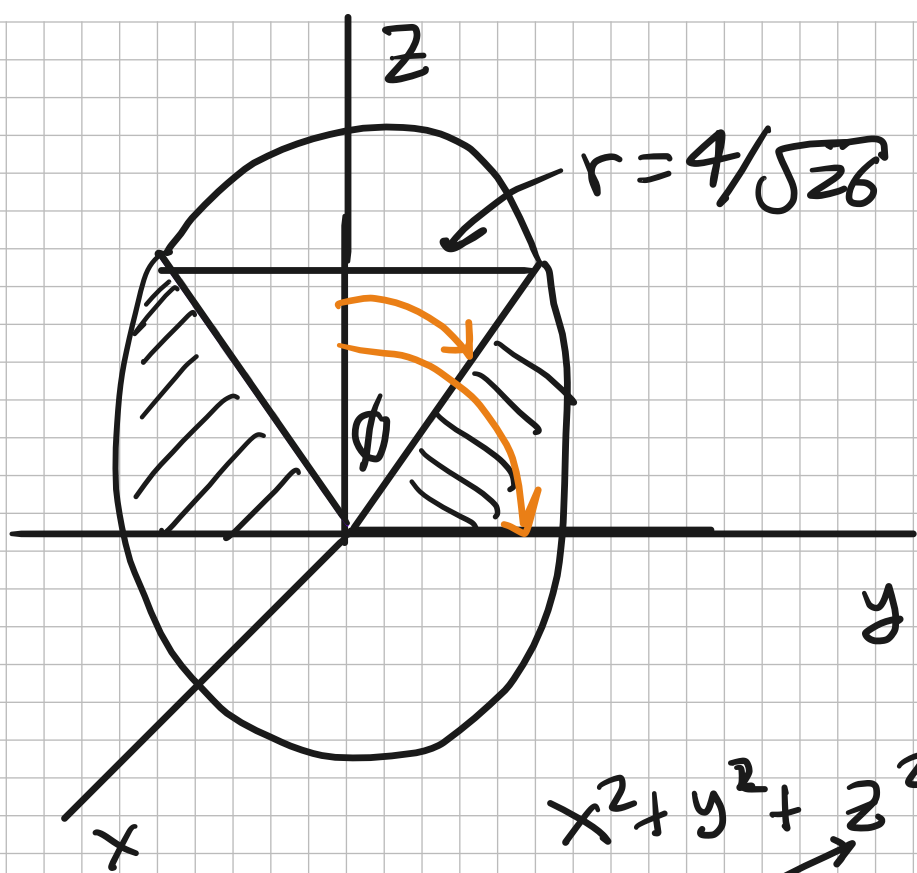
$$\underline{49\pi}$$

6)

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 16$$

above xy plane

outside cone $z = 5\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$



$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 16$$

$$z = sr$$

$$r^2 + 2sr^2 = 16$$

$$26r^2 = 16$$

$$r = \frac{4}{\sqrt{26}}$$

$$z = sr = s\left(\frac{4}{\sqrt{26}}\right) = \boxed{\frac{20}{\sqrt{26}}}$$

$$\tan \phi = \frac{4/\sqrt{26}}{s\left(\frac{4}{\sqrt{26}}\right)} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\phi = \tan^{-1}(1/5)$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_{\tan^{-1}(1/5)}^{\pi/2} \int_0^4 \rho^2 \sin \phi \, d\rho \, d\phi \, d\theta$$

$$\int_0^3 \frac{r^3}{3} \Big|_0^4 \int_{\tan^{-1}(1/5)}^{\pi/2} \sin \theta \, d\theta \int_0^{2\pi} d\theta$$

$$\frac{4^3}{3} \left[-\cos \theta \right]_{\tan^{-1}(1/5)}^{\pi/2} \cdot 2\pi$$

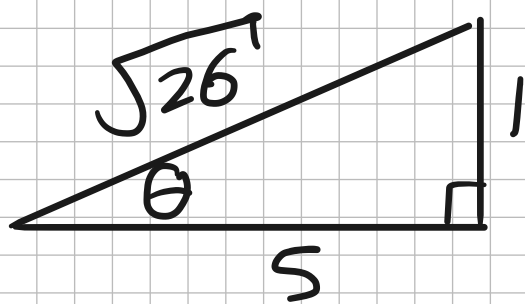
$$-\frac{64}{3} \left[\overset{0}{\cos(\pi/2)} - \cos(\tan^{-1}(1/5)) \right] \cdot 2\pi$$

$\Downarrow \frac{5}{\sqrt{26}}$

$$\cos(\underbrace{\tan^{-1}(1/5)}_{\theta})$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1}(1/5)$$

$$\tan \theta = 1/5$$



$$\cos \theta = \frac{5}{\sqrt{26}}$$

$$-\frac{64}{3} \left[\overset{0}{\cos(\pi/2)} - \cos(\tan^{-1}(1/5)) \right] \cdot 2\pi$$

$\Downarrow \frac{5}{\sqrt{26}}$

$$-\frac{64}{3} \left[0 - \frac{5}{\sqrt{26}} \right] \cdot 2\pi$$

$$\frac{5(64)(2\pi)}{3\sqrt{26}} = \frac{(128\pi)}{(3\sqrt{26})}$$

7]

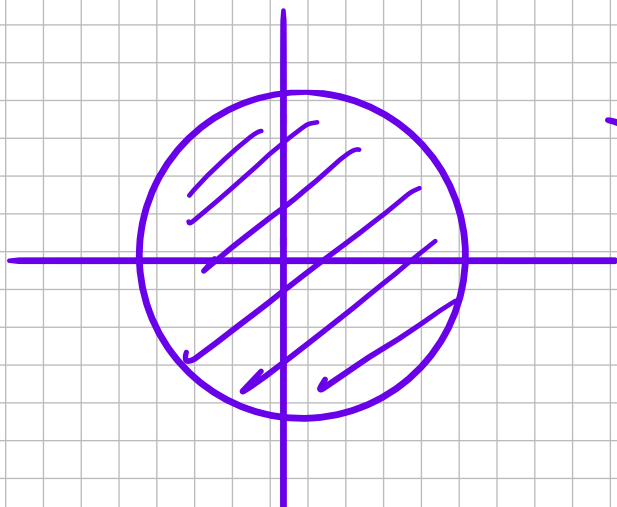
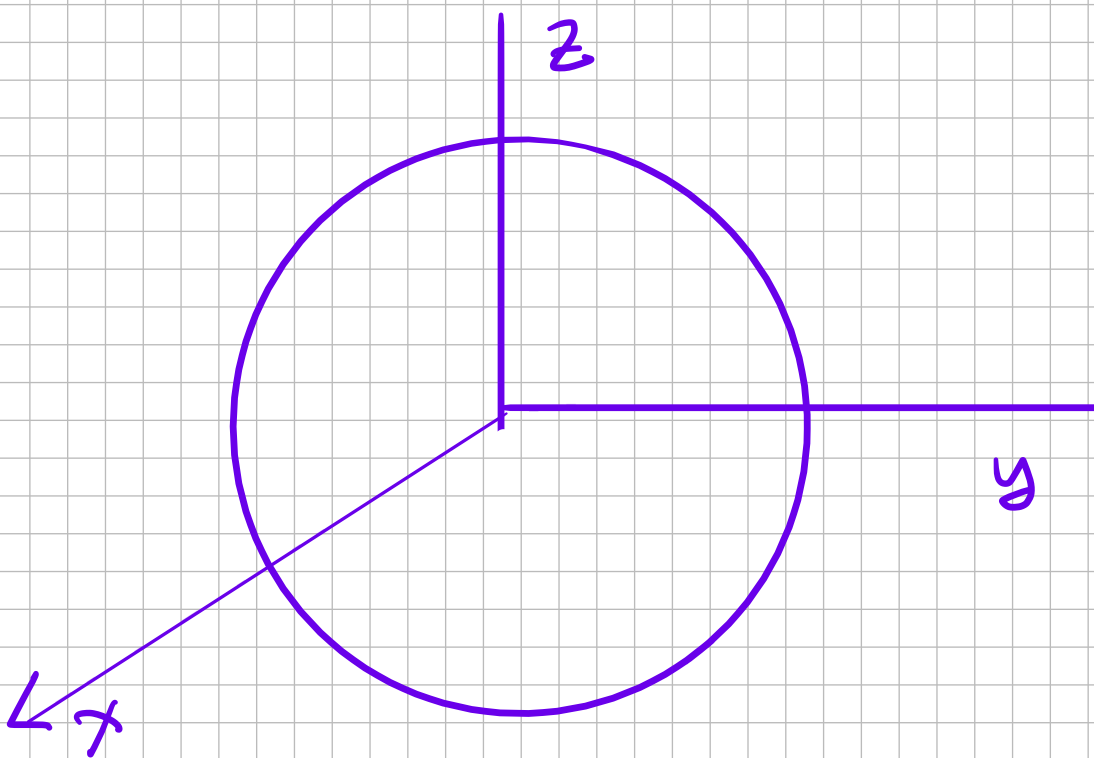
$$x^2 + y^2 = 4$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$$

$$\sqrt{4-x^2-y^2} \leq z \leq \sqrt{4-x^2-y^2}$$

$$-\sqrt{4-x^2} \leq y \leq \sqrt{4-x^2}$$

$$-2 \leq x \leq 2$$



$$x^2 + y^2 = 4$$

r^2

$$r^2 + z^2 = 4$$

$$z = \sqrt{4-r^2}$$

$$0 < \theta < 2\pi$$

$$0 < r < 2$$

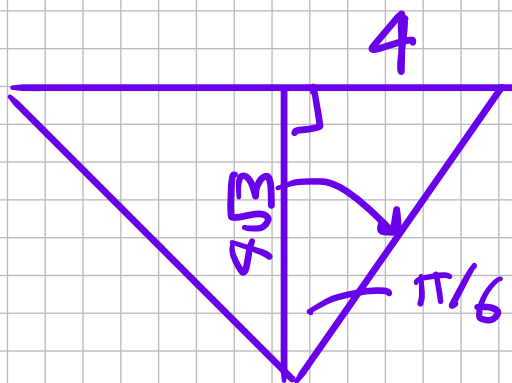
$$-\sqrt{4-r^2} < z < \sqrt{4-r^2}$$

$$0 < \phi < \pi$$

$$0 < \rho < 2$$

$$0 < \theta < 2\pi$$

14)

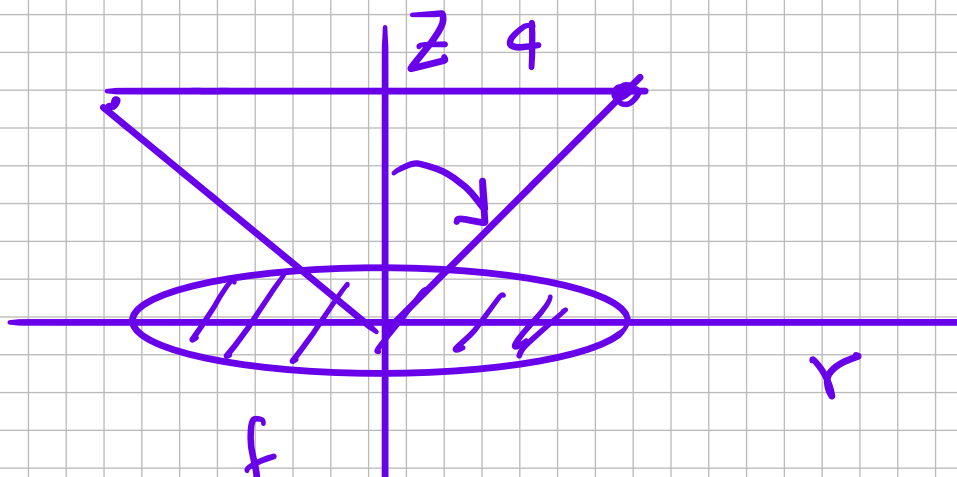


$$\tan \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{\text{Opp}}{4\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\text{Opp} = 4\sqrt{3} \tan \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$\text{Opp} = 4\sqrt{3} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = 4$$

$$z = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{4} r = \sqrt{3} r$$



$$\sqrt{3} \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} < z < 4\sqrt{3}$$

$\begin{matrix} \downarrow c & & \downarrow d \\ -\sqrt{16-x^2} \leq y \leq \sqrt{16-x^2} \end{matrix}$

$$y^2 + x^2 = 16$$

$$r^2 = 16$$

$$-4 \leq x \leq 4$$

$\begin{matrix} a & & b \end{matrix}$

$$dz \, dy \, dx$$

b)

$$\sqrt{3} r < z < 4\sqrt{3}$$

$$0 < r < 4$$

$$0 < \theta < 2\pi$$

$$c) \quad \begin{array}{l} b=2\pi \\ d=\pi/6 \\ f=4 \sec \phi \end{array} \quad \underbrace{\rho^2 \sin \phi \, d\rho \, d\phi \, d\theta}$$

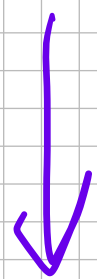
$$a=0 \quad c=0 \quad e=0$$

$$z = \rho \cos \phi$$

$$4 = \rho \cos \phi$$

$$\underline{4 \sec \phi = \rho}$$

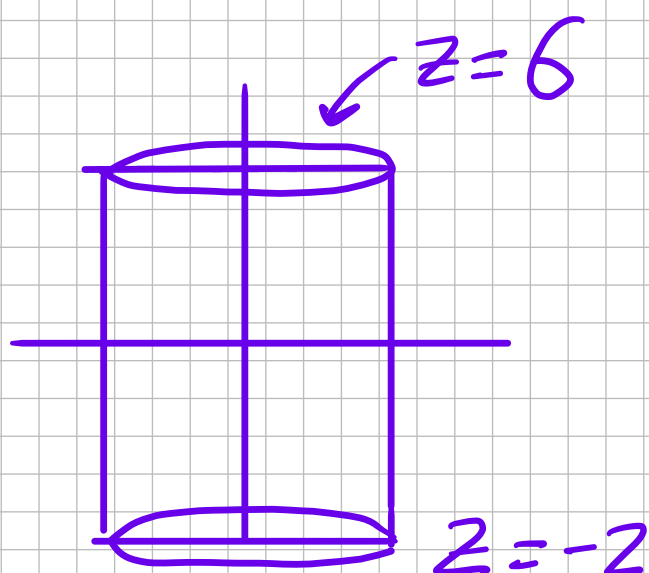
$$z = 4\sqrt{3} \quad \text{Involve } \rho$$



$$\rho \cos \phi = 4\sqrt{3}$$

$$\underline{\rho = 4\sqrt{3} \sec \phi}$$

13]



$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^2 \int_{-2}^6 \sin(r^2) dz r dr d\theta$$

$$\int_{-2}^6 \int_0^2 \sin(r^2) r \cdot 2\pi$$

$$16\pi \int_0^2 \sin(r^2) r dr$$

$$u = r^2 \quad du = 2r dr$$

$$16\pi \int \sin(u) \frac{du}{2}$$

$$-8\pi \cos r^2 \Big|_0^2$$

$$-8\pi [\cos 4 - \cos 0]$$

$$-8\pi [\cos 4 - 1]$$

$$8\pi [1 - \cos 4]$$

