

Kansas Speaks Fall 2022 Statewide Public Opinion Survey

Prepared For **The Citizens of Kansas**By

The Docking Institute of Public Affairs Fort Hays State University

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Mission:

To facilitate effective public policy decision-making among governmental and nonprofit entities

Kansas Speaks Fall 2022



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In service to Kansans, the Docking Institute of Public Affairs conducts the Kansas Speaks survey and offers this report of the survey's findings. The Institute is the primary sponsor of this surveying, funding it with operating reserves made possible by the Institute's applied research and organizational planning consulting work. This year the Wichita Journalism Collaborative joined the Institute by providing co-sponsorship.

Prepared For:

The Citizens of Kansas
In pursuit of
Fort Hays State University's Public Affairs Mission

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Executive Summary

The 2022 Kansas Speaks fall survey was conducted from September 19 to October 2, 2022. A panel of 520 adult residents of Kansas age 18 and older were surveyed online to assess their attitudes and opinions regarding various issues of interest to Kansas citizens. The statewide online panel survey finds:

Section 1: Overall Quality of Life in Kansas

- 48.3% of respondents indicated Kansas was a "very good" or "excellent" place to live, an only 6.7% said Kansas was a "poor" or "very poor" place to live.
- Asked where they will be in 5 years, 68.1% of respondents said they would be living in the same community that they live in now, 13.1% said they would be moving to another location in Kansas, and 18.7% said they would relocate to a state other than Kansas.

Section 2: Economy

- 16.1% of respondents felt the state economy was "very good" or "excellent," slightly lower than in December 2021 (21.4%), when data were collected for the last Kansas Speaks survey. 13.9% felt the economy was "poor" or "very poor," slightly higher than in December.
- 18.4% of respondents felt that the Kansas economy was getting better in the last 12 months, down from 24.5% in December 2021. 35.5% felt that it stayed the same. 46.1% felt it was getting worse, up substantially from 33% in December.
- 19.1% of respondents were "very concerned" about the future economy threatening their own or their family's welfare (up from 13% in December 2021), and 25% were "moderately concerned."
- 66% of respondents felt Kansas was on the "right track," and 34% felt Kansas was on the "wrong track" this year, no different than in December.

<u>Section 3: Government, Politicians & Election</u>

- 50.4% of respondents were satisfied with the performance of Governor Laura Kelly, and 36.1% were dissatisfied.
- 31.3% of respondents were satisfied with the Kansas legislature, and 33.5% were dissatisfied.
- 32.6% of respondents were satisfied with President Biden, and 57.2% were dissatisfied.
- 69.1% of respondents were confident that the reported winners of the elections in Kansas were actually the candidates that most Kansans voted for. 7.6% were not confident, 19.2% were neutral, and 4.1% said "don't know."
- 48.1% of respondents felt fraud was generally not a problem in Kansas elections. 16.1% felt fraud was a problem.
- 30.5% of respondents agreed that ballot drop boxes should be banned in Kansas. 45.4% disagreed.

- 26.7% of respondents agreed vote by mail should be abolished. 53.8% disagreed.
- 14.5% of respondents agreed that early voting should be abolished in Kansas. 60.2% disagreed.
- 14.3% of respondents agreed that illegal immigrants were voting in Kansas elections in large numbers. 39.9% disagreed, and 45.8% were neutral or said "don't know."
- 12% of respondents agreed that government has made it too hard to vote in Kansas. 56.9% disagreed.
- 11.6% of respondents agreed that state and local elections officials in Kansas committed election fraud to alter election outcomes. 48.4% disagreed.
- 10.5% of respondents felt that voter fraud routinely decided the winners of elections in Kansas. 53.6% did not feel so.
- About 60% of respondents agreed that Kansas government becomes stronger and more representative with diverse representation among elected officials.

Section 4: Public Policy Issues

- The top three sources of information respondents trusted to be knowledgeable about political issues were local television stations, national television network news, and local newspapers. Social media and national talk radio were least trusted.
- 73.4% of respondents were concerned about the cost of housing in their communities.
- 40.8% of respondents believed there was sufficient available housing in their communities. 35% believed there was not.
- 29% of respondents agreed that their community was adequately addressing housing issues. 38.9% disagreed.
- 44.1% of respondents felt they spent the right amount of their income on housing costs. 33.1% disagreed.
- In terms of amount of thought given to the issue, 29.9% of respondents thought "a great deal" or "a lot" of Medicaid expansion as a current political issue with the Kansas legislature.
- 75.7% of respondents agreed that expanding Medicaid would help rural Kansas hospital remain in business.
- 68% of respondents agreed that the Kansans who might obtain health insurance from expanding Medicaid deserve this benefit from the state.
- 71.9% of respondents supported expanding Medicaid in Kansas.
- 52.2% of respondents felt the issue of Medicaid expansion in Kansas was highly or extremely important as they decided who got their vote to represent them in the Kansas Legislature.
- 57.5% of respondents agreed that "the Kansas government should not place any regulations on the circumstances under which women can get abortions," while 28.6% disagreed.

- 70.4% of respondents agreed that women were in a better position than politicians to make their own choices about whether to get an abortion. 14.8% disagreed.
- 19.1% of respondents agreed that "if the Kansas government were to ban all or most abortions, it should also make it illegal for Kansas women to travel outside of the state to get abortions in other states where abortion is still legal." 60.7% disagreed.
- 77.4% of respondents were not willing to contact authorities to report a woman who had an illegal abortion or to report her medical providers if the Kansas government were to ban all or most abortions.
- 76% of respondents thought the state government should pay most of the cost of prosecuting women who get illegal abortions or their medical providers if the Kansas government were to ban all or most abortions; 24% thought the local government should pay.
- 22% of respondents said they voted YES on August 2 on the proposed state constitutional amendment that would give Kansas legislature absolute authority to regulate abortion. 44.9% voted NO. 33.2% said they did not vote.
- About half of respondents said their or their family's mental health had been impacted since the pandemic.
- 50.8% of respondents were more aware of their mental health now than before the pandemic.
- 43.8% of respondents indicated that they or someone they know had utilized mental health resources since the pandemic.
- 34.1% of respondents agreed that they were more likely to access mental health resources in the future. 31.7% did not agree.
- 37.8% of respondents were very or moderately concerned that Kansas might be running out of water, and another 29% were "slightly concerned."
- 41.7% of respondents felt severe weather events had become more frequent in Kansas compared to five years ago. 37.2% felt no change. 10.5% felt less frequent.
- 12.7% of respondents indicated that severe weather had caused them to be displaced from their home or caused major damage to their home or property in the last five years.
- 15.6% of respondents indicated that severe weather had caused them to experience serious financial problems in the last five years.
- 49.1% of respondents felt climate change was a crisis or major problem in Kansas, and 27.7% felt it was a minor problem. 23.2% said it was "not a problem at all."
- When asked how much they thought climate change was threatening the health of their family, 41.5% of respondents said "a great deal" or "somewhat"; 58.5% said "not very much" or "not at all."

- More than 45% of respondents thought that the federal government and business/corporations could have a large effect on limiting climate change. Only about 25% thought individuals and community organizations could have a large effect.
- 32.9% of respondents had a handgun in their home; smaller percentages had a shotgun (20%), hunting/target rifle (18.6%), semi-automatic rifle (8.0%). 51.1% did not have a firearm.
- Protection, second Amendment right/Constitutional right, and hunting were the top three reasons for owning a gun or rifle.
- More than 70% of respondents favored the following policies around gun ownership:
 - Preventing sales of all firearms to people who have been reported as dangerous to law enforcement by a mental health provider (83.7% favoring, 6.5% opposing)
 - Requiring a person to be 21 or older to purchase a gun (77.9% favoring, 11.9% opposing)
 - Preventing sales of all firearms to people who have been convicted of violent misdemeanors (75.3% favoring, 10.4% opposing)
 - Making private gun sales and sales at gun shows subject to background checks
 (73.8% favoring, 14% opposing)
 - Allowing family members to ask the court to temporarily remove guns from a relative who they believe is at risk of harming themselves or others (73.3% favoring, 9.1% opposing)
 - Mandatory three-day waiting period after a gun is purchased before it can be taken home (72.3% favoring, 13.3% opposing)
- More than half of respondents favored the following policies around gun ownership:
 - Authorizing law enforcement officers to temporarily remove guns from individuals who the officer determines pose an immediate threat of harm to self or others (64% favoring, 14% opposing)
 - Banning assault-style weapons (52.6% favoring, 32.8% opposing)
 - Having teachers or other school officials with appropriate training carry guns at school (52.5% favoring, 29.1% opposing)
 - Banning high-capacity ammunition clips that hold more than 10 bullets (52.3% favoring, 30.5% opposing)
- 54.5% of respondents felt that government and society could take action that will be effective in preventing shootings like the one in Uvalde, Texas, from happening again. 31.7% felt that shooting like the one in Uvalde, Texas will happen again regardless of what action is taken by government and society.

Section 5: Education

• 22% of respondents had pursued education in a community college in Kansas. 15.5% had pursued education at the University of Kansas. Less than 10% had pursued education in any single one of the other state universities (KSU, WSU, ESU, FHSU, PSU).

- More than 30% of respondents indicated that sporting events at the Kansas universities and colleges were "important" or "very important" to them and their spouse, to their children, and to their parents/siblings.
- 40.9% of respondents felt cultural/arts events or amenities at the Kansas universities and colleges were "important" or "very important" to them and their spouse, 31.5% to their children, and 27.4% to their parents/siblings.
- Almost half (49.3%) of respondents felt continuing education opportunities at the Kansas universities and colleges were "important" or "very important" to them and their spouse, 45.5% to their parents/siblings, and 42.8% to their children.
- 84% of respondents felt technical/vocational schools were important or very important to the workforce development in Kansas. 82% felt community colleges were, and 79% felt universities were important or very important.
- About 80% of respondents felt universities, community colleges and technical/vocational schools were important or very important to the research and development that transfers to business and industry in Kansas. A little over 80% felt those different education levels were important or very important to the overall economic development of Kansas and over 70% felt them important to civic life in Kansas.
- When asked what is the minimum level of education that they believe their immediate
 or close family members needed to complete to ensure financial security, 32% of
 respondents selected "high school diploma/GED," 30.3% selected "technical certificate"
 or "associate degree," and 37.8% selected "bachelor's degree" or above.
- When asked what is the minimum level of education that they believe adults in the U.S. needed to complete to ensure financial security, 34.8% of respondents selected "high school diploma/GED," 37.6% selected "technical certificate" or "associate degree," and 27.7% selected "bachelor's degree" or above.
- A little more than 60% agreed or strongly agreed that education beyond high school was a good return on investment both for the student and for the general population, while about 13% disagree on both.
- More than seventy percent of respondents felt comfortable with supporting technical/vocational schools and community colleges with their tax dollars in Kansas.
 58.6% felt so with the six state-governed universities in Kansas and 51.3% with Washburn University.
- 66.1% of respondents felt the schools in their community were safe.
- 48.2% of respondents felt that parents had right amount of influence in public education. 27.5% did not feel so.
- 81.2% of respondents thought teaching social emotional learning at school was important.

- 66.7% of respondents agreed that high school athletes should compete in sports on the basis of their gender at birth. 16.1% did not agree.
- 78.1% of respondents favored teaching lessons about race/ethnic history and equality at the high school level. The percentages of favoring such lessons were 70.6% at the middle school level and 55.1% at the elementary level.
- 16.1% of respondents favored holding certain types of books back from school libraries at the high school level. The percentage of favoring rose to 28.3% at the middle school level, and 37.1% at the elementary level.

Introduction and Methods

To assess attitudes and opinions of Kansans about public affairs matters, the Docking Institute (Institute) has surveyed representative samples of Kansas residents age 18 and older every year since 2009. In 2020, the Institute switched from using random digit dial telephone surveying to an online survey panel. For the 2022 survey, the Docking Institute developed the survey questionnaire (Appendix B) and contracted with QualtricsXM for data collection. QualtricsXM and its panel provider partners build and maintain panels on an ongoing basis that mirror the demographic characteristics of populations. Moreover, when conducting a statewide survey of Kansans, the Institute has QualtricsXM pursue quotas by gender, age, and nonmetro/metro counties in order to further promote a representative set of Kansas adults. QualtricsXM distributed the online questionnaire to the panel from September 19 to October 2, and 520 respondents answered all or most of the survey questions.

Appendix A provides comparison of the Kansas population and the final panel respondents on a list of demographic characteristics, including the three quotas used during data collection (gender, age, and county population). The final set of panel respondents is within 5% of the Kansas population on the distribution of gender and county population. Respondents who are 25-34 years old are overrepresented in the final panel. Overrepresentations or underrepresentations are also detected within categories of other demographic variables (see the "Survey Panel Unweighted" column and the "Kansas Population" column in Appendix A). For example, in the survey, 34% of respondents identified themselves as "strong" or "moderate Republicans," whereas Kansas Secretary of State Election Statistics shows that 44% of the registered voters are Republicans. Republican respondents were underrepresented in the survey panel, and those who identify as independent voters were overrepresented. To increase the statistical presence of those who are underrepresented and decrease the presence of those who are overrepresented, the Institute weighed cases by age, education, Hispanic origin, race, and political orientation. The weighted demographic statistics are presented under the "Survey Panel Weighted" column in Appendix A. The analyses contained throughout this report are also weighted results. Cases with no answers to those five demographic variables used for weights receive no weight, and therefore are not included in the analyses. A total of 451 weighted cases are included in the analyses.

The following analysis contains five sections:

- 1) Overall Quality of Life in Kansas. This section shows how Kansans generally feel about Kansas as a place to live.
- 2) **Economy.** This section shows results on questions addressing various economic concerns to citizens.
- 3) **Government, Politicians, and Election.** This section presents the results of citizens' ratings of the state government, elected officials, and attitudes about elections.

- 4) **Public Policy Issues.** This section looks at citizens' opinions on some contemporary state and/or national policies and issues.
- 5) **Education.** This section presents citizen's behavior and attitudes related to state universities and colleges, technical/vocational schools, and K-12 education.

These sections present descriptive analyses of respondents' answers to each question. The survey has matrix questions (multiple questions with same answer options in a series) having a "don't know" answer option. If the percentage of respondents selecting "don't know" was 10% or more for a question, the "don't know" percentages are reported. Except for the questions asking about respondents' demographic information, all of the survey questions are displayed verbatim under those graphs presenting descriptive analyses. Survey questions can also be found in the questionnaire presented in Appendix B.

Appendix C contains cross-tabulation analyses of survey questions by demographic variables. The tables are in the same order as the questions in the questionnaire. Each table shows how respondents' answers to each question varied by age group, education level, gender, race, political orientation, and household income. Each row contains the percentages of respondents selecting each answer option of the survey question within a demographic category. For example, the first table in Appendix C presents how respondent answered the question "In general, how would you rate Kansas as a place to live?" The first row in that table shows how respondents of 18-34 years old answered the question: 14.4% of respondents of 18-34 years old selected "excellent," 22% of respondents of that age group selected "very good," etc.

Section 1: Overall Quality of Life in Kansas

When asked to rate Kansas as a place to live, almost half (48.3%) indicated Kansas was a "very good" or "excellent" place to live, while 6.7% said Kansas was a "poor" or "very poor" place to live (Figure 1). When asked where they will be in 5 years, 68.1% of respondents said they would be living in the same community that they live in now, 13.1% said they would be moving to another location in Kansas and 18.7% said they would relocate to a state other than Kansas (Figure 2).

2.3% 4.4% (n=451)16.5% 31.7% 34.1% 11.0% 0% 10% 20% 40% 70% 30% 50% 60% 80% 90% 100% Excellent ■ Very good ■ Good Fair Poor ■ Very poor

Figure 1: Rating of Kansas as a Place to Live

Question: Q7 In general, how would you rate Kansas as a place to live?

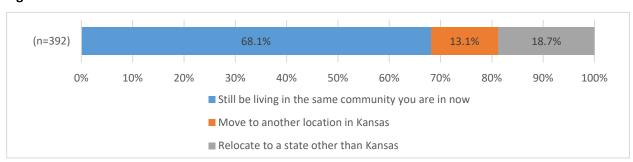


Figure 2: Residence in 5 Years

Question: Q54 By your best guess, where will you be in 5 years? Are you likely to still be living in the same community you are in now, move to another location in Kansas, or relocate to a state other than Kansas?

Section 2: Economy

Given the continuing high inflation in the year of 2022, ratings of economy in 2022 are compared with the same ratings found in the 2021 Kansas Speaks survey. When asked to rate the Kansas economy (Figure 3), 16.1% of respondents said they felt the state's economy was "very good" or "excellent" (21.4% in 2021) while 13.9% indicated they felt the economy was "poor" or "very poor" this year (10.9% in 2021). Figure 4 shows that in 2022 about 18.4% of respondents felt that the Kansas economy was getting better over the past year (24.5% in 2021), 35.5% felt that it stayed the same (42.5% in 2021), and 46.1% felt that it was getting worse (33% in 2021). In 2022, 44.1% of respondents were "very concerned" or "moderately concerned" that the Kansas economy would seriously threaten their own or their family's welfare (Figure 5), an increase from 39.7% in 2021. Another 33.3% were "slightly concerned" in 2021 (about 3% lower than in 2021), and 22.6% of respondents said they were "not concerned at all," similar to 2021.

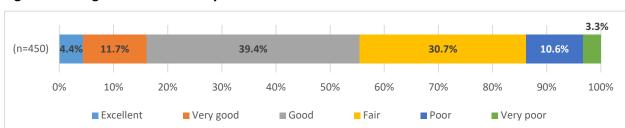


Figure 3: Rating of Kansas Economy

Question: Q9 In general, how would you rate the Kansas economy?

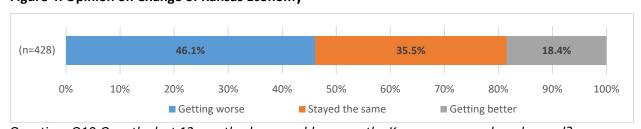
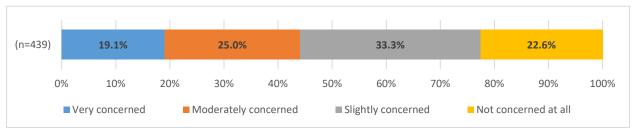


Figure 4: Opinion on Change of Kansas Economy

Question: Q10 Over the last 12 months, how would you say the Kansas economy has changed?

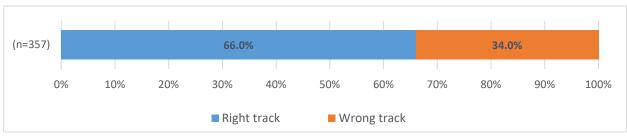
Figure 5: Level of Concern that the Kansas Economy Will Seriously Threaten Individual's or Family's Welfare over the Next Year



Question: Q11 How concerned are you that the Kansas economy will seriously threaten you or your family's welfare in the coming year?

In 2022 about two-thirds (66%) of respondents indicated they felt Kansas was on the "right track", and 34% of respondents believe Kansas is on the "wrong track" (Figure 6). These percentages unchanged from December 2021.

Figure 6: Opinion on whether Kansas is on the Right or Wrong Track



Question: Q8 Generally speaking, do you think Kansas is on the right track or wrong track?

Section 3: Government, Politicians, and Elections

Respondents were asked about their satisfaction with important political figures or institutions. Satisfaction was highest with respect to Governor Laura Kelly, as 50.4% of respondents were satisfied with Governor Kelly. The U.S. Congress received the highest level of dissatisfaction from respondents, with 59.4% being dissatisfied. President Joe Biden received the second highest dissatisfaction, with 57.2% being dissatisfied; and the satisfaction with the U.S. Congress was the lowest, with only 17.9% of respondents being satisfied (Figure 7).

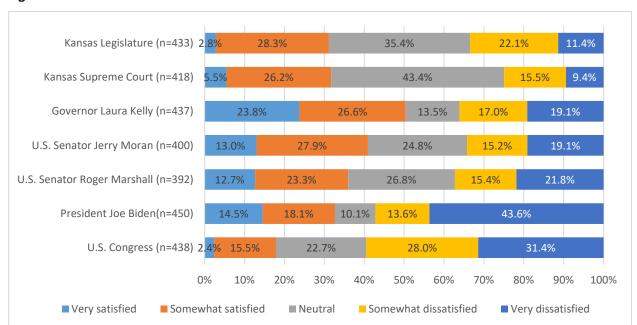


Figure 7: Satisfaction with the Overall Performance of Elected Officials

Question: Q12 How satisfied are you with the overall performance of the United States Congress? President Donald Trump? Kansas Supreme Court? Governor Laura Kelly? Senator Jerry Moran? Senator Roger Marshall? Kansas Legislature?

Respondents were asked about their opinion toward a list of statements related to elections. Respondents had high confidence with the election results in Kansas. Almost seventy percent (69.1%) of respondents agreed or strongly agreed that they were confident that the reported winners of the elections in Kansas were actually the candidates that most Kansas voted for, and 48.1% felt fraud was generally not a problem in Kansas elections. More than 50% of respondents disagreed or strongly disagreed with the following statements: early voting should be abolished; government had made it too hard to vote here in Kansas; vote by mail should be abolished in Kansas; voter fraud routinely decides the winners of elections here in Kansas. Almost fifty percent (48.4%) of respondents disagreed or strongly disagreed that state and local elections officials in Kansas commit election fraud to alter our election outcomes; 11.6% agreed or strongly agreed. Forty percent (39.9%) of respondents disagreed that illegal immigrants are voting in Kansas in large numbers, while 14.3% agreed. Respondents' opinion about ballot drop boxes were to some extent polarized, with 30.5% supporting banning ballot drop boxes and 45.4% opposing banning them (Figure 8).

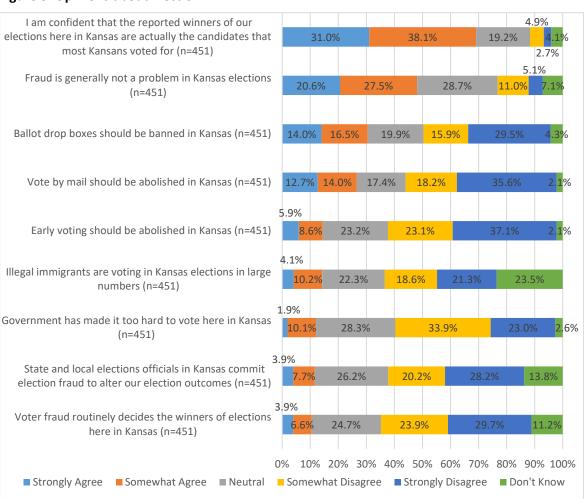
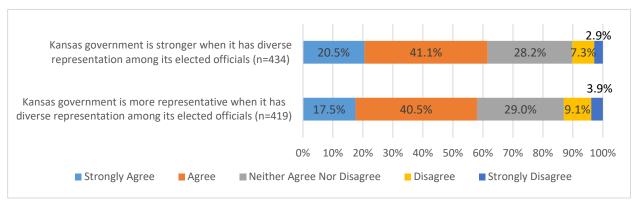


Figure 8: Opinions about Election

Question: Q18 How strongly do you agree or disagree with these statements regarding election?

When asked if Kansas government is more representative or stronger when it has diverse representations among its elected officials, 61.6% of respondents agreed or strongly agreed that Kansas government becomes stronger with diverse representations among elected officials. Almost sixty percent (58%) agreed or strongly agreed that Kansas government becomes more representative with diverse representations among elected officials (Figure 9).

Figure 9: More Representative/Stronger Government with Diverse Representation among Elected Officials



Question: Q19 How much do you agree or disagree that Kansas government is <u>more representative</u> when it has diverse representation among its elected officials?

Q20 How much do you agree or disagree that Kansas government is <u>stronger</u> when it has diverse representation among its elected officials?

Section 4: Public Policy Issues

Respondents were asked what sources of information they trusted to be knowledgeable about political issues. More than forty percent (41.2%) of respondents selected local television stations, followed by national television network news (38.2%), and local newspapers (32.7%). Social media and national talk radio were least selected (16.4% and 15.1% respectively) (Figure 10).

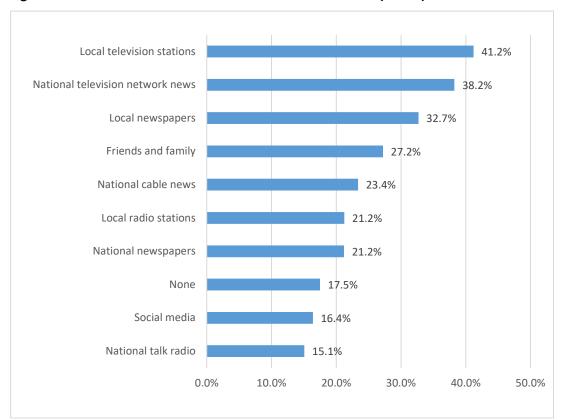


Figure 10: Sources of Information Trusted for Political Issues (n=451)

Question: Q21 What sources of information do you trust to be knowledgeable about political issues?

Respondents were asked about their opinions with regard to housing in their communities. More than seventy percent (73.4%) of respondents agreed or strongly agreed that they were concerned about the cost of housing in their communities. About forty percent (40.8%) agreed or strongly agreed that there was sufficient housing in their community, and 35% disagreed or strongly disagreed. When asked if they agreed that their community was adequately addressing housing issues, 29% of respondents agreed or strongly agreed, whereas 38.9% disagreed or strongly disagreed. More than forty percent (44.1%) of respondents agreed or strongly agreed that they spent the right amount of income on housing costs, while 32.9% disagreed or strongly disagreed (Figure 11).

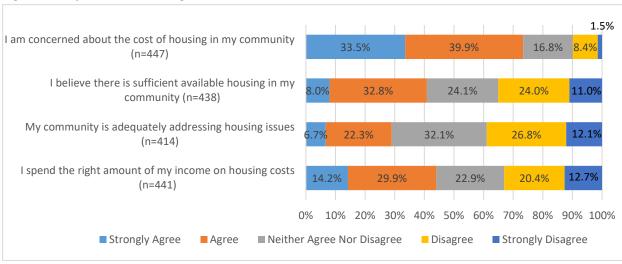


Figure 11: Opinion on Housing

Question: Q37 How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements about housing?

When asked how much they think about Medicaid expansion, 29.9% of respondents think "a great deal" or "a lot" and another 27% think "a moderate amount" about Medicaid expansion as a current political issue with the Kansas legislature. More than forty percent (42.8%) of respondents thought "a little" or "not at all" of this issue (Figure 12).

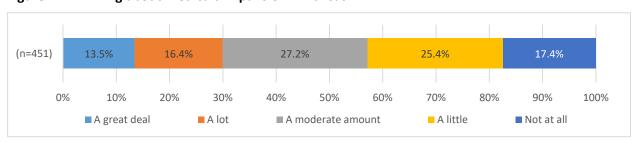


Figure 12: Thinking about Medicaid Expansion in Kansas

Question: Q13 Medicaid expansion is a current political issue with the Kansas Legislature. How much do you think about this issue?

Turning to opinions on expansion, 75.7% of respondents strongly or somewhat agreed that expanding Medicaid would help rural Kansas hospital remain in business, and 68% strongly or somewhat agreed that the Kansans who might obtain health insurance from expanding Medicaid deserve this benefit from the state. More than seventy percent (71.9%) of respondents supported expanding Medicaid in Kansas (Figure 13). More than half (52.2%) of respondents felt the issue of Medicaid expansion in Kansas was highly or extremely important as they decided who got their vote to represent them in the Kansas Legislature (Figure 14).

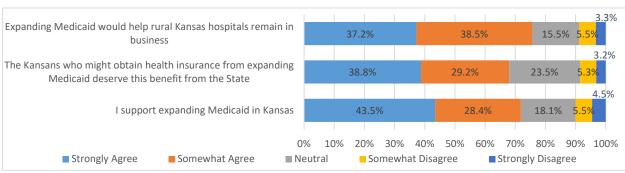


Figure 13: Opinions on Medicaid Expansion in Kansas

Question: Q14 If Kansas expands Medicaid under the Affordable Care Act, about 10% of the expansion would be paid by Kansas, and 90% by the federal government. Studies estimate that expanding Medicaid would provide health coverage to approximately 150,000 Kansans and financially benefit rural hospitals. Please tell me if you strongly agree, somewhat agree, are neutral, somewhat disagree or strongly disagree with the following statements.

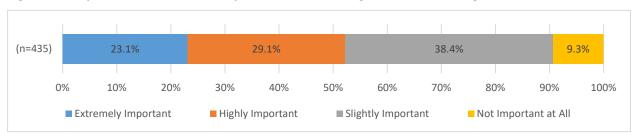


Figure 14: Importance of Medicaid Expansion When Voting for the Kansas Legislature

Question: Q15 As you decide who gets your vote to represent you in the Kansas Legislature, how important is the issue of Medicaid expansion in Kansas?

The survey measured respondents' attitudes on a list of statements related to abortion. About seventy percent (70.4%) respondents agreed or strongly agreed that women were in a better position than politicians to make their own choices about whether to get an abortion; 14.8% disagreed or strongly disagreed. More than half (57.5%) of respondents agreed or strongly agreed that Kansas government should not place any regulations on the circumstances under which women can get abortions; 28.6% disagreed or strongly disagreed. About sixty percent (60.7%) of respondents disagreed or strongly disagreed that "if the Kansas government were to ban all or most abortions, it should also make it illegal for Kansas women to travel outside of the state to get abortions in other states where abortion is still legal." (Figure 15)

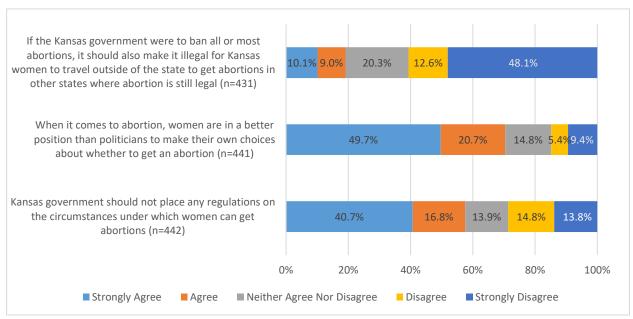
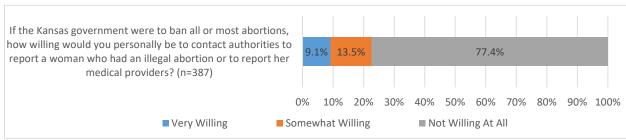


Figure 15: Opinions regarding Abortion

Question: Q38 How strongly do you agree or disagree with these statements regarding abortion?

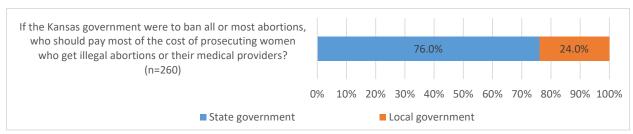
A majority (77.4%) of respondents were not willing to contact authorities to report a woman who had an illegal abortion or to report her medical providers, if the Kansas government were to ban all or most abortions (Figure 16). More than three-fourths (76%) of respondents thought the state government should pay most of the cost of prosecuting women who get illegal abortions or their medical providers if the Kansas government were to ban all or most abortions; 24% thought the local government should pay (Figure 17).

Figure 16: Willingness to Report Illegal Abortions



Question: Q39 If the Kansas government were to ban all or most abortions, how willing would you personally be to contact authorities to report a woman who had an illegal abortion or to report her medical providers?

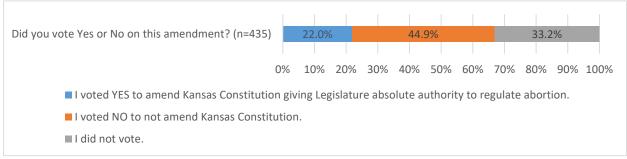
Figure 17: Who Should Pay Cost of Prosecuting Illegal Abortions



Question: Q40 If the Kansas government were to ban all or most abortions, who should pay most of the cost of prosecuting women who get illegal abortions or their medical providers?

The survey asked how respondents voted on the proposed state constitutional amendment that would give Kansas legislature absolute authority to regulate abortion on August 2. Twenty-two percent (22%) of respondents voted YES to amend Kansas Constitution, and 44.9% voted NO; 33.2% said they did not vote (Figure 18).

Figure 18: Vote on the August 2 Proposed State Constitutional Amendment



Question: Q41 On August 2, 2022, Kansas voters voted on a proposed state constitutional amendment that would have given Kansas legislature absolute authority to regulate abortion. Did you vote Yes or No on this amendment?

Respondents were asked if they agree or disagree with a list of statements related to mental health. About half of respondents agreed or strongly agreed that their or their family's mental health had been impacted since the pandemic; about 30% disagreed or strongly disagreed. Also, about half (50.8%) of respondents agreed or strongly agreed that they were more aware of their mental health now than before the pandemic. More than forty percent (43.8%) of respondents indicated that they or someone they know had utilized mental health resources since the pandemic. When asked if coming out of the pandemic they agreed that they were more likely to access mental health resources in the future, 34.1% agreed and 31.7% disagreed. (Figure 19)

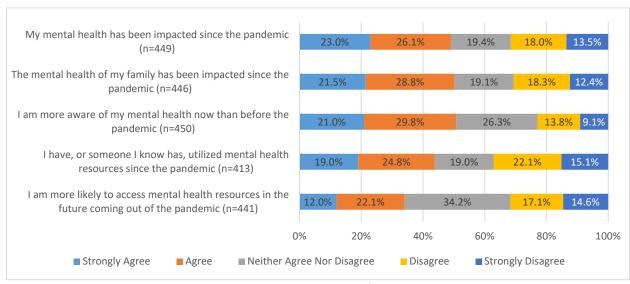


Figure 19: Mental Health Related to Pandemic

Question: Q42 How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements regarding mental health?

Almost forty percent (37.8%) of respondents were "very" or "moderately concerned" that Kansas might be running out of water, and another 29% were "slightly concerned." A third were "not concerned at all" (Figure 20).

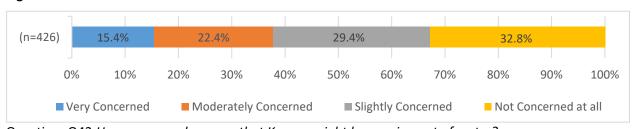


Figure 20: Concern about Water in Kansas

Question: Q43 How concerned are you that Kansas might be running out of water?

When asked if they think severe weather events had become more or less frequent in Kansas compared to five years ago, 41.7% of respondents said "more frequent," 37.2% said "no change," and 10.5% said "less frequent" (Figure 21). More than ten percent (12.7%) of respondents indicated that severe weather had caused them to be displaced from their home or caused major damage to their home or property in the last five years, and 15.6% indicated that severe weather had caused them to experience serious financial problems in the last five years (Figure 22).

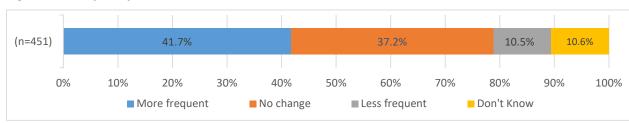


Figure 21: Frequency of Severe Weather in Kansas

Question: Q44 Compared to five years ago, do you think severe weather events like wildfires, extreme heat, hurricanes, or tornadoes have become more or less frequent in Kansas, or has there been no change?

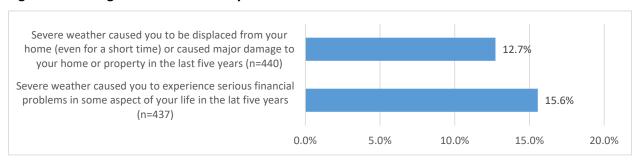


Figure 22: Damage and Cost Caused by Severe Weather in Kansas

Question: Q45 In the last five years, has severe weather caused you to be displaced from your home (even for a short time) or caused major damage to your home or property?

Q46 In the last five years, has severe weather caused you to experience serious financial problems in some aspect of your life?

Almost half (49.1%) of respondents felt climate change was a crisis or major problem in Kansas; 50.9% felt it was a "minor problem" or "not a problem at all" (Figure 23). When asked how much they thought climate change was threatening the health of their family, 41.5% of respondents said "a great deal" or "somewhat"; 58.5% said "not very much" or "not at all" (Figure 24).

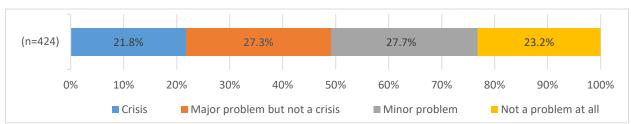


Figure 23: Climate Change in Kansas

Question: Q47 In Kansas, do you think that climate change is a crisis, a major problem but not a crisis, a minor problem, or not a problem at all?

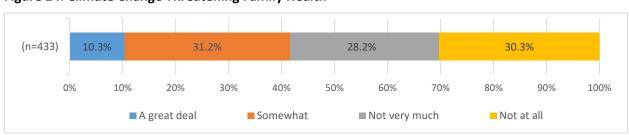


Figure 24: Climate Change Threatening Family Health

Question: Q48 How much, if at all, do you think climate change is threatening the health of your family?

The survey asked respondents to what extent a list of actors could have an effect on limiting climate change. Almost half (49.1%) of respondents thought that the federal government could have a large effect on limiting climate change. Business and corporations ranked second on the list, with 45.8% of respondents saying they could have a large effect. Only about 25% of respondents felt individuals and community organizations could have a large effect on limiting climate change (Figure 25).

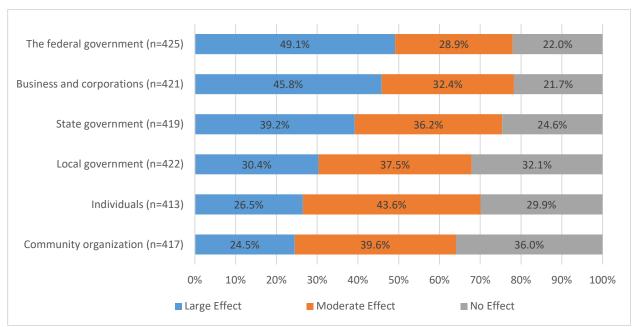


Figure 25: Groups Limiting Climate Change

Question: Q49 In your view, to what extent can the following groups have an effect on limiting climate change?

More than half (51.1%) of respondents indicated that they did not have a gun or rifle in their home. More than thirty percent (32.9%) had a handgun, and 20% or fewer respondents had other types of firearms in their home (Figure 26). Those who had a gun or rifle at home were presented a list of reasons for owning a gun or rifle and were asked the importance of each reason. Protection, second Amendment right/Constitutional right, and hunting are the most predominant reasons, with more than 70% of respondents saying those reasons are "important" or "very important" (Figure 27).

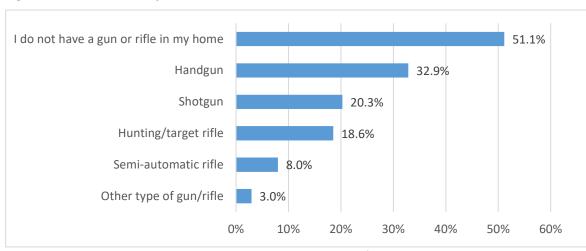


Figure 26: Gun Ownership (n=451)

Question: Q50 Do you or does someone else keep a gun or rifle listed below in your home?

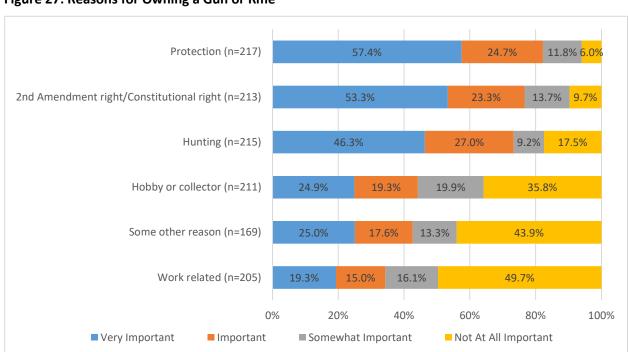


Figure 27: Reasons for Owning a Gun or Rifle

Question: Q51 How important are the following reasons for owning a gun or rifle?

The survey listed ten policies around gun ownership and asked if respondents favor or oppose them. More than 70% of respondents favored or strongly favored the following six policies (Figure 28):

- Preventing sales of all firearms to people who have been reported as dangerous to law enforcement by a mental health provider
- Requiring a person to be 21 or older to purchase a gun
- Preventing sales of all firearms to people who have been convicted of violent misdemeanors
- Making private gun sales and sales at gun shows subject to background checks
- Allowing family members to ask the court to temporarily remove guns from a relative who they believe is at risk of harming themselves or others
- Mandatory three-day waiting period after a gun is purchased before it can be taken home

More than 50% of respondents (continuing in Figure 28) favored or strongly favored:

- Authorizing law enforcement officers to temporarily remove guns from individuals who
 the officer determines pose an immediate threat of harm to self or others (64% favor;
 14% oppose)
- Banning assault-style weapons (52.7% favor; 32.8% oppose)
- Banning high-capacity ammunition clips that hold more than 10 bullets (52.3% favor; 30.5% oppose)
- Having teachers or other school officials with appropriate training carry guns at school (52.5% favor; 29.1% oppose)

With regard to preventing mass shooting, more than half (54.5%) of respondents felt that government and society could take action that will be effective in preventing shootings like the one in Uvalde, Texas, from happening again (Figure 29). More than thirty percent (31.7%) felt that shooting like the one in Uvalde, Texas, will happen again regardless of what action is taken by government and society. About fourteen percent (13.8%) of respondents had no opinion.

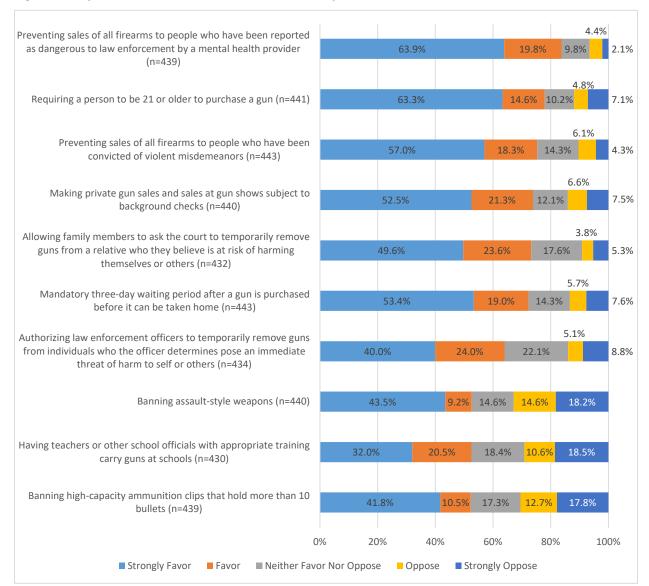


Figure 28: Opinion on Policies around Gun Ownership

Question: Q52 How much do you favor or oppose the following policies around gun ownership?

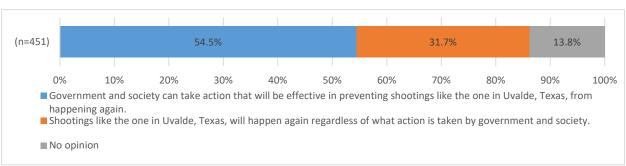


Figure 29: View about Preventing Mass Shooting

Question: Q53 Which of the following statements come closer to your overall view with regard to preventing mass shooting?

Section 5: Education

The survey asked respondents if they, their spouse or children, and their parent(s) or sibling(s) had pursued education in universities and colleges in Kansas. Table 1 shows respondents' answers. More than twenty percent (22%) of respondents indicated they had pursued education in at least one community college in Kansas. The single university with the highest percentage of respondents having pursued education there is the University of Kansas (15.5%), also the single university with the highest percentages of spouse or children (15.1%) and parent(s) or sibling(s) (21.1%) attending.

Table 1: University/College Attended

		Spouse or children	A parent(s) or
	I have pursued	pursued education	sibling(s) pursued
	education here	here	education here
University of Kansas	15.5%	15.1%	21.1%
Kansas State University	8.9%	13.3%	19.7%
Emporia State University	5.8%	4.2%	12.2%
Fort Hays State University	4.2%	4.0%	10.6%
Pittsburg State University	2.9%	6.2%	6.4%
Wichita State University	8.2%	7.1%	12.0%
Washburn University	4.9%	5.5%	11.5%
Community College(s)	22.0%	16.4%	12.4%
Technical College(s)	11.1%	5.5%	7.8%
Private College(s)	8.9%	6.7%	8.6%

Question: Q22 The Kansas Board of Regents governs six state universities and coordinates one municipal university (Washburn), nineteen community colleges and six technical colleges. There are also many private colleges in Kansas. Please tell us whether you, your parents or siblings, or others in your immediate family (spouse or children) have pursued education at one or more of these universities, Kansas community colleges, and technical colleges. Select all that apply.

Respondents were asked how important certain types of events and opportunities at the Kansas universities and colleges are to quality life for them and their spouse, their children, and their parents/siblings. More than 30% of respondents indicated that sporting events were "important" or "very important" to them and their spouse, to their children, and to their parents/siblings (Figure 30). About forty percent (40.9%) of respondents felt cultural/arts events or amenities were "important" or "very important" to them and their spouse, 31.5% to their children, and 27.4% to their parents/siblings (Figure 31). Almost half (49.3%) of respondents felt continuing education opportunities were "important" or "very important" to them and their spouse, 45.4% to their parents/siblings, 42.8% to their children (Figure 32).

4.7% You and your spouse (n=451) 17.0% 19.5% 23.4% 35.3% Your children (n=451) 14.6% 16.3% 36.0% 17.1% Parents/siblings (n=451) 16.1% 17.2% 37.5% 15.8% 13.4% 10% 0% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100% ■ Somewhat Important ■ Not At All Important ■ Very Important Important ■ Don't Know

Figure 30: Importance of Sporting Events at Kansas Universities and Colleges

Question: Q23 How important are sporting events at the Kansas universities and colleges mentioned above to quality life for you and your immediate family?

NOTE: Among the "don't know" response may be respondents with no children and those who do not plan to have children.

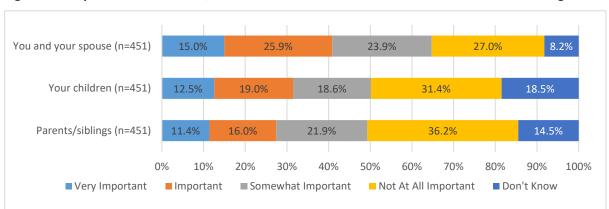


Figure 31: Importance of Cultural/Arts Events or Amenities at Kansas Universities and Colleges

Question: Q24 How important are cultural/arts events at the Kansas universities and colleges mentioned above to quality life for you and your immediate family?

NOTE: Among the "don't know" response may be respondents with no children and those who do not plan to have children.

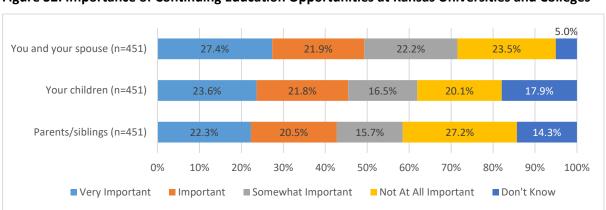


Figure 32: Importance of Continuing Education Opportunities at Kansas Universities and Colleges

Question: Q25 How important are continuing education opportunities at the Kansas universities and colleges mentioned above to quality life for you and your immediate family?

NOTE: Among the "don't know" response may be respondents with no children and those who do not plan to have children.

The survey continued asking how important three different education levels (universities, community colleges, and technical/vocational schools) were to the economic/workforce development, research and development for businesses and industry, and civic life in Kansas. Around 80% of respondents felt all education levels were "important" or "very important" to the workforce development in Kansas at 84% for technical/vocational schools, 82% for community colleges, and 79% for universities (Figure 33). Respondents seemed to give almost equal importance to those three education levels with regard to research and development that transfer to business and industry, as the percentages of respondents who said these education levels were "important" or "very important" varied from 79% to 81% (Figure 34). Regarding the overall economic development, the percentages of respondents saying these education levels were at least important were also very similar, varying from 81% (universities) to 84% (technical/vocational schools) (Figure 35). No significant differences were seen across different education levels regarding the civic life either, with about 74% of respondents saying "important" or "very Important" (Figure 36).

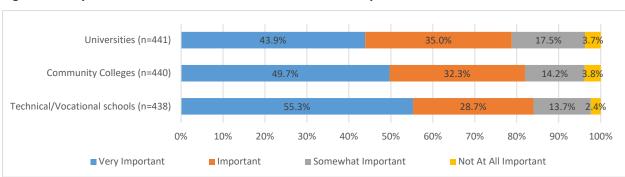


Figure 33: Importance of Education to the Workforce Development in Kansas

Question: Q26 How important are each of the following education levels in the workforce development of Kansas?

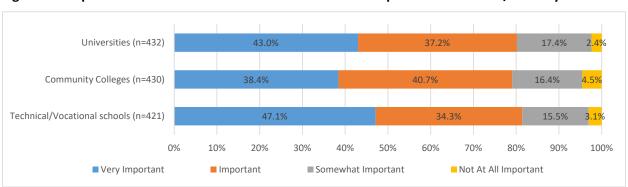


Figure 34: Importance of Education to the Research and Development for Business/Industry in Kansas

Question: Q27 How important are each of the following education levels to research and development that transfer to business and industry in Kansas?

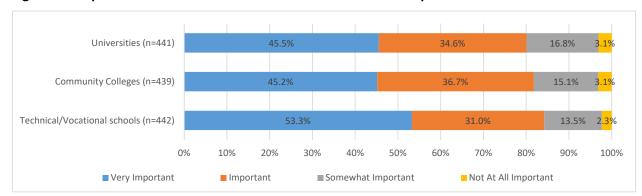


Figure 35: Importance of Education to the Overall Economic Development in Kansas

Question: Q28 How important are each of the following education levels to the overall economic development of Kansas?

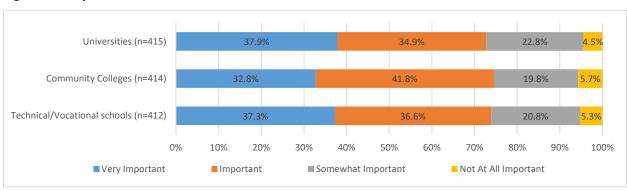


Figure 36: Importance of Education to the Civic Life in Kansas

Question: Q29 How important are each of the following education levels to research and development that transfer to business and industry in Kansas?

When asked what is the minimum level of education that they believe their immediate or close family members needed to complete to ensure financial security, 32% of respondents selected "high school diploma/GED," 30.3% selected "technical certificate" or "associate degree," and 37.8% selected "bachelor's degree" or above. Following that question, the survey asked about the minimum level of education adults in the U.S. needed to complete to ensure financial security. About thirty-five percent (34.8%) of respondents selected "high school diploma/GED," and 27.7% selected "bachelor's degree" or above (Figure 37).

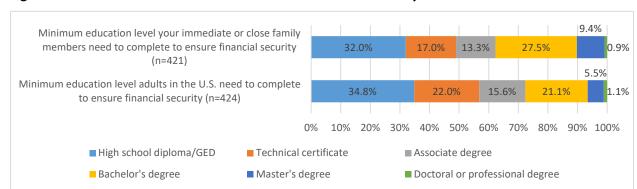


Figure 37: Minimum Education Needed to Ensure Financial Security

Question: Q30 What is the minimum level of education that you believe your immediate or close family members need to complete to ensure financial security?

Q31What is the minimum level of education that you believe adults living in the United States need to complete to ensure financial security?

When asked if education beyond high school offers a good return on investment for the <u>student</u> and for the <u>general population</u> of Kansas, respondents' answers were almost the same, as a little more than 60% agreed or strongly agreed that education beyond high school was a good return on investment for both the student and for the general population (Figure 38).

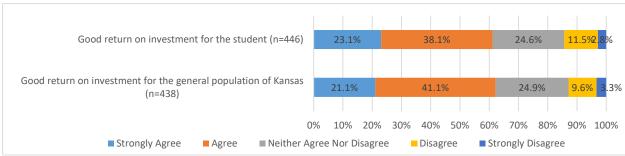


Figure 38: Education beyond High School as a Return on Investment

Question: Q32 How much do you agree or disagree that education beyond high school offers a good return on investment for the <u>student</u> and for the <u>general population</u> of Kansas?

More than seventy percent of respondents agreed or strongly agreed that they felt comfortable supporting with their tax dollars Kansas technical/vocational schools (7.7% disagreed) and community colleges (9.7% disagreed). Close to sixty percent (58.6%) agreed or strongly agreed they felt comfortable supporting the six Kansas state-governed universities (18.1% disagreed), and 51.3% felt comfortable supporting Washburn University (15.8% disagreed) (Figure 39).

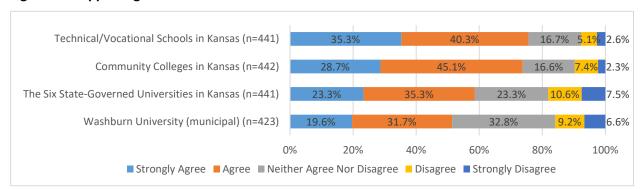


Figure 39: Supporting Educational Institutions with Tax Dollars

Question: Q33 How much do you agree or disagree that you feel comfortable with supporting the following institutions with your taxpayer dollars?

The survey asked respondents' opinion on a list of statements about K-12 education (Figure 40). About two-thirds (66.1%) of respondents agreed or strongly agreed that the schools in their community were safe. Less than half (48.2%) of respondents at least agreed that parents had right amount of influence in public education, whereas 27.5% did not agree. A large majority of respondents thought social emotional learning was important, with 81.2% of them agreeing or strongly agreeing with the importance of teaching social emotional learning (future-ready life skills such as self-management, relationship skills and responsible decision making). Two-thirds (66.7%) of respondents felt that high school athletes should compete in sports on the basis of their gender at birth.

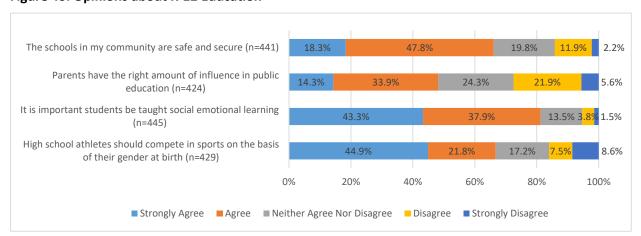


Figure 40: Opinions about K-12 Education

Question: Q34 How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements about K-12 education?

Almost eighty percent (78.1%) of respondents favored teaching lessons about race/ethnic history and equality at the high school level. The percentages favoring such lessons were 70.6% at the middle school level and 55.1% at the elementary level (Figure 41). Less than twenty percent (16.1%) of respondents favored holding certain types of books back from school libraries at the high school level. The percentage of favoring rose to 28.3% at the middle school level, and 37.1% at the elementary level (Figure 42).

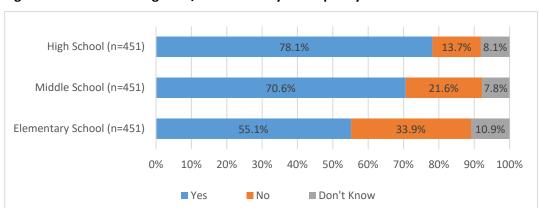


Figure 41: Favor Teaching Race/Ethnic History and Equality in School

Question: Q35 Do you favor teaching lessons about race/ethnic history and equality at the following levels?

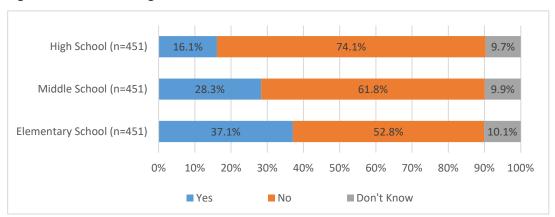


Figure 42: Favor Holding Certain Books Back from School Libraries

Question: Q36 Do you favor holding certain types of books back from school libraries at the following levels?

Appendix A: Demographic Characteristics

Appondix A. Bon	nographic Characteristics	Survey	Survey	
		Panel	Panel	Kansas
	Social Indicators	Unweighted	Weighted	Population*
		(n=520)	(n=451)	
	18-24 Years Old	9.0%	14.5%	13.0%
	25-34 Years Old	22.5%	17.6%	16.9%
Age	35-44 Years Old	15.8%	13.5%	17.0%
	45-54 Years Old	16.3%	16.5%	14.6%
	55-64 Years Old	15.6%	16.9%	16.6%
	65 Years and Older	20.8%	20.9%	21.9%
		(n=520)	(n=451)	
Gender	Male	48.8%	49.5%	49.7%
Gender	Female	50.6%	50.0%	50.3%
	Gender fluid/transgender/prefer not to say	0.6%	0.5%	
		(n=520)	(n=451)	
	Johnson County	20.2%	21.4%	20.8%
	Sedgwick County	17.9%	16.1%	17.8%
	Shawnee County	6.0%	4.6%	6.1%
County Population	Wyandotte County	5.4%	6.0%	5.8%
County Population	Douglas County	4.0%	3.7%	4.0%
	Leavenworth County	2.3%	3.4%	2.8%
	Riley County	2.5%	2.9%	2.4%
	Butler County	2.1%	3.6%	2.3%
	Other Counties	39.6%	38.3%	38.0%
		(n=487)	(n=439)	
	Less than \$10,000	7.8%	6.7%	5.7%
	\$10,000-\$24,999	13.3%	13.7%	11.7%
	\$25,000- \$34,999	17.0%	16.8%	8.5%
Household Income	\$35,000-\$49,999	17.9%	17.3%	12.7%
	\$50,000-\$74,999	20.3%	17.2%	18.6%
	\$75,000-\$99,999	10.1%	11.5%	13.4%
	\$100,000-\$149,000	10.1%	12.5%	16.1%
	\$150,000 or more	3.5%	4.2%	13.2%
		(n=507)	(n=451)	
	Less Than High School	1.4%	6.5%	8.6%
Education	High School Diploma	24.2%	24.5%	26.2%
	Some College or Associate's Degree	44.6%	34.6%	32.7%
	Bachelor's Degree or higher	29.8%	34.4%	32.4%

Continues on next page

Appendix A: Demographic Characteristics (cont.)

		Survey	Survey	W	
	Social Indicators	Panel Unweighted	Panel Weighted	Kansas Population*	
		(n=497)	(n=451)	Торинанск	
Hispanic Origin		6.6%	10.9%	12.7%	
		(n=501)	(n=451)		
	White	83.6%	77.8%	76.0%	
	Black or African American	6.6%	5.5%	5.3%	
Race	Asian or Pacific Islander	1.8%	2.6%	3.0%	
	American Indian or Alaska Native	1.2%	1.4%	0.7%	
	Some other race alone	2.8%	4.2%	4.4%	
	Two or more races	4.0%	8.5%	10.6%	
		(n=459)	(n=451)		
	Strong Republican	16.8%	21.3%	44.0%	
	Moderate Republican	lican 17.6%		44.0%	
Political Party	Independent Leaning Republican	10.7%	6.9%		
Orientation	Independent	20.0%	14.8%	29.0%	
	Independent Leaning Democrat	11.5%	8.6%		
	Moderate Democrat	12.2%	13.1%		
	Strong Democrat	11.1%	15.4%	25.8%	
Pagistared Vaters		(n=490)	(n=437)		
Registered Voters		82.7%	87.8%	87.4%	

^{*} The percentage of registered voters in Kansas is estimated using election statistics from the Kansas Secretary of State website and Kansas population estimate from U.S. Census 2021 American Community Survey estimates; County population information is obtained from the 2020 Decennial Census. All other information is obtained from the 2021 American Community Survey, 1-year estimates.

Appendix B: Survey Instrument

Q1

Welcome to the 2022 Kansas Speaks survey conducted by the Docking Institute of Public Affairs at Fort Hays State University. Kansas Speaks is a statewide survey measuring Kansans' evaluations of elected officials and their opinions on economy, taxation, election, and some current public affairs issues. It takes about 15 minutes to answer all the questions. The survey has been conducted annually since 2009, and survey results have been reported in local, state, and national news media. Your opinions matter. By participating in this survey you will give voice to thousands of Kansans similar to you. You are assured complete confidentiality. For more information about the Kansas Speaks survey, please visit our website: www.fhsu.edu/docking/Kansas-Speaks

Should you have concerns with the survey, please contact Dr. Jian Sun via his email address: jsun@fhsu.edu

Please select the arrow below to begin the survey.
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————

Q2 Do you currently reside in the state of Kansas?
○ Yes (1)
O No (4)
kip To: Q63 If Do you currently reside in the state of Kansas? = No
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————

Q3 Are you at least 18 years of age or older?	
○ Yes (1)	
O No (2)	
Skip To: Q63 If Are you at least 18 years of age or older? = No	
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————	

	à	6	

Q4 What year were you born?

Skip To: Q63 If Condition: What year were you born? Is Greater Than or Equal to 2005. Skip To: Unfortunately, we are currently only

Q5 What is your gender?
○ Male (1)
○ Female (2)
○ Gender-fluid/transgender (3)
Q6 In which Kansas county do you primarily reside?
▼ Allen (4) Wyandotte (108)
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————

Q7 In general, how would you rate Kansas as a place to live?
O Excellent (1)
○ Very Good (2)
○ Good (3)
○ Fair (4)
O Poor (5)
O Very Poor (6)
O Don't Know (7)
Q8 Generally speaking, do you feel Kansas is on the right track or wrong track?
○ Right Track (1)
○ Wrong Track (2)
O Don't Know (3)

Q9 In general, how would you rate the Kansas economy? Would you say it is
○ Excellent (1)
O Very Good (2)
○ Good (3)
○ Fair (4)
O Poor (5)
O Very Poor (6)
O Don't Know (7)
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————

Q10 Over the last 12 months, how would you say the Kansas economy has changed? Would you say it is
○ Getting Worse (1)
○ Staying the Same (2)
○ Getting Better (3)
O Don't Know (4)
Q11 How concerned are you that the Kansas economy will seriously threaten you or your family's well-being over the next year? Would you say
O Very Concerned (1)
O Moderately Concerned (2)
○ Slightly Concerned (3)
O Not Concerned at all (4)
O Don't Know (5)
Page Break

Q12 Please indicate if you are "Very satisfied," "Somewhat Satisfied," "Neutral," "Somewhat Dissatisfied," or "Very Dissatisfied" with the following public entities/officials.

23 	Very Satisfied (1)	Somewhat Satisfied (2)	Neutral (3)	Somewhat Dissatisfied (4)	Very Dissatisfied (5)	DON'T KNOW (6)
The Kansas Legislature in general (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0
U.S. Senator Jerry Moran (2)	0	0	0	0	0	\circ
U.S. Senator Roger Marshall (3)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Governor Laura Kelly (4)	0	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	0
President Joe Biden (5)	0	\circ	\circ	0	0	\circ
The Kansas Supreme Court (6)	0	0	0	\circ	0	0
The United States Congress in general (7)	0	0	0	0	\circ	0

13 Medicaid expansion is a current political issue with the Kansas Legislature. How uch do you think about this issue?
O A great deal (1)
○ A lot (2)
O A moderate amount (3)
O A little (4)
O None at all (5)

Q14 If Kansas expands Medicaid under the Affordable Care Act, about 10% of the expansion would be paid by Kansas, and 90% by the federal government. Studies estimate that expanding Medicaid would provide health coverage to approximately 150,000 Kansans and financially benefit rural hospitals. Do you "Strongly Agree," "Somewhat Agree," are "Neutral," "Somewhat Disagree," or "Strongly Disagree" with the following statements:

	Strongly Agree (1)	Somewhat Agree (2)	Neutral (3)	Somewhat Disagree (4)	Strongly Disagree (5)	DON'T KNOW (6)
Expanding Medicaid would help rural Kansas hospitals remain in business. (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0
The Kansans who might obtain health insurance from expanding Medicaid deserve this benefit from the State. (2)	0			0		
I support expanding Medicaid in Kansas. (3)	0	0	0	0	0	0
		O			O	

Q15 As you decide who gets your vote to represent you in the Kansas Legislature, how important is the issue of Medicaid expansion in Kansas?
○ Extremely Important (1)
O Highly Important (2)
○ Slightly Important (3)
O Not Important at All (4)
O Don't Know (5)
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————

Q16 If you voted in the 2018 election for governor, did you vote for Laura Kelly?						
○ Yes (1)						
O No (2)						
O Did not vote in the 2018 governor election (3)						
O Don't Know (4)						
Q17 Who do you plan to vote for as governor in 2022? ¹						
C Laura Kelly (Democrat) (1)						
O Derek Schmidt (Republican) (2)						
O Seth Cordell (Libertarian) (3)						
O Dennis Pyle (Independent) (4)						
Other (5)						
O I do not plan on voting/cannot vote (6)						
O Don't know (9)						
Page Break						

Q18 How strongly do you agree or disagree with these statements regarding election:

¹ The survey asked who respondents plan to vote for as governor in 2022. Our analysis shows that more than 97% of registered voters indicated they planned to vote for a candidate, which is significantly higher than the historical voter turnout rates in Kansas gubernatorial elections (around 50%). The survey does not have a screening line of questioning that can be used to separate those registered voters who are likely to vote from those who are not likely to vote. Without this we are not able to estimate the voting choices among only likely voters. Therefore, we will not report the results for the question. We intend to address this issue by including a line of questioning that differentiates likely voters from unlikely voters in future surveys.

	Strongly Agree (1)	Agree (2)	Neither Agree Nor Disagree (3)	Disagree (4)	Strongly Disagree (5)	DON'T KNOW (6)
Fraud is generally not a problem in Kansas elections. (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Government has made it too hard to vote here in Kansas. (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Illegal immigrants are voting in Kansas elections in large numbers. (3)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Voter fraud routinely decides the winners of elections here in Kansas. (4)	0	0	0	0	0	0
State and local elections officials in Kansas commit election fraud to alter our election outcomes.					0	

I am confident that the reported winners of our elections here in Kansas are actually the candidates that most Kansans voted for. (10)	0					
Early voting should be abolished in Kansas. (11)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vote by mail should be abolished in Kansas. (12)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ballot drop boxes - boxes used by local governments so that voters voting by mail can return their ballots to those boxes rather than mailing them - should be banned in Kansas. (13)	0					
Page Break -						

Q19 How much do you agree or disagree that Kansas government is <u>more</u> representative when it has diverse representation among its elected officials?
O Strongly Agree (1)
O Agree (2)
O Neither Agree Nor Disagree (3)
O Disagree (4)
O Strongly Disagree (5)
O DON"T KNOW (6)
Q20 How much do you agree or disagree that Kansas government is <u>stronger</u> when it has diverse representation among its elected officials?
O Strongly Agree (1)
O Agree (2)
O Neither Agree Nor Disagree (3)
O Disagree (4)
○ Strongly Disagree (5)
O DON"T KNOW (6)
Page Break

	ources of information do you trust to be knowledgeable about political ect all that apply.
	National television network news (1)
	National cable news (2)
	National newspapers (3)
	National talk radio (4)
	Local newspapers (5)
	Local television stations (6)
	Local radio stations (7)
	Social media (8)
	Friends and family (9)
	None (10)
Page Break	
raye break	

Q22 The Kansas Board of Regents governs six state universities and coordinates one municipal university (Washburn), nineteen community colleges and six technical colleges. There are also many private colleges in Kansas. Please tell us whether you, your parents or siblings, or others in your immediate family (spouse or children) have pursued education at one or more of these universities, Kansas community colleges, and technical colleges. Select all that apply.

	I have pursued education here (1)	Spouse or children pursued education here (2)	A parent(s) or sibling(s) pursued education here (3)
University of Kansas (1)			
Kansas State University (9)			
Emporia State University (10)			
Fort Hays State University (11)			
Pittsburg State University (12)			
Wichita State University (13)			
Washburn University (16)			
Community College(s) (14)			
Technical College(s) (15)			
Private Colleges (17)			

Q23 How important are sporting events at the Kansas universities and college:	s
mentioned above to quality life for you and your immediate family?	

	Very Important (1)	Important (2)	Somewhat Important (3)	Not At All Important (4)	DON'T KNOW (5)
You and your spouse (1)	0	0	0	0	0
Your children (2)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
Parents/siblings (3)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ

Q24 How important are <u>cultural/arts events or amenities</u> at the Kansas universities and colleges mentioned above to quality life for you and your immediate family?

	Very Important (1)	Important (2)	Somewhat Important (3)	Not At All Important (4)	DON'T KNOW (5)
You and your spouse (1)	0	0	0	0	0
Your children (2)	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
Parents/siblings (3)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ

Q25 How important are **continuing education opportunities** at the Kansas universities and colleges mentioned above to quality life for you and your immediate family?

	Very Important (1)	Important (2)	Somewhat Important (3)	Not At All Important (4)	DON'T KNOW (5)
You and your spouse (1)	0	0	0	0	0
Your children (2)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
Parents/siblings (3)	0	0	0	\circ	0

Q26 How important are each of the following education levels in the **workforce development** of Kansas?

	Very Important (1)	Important (2)	Somewhat Important (3)	Not At All Important (4)	DON'T KNOW (5)
Technical/Vocational schools (1)	0	0	0	0	0
Community Colleges (2)	0	0	\circ	\circ	\circ
Universities (3)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ

Q27 How important are each of the following education levels to <u>research and</u> <u>development that transfer to business and industry</u> in Kansas?

	Very Important (1)	Important (2)	Somewhat Important (3)	Not At All Important (4)	DON'T KNOW (5)
Technical/Vocational schools (1)	0	0	0	0	0
Community Colleges (2)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	0
Universities (3)	0	\circ	\circ	0	\circ

Q28 How important are each of the following education levels to the **overall economic** development of Kansas? Verv Somewhat Not At All DON'T Important Important KNOW Important Important (2) (1) (3) (4) (5) Technical/Vocational schools (1) **Community Colleges** (2) Universities (3) Q29 How important are each of the following education levels to the **civic life** of Kansas and its communities? Not At All DON'T Very Somewhat **Important** Important Important **Important** KNOW (2) (1) (4) (5) (3) Technical/Vocational schools (1) **Community Colleges** (2) Universities (3) Page Break -

Q30 What is the minimum level of education that you believe <u>your immediate or close family members</u> need to complete to ensure financial security?
O High school diploma/GED (1)
O Technical certificate (2)
O Associate degree (3)
O Bachelor's degree (4)
O Master's degree (5)
O Doctoral or professional degree (6)
O Don't know (7)
Q31 What is the minimum level of education that you believe adults living in the United States need to complete to ensure financial security? High school diploma/GED (1) Technical certificate (2) Associate degree (3) Bachelor's degree (4)
States need to complete to ensure financial security? High school diploma/GED (1) Technical certificate (2) Associate degree (3) Bachelor's degree (4) Master's degree (5)
States need to complete to ensure financial security? High school diploma/GED (1) Technical certificate (2) Associate degree (3) Bachelor's degree (4)

Q32 How much do you agree or disagree that education beyond high school offers a good return on investment **for the student** and **for the general population** of Kansas?

	Strongly Agree (1)	Agree (2)	Neither Agree Nor Disagree (3)	Disagree (4)	Strongly Disagree (5)	DON'T KNOW (6)
Good return on investment for the student (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Good return on investment for the general population of Kansas (2)	0	0		0		0

Q33 How much do you agree or disagree that you feel comfortable with supporting the following institutions with your taxpayer dollars?

	Strongly Agree (1)	Agree (2)	Neither Agree Nor Disagree (3)	Disagree (4)	Strongly Disagree (5)	DON'T KNOW (6)
Technical/vocational schools in Kansas (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Community colleges in Kansas (2)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
The six State- governed universities in Kansas (15)	0	0	\circ	\circ	0	0
Washburn University (municipal) (14)	0	0	\circ	0	0	0

Page Break ——

Q34 How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements about K-12 education?

oddoddion:	Strongly Agree (1)	Agree (2)	Neither Agree Nor Disagree (3)	Disagree (4)	Strongly Disagree (5)	DON'T KNOW (6)
The schools in my community are safe and secure. (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Parents have the right amount of influence in public education. (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0
It is important students be taught social emotional learning (future-ready life skills such as self-management, relationship skills and responsible decision making). (15)						
High school athletes should compete in sports on the basis of their gender at birth. (14)	0	0	0	0		
gender at						

	Yes (1)	No (2)	DON"T KNOW (3)
Elementary School (1)	0	0	0
Middle School (2)	\circ	0	\circ
H: 0 1 (0)			\bigcirc
High School (3)	ng certain types of bo	ooks back from sch	ool libraries at the
	ng certain types of bo Yes (1)	ooks back from sch	ool libraries at the DON"T KNOW (3)
Q36 Do you favor holdir			
Q36 Do you favor holdirollowing levels?			

Q37 How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements about housing? Neither Strongly DON'T Agree Nor Disagree Strongly Agree (2) Disagree **KNOW** Agree (1) Disagree (4) (5) (6) (3)I am concerned about the cost of housing in my community. (1) I believe there is sufficient available housing in my community. (2) My community is adequately addressing housing issues. (15)I spend the right amount of my income on housing costs. (14)

Q38 How strongly do you agree or disagree with these statements regarding abortion:

	Strongly Agree (1)	Agree (2)	Neither Agree Nor Disagree (3)	Disagree (4)	Strongly Disagree (5)	DON'T KNOW (6)
The Kansas government should not place any regulations on the circumstances under which women can get abortions. (4)			0	0		0
When it comes to abortion, women are in a better position than politicians to make their own choices about whether to get an abortion. (5)	0					0

If the Kansas government were to ban all or most abortions, it should also make it illegal for Kansas women to travel outside of the state to get abortions in other states where			
abortion is still legal. For example, the Kansas government should make it a crime for a Kansas woman to travel to Colorado to get an abortion there. (11)			

Page Break -

Q39 If the Kansas government were to ban all or most abortions, how willing would you personally be to contact authorities to report a woman who had an illegal abortion or to report her medical providers?
O Very Willing (1)
○ Somewhat Willing (2)
O Not Willing At All (3)
O Don't Know (4)
Q40 If the Kansas government were to ban all or most abortions, who should pay most of the cost of prosecuting women who get illegal abortions or their medical providers?
○ State government (1)
O Local government (2)
O Don't Know (3)
Page Break

amendment that would have given Kansas legislature absolute authority to regulate abortion. Did you vote Yes or No on this amendment?
○ I voted YES to amend Kansas Constitution giving Legislature absolute authority to regulate abortion. (1)
O I voted NO to <u>not</u> amend Kansas Constitution. (2)
O I did not vote. (3)
Page Break
rage bleak
Q42 How much do you agree or disagree with the following statements regarding mental health?

	Strongly Agree (1)	Agree (2)	Neither Agree Nor Disagree (3)	Disagree (4)	Strongly Disagree (5)	DON'T KNOW (6)
My mental health has been impacted since the pandemic. (4)	0	0	0	0	0	0
The mental health of my family has been impacted since the pandemic.	0	0				
I am more aware of my mental health now than before the pandemic. (11)	0	0	0	0		
I have, or someone I know has, utilized mental health resources since the pandemic. (12)	0					

I am more likely to access mental health resources in the future coming out of the pandemic. (13)			
Page Break			

Q43 How concerned are you that Kansas might be running out of water?
O Very Concerned (1)
O Moderately Concerned (2)
○ Slightly Concerned (3)
O Not Concerned at all (4)
O Don't Know (5)
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————

extreme heat, hurricanes, or tornadoes have become more or less frequent in Kansas, or has there been no change?
O More frequent (1)
○ No change (2)
O Less frequent (3)
O Don't know (4)
Q45 In the last five years, has severe weather caused you to be displaced from your home (even for a short time) or caused major damage to your home or property?
○ Yes (1)
○ No (2)
O Don't know (3)
Q46 In the last five years, has severe weather caused you to experience serious financial problems in some aspect of your life?
○ Yes (1)
○ No (2)
O Don't know (3)
Page Break

Q44 Compared to five years ago, do you think severe weather events like wildfires,

Q47 In Kansas, do you think that climate change is a crisis, a major problem but not a crisis, a minor problem, or not a problem at all?
○ Crisis (1)
O Major problem but not a crisis (2)
O Minor problem (3)
O Not a problem at all (4)
O Don't know (5)
Page Break

Q48 How much, if at all, do you think climate change is threatening the health of your family?
O A great deal (1)
○ Somewhat (2)
O Not very much (3)
O Not at all (4)
O Don't know (5)
Page Break ————————————————————————————————————

Q49 In your view, to what extent can the following groups have an effect on limiting climate change?

	Large Effect (1)	Moderate Effect (2)	No Effect (3)	DON'T KNOW (4)
The federal government (1)	0	0	0	0
State government (2)	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
Local government (3)	0	\circ	\circ	0
Community organization (4)	0	0	0	0
Business and corporations (5)	0	\circ	\circ	0
Individuals (6)	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ

Page Break —

Q50 Do you or does someone else keep a gun or rifle listed below in your home? (Check all that apply)					
	I do not have a gun or rifle in my home (6)				
	Handgun (1)				
	Shotgun (2)				
	Hunting/target rifle (3)				
	Semi-automatic rifle (4)				
	Other type of gun/rifle (5)				
	I prefer not to answer (7)				
	Do you or does someone else keep a gun or rifle listed below in your home? (Check all that apply) = I un or rifle in my home				
 Page Break					

Q51 How important are the following reasons for owning a gun or rifle?

	Very Important (1)	Important (2)	Somewhat Important (3)	Not At All Important (4)	DON'T KNOW (7)
Hunting (1)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
Protection (8)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
2nd Amendment right/Constitutional right (9)	0	0	0	0	0
Work related (2)	0	0	\circ	\circ	\circ
Hobby or collector (10)	0	\circ	0	\circ	\circ
Some other reason (3)	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ

Page Break —

Q52 How much do you favor or oppose the following policies around gun ownership?

	Strongly Favor (1)	Favor (2)	Neither Favor Nor Oppose (3)	Oppose (4)	Strongly Oppose (5)	DON'T KNOW (9)
Making private gun sales and sales at gun shows subject to background checks. (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Preventing sales of all firearms to people who have been reported as dangerous to law enforcement by a mental health provider. (8)						
Preventing sales of all firearms to people who have been convicted of violent misdemeanors.			0	0	0	0
Mandatory three-day waiting period after a gun is purchased before it can be taken home. (2)	0		0	0	0	0
Requiring a person to be 21 or older to purchase a gun. (10)	0	0	0	0	0	0

Banning high- capacity ammunition clips that hold more than 10 bullets. (3)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Banning assault-style weapons. (11)	0	0	0	0	0	\circ
Having teachers or other school officials with appropriate training carry guns at schools. (12)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Allowing family members to ask the court to temporarily remove guns from a relative who they believe is at risk of harming themselves or others. (13)	0	0	0	0		0
Authorizing law enforcement officers to temporarily remove guns from individuals who the officer determines pose an immediate threat of harm to self or others. (14)		0	0	0		
Page Break ——						

	eventing mass shooting?
	Ogovernment and society can take action that will be effective in preventing shootings like the one in Uvalde, Texas, from happening again. (1)
	O Shootings like the one in Uvalde, Texas, will happen again regardless of what action is taken by government and society. (2)
	O No opinion (3)
Pá	age Break ————————————————————————————————————

Q54 By your best guess, where will you be in 5 years? Are you likely to
 Still be living in the same community you are in now (1)
Move to another location in Kansas (2)
O Relocate to a state other than Kansas (3)
O Don't Know (4)
Q55 Do you consider yourself a
○ Strong Republican (1)
O Moderate Republican (2)
O Independent, Leaning Republican (3)
O Independent (4)
O Independent, Leaning Democrat (5)
O Moderate Democrat (6)
O Strong Democrat (7)
O Don't Know (8)
Q56 Are you currently a registered voter in Kansas?
O Yes (1)
O No (2)
O Don't Know (3)

Q57 What is the highest level of education you have received?
C Less than high school (1)
O High school diploma or equivalency (2)
○ Some college (3)
O Associates or technical degree (4)
O Bachelors degree (5)
O Postgraduate degree (6)
O Don't Know (7)
O Prefer to not answer (9)
Q58 Are you Hispanic, Latino/a, or Spanish origin?
○ Yes (1)
○ No (2)
O Don't Know (3)
O Prefer to not answer (4)

Q59 Which	one or more of the following would you say is your race?
	White (1)
	Black or African American (2)
	Asian or Pacific Islander (3)
	American Indian or Alaska Native (4)
	Other (5)
	⊗Don't Know (6)
	Prefer to not answer (8)

Q60

Which category includes your total annual household annual income in 2021 before taxes and withholdings (i.e., total gross income)?

O Under \$10,000 (1)
○ \$10,000 to \$24,999 (2)
○ \$25,000 to \$34,999 (3)
○ \$35,000 to \$49,999 (4)
○ \$50,000 to \$74,999 (5)
○ \$75,000 to \$99,999 (6)
○ \$100,000 to \$149,999 (7)
○ \$150,000 or more (10)
O Unsure (11)
O Prefer to not answer (12)
x Q61 Please enter your postal zip code here.
 Page Break ————————————————————————————————————

Q62 You are at the end of the survey. If you wish to submit your answers, click the right arrow below. You will not be able to change your answers or re-enter the survey once you click the right arrow. If you want to make changes to your answers, click the left arrow. Thank you for your participation in this survey! -- Docking Institute of Public Affairs, www.fhsu.edu/docking

Skip To: End of Survey If You are at the end of the survey. If you wish to submit your answers, click the right arrow below... Is Displayed

Q63 Unfortunately, we are currently only surveying residents of Kansas and are at least 18 years of age. Please click the right arrow below to exit the survey. -- Docking Institute of Public Affairs, https://www.fhsu.edu/docking

End of Block: Default Question Block

Appendix C: Crosstabulations Table Q7

Q7 Impression of Kansas as a place to live

		Excellent	Very Good	Good	Fair	Poor	Very Poor	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	14.1%	22.0%	39.6%	13.1%	6.2%	4.9%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	13.9%	36.3%	33.3%	13.7%	2.7%	0.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	18.2%	29.5%	36.3%	8.8%	6.0%	1.2%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	19.1%	47.3%	22.6%	9.5%	0.0%	1.4%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	18.2%	20.5%	35.0%	15.1%	5.9%	5.3%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	15.7%	35.4%	30.7%	11.9%	5.1%	1.2%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	15.8%	38.2%	36.8%	6.3%	2.3%	0.6%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	18.0%	31.1%	30.6%	11.0%	6.5%	2.8%	100.0%
	Female	15.2%	31.6%	37.9%	11.1%	2.3%	1.8%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	16.2%	34.3%	33.9%	8.7%	4.1%	2.8%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	17.6%	22.9%	34.7%	19.1%	5.3%	0.4%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	22.0%	42.6%	27.2%	5.4%	1.6%	1.2%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	12.5%	22.4%	39.5%	16.7%	3.6%	5.2%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	12.8%	26.0%	38.4%	13.0%	9.2%	0.6%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	15.1%	24.0%	36.2%	13.7%	7.1%	4.0%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	11.4%	37.6%	31.2%	14.5%	3.8%	1.6%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	24.9%	36.6%	31.3%	4.2%	2.0%	1.1%	100.0%

Q8 Generally speaking, do you feel Kansas is on the right track or wrong track?

		Right Track	Wrong Track	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	70.6%	29.4%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	73.8%	26.2%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	60.2%	39.8%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	63.5%	36.5%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	58.2%	41.8%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	65.4%	34.6%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	71.9%	28.1%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	60.4%	39.6%	100.0%
	Female	72.2%	27.8%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	62.5%	37.5%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	78.8%	21.2%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	61.3%	38.7%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	59.8%	40.2%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	77.8%	22.2%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	58.3%	41.7%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	67.3%	32.7%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	72.0%	28.0%	100.0%

OQ In gonor	al bowwwoulds	vou rate the Kansas	economy2
Q9 III delleli	ai, now would	vou rate the Namsas	economy?

		Excellent	Very Good	Good	Fair	Poor	Very Poor	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	8.0%	8.2%	30.3%	32.4%	15.4%	5.7%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	0.0%	14.6%	41.5%	31.2%	11.2%	1.5%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	5.3%	10.5%	43.9%	26.9%	10.6%	2.8%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	0.0%	17.4%	44.9%	33.6%	2.7%	1.4%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	3.5%	7.3%	35.1%	32.8%	15.4%	5.9%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	4.0%	13.9%	43.5%	26.7%	9.5%	2.3%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	5.4%	13.5%	39.3%	32.6%	7.3%	1.9%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	4.7%	12.5%	38.2%	29.3%	10.5%	4.8%	100.0%
	Female	4.1%	11.1%	40.0%	32.4%	10.7%	1.8%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	2.8%	12.0%	38.6%	30.8%	12.0%	3.8%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	9.8%	10.7%	42.2%	30.3%	5.4%	1.6%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	5.2%	9.4%	44.8%	29.8%	7.9%	2.9%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	2.4%	11.4%	33.6%	33.5%	12.8%	6.3%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	5.2%	15.4%	37.9%	28.9%	12.1%	0.6%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	4.5%	7.6%	36.8%	30.9%	14.7%	5.4%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	4.4%	12.4%	38.0%	33.8%	8.8%	2.5%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	3.2%	17.0%	41.5%	28.7%	8.0%	1.7%	100.0%

Q10 Over the last 12 months, how has the Kansas economy changed?

			Citati	igeu?	
		Getting Worse	Staying the Same	Getting Better	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	42.4%	42.4%	15.2%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	49.2%	33.7%	17.1%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	47.9%	29.8%	22.3%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	46.4%	35.8%	17.7%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	43.0%	41.3%	15.7%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	46.2%	35.8%	18.0%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	48.6%	30.0%	21.3%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	42.7%	35.7%	21.6%	100.0%
	Female	48.8%	35.6%	15.5%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	50.9%	33.3%	15.8%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	29.2%	43.2%	27.6%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	55.7%	27.8%	16.6%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	45.8%	36.8%	17.4%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	33.5%	44.4%	22.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	40.4%	37.3%	22.3%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	50.4%	33.3%	16.3%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	47.4%	34.6%	18.0%	100.0%

Q11 Concern that the Kansas economy will seriously threaten you or your family's well-being over the next year

			well-r	eing over the nex	tt year	
		Very Concerned	Moderately Concerned	Slightly Concerned	Not Concerned at all	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	16.7%	26.1%	37.3%	19.9%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	12.9%	37.2%	32.0%	18.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	24.2%	20.2%	29.8%	25.8%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	18.5%	23.2%	33.8%	24.6%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	20.8%	26.6%	32.6%	20.0%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	20.3%	29.5%	26.9%	23.3%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	16.3%	19.1%	40.4%	24.2%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	16.7%	26.9%	29.9%	26.6%	100.0%
	Female	20.6%	23.5%	37.2%	18.8%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	21.7%	23.9%	35.2%	19.2%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	9.8%	28.9%	27.0%	34.3%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	22.4%	26.9%	29.6%	21.1%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	21.2%	21.2%	35.8%	21.8%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	12.2%	26.6%	35.9%	25.4%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	21.7%	25.3%	33.5%	19.6%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	19.6%	30.6%	30.1%	19.8%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	16.0%	18.9%	36.6%	28.6%	100.0%

Q12_1 Satisfaction level with the following public entities/officials. - The Kansas Legislature in general

		Very Satisfied	Somewhat Satisfied	Neutral	Somewhat Dissatisfied	Very Dissatisfied	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	3.9%	23.5%	48.2%	16.6%	7.7%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	2.0%	28.5%	39.4%	18.4%	11.7%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	2.5%	23.9%	27.2%	29.5%	16.9%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	2.3%	42.2%	26.7%	20.9%	7.9%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level .	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	1.7%	18.4%	46.5%	22.2%	11.3%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	2.5%	30.7%	31.7%	23.2%	11.9%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	4.1%	34.5%	29.5%	20.9%	11.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	3.7%	24.7%	30.1%	24.0%	17.6%	100.0%
	Female	2.0%	31.3%	41.3%	20.3%	5.1%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	1.8%	28.4%	34.1%	23.3%	12.3%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	6.3%	28.0%	39.6%	17.8%	8.3%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	2.8%	34.8%	32.2%	19.0%	11.2%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	2.6%	22.1%	37.8%	24.7%	12.9%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	3.1%	26.0%	37.3%	23.6%	10.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	0.9%	23.3%	41.3%	22.4%	12.2%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	3.1%	26.2%	30.3%	25.8%	14.6%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	3.8%	39.4%	32.7%	17.6%	6.4%	100.0%

Table Q12_2

${\tt Q12_2\ Satisfaction\ level\ with\ the\ following\ public\ entities/officials.-U.S.\ Senator\ Jerry\ Moran}$

		Very Satisfied	Somewhat Satisfied	Neutral	Somewhat Dissatisfied	Very Dissatisfied	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	5.2%	22.2%	36.8%	10.2%	25.5%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	6.0%	26.0%	30.8%	23.3%	13.9%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	16.3%	30.5%	18.0%	18.1%	17.1%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	22.0%	32.7%	16.1%	12.8%	16.3%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	13.7%	27.4%	27.1%	9.8%	22.0%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	13.8%	26.4%	29.6%	15.9%	14.3%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	11.7%	29.8%	18.6%	18.9%	21.1%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	14.6%	30.2%	24.1%	15.4%	15.7%	100.0%
	Female	11.5%	25.9%	25.9%	15.1%	21.6%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	14.3%	28.4%	21.9%	16.1%	19.3%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	8.8%	26.5%	34.6%	11.9%	18.2%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	24.4%	46.3%	17.6%	8.7%	3.0%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	7.0%	17.7%	41.6%	17.6%	16.2%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	3.4%	12.9%	17.5%	21.7%	44.5%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	11.7%	29.3%	23.8%	15.7%	19.5%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	10.9%	26.4%	24.5%	16.3%	21.9%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	16.3%	30.5%	25.5%	11.0%	16.8%	100.0%

Q12_3 Satisfaction level with the following public entities/officials. - U.S. Senator Roger Marshall

		Very Satisfied	Somewhat Satisfied	Neutral	Somewhat Dissatisfied	Very Dissatisfied	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	5.4%	18.1%	41.6%	17.0%	17.9%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	4.6%	19.3%	27.1%	31.9%	17.2%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	15.8%	29.2%	18.8%	11.5%	24.7%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	22.2%	24.2%	18.4%	9.6%	25.6%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	11.9%	23.2%	34.7%	11.2%	19.0%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	12.7%	25.6%	27.0%	17.1%	17.6%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	13.2%	21.3%	20.1%	17.2%	28.2%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	11.2%	29.6%	23.3%	17.0%	18.8%	100.0%
	Female	14.4%	16.9%	30.8%	13.8%	24.1%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	13.6%	22.2%	24.8%	16.9%	22.6%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	9.7%	27.0%	33.3%	10.6%	19.4%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	25.9%	38.4%	21.5%	9.2%	5.1%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	6.2%	16.7%	39.3%	16.8%	21.0%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	2.0%	10.5%	20.9%	22.1%	44.5%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	11.8%	23.2%	30.5%	17.6%	16.9%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	8.4%	25.4%	22.7%	13.6%	29.9%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	18.6%	23.1%	25.7%	15.2%	17.4%	100.0%

Table Q12_4

Q12_4 Satisfaction level with the following public entities/officials. - Governor Laura Kelly

		Very Satisfied	Somewhat Satisfied	Neutral	Somewhat Dissatisfied	Very Dissatisfied	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	18.5%	25.0%	24.8%	17.5%	14.1%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	22.8%	45.6%	10.1%	6.8%	14.7%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	28.9%	17.2%	7.3%	17.8%	28.7%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	23.8%	31.7%	9.2%	21.5%	13.8%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	17.4%	21.0%	17.1%	17.9%	26.5%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	19.8%	31.9%	14.5%	17.4%	16.5%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	33.5%	26.1%	9.3%	15.9%	15.2%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	19.0%	27.4%	15.2%	13.7%	24.7%	100.0%
	Female	27.6%	26.1%	11.9%	20.5%	13.8%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	22.4%	24.8%	11.5%	20.9%	20.4%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	28.5%	32.7%	20.3%	3.9%	14.7%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	8.7%	21.4%	10.3%	27.0%	32.5%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	16.6%	29.9%	26.6%	11.0%	15.9%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	53.0%	30.5%	4.1%	9.2%	3.3%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	23.4%	21.6%	12.5%	18.9%	23.5%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	27.8%	26.8%	12.0%	15.3%	18.0%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	21.2%	31.6%	14.9%	17.0%	15.3%	100.0%

Q12_5 Satisfaction level with the following public entities/officials. - President Joe Biden

		Very Satisfied	Somewhat Satisfied	Neutral	Somewhat Dissatisfied	Very Dissatisfied	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	11.1%	18.6%	19.9%	15.8%	34.6%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	17.0%	23.9%	11.4%	9.1%	38.7%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	12.4%	17.6%	4.4%	13.1%	52.4%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	21.5%	14.5%	3.5%	13.8%	46.7%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	13.7%	6.9%	13.4%	16.6%	49.4%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	10.6%	19.8%	10.1%	12.9%	46.5%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	19.2%	26.4%	7.3%	11.5%	35.6%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	10.9%	16.1%	9.8%	12.9%	50.3%	100.0%
	Female	18.3%	19.3%	10.6%	14.4%	37.5%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	14.2%	16.9%	6.7%	13.0%	49.3%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	15.8%	22.3%	22.3%	15.6%	24.0%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	5.6%	4.2%	2.1%	13.4%	74.7%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	3.8%	13.7%	23.7%	19.8%	39.1%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	38.9%	43.0%	7.3%	7.2%	3.6%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	15.3%	10.9%	12.8%	13.3%	47.7%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	14.3%	22.4%	7.7%	13.2%	42.5%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	13.0%	22.9%	6.8%	15.0%	42.3%	100.0%

Table Q12_6

Q12_6 Satisfaction level with the following public entities/officials. - The Kansas Supreme Court

		Very Satisfied	Somewhat Satisfied	Neutral	Somewhat Dissatisfied	Very Dissatisfied	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	6.0%	25.2%	41.7%	14.3%	12.8%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	3.4%	30.7%	40.6%	21.5%	3.7%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	4.4%	24.0%	46.0%	17.5%	8.1%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	7.7%	28.2%	43.5%	10.5%	10.2%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	7.1%	23.0%	46.2%	15.0%	8.6%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	4.7%	27.4%	40.2%	17.8%	9.9%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	5.0%	27.8%	44.1%	13.5%	9.6%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	4.8%	25.0%	43.4%	14.5%	12.2%	100.0%
	Female	6.3%	27.8%	43.8%	15.6%	6.6%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	4.9%	27.0%	44.3%	13.4%	10.3%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	7.4%	23.5%	40.2%	22.4%	6.5%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	6.3%	23.3%	49.6%	13.0%	7.8%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	3.3%	20.7%	42.3%	19.2%	14.5%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	6.6%	35.9%	35.7%	15.2%	6.5%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	7.2%	28.1%	45.8%	9.1%	9.9%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	5.2%	21.9%	40.3%	22.4%	10.2%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	4.3%	28.6%	42.9%	17.0%	7.2%	100.0%

Q12_7 Satisfaction level with the following public entities/officials. - The United States Congress in general

				gen	erai		
		Very Satisfied	Somewhat Satisfied	Neutral	Somewhat Dissatisfied	Very Dissatisfied	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	3.6%	14.9%	24.4%	29.1%	28.0%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	3.3%	22.4%	21.1%	29.5%	23.7%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	2.5%	13.4%	23.8%	27.1%	33.2%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	0.0%	15.4%	19.4%	27.0%	38.2%	100.0%
257 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	4.2%	9.6%	27.2%	26.6%	32.4%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	1.3%	17.9%	22.7%	28.5%	29.6%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	1.9%	18.3%	18.6%	28.8%	32.4%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	3.2%	15.1%	21.0%	28.1%	32.5%	100.0%
	Female	1.7%	16.0%	24.6%	28.3%	29.5%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	1.9%	14.4%	19.0%	31.3%	33.5%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	4.2%	19.3%	35.6%	16.9%	24.1%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	1.6%	18.4%	18.4%	29.1%	32.6%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	1.0%	9.3%	28.0%	25.0%	36.7%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	5.0%	17.9%	23.2%	29.8%	24.1%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	3.6%	13.7%	28.4%	26.1%	28.2%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	1.8%	13.2%	17.6%	31.0%	36.4%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	1.8%	19.7%	20.2%	28.1%	30.2%	100.0%

Q13 Medicaid Expansion: How much do you think about this issue?

		Q.70 III.0	noura Expan	A moderate	,		
		A great deal	A lot	amount	A little	Not at all	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	15.9%	22.1%	32.8%	16.5%	12.7%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	7.6%	25.4%	30.8%	24.4%	11.7%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	16.7%	10.7%	24.3%	26.5%	21.8%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	8.5%	11.1%	21.2%	37.8%	21.4%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	23.9%	25.1%	21.4%	18.3%	11.3%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	9.9%	12.5%	32.7%	24.4%	20.5%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	7.8%	12.6%	27.0%	32.8%	19.9%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	9.4%	18.0%	25.3%	31.0%	16.4%	100.0%
	Female	17.7%	15.1%	28.4%	20.1%	18.6%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	13.3%	13.9%	23.3%	28.7%	20.8%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	14.0%	25.2%	41.2%	13.9%	5.6%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	11.3%	13.5%	21.5%	31.2%	22.5%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	12.4%	18.2%	33.1%	20.7%	15.5%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	17.8%	18.8%	29.2%	22.0%	12.2%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	21.0%	17.3%	28.3%	20.7%	12.7%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	9.4%	19.4%	30.2%	24.2%	16.7%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	5.2%	13.3%	24.5%	32.3%	24.8%	100.0%

Table Q14_1

Q14_1 Level of support for Medicaid: Expanding Medicaid would help rural Kansas hospitals remain in business.

		Strongly Agree	Somewhat Agree	Neutral	Somewhat Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	41.6%	32.0%	17.1%	6.7%	2.5%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	29.4%	50.9%	14.0%	2.2%	3.5%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	41.5%	30.4%	15.5%	7.5%	5.1%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	28.7%	52.8%	13.9%	3.0%	1.6%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	42.0%	28.8%	22.7%	3.5%	3.1%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	32.0%	43.3%	16.7%	3.5%	4.5%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	38.2%	42.2%	7.9%	9.4%	2.3%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	36.6%	37.4%	16.2%	4.9%	4.9%	100.0%
	Female	37.2%	39.9%	15.0%	6.3%	1.7%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	34.6%	40.8%	15.7%	5.7%	3.2%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	46.1%	30.6%	14.7%	4.9%	3.6%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	20.7%	48.2%	16.4%	9.1%	5.5%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	28.3%	39.4%	23.0%	5.9%	3.4%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	70.4%	23.4%	6.2%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	45.1%	30.9%	16.4%	4.1%	3.6%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	38.0%	40.6%	12.2%	3.9%	5.2%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	28.1%	46.3%	14.9%	10.0%	0.8%	100.0%

Table Q14_2

Q14_2 Level of support for Medicaid: The Kansans who might obtain health insurance from expanding Medicaid deserve this benefit from the State.

		Strongly Agree	Somewhat Agree	Neutral	Somewhat Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	43.2%	29.4%	19.3%	3.8%	4.3%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	41.0%	35.6%	17.0%	4.9%	1.5%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	41.8%	21.4%	28.6%	4.9%	3.2%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	25.7%	36.9%	26.4%	8.5%	2.4%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	47.5%	19.3%	27.6%	4.6%	1.0%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	36.6%	30.5%	26.2%	4.2%	2.5%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	33.2%	36.6%	17.4%	7.0%	5.7%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	38.6%	29.7%	23.1%	3.8%	4.9%	100.0%
	Female	38.2%	29.1%	24.3%	7.0%	1.5%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	38.8%	27.3%	26.0%	4.7%	3.2%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	38.6%	36.0%	15.1%	7.5%	2.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	21.8%	29.2%	35.4%	8.1%	5.6%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	35.6%	34.6%	21.9%	5.0%	2.9%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	66.1%	23.6%	8.5%	1.7%	0.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	46.7%	25.5%	21.4%	5.0%	1.4%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	41.2%	31.5%	21.3%	3.2%	2.9%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	28.2%	31.0%	27.1%	7.7%	6.1%	100.0%

Table Q14_3

Q14_3 Level of support for Medicaid: I support expanding Medicaid in Kansas.

		Strongly Agree	Somewhat Agree	Neutral	Somewhat Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	50.2%	21.8%	21.0%	4.6%	2.3%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	46.4%	40.5%	9.6%	3.5%	0.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	44.3%	22.9%	18.0%	6.1%	8.7%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	30.2%	39.0%	19.3%	7.1%	4.4%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	48.8%	22.4%	22.5%	3.6%	2.7%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	37.0%	33.3%	19.6%	4.2%	5.9%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	45.3%	28.8%	12.6%	8.6%	4.7%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	42.7%	29.2%	19.8%	3.1%	5.3%	100.0%
	Female	43.7%	27.9%	16.6%	8.0%	3.8%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	41.8%	30.4%	15.7%	6.5%	5.6%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	49.1%	21.7%	26.2%	2.0%	1.0%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	21.8%	33.6%	24.5%	10.4%	9.6%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	41.1%	31.0%	21.6%	4.2%	2.1%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	76.3%	18.3%	5.4%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	52.1%	26.8%	14.9%	2.5%	3.7%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	41.9%	32.6%	15.4%	7.2%	2.9%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	37.0%	27.3%	20.7%	7.9%	7.2%	100.0%

Q15 Importance of Medicaid expansion in Kansas as a voting issue?

		Extremely Important	Highly Important	Slightly Important	Not Important at All	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	32.0%	35.6%	27.6%	4.8%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	19.2%	28.7%	46.7%	5.5%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	27.6%	15.8%	40.0%	16.6%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	5.4%	40.2%	47.0%	7.4%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	37.0%	23.4%	35.0%	4.5%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	16.0%	31.2%	43.2%	9.6%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	18.3%	31.9%	36.6%	13.2%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	20.9%	28.1%	40.0%	11.0%	100.0%
	Female	24.4%	30.4%	37.4%	7.8%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	20.0%	27.4%	41.5%	11.1%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	33.7%	35.0%	28.0%	3.2%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	15.1%	22.3%	46.4%	16.3%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	23.2%	32.8%	37.9%	6.0%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	34.4%	35.1%	27.7%	2.8%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	32.3%	32.5%	27.0%	8.2%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	18.6%	31.2%	40.4%	9.8%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	16.1%	24.2%	48.6%	11.1%	100.0%

Table Q18_1

Q18_1 Opinions regarding elections: Fraud is generally not a problem in Kansas elections.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	15.6%	21.8%	42.7%	9.6%	4.1%	6.2%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	26.3%	32.5%	22.2%	11.9%	3.7%	3.4%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	22.4%	27.9%	21.3%	10.7%	6.2%	11.5%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	22.0%	32.3%	23.1%	13.1%	5.8%	3.6%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	13.5%	24.8%	34.9%	10.4%	6.0%	10.4%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	15.2%	30.7%	31.0%	13.9%	3.1%	6.2%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	32.6%	26.6%	20.8%	8.6%	6.3%	5.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	17.2%	29.9%	27.7%	11.0%	6.2%	8.0%	100.0%
	Female	23.2%	25.4%	30.0%	11.1%	4.1%	6.3%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	19.2%	25.0%	29.9%	12.5%	5.4%	8.0%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	25.7%	36.1%	24.5%	5.7%	4.1%	3.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	13.8%	28.1%	29.1%	12.9%	4.2%	11.9%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	15.5%	34.0%	29.3%	10.6%	6.9%	3.7%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	36.1%	19.6%	27.4%	8.8%	4.5%	3.6%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	13.4%	26.0%	31.3%	12.3%	6.3%	10.6%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	27.6%	28.0%	23.1%	12.9%	4.5%	3.9%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	22.6%	27.3%	31.2%	7.2%	4.7%	7.0%	100.0%

Table Q18_2

Q18_2 Opinions regarding elections: Government has made it too hard to vote here in Kansas.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	2.0%	15.1%	32.6%	26.8%	17.9%	5.8%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	1.5%	16.0%	34.4%	30.9%	15.7%	1.5%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	3.3%	4.8%	24.0%	32.3%	34.4%	1.2%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	0.0%	7.4%	24.7%	49.4%	17.5%	1.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	1.2%	7.4%	39.9%	25.1%	23.9%	2.5%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	4.5%	8.1%	23.3%	35.4%	24.4%	4.3%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	0.0%	14.7%	23.0%	40.4%	20.8%	1.2%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	3.1%	11.8%	32.5%	28.7%	21.4%	2.5%	100.0%
	Female	0.8%	7.6%	24.5%	39.5%	24.9%	2.8%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	0.6%	8.7%	26.5%	36.5%	25.3%	2.4%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	6.6%	15.0%	34.7%	25.0%	15.0%	3.7%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	1.6%	5.3%	25.0%	34.0%	30.7%	3.3%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	0.9%	11.3%	37.5%	33.3%	15.5%	1.5%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	3.5%	15.9%	23.3%	34.4%	20.0%	2.9%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	1.3%	9.9%	34.2%	29.7%	21.7%	3.4%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	3.7%	10.0%	26.3%	36.4%	21.7%	1.8%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	0.7%	10.0%	21.9%	38.1%	26.3%	3.0%	100.0%

Table Q18_3

Q18_3 Opinions regarding elections: Illegal immigrants are voting in Kansas elections in large numbers.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	5.3%	9.7%	22.6%	21.0%	23.1%	18.3%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	4.9%	9.4%	23.4%	21.6%	13.1%	27.6%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	5.1%	10.5%	24.5%	13.5%	19.5%	26.9%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	0.0%	10.9%	17.7%	21.1%	26.7%	23.6%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	4.0%	10.1%	30.0%	12.8%	19.2%	24.0%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	3.8%	7.8%	20.7%	24.9%	14.0%	28.7%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	4.4%	12.7%	17.1%	17.4%	30.5%	17.9%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	5.5%	12.6%	31.3%	18.4%	16.6%	15.6%	100.0%
	Female	2.7%	7.9%	13.6%	19.0%	25.0%	31.7%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	3.5%	9.6%	22.7%	19.9%	20.9%	23.4%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	6.1%	12.3%	20.9%	14.0%	22.6%	24.1%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	5.3%	18.3%	22.5%	14.5%	9.2%	30.2%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	4.1%	8.2%	26.9%	19.2%	19.8%	21.7%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	2.2%	0.6%	17.2%	23.8%	40.3%	15.9%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	4.1%	8.3%	26.6%	18.8%	17.2%	25.0%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	5.1%	12.3%	19.3%	19.4%	24.4%	19.5%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	3.3%	10.3%	18.4%	17.8%	22.7%	27.5%	100.0%

Table Q18_4

 ${\tt Q18_4\ Opinions\ regarding\ elections:}\ Voter\ fraud\ routinely\ decides\ the\ winners\ of\ elections\ here\ in\ Kansas.$

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	7.9%	8.8%	33.0%	22.7%	16.3%	11.3%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	2.7%	9.6%	23.8%	24.8%	29.2%	9.8%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	2.2%	3.9%	16.8%	24.9%	36.6%	15.6%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	1.4%	5.5%	25.1%	23.5%	39.7%	4.8%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	8.5%	7.4%	30.3%	20.8%	16.3%	16.8%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	1.5%	6.8%	26.2%	28.7%	28.0%	8.8%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	2.2%	5.7%	18.2%	21.9%	43.5%	8.5%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	5.2%	7.6%	26.0%	26.1%	26.4%	8.6%	100.0%
	Female	2.7%	5.7%	23.6%	22.0%	32.2%	13.8%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	3.9%	5.4%	25.0%	23.8%	30.5%	11.4%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	3.9%	10.9%	23.7%	24.2%	26.9%	10.4%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	5.4%	8.2%	27.0%	24.0%	18.3%	17.1%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	1.3%	9.7%	32.0%	24.3%	22.1%	10.6%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	4.5%	0.9%	13.6%	23.4%	54.3%	3.2%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	7.9%	5.7%	25.2%	22.2%	22.8%	16.3%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	1.5%	5.7%	28.9%	21.1%	35.6%	7.2%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	2.0%	9.3%	18.3%	30.3%	32.1%	8.0%	100.0%

Table Q18_5

Q18_5 Opinions regarding elections: State and local elections officials in Kansas commit election fraud to alter our election outcomes.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	9.2%	7.6%	32.5%	19.8%	18.4%	12.5%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	4.2%	16.2%	29.1%	12.2%	28.2%	10.1%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	0.3%	8.2%	21.6%	24.1%	28.7%	17.1%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	1.4%	1.7%	22.0%	19.8%	42.4%	12.7%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	6.9%	8.5%	32.4%	19.1%	17.3%	15.8%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	2.6%	8.5%	28.1%	18.3%	25.1%	17.3%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	2.5%	6.2%	18.7%	23.1%	41.1%	8.3%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	5.7%	9.1%	27.9%	17.7%	27.2%	12.4%	100.0%
	Female	2.1%	6.5%	24.9%	22.8%	28.4%	15.2%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	4.2%	6.9%	26.2%	21.1%	27.8%	13.9%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	3.0%	10.6%	26.3%	17.2%	29.7%	13.1%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	3.9%	8.4%	29.4%	17.3%	21.2%	19.8%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	1.4%	9.8%	29.0%	24.7%	21.1%	14.1%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	6.7%	4.7%	18.6%	19.5%	45.9%	4.7%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	6.5%	8.7%	27.0%	22.6%	19.2%	16.0%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	2.4%	7.7%	28.8%	15.2%	33.1%	12.9%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	2.8%	7.3%	21.2%	23.0%	33.5%	12.3%	100.0%

Table Q18_6

Q18_6 Opinions regarding elections: I am confident that the reported winners of our elections here in Kansas are actually the candidates that most Kansans voted for.

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		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	27.8%	36.4%	25.6%	4.3%	3.0%	2.9%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	22.3%	47.1%	15.8%	7.6%	2.5%	4.7%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	34.3%	35.6%	16.6%	5.9%	2.9%	4.8%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	36.3%	39.0%	15.8%	2.5%	2.2%	4.3%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	26.8%	32.3%	28.0%	3.4%	3.3%	6.2%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	22.9%	45.5%	20.8%	6.0%	1.4%	3.4%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	42.9%	35.9%	9.7%	5.1%	3.5%	2.9%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	31.5%	38.0%	19.3%	3.9%	3.7%	3.6%	100.0%
	Female	29.8%	38.6%	19.3%	5.9%	1.7%	4.6%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	29.0%	40.5%	17.8%	5.4%	3.1%	4.3%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	37.9%	29.9%	24.3%	3.2%	1.4%	3.4%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	19.3%	42.3%	23.4%	6.4%	3.6%	5.0%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	27.9%	30.6%	26.3%	6.8%	3.4%	5.1%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	51.3%	40.1%	5.6%	0.6%	0.6%	1.7%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	23.0%	44.0%	21.9%	2.7%	2.0%	6.4%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	38.2%	28.5%	17.7%	7.4%	4.5%	3.7%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	34.4%	43.1%	14.7%	4.2%	1.7%	1.9%	100.0%

Table Q18_7

Q18_7 Opinions regarding elections: Early voting should be abolished in Kansas.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	5.0%	12.2%	26.7%	23.9%	29.6%	2.6%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	1.9%	11.5%	20.3%	29.5%	36.8%	0.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	8.2%	3.3%	25.7%	20.2%	39.6%	2.9%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	6.2%	9.6%	15.7%	22.2%	44.8%	1.5%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	7.0%	10.1%	36.1%	17.1%	27.1%	2.6%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	5.3%	10.7%	23.3%	27.3%	30.1%	3.3%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	5.5%	5.1%	11.5%	24.2%	53.1%	0.5%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	5.4%	12.3%	28.3%	25.7%	27.4%	0.9%	100.0%
	Female	6.4%	5.0%	18.5%	20.6%	46.1%	3.4%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	5.8%	7.4%	22.4%	23.1%	39.5%	1.9%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	6.3%	12.9%	26.1%	22.7%	28.9%	3.0%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	9.2%	14.9%	27.3%	21.4%	25.2%	2.0%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	5.0%	6.1%	30.2%	29.6%	26.2%	2.9%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	2.1%	2.1%	9.8%	18.5%	66.0%	1.4%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	6.1%	8.7%	27.1%	24.4%	30.0%	3.6%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	4.1%	10.0%	21.6%	20.9%	41.6%	1.8%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	8.3%	7.6%	17.4%	23.2%	42.8%	0.8%	100.0%

Table Q18_8

Q18_8 Opinions regarding elections: Vote by mail should be abolished in Kansas.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	12.3%	12.8%	23.2%	12.5%	34.6%	4.6%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	13.5%	13.6%	13.6%	29.5%	29.8%	0.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	14.5%	14.1%	15.1%	19.7%	35.1%	1.6%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	10.0%	15.8%	14.4%	17.6%	41.7%	0.5%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	18.0%	11.7%	24.1%	15.7%	27.8%	2.7%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	11.4%	16.3%	19.1%	23.4%	28.3%	1.5%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	9.2%	13.6%	9.6%	15.3%	50.0%	2.3%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	15.3%	20.7%	18.4%	19.3%	24.7%	1.6%	100.0%
	Female	10.3%	7.4%	16.5%	17.4%	45.7%	2.7%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	14.2%	12.2%	16.5%	19.1%	36.6%	1.4%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	7.6%	20.0%	20.3%	15.4%	32.1%	4.7%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	23.0%	17.7%	18.5%	19.5%	20.6%	0.6%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	7.2%	16.4%	24.5%	18.5%	28.5%	4.9%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	3.6%	5.9%	8.1%	16.1%	64.9%	1.4%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	17.6%	15.3%	17.4%	16.9%	29.9%	3.0%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	11.7%	9.4%	17.4%	20.4%	41.1%	0.0%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	8.3%	18.7%	14.6%	16.6%	38.0%	3.8%	100.0%

Table Q18_9

Q18_9 Opinions regarding elections: Ballot drop boxes should be banned in Kansas.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	8.4%	21.0%	22.6%	13.8%	28.5%	5.8%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	11.7%	17.8%	14.0%	25.7%	27.2%	3.5%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	18.6%	12.0%	22.6%	12.7%	31.0%	3.1%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	16.9%	15.9%	15.1%	17.8%	30.1%	4.1%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	16.4%	19.8%	24.6%	13.1%	20.9%	5.1%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	13.9%	20.0%	21.3%	18.1%	21.5%	5.1%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	11.9%	10.0%	14.1%	16.2%	45.2%	2.7%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	17.3%	16.0%	22.1%	17.2%	24.1%	3.3%	100.0%
	Female	10.9%	17.1%	17.9%	14.7%	34.1%	5.2%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	14.7%	15.8%	19.4%	18.3%	27.5%	4.3%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	11.8%	18.7%	21.7%	7.3%	36.6%	3.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	22.2%	25.6%	20.8%	11.6%	16.2%	3.6%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	10.8%	9.7%	28.6%	19.5%	25.4%	6.1%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	5.6%	10.5%	9.3%	18.2%	53.2%	3.2%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	17.2%	19.4%	19.8%	14.8%	22.2%	6.6%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	9.1%	16.8%	17.9%	15.2%	36.9%	4.1%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	16.3%	13.8%	19.5%	17.4%	32.0%	0.9%	100.0%

Q19 Oninion: Diverse represent	tation among placted officials :	makae tha Kaneae r	novarnment mare representative

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON"T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	12.3%	40.9%	22.3%	13.2%	4.4%	7.0%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	19.3%	48.9%	23.0%	2.8%	1.5%	4.5%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	19.5%	26.4%	32.6%	6.2%	6.0%	9.2%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	15.3%	43.4%	27.4%	8.5%	0.0%	5.4%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	8.8%	33.1%	28.5%	12.6%	4.2%	12.7%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	16.3%	41.0%	30.9%	5.4%	2.4%	3.9%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	22.9%	38.5%	21.5%	7.7%	4.3%	5.1%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	16.4%	37.6%	24.4%	9.6%	5.2%	6.7%	100.0%
	Female	16.3%	38.1%	29.6%	6.3%	2.1%	7.5%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	15.3%	37.9%	27.1%	9.4%	3.0%	7.3%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	19.8%	36.9%	26.2%	5.1%	5.9%	6.1%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	4.1%	36.0%	39.2%	9.8%	3.3%	7.7%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	13.5%	35.7%	27.6%	8.1%	6.9%	8.1%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	36.8%	42.2%	8.4%	6.9%	0.6%	5.1%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	8.6%	39.5%	27.4%	10.6%	4.4%	9.5%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	23.1%	32.1%	28.8%	7.4%	2.4%	6.3%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	19.5%	42.8%	23.9%	7.3%	4.5%	2.0%	100.0%

Q20 Opinion: Diverse representation among elected officials makes the Kansas government stronger

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON"T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	18.1%	42.8%	28.7%	6.4%	0.2%	3.9%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	23.3%	44.3%	23.0%	3.4%	1.5%	4.5%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	23.6%	32.4%	27.5%	7.5%	6.6%	2.4%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	13.9%	42.9%	27.0%	9.4%	1.4%	5.4%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	15.5%	36.9%	31.3%	8.0%	3.8%	4.4%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	18.5%	44.2%	28.6%	3.3%	1.3%	4.2%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	24.8%	37.2%	22.0%	9.8%	3.3%	2.9%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	20.3%	35.1%	28.5%	8.9%	3.7%	3.5%	100.0%
	Female	18.3%	44.3%	26.1%	5.2%	1.9%	4.2%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	17.8%	41.8%	25.7%	7.8%	3.2%	3.7%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	26.4%	31.7%	32.4%	4.0%	1.2%	4.2%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	10.0%	35.8%	33.2%	12.7%	4.7%	3.6%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	15.9%	37.5%	35.9%	3.8%	2.2%	4.7%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	38.0%	47.1%	9.1%	2.1%	0.6%	3.1%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	14.6%	40.7%	29.4%	7.0%	2.5%	5.8%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	26.4%	36.6%	24.4%	5.8%	3.0%	3.8%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	20.2%	42.3%	25.2%	7.5%	3.2%	1.6%	100.0%

		Q21_1 I trust in the following political information source: National television network news	Q21_2 I trust in the following political information source: National cable news	Q21_3 I trust in the following political information source: National newspapers	Q21_4 trust in the following political information source: National talk radio	Q21_5 trust in the following political information source:	Q21_6 trust in the following political information source: Local television stations	Q21_7 I trust in the following political information source: Local radio stations	Q21_8 I trust in the following political Information source:	Q21_9 I trust in the following political information source: Friends and family	Q21_10 trust in the following political information source:
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	26.7%	35.4%	32.9%	34.3%	25.9%	23.7%	32.4%	50.7%	24.9%	33.4%
	35-44 Years Old	14.1%	12.0%	17.2%	13.8%	17.6%	14.5%	10.5%	13.5%	19.4%	11.2%
	45-64 Years Old	35.5%	33.1%	27.6%	38.6%	29.5%	36.7%	34.8%	30.6%	36.8%	30.4%
	65 Years and Older	23.7%	19.6%	22.3%	13.3%	26.9%	25.1%	22.3%	5.1%	18.9%	25.1%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level -	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	26.2%	23.1%	23.1%	32.5%	24.2%	26.7%	27.4%	42.4%	26.7%	28.8%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	31.0%	39.3%	31.0%	34.7%	35.4%	35.4%	33.6%	28.0%	39.4%	40.9%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	42.8%	37.6%	45.9%	32.8%	40.4%	37.8%	39.0%	29.6%	33.9%	30.2%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	49.1%	50.4%	54.3%	62.5%	53.3%	52.3%	59.4%	48.4%	55.9%	41.9%
	Female	50.9%	49.6%	45.7%	37.5%	46.7%	47.7%	40.6%	51.6%	44.1%	58.1%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	75.0%	74.3%	71.3%	79.7%	78.3%	76.3%	73.8%	64.8%	74.6%	87.0%
	Do not identify as white	25.0%	25.7%	28.7%	20.3%	21.7%	23.7%	26.2%	35.2%	25.4%	13.0%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	29.2%	28.3%	26.1%	39.7%	34.2%	37.6%	31.6%	29.1%	50.4%	47.4%
	Identify Independent	27.3%	29.2%	36.5%	27.8%	32.9%	23.0%	30.5%	30.7%	30.8%	39.8%
	Identify Democrat	43.5%	42.5%	37.4%	32.5%	32.9%	39.4%	37.9%	40.2%	18.7%	12.8%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	34.5%	28.9%	26.7%	36.1%	31.5%	35.7%	30.3%	37.0%	31.1%	36.6%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	36.9%	42.6%	36.2%	30.7%	37.7%	35.3%	35.8%	46.3%	43.8%	31.8%
	\$75,000 or more	28.6%	28.5%	37.0%	33.2%	30.8%	29.0%	33.9%	16.7%	25.0%	31.6%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

		Q22_1_1 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: University of Kansas	Q22_1_2 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: University of Kansas	Q22_1_3 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: University of Kansas
		I have pursued education here	Spouse or children pursued education here	A parent(s) or sibling(s) pursued education here
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	28.4%	19.8%	38.5%
	35-44 Years Old	20.2%	6.4%	20.2%
	45-64 Years Old	30.6%	47.0%	28.3%
	65 Years and Older	20.8%	26.9%	13.0%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	6.4%	28.2%	40.9%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	29.0%	29.9%	27.9%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	64.5%	41.9%	31.2%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	60.0%	51.4%	48.2%
	Female	40.0%	48.6%	51.8%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	76.7%	70.2%	82.5%
	Do not identify as white	23.3%	29.8%	17.5%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	37.9%	42.2%	32.2%
	Identify Independent	33.2%	18.0%	21.0%
	Identify Democrat	28.9%	39.8%	46.8%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	19.7%	32.3%	45.2%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	35.8%	30.7%	36.5%
	\$75,000 or more	44.5%	37.0%	18.3%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

		Q22_2_1 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Kansas State University	Q22_2_2 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Kansas State University	Q22_2_3 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Kansas State University
		I have pursued education here	Spouse or children pursued education here	A parent(s) or sibling(s) pursued education here
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	21.6%	27.2%	47.1%
	35-44 Years Old	20.2%	12.0%	14.6%
	45-64 Years Old	36.2%	23.0%	25.3%
	65 Years and Older	22.1%	37.9%	13.0%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	3.0%	7.9%	44.7%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	30.6%	23.6%	25.1%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	66.4%	68.6%	30.2%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	46.0%	46.1%	52.5%
	Female	54.0%	53.9%	47.5%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	88.1%	80.5%	78.4%
	Do not identify as white	11.9%	19.5%	21.6%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	51.2%	43.5%	37.5%
	Identify Independent	15.8%	23.5%	23.9%
	Identify Democrat	33.0%	33.0%	38.6%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	19.8%	16.4%	50.8%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	43.9%	35.5%	23.5%
	\$75,000 or more	36.3%	48.1%	25.6%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

		Q22_3_1 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Emporia State University	Q22_3_2 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Emporia State University	Q22_3_3 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Emporia State University
		I have pursued education here	Spouse or children pursued education here	A parent(s) or sibling(s) pursued education here
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	20.1%	11.0%	47.6%
	35-44 Years Old	32.1%	22.4%	13.1%
	45-64 Years Old	33.2%	35.3%	22.0%
	65 Years and Older	14.6%	31.4%	17.3%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	19.6%	19.0%	50.3%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	30.6%	34.6%	22.3%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	49.8%	46.4%	27.4%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	44.1%	37.1%	49.6%
	Female	55.9%	62.9%	50.4%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	74.3%	86.3%	87.0%
	Do not identify as white	25.7%	13.7%	13.0%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	33.0%	54.5%	31.3%
	Identify Independent	24.7%	8.4%	17.3%
	Identify Democrat	42.4%	37.1%	51.4%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	26.1%	33.0%	50.6%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	38.4%	28.6%	29.7%
	\$75,000 or more	35.5%	38.4%	19.7%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

		Q22_4_1 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Fort Hays State University	Q22_4_2 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Fort Hays State University	Q22_4_3 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Fort Hays State University
		I have pursued education here	Spouse or children pursued education here	A parent(s) or sibling(s) pursued education here
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	31.8%	17.0%	61.1%
	35-44 Years Old	22.5%	6.5%	6.2%
	45-64 Years Old	35.3%	48.5%	19.4%
	65 Years and Older	10.5%	28.1%	13.3%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	11.5%	35.1%	56.7%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	41.4%	21.4%	25.1%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	47.2%	43.5%	18.1%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	73.5%	50.9%	37.4%
	Female	26.5%	49.1%	62.6%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	65.6%	85.9%	80.0%
	Do not identify as white	34.4%	14.1%	20.0%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	29.7%	45.1%	35.6%
	Identify Independent	30.5%	22.4%	16.9%
	Identify Democrat	39.8%	32.5%	47.5%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	23.9%	36.9%	70.3%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	33.9%	29.0%	16.7%
	\$75,000 or more	42.3%	34.1%	13.0%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

able Q22_5				
		Q22_5_1 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Pittsburg State University	Q22_5_2 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Pittsburg State University	Q22_5_3 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Pittsburg State University
		I have pursued education here	Spouse or children pursued education here	A parent(s) or sibling(s) pursued education here
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	40.8%	64.5%	58.6%
	35-44 Years Old	12.8%	7.0%	8.9%
	45-64 Years Old	20.1%	9.8%	17.7%
	65 Years and Older	26.3%	18.7%	14.8%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	46.2%	47.8%	49.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	29.6%	15.3%	13.3%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	24.2%	36.9%	37.7%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	61.5%	40.2%	69.6%
	Female	38.5%	59.8%	30.4%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	49.1%	80.8%	75.9%
	Do not identify as white	50.9%	19.2%	24.1%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	33.9%	43.2%	42.9%
	Identify Independent	17.3%	9.8%	34.2%
	Identify Democrat	48.8%	47.0%	23.0%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	58.6%	47.8%	43.2%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	31.5%	16.6%	27.3%
	\$75,000 or more	9.9%	35.6%	29.5%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

		Q22_6_1 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Wichita State University	Q22_6_2 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Wichita State University	Q22_6_3 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Wichita State University
		I have pursued education here	Spouse or children pursued education here	A parent(s) or sibling(s) pursued education here
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	24.8%	32.3%	43.9%
	35-44 Years Old	16.9%	2.3%	16.6%
	45-64 Years Old	31.7%	37.6%	25.8%
	65 Years and Older	26.7%	27.9%	13.8%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	15.8%	51.0%	35.4%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	36.9%	17.7%	34.5%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	47.3%	31.3%	30.1%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	65.2%	38.1%	56.4%
	Female	34.8%	61.9%	43.6%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	66.7%	82.0%	82.2%
	Do not identify as white	33.3%	18.0%	17.8%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	37.4%	46.7%	38.0%
	Identify Independent	42.7%	10.1%	28.7%
	Identify Democrat	19.9%	43.3%	33.3%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	31.0%	46.0%	35.5%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	29.8%	31.1%	41.8%
	\$75,000 or more	39.2%	22.9%	22.7%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

		Q22_7_1 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Washburn University	Q22_7_2 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Washburn University	Q22_7_3 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Washburn University
		I have pursued education here	Spouse or children pursued education here	A parent(s) or sibling(s) pursued education here
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	15.3%	12.8%	68.7%
	35-44 Years Old	9.4%	17.9%	6.3%
	45-64 Years Old	37.7%	44.3%	16.2%
	65 Years and Older	37.6%	25.0%	8.8%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	9.9%	25.2%	55.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	37.6%	38.0%	14.1%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	52.5%	36.8%	30.9%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	57.9%	59.6%	48.0%
	Female	42.1%	40.4%	52.0%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	76.7%	71.6%	69.7%
	Do not identify as white	23.3%	28.4%	30.3%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	44.8%	37.9%	33.0%
	Identify Independent	29.4%	21.1%	27.3%
	Identify Democrat	25.8%	41.0%	39.7%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	10.9%	17.9%	56.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	42.9%	41.2%	22.2%
	\$75,000 or more	46.2%	40.9%	21.8%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

		Q22_8_1 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Community College(s)	Q22_8_2 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Community College(s)	Q22_8_3 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Community College(s)
		I have pursued education here	Spouse or children pursued education here	A parent(s) or sibling(s) pursued education here
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	32.9%	32.1%	56.3%
	35-44 Years Old	16.7%	13.1%	10.0%
	45-64 Years Old	34.1%	33.0%	25.9%
	65 Years and Older	16.2%	21.8%	7.8%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	14.5%	38.6%	24.3%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	56.0%	29.7%	31.5%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	29.6%	31.7%	44.2%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	43.3%	37.8%	52.7%
	Female	56.7%	62.2%	47.3%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	76.5%	66.9%	60.9%
	Do not identify as white	23.5%	33.1%	39.1%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	38.2%	33.5%	28.7%
	Identify Independent	29.9%	32.4%	48.1%
	Identify Democrat	31.9%	34.1%	23.2%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	30.8%	34.0%	32.4%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	43.1%	35.0%	36.3%
	\$75,000 or more	26.1%	31.0%	31.3%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

		Q22_9_1 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Technical College(s)	Q22_9_2 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Technical College(s)	Q22_9_3 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Technical College(s)
		I have pursued education here	Spouse or children pursued education here	A parent(s) or sibling(s) pursued education here
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	28.1%	16.2%	67.9%
	35-44 Years Old	17.4%	18.8%	14.8%
	45-64 Years Old	45.3%	44.4%	5.6%
	65 Years and Older	9.2%	20.6%	11.7%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	27.4%	29.4%	71.7%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	63.6%	44.7%	17.5%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	9.0%	25.9%	10.8%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	60.5%	32.6%	35.9%
	Female	39.5%	67.4%	64.1%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	65.9%	87.1%	87.3%
	Do not identify as white	34.1%	12.9%	12.7%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	53.5%	53.0%	28.0%
	Identify Independent	37.4%	20.1%	21.5%
	Identify Democrat	9.0%	26.9%	50.5%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	38.0%	40.4%	65.8%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	44.4%	20.2%	28.7%
	\$75,000 or more	17.6%	39.4%	5.5%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

		Q22_10_1 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Private Colleges	Q22_10_2 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Private Colleges	Q22_10_3 Attendance of KBOR institution by oneself or family: Private Colleges
		I have pursued education here	Spouse or children pursued education here	A parent(s) or sibling(s) pursued education here
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	18.5%	42.8%	54.3%
	35-44 Years Old	18.8%	9.5%	4.8%
	45-64 Years Old	37.2%	31.2%	19.1%
	65 Years and Older	25.5%	16.6%	21.8%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	8.4%	43.5%	62.6%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	31.0%	21.1%	15.2%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	60.7%	35.4%	22.2%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	53.4%	35.1%	35.3%
	Female	46.6%	64.9%	64.7%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	80.9%	84.9%	86.4%
	Do not identify as white	19.1%	15.1%	13.6%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	38.2%	35.0%	30.4%
	Identify Independent	27.7%	15.5%	25.6%
	Identify Democrat	34.1%	49.5%	44.0%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	35.5%	46.8%	61.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	31.4%	18.1%	24.1%
	\$75,000 or more	33.1%	35.1%	14.9%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table Q23_1

Q23_1 Importance of Kansas college and universities' sporting events to quality life for: You and your

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		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	DONTKNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	16.3%	20.3%	20.4%	37.2%	5.7%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	24.1%	35.5%	17.4%	17.3%	5.7%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	17.1%	13.2%	26.3%	40.8%	2.6%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	13.5%	18.1%	27.2%	35.4%	5.8%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	20.5%	15.1%	20.2%	36.7%	7.4%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	11.4%	20.2%	24.0%	39.1%	5.3%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	19.6%	22.8%	25.7%	30.2%	1.7%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	20.9%	22.3%	21.9%	29.3%	5.5%	100.0%
	Female	13.4%	17.0%	25.1%	40.6%	4.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	17.1%	18.5%	22.6%	37.6%	4.2%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	16.8%	23.2%	26.2%	27.2%	6.6%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	19.9%	18.9%	25.0%	30.6%	5.7%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	10.6%	19.8%	27.9%	38.2%	3.5%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	19.8%	20.1%	16.4%	39.1%	4.6%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	14.9%	17.0%	21.9%	40.5%	5.8%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	19.0%	19.7%	18.8%	38.7%	3.8%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	17.8%	24.1%	28.9%	24.3%	4.9%	100.0%

Table Q23_2

Q23_2 Importance of Kansas college and universities' sporting events to quality life for: Your children

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	DONT KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	13.4%	15.0%	11.8%	39.1%	20.7%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	25.5%	18.7%	22.8%	22.2%	10.8%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	13.6%	9.5%	18.3%	42.8%	15.9%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	17.7%	19.7%	15.7%	29.4%	17.5%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	18.0%	12.6%	10.6%	43.1%	15.8%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	14.7%	15.8%	17.7%	33.8%	18.0%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	15.5%	15.3%	20.1%	31.9%	17.3%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	20.5%	15.0%	17.3%	30.2%	17.1%	100.0%
	Female	11.7%	14.4%	15.5%	41.1%	17.2%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	15.9%	13.7%	17.0%	38.2%	15.2%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	16.2%	17.9%	13.9%	28.5%	23.6%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	21.6%	16.7%	16.0%	30.7%	15.0%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	9.7%	10.9%	20.2%	40.2%	18.9%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	14.4%	15.7%	12.6%	39.3%	18.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	16.7%	11.8%	13.2%	41.1%	17.2%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	17.3%	11.5%	17.8%	32.6%	20.9%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	15.0%	23.2%	18.9%	33.4%	9.5%	100.0%

Table Q23_3

Q23_3 Importance of Kansas college and universities' sporting events to quality life for:
Parents/siblings

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	DONT KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	18.0%	23.0%	20.1%	27.0%	11.9%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	27.8%	28.1%	22.2%	17.5%	4.4%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	16.6%	9.6%	13.4%	49.1%	11.4%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	5.0%	6.5%	15.8%	48.1%	24.7%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	20.3%	11.8%	13.4%	38.9%	15.6%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	12.1%	16.6%	18.6%	39.8%	12.9%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	16.4%	18.4%	19.3%	34.0%	11.9%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	19.9%	18.6%	14.3%	34.1%	13.1%	100.0%
	Female	12.6%	12.1%	20.3%	41.3%	13.8%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	14.2%	14.4%	16.5%	41.8%	13.0%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	22.9%	20.3%	19.6%	22.6%	14.6%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	19.6%	12.3%	13.2%	40.3%	14.6%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	12.9%	19.2%	22.0%	34.4%	11.6%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	14.5%	17.1%	18.0%	36.8%	13.6%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	14.2%	12.3%	12.4%	42.6%	18.6%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	19.3%	16.5%	20.8%	32.9%	10.4%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	16.4%	20.2%	17.1%	36.8%	9.4%	100.0%

Table Q24_1

Q24_1 Importance of Kansas college and universities' cultural/arts events to quality life for: You and your spouse

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	DONT KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	18.9%	31.6%	20.1%	16.2%	13.2%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	21.3%	38.9%	28.1%	10.9%	0.8%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	14.8%	15.4%	22.7%	42.0%	5.2%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	5.3%	25.4%	28.8%	30.2%	10.3%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	11.4%	20.6%	24.5%	27.4%	16.1%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	16.3%	24.1%	26.4%	26.8%	6.4%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	17.0%	32.3%	20.7%	26.9%	3.1%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	16.6%	26.6%	20.0%	28.6%	8.2%	100.0%
	Female	13.6%	24.3%	27.9%	25.8%	8.4%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	14.0%	25.1%	24.8%	28.7%	7.4%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	18.6%	28.6%	20.6%	21.1%	11.2%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	15.3%	17.9%	25.2%	33.2%	8.5%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	13.0%	27.8%	28.5%	24.3%	6.5%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	16.8%	35.4%	17.0%	21.1%	9.7%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	12.3%	24.7%	20.5%	30.2%	12.2%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	17.7%	24.7%	26.0%	25.8%	5.8%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	16.6%	30.1%	23.8%	24.0%	5.4%	100.0%

Table Q24_2

Q24_2 Importance of Kansas college and universities' cultural/arts events to quality life for: Your children

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	DONT KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	14.9%	22.0%	13.7%	24.4%	25.0%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	20.2%	26.5%	26.6%	15.5%	11.2%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	12.7%	12.5%	18.4%	42.0%	14.4%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	3.8%	20.0%	21.2%	35.4%	19.6%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	12.6%	16.2%	20.6%	32.3%	18.2%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	10.8%	20.2%	19.3%	32.3%	17.5%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	14.3%	20.3%	16.0%	29.6%	19.7%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	13.7%	17.7%	17.6%	30.5%	20.5%	100.0%
	Female	10.5%	20.5%	19.7%	32.6%	16.7%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	11.9%	17.6%	19.4%	34.1%	17.0%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	14.8%	23.8%	15.8%	21.8%	23.8%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	12.5%	13.8%	21.4%	36.4%	15.9%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	7.2%	20.7%	21.3%	30.0%	20.7%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	18.2%	24.8%	11.5%	25.5%	19.9%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	13.2%	19.2%	14.7%	30.9%	21.9%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	12.8%	11.7%	25.0%	28.9%	21.6%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	12.6%	28.7%	13.2%	34.9%	10.6%	100.0%

Table Q24_3

Q24_3 Importance of Kansas college and universities' cultural/arts events to quality life for: Parents/siblings

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	DONT KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	12.1%	21.0%	32.2%	22.0%	12.7%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	20.0%	28.9%	25.8%	17.8%	7.5%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	12.7%	9.3%	15.4%	49.5%	13.1%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	2.9%	10.7%	13.9%	48.7%	23.8%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	14.1%	8.7%	26.2%	32.8%	18.3%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	9.7%	22.5%	21.3%	34.7%	11.8%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	10.8%	16.1%	18.6%	40.8%	13.8%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	12.3%	17.3%	20.4%	37.0%	13.0%	100.0%
	Female	10.7%	13.8%	23.6%	35.8%	16.1%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	10.5%	15.3%	20.3%	38.7%	15.1%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	14.8%	18.4%	27.2%	27.4%	12.2%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	15.3%	13.6%	16.1%	43.0%	12.1%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	6.0%	16.6%	29.9%	35.6%	11.9%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	11.5%	18.8%	21.7%	27.1%	20.8%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	14.3%	12.8%	19.1%	32.1%	21.7%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	10.1%	16.5%	25.7%	34.3%	13.4%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	10.3%	20.1%	19.2%	43.2%	7.2%	100.0%

Table Q25_1

Q25_1 Importance of Kansas college and universities' continuing education opportunities to quality life for: You and your spouse

				ille ioi. Tou allo	your spouse		
		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	DONTKNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	41.1%	26.0%	24.9%	4.7%	3.3%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	41.1%	30.8%	18.2%	6.9%	3.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	20.0%	14.5%	24.1%	37.2%	4.2%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	9.2%	21.9%	17.5%	41.0%	10.3%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	26.8%	14.3%	30.4%	22.9%	5.6%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	28.6%	22.3%	20.4%	23.4%	5.3%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	26.6%	28.5%	16.6%	24.0%	4.3%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	24.9%	22.8%	25.0%	22.6%	4.7%	100.0%
	Female	29.0%	21.3%	19.6%	24.6%	5.4%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	24.7%	21.6%	23.0%	25.6%	5.1%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	36.8%	23.2%	19.2%	16.0%	4.7%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	21.4%	18.0%	21.9%	32.1%	6.6%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	21.7%	29.0%	30.3%	14.2%	4.8%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	42.0%	20.1%	13.9%	20.8%	3.2%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	25.6%	15.9%	26.9%	24.1%	7.5%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	31.4%	20.9%	21.6%	21.1%	5.1%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	26.6%	31.1%	13.5%	26.5%	2.3%	100.0%

Table Q25_2

Q25_2 Importance of Kansas college and universities' continuing education opportunities to quality life for: Your children

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	DONTKNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	31.3%	24.9%	9.7%	11.1%	23.0%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	39.4%	27.4%	12.7%	9.3%	11.1%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	18.0%	15.7%	17.6%	31.0%	17.7%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	10.6%	23.2%	27.5%	23.7%	15.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	19.9%	20.8%	16.7%	20.4%	22.2%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	27.5%	21.7%	15.1%	20.5%	15.2%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	23.1%	22.9%	17.7%	19.5%	16.8%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	25.8%	18.3%	17.4%	20.6%	17.9%	100.0%
	Female	20.7%	25.5%	15.8%	19.9%	18.1%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	19.5%	21.3%	19.3%	21.5%	18.4%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	38.0%	23.6%	6.7%	15.3%	16.3%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	15.9%	19.5%	17.5%	27.2%	19.9%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	17.1%	25.1%	19.7%	15.6%	22.4%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	41.8%	21.7%	11.5%	14.7%	10.2%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	20.2%	23.2%	13.7%	20.9%	22.0%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	32.4%	15.0%	17.7%	17.1%	17.9%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	18.9%	28.3%	15.3%	23.1%	14.4%	100.0%

Table Q25_3

Q25_3 Importance of Kansas college and universities' continuing education opportunities to quality life for: Parents/siblings

				ille ioi. Falei	na/aibiiriya		
		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	DONT KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	28.8%	31.0%	21.5%	9.6%	9.0%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	34.8%	26.6%	17.1%	12.0%	9.4%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	22.4%	10.7%	11.7%	39.7%	15.4%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	3.9%	16.0%	12.1%	44.1%	23.8%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	23.7%	20.3%	20.9%	20.9%	14.2%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	21.1%	19.0%	15.0%	29.8%	15.1%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	22.1%	22.2%	11.7%	30.3%	13.7%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	25.4%	18.9%	17.3%	26.9%	11.5%	100.0%
	Female	18.3%	22.3%	14.3%	27.8%	17.2%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	19.2%	19.5%	16.4%	29.6%	15.4%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	33.1%	24.2%	13.4%	18.8%	10.5%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	18.9%	21.2%	10.8%	34.3%	14.8%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	14.8%	22.6%	25.0%	24.1%	13.5%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	35.1%	17.2%	12.9%	20.3%	14.5%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	23.5%	21.5%	18.0%	20.6%	16.5%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	24.2%	16.8%	17.6%	28.3%	13.1%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	19.6%	24.0%	6.7%	36.4%	13.3%	100.0%

Table Q26_1

Q26_1 Importance of eduction level for workforce development of Kansas - Technical/Vocational schools

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	DONT KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	40.7%	32.5%	17.5%	2.9%	6.4%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	47.1%	40.3%	8.1%	3.0%	1.5%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	63.3%	24.6%	8.8%	1.7%	1.6%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	62.1%	17.9%	17.1%	2.0%	1.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	42.2%	29.6%	21.6%	1.1%	5.5%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	59.2%	25.3%	9.9%	3.0%	2.6%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	58.2%	28.9%	9.1%	2.6%	1.2%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	49.3%	29.6%	14.2%	3.6%	3.4%	100.0%
	Female	58.4%	25.3%	12.5%	1.1%	2.7%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	56.3%	26.5%	12.0%	2.0%	3.2%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	44.2%	32.6%	17.7%	3.1%	2.3%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	54.2%	25.3%	14.1%	1.5%	4.9%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	45.5%	26.7%	20.7%	5.1%	2.1%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	61.4%	32.8%	4.1%	0.5%	1.2%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	40.1%	31.1%	20.9%	1.9%	6.0%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	65.8%	22.8%	7.7%	1.3%	2.5%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	57.5%	27.9%	10.8%	3.8%	0.0%	100.0%

Table Q26_2

Q26_2 Importance of eduction level for workforce development of Kansas - Community Colleges

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	47.8%	28.7%	12.5%	5.9%	5.1%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	47.9%	41.5%	9.1%	1.5%	0.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	51.8%	28.8%	14.4%	3.3%	1.6%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	44.6%	33.6%	18.4%	2.4%	1.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	45.9%	26.3%	19.0%	4.3%	4.4%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	52.3%	32.0%	11.0%	3.0%	1.8%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	47.0%	35.7%	12.2%	3.9%	1.2%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	41.8%	33.1%	16.3%	6.1%	2.8%	100.0%
	Female	54.5%	30.3%	11.7%	1.5%	2.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	46.2%	32.5%	15.4%	3.0%	2.8%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	56.4%	27.9%	8.6%	6.3%	0.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	44.7%	32.4%	14.6%	3.9%	4.4%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	42.2%	30.5%	18.8%	6.6%	1.9%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	60.6%	31.2%	7.6%	0.5%	0.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	38.8%	31.8%	21.2%	3.7%	4.5%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	59.2%	29.8%	7.1%	1.7%	2.2%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	48.3%	32.6%	13.0%	6.2%	0.0%	100.0%

Table Q26_3

O26 3 Importar	are of eduction	level for workforce	development o	f Kaneae -	Universities

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	DONT KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	50.5%	28.2%	14.8%	1.8%	4.7%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	46.4%	36.4%	12.9%	4.2%	0.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	36.6%	36.2%	18.7%	6.8%	1.6%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	38.8%	38.6%	20.7%	1.0%	1.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	39.8%	25.4%	25.1%	5.3%	4.4%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	40.7%	35.1%	19.6%	3.3%	1.4%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	47.8%	41.2%	7.4%	2.5%	1.2%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	38.8%	34.0%	18.9%	5.5%	2.8%	100.0%
	Female	46.3%	34.7%	15.4%	1.9%	1.7%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	41.1%	33.3%	18.9%	4.0%	2.6%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	48.9%	37.2%	10.7%	2.3%	0.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	33.6%	35.3%	20.9%	5.8%	4.4%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	41.0%	33.4%	21.7%	2.6%	1.4%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	58.3%	33.4%	6.6%	1.7%	0.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	37.0%	29.6%	24.4%	4.5%	4.5%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	41.0%	39.3%	14.9%	3.0%	1.8%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	51.8%	34.2%	10.8%	3.1%	0.0%	100.0%

Table Q27_1

Q27_1 How important are each of the following education levels to research and development that transfer to business and industry in Kansas? - Technical/Vocational schools

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	DONT KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	38.4%	31.7%	19.5%	4.0%	6.3%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	42.7%	40.8%	14.6%	0.0%	1.9%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	48.4%	26.4%	11.1%	3.8%	10.4%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	46.1%	35.6%	12.0%	1.5%	4.8%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	36.1%	29.4%	20.1%	1.0%	13.5%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	50.8%	31.8%	10.8%	1.8%	4.7%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	44.1%	34.5%	13.0%	5.6%	2.8%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	41.2%	31.7%	15.4%	5.6%	6.2%	100.0%
	Female	46.1%	32.6%	13.7%	0.2%	7.4%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	43.8%	32.3%	13.9%	2.1%	7.9%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	44.5%	30.7%	16.5%	5.5%	2.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	44.7%	30.2%	12.3%	1.9%	10.8%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	36.3%	30.2%	22.6%	6.3%	4.6%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	50.9%	36.5%	8.9%	0.5%	3.1%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	34.5%	32.2%	17.6%	2.4%	13.4%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	51.0%	29.9%	14.1%	1.1%	4.0%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	47.9%	32.8%	11.8%	5.4%	2.0%	100.0%

Table Q27_2

Q27_2 How important are each of the following education levels to research and development that transfer to business and industry in Kansas? - Community Colleges

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	DONT KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	37.2%	35.5%	15.1%	7.6%	4.6%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	48.0%	37.2%	14.8%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	35.0%	39.6%	14.3%	4.6%	6.4%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	31.1%	43.6%	19.1%	1.5%	4.8%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	31.3%	35.3%	20.6%	5.6%	7.1%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	44.8%	38.4%	10.4%	2.3%	4.1%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	33.2%	42.4%	16.4%	5.2%	2.9%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	30.6%	40.6%	18.4%	6.5%	3.9%	100.0%
	Female	42.0%	37.4%	13.0%	2.2%	5.4%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	35.7%	39.5%	16.4%	2.7%	5.7%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	39.8%	36.4%	12.9%	10.0%	0.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	30.7%	42.7%	14.2%	4.3%	8.1%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	35.8%	30.2%	23.5%	6.8%	3.7%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	46.1%	42.4%	9.3%	1.7%	0.6%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	28.5%	39.8%	18.4%	5.6%	7.8%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	43.0%	38.4%	13.1%	1.9%	3.6%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	39.0%	38.3%	16.3%	5.4%	1.1%	100.0%

Table Q27_3

Q27_3 How important are each of the following education levels to research and development that transfer to business and industry in Kansas? - Universities

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	DONT KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	45.8%	30.9%	17.7%	0.9%	4.6%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	47.1%	42.1%	10.8%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	34.7%	36.7%	17.8%	5.4%	5.5%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	40.4%	36.8%	17.1%	1.0%	4.8%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	34.1%	30.9%	24.4%	3.4%	7.1%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	44.5%	33.6%	15.9%	1.9%	4.1%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	44.1%	41.7%	10.5%	1.6%	2.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	37.6%	33.3%	21.5%	4.2%	3.3%	100.0%
	Female	44.0%	38.2%	12.1%	0.4%	5.3%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	37.9%	38.4%	15.6%	2.8%	5.3%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	52.4%	25.8%	20.3%	0.6%	0.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	36.0%	36.2%	17.3%	3.0%	7.4%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	41.9%	28.1%	23.9%	2.5%	3.6%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	47.8%	42.6%	8.0%	1.0%	0.6%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	28.7%	38.9%	22.0%	2.7%	7.7%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	49.7%	32.4%	13.5%	0.8%	3.6%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	45.5%	35.3%	14.8%	3.3%	1.1%	100.0%

Table Q28_1

Q28_1 How important are each of the following education levels to the overall economic development of Kansas? - Technical/Vocational schools

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	DONT KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	53.6%	20.4%	18.2%	5.7%	2.1%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	51.7%	38.4%	9.9%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	51.7%	36.3%	8.1%	1.2%	2.7%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	51.1%	31.0%	16.0%	0.0%	1.9%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	42.4%	30.1%	19.6%	4.5%	3.5%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	52.1%	34.7%	10.1%	0.9%	2.2%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	61.2%	26.2%	10.6%	1.5%	0.5%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	49.7%	33.5%	14.2%	2.0%	0.6%	100.0%
	Female	54.2%	27.6%	12.4%	2.5%	3.3%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	52.4%	32.4%	12.0%	0.9%	2.3%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	51.4%	23.2%	17.7%	6.9%	0.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	45.6%	38.5%	11.4%	1.7%	2.8%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	49.8%	25.2%	18.2%	4.0%	2.7%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	64.3%	24.0%	10.5%	1.2%	0.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	43.2%	31.8%	17.6%	3.4%	4.0%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	55.6%	32.8%	9.8%	0.8%	1.0%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	60.6%	23.9%	12.5%	2.2%	0.7%	100.0%

Table Q28_2

Q28_2 How important are each of the following education levels to the overall economic development of Kansas? - Community Colleges

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	DONT KNOW	Total
			· ·	· ·	<u> </u>		
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	47.0%	28.8%	14.6%	5.4%	4.2%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	48.8%	37.5%	13.7%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	41.8%	41.6%	10.9%	2.9%	2.7%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	39.7%	35.6%	21.4%	1.4%	1.9%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	39.4%	34.5%	17.8%	2.6%	5.7%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	47.9%	36.7%	11.6%	1.6%	2.2%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	44.1%	35.8%	14.9%	4.8%	0.5%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	36.4%	40.0%	18.2%	4.8%	0.6%	100.0%
	Female	50.8%	31.8%	11.3%	1.3%	4.7%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	43.1%	37.9%	14.6%	2.1%	2.3%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	46.9%	28.0%	15.0%	6.2%	3.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	35.7%	40.7%	17.0%	2.2%	4.4%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	41.2%	32.7%	17.3%	6.0%	2.7%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	58.8%	31.6%	8.5%	1.1%	0.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	38.6%	38.5%	14.4%	2.7%	5.8%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	44.2%	41.2%	12.6%	1.0%	1.0%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	52.0%	25.4%	16.1%	5.8%	0.7%	100.0%

Table Q28_3

Q28_3 How important are each of the following education levels to the overall economic development of Kansas? - Universities

				orritarious.	0111101010100		
		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	51.8%	27.7%	15.0%	2.6%	2.9%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	54.9%	30.2%	11.0%	2.7%	1.2%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	38.0%	36.1%	17.4%	5.5%	3.1%	100.09
	65 Years and Older	36.8%	41.7%	20.5%	0.0%	1.0%	100.09
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	39.1%	28.2%	23.6%	4.3%	4.8%	100.09
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	45.7%	36.8%	12.0%	4.4%	1.2%	100.09
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	48.1%	35.7%	14.4%	0.5%	1.3%	100.09
Q5 Gender	Male	39.3%	38.4%	16.7%	4.8%	0.9%	100.09
	Female	49.0%	29.5%	16.3%	1.3%	3.8%	100.09
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	42.4%	35.7%	16.1%	3.3%	2.5%	100.09
	Do not identify as white	51.6%	27.1%	17.5%	2.1%	1.7%	100.09
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	33.5%	40.4%	19.8%	4.0%	2.3%	100.09
	Identify Independent	44.8%	32.5%	15.5%	2.5%	4.6%	100.09
	Identify Democrat	59.9%	25.4%	12.5%	2.1%	0.0%	100.09
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	36.8%	37.3%	16.3%	4.1%	5.5%	100.09
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	45.4%	34.7%	16.7%	2.1%	1.1%	100.09
	\$75,000 or more	53.3%	27.6%	16.1%	3.0%	0.0%	100.09

Table Q29_1

Q29_1 How important are each of the following education levels to the civic life of Kansas and its communities? - Technical/Vocational schools

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	DONT KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	38.6%	31.8%	14.5%	2.7%	12.4%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	32.7%	41.5%	18.5%	1.5%	5.8%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	37.5%	27.0%	20.6%	6.9%	8.0%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	22.6%	41.0%	23.7%	6.9%	5.8%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	27.2%	28.1%	25.7%	4.8%	14.2%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	37.8%	33.5%	15.2%	6.3%	7.2%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	36.4%	38.2%	16.9%	3.4%	5.2%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	32.3%	34.1%	20.7%	5.6%	7.3%	100.0%
	Female	35.1%	33.1%	17.6%	4.1%	10.1%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	31.8%	35.0%	19.3%	3.8%	10.1%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	41.9%	27.8%	18.1%	8.5%	3.7%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	34.6%	32.1%	19.5%	5.3%	8.5%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	33.4%	32.0%	19.6%	3.1%	12.0%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	34.0%	36.8%	17.8%	6.0%	5.4%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	25.6%	30.8%	23.1%	4.5%	16.0%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	35.6%	34.6%	18.5%	4.3%	6.9%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	43.7%	34.7%	13.5%	6.3%	1.9%	100.0%

Table Q29_2

Q29_2 How important are each of the following education levels to the civic life of Kansas and its communities? - Community Colleges

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		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	DONT KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	32.8%	34.1%	17.1%	4.8%	11.2%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	34.8%	40.4%	16.6%	3.1%	5.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	31.9%	37.8%	15.8%	6.9%	7.7%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	19.8%	44.1%	24.4%	4.5%	7.2%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	26.9%	29.2%	21.2%	9.0%	13.7%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	35.8%	38.0%	14.9%	3.8%	7.5%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	27.1%	46.8%	18.5%	3.2%	4.4%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	23.9%	42.3%	20.0%	5.6%	8.2%	100.0%
	Female	35.3%	34.8%	16.4%	4.9%	8.6%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	28.0%	41.0%	18.3%	2.6%	10.1%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	37.2%	28.9%	17.4%	14.2%	2.2%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	28.4%	39.3%	18.0%	5.5%	8.8%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	29.1%	36.1%	19.8%	4.4%	10.5%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	33.4%	39.3%	16.4%	5.6%	5.4%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	23.1%	36.8%	18.7%	5.1%	16.2%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	28.9%	40.1%	20.1%	5.1%	5.9%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	39.7%	39.5%	13.1%	5.9%	1.9%	100.0%

Table Q29_3

Q29_3 How important are each of the following education levels to the civic life of Kansas and its communities? - Universities

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	DONTKNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	48.3%	20.0%	21.1%	0.2%	10.4%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	34.7%	40.3%	18.6%	1.5%	5.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	27.7%	35.7%	19.3%	8.9%	8.5%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	25.5%	39.7%	24.9%	4.1%	5.8%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	34.4%	23.5%	25.7%	3.2%	13.3%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	34.6%	36.0%	15.9%	7.3%	6.3%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	35.4%	35.9%	21.7%	1.8%	5.2%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	30.3%	34.0%	21.5%	6.0%	8.2%	100.0%
	Female	38.6%	30.5%	20.6%	2.3%	8.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	31.1%	34.9%	20.3%	3.9%	9.7%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	47.7%	22.2%	23.0%	4.9%	2.2%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	27.2%	39.6%	20.1%	5.0%	8.1%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	35.6%	25.5%	25.2%	2.7%	11.1%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	45.0%	28.4%	17.5%	4.3%	4.8%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	30.4%	30.9%	20.7%	3.5%	14.6%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	32.7%	33.0%	23.7%	4.7%	5.9%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	42.9%	33.4%	17.2%	4.6%	1.9%	100.0%

Q30 Opinion: minimum level of education an immediate or close family member needs to complete to ensure financial security?

					security?			
		High school diploma/GED	Technical certificate	Associate degree	Bachelor's degree	Master's degree	Doctoral or professional degree	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	45.2%	9.7%	13.3%	18.0%	12.7%	1.1%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	26.6%	13.9%	15.5%	38.7%	5.4%	0.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	30.7%	26.8%	10.2%	23.2%	8.6%	0.6%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	16.1%	15.4%	16.8%	42.3%	7.8%	1.5%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	68.1%	14.5%	3.0%	11.7%	2.1%	0.7%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	23.7%	21.1%	29.2%	20.5%	5.0%	1.5% 0.7% 0.5% 1.4% 0.8% 1.0% 0.6%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	9.2%	15.0%	6.3%	48.1%	20.0%	1.4%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	32.1%	16.2%	16.3%	26.0%	8.7%	0.8%	100.0%
	Female	32.3%	18.0%	10.5%	29.3%	9.0%	1.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	28.7%	19.4%	12.2%	31.9%	7.3%	0.6%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	43.6%	8.7%	17.2%	12.2%	16.7%	1.7%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	31.4%	22.9%	15.6%	23.7%	5.2%	1.2%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	36.9%	16.0%	8.2%	25.0%	13.2%	0.7%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	27.6%	9.5%	15.4%	35.5%	11.3%	0.6%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	51.9%	12.8%	8.6%	18.5%	7.0%	1.1%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	22.9%	20.4%	22.2%	26.4%	7.5%	0.5%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	17.6%	17.5%	10.0%	40.4%	13.5%	1.1%	100.0%

Q31 Opinion: minimum level of education an adult living in the United States needs to complete to ensure financial security?

		security:							
		High school diploma/GED	Technical certificate	Associate degree	Bachelor's degree	Master's degree	Doctoral or professional degree	Total	
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	45.1%	14.8%	13.9%	21.7%	3.6%	1.0%	100.0%	
	35-44 Years Old	34.9%	12.7%	15.5%	27.6%	6.9%	2.3%	100.0%	
	45-64 Years Old	32.9%	30.7%	15.9%	12.7%	6.3%	1.4%	100.0%	
	65 Years and Older	21.3%	26.1%	17.8%	28.4%	6.4%	0.0%	100.0%	
57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	69.1%	13.8%	7.9%	6.2%	2.1%	0.9%	100.0%	
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	23.9%	28.3%	24.3%	17.5%	5.1%	professional degree 3.6% 1.0% 6.9% 2.3% 6.3% 1.4% 6.4% 0.0% 2.1% 0.9%	100.0%	
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	16.5%	22.4%	13.2%	37.6%	8.9%		100.0%	
Q5 Gender	Male	32.2%	24.3%	19.6%	20.0%	3.5%	0.4%	100.0%	
	Female	37.7%	20.0%	12.0%	21.2%	7.3%	1.8%	100.0%	
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	31.7%	25.2%	15.2%	20.6%	6.2%	1.2%	100.0%	
	Do not identify as white	45.7%	10.8%	17.0%	22.7%	3.0%	0.8%	100.0%	
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	35.8%	26.1%	17.2%	14.0%	5.7%	1.2%	100.0%	
	Identify Independent	38.6%	25.3%	9.7%	20.3%	5.7%	0.5%	100.0%	
	Identify Democrat	29.3%	12.4%	19.7%	32.2%	4.9%	1.6%	100.0%	
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	48.7%	17.9%	12.9%	12.6%	6.2%	1.7%	100.0%	
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	28.2%	23.0%	25.7%	20.6%	2.0%	0.5%	100.0%	
	\$75,000 or more	25.7%	24.9%	8.2%	31.3%	8.8%	1.1%	100.0%	

Table Q32_1

Q32_1 Opinion that education beyond high school has a good return on investment for: Good return on investment for the student

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		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	20.8%	31.8%	31.7%	9.9%	4.6%	1.3%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	21.3%	39.5%	24.6%	11.1%	2.3%	1.2%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	21.5%	39.9%	20.9%	13.2%	3.0%	1.4%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	28.8%	41.8%	18.0%	10.7%	0.0%	0.8%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	17.7%	33.9%	32.5%	9.8%	3.3%	2.8%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	27.6%	39.6%	20.7%	9.5%	2.0%	0.5%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	22.5%	38.9%	20.4%	14.6%	3.1%	0.5%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	21.7%	39.7%	23.8%	11.3%	2.3%	1.2%	100.0%
	Female	24.1%	36.0%	24.9%	11.5%	2.2%	1.2%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	23.4%	41.0%	21.4%	10.6%	2.3%	1.3%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	20.6%	25.8%	34.1%	14.1%	4.6%	0.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	22.4%	36.6%	25.8%	11.9%	2.2%	1.1%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	23.0%	34.1%	25.7%	11.8%	2.9%	2.4%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	23.1%	42.9%	20.5%	10.0%	3.6%	0.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	18.6%	38.5%	27.3%	9.8%	2.9%	2.9%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	24.8%	37.3%	19.9%	14.3%	3.3%	0.5%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	25.8%	39.9%	21.9%	10.0%	2.4%	0.0%	100.0%

Table Q32_2

Q32_2 Opinion that education beyond high school has a good return on investment for: - Good return on investment for the general population of Kansas

				the general population of Kansas						
		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total		
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	19.7%	35.4%	24.7%	8.0%	6.7%	5.5%	100.0%		
	35-44 Years Old	19.6%	52.7%	18.4%	6.6%	1.5%	1.2%	100.0%		
	45-64 Years Old	18.2%	36.5%	29.7%	11.7%	2.6%	1.4%	100.0%		
	65 Years and Older	25.9%	44.2%	18.4%	9.3%	0.0%	5.5% 1.2%	100.0%		
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	14.3%	35.4%	33.2%	7.7%	1.6%	7.7%	100.0%		
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	25.9%	38.4%	25.1%	8.0%	1.7%	0.8%	100.0%		
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	20.6%	45.6%	15.1%	12.2%	6.2%	0.5%	100.0%		
Q5 Gender	Male	20.9%	42.0%	22.0%	7.9%	3.6%	3.7%	100.0%		
	Female	20.3%	38.4%	26.6%	10.9%	1.8%	2.1%	100.0%		
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	20.1%	44.1%	20.9%	9.8%	1.6%	3.4%	100.0%		
	Do not identify as white	21.8%	25.5%	35.6%	7.6%	8.7%	0.9%	100.0%		
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	18.8%	43.7%	22.9%	10.7%	2.2%	1.8%	100.0%		
	Identify Independent	19.6%	34.0%	26.6%	8.0%	5.3%	6.5%	100.0%		
	Identify Democrat	23.9%	40.8%	23.5%	8.8%	2.5%	0.4%	100.0%		
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	16.1%	38.5%	29.0%	7.9%	1.1%	7.4%	100.0%		
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	24.3%	34.3%	24.8%	12.8%	3.3%	0.5%	100.0%		
	\$75,000 or more	22.8%	50.2%	13.8%	7.0%	6.3%	0.0%	100.0%		

Table Q33_1

Q33_1 Opinion: Feel comfortable with supporting the following institutions with your taxpayer dollars? -Technical/vocational schools in Kansas

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	30.1%	28.3%	22.5%	10.0%	5.3%	3.7%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	31.9%	56.5%	7.1%	3.8%	0.0%	0.8%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	43.7%	33.0%	18.3%	1.6%	1.2%	2.2%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	28.2%	55.8%	9.5%	3.3%	2.4%	0.8%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	31.5%	34.7%	23.7%	3.4%	3.0%	3.7%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	36.0%	42.0%	15.0%	3.8%	1.8%	1.3%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	35.7%	41.0%	11.1%	7.5%	3.0%	1.8%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	35.7%	33.4%	18.7%	6.7%	4.2%	1.2%	100.0%
	Female	32.6%	45.8%	14.2%	3.3%	1.0%	3.2%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	34.8%	42.0%	14.7%	3.6%	2.2%	2.6%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	33.3%	30.4%	22.0%	9.6%	3.8%	0.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	36.3%	39.9%	13.4%	5.4%	3.1%	1.8%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	22.8%	34.1%	29.2%	6.6%	4.3%	3.1%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	44.4%	44.4%	6.8%	2.6%	0.0%	1.9%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	31.2%	35.7%	19.8%	5.0%	2.9%	5.4%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	38.5%	43.2%	13.4%	3.8%	0.4%	0.8%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	36.2%	39.8%	13.6%	6.3%	4.1%	0.0%	100.0%

Table Q33_2

Q33_2 Opinion: Feel comfortable with supporting the following institutions with your taxpayer dollars? - Community colleges in Kansas

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		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	28.6%	36.2%	15.2%	14.1%	3.8%	2.2%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	35.3%	54.2%	5.9%	3.8%	0.0%	0.8%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	28.8%	42.7%	19.3%	4.4%	1.6%	3.1%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	21.6%	52.4%	19.6%	3.3%	2.4%	0.8%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	21.6%	44.1%	17.3%	8.4%	4.6%	4.0%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	34.0%	41.3%	16.6%	4.8%	1.6%	1.5%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	28.0%	47.1%	14.8%	8.6%	0.7%	0.7%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	24.8%	43.3%	17.4%	10.0%	3.2%	1.3%	100.0%
	Female	30.6%	45.6%	15.2%	4.5%	1.3%	2.8%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	27.4%	47.0%	14.5%	6.1%	2.6%	2.4%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	30.5%	34.3%	22.2%	11.1%	1.0%	0.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	22.4%	47.2%	15.7%	8.3%	3.8%	2.5%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	25.3%	36.6%	22.2%	11.1%	2.2%	2.6%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	39.3%	48.0%	10.5%	1.5%	0.0%	0.6%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	21.2%	45.3%	16.2%	8.9%	3.8%	4.7%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	33.1%	44.3%	15.9%	5.2%	0.4%	1.0%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	29.6%	44.7%	17.7%	6.3%	1.8%	0.0%	100.0%

Table Q33_3

Q33_3 Opinion: Feel comfortable with supporting the following institutions with your taxpayer dollars? - The six Stategoverned universities in Kansas

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	21.3%	30.4%	21.2%	14.4%	11.1%	1.6%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	31.2%	44.8%	17.1%	3.9%	2.3%	0.8%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	21.6%	29.5%	25.2%	11.2%	9.2%	3.4%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	21.3%	42.2%	24.9%	7.0%	1.9%	2.7%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	18.3%	28.7%	26.4%	14.4%	8.6%	3.6%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	20.4%	35.9%	24.5%	8.1%	8.4%	2.7%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	29.1%	38.4%	17.8%	8.9%	5.1%	0.7%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	22.6%	31.4%	21.7%	14.4%	8.4%	1.5%	100.0%
	Female	22.1%	37.9%	24.0%	6.5%	6.4%	3.1%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	23.2%	36.8%	21.1%	10.8%	5.3%	2.7%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	21.1%	26.4%	28.5%	8.7%	14.5%	0.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	16.7%	35.1%	23.7%	12.8%	8.3%	3.5%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	22.0%	27.8%	28.4%	10.2%	9.3%	2.3%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	32.4%	40.8%	15.4%	6.9%	3.8%	0.6%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	19.8%	31.5%	21.4%	14.8%	7.4%	5.2%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	23.0%	40.9%	19.0%	11.0%	5.3%	0.8%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	27.7%	31.7%	26.6%	3.8%	9.6%	0.7%	100.0%

Table Q33_4

Q33_4 Opinion: Feel comfortable with supporting the following institutions with your taxpayer dollars? - Washburn University (municipal)

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	17.0%	30.3%	28.8%	11.3%	7.2%	5.4%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	21.8%	45.7%	14.9%	7.7%	2.7%	7.2%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	16.4%	22.0%	37.4%	7.1%	7.9%	9.3%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	21.6%	31.0%	33.3%	7.6%	4.4%	5.4% 7.2%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	16.1%	28.7%	32.7%	10.9%	5.1%	6.4%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	16.6%	28.3%	33.3%	6.8%	9.9%	5.1%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	22.3%	32.1%	26.3%	8.4%	3.6%	7.3%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	18.7%	26.7%	30.5%	11.0%	8.7%	4.3%	100.0%
	Female	17.3%	33.0%	31.2%	6.3%	3.9%	8.3%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	19.5%	29.3%	28.8%	9.5%	6.3%	6.7%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	14.5%	31.4%	37.5%	5.5%	6.1%	4.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	13.4%	28.0%	32.1%	11.0%	7.7%	7.8%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	15.4%	25.7%	36.7%	10.1%	7.4%	4.8%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	28.8%	36.6%	22.4%	3.6%	2.9%	5.7%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	17.5%	27.8%	31.6%	10.3%	5.1%	7.6%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	18.5%	30.3%	27.4%	10.1%	7.7%	6.0%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	21.2%	33.7%	31.8%	3.6%	5.4%	4.3%	100.0%

Table Q34_1

Q34_1 Opinions on K-12 education: The schools in my community are safe and secure.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	19.1%	38.0%	19.2%	16.7%	3.9%	3.0%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	23.8%	44.0%	24.5%	4.7%	3.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	19.3%	50.4%	15.4%	11.3%	0.8%	2.7%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	9.9%	55.8%	22.3%	9.0%	1.2%	1.8%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	17.1%	40.0%	19.9%	17.3%	1.6%	4.0%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	17.5%	47.1%	19.1%	12.2%	2.4%	1.7%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	19.0%	52.2%	19.0%	6.0%	2.6%	1.3%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	19.8%	42.6%	21.5%	12.9%	2.1%	1.1%	100.0%
	Female	16.3%	50.2%	17.4%	10.5%	2.3%	3.4%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	17.6%	47.5%	16.8%	12.8%	2.8%	2.5%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	18.9%	43.8%	28.2%	7.5%	0.0%	1.6%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	20.6%	48.2%	14.1%	10.8%	3.1%	3.3%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	17.8%	36.0%	28.3%	13.9%	2.1%	1.9%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	14.2%	56.0%	17.3%	10.5%	0.9%	1.2%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	17.1%	41.3%	18.6%	16.7%	2.7%	3.6%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	19.9%	50.0%	17.4%	8.0%	3.6%	1.1%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	16.4%	52.7%	20.2%	8.6%	0.0%	2.1%	100.0%

Table Q34_2

Q34_2 Opinions on K-12 education: Parents have the right amount of influence in public education.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	18.8%	22.7%	23.6%	24.9%	3.8%	6.1%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	17.3%	38.9%	28.2%	9.5%	3.8%	2.2%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	10.0%	32.2%	17.4%	23.4%	7.6%	9.3%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	8.2%	40.6%	26.5%	16.6%	4.7%	3.4%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	14.7%	27.3%	21.2%	26.3%	2.7%	7.8%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	13.9%	28.3%	25.8%	21.5%	8.9%	1.7%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	11.9%	39.4%	21.2%	14.6%	3.9%	9.1%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	15.7%	31.4%	21.3%	19.8%	6.9%	5.0%	100.0%
	Female	10.3%	32.6%	24.5%	21.6%	3.7%	7.3%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	11.8%	33.9%	21.2%	22.5%	4.4%	6.3%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	19.3%	24.5%	28.5%	14.0%	8.2%	5.4%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	13.5%	32.4%	18.6%	22.3%	4.6%	8.7%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	11.9%	27.4%	28.5%	21.2%	6.6%	4.4%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	15.0%	35.7%	22.9%	17.6%	4.7%	4.1%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income Category	Less than \$35,000	14.7%	26.9%	22.3%	24.4%	3.9%	7.8%	100.0%
	\$35,000-\$74,999	16.1%	31.0%	20.6%	21.0%	7.1%	4.1%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	6.8%	39.7%	27.9%	15.5%	5.2%	4.9%	100.0%

Table Q34_3

Q34_3 Opinions on K-12 education: It is important students be taught social emotional learning.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	51.5%	27.9%	13.7%	5.1%	0.9%	0.9%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	50.4%	31.7%	14.5%	3.5%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	33.8%	44.9%	13.8%	2.5%	2.6%	2.4%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	38.3%	43.7%	11.2%	3.9%	1.5%	1.5%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	34.3%	37.7%	17.3%	7.0%	1.9%	1.8%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	48.2%	37.4%	9.9%	1.4%	1.1%	2.0%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	44.7%	37.1%	13.2%	3.2%	1.4%	0.5%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	34.2%	40.3%	16.8%	6.1%	2.4%	0.2%	100.0%
	Female	50.5%	34.9%	10.0%	1.5%	0.6%	2.6%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	40.7%	41.8%	10.5%	3.9%	1.5%	1.6%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	49.4%	22.0%	23.0%	3.2%	1.4%	0.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	32.6%	44.9%	15.8%	3.2%	1.9%	1.6%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	38.6%	37.1%	17.9%	1.9%	2.2%	2.5%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	61.7%	26.9%	4.9%	6.6%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income Category	Less than \$35,000	32.6%	42.9%	14.3%	4.0%	2.4%	3.9%	100.0%
	\$35,000-\$74,999	48.9%	32.4%	12.0%	4.9%	1.8%	0.0%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	46.9%	36.7%	14.4%	2.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%

Table Q34_4

Q34_4 Opinions on K-12 education: High school athletes should compete in sports on the basis of their gender at birth.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	30.3%	17.8%	19.8%	8.0%	17.8%	6.2%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	35.0%	33.2%	15.8%	6.3%	6.1%	3.7%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	50.6%	16.9%	16.7%	7.3%	4.7%	3.8%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	53.6%	23.3%	11.1%	5.9%	0.0%	6.1%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	43.5%	17.2%	18.3%	5.6%	13.2%	2.2%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	47.4%	23.9%	15.2%	5.7%	5.0%	2.8%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	37.0%	20.7%	15.9%	9.9%	6.7%	9.9%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	48.4%	21.8%	17.3%	3.5%	5.2%	3.8%	100.0%
	Female	37.4%	19.9%	15.6%	10.7%	10.1%	6.3%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	46.2%	21.8%	15.2%	7.0%	5.4%	4.4%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	29.9%	16.9%	20.5%	7.6%	17.7%	7.3%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	63.9%	18.9%	12.4%	0.5%	2.4%	1.8%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	31.8%	21.7%	21.8%	7.8%	8.5%	8.3%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	23.1%	22.3%	16.4%	16.0%	16.0%	6.2%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income Category	Less than \$35,000	44.5%	18.0%	16.8%	6.8%	8.5%	5.3%	100.0%
	\$35,000-\$74,999	41.9%	22.7%	17.9%	8.6%	7.4%	1.5%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	41.9%	23.1%	13.5%	5.6%	6.3%	9.5%	100.0%

Table Q35_1

Q35_1 Do you favor teaching lessons about race/ethnic history and equality at the following levels? - Elementary School

		Yes	No	DONT KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	62.5%	31.3%	6.3%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	68.2%	26.0%	5.9%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	51.1%	34.5%	14.5%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	42.1%	42.3%	15.6%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	54.7%	32.3%	13.0%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	53.0%	36.9%	10.1%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	57.8%	32.4%	9.9%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	47.6%	43.1%	9.2%	100.0%
	Female	62.1%	25.2%	12.7%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	51.7%	35.7%	12.6%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	67.4%	27.7%	4.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	40.0%	44.5%	15.5%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	55.5%	36.0%	8.5%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	76.7%	16.4%	6.9%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	53.1%	32.9%	14.0%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	54.0%	35.7%	10.4%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	59.4%	32.0%	8.6%	100.0%

Table Q35_2

Q35_2 Do you favor teaching lessons about race/ethnic history and equality at the following levels? - Middle School

		Yes	No	DONTKNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	81.4%	17.2%	1.4%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	79.4%	16.2%	4.4%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	62.2%	23.7%	14.0%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	61.4%	28.6%	9.9%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	64.0%	24.7%	11.2%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	73.1%	18.8%	8.1%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	73.8%	21.7%	4.5%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	63.6%	27.4%	9.0%	100.0%
	Female	77.1%	16.2%	6.7%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	65.3%	25.0%	9.7%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	88.8%	9.9%	1.3%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	56.4%	31.3%	12.2%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	73.2%	20.2%	6.6%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	88.2%	9.1%	2.6%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	64.4%	25.4%	10.2%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	75.7%	18.1%	6.2%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	72.5%	20.5%	7.0%	100.0%

Table Q35_3

Q35_3 Do you favor teaching lessons about race/ethnic history and equality at the following levels? - High School

		equality at the following levels: Tright contool					
		Yes	No	DON'T KNOW	Total		
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	88.1%	8.9%	3.0%	100.0%		
	35-44 Years Old	81.2%	15.7%	3.2%	100.0%		
	45-64 Years Old	69.3%	16.0%	14.7%	100.0%		
	65 Years and Older	75.1%	16.3%	8.7%	100.0%		
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	76.9%	12.9%	10.2%	100.0%		
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	76.8%	14.9%	8.3%	100.0%		
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	80.6%	13.3%	6.1%	100.0%		
Q5 Gender	Male	73.6%	16.0%	10.4%	100.0%		
	Female	82.4%	11.6%	5.9%	100.0%		
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	75.1%	15.5%	9.4%	100.0%		
	Do not identify as white	88.8%	7.6%	3.6%	100.0%		
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	64.2%	23.2%	12.6%	100.0%		
	Identify Independent	84.4%	9.4%	6.1%	100.0%		
	Identify Democrat	91.7%	4.5%	3.8%	100.0%		
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	76.0%	13.2%	10.9%	100.0%		
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	77.5%	16.3%	6.3%	100.0%		
	\$75,000 or more	81.9%	10.6%	7.5%	100.0%		

Table Q36_1

Q36_1 Opinion: withhold certain types of books from elementary school libraries

		Yes	No	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	38.6%	54.6%	6.9%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	44.1%	50.8%	5.1%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	32.4%	58.4%	9.2%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	37.8%	42.6%	19.6%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	33.2%	53.3%	13.5%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	44.5%	45.0%	10.5%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	33.1%	60.3%	6.6%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	46.0%	46.2%	7.8%	100.0%
	Female	28.6%	58.9%	12.5%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	36.3%	53.7%	10.0%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	39.9%	49.7%	10.4%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	45.0%	42.3%	12.7%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	40.6%	47.0%	12.5%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	21.8%	74.4%	3.7%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	35.0%	54.0%	11.0%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	38.9%	51.5%	9.6%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	37.5%	55.2%	7.3%	100.0%

Table Q36_2

Q36_2 Opinion: withhold certain types of books from middle school libraries

		Yes	No	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	33.4%	62.2%	4.3%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	34.1%	58.5%	7.4%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	20.8%	66.7%	12.5%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	28.6%	55.4%	15.9%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	31.7%	54.8%	13.6%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	29.3%	61.5%	9.2%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	24.2%	68.4%	7.3%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	34.2%	57.0%	8.9%	100.0%
	Female	22.8%	66.1%	11.1%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	26.7%	62.5%	10.8%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	34.0%	59.2%	6.8%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	35.1%	53.4%	11.4%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	33.9%	53.9%	12.2%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	12.4%	82.3%	5.3%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	29.4%	61.2%	9.4%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	28.0%	62.1%	9.9%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	27.8%	65.2%	7.1%	100.0%

Table Q36_3

Q36_3 Opinion: withhold certain types of books from high school libraries

		libratics				
		Yes	No	DON'T KNOW	Total	
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	16.9%	78.5%	4.6%	100.0%	
	35-44 Years Old	26.5%	70.4%	3.1%	100.0%	
	45-64 Years Old	10.3%	75.5%	14.2%	100.0%	
	65 Years and Older	17.6%	67.7%	14.7%	100.0%	
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	17.9%	68.3%	13.8%	100.0%	
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	15.9%	74.4%	9.7%	100.0%	
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	14.8%	79.2%	6.0%	100.0%	
Q5 Gender	Male	18.2%	73.4%	8.4%	100.0%	
	Female	14.3%	74.6%	11.1%	100.0%	
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	15.6%	74.2%	10.2%	100.0%	
	Do not identify as white	18.0%	74.1%	8.0%	100.0%	
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	19.3%	67.6%	13.1%	100.0%	
	Identify Independent	15.0%	74.3%	10.7%	100.0%	
	Identify Democrat	12.8%	83.4%	3.7%	100.0%	
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	14.5%	74.5%	11.0%	100.0%	
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	18.2%	73.6%	8.1%	100.0%	
	\$75,000 or more	15.4%	76.7%	7.9%	100.0%	

Table Q37_1

Q37_1 Opinions about housing: I am concerned about the cost of housing in my community.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	44.2%	30.9%	12.8%	10.2%	0.7%	1.3%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	40.3%	37.9%	15.9%	5.9%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	26.2%	46.0%	17.1%	6.4%	2.6%	1.6%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	23.0%	43.2%	22.1%	10.0%	1.7%	0.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	42.5%	33.6%	11.7%	8.3%	0.8%	3.1%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	30.6%	43.4%	16.2%	7.4%	2.3%	0.0%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	27.4%	40.7%	21.5%	9.2%	1.2%	0.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	25.0%	43.5%	21.1%	8.2%	0.9%	1.4%	100.0%
	Female	40.6%	35.9%	12.4%	8.5%	2.0%	0.5%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	34.2%	37.9%	17.8%	7.8%	1.1%	1.2%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	29.6%	45.1%	12.5%	10.1%	2.7%	0.0%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	29.7%	35.9%	20.6%	9.2%	2.3%	2.3%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	34.3%	41.4%	18.6%	4.4%	1.3%	0.0%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	37.1%	42.6%	8.8%	11.1%	0.4%	0.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	38.6%	34.6%	14.3%	8.2%	1.7%	2.6%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	34.7%	42.9%	15.8%	5.8%	0.7%	0.0%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	22.2%	42.8%	22.0%	10.8%	2.2%	0.0%	100.0%

Table Q37_2

Q37_2 Opinions about housing: I believe there is sufficient available housing in my community.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	9.2%	25.6%	29.1%	20.2%	14.1%	1.8%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	7.7%	29.7%	27.9%	23.7%	10.9%	0.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	9.7%	31.8%	18.6%	23.4%	11.6%	4.9%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	2.7%	43.0%	19.5%	27.7%	3.9%	3.3%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	13.0%	30.0%	19.0%	21.2%	13.3%	3.5%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	5.6%	28.0%	27.9%	23.8%	12.3%	2.5%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	5.3%	37.5%	22.9%	24.7%	6.8%	2.8%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	7.6%	35.7%	27.7%	20.8%	5.0%	3.2%	100.0%
	Female	8.1%	28.4%	19.5%	26.1%	15.3%	2.6%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	7.1%	32.0%	18.6%	26.3%	12.3%	3.7%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	10.1%	31.4%	40.3%	12.9%	5.2%	0.0%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	8.7%	35.7%	21.0%	21.7%	8.6%	4.3%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	8.7%	22.5%	32.2%	26.8%	8.0%	1.8%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	5.4%	36.3%	17.6%	22.0%	16.7%	2.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	10.1%	29.1%	17.6%	26.3%	13.2%	3.6%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	4.5%	29.8%	30.2%	21.9%	10.8%	2.7%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	6.4%	39.9%	21.7%	21.5%	8.0%	2.4%	100.0%

Table Q37_3

Q37_3 Opinions about housing: My community is adequately addressing housing issues.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	7.4%	14.5%	29.6%	19.2%	21.3%	8.0%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	6.6%	19.0%	31.4%	23.2%	11.3%	8.5%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	7.2%	24.5%	26.1%	28.9%	6.4%	7.0%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	2.2%	24.1%	33.4%	27.0%	2.9%	10.5%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	7.8%	19.9%	23.0%	22.4%	15.4%	11.5%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	3.8%	18.1%	34.4%	27.5%	9.5%	6.8%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	7.1%	23.3%	30.3%	23.7%	8.8%	6.8%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	6.5%	23.3%	34.0%	25.4%	5.3%	5.6%	100.0%
	Female	5.9%	17.8%	25.3%	24.1%	15.9%	10.9%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	6.4%	23.0%	25.2%	25.3%	10.9%	9.1%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	5.3%	11.3%	44.3%	22.2%	11.8%	5.1%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	6.2%	28.8%	27.0%	23.0%	5.5%	9.5%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	5.1%	13.2%	37.7%	23.7%	13.0%	7.2%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	7.2%	16.0%	24.2%	27.9%	17.3%	7.5%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	7.1%	17.5%	27.6%	26.9%	13.3%	7.6%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	5.2%	22.4%	25.9%	25.5%	13.4%	7.7%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	6.7%	22.3%	37.0%	20.2%	6.3%	7.5%	100.0%

Table Q37_4

 ${\tt Q37_4}$ Opinions about housing: I spend the right amount of my income on housing costs.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	18.0%	19.8%	18.7%	17.4%	22.3%	3.8%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	11.5%	24.0%	27.0%	26.1%	11.4%	0.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	11.9%	37.5%	19.7%	19.0%	9.8%	2.0%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	12.2%	33.5%	29.3%	21.1%	1.7%	2.2%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	12.4%	25.6%	24.8%	16.9%	14.1%	6.2%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	15.6%	27.8%	25.9%	18.9%	11.1%	0.6%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	13.4%	33.6%	16.6%	23.5%	12.1%	0.7%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	15.4%	31.1%	24.6%	19.6%	7.1%	2.2%	100.0%
	Female	12.5%	27.5%	20.4%	20.3%	16.7%	2.5%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	9.8%	32.1%	22.3%	22.7%	11.1%	2.0%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	27.9%	19.0%	22.8%	9.8%	16.7%	3.7%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	15.6%	31.4%	22.7%	20.8%	6.8%	2.8%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	12.6%	21.3%	26.8%	21.0%	15.1%	3.2%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	12.8%	34.3%	17.2%	17.3%	17.5%	0.9%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	14.2%	25.3%	22.8%	18.2%	14.7%	4.8%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	10.4%	28.3%	22.7%	27.6%	9.1%	1.9%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	18.9%	36.3%	22.9%	13.2%	8.7%	0.0%	100.0%

Table Q38_1

Q38_1 Opinions regarding abortion: The Kansas government should not place any regulations on the circumstances under which women can get abortions.

					i women can get			
		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	47.7%	17.3%	17.6%	12.9%	2.5%	1.9%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	50.0%	21.3%	8.5%	8.7%	10.3%	1.2%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	34.0%	15.3%	12.6%	13.2%	22.1%	2.7%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	30.6%	14.1%	12.2%	22.5%	18.9%	1.7%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	37.9%	16.3%	18.4%	14.2%	11.0%	2.1%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	38.6%	17.4%	14.9%	11.8%	15.1%	2.3%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	42.9%	15.8%	8.0%	17.4%	14.3%	1.7%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	30.5%	17.7%	17.4%	15.3%	17.0%	2.1%	100.0%
	Female	48.5%	15.5%	10.0%	13.8%	10.3%	2.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	39.6%	14.9%	13.6%	14.7%	15.2%	2.0%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	40.8%	22.1%	13.5%	13.5%	7.8%	2.3%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	22.6%	16.3%	14.7%	19.5%	23.6%	3.3%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	34.8%	20.7%	17.0%	14.6%	10.8%	2.2%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	70.4%	12.3%	8.3%	7.0%	2.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	38.5%	16.9%	17.0%	14.6%	10.4%	2.6%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	41.8%	14.0%	12.7%	12.8%	15.8%	2.9%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	39.8%	20.0%	10.7%	14.3%	14.7%	0.3%	100.0%

Table Q38_2

Q38_2 Opinions regarding abortion: When it comes to abortion, women are in a better position than politicians to make their own choices about whether to get an abortion.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	56.0%	16.4%	17.4%	2.8%	5.6%	1.9%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	53.4%	22.6%	16.0%	0.0%	6.9%	1.2%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	42.2%	22.4%	14.1%	6.7%	12.2%	2.4%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	44.3%	21.0%	9.8%	10.2%	11.3%	3.3%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	47.1%	19.7%	18.3%	6.1%	5.8%	2.9%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	46.0%	24.8%	12.0%	3.7%	11.7%	1.9%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	52.5%	16.0%	13.6%	6.1%	9.7%	2.1%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	39.1%	21.6%	19.2%	7.4%	10.9%	1.8%	100.0%
	Female	57.4%	19.0%	10.0%	3.3%	7.6%	2.8%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	48.8%	20.5%	13.9%	5.6%	8.5%	2.7%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	47.9%	19.0%	16.6%	4.0%	11.5%	0.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	31.6%	22.4%	19.2%	9.2%	13.6%	3.9%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	46.8%	22.3%	16.3%	2.1%	10.4%	2.2%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	75.1%	14.8%	5.7%	2.9%	1.4%	0.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	48.0%	22.3%	15.5%	6.3%	4.1%	3.7%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	51.5%	15.6%	13.4%	4.8%	12.4%	2.2%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	46.5%	23.0%	14.5%	3.9%	11.4%	0.7%	100.0%

Table Q38_3

Q38_3 Opinions regarding abortion: If the Kansas government were to ban all or most abortions, it should also make it illegal for Kansas women to travel outside of the state to get abortions in other states where abortion is still legal..

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	11.6%	11.1%	18.7%	14.4%	40.3%	3.9%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	16.2%	7.2%	17.7%	6.4%	46.8%	5.7%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	8.7%	5.3%	19.5%	14.7%	47.1%	4.7%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	4.1%	10.7%	21.3%	7.5%	51.8%	4.6%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	11.7%	8.5%	27.8%	15.4%	31.3%	5.3%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	7.8%	10.4%	19.3%	9.1%	48.6%	4.7%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	9.7%	6.7%	11.9%	11.8%	56.3%	3.7%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	14.5%	8.0%	23.5%	17.2%	32.5%	4.4%	100.0%
	Female	5.0%	9.2%	15.5%	7.0%	58.6%	4.7%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	8.8%	7.8%	18.7%	12.5%	48.0%	4.1%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	12.5%	11.1%	21.6%	10.1%	38.5%	6.1%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	12.9%	11.4%	24.9%	12.4%	33.7%	4.7%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	9.1%	7.1%	18.3%	16.9%	41.8%	6.9%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	5.5%	6.1%	12.5%	6.2%	67.9%	1.8%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	10.5%	9.3%	22.8%	15.5%	34.7%	7.3%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	10.3%	7.0%	19.7%	8.1%	52.7%	2.2%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	8.8%	10.4%	14.6%	10.5%	51.5%	4.3%	100.0%

Q39 If the Kansas government were to ban all or most abortions, how willing would you personally be to contact authorities to report a woman who had an illegal abortion or to report her medical providers?

		Very Willing	Somewhat Willing	Not Willing At All	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	9.3%	18.7%	72.0%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	19.8%	17.7%	62.5%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	6.4%	6.4%	87.2%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	4.9%	12.4%	82.7%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	9.4%	16.1%	74.5%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	7.2%	11.7%	81.1%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	10.6%	13.4%	76.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	10.4%	20.1%	69.4%	100.0%
	Female	7.9%	7.5%	9% 62.5% 9% 87.2% 9% 82.7% 9% 74.5% 9% 74.5% 9% 69.4% 9% 84.6% 9% 80.9% 19% 65.8% 19% 69.6% 19% 77.7% 19% 86.0% 19% 77.3% 19% 76.3%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	8.7%	10.4%	80.9%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	10.4%	23.8%	65.8%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	13.5%	16.9%	69.6%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	5.1%	17.2%	77.7%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	7.8%	6.2%	86.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	8.7%	14.0%	77.3%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	10.2%	13.5%	76.3%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	7.5%	14.4%	78.1%	100.0%

Q40 If the Kansas government were to ban all or most abortions, who should pay most of the cost of prosecuting women who get illegal abortions or their medical providers?

		State government	Local government	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	68.5%	31.5%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	55.3%	44.7%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	89.1%	10.9%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	87.8%	12.2%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	68.6%	31.4%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	82.1%	17.9%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	75.6%	24.4%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	76.6%	23.4%	100.0%
	Female	76.8%	23.2%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	82.5%	17.5%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	58.2%	41.8%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	74.1%	25.9%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	76.0%	24.0%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	79.0%	21.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	78.1%	21.9%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	73.0%	27.0%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	75.0%	25.0%	100.0%

Q41 Voted	Yes or No.	on August 2 I	Kansas Ar	nendment

		I voted YES to amend Kansas Constitution giving Legislature absolute authority to regulate abortion.	I voted NO to not amend Kansas Constitution.	I did not vote.	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	12.4%	43.8%	43.8%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	13.8%	54.4%	31.8%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	28.6%	41.0%	30.4%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	31.8%	46.5%	21.7%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	21.6%	34.6%	43.8%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	20.5%	41.3%	38.2%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	23.7%	57.3%	19.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	25.7%	35.4%	38.9%	100.0%
	Female	18.5%	53.6%	27.9%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	23.8%	45.4%	30.8%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	15.7%	43.0%	41.4%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	42.3%	25.9%	31.8%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	9.4%	43.5%	47.1%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	6.4%	72.9%	20.7%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	17.5%	36.2%	46.3%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	25.0%	51.2%	23.8%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	23.6%	51.1%	25.2%	100.0%

Table Q42_1

Q42_1 Opinions regarding mental health: My mental health has been impacted since the pandemic.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	43.6%	20.8%	18.4%	13.1%	3.6%	0.6%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	17.7%	38.4%	20.6%	16.1%	7.1%	0.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	17.3%	28.3%	17.5%	16.3%	20.2%	0.4%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	3.6%	22.0%	22.5%	29.3%	21.8%	0.8%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	34.5%	18.8%	15.4%	17.0%	13.2%	1.0%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	18.1%	26.9%	22.9%	17.4%	14.2%	0.5%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	17.2%	31.4%	19.1%	19.4%	12.9%	0.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	18.7%	24.0%	22.7%	20.3%	14.0%	0.3%	100.0%
	Female	26.2%	28.2%	16.1%	15.8%	13.0%	0.7%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	21.0%	27.4%	16.7%	19.9%	14.6%	0.4%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	29.7%	20.8%	28.2%	11.2%	9.2%	0.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	19.1%	22.5%	18.1%	18.6%	21.8%	0.0%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	23.5%	24.7%	22.0%	19.7%	9.1%	1.1%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	27.7%	32.3%	18.1%	15.2%	6.0%	0.6%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	28.6%	25.2%	17.9%	17.5%	9.4%	1.4%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	23.1%	25.7%	20.1%	18.4%	12.7%	0.0%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	14.3%	28.0%	20.9%	17.0%	19.8%	0.0%	100.0%

Table Q42_2

Q42_2 Opinions regarding mental health: The mental health of my family has been impacted since the pandemic.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	33.8%	29.3%	16.4%	16.3%	2.9%	1.2%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	17.0%	45.3%	18.4%	14.4%	4.9%	0.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	20.1%	24.7%	18.1%	15.2%	19.9%	2.0%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	6.6%	22.2%	24.5%	27.6%	19.1%	0.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	31.7%	22.6%	18.9%	13.8%	11.1%	2.0%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	16.1%	28.3%	24.7%	16.6%	14.1%	0.2%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	17.1%	33.9%	13.1%	23.4%	11.4%	1.1%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	17.8%	30.2%	20.1%	18.6%	13.0%	0.3%	100.0%
	Female	23.9%	27.0%	18.0%	17.7%	11.6%	1.9%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	21.1%	30.5%	17.2%	17.4%	12.5%	1.1%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	21.7%	21.1%	24.9%	20.2%	11.2%	0.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	15.6%	23.9%	21.0%	18.2%	20.0%	1.3%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	19.0%	29.8%	22.0%	19.2%	8.3%	1.7%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	31.8%	33.7%	12.7%	16.7%	5.1%	0.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	26.5%	26.2%	23.9%	14.5%	7.7%	1.1%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	22.8%	30.8%	18.4%	17.3%	10.1%	0.7%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	11.5%	29.5%	14.2%	22.4%	21.0%	1.5%	100.0%

Table Q42_3

Q42_3 Opinions regarding mental health: I am more aware of my mental health now than before the pandemic.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	38.7%	24.9%	22.3%	10.5%	2.9%	0.6%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	4.6%	43.9%	31.9%	11.5%	8.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	20.6%	28.5%	23.3%	14.2%	13.4%	0.0%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	4.9%	30.0%	33.3%	19.6%	12.3%	0.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	31.3%	23.1%	23.4%	13.9%	7.7%	0.6%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	17.3%	27.8%	32.9%	13.9%	8.1%	0.0%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	15.4%	37.7%	22.2%	13.5%	11.3%	0.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	20.9%	31.6%	26.1%	13.3%	8.1%	0.0%	100.0%
	Female	21.2%	27.2%	26.7%	14.4%	10.1%	0.4%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	19.5%	29.0%	25.5%	14.7%	11.3%	0.0%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	26.0%	32.4%	28.9%	10.6%	1.2%	0.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	14.6%	24.4%	31.8%	14.9%	14.3%	0.0%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	20.3%	36.4%	23.2%	12.2%	7.3%	0.6%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	30.9%	30.5%	21.4%	13.9%	3.3%	0.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	29.1%	27.4%	23.8%	13.1%	6.1%	0.5%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	17.6%	30.3%	29.8%	15.3%	7.0%	0.0%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	13.4%	33.1%	26.2%	11.9%	15.4%	0.0%	100.0%

Table Q42_4

Q42_4 Opinions regarding mental health: I have, or someone I know has, utilized mental health resources since the pandemic.

		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	28.0%	23.3%	16.1%	16.9%	8.7%	7.1%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	12.6%	34.0%	23.1%	11.4%	11.2%	7.7%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	17.6%	23.9%	13.8%	19.5%	19.1%	6.1%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	4.0%	12.9%	21.5%	32.1%	15.1%	14.4%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	21.5%	18.9%	17.8%	18.3%	16.0%	7.6%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	14.2%	22.9%	19.2%	20.0%	13.2%	10.5%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	17.0%	26.1%	15.3%	22.1%	12.6%	7.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	16.9%	25.6%	20.7%	20.1%	9.9%	6.9%	100.0%
	Female	17.0%	20.2%	14.4%	20.5%	17.9%	10.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	16.1%	23.1%	17.6%	19.7%	16.1%	7.5%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	22.0%	21.5%	16.9%	21.9%	6.1%	11.6%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	14.3%	15.4%	17.5%	21.0%	21.6%	10.1%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	16.9%	32.7%	23.9%	12.9%	6.6%	6.9%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	22.4%	22.8%	10.3%	26.8%	10.2%	7.5%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	21.7%	21.6%	16.7%	19.1%	14.8%	6.1%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	20.7%	23.3%	18.1%	20.8%	9.5%	7.6%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	9.4%	24.2%	17.7%	19.4%	19.2%	10.0%	100.0%

Table Q42_5

Q42_5 Opinions regarding mental health: I am more likely to access mental health resources in the future coming out of the pandemic.

		the participation.						
		Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	DON'T KNOW	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	22.7%	23.3%	31.8%	11.3%	7.3%	3.5%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	15.0%	30.7%	28.0%	11.3%	13.8%	1.3%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	5.8%	19.7%	38.4%	14.9%	20.1%	1.1%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	2.2%	16.1%	31.4%	31.2%	15.8%	3.2%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	10.9%	22.3%	39.7%	12.1%	11.4%	3.7%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	9.3%	21.8%	34.8%	15.8%	16.0%	2.3%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	14.9%	20.8%	26.3%	21.7%	15.0%	1.3%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	12.6%	21.6%	30.0%	19.4%	14.6%	1.8%	100.0%
	Female	9.9%	21.8%	37.1%	14.2%	14.1%	2.9%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	11.9%	20.8%	34.0%	18.1%	13.5%	1.7%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	11.1%	24.5%	31.2%	11.7%	17.0%	4.6%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	7.4%	21.1%	30.1%	19.2%	21.0%	1.2%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	11.8%	24.3%	31.4%	15.8%	12.2%	4.5%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	17.9%	19.4%	40.4%	13.9%	6.6%	1.7%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	14.2%	23.5%	33.6%	14.1%	12.1%	2.5%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	11.4%	21.5%	36.2%	16.9%	13.1%	1.0%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	10.0%	20.9%	28.9%	20.7%	18.5%	1.1%	100.0%

0.42	Concorn	Water access	n in Vancac

			0430	onceni. vvaler ac	cess III Nalisas		
		Very Concerned	Moderately Concerned	Slightly Concerned	Not Concerned at all	Don't Know	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	11.6%	21.6%	28.4%	32.7%	5.7%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	6.0%	26.9%	24.4%	39.5%	3.1%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	16.0%	14.8%	26.3%	37.7%	5.3%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	22.4%	26.7%	31.3%	12.3%	Don't Know 16 5.796 16 3.196 16 5.396 16 5.396 16 5.496 16 3.796 16 4.896 16 5.496 16 4.896 16 6.396	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	10.1%	23.6%	31.0%	29.4%	5.9%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	17.8%	17.7%	29.7%	29.5%	5.3%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	15.3%	22.3%	23.0%	33.9%	5.4%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	13.3%	21.0%	28.2%	33.7%	3.7%	100.0%
	Female	15.9%	20.4%	27.6%	28.7%	Don't Know 5.7% 5.3% 5.3% 5.3% 5.3% 5.4% 6.3.7% 6.4.8% 6.4.9% 6.4.9% 6.6.4.9% 6.6.4.9% 6.6.3.4%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	14.3%	20.0%	29.8%	31.2%	5.9% 5.3% 5.4% 5.4% 6.3.7% 6.7.4% 6.4.8% 6.8.2% 6.5.4% 6.6.3% 6.4.9%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	15.6%	25.0%	20.7%	30.5%	8.2%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	15.4%	20.0%	24.1%	35.1%	5.4%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	14.7%	24.9%	28.0%	26.1%	6.3%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	13.2%	18.6%	32.9%	30.3%	4.9%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	10.8%	19.0%	36.8%	27.0%	6.4%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	17.0%	23.1%	26.1%	30.4%	3.4%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	13.1%	22.1%	20.7%	37.9%	6.2%	100.0%

Q44 Compared to five years ago, do you think severe weather events like wildfires, extreme heat, hurricanes, or tornadoes have become more or less frequent in Kansas, or has there been no change?

		More frequent	No change	Less frequent	Don't know	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	41.7%	29.7%	12.7%	15.9%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	40.5%	40.9%	15.8%	2.7%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	39.9%	41.9%	9.2%	9.0%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	45.7%	38.7%	5.6%	10.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	39.9%	35.6%	6.6%	17.9%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	39.5%	37.9%	14.5%	8.1%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	45.7%	37.9%	9.9%	6.5%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	38.7%	42.2%	10.3%	8.7%	100.0%
	Female	44.1%	32.6%	10.7%	12.5%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	44.7%	37.5%	7.4%	10.5%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	31.6%	36.4%	21.0%	11.0%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	33.4%	47.2%	7.9%	11.5%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	34.1%	39.6%	13.1%	13.3%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	62.0%	20.3%	11.4%	6.3%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	42.2%	38.2%	6.1%	13.5%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	44.7%	30.7%	14.3%	10.3%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	38.2%	45.8%	12.3%	3.7%	100.0%

Q45 In the last five years, has severe weather caused you to be displaced from your home (even for a short time) or caused major damage to your home or property?

		Yes	No	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	23.6%	76.4%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	9.9%	90.1%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	7.4%	92.6%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	7.8%	92.2%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	18.7%	81.3%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	13.0%	87.0%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	7.6%	92.4%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	11.4%	88.6%	100.0%
	Female	14.4%	85.6%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	12.5%	87.5%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	14.1%	85.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	8.0%	92.0%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	15.4%	84.6%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	17.1%	82.9%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	17.1%	82.9%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	12.6%	87.4%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	7.1%	92.9%	100.0%

Q46 In the last five years, has severe weather caused you to experience serious financial problems in some aspect of your life?

		Yes	No	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	21.9%	78.1%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	16.9%	83.1%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	12.4%	87.6%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	10.8%	89.2%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	24.4%	75.6%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	11.3%	88.7%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	12.6%	87.4%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	15.5%	84.5%	100.0%
	Female	16.0%	84.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	16.6%	83.4%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	12.1%	87.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	16.9%	83.1%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	12.7%	87.3%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	16.9%	83.1%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	22.4%	77.6%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	13.2%	86.8%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	9.3%	90.7%	100.0%

Q47 In Kansas, do you think that climate change is a crisis, a major problem but not a crisis, a minor problem, or not a problem at all?

			a crisis, a minor	a crisis, a minor problem, or not a problem at all?						
		Crisis	Major problem but not a crisis	Minor problem	Not a problem at all	Total				
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	30.5%	22.6%	26.7%	20.2%	100.0%				
	35-44 Years Old	15.3%	26.4%	33.3%	24.9%	100.0%				
	45-64 Years Old	16.5%	22.9%	27.2%	33.4%	100.0%				
	65 Years and Older	21.1%	41.3%	26.4%	11.1%	100.0%				
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	26.6%	22.9%	20.1%	30.3%	100.0%				
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	17.5%	24.7%	35.2%	22.5%	100.0%				
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	22.2%	33.1%	26.3%	18.4%	100.0%				
Q5 Gender	Male	16.2%	25.1%	26.0%	32.8%	100.0%				
	Female	26.2%	29.7%	29.7%	14.3%	100.0%				
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	21.2%	28.8%	27.8%	22.2%	100.0%				
	Do not identify as white	23.7%	22.2%	27.6%	26.5%	100.0%				
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	10.0%	20.1%	37.7%	32.2%	100.0%				
	Identify Independent	23.0%	32.0%	22.7%	22.3%	100.0%				
	Identify Democrat	36.4%	32.4%	19.2%	12.0%	100.0%				
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	25.2%	24.6%	23.4%	26.8%	100.0%				
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	19.9%	32.5%	27.5%	20.1%	100.0%				
	\$75,000 or more	19.2%	23.3%	35.4%	22.2%	100.0%				

Q48 How much, if at all, do you think climate change is threatening the health of your family?

		Tarriny.					
		A great deal	Somewhat	Not very much	Not at all	Total	
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	13.3%	38.7%	31.8%	16.2%	100.0%	
	35-44 Years Old	11.4%	38.4%	24.3%	25.9%	100.0%	
	45-64 Years Old	7.8%	23.1%	23.9%	45.2%	100.0%	
	65 Years and Older	9.5%	28.6%	32.0%	29.9%	100.0%	
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	10.7%	29.2%	25.0%	35.1%	100.0%	
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	8.6%	32.2%	28.0%	31.3%	100.0%	
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	11.8%	32.1%	31.0%	25.1%	100.0%	
Q5 Gender	Male	8.5%	23.6%	28.0%	40.0%	100.0%	
	Female	12.3%	39.3%	27.6%	20.8%	100.0%	
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	10.5%	31.6%	26.7%	31.2%	100.0%	
	Do not identify as white	9.7%	29.9%	33.2%	27.2%	100.0%	
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	5.5%	21.5%	26.4%	46.5%	100.0%	
	Identify Independent	12.1%	30.0%	36.1%	21.8%	100.0%	
	Identify Democrat	15.6%	46.6%	22.7%	15.1%	100.0%	
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	10.5%	30.9%	21.8%	36.8%	100.0%	
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	13.3%	35.5%	24.7%	26.5%	100.0%	
	\$75,000 or more	7.7%	24.2%	38.9%	29.2%	100.0%	

Table Q49_1

Q49_1 Group's ability to effect climate change: The federal government

		Large Effect	Moderate Effect	No Effect	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	60.4%	30.2%	9.4%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	51.4%	34.8%	13.7%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	40.3%	25.6%	34.1%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	43.2%	27.9%	28.9%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	42.9%	35.8%	21.3%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	46.5%	28.3%	25.2%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	56.9%	23.7%	19.4%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	43.7%	31.5%	24.8%	100.0%
	Female	53.8%	26.6%	19.6%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	46.5%	29.9%	23.6%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	57.8%	25.6%	16.6%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	28.8%	33.7%	37.6%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	54.8%	27.1%	18.1%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	70.3%	24.4%	5.3%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	46.3%	31.9%	21.7%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	51.5%	26.9%	21.6%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	50.2%	26.7%	23.1%	100.0%

Table Q49_2

Q49_2 Group's ability to effect climate change: State government

		Large Effect	Moderate Effect	No Effect	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	50.1%	34.5%	15.5%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	44.9%	41.8%	13.3%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	30.4%	33.5%	36.2%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	32.6%	39.2%	28.1%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	44.6%	31.3%	24.1%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	30.0%	43.8%	26.2%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	44.2%	32.4%	23.4%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	29.4%	40.9%	29.7%	100.0%
	Female	47.9%	32.0%	20.1%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	40.5%	36.5%	23.0%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	34.7%	35.0%	30.3%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	22.5%	39.7%	37.8%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	36.2%	38.3%	25.5%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	63.9%	29.4%	6.7%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	41.8%	34.2%	24.0%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	39.5%	37.3%	23.3%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	34.6%	37.8%	27.6%	100.0%

Table Q49_3

Q49_3 Group's ability to effect climate change: Local government

		Large Effect	Moderate Effect	No Effect	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	43.4%	35.2%	21.4%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	35.5%	45.7%	18.8%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	23.4%	29.7%	46.9%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	17.0%	47.4%	35.6%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	38.4%	33.8%	27.8%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	26.7%	38.6%	34.8%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	27.4%	39.5%	33.1%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	22.1%	36.0%	41.9%	100.0%
	Female	37.6%	39.4%	23.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	30.8%	39.0%	30.2%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	28.9%	32.6%	38.6%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	19.2%	32.0%	48.8%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	27.1%	44.6%	28.3%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	48.1%	37.4%	14.5%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	35.7%	33.6%	30.7%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	29.0%	38.1%	32.9%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	23.7%	44.1%	32.3%	100.0%

Table Q49_4

Q49_4 Group's ability to effect climate change: Community organization

		Large Effect	Moderate Effect	No Effect	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	38.2%	39.2%	22.6%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	26.2%	47.0%	26.8%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	17.7%	32.1%	50.2%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	11.6%	46.6%	41.7%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	34.0%	32.5%	33.4%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	19.0%	42.1%	39.0%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	22.2%	42.8%	35.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	16.8%	34.8%	48.4%	100.0%
	Female	32.1%	43.4%	24.4%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	25.3%	37.5%	37.2%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	21.8%	46.3%	31.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	16.3%	28.8%	54.9%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	29.3%	38.1%	32.6%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	30.3%	55.1%	14.6%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	30.0%	38.4%	31.7%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	18.0%	41.6%	40.4%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	24.1%	40.5%	35.4%	100.0%

Table Q49_5

Q49_5 Group's ability to effect climate change: Business and corporations

		Large Effect	Moderate Effect	No Effect	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	54.0%	31.4%	14.6%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	58.3%	28.9%	12.9%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	38.8%	30.5%	30.6%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	35.8%	39.0%	25.2%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	47.9%	26.2%	25.9%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	45.9%	32.5%	21.6%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	44.0%	37.7%	18.3%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	36.4%	35.6%	27.9%	100.0%
	Female	54.3%	29.7%	15.9%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	45.5%	32.6%	22.0%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	47.0%	32.0%	21.0%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	26.3%	36.8%	36.9%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	49.1%	32.1%	18.7%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	68.0%	27.1%	4.9%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	48.0%	28.7%	23.3%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	45.0%	34.5%	20.6%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	43.4%	35.1%	21.5%	100.0%

Table Q49_6

Q49_6 Group's ability to effect climate change: Individuals

		Large Effect	Moderate Effect	No Effect	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	36.9%	43.1%	20.0%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	27.2%	52.4%	20.4%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	22.2%	37.5%	40.4%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	16.5%	47.5%	36.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	33.8%	35.7%	30.5%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	28.2%	42.4%	29.4%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	18.6%	51.4%	30.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	21.3%	38.0%	40.8%	100.0%
	Female	31.8%	48.3%	20.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	27.4%	41.6%	30.9%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	23.3%	50.1%	26.5%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	18.3%	37.7%	44.0%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	27.7%	44.8%	27.5%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	35.7%	50.0%	14.3%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	34.1%	41.7%	24.2%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	21.4%	45.1%	33.5%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	20.7%	46.1%	33.2%	100.0%

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		Q50_1 Gun Ownership:	Q50_2 Gun Ownership:	Q50_3 Gun Ownership:	Q50_4 Gun Ownership:	Q50_5 Gun Ownership:	Q50_6 Gun Ownership:	Q50_9 Gun Ownership:
		l do not have a gun or rifle in my home	Handgun	Shotgun	Hunting/target rifle	Semi- automatic rifle	Other type of gun/rifle	I prefer not to answer
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	37.1%	24.9%	15.0%	25.1%	33.8%	24.8%	35.1%
	35-44 Years Old	14.9%	12.8%	8.5%	8.9%	7.1%	6.9%	13.8%
	45-64 Years Old	27.7%	41.0%	43.4%	39.0%	39.5%	57.9%	38.5%
	65 Years and Older	20.3%	21.3%	33.2%	27.0%	19.6%	10.4%	12.5%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	32.9%	27.4%	24.6%	29.9%	21.6%	24.8%	30.8%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	34.9%	35.9%	35.9%	34.6%	40.0%	63.0%	32.2%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	32.2%	36.8%	39.5%	35.5%	38.4%	12.2%	37.0%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	46.3%	54.1%	54.0%	60.7%	79.8%	48.8%	50.9%
	Female	53.7%	45.9%	46.0%	39.3%	20.2%	51.2%	49.1%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	73.5%	80.9%	89.8%	82.2%	76.5%	91.5%	77.1%
	Do not identify as white	26.5%	19.1%	10.2%	17.8%	23.5%	8.5%	22.9%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	30.3%	53.0%	54.2%	58.7%	49.9%	65.9%	47.7%
	Identify Independent	30.7%	28.1%	30.5%	31.1%	42.7%	27.9%	45.8%
	Identify Democrat	39.0%	18.9%	15.3%	10.2%	7.4%	6.1%	6.5%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	45.0%	28.0%	20.1%	24.3%	19.8%	58.0%	26.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	31.3%	38.0%	47.8%	39.2%	42.0%	19.9%	38.2%
	\$75,000 or more	23.7%	34.0%	32.1%	36.5%	38.2%	22.1%	35.9%
	Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Table Q51_1

Q51_1 Gun Ownership Reasons: Hunting

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	36.2%	38.0%	13.7%	12.2%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	52.3%	19.6%	11.6%	16.5%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	56.3%	20.2%	4.7%	18.8%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	36.3%	30.9%	10.7%	22.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	42.5%	33.0%	4.7%	19.9%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	53.9%	23.6%	9.1%	13.3%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	42.3%	25.4%	12.8%	19.4%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	53.7%	23.7%	5.7%	16.9%	100.0%
	Female	37.7%	31.0%	13.2%	18.1%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	45.7%	27.1%	9.5%	17.8%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	49.5%	26.8%	7.7%	15.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	56.2%	23.9%	4.6%	15.2%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	39.3%	35.2%	15.1%	10.5%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	29.5%	22.3%	12.4%	35.8%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	41.1%	36.4%	3.0%	19.4%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	52.0%	20.4%	14.0%	13.5%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	42.4%	27.3%	9.4%	20.9%	100.0%

Table Q51_2

Q51_2 Gun Ownership Reasons: Protection

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	55.6%	22.9%	12.1%	9.5%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	50.6%	28.8%	17.9%	2.7%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	69.4%	19.6%	7.7%	3.3%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	41.7%	34.3%	15.5%	8.5%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	62.7%	22.8%	6.1%	8.4%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	60.6%	25.4%	10.0%	4.0%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	50.3%	25.7%	18.1%	5.9%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	63.8%	22.1%	10.9%	3.1%	100.0%
	Female	50.2%	27.7%	12.8%	9.3%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	55.9%	25.0%	13.6%	5.5%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	65.2%	23.5%	3.0%	8.2%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	65.5%	22.5%	4.1%	7.8%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	53.4%	25.2%	17.6%	3.8%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	40.5%	30.6%	24.8%	4.1%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	58.2%	28.1%	5.1%	8.6%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	59.3%	22.5%	17.1%	1.1%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	54.2%	24.8%	11.2%	9.8%	100.0%

Table Q51_3

Q51_3 Gun Ownership Reasons: 2nd Amendment right/Constitutional right

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	42.8%	32.4%	16.7%	8.1%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	53.9%	24.1%	8.5%	13.6%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	62.1%	18.2%	10.3%	9.3%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	49.2%	21.1%	19.3%	10.3%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	62.0%	18.9%	8.9%	10.2%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	59.1%	24.5%	12.2%	4.2%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	41.2%	25.5%	18.8%	14.4%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	65.0%	19.5%	8.7%	6.8%	100.0%
	Female	39.6%	27.7%	19.6%	13.1%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	53.9%	21.2%	15.5%	9.4%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	50.6%	33.1%	5.2%	11.1%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	70.3%	19.3%	9.2%	1.2%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	43.4%	31.1%	16.2%	9.2%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	20.0%	21.7%	22.6%	35.6%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	67.6%	20.7%	7.7%	3.9%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	55.0%	17.0%	16.9%	11.1%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	40.3%	31.4%	15.5%	12.8%	100.0%

Table Q51_4

Q51_4 Gun Ownership Reasons: Work related

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	20.3%	25.0%	24.4%	30.3%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	18.3%	19.4%	34.4%	27.9%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	25.2%	7.1%	5.8%	61.9%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	7.7%	14.2%	13.8%	64.4%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	24.1%	13.8%	19.4%	42.7%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	20.9%	12.2%	17.8%	49.0%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	14.2%	18.4%	11.8%	55.6%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	18.4%	18.1%	13.8%	49.6%	100.0%
	Female	20.4%	11.3%	18.6%	49.7%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	19.0%	11.6%	15.1%	54.3%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	21.0%	29.8%	20.0%	29.2%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	19.2%	11.0%	16.1%	53.7%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	22.9%	24.3%	14.8%	38.1%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	13.6%	10.8%	18.1%	57.5%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	20.5%	15.8%	13.9%	49.7%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	21.3%	10.6%	24.1%	44.0%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	15.6%	19.6%	8.1%	56.7%	100.0%

Table Q51_5

Q51_5 Gun Ownership Reasons: Hobby or collector

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	14.0%	25.5%	24.2%	36.3%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	32.9%	23.0%	17.8%	26.2%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	36.7%	13.4%	15.2%	34.7%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	11.8%	20.6%	24.9%	42.7%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	31.3%	19.5%	21.3%	28.0%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	30.9%	21.4%	16.2%	31.5%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	14.4%	17.2%	22.3%	46.1%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	32.8%	14.7%	22.1%	30.3%	100.0%
	Female	15.7%	24.6%	17.4%	42.3%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	24.3%	19.2%	20.2%	36.3%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	27.8%	19.8%	18.6%	33.8%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	34.2%	19.3%	18.0%	28.5%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	16.6%	26.3%	24.5%	32.6%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	11.1%	7.4%	18.3%	63.2%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	38.3%	22.0%	10.6%	29.1%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	24.5%	11.4%	20.5%	43.6%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	13.2%	24.7%	28.1%	34.0%	100.0%

Table Q51_6

Q51_6 Gun Ownership Reasons: Some other reason

		Very Important	Important	Somewhat Important	Not At All Important	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	16.7%	17.3%	11.6%	54.3%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	36.3%	30.1%	11.3%	22.3%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	38.1%	13.5%	12.1%	36.4%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	5.3%	17.1%	19.5%	58.1%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	19.7%	22.7%	10.2%	47.4%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	38.1%	20.4%	15.2%	26.2%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	17.6%	11.7%	13.9%	56.7%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	28.5%	18.8%	10.2%	42.5%	100.0%
	Female	20.6%	16.0%	17.5%	46.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	25.7%	16.0%	13.5%	44.9%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	22.5%	24.8%	12.6%	40.1%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	33.0%	14.2%	16.5%	36.3%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	20.0%	24.3%	9.7%	46.0%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	8.8%	16.4%	10.1%	64.8%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	29.5%	25.5%	10.8%	34.2%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	28.1%	13.5%	10.0%	48.4%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	15.2%	15.7%	20.3%	48.8%	100.0%

Q52_1 Gun Ownership Policy Opinion: Making private gun sales and sales at gun shows subject to background checks.

		Strongly Favor	Favor	Neither Favor Nor Oppose	Oppose	Strongly Oppose	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	47.5%	17.5%	14.2%	12.9%	8.0%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	53.0%	21.0%	13.1%	2.0%	10.9%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	51.6%	21.1%	15.3%	4.7%	7.2%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	61.0%	27.5%	3.5%	3.1%	4.8%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	45.3%	15.2%	19.2%	12.2%	8.2%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	53.3%	29.0%	8.5%	2.9%	6.3%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	58.2%	19.1%	9.4%	5.2%	8.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	35.6%	27.9%	14.7%	10.0%	11.8%	100.0%
	Female	69.0%	14.9%	9.7%	3.2%	3.2%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	52.4%	22.3%	10.7%	6.6%	8.0%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	52.9%	17.9%	17.2%	6.5%	5.5%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	40.7%	28.5%	15.9%	5.6%	9.3%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	44.8%	19.5%	15.7%	13.5%	6.5%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	77.0%	13.2%	3.3%	0.8%	5.8%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	41.1%	23.3%	17.8%	9.4%	8.4%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	56.5%	23.5%	7.7%	3.4%	8.9%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	61.4%	15.6%	11.2%	6.7%	5.0%	100.0%

Table Q52_2

Q52_2 Gun Ownership Policy Opinion: Preventing sales of all firearms to people who have been reported as dangerous to law enforcement by a mental health provider

		Strongly Favor	Favor	Neither Favor Nor Oppose	Oppose	Strongly Oppose	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	55.8%	23.4%	9.1%	8.1%	3.6%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	65.1%	18.1%	13.7%	3.2%	0.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	61.1%	20.1%	12.8%	3.2%	2.9%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	79.6%	15.2%	3.7%	1.5%	0.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	56.1%	24.8%	12.3%	4.9%	1.8%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	66.4%	20.4%	9.6%	2.2%	1.4%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	68.4%	14.7%	7.7%	6.1%	3.1%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	50.7%	25.3%	13.3%	7.0%	3.7%	100.0%
	Female	76.8%	14.5%	6.4%	1.7%	0.5%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	64.0%	20.6%	10.9%	2.9%	1.6%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	63.6%	17.2%	5.8%	9.5%	4.0%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	58.8%	25.5%	11.1%	2.9%	1.7%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	49.3%	20.2%	16.1%	9.8%	4.6%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	86.1%	11.4%	1.6%	0.9%	0.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	55.8%	24.0%	14.2%	4.2%	1.9%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	67.9%	19.8%	7.5%	2.5%	2.3%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	70.6%	13.7%	6.6%	6.8%	2.3%	100.0%

Q52_3 Gun Ownership Policy Opinion: Preventing sales of all firearms to people who have been convicted of violent misdemeanors.

		Strongly Favor	Favor	Neither Favor Nor Oppose	Oppose	Strongly Oppose	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	50.5%	14.3%	19.7%	8.6%	6.9%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	48.9%	18.3%	22.7%	5.3%	4.8%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	53.8%	23.6%	12.9%	6.0%	3.7%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	77.1%	16.0%	3.0%	2.9%	1.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	49.9%	14.6%	23.9%	5.2%	6.4%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	57.6%	22.0%	11.8%	5.8%	2.8%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	62.7%	17.9%	8.3%	7.2%	4.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	42.0%	21.2%	20.1%	10.0%	6.7%	100.0%
	Female	71.5%	15.6%	8.7%	2.2%	2.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	56.1%	20.0%	14.4%	5.0%	4.4%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	60.0%	12.3%	13.9%	9.9%	3.9%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	49.9%	24.5%	14.8%	8.0%	2.8%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	47.3%	15.3%	22.5%	9.4%	5.5%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	77.1%	12.4%	5.2%	0.0%	5.3%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	49.4%	18.0%	20.3%	5.3%	6.9%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	59.3%	19.6%	11.9%	6.8%	2.5%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	65.0%	16.0%	10.6%	6.3%	2.1%	100.0%

Table Q52_4

Q52_4 Gun Ownership Policy Opinion: Mandatory three-day waiting period after a gun is purchased before it can be taken home.

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		Strongly Favor	Favor	Neither Favor Nor Oppose	Oppose	Strongly Oppose	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	47.0%	18.4%	17.9%	9.5%	7.3%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	48.5%	18.3%	18.5%	5.0%	9.6%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	50.3%	19.2%	13.5%	5.0%	12.1%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	71.0%	19.9%	7.5%	1.5%	0.0%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	47.7%	16.5%	13.8%	9.2%	12.8%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	51.7%	21.6%	15.6%	6.4%	4.7%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	60.1%	18.5%	13.4%	1.9%	6.1%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	37.6%	22.1%	18.1%	9.9%	12.3%	100.0%
	Female	68.5%	16.1%	10.7%	1.6%	3.1%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	54.4%	18.9%	13.9%	5.8%	6.9%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	49.7%	19.1%	15.7%	5.4%	10.1%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	43.8%	20.7%	17.8%	3.6%	14.2%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	43.4%	21.0%	19.3%	10.3%	6.0%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	77.2%	14.5%	4.3%	4.0%	0.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	43.3%	21.4%	15.9%	7.0%	12.4%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	57.0%	14.9%	14.0%	7.1%	7.0%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	62.2%	20.2%	13.0%	2.9%	1.8%	100.0%

Q52_5 Gun Ownership Policy Opinion: Requiring a person to be 21 or older to purchase a gun.

		Strongly Favor	Favor	Neither Favor Nor Oppose	Oppose	Strongly Oppose	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	59.9%	10.3%	12.9%	6.4%	10.5%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	51.3%	15.2%	18.1%	3.4%	12.0%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	62.7%	19.5%	8.6%	5.7%	3.5%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	77.4%	12.9%	3.5%	1.9%	4.3%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	57.3%	11.6%	12.9%	7.1%	11.2%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	65.0%	19.2%	9.0%	3.6%	3.3%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	66.9%	12.6%	9.1%	4.1%	7.3%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	48.1%	18.0%	15.0%	7.9%	11.0%	100.0%
	Female	78.3%	11.3%	5.5%	1.7%	3.2%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	62.3%	16.6%	9.6%	5.8%	5.7%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	67.0%	7.5%	12.4%	1.3%	11.8%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	57.6%	18.7%	9.2%	4.6%	9.9%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	53.4%	15.6%	15.9%	9.9%	5.2%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	81.6%	7.8%	5.8%	0.0%	4.9%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	59.8%	12.4%	12.9%	7.6%	7.2%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	64.5%	16.2%	9.7%	3.8%	5.7%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	70.6%	14.9%	7.8%	1.9%	4.7%	100.0%

Table Q52_6

Q52_6 Gun Ownership Policy Opinion: Banning high-capacity ammunition clips that hold more than 10 bullets.

		Strongly Favor	Favor	Neither Favor Nor Oppose	Oppose	Strongly Oppose	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	34.8%	11.7%	18.9%	11.5%	23.1%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	37.9%	11.8%	14.8%	14.6%	20.9%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	36.8%	6.2%	22.6%	16.8%	17.6%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	62.7%	14.6%	7.9%	6.6%	8.3%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	34.5%	9.0%	19.1%	12.2%	25.3%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	35.8%	11.5%	17.8%	17.7%	17.3%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	54.3%	10.8%	15.2%	8.0%	11.8%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	24.2%	7.5%	19.1%	19.4%	29.8%	100.0%
	Female	58.9%	13.6%	15.6%	6.0%	5.9%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	43.8%	11.6%	15.3%	12.5%	16.8%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	34.6%	6.7%	24.1%	13.3%	21.3%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	26.8%	12.6%	21.3%	17.1%	22.2%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	35.0%	10.3%	18.7%	14.6%	21.4%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	69.6%	7.8%	10.2%	4.5%	8.0%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	37.5%	9.7%	15.0%	15.5%	22.3%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	45.5%	13.2%	13.2%	10.6%	17.4%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	43.7%	8.8%	26.5%	11.0%	10.1%	100.0%

Q52_7 Gun Ownership Policy Opinion: Banning assault-style weapons.

		Strongly Favor	Favor	Neither Favor Nor Oppose	Oppose	Strongly Oppose	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	37.7%	11.6%	12.2%	18.2%	20.4%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	41.3%	9.5%	19.0%	9.3%	20.7%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	36.6%	6.0%	19.0%	18.5%	19.9%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	64.5%	10.3%	8.1%	6.3%	10.7%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	41.1%	3.3%	15.1%	18.9%	21.6%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	35.2%	13.1%	17.3%	17.2%	17.2%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	53.7%	10.3%	11.3%	8.3%	16.3%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	26.1%	8.2%	18.1%	19.4%	28.1%	100.0%
	Female	60.3%	10.2%	11.2%	10.0%	8.4%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	46.0%	9.3%	14.1%	13.4%	17.2%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	34.7%	8.7%	16.1%	18.7%	21.8%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	26.9%	8.7%	16.3%	22.7%	25.2%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	35.9%	10.6%	18.1%	14.7%	20.8%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	74.4%	8.3%	8.5%	3.0%	5.7%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	43.0%	6.6%	14.7%	17.0%	18.7%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	43.4%	9.9%	12.1%	14.9%	19.7%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	46.4%	12.0%	17.8%	12.7%	11.1%	100.0%

Table Q52_8

Q52_8 Gun Ownership Policy Opinion: Having teachers or other school officials with appropriate training carry guns at schools.

		Strongly Favor	Favor	Neither Favor Nor Oppose	Oppose	Strongly Oppose	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	31.9%	16.5%	14.7%	10.8%	26.1%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	24.5%	24.8%	23.1%	10.8%	16.9%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	38.6%	21.8%	19.1%	7.1%	13.5%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	26.2%	21.7%	19.6%	16.0%	16.5%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	42.8%	20.1%	14.9%	7.6%	14.5%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	30.7%	25.1%	18.8%	12.8%	12.7%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	23.4%	16.3%	21.1%	11.1%	28.1%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	36.9%	23.8%	18.9%	9.7%	10.7%	100.0%
	Female	27.5%	17.5%	18.0%	11.5%	16.9% 13.5% 16.5% 14.5% 12.7%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	30.2%	21.5%	21.4%	9.6%	17.3%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	38.7%	17.1%	7.4%	14.1%	22.8%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	44.7%	28.6%	16.7%	6.8%	3.2%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	27.3%	16.4%	25.7%	11.3%	19.3%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	17.8%	12.6%	13.2%	15.5%	40.9%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	38.4%	18.8%	19.0%	8.8%	15.0%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	25.0%	24.4%	20.5%	9.8%	20.3%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	30.7%	20.0%	13.9%	13.9%	21.5%	100.0%

Q52_9 Gun Ownership Policy Opinion: Allowing family members to ask the court to temporarily remove guns from a relative who they believe is at risk of harming themselves or others.

		Strongly Favor	Favor	Neither Favor Nor Oppose	Oppose	Strongly Oppose	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	56.4%	18.9%	18.3%	2.8%	3.7%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	50.0%	22.1%	15.5%	6.7%	5.7%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	42.6%	26.1%	18.3%	4.0%	9.1%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	50.5%	27.8%	17.0%	3.2%	1.5%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	52.8%	17.0%	18.2%	4.7%	7.4%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	45.5%	28.5%	19.2%	3.6%	3.1%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	51.0%	24.7%	15.5%	3.2%	% 5.6% % 7.7%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	39.1%	22.8%	24.1%	6.3%	9.1% 1.5% 7.4% 3.1% 5.6% 7.7% 3.0% 6.4% 1.4% 9.1% 3.8% 1.3%	100.0%
	Female	59.6%	24.7%	11.3%	1.4%	3.0%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	47.1%	23.4%	19.0%	4.1%	6.4%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	58.6%	24.3%	12.8%	2.9%	1.4%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	36.7%	28.7%	21.0%	4.5%	9.1%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	42.9%	23.9%	24.7%	4.7%	1.5% 7.4% 7.4% 3.1% 5% 5.6% 7.7% 19% 3.0% 19% 6.4% 10% 11.4% 19% 3.8% 19% 3.8% 10% 1.3% 19% 5.7% 19% 5.7%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	74.6%	16.1%	6.0%	2.0%	1.3%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	49.1%	21.7%	19.8%	3.7%	5.7%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	49.4%	24.2%	15.5%	3.5%	7.5%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	51.7%	24.2%	18.1%	3.9%	2.1%	100.0%

Table Q52_10

Q52_10 Gun Ownership Policy Opinion: Authorizing law enforcement officers to temporarily remove guns from individuals who the officer determines pose an immediate threat of harm to self or others.

		Strongly Favor	Favor	Neither Favor Nor Oppose	Oppose	Strongly Oppose	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	42.4%	16.5%	27.5%	4.7%	8.9%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	38.6%	22.4%	20.9%	4.6%	13.6%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	34.2%	26.9%	24.3%	3.8%	10.8%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	46.5%	31.7%	11.1%	8.2%		100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	45.3%	18.2%	26.3%	3.7%	6.6%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	33.6%	27.0%	21.1%	7.7%	10.7%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	41.6%	26.3%	19.2%	3.9%	9.0%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	29.7%	23.8%	25.7%	8.1%	12.8%	100.0%
	Female	50.8%	24.5%	18.6%	2.2%	13.6% 10.8% 2.5% 6.6% 10.7% 9.0% 12.8% 3.8% 7.8% 12.2%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	41.0%	23.7%	21.4%	6.1%	7.8%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	36.7%	25.1%	24.4%	1.7%	12.2%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	28.9%	29.0%	24.9%	5.8%	11.4%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	30.2%	22.4%	31.9%	5.5%	9.9%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	65.5%	18.5%	8.2%	3.8%	4.1%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	43.4%	23.0%	24.2%	2.3%	7.1%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	35.5%	23.6%	19.2%	8.5%	13.2%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	41.2%	27.8%	21.7%	3.7%	5.7%	100.0%

Q53 Views on	Mass	Shooting	Prevention
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		Q53 VII	ews on Mass Sno	oung Freventio	
		Government and society can take action that will be effective in preventing shootings like the one in Uvalde, Texas, from happening again.	Shootings like the one in Uvalde, Texas, will happen again regardless of what action is taken by government and society.	No opinion	Total
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	59.6%	24.1%	16.2%	100.0%
	35-44 Years Old	68.0%	22.7%	9.4%	100.0%
	45-64 Years Old	44.2%	37.3%	18.5%	100.0%
	65 Years and Older	54.2%	40.4%	5.4%	100.0%
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	42.6%	29.4%	28.0%	100.0%
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	54.6%	36.7%	8.7%	100.0%
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	65.0%	28.9%	6.1%	100.0%
Q5 Gender	Male	47.1%	36.0%	16.9%	100.0%
	Female	61.3%	27.9%	10.8%	100.0%
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	52.3%	32.2%	15.6%	100.0%
	Do not identify as white	62.1%	30.3%	7.6%	100.0%
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	39.7%	44.5%	15.8%	100.0%
	Identify Independent	47.9%	32.7%	19.4%	100.0%
	Identify Democrat	82.9%	12.3%	4.8%	100.0%
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	46.7%	30.6%	22.6%	100.0%
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	61.9%	28.9%	9.1%	100.0%
	\$75,000 or more	56.5%	36.8%	6.7%	100.0%

		Q54 Residence in 5 years						
		Still be living in the same community you are in now	Move to another location in Kansas	Relocate to a state other than Kansas	Total			
Q4 Age	18-34 Years Old	43.1%	20.5%	36.4%	100.0%			
	35-44 Years Old	64.7%	21.3%	14.0%	100.0%			
	45-64 Years Old	85.2%	4.8%	9.9%	100.0%			
	65 Years and Older	84.3%	8.8%	6.8%	100.0%			
Q57 Education Level	High School Diploma/Equiv or Some HS	62.3%	11.7%	26.0%	100.0%			
	Associates/Technical Degree or Some College	62.2%	18.8%	19.1%	100.0%			
	Bachelors Degree or Higher	78.6%	9.0%	12.4%	100.0%			
Q5 Gender	Male	70.5%	13.3%	16.2%	100.0%			
	Female	65.3%	13.2%	21.5%	100.0%			
Q59 Race or Ethnicity	Identify as white	71.8%	10.2%	18.0%	100.0%			
	Do not identify as white	55.0%	23.6%	21.4%	100.0%			
Q55 Political Orientation	Identify Republican	78.4%	8.3%	13.3%	100.0%			
	Identify Independent	58.5%	25.5%	16.0%	100.0%			
	Identify Democrat	63.2%	7.4%	29.4%	100.0%			
Q60 Household Income	Less than \$35,000	63.6%	10.5%	25.8%	100.0%			
Category	\$35,000-\$74,999	68.1%	15.8%	16.1%	100.0%			
	\$75,000 or more	74.8%	13.6%	11.5%	100.0%			

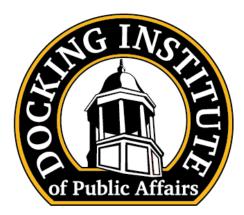


Kansas Speaks Fall 2021 Statewide Public Opinion Survey

Prepared For **The Citizens of Kansas**By

The Docking Institute of Public Affairs Fort Hays State University

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Mission:

To Facilitate Effective Public Policy Decision-Making.

The staff of the Docking Institute of Public Affairs and its University Center for Survey Research are dedicated to serving the people of Kansas and surrounding states.

Kansas Speaks Fall 2021



Prepared By:

Jian Sun, Ph.D. Assistant Director Brett Zollinger, Ph.D. Director

In service to Kansans, the Docking Institute of Public Affairs conducts the Kansas Speaks survey and offers this report of the survey's findings. The Institute is the sole sponsor of this surveying, funding it through operating reserves made possible by the Institute's applied research and organizational planning consulting work.

Prepared For:

The Citizens of Kansas
In pursuit of
Fort Hays State University's Public Affairs Mission

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Executive Summary

The 2021 Kansas Speaks fall survey was conducted from December 4 to December 17, 2021. A panel of 523 adult residents of Kansas age 18 and older were surveyed online to assess their attitudes and opinions regarding various issues of interest to Kansas citizens. The statewide online panel survey finds:

- 44.7% of respondents indicated Kansas was a "very good" or "excellent" place to live.
 5% said Kansas was a "poor" or "very poor" place to live.
- Asked where they will be in 5 years, 64.9% of respondents said they would be living in the same community that they live in now, 16.8% said they would be moving to another location in Kansas, and 18.3% said they would relocate to a state other than Kansas
- 21.4% of respondents felt the state economy was "very good" or "excellent." 10.9% felt the economy was "poor" or "very poor."
- 24.5% of respondents felt that the Kansas economy was getting better in the last 12 months, 42.5% felt that it stayed the same, and 33% felt it was getting worse.
- 13% of respondents were "very concerned" about the future economy threatening their own or their family's welfare, and 26.7% were "moderately concerned."
- 66.2% of respondents felt Kansas was on the "right track." 33.8% felt Kansas was on the "wrong track" this year.
- When asked to compare what they paid in sales tax, property tax, and state income tax with the amount they paid two years ago, 65.7% of respondents felt that their tax burden had increased as compared with two years ago, 30.5% felt no change, and 3.9% felt their tax burden had decreased.
- 23.5% of respondents preferred higher taxes and spending, while 48.7% preferred lower state taxes and spending. 27.8% wanted to keep the current level of taxes and spending.
- Among those in favor of increases in taxes and spending, 45% favored increasing income tax, 28.4% favored increasing sales tax, and 23.9% favored increasing property tax.
 62.4% supported increasing state funding for grades kindergarten through high school,
 63.3% supported increasing spending for social services, 49.5% supported increasing funding for roads and highways, and 38.5% supported increasing funding for state colleges and universities.
- Among those who preferred lower taxes and spending, 48.7% favored lowering income tax, 62.8% favored lowering sales taxes, and 57.5% favored decreasing property tax.
 50% favored cutting state funding for state colleges and universities, and 23.9% of respondents supported cutting funding for roads and highways. About 10% supported cutting funding for social services, and grades kindergarten through high school.
- 61.4% of respondents "strongly supported" or "somewhat supported" increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars.

- 62% of respondents "strongly supported" or "somewhat supported" increasing taxes on alcohol.
- 70.8% of respondents "strongly supported" or "somewhat supported" legalizing recreational marijuana for individuals 21 and older to allow taxation by the State of Kansas. 18.1% of respondents "somewhat opposed" or "strongly opposed."
- 45.4% of respondents were satisfied with the performance of Governor Laura Kelly, and 31.3% were dissatisfied.
- 29.4% of respondents were satisfied with the Kansas legislature, and 31.5% were dissatisfied.
- 35.6% of respondents were satisfied with President Biden, and 54.5% were dissatisfied.
- Among those respondents who voted in the 2018 Kansas election, 52.6% voted for Laura Kelly.
- 62.2% of respondents were confident with election security in Kansas elections. 44.3% were confident with election security in the past 2020 Presidential election.
- 43% of respondents felt that "keeping counties, cities, and towns together in the same district, rather than breaking them apart into different districts" was "very important" or "absolutely essential" to be considered by Kansas politicians when they draw electoral districts. Respondents also felt it was very important to draw as many competitive districts as possible where neither party has a clear election advantage (39.6% saying "very important" or "absolutely essential"). Of these and multiple other considerations for redistricting offered, electing as many Democrats or Republicans as possible was deemed the least important.
- In terms of amount of thought given to the issue, 30.8% of respondents thought "a great deal" or "a lot" of Medicaid expansion as a current political issue with the Kansas legislature.
- 74% of respondents agreed that expanding Medicaid would help rural Kansas hospital remain in business.
- 70% of respondents agreed that the Kansans who might obtain health insurance from expanding Medicaid deserve this benefit from the state.
- 72.8% of respondents supported expanding Medicaid in Kansas.
- 62.1% of respondents felt the issue of Medicaid expansion in Kansas was highly or extremely important as they decided who got their vote to represent them in the Kansas Legislature.
- More than thirty percent of respondents said since the start of the coronavirus outbreak, someone in their households had serious problems affording food or medical care, paying utilities, paying credit cards/loans/debt, paying mortgage/rent, or other serious problems.
- 35.8% of respondents said certain household members had wages or hours reduced since the start of the coronavirus outbreak, 33.5% said someone in the household lost

- their job, 18.4% said someone in the household had taken mandatory unpaid leave, and 14.3% said someone in the household had been furloughed.
- 64.4% of respondents had received all doses of a vaccine for COVID-19 to be fully vaccinated, 4.5% had received one dose of a two-dose course of the vaccine, and 31.1% had not been vaccinated.
- Among those who were not vaccinated for COVID-19, the reason most applicable for not being vaccinated in order are: 28% believed that the vaccines were probably harmful or dangerous, 26.6% felt they were not necessary, and 25.9% were waiting for more information.
- Among those who received all doses or one dose of COVID-19 vaccine, 69.9% believed
 that the vaccine would help protect them from the virus, 58.7% believed the vaccine
 would made it less likely for them to spread the virus, and 24.5% thought it would be
 easier to go to work, school, and/or public events if they could prove that they were
 fully vaccinated.
- 70.9% of respondents disagreed with the statement "a woman who gets an abortion is fundamentally a bad person." On each of three survey items more than 60% disagree that abortion should be completely illegal in Kansas, even in cases where a woman's life or health is at risk from a pregnancy, where a woman becomes pregnant due to incest, and where a woman becomes pregnant due to rape.
- 50.5% of respondents agreed that "the Kansas government should not place any regulations on the circumstances under which women can get abortions," while 25.4% disagreed.
- Respondents' opinions were somewhat polarized regarding whether life begins at conception (40.4% agree vs. 33.4% disagree), and whether abortion is murder (31% agree vs. 40.9% disagree).
- 42.4% of respondents paid \$60 or less per month for their internet service, 41.2% paid more than \$60 per month. 6% did not have internet service at home.
- 26.2% of respondents reported difficulty with streaming content due to an inadequate internet connection, 21.6% reported difficulty with videoconferencing, and 20.1% had difficulty with email. 48.9% of respondents had no difficulty participating in online activities.

Introduction and Methods

To assess attitudes and opinions of Kansans about public affairs matters, the Docking Institute (Institute) has conducted this survey every year since 2009. From that first year through 2019, the Institute used random telephone sampling to reach a cross-section of adults in Kansas. Beginning with the 2020 survey, the Institute has used an online survey panel of Kansans. For the 2021 survey, the Docking Institute developed the survey questionnaire (Appendix B) and contracted with QualtricsXM for data collection. QualtricsXM and its survey panel provider partners build and maintain online panels of adults on an ongoing basis that mirror the demographic characteristics of populations. Moreover, when conducting a statewide survey of Kansans, the Institute has QualtricsXM pursue demographically representative quotas by gender, age, and nonmetro/metro counties in order to further promote a representative sample of Kansas adults. QualtricsXM distributed the online questionnaire to a representative panel of Kansas residents from December 4 to December 17, and 523 respondents answered all or most of the survey questions.

Appendix A provides comparison of the Kansas population and the final panel respondents on a list of demographic characteristics, including the three quotas used during data collection (gender, age, and county population). The final set of panel respondents is within 5% of the Kansas population on the distribution of age and county population. Females are overrepresented in the final panel. Thus, the Institute weighted cases to increase the statistical presence of male respondents and decrease the presence of female respondents. After examining response distributions on all topical survey questions, differences between weighted and non-weighted distributions were negligible (all 3% and less). Therefore, the analyses contained throughout this report are not weighted.

The following analysis contains four sections:

- 1) **Overall Quality of Life in Kansas.** This section shows how Kansans generally feel about Kansas as a place to live.
- 2) **Taxes & Economy.** This section shows results on questions addressing various economic concerns to citizens and fair and effective personal and business taxation policies.
- 3) **Government, Politicians & Election.** This section presents the results of citizens' ratings of the state government in general, state elected officials, and the U.S president.
- 4) **Public Policy Issues.** This section looks at citizens' opinions on some contemporary state and/or national policies and issues.

These sections present descriptive analyses of respondents' answers to each question. Except for the questions asking about respondents' demographic information, all of the survey questions are displayed verbatim under those graphs presenting descriptive analyses. Survey questions can also be found in the questionnaire presented in Appendix D.

Section 1: Overall Quality of Life in Kansas

When asked to rate Kansas as a place to live, less than half (44.7%) indicated Kansas was a "very good" or "excellent" place to live, while 5% said Kansas was a "poor" or "very poor" place to live (Figure 1). When asked where they will be in 5 years, 64.9% of respondents said they would be living in the same community that they live in now, 16.8% said they would be moving to another location in Kansas and 18.3% said they would relocate to a state other than Kansas (Figure 2).

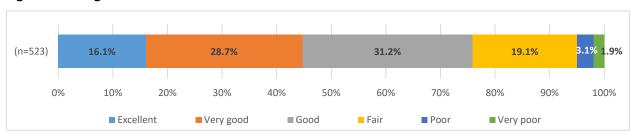


Figure 1: Rating of Kansas as a Place to Live

Question: In general, how would you rate Kansas as a place to live?

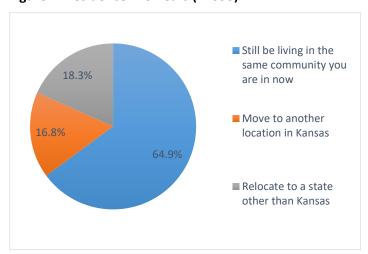


Figure 2: Residence in 5 Years (n=393)

Question: By your best guess, where will you be in 5 years? Are you likely to still be living in the same community you are in now, move to another location in Kansas, or relocate to a state other than Kansas?

Section 2: Taxes & Economy

Given the continuing coronavirus pandemic and high inflation in the year of 2021, ratings of economy in 2021 are compared with the same ratings found in the 2020 Kansas Speaks survey. When asked to rate the Kansas economy, 21.4% of respondents said they felt the state's economy was "very good" or "excellent," while 10.9% indicated they felt the economy was "poor" or "very poor" this year (Figure 3). These results are very similar to those in 2020. Figure 4 shows in 2021 about one-fourth (24.5%) of respondents felt that the Kansas economy was getting better over the past year, 42.5% felt that it stayed the same, and 33% felt that it was getting worse -- much lower than the 49.1% in 2020 who felt it was getting worse. In 2021, 39.7% of respondents were "very concerned" or "moderately concerned" that the Kansas economy would seriously threaten their own or their family's welfare (Figure 5), a decrease from 44.3% in 2020. Another 36.6% were "slightly concerned" in 2021 (similar to 2020), and 23.7% of respondents said they were "not concerned at all", up from 17.9% in 2020.

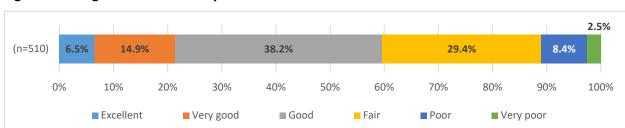


Figure 3: Rating of Kansas Economy

Question: In general, how would you rate the Kansas economy?

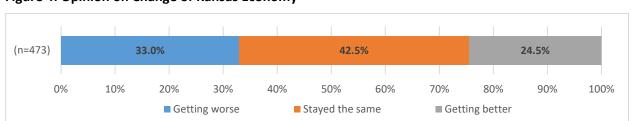
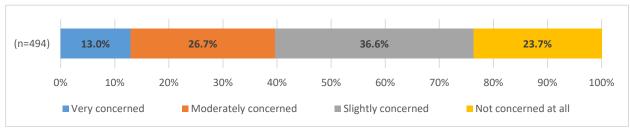


Figure 4: Opinion on Change of Kansas Economy

Question: Over the last 12 months, how would you say the Kansas economy has changed?

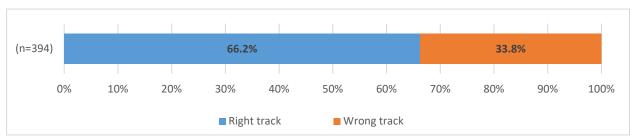
Figure 5: Level of Concern that the Kansas Economy Will Seriously Threaten Individual's or Family's Welfare over the Next Year



Question: How concerned are you that the Kansas economy will seriously threaten you or your family's welfare in the coming year?

In 2021 about two-thirds (66.2%) of respondents indicated they felt Kansas was on the "right track", and 33.8% of respondents believe Kansas is on the "wrong track" (Figure 6). These percentages were very similar to those in 2020.

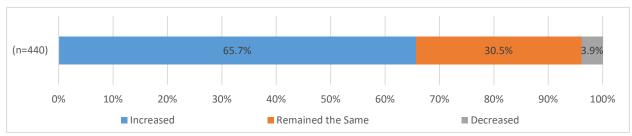
Figure 6: Opinion on whether Kansas is on the Right or Wrong Track



Question: Generally speaking, do you think Kansas is on the right track or wrong track?

Respondents were asked if there had been changes in amount of taxes paid to the state. More than sixty percent (65.7%) responded that the sales tax, property tax, and state income tax they paid had "increased" as compared to two years ago, 30.5% said the amount "remained the same," and 3.9% said the amount "decreased" (Figure 7).

Figure 7: Change in Taxes Paid to the State



Question: Think about what you paid in sales tax, property tax, and state income tax together. Compared to two years ago, has the amount you pay in state taxes increased, remained the same, or decreased?

When respondents were asked their preferences about state taxes and spending, 23.5% wanted to have higher taxes and spending, while 48.7% preferred lower taxes and spending. Almost twenty-eight percent (27.8%) would like to keep the current level of taxes and spending (Figure 8).

Among those respondents who preferred higher taxes and spending, 45% favored increasing income tax, 28.4% favored increasing sales tax, and 23.9% favored increasing property tax (Figure 9). In terms of their preferences for increased spending, 62.4% of those who prefer higher taxes and spending wanted to increase state education funding for grades kindergarten through high school and social services. About 63% want to increase social services spending. About 50% supported increasing funding for roads and highways. About 39% supported increasing funding for and state colleges and universities (Figure 10).

Among those who preferred lower taxes and spending, 62.8% favored decreasing sales tax, 57.5% favored decreasing property tax, and 48.7% favored decreasing income tax (Figure 11). In terms of preferences for decreased spending, 50% of those who preferred lower taxes and spending wanted to cut state education funding for state colleges and universities, 23.9% supported decreased state funding for roads and highways, 10.6% supported cutting state funding for grades kindergarten through high school and 9.6% supported cutting social services (Figure 12).

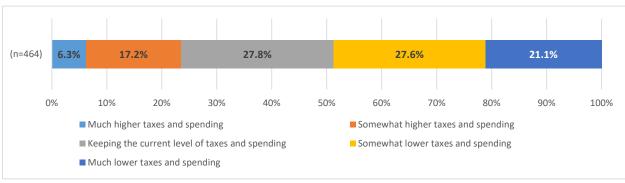
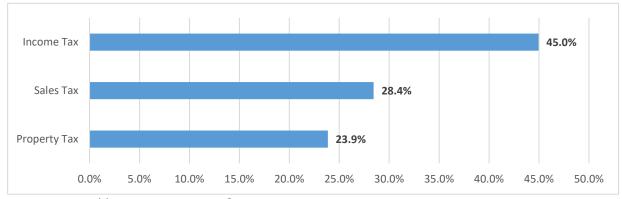


Figure 8: Belief about Kansas Government Taxes and Spending

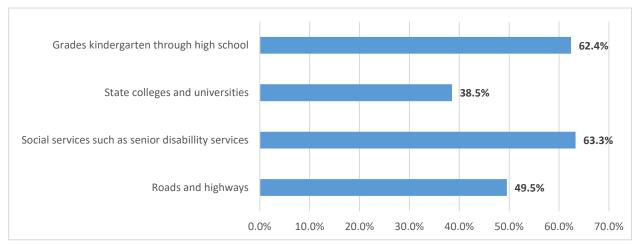
Question: The Kansas government has to produce tax revenue for every dollar it spends. Some people would prefer the government to have lower taxes and less spending. Others favor higher taxes and more government spending. Which of the following do you favor?

Figure 9: Taxes You Would Favor Increasing (of those favoring higher taxes and spending; n=109)



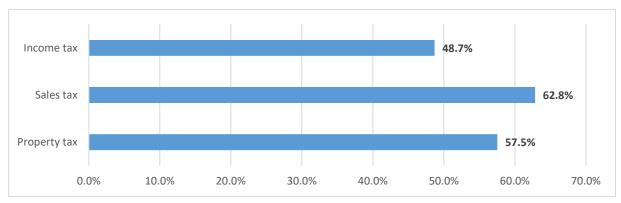
Question: Would you increase _____?

Figure 10: Funding You Would Favor Increasing (of those favoring higher taxes and spending; n=109)



Question: Would you increase ____?

Figure 11: Taxes You Would Favor Decreasing (of those favoring lower taxes and spending; n=226)



Question: Would you decrease ____?

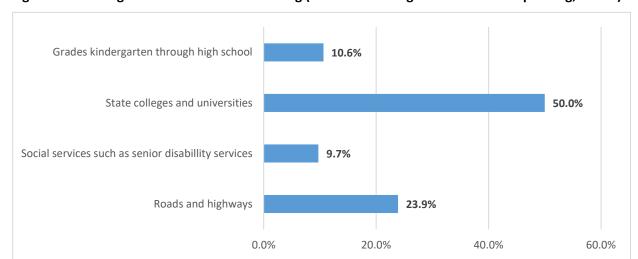


Figure 12: Funding You Would Favor Decreasing (of those favoring lower taxes and spending; n=226)

Question: Would you decrease____?

Respondents were given a few alternative options that Kansas could use to increase revenue. They were asked about increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars, alcohol, and legalizing recreational marijuana to allow state taxation. More than sixty percent (61.4%) of respondents at least "somewhat supported" increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars, and 62% supported increasing taxes on alcohol. More than seventy percent (70.8%) supported legalizing recreational marijuana for individuals 21 and older to allow state taxation (Figure 13).

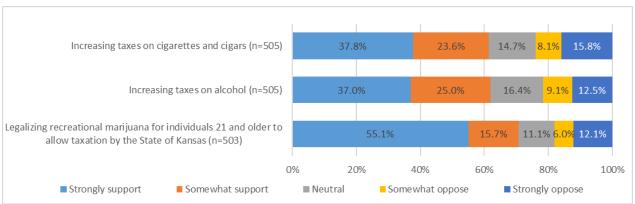


Figure 13: Taxes on Cigarettes and Cigars, Alcohol, and Marijuana

Question: There are other ways to increase the State of Kansas' revenue that would not include raising traditional taxes. Please tell me if you "Strongly Support", "Somewhat Support", "Neutral", "Somewhat Oppose", or "Strongly Oppose" the following alternative revenue sources: Increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars, increasing taxes on alcohol, legalizing recreational marijuana for individuals 21 and older to allow taxation by the State of Kansas.

Section 3: Government, Politicians & Elections

Respondents were asked about their satisfaction with important political figures or institutions. Satisfaction was highest with respect to Governor Laura Kelly, as 45.4% of respondents were satisfied with Governor Kelly. President Biden received the highest level of dissatisfaction from respondents, with 54.5% being dissatisfied. The U.S. Congress received the second highest dissatisfaction, with 52.6% being dissatisfied; and the satisfaction with the U.S. Congress was the lowest, with only 20% of respondents being satisfied (Figure 14)

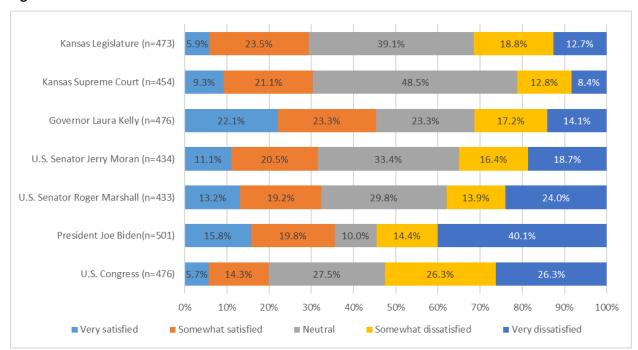


Figure 14: Satisfaction with the Overall Performance of Elected Officials

Question: How satisfied are you with the overall performance of the United States Congress? President Donald Trump? Kansas Supreme Court? Governor Laura Kelly? Senator Pat Roberts? Senator Jerry Moran? Kansas Legislature?

When asked whether they voted for Laura Kelly in the 2018 gubernatorial election, 32.9% of respondents said "yes," and 29.7% said "No." More than a third (37.4%) of respondents did not vote in the 2018 gubernatorial election (Figure 15). Among those who voted, 52.6% voted for Laura Kelly.

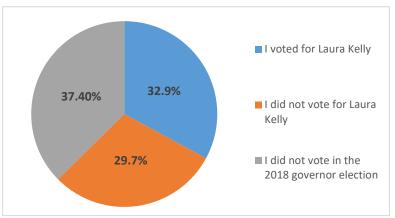


Figure 15: Voting Decision in the 2018 Governor Election (n=505)

Question: If you voted in the 2018 election for governor, did you vote for Laura Kelly?

Respondents were asked if they were confident with election security in Kansas elections, elections in other states, and the 2020 Presidential election. Respondents were most confident with election security in Kansas elections, with 62.2% being "very confident" or "somewhat confident" (Figure 16). People's opinion was polarized regarding election security in the 2020 Presidential election, with 44.3% being confident and 43.1% being not too confident or not at all confident.

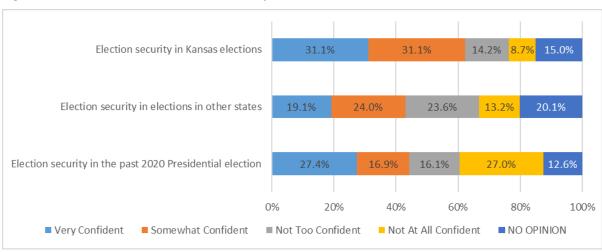


Figure 16: Confidence with Election Security (n=508)

Question: How confident are you in election security in Kansas elections, elections in other states, and the past 2020 Presidential election?

Respondents were given a list of considerations and asked how important those considerations should be to Kansas politicians when they draw electoral districts. More than forty percent (43%) of respondents said that "keeping counties, cities, and towns together in the same district, rather than breaking them apart into different districts" was "very important" or "absolutely essential", making that consideration rank the highest in terms of importance (Figure 17). The consideration that ranked the second highest was "drawing as many competitive districts as possible where neither party has a clear election advantage," with 39.6% of respondents saying "very important" or "absolutely essential." The two considerations that respondents feel of the least importance were "electing as many Democrats as possible" (with 42.4% of respondents saying "not important at all" or "of little importance"), and "electing as many Republicans as possible" (with 39.8% of respondents saying "not important at all" or "of little importance").

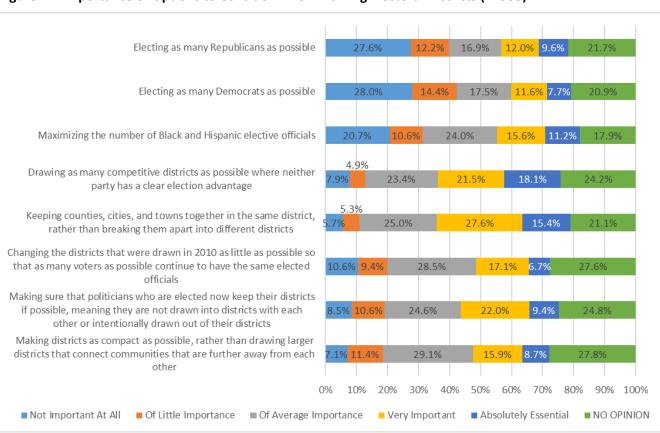


Figure 17: Importance of Options to Consider When Drawing Electoral Districts (n=508)

Question: As you might know, voters elect members of the Kansas legislature and the U.S. House from districts. Politicians in Topeka are responsible for drawing these districts in a process called "redistricting." There are many different considerations that they might have in redistricting. The only concrete rule that they must follow is that districts must have roughly equal population. Beyond that, they are generally free to draw districts however they like, and can "gerrymander" districts to favor certain political or social groups. Below, you will see a list of considerations that politicians might have in drawing districts. Please rate how important you think that each consideration should be to politicians when they draw districts.

The survey continued asking those respondents who indicated electing Republicans was at least "of little importance" how important it was to elect as many moderate Republicans and to elect as many conservative Republicans as possible in the primary. More than forty percent (42.3%) of those respondents said it was "very important" or "absolutely essential" to elect "as many conservative Republicans as possible in the primary," and 38.4% said it was "very important" or "absolutely essential" to elect "as many moderate Republicans as possible in the primary" (Figure 18).

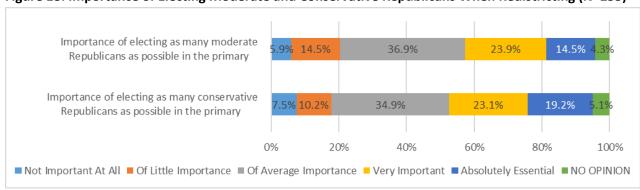


Figure 18: Importance of Electing Moderate and Conservative Republicans When Redistricting (N=255)

Question: Previously, you expressed that electing Republicans was of importance. Please rate how important you think the following statements are.

Section 4: Public Policy Issues

When asked how much they think about Medicaid expansion, 30.8% of respondents think "a great deal" or "a lot" about Medicaid expansion as a current political issue with the Kansas legislature. About forty percent (40.7%) of respondents thought "a little" or "not at all" of this issue (Figure 19).

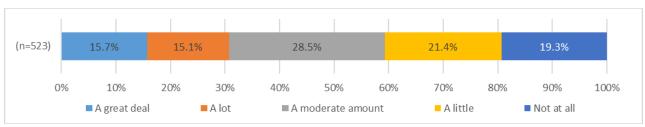


Figure 19: Thinking about Medicaid Expansion in Kansas

Question: Medicaid expansion is a current political issue with the Kansas Legislature. How much do you think about this issue?

Turning to opinions on expansion, 74% of respondents strongly or somewhat agreed that expanding Medicaid would help rural Kansas hospital remain in business, and 70% strongly or somewhat agreed that the Kansans who might obtain health insurance from expanding Medicaid deserve this benefit from the state. More than seventy percent (72.8%) of respondents supported expanding Medicaid in Kansas (Figure 20). More than sixty percent (62.1%) of respondents felt the issue of Medicaid expansion in Kansas was highly or extremely important as they decided who got their vote to represent them in the Kansas Legislature (Figure 21).

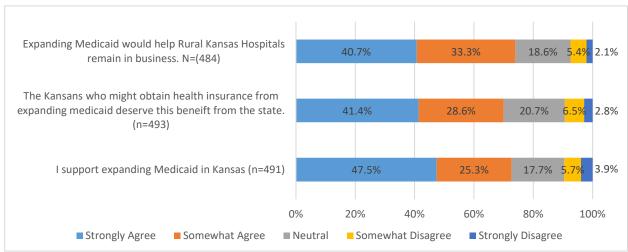


Figure 20: Opinions on Medicaid Expansion in Kansas

Question: If Kansas expands Medicaid under the Affordable Care Act, about 10% of the expansion would be paid by Kansas, and 90% by the federal government. Studies estimate that expanding Medicaid would provide health coverage to approximately 150,000 Kansans and financially benefit rural hospitals. Please tell me if you strongly agree, somewhat agree, are neutral, somewhat disagree or strongly disagree with the following statements.

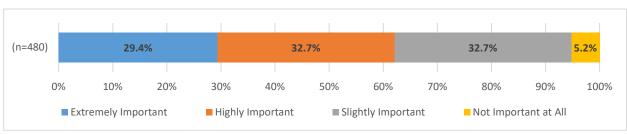


Figure 21: Importance of Medicaid Expansion When Voting for the Kansas Legislature

Question: As you decide who gets your vote to represent you in the Kansas Legislature, how important is the issue of Medicaid expansion in Kansas?

When asked about the financial impacts of the coronavirus outbreak on their households, more than thirty percent of respondents said since the start of the coronavirus outbreak, someone in their households had serious problems affording food or medical care, paying utilities, paying credit cards/loans/debt, paying mortgage/rent, or other serious problems (Figure 22). Regarding the impacts on employment, 35.8% of respondents said certain household members had wages or hours reduced since the start of the coronavirus outbreak, 33.5% said someone in the household lost their job, 18.4% said someone in the household had taken mandatory unpaid leave, 14.3% said someone in the household had been furloughed, and 8% said someone in the household lost their business (Figure 23).1

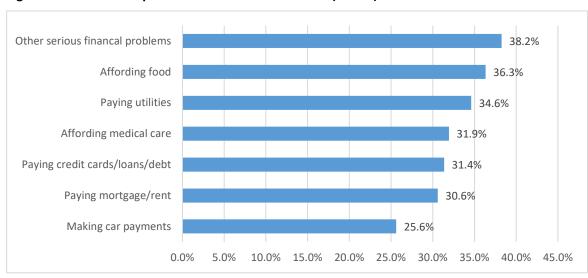


Figure 22: Financial Impacts of Coronavirus Outbreak (n=523)

Question: At any point since the start of the coronavirus outbreak, has anyone living in your household had serious problems ____?

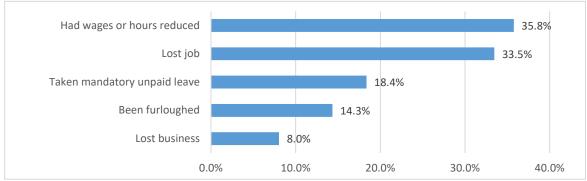


Figure 23: Impacts of Coronavirus Outbreak on Employment (n=523)

Question: At any point since the start of the coronavirus outbreak, have any adults living in your household?

¹ Source of questions in Figures 22 and 23: https://www.hsph.harvard.edu/news/press-releases/poll-half-of-households-in-the-four-largest-u-s-cities-new-york-city-los-angeles-chicago-and-houston-report-facing-serious-financial-problems-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/

When asked whether they had been vaccinated for COVID-19, 64.4% of respondents said they had received all doses of a vaccine to be fully vaccinated, 4.5% of respondents had received one dose of a two-dose course of the vaccine, and 31.1% had not been vaccinated (Figure 24). Those who had not been vaccinated were asked to select the reason that most applied to their for not being vaccinated. Close to thirty percent (28%) of respondents said they believed the vaccines were probably harmful or dangerous, 26.6% said they did not necessarily believe the vaccines are harmful or dangerous but felt they were not necessary, and 25.9% of respondents were waiting for more information about the vaccines (Figure 25). Those respondents who received all doses or one dose of COVID-19 vaccine were asked about their reasons for being vaccinated. About seventy percent (69.9%) of them said they believed the vaccine would help protect them from the virus, 58.7% believed the vaccine would make it less likely for them to spread the virus to others, and 24.5% thought it would be easier to go to work, school, and/or public events if they could prove that they were fully vaccinated (Figure 26).

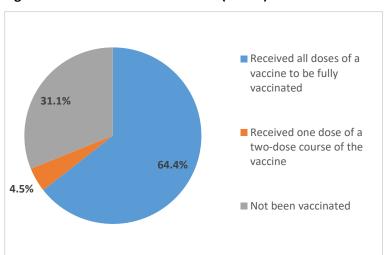


Figure 24: Vaccinated for COVID-19 (n=492)

Question: Have you been vaccinated for COVID-19?

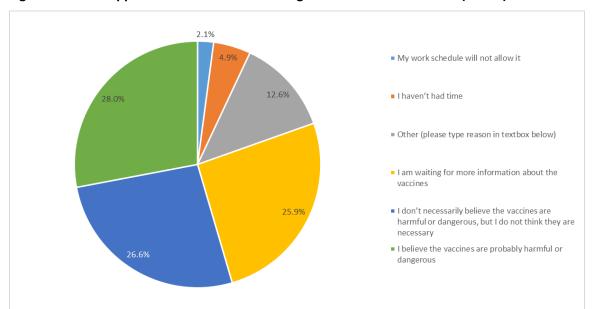


Figure 25: Most Applicable Reason for Not Being Vaccinated for COVID-19 (n=143)

Question: If you are NOT vaccinated for COVID-19, what are your reasons for not being vaccinated? Please choose the best answer...

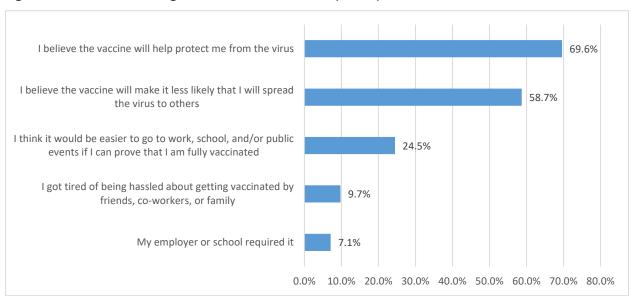


Figure 26: Reasons for Being Vaccinated for COVID-19 (n=317)

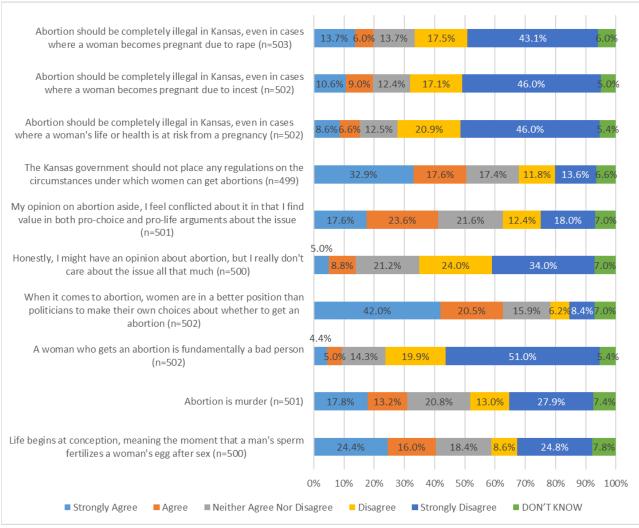
The survey measured respondents' attitudes on a list of statements related to abortion. The statement that received the highest disagreement was "a woman who gets an abortion is fundamentally a bad person," with 70.9% of respondents choosing "disagree" or "strongly disagree" with the statement, and 9.4% saying "agree" or "strongly agree" (Figure 27). Respondents also expressed high levels of disagreement (more than 60% saying "disagree" or "strongly disagree") with the following three statements:

- Abortion should be completely illegal in Kansas, even in cases where a woman's life or health is at risk from a pregnancy.
- Abortion should be completely illegal in Kansas, even in cases where a woman becomes pregnant due to incest.
- Abortion should be completely illegal in Kansas, even in cases where a woman becomes pregnant due to rape.

About half (50.5%) of respondents felt that "the Kansas government should not place any regulations on the circumstances under which women can get abortions." Respondents' opinions were somewhat polarized regarding the following statement:

- Life begins at conception, meaning the moment that a man's sperm fertilizes a woman's egg after sex (40.4% agree vs. 33.4% disagree).
- Abortion is murder (31% agree vs. 40.9% disagree).
- My opinion on abortion aside, I feel conflicted about it in that I find value in both pro-choice and pro-life arguments about the issue (41.2% agree vs. 30.4% disagree).

Figure 27: Opinions regarding Abortion



Question: As you might know, the Kansas Supreme Court has ruled that the Kansas constitution allows women a basic right to abortion, and that the legislature still has the right to regulate abortion. In August 2022, Kansas voters will be voting on a proposed constitutional amendment which would overturn that Supreme Court ruling. The amendment would give the Kansas legislature the absolute authority to regulate abortion no matter what the Kansas constitution says, and even to ban abortion under all circumstances in Kansas should federal law on abortion change and if the legislature wants to do so. With this proposed amendment in mind, how strongly do you agree or disagree with these statements:

Respondents were asked about their internet connectivity². About five percent (4.8%) of respondents paid \$10-20 per month for their internet services. Less than one-fourth (23.3%) paid \$21-50 per month, 34.7% paid \$51-80 per month, and 20.8% paid more than \$80 per month. Six percent (6%) of respondents did not have internet service at home (Figure 28). The survey then asked about online activities respondents had difficulty participating in because of an inadequate internet connection. Almost half of the respondents (48.9%) indicated that they did not have difficulties, 26.2% had difficulties with streaming content, 25.2% had difficulties with downloading content, 21.6% had difficulties with videoconferencing or video calls, and 20.1% had difficulties with email (Figure 29). Less than twenty percent of respondents had difficulties with other activities listed in the survey.

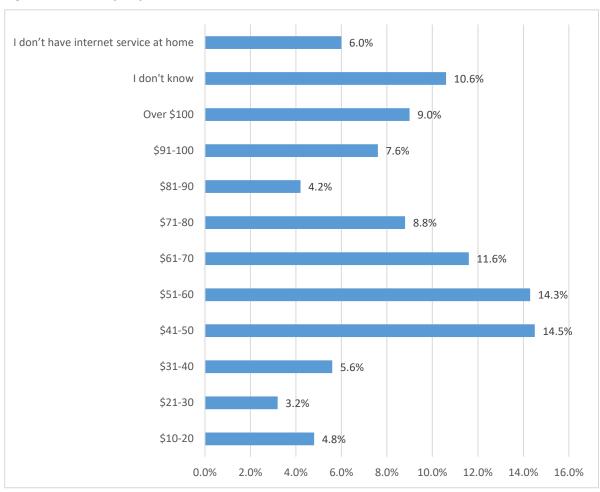


Figure 28: Monthly Pay for Internet Services (n=502)

Question: How much do you pay for internet service at home per month?

² Source of questions in Figures 28 and 29 is the Institute for Policy and Social Research at the University of Kansas.

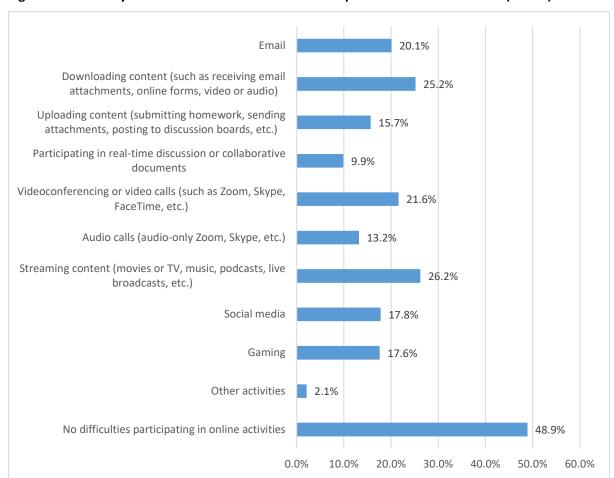


Figure 29: Difficulty with Online Activities due to Inadequate Internet Connection (n=523)

Question: What online activities do you have difficulty participating in because of an inadequate internet connection? Please select all that apply.

Appendix A: Demographic Characteristics

	Social Indicators	Survey Sample	Kansas Population*
		(n=523)	
	18-24 Years Old	12.4%	13.3%
	25-34 Years Old	19.5%	17.1%
Age	35-44 Years Old	19.5%	16.4%
	45-54 Years Old	13.4%	14.8%
	55-64 Years Old	15.9%	16.8%
	65 Years and Older	19.3%	21.6%
		(n=523)	
Gender	Male	40.2%	49.3%
Gender	Female	58.7%	50.7%
	Gender fluid/transgender/prefer not to say	1.1%	
		(n=523)	
	Johnson County	16.4%	20.8%
	Sedgwick County	16.6%	17.8%
	Shawnee County	6.9%	6.1%
County Population	Wyandotte County	5.2%	5.8%
county i opulation	Douglas County	4.2%	4.0%
	Leavenworth County	3.3%	2.8%
	Riley County	1.9%	2.5%
	Butler County	2.3%	2.3%
	Other Counties	43.2%	38.0%
		(n=474)	
	Less than \$10,000	10.1%	5.1%
	\$10,000-\$24,999	20.3%	12.6%
	\$25,000- \$34,999	11.8%	8.9%
Household Income	\$35,000-\$49,999	16.5%	13.3%
	\$50,000-\$74,999	19.6%	19.3%
	\$75,000-\$99,999	11.6%	13.6%
	\$100,000-\$149,000	6.8%	15.4%
	\$150,000 or more	3.4%	11.7%
		(n=494)	
	Less Than High School	3.6%	8.7%
Education	High School Diploma	25.3%	26.9%
	Some College or Associate's Degree	43.3%	33.5%
	Bachelor's Degree or higher	27.7%	30.9%

Continues one the next page

Appendix A: Demographic Characteristics (cont.)

	Social Indicators	Survey Sample	Kansas Population*	
Hispanis Origin		(n=489)		
Hispanic Origin		7.4%	10.8%	
		(n=492)		
	White	82.3%	75.6%	
	Black or African American	8.5%	5.7%	
Race	Asian or Pacific Islander	2.6%	3.1%	
	American Indian or Alaska Native	1.2%	1.1%	
	Some other race alone	2.2%	4.9%	
	Two or more races	3.0%	9.5%	
		(n=443)		
	Strong Republican	18.5%	/	
	Moderate Republican	13.5%	/	
Political Party	Independent Leaning Republican	9.5%	/	
Affiliation	Independent	21.9%	/	
	Independent Leaning Democrat	7.9%	/	
	Moderate Democrat	13.1%	/	
	Strong Democrat	15.6%	/	
Registered Voters		(n=387)		
negistered voters		84.6%	86.5%	

^{*} The percentage of registered voters in Kansas is estimated using election statistics from the Kansas Secretary of State website and Kansas population estimate from U.S. Census; County population, Hispanic origin and race information is obtained from the 2020 Decennial Census. All other information is obtained from the 2019 American Community Survey, 1 year estimates.

Appendix B: Survey Instrument

Q1

Welcome to the 2021 Kansas Speaks survey conducted by the Docking Institute of Public Affairs at Fort Hays State University. Kansas Speaks is a statewide survey measuring Kansans' opinions on public affairs issues and their evaluations of elected officials. The survey has been conducted annually since 2009, and survey results have been reported in local, state, and national news media. Your opinions matter. By participating in this survey you will give voice to thousands of Kansans similar to you. You are assured complete confidentiality. For more information about the Kansas Speaks survey, please visit our website: www.fhsu.edu/docking/Kansas-Speaks

Should you have concerns with the survey, please contact Dr. Jian Sun via his email address: jsun@fhsu.edu

Please select the arrow below to begin the survey.

Q2	Q2 Do you currently reside in the state of Kansas?		
	○ Yes (1)		
	○ No (4)		
Q3	Are you at least 18 years of age or older?		
	○ Yes (1)		
	O No (2)		
Q4	What year were you born?		

Q5 What is your gender?	
○ Male (1)	
○ Female (2)	
○ Gender-fluid/transgender (3)	
Q6 In which Kansas county do you primarily reside?	
▼ Allen (4) Wyandotte (108)	

Q7 In general, how would you rate Kansas as a place to live?
○ Excellent (1)
○ Very Good (2)
○ Good (3)
○ Fair (4)
O Poor (5)
O Very Poor (6)
O Don't Know (7)
Q8 Generally speaking, do you feel Kansas is on the right track or wrong track?
○ Right Track (1)
○ Wrong Track (2)
O Don't Know (3)
Q9 In general, how would you rate the Kansas economy? Would you say it is
○ Excellent (1)
○ Very Good (2)
○ Good (3)
○ Fair (4)
O Poor (5)
O Very Poor (6)
O Don't Know (7)

Q10 Over the last 12 months, how would you say the Kansas economy has changed Would you say it is
○ Getting Worse (1)
○ Staying the Same (2)
○ Getting Better (3)
O Don't Know (4)
Q11 How concerned are you that the Kansas economy will seriously threaten you or your family's well-being over the next year? Would you say
O Very Concerned (1)
○ Moderately Concerned (2)
○ Slightly Concerned (3)
O Not Concerned at all (4)
O Don't Know (5)



Q12 Please indicate if you are "Very satisfied," "Somewhat Satisfied," "Neutral," "Somewhat Dissatisfied," or "Very Dissatisfied" with the following public entities/officials.

	Very Satisfied (1)	Somewhat Satisfied (2)	Neutral (3)	Somewhat Dissatisfied (4)	Very Dissatisfied (5)	DON'T KNOW (6)
The Kansas Legislature in general (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0
U.S. Senator Jerry Moran (2)	0	0	0	\circ	\circ	0
U.S. Senator Roger Marshall (3)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Governor Laura Kelly (4)	0	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
President Joe Biden (5)	0	\circ	0	0	\circ	0
The Kansas Supreme Court (6)	0	0	0	0	0	0
The United States Congress in general (7)	0	0	0	0	0	0

13 Medicaid expansion is a current political issue with the Kansas Legislature. How uch do you think about this issue?
O A great deal (1)
○ A lot (2)
O A moderate amount (3)
O A little (4)
O None at all (5)

Q14 If Kansas expands Medicaid under the Affordable Care Act, about 10% of the expansion would be paid by Kansas, and 90% by the federal government. Studies estimate that expanding Medicaid would provide health coverage to approximately 150,000 Kansans and financially benefit rural hospitals. Do you "Strongly Agree," "Somewhat Agree," are "Neutral," "Somewhat Disagree," or "Strongly Disagree" with the following statements:

Tollowing State	Strongly Agree (1)	Somewhat Agree (2)	Neutral (3)	Somewhat Disagree (4)	Strongly Disagree (5)	DON'T KNOW (6)
Expanding Medicaid would help rural Kansas hospitals remain in business. (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0
The Kansans who might obtain health insurance from expanding Medicaid deserve this benefit from the State. (2)						
I support expanding Medicaid in Kansas. (3)	0	0	0	0	0	0

important is the issue of Medicaid expansion in Kansas?
○ Extremely Important (1)
O Highly Important (2)
○ Slightly Important (3)
O Not Important at All (4)
O Don't Know (5)
Q16 Think about what you paid in sales tax, property tax, and state income tax together Compared to two years ago, has the amount you paid in state taxes increased, remained the same, or decreased?
O Increased (1)
O Remained the Same (2)
O Decreased (3)
O Don't Know (4)
Q17 The Kansas government has to produce tax revenue for every dollar it spends. Some people would prefer the government to have lower taxes and less spending. Others favor higher taxes and more government spending. Which of the following do you favor?
O Much higher taxes and spending (1)
O Somewhat higher taxes and spending (2)
 Keeping the current level of taxes and spending (3)
 Somewhat lower taxes and spending (4)
O Much lower taxes and spending (5)
O Don't Know (6)

Q15 As you decide who gets your vote to represent you in the Kansas Legislature, how

Display This Que	stion:
If The Kanso Much higher tax	as government has to produce tax revenue for every dollar it spends. Some people would pr = es and spending
	sas government has to produce tax revenue for every dollar it spends. Some people would pr = er taxes and spending
Q18 Which o	of the following taxes would you favor increasing? (select all that apply)
	Income Tax (1)
	Sales Tax (2)
	Property Tax (3)
	⊗Don't Know (4)
Display This Que	stion:
If The Kanso Much higher tax	as government has to produce tax revenue for every dollar it spends. Some people would pr = es and spending
	sas government has to produce tax revenue for every dollar it spends. Some people would pr = er taxes and spending
Q19 In which that apply)	n of the following areas would you favor increasing state funding? (select all
	Grades kindergarten through high school (1)
	State colleges and universities (2)
	Social services such as senior and disability services (3)
	Roads and highways (4)
	⊗Don't Know (5)

Display This Question: If The Kansas government has to produce tax revenue for every dollar it spends. Some people would pr... = Somewhat lower taxes and spending Or The Kansas government has to produce tax revenue for every dollar it spends. Some people would pr... = Much lower taxes and spending Q20 Which of the following taxes would you favor decreasing? (select all that apply) Income Tax (1) Sales Tax (2) Property Tax (3) On't Know (4)

Display This Question:

If The Kansas government has to produce tax revenue for every dollar it spends. Some people would pr... = Somewhat lower taxes and spending

Or The Kansas government has to produce tax revenue for every dollar it spends. Some people would pr... = Much lower taxes and spending

Q21 In which of the following areas would you favor decreasing state funding? (select all that apply)

Grades kindergarten through high school (1)
State colleges and universities (2)
Social services, such as senior and disability service (3)
Roads and highways (4)
⊗Don't Know (5)



Q22 There are other ways to increase the state of Kansas's revenue that would not include raising traditional taxes. Do you "Strongly Support", "Somewhat Support", "are

Neutral", "Somewhat Oppose", or "Strongly Oppose" the following alternative revenue sources:

	Strongly Support (1)	Somewhat Support (2)	Neutral (3)	Somewhat Oppose (4)	Strongly Oppose (5)	DON'T KNOW (6)
Increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Increasing taxes on alcohol (2)	0	0	0	\circ	0	0
Legalizing recreational marijuana for individuals 21 and older to allow taxation by the State of Kansas (3)	0		0	0		

Q23 If you voted in the 2018 election for governor, did you vote for Laura Kelly?

- Yes (1)
- O No (2)
- O Did not vote in the 2018 governor election (3)
- O Don't Know (4)



Q24 At any point since the start of the coronavirus outbreak, has anyone living in your household had:

	Yes (1)	No (2)	DON'T KNOW (3)
Serious problems paying credit cards/loans/debt (1)	0	0	0
Serious problems paying mortgage/rent (2)	0	\circ	\circ
Serious problems paying utilities (3)	\circ	\circ	\circ
Serious problems affording food (4)	\circ	0	\circ
Serious problems making car payments (5)	0	0	\circ
Serious problems affording medical care (6)	0	0	\circ
Other serious financial problems (7)	\circ	\circ	

Q25 At any point since the start of the coronavirus outbreak, have any adults living in your household:

	Yes (1)	No (2)	DON'T KNOW (3)
Lost their job (1)	\circ	0	0
Lost their business (2)	\circ	\circ	
Been furloughed (3)	\circ	\circ	\circ
Taken mandatory unpaid leave (4)	\circ	\circ	\circ
Had wages or hours reduced (5)	\circ	\circ	\circ

Q26 Have you been vaccinated for COVID-19? Specifically, have you
O Received all doses of a vaccine to be fully vaccinated? (1)
O Received one dose of a two-dose course of the vaccine? (2)
O Not been vaccinated (3)
O Prefer to not answer (4)
Display This Question: If Have you been vaccinated for COVID-19? Specifically, have you = Not been vaccinated
Q27 If you are NOT vaccinated for COVID-19, what are your reasons for not being vaccinated? Please choose the best answer
O I believe the vaccines are probably harmful or dangerous (1)
O I don't necessarily believe the vaccines are harmful or dangerous, but I do not think they are necessary (2)
○ I haven't had time (3)
O My work schedule will not allow it (4)
O I am waiting for more information about the vaccines (5)
Other (please type reason in textbox below) (6)
O Prefer to not answer (8)

Display This Question:

If Have you been vaccinated for COVID-19? Specifically, have you... = Received all doses of a vaccine to be fully vaccinated?

Or Have you been vaccinated for COVID-19? Specifically, have you... = Received one dose of a two-dose course of the vaccine?

•	RE vaccinated, what are your reasons for being vaccinated? You may than one answer
	I believe the vaccine will help protect me from the virus (1)
others (2	I believe the vaccine will make it less likely that I will spread the virus to 2)
workers,	I got tired of being hassled about getting vaccinated by friends, coor family (3)
prove that	I think it would be easier to go to work, school, and/or public events if I can at I am fully vaccinated (4)
	My employer or school required it (5)
	Prefer to not answer (6)

Q29 Some people say that election security is a concern, while others disagree and say our elections are already secure. How about you? How confident are you in election security in...

	Very Confident (1)	Somewhat Confident (2)	Not Too Confident (3)	Not At All Confident (4)	NO OPINION (5)
Kansas elections? (1)	0	0	0	0	0
Elections in other states? (2)	0	0	\circ	\circ	0
The past 2020 Presidential election? (3)	0	0	0	\circ	0

Q30

As you might know, voters elect members of the Kansas legislature and the U.S. House from districts. Politicians in Topeka are responsible for drawing these districts in a process called "redistricting." There are many different considerations that they might have in redistricting. The only concrete rule that they must follow is that districts must have roughly equal population. Beyond that, they are generally free to draw districts however they like, and can "gerrymander" districts to favor certain political or social groups. Below, you will see a list of considerations that politicians might have in drawing districts. Please rate how important you think that each consideration should be to politicians when they draw districts.

	Not Importan t At All (1)	Of Little Importanc e (2)	Of Average Importanc e (3)	Very Importan t (4)	Absolutel y Essential (5)	NO OPINIO N (6)
Electing as many Republicans as possible (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Electing as many Democrats as possible (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Maximizing the number of Black and Hispanic elected officials (3)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Drawing as many competitive districts as possible where neither party has a clear election advantage (4)	0					0
Keeping counties, cities, and towns together in the same district, rather than breaking them apart into different districts (5)						

Changing the districts that were drawn in 2010 as little as possible so that as many voters as possible continue to have the same elected officials (6)			0
Making sure that politicians who are elected now keep their districts if possible, meaning they are not drawn into districts with each other or intentionally drawn out of their districts (7)			
Making districts as compact as possible, rather than drawing larger districts that connect communitie s that are further away from each other (8)			0

Display This Question:

If As you might know, voters elect members of the Kansas legislature and the U.S. House from distric... = Electing as many Republicans as possible [Of Little Importance]

Or As you might know, voters elect members of the Kansas legislature and the U.S. House from distric... = Electing as many Republicans as possible [Of Average Importance]

Or As you might know, voters elect members of the Kansas legislature and the U.S. House from distric... = Electing as many Republicans as possible [Very Important]

Or As you might know, voters elect members of the Kansas legislature and the U.S. House from distric... = Electing as many Republicans as possible [Absolutely Essential]

Q31 Previously, you expressed that electing Republicans was of importance. Please rate how important you think the following statements are.

	Not Importan t At All (1)	Of Little Importanc e (2)	Of Average Importanc e (3)	Very Importan t (4)	Absolutel y Essential (5)	NO OPINIO N (6)
Electing as many moderate Republicans as possible in the primary (1)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Electing as many conservativ e Republicans as possible in the primary. (2)	0	0	0	0	0	

Q32 As you might know, the Kansas Supreme Court has ruled that the Kansas constitution allows women a basic right to abortion, and that the legislature still has the right to regulate abortion. In August 2022, Kansas voters will be voting on a proposed constitutional amendment which would overturn that Supreme Court ruling. The amendment would give the Kansas legislature the absolute authority to regulate abortion no matter what the Kansas constitution says, and even to ban abortion under all circumstances in Kansas should federal law on abortion change and if the legislature wants to do so. With this proposed amendment in mind, how strongly do you agree or disagree with these statements:

	Strongly Agree (1)	Agree (2)	Neither Agree Nor Disagree (3)	Disagree (4)	Strongly Disagree (5)	DON'T KNOW (6)
Abortion should be completely illegal in Kansas, even in cases where a woman becomes pregnant due to rape. (1)			0	0		
Abortion should be completely illegal in Kansas, even in cases where a woman becomes pregnant due to incest. (2)	0		0			
Abortion should be completely illegal in Kansas, even in cases where a woman's life or health is at risk from a pregnancy. (3)						

The Kansas government should not place any regulations on the circumstances under which women can get abortions. (4)	0	0			
My opinion on abortion policy aside, I feel conflicted about it in that I find value in both prochoice and pro-life arguments about the issue. (5)	0		0		
Honestly, I might have an opinion about abortion, but I really don't care about the issue all that much. (6)	0	0	0	0	0
When it comes to abortion, women are in a better position than politicians to make their own choices about whether to get an abortion. (7)	0	0			

A woman who gets an abortion is fundamentally a bad person.	0		0	0		0
Abortion is murder. (9)	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
Life begins at conception, meaning the moment that a man's sperm fertilizes a woman's egg after sex. (10)	0		0			0

Q33 Now we have a couple of questions related to internet connectivity. much do you pay for internet service at home per month?	First, how
\$10-20 (1)	
O \$21-30 (2)	
\$31-40 (3)	
\$41-50 (4)	
\$51-60 (5)	
\$61-70 (6)	
\$71-80 (7)	
\$81-90 (8)	
\$91-100 (9)	
Over \$100 (10)	
O I don't know (11)	
O I don't have internet service at home (12)	

nline activities do you have difficulty participating in because of an internet connection? Please select all that apply.			
Email (1)			
Downloading content (such as receiving email attachments, online forms, audio, etc.) (2)			
Uploading content (submitting homework, sending attachments, posting to on boards, etc.) (3)			
Participating in real-time discussion or collaborative documents (4)			
Videoconferencing or video calls (such as Zoom, Skype, FaceTime, etc.)			
Audio calls (audio-only Zoom, Skype, etc.) (6)			
Streaming content (movies or TV, music, podcasts, live broadcasts, etc.)			
Social media (8)			
Gaming (9)			
Other activities (please specify) (10)			
No difficulties participating in online activities (11)			
r best guess, where will you be in 5 years? Are you likely to			
e living in the same community you are in now (1)			
to another location in Kansas (2)			
O Relocate to a state other than Kansas (3)			
Know (4)			

Q36 Do you consider yourself a			
○ Strong Republican (1)			
○ Moderate Republican (2)			
O Independent, Leaning Republican (3)			
O Independent (4)			
O Independent, Leaning Democrat (5)			
○ Moderate Democrat (6)			
○ Strong Democrat (7)			
O Don't Know (8)			
Q37 Are you currently a registered voter in Kansas?			
○ Yes (1)			
○ No (2)			
O Don't Know (3)			
Q38 What is the highest level of education you have received?			
C Less than high school (1)			
O High school diploma or equivalency (2)			
○ Some college (3)			
Associates or technical degree (4)			
○ Bachelors degree (5)			
O Postgraduate degree (6)			
O Don't Know (7)			
O Prefer to not answer (9)			

Q39 Are you Hispanic, Latino/a, or Spanish origin?				
○ Yes (1)				
O No (2)				
O Don't Know (3)				
O Prefer to not answer (4)				
Q40 Which one or more of the following would you say is your race?				
White (1)				
Black or African American (2)				
Asian or Pacific Islander (3)				
American Indian or Alaska Native (4)				
Other (5)				
□ ⊗Don't Know (6)				
Prefer to not answer (8)				
Q41				

Which category includes your total annual household annual income in 2020 before

Start of Block: Not Qualified
End of Block: Default Question Block
Q43 You are at the end of the survey. If you wish to submit your answers, click the right arrow below. You will not be able to change your answers or re-enter the survey once you click the right arrow. If you want to make changes to your answers, click the left arrow. Thank you for your participation in this survey! Docking Institute of Public Affairs, www.fhsu.edu/docking
Q42 Please enter your postal zip code here.
O Prefer to not answer (12)
O Unsure (11)
○ \$150,000 or more (10)
○ \$100,000 to \$149,999 (7)
○ \$75,000 to \$99,999 (6)
○ \$50,000 to \$74,999 (5)
○ \$35,000 to \$49,999 (4)
○ \$25,000 to \$34,999 (3)
○ \$10,000 to \$24,999 (2)
O Under \$10,000 (1)

Q44

Unfortunately, we are currently only surveying residents of Kansas and are at least 18 years of age. Please click the right arrow below to exit the survey. -- Docking Institute of Public Affairs, https://www.fhsu.edu/docking

taxes and withholdings (i.e., total gross income)?



Kansas Speaks Fall 2020 Statewide Public Opinion Survey

Prepared For **The Citizens of Kansas**By

The Docking Institute of Public Affairs Fort Hays State University

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Mission:

To Facilitate Effective Public Policy Decision-Making.

The staff of the Docking Institute of Public Affairs and its University Center for Survey Research are dedicated to serving the people of Kansas and surrounding states.

Kansas Speaks Fall 2020



Prepared By:

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Prepared For:

The Citizens of Kansas
In pursuit of
Fort Hays State University's Public Affairs Mission

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Executive Summary

The 2020 Kansas Speaks fall survey were conducted from September 21 to October 1. A panel of 417 adult residents of Kansas age 18 and older were surveyed online to assess their attitudes and opinions regarding various issues of interest to Kansas citizens. The survey finds:

- 56% of respondents indicated Kansas was a "very good" or "excellent" place to live. 5.8% said Kansas was a "poor" or "very poor" place to live.
- 69% of respondents would be living in the same community they are now. 15.3% would relocate out of Kansas in five years.
- 21% of respondents felt the state economy was "very good" or "excellent." 12.1% felt the economy was "poor" or "very poor." The percentage who rate it as at least "good" dropped by about 8% compared to last year's Kansas Speaks survey results.
- 12.9% of respondents felt that the Kansas economy was getting better in the last 12 months, 38% felt that it stayed the same, and 49.1% felt it was getting worse. This compares to only 20% last year who felt it was getting worse.
- 17.6% of respondents were "very concerned" about the future economy threatening their own or their family's welfare, and 26.7% were "moderately concerned" for a combined percentage of concerned at 44%. This is substantially higher than the 27.8% in last year's Kansas Speaks survey.
- 68.5% of respondents felt Kansas was on the "right track," down from 77.4% last year. 31.6% felt Kansas was on the "wrong track" this year.
- When asked to compare what they paid in sales tax, property tax, and state income tax with the amount they paid two years ago, 58.5% of respondents felt that their tax burden had increased as compared with two years ago, 36.1% felt no change, and 5.4% felt their tax burden had decreased.
- 24.4% of respondents preferred higher taxes and spending, while 49.8% preferred lower state taxes and spending. 25.7% wanted to keep the current level of taxes and spending.
- Among those in favor of increases in taxes and spending, 40.2% favored increasing income tax, 37.9% favored increasing sales tax, and 21.8% favored increasing property tax. 69% supported increasing state funding for grades kindergarten through high school, 63.2% supported increasing spending for social services, and about forty percent of respondents supported increasing funding for roads and highways, and state colleges and universities.
- Among those who preferred lower taxes and spending, 47.8% favored lowering income
 tax, and more than 50% favored lowering Sales taxes and property tax. 56.2% favored
 cutting state funding for state colleges and universities. Less than 20% of respondents
 supported cutting funding for roads and highways, social services, and grades
 kindergarten through high school.

- 66.1% of respondents "strongly supported" or "somewhat supported" increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars.
- 62.5% of respondents "strongly supported" or "somewhat supported" increasing taxes on alcohol.
- 66.9% of respondents "strongly supported" or "somewhat supported" legalizing recreational marijuana for individuals 21 and older to allow taxation by the State of Kansas. 22.2% of respondents "somewhat opposed" or "strongly opposed."
- 49.5% of respondents were satisfied with the performance of Governor Laura Kelly, and 32.2% were dissatisfied.
- 43.7% of respondents were satisfied with President Trump, and 47.6% were dissatisfied.
- 17.5% of respondents were satisfied with the U.S. Congress, and 58.4% were dissatisfied.
- Among those respondents who voted in the 2018 Kansas election, 46.3% voted for Laura Kelly.
- Among registered voters, 52% would vote for Donald Trump in the upcoming presidential election; 37.6% would vote for Joe Biden.
- 26.4% of respondents were "very concerned" that voting by mail this year would lead to voter fraud and another 30.5% were "somewhat concerned;" a combined 43.1% were "not very concerned" or "not at all concerned."
- 76.6% of respondents were confident that they understood how to request and cast a vote by mail ballot in Kansas.
- 42.7% of respondents agreed and 33.9% did not agree that the winner of the November presidential election should name the successor to Supreme Court Justice Ruth Bader Ginsburg.
- 44.3% of respondents agreed and 35.7% did not agree that the U.S. Senate should confirm the nominee if President Trump appoints a new Supreme Court Justice before the presidential inauguration in January 2021.
- When asked how Justice Ginsburg's death affected their support for presidential nominees, 17% said Justice Ginsburg's death increased their support for President Trump, 21.9% said it increased their support for Democratic presidential nominee Joe Biden, and 61.2% said no impact.
- In terms of amount of thought given to the issue, 32.1% of respondents thought "a great deal" or "a lot" of Medicaid expansion as a current political issue with the Kansas legislature.
- 71.8% of respondents agreed that expanding Medicaid would help rural Kansas hospital remain in business.
- 64% of respondents agreed that the Kansans who might obtain health insurance from expanding Medicaid deserve this benefit from the state.
- 63.5% of respondents supported expanding Medicaid in Kansas.

- Close to or more than 25% of respondents said since the start of the coronavirus outbreak, someone in their households had serious problems affording food or medical care, paying utilities, or paying credit cards/loans/debt.
- 37.3% of respondents said certain household members had wages or hours reduced since the start of the coronavirus outbreak, 23.3% said someone in the household lost their job, and more than 10% said someone in the household had been furloughed or taken mandatory unpaid leave.
- Dr. Anthony Fauci received the highest approval rating among a group of public officials/institutions with regard to his handling of the coronavirus outbreak, with 51.1% of respondents answering "strongly approve" or "approve." Governor Laura Kelly's rating was the second highest (47.5% approving). The rating on the U.S. Congress was the lowest (16.9% approving). President Trump's rating was polarized, with 42.9% approving and 46.3% disapproving.
- 93.5% of respondents wore a mask or face covering when in stores or other businesses all or most of the time in the past month.
- 72.1% of respondents agreed that "wearing masks/face covering helps reduce the spread of coronavirus."
- 73.2% of respondents agreed that it was their "responsibility to protect other people from coronavirus by wearing a mask/face covering."
- 30.7% of respondents thought the threat from coronavirus had been severely exaggerated, and 27.3% agreed that herd immunity was the best way to stop the spread of coronavirus.
- 41.1% of respondents would get vaccinated when a coronavirus vaccine became available, 28% say they would not get vaccinated, and 31% were not sure.
- When asked if they were confident that Kansas Secretary of State and local election
 officials had done everything possible to have a safe election during the coronavirus
 pandemic, 56.4% of respondents were "very" or "somewhat confident" with the Kansas
 Secretary of State, and 61% were "very" or "somewhat confident" with local election
 officials.
- When asked to rate how several political figures and groups handled the protests regarding police behavior, respondents' rating was highest for the police, with 50.8% of respondents selecting favorable ratings. About 35% were "very favorable" or "favorable" toward how Black Lives Matter protestors handled the protest. Black Lives Matter counter-protestors received the lowest rating, with 16% of respondents selecting favorable ratings, and 60.7% selecting unfavorable ratings. President Trump's rating was polarized, with 39.6% being favorable and 45.2% being unfavorable.
- 49% of respondents said the Black Lives Matter movement made racial issues worse in America, 17.2% said the movement made racial issues better, and 23.5% said the movement had not really changed things.

•	37% were "not at all worried" that the protests associated with the Black Lives Matter movement would bring violence to their neighborhoods; 15.2% were "slightly worried" and another 17.1% were "somewhat worried;" 17.3% were "moderately worried," while 13.5% were "extremely worried."

Introduction and Methods

To assess attitudes and opinions of Kansans about public affairs matters, the Docking Institute has surveyed a random sample of Kansas residents age 18 and older every year since 2009. For this year's survey, the Docking Institute developed the survey questionnaire and contracted with Qualtrics for data collection. Qualtrics surveyed a representative panel of Kansas residents from September 21 to October 1, and 417 respondents answered all or most of the survey questions. The margin of error was 4.8% at the 95% confidence level. A margin of error of 4.8% means that there is a 95% probability that findings among the sample vary no more than +/- 4.8% from the value that would be found if all adult Kansas residents were surveyed, assuming no response bias.

Females and people who are 65 years and older are somewhat underrepresented in the final sample. According to the U.S. Census population estimates, 50.4% of adults (18 years and older) in Kansas are female and 21.6% are 65 years or older, whereas in the sample, 47.2% of respondents were female and 17% were 65 years or older. The gender and age distributions can be found in Appendices A and B. To adjust this underrepresentation, the analyses were conducted after the survey data were weighted by gender and age. The weighted demographic characteristics are presented in Appendix C.

The following analysis contains four sections:

- 1) **Overall Quality of Life in Kansas.** This section shows how Kansans generally feel about Kansas as a place to live.
- 2) **Taxes & Economy.** This section shows results on questions addressing various economic concerns to citizens and fair and effective personal and business taxation policies.
- 3) **Government, Politicians & Election.** This section presents the results of citizens' ratings of the state government in general, state elected officials, and the U.S president. There are also results regarding the upcoming presidential election.
- 4) **Public Policy Issues.** This section looks at citizens' opinions on some contemporary national and state policies and issues.

These sections present descriptive analyses of respondents' answers to each question. Except for the questions asking about respondents' demographic information, all of the survey questions are displayed verbatim under those graphs presenting descriptive analyses. Survey questions can also be found in the questionnaire presented in Appendix D.

Section 1: Overall Quality of Life in Kansas

When asked to rate Kansas as a place to live, more than half (56%) indicated Kansas was a "very good" or "excellent" place to live, while 5.8% said Kansas was a "poor" or "very poor" place to live (Figure 1). When asked where they will be in 5 years, 69% of respondents said they would be living in the same community that they live in now, 15.7% said they would be moving to another location in Kansas and 15.3% said they would relocate to a state other than Kansas (Figure 2).

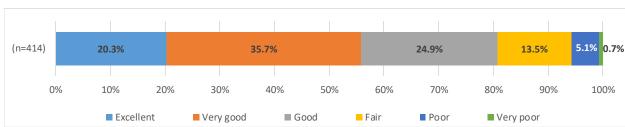


Figure 1: Rating of Kansas as a Place to Live

Question: In general, how would you rate Kansas as a place to live?

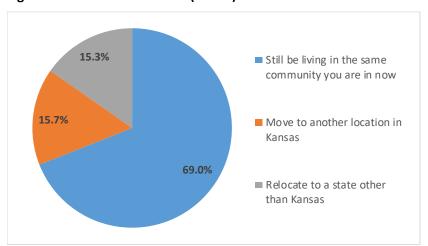


Figure 2: Residence in 5 Years (n=336)

Question: By your best guess, where will you be in 5 years? Are you likely to still be living in the same community you are in now, move to another location in Kansas, or relocate to a state other than Kansas?

Section 2: Taxes & Economy

Given the current coronavirus global pandemic with its effects on the Kansas economy starting around mid-March, ratings of the economy in 2020 are compared here to the same ratings found in the 2019 Kansas Speaks survey. When asked to rate the Kansas economy, 21% of respondents said they felt the state's economy was "very good" or "excellent," while 12.1% indicated they felt the economy was "poor" or "very poor" this year (Figure 3). The percentage who rate it as at least "good" dropped by about 8% compared to last year's Kansas Speaks survey results. In 2020 about thirteen percent (12.9%) of respondents felt that the Kansas economy was getting better over the past year, 38% felt that it stayed the same, and 49.1% felt that it was getting worse (Figure 4). This compares to only 20% last year who felt it was getting worse. In 2020 more than forty percent (44.3%) of respondents were "very concerned" or "moderately concerned" that the Kansas economy would seriously threaten their own or their family's welfare (Figure 5). This is substantially higher than the 27.8% in last year's Kansas Speaks survey. Another 37.8% were "slightly concerned this year." Almost eighteen percent (17.9%) of respondents said they were "not concerned at all."

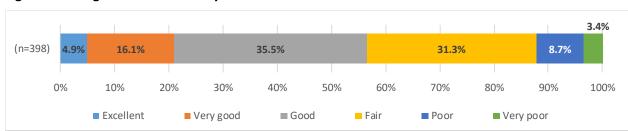


Figure 3: Rating of Kansas Economy

Question: In general, how would you rate the Kansas economy?

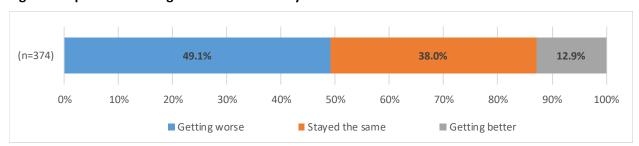
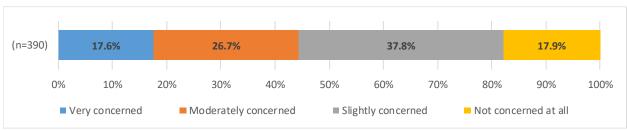


Figure 4: Opinion on Change of Kansas Economy

Question: Over the last 12 months, how would you say the Kansas economy has changed?

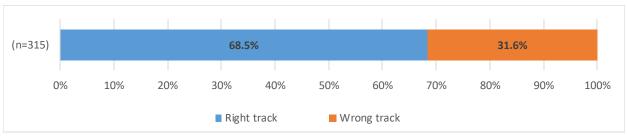
Figure 5: Level of Concern that the Kansas Economy Will Seriously Threaten Individual's or Family's Welfare over the Next Year



Question: How concerned are you that the Kansas economy will seriously threaten you or your family's welfare in the coming year?

In 2020 just over two-thirds (68.5%) of respondents indicated they felt Kansas was on the "right track," down from 77.4% last year. Slightly more than thirty percent (31.6%) of respondents believe Kansas is on the "wrong track" this year (Figure 6).

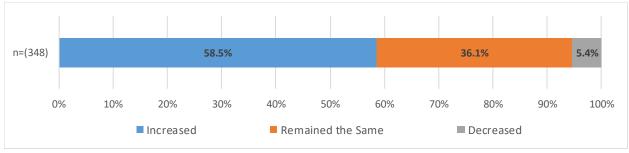
Figure 6: Opinion on whether Kansas is on the Right or Wrong Track



Question: Generally speaking, do you think Kansas is on the right track or wrong track?

Respondents were asked if there had been changes in amount of taxes paid to the state. Almost sixty percent (58.5%) responded that the sales tax, property tax, and state income tax they paid had "increased" as compared to two years ago, 36.1% said the amount "remained the same," and 5.4% said the amount "decreased" (Figure 7).

Figure 7: Change in Taxes Paid to the State



Question: Think about what you paid in sales tax, property tax, and state income tax together.

Compared to two years ago, has the amount you pay in state taxes increased, remained the same, or decreased?

When respondents were asked their preferences about state taxes and spending, 24.4% wanted to have higher taxes and spending, while 49.8% preferred lower taxes and spending. About twenty-six percent (25.7%) would like to keep the current level of taxes and spending (Figure 8).

Among those respondents who preferred higher taxes and spending, 40.2% favored increasing income tax, 37.9% favored increasing sales tax, and 21.8% favored increasing property tax (Figure 9). In terms of their preferences for increased spending, almost 70% of those respondents wanted to increase state education funding for grades kindergarten through high school and social services. About 63% of those respondents want to increase social services spending. About forty percent of those respondents supported increasing funding for roads and highways and state colleges and universities (Figure 10).

Among those who preferred lower taxes and spending, 61.8% favored decreasing property tax, 57.9% favored decreasing sales tax, and 47.8% favored decreasing income tax (Figure 11). In terms of preferences for decreased spending, 56.2% of those respondents wanted to cut state education funding for state colleges and universities, 19.1% supported cutting state funding for grades kindergarten through high school, and 18.5% supported decreased state funding for roads and highways (Figure 12).

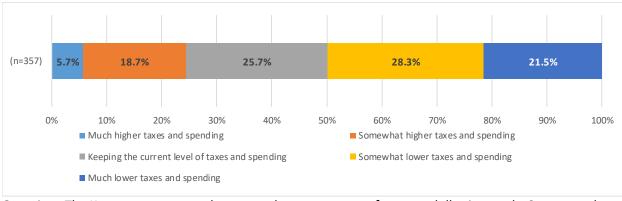


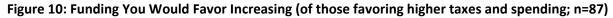
Figure 8: Belief about Kansas Government Taxes and Spending

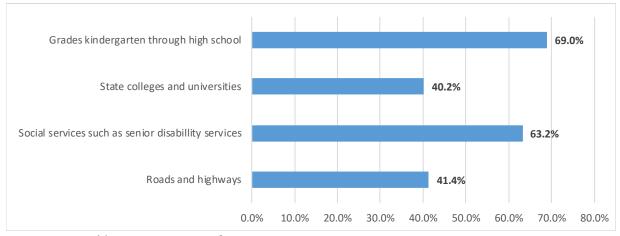
Question: The Kansas government has to produce tax revenue for every dollar it spends. Some people would prefer the government to have lower taxes and less spending. Others favor higher taxes and more government spending. Which of the following do you favor?

Income Tax 40.2% Sales Tax 37.9% Property Tax 21.8% 0.0% 5.0% 10.0% 15.0% 20.0% 25.0% 30.0% 35.0% 40.0% 45.0%

Figure 9: Taxes You Would Favor Increasing (of those favoring higher taxes and spending; n=87)

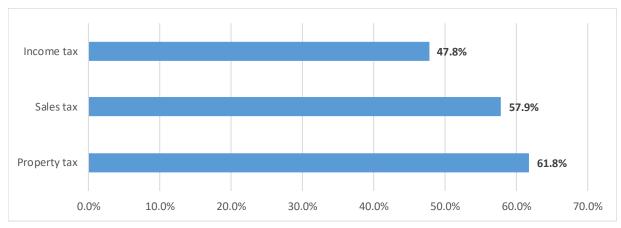
Question: Would you increase _____?





Question: Would you increase ____?

Figure 11: Taxes You Would Favor Decreasing (of those favoring lower taxes and spending; n=178)



Question: Would you decrease ____?

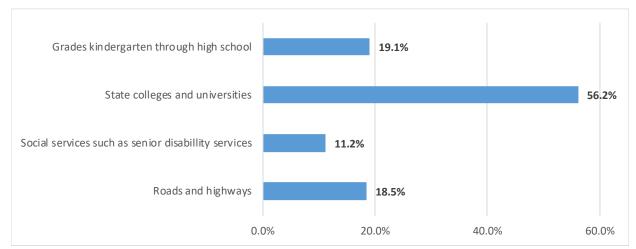


Figure 12: Funding You Would Favor Decreasing (of those favoring lower taxes and spending; n=178)

Question: Would you decrease____?

Respondents were given a few alternative options that Kansas could use to increase revenue. They were asked about increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars, alcohol, and legalizing recreational marijuana to allow state taxation. About two-thirds (66.1%) of respondents at least "somewhat supported" increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars. More than sixty percent (62.5%) supported increasing taxes on alcohol, and 66.9% supported legalizing recreational marijuana for individuals 21 and older to allow state taxation (Figure 13).

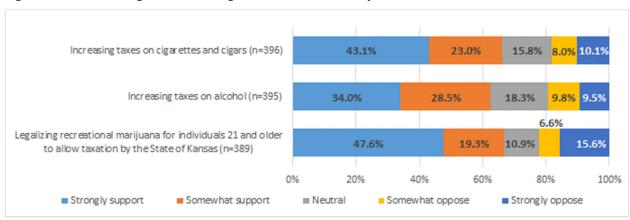


Figure 13: Taxes on Cigarettes and Cigars, Alcohol, and Marijuana

Question: There are other ways to increase the State of Kansas' revenue that would not include raising traditional taxes. Please tell me if you "Strongly Support", "Somewhat Support", "Neutral", "Somewhat Oppose", or "Strongly Oppose" the following alternative revenue sources: Increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars, increasing taxes on alcohol, legalizing recreational marijuana for individuals 21 and older to allow taxation by the State of Kansas.

Section 3: Government, Politicians & Election

Respondents were asked about their satisfaction with important political figures or institutions. Satisfaction was highest with respect to Governor Laura Kelly, as 49.5% of respondents were satisfied with Governor Kelly. The U.S. Congress received the highest level of dissatisfaction from respondents, with 17.5% being satisfied and 58.4% being dissatisfied. The satisfaction with President Trump was polarized, with 43.7% of respondents being satisfied and 47.6% being dissatisfied (Figure 14).

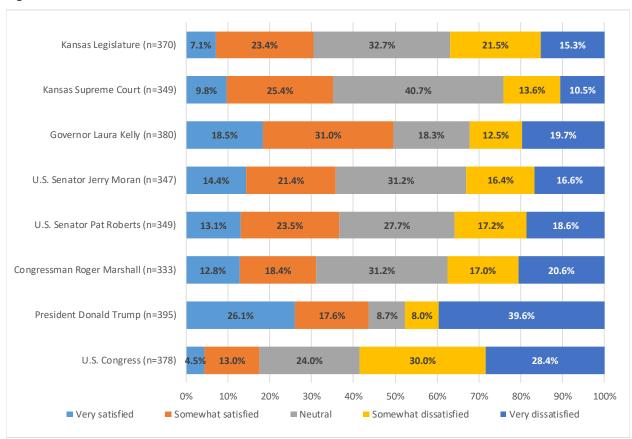


Figure 14: Satisfaction with the Overall Performance of Elected Officials

Question: How satisfied are you with the overall performance of the United States Congress? President Donald Trump? Kansas Supreme Court? Governor Laura Kelly? Senator Pat Roberts? Senator Jerry Moran? Kansas Legislature?

When asked whether they voted for Laura Kelly in the 2018 gubernatorial election, 32.8% of respondents said "yes," and 38% said "No." Almost thirty percent (29.2%) of respondents did not vote in the 2018 gubernatorial election (Figure 15). Among those who voted, 46.3% voted for Laura Kelly.

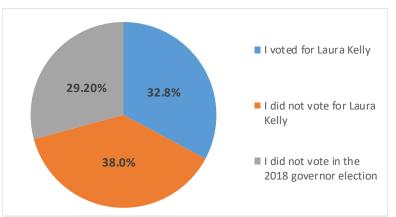


Figure 15: Voting Decision in the 2018 Governor Election (n=394)

Question: If you voted in the 2018 election for governor, did you vote for Laura Kelly?

When asked about their preferences regarding the upcoming presidential election, 46.2% of respondents would vote for Donald Trump, and 35.7% would vote for Joe Biden. Another 9.8% chose neither candidate, and 8.3% did not plan to vote or cannot vote (Figure 16). After excluding those who do not plan on voting or cannot vote, 50.6% of respondents would vote for Donald Trump, and 38.9% would vote for Joe Biden. Among registered voters, the support for Donald Trump was a little higher, with 52% of respondents supporting him and 37.6% supporting Joe Biden (Figure 17).

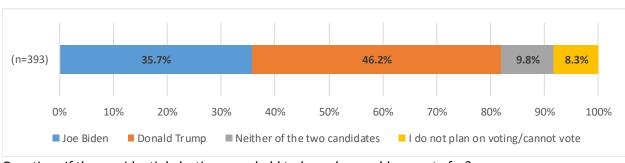


Figure 16: Voting Preference for the 2020 Presidential Election

Question: If the presidential election were held today, who would you vote for?

Among all respondents excluding those who do not plan on 38.9% 50.6% 10.6% voting or cannot vote (n=360) 37.6% 10.5% Among registered voters (n=306) 52.0% 0% 20% 40% 60% 80% 100% Joe Biden ■ Donald Trump ■ Neither of the two candidates

Figure 17: Voting Preference for the 2020 Presidential Election Excluding Those Who Do Not Plan to Vote or Cannot Vote

Question: If the presidential election were held today, who would you vote for?

As many Americans are voting by mail this year, respondents were asked if they were concerned about voter fraud. Slightly more than a fourth (26.4%) were "very concerned," while another 30.5% were "somewhat concerned" that widespread mail voting would lead to voter fraud; a combined 43.1% were "not very concerned" or "not at all concerned" (Figure 18). Respondents were then asked if they were confident that they understood how to request and cast a vote by mail ballot in Kansas. More than three-fourths (76.6%) said they were "very" or "somewhat confident." Only 7.4% said they were "not at all confident" (Figure 19).

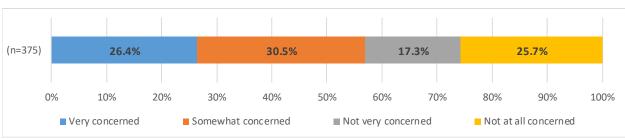


Figure 18: Concern about Voter Fraud in Mail Voting

Question: As you may have heard, more Americans are voting by mail this year than in recent election years. How concerned are you that widespread mail voting will lead to voter fraud?

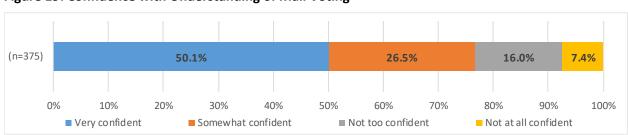


Figure 19: Confidence with Understanding of Mail Voting

Question: How confident are you that you understand how to request and cast a vote by mail ballot in Kansas?

Supreme Court Justice Ruth Bader Ginsburg died on September 18. When asked if the winner of the November presidential election should name the successor, 42.7% of respondents said "yes," 33.9% said "no," and 23.5% said they "don't know." The survey continued by asking whether the U.S. Senate should confirm a nominee appointed by President Trump before the presidential inauguration in January 2021. About forty-four percent (44.3%) of respondents said "yes," 35.7% said "no," and 19.9% said they "don't know" (Figure 20).

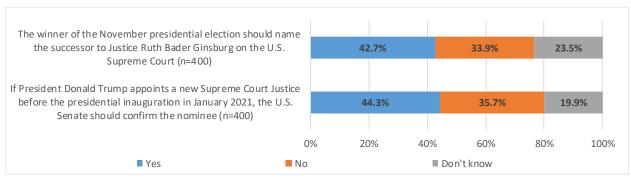


Figure 20: Successor to Justice Ruth Bader Ginsburg

Question: Do you think the winner of the November presidential election should name the successor to Justice Ruth Bader Ginsburg on the U.S. Supreme Court?

Question: If President Donald Trump appoints a new Supreme Court Justice before the presidential inauguration in January 2021, do you think the U.S. Senate should confirm the nominee?

When asked how Justice Ginsburg's death affected their support for presidential nominees, a majority (61.2%) of respondents said Justice Ginsburg's death had no impact. Less than twenty percent (17%) of respondents said Justice Ginsburg's death increased their support for President Donald Trump, and 21.9% said Justice Ginsburg's death increased their support for Democratic nominee Joe Biden (Figure 21).

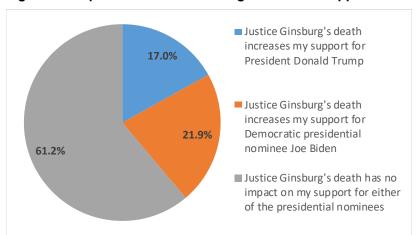


Figure 21: Impact of Justice Ginsburg's Death on Support for Presidential Nominees (n=319)

Question: Does Supreme Court Justice Ruth Bader Ginsburg's death affect your support for either of the presidential nominees?

Section 4: Public Policy Issues

When asked how much they think about Medicaid expansion, 32.1% of respondents think "a great deal" or "a lot" about Medicaid expansion as a current political issue with the Kansas legislature. More than forty percent (41.6%) of respondents thought "a little" or "not at all" of this issue (Figure 22).

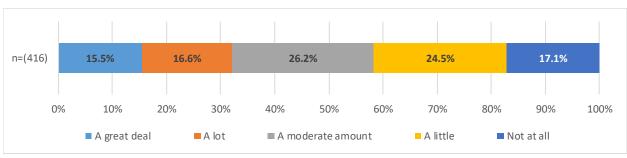


Figure 22: Thinking about Medicaid Expansion in Kansas

Question: Medicaid expansion is a current political issue with the Kansas Legislature. How much do you think about this issue?

Turning to opinions on expansion, 71.8% of respondents strongly or somewhat agreed that expanding Medicaid would help rural Kansas hospital remain in business, and 64% strongly or somewhat agreed that the Kansans who might obtain health insurance from expanding Medicaid deserve this benefit from the state. More than sixty percent (63.5%) of respondents supported expanding Medicaid in Kansas (Figure 23).

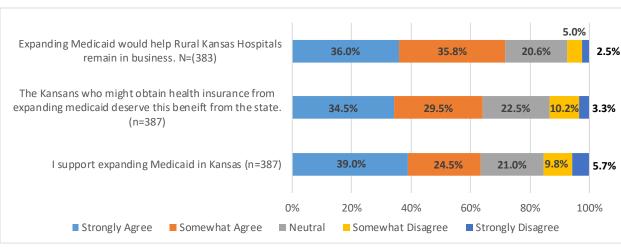


Figure 23: Opinions on Medicaid Expansion in Kansas

Question: If Kansas expands Medicaid under the Affordable Care Act, about 10% of the expansion would be paid by Kansas, and 90% by the federal government. Studies estimate that expanding Medicaid would provide health coverage to approximately 150,000 Kansans and financially benefit rural hospitals. Please tell me if you strongly agree, somewhat agree, are neutral, somewhat disagree or strongly disagree with the following statements.

When asked about the financial impacts of the coronavirus outbreak on their households, about one fourth of respondents said since the start of the coronavirus outbreak, someone in their households had serious problems affording food or medical care, paying utilities, or paying credit cards/loans/debt (Figure 24). Regarding the impacts on employment, 37.3% of respondents said certain household members had wages or hours reduced since the start of the coronavirus outbreak, 23.3% said someone in the household lost their job, 14.4% said someone in the household had been furloughed, and 5% said someone in the household lost their business (Figure 25).¹

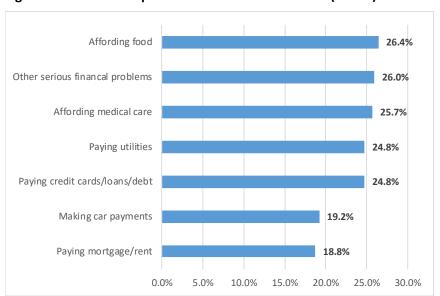


Figure 24: Financial Impacts of Coronavirus Outbreak (n=416)

Question: At any point since the start of the coronavirus outbreak, has anyone living in your household had serious problems ____?

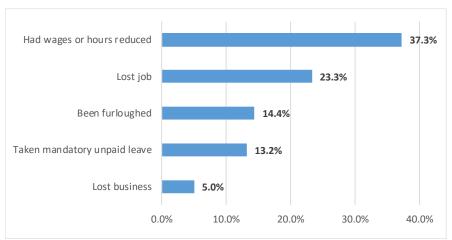


Figure 25: Impacts of Coronavirus Outbreak on Employment (n=416)

Question: At any point since the start of the coronavirus outbreak, have any adults living in your household?

¹ Source of questions in Figures 24 and 25: https://www.hsph.harvard.edu/news/press-releases/poll-half-of-households-in-the-four-largest-u-s-cities-new-york-city-los-angeles-chicago-and-houston-report-facing-serious-financial-problems-during-the-coronavirus-outbreak/

When asked how public officials/institutions have handled the coronavirus outbreak, respondents gave the highest approval rating to Dr. Anthony Fauci, Director of the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Disease, with 51.5% of respondents answering "strongly approve" or "approve." Governor Laura Kelly received the second highest approval rating, with 47.5% of respondents strongly approving or approving her handling of the coronavirus outbreak. President Trump's rating was polarized, with 42.9% respondents approving his handling of the outbreak and 46.3% disapproving. The U.S. Congress received the highest disapproval rating and the lowest approval rating. More than half (51.7%) of respondents disapproved the U.S. Congress' handling of the outbreak, and only 16.9% approved (Figure 26).

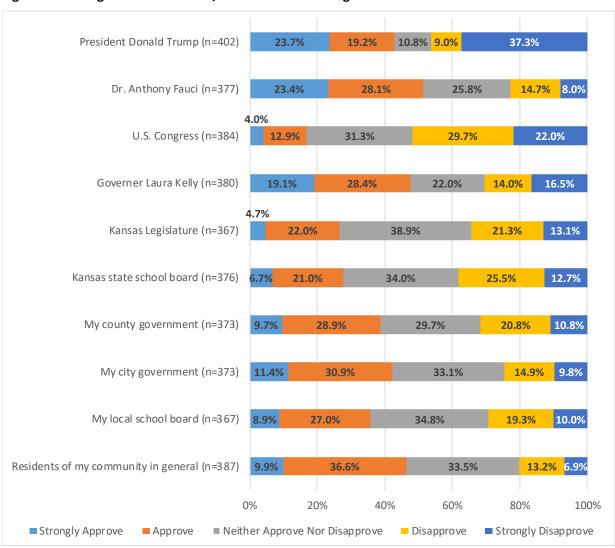


Figure 26: Rating of Public Officials/Institutions' Handling of the Coronavirus Outbreak

Question: As you know, Kansas is struggling with the coronavirus, as are other parts of the U.S. and the world. Thinking of how the following public officials have handled the coronavirus outbreak, do you "Strongly Approve," "Approve," "Neither Approve Nor Disapprove," "Disapprove," or "Strongly Disapprove"?

More than ninety percent (93.5%) of respondents said they wore a mask or face covering when in stores or other businesses all or most of the time in the past month (Figure 27). A majority of respondents also acknowledge the importance of masks/face covering during the coronavirus pandemic. More than seventy percent of respondents agreed that "wearing masks/face covering helps reduce the spread of coronavirus," and that it is their "responsibility to protect other people from coronavirus by wearing a mask/face covering" (Figure 28). Less than one third (30.7%) of respondents thought the threat from coronavirus had been severely exaggerated, and less than thirty percent (27.3%) agreed that herd immunity was the best way to stop the spread of coronavirus (Figure 28).

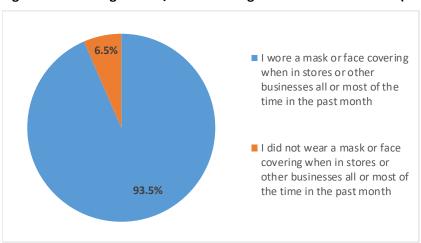
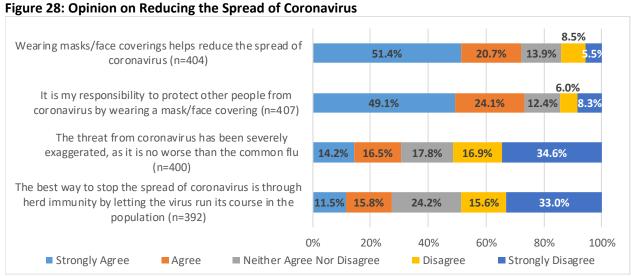


Figure 27: Wearing a Mask/Face Covering in Stores or Businesses (n=404)

Question: In the past month, did you wear a mask or face covering when in stores or other businesses all or most of the time?



Question: Do you "Strongly Agree," "Agree," "Neither Agree Nor Disagree," "Disagree," or "Strongly Disagree" with the following statements?

When asked if they would get vaccinated when a coronavirus vaccine became available, 41.1% of respondents said "yes," 28% said "no," and a large percentage, 31%, said they were not sure (Figure 29).

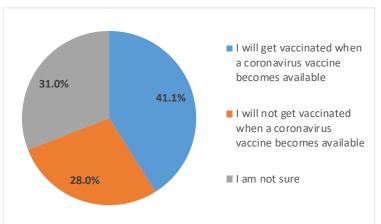


Figure 29: Coronavirus Vaccination (n=410)

Question: When a vaccine for the coronavirus becomes available, will you get vaccinated?

The survey asked if respondents were confident that Kansas Secretary of State and local election officials had done everything possible to have a safe election during the coronavirus pandemic. More than half (56.4%) of respondents were very or somewhat confident with the Kansas Secretary of State, and 61% were very or somewhat confident with local election officials (Figure 30).

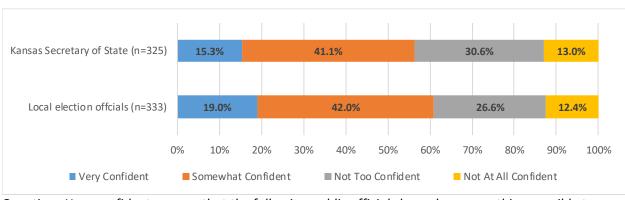


Figure 30: Confident with Public Officials to Ensure a Safe Election during the Coronavirus Pandemic

Question: How confident are you that the following public officials have done everything possible to make sure that the election this year will be safe for Kansas voters who are worried about coronavirus?

The survey asked respondents to rate how several political figures and groups handled the protests regarding police behavior. Police received the highest rating, with 50.8% of respondents selecting "very favorable" or "favorable." About 35% were "very favorable" or "favorable" toward how Black Lives Matter protestors handled the protest. Black Lives Matter counter-protestors received the lowest rating, with 16% of respondents selecting favorable ratings, and 60.7% selecting unfavorable ratings. The rating on President Trump's handling of the protests was polarized: 39.6% of respondents said President Trump's handling of the protests were favorable, 45.2% selected unfavorable ratings, and only 15.1% were neither favorable nor unfavorable (Figure 31).

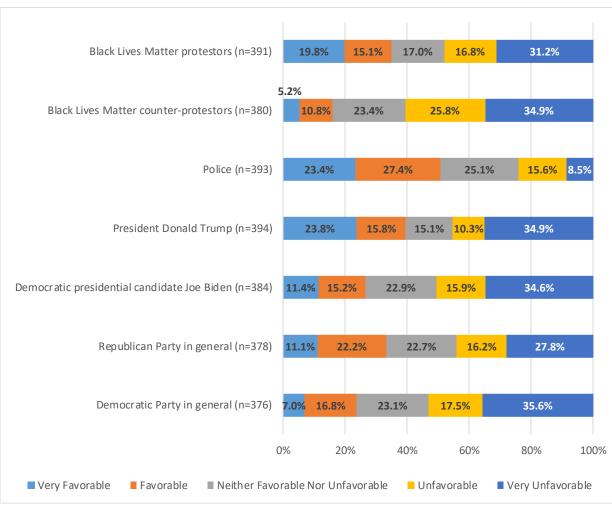


Figure 31: Rating of How Protests about Police Behavior Was Handled

Question: This year there have been many protests around the country regarding police behavior. For each of the following people/groups, is your rating of how each has handled the protests "Very Favorable," Favorable," "Neither Favorable Nor Unfavorable," "Unfavorable," or "Very Unfavorable"?

When asked about the impact of the Black Lives Matter movement on racial issues in America, 49% of respondents said the Black Lives Matter movement made racial issues worse in America, 17.2% said the movement made racial issues better, and 23.5% said the movement had not really changed things (Figure 32). The survey also asked whether respondents were worried that the protests associated with the Black Lives Matter movement would bring violence to their neighborhood. About 37% were "not at all worried," and 15.2% were "slightly worried." About seventeen percent were "somewhat worried" (17.1%) or "moderately worried" (17.3%), and 13.5% were "extremely worried" (Figure 33).

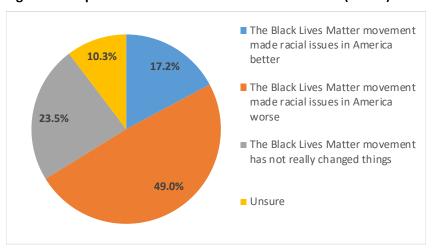


Figure 32: Impact of Black Lives Matter on Racial Issues (n=406)

Question: Has the Black Lives Matter movement made racial issues in America better or worse, or has it not really changed things either way?

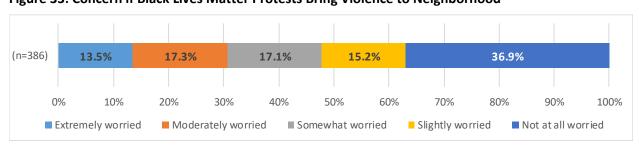


Figure 33: Concern if Black Lives Matter Protests Bring Violence to Neighborhood

Question: Some people believe that the protests associated with the Black Lives Matter movement promote violence, but other people do not believe that is the case. How worried are you that Black Lives Matter protests will bring violence to your neighborhood?

Appendix A: Gender Distribution

Gender	Unweighted Sample (n=417)	Study Population
Male	51.3%	49.02%
Female	47.2%	50.42%
Gender-fluid/transgender/prefer not to say	1.4%	0.57%*

Source: U.S. Census 2019 Population Estimates

^{*}Estimated based U.S. Census population estimates and an article written by Cicero, et al. in 2014 (https://journals.lww.com/nursingresearchonline/FullText/2020/07000/Application_of_Behavioral_Risk_Factor_S urveillance.10.aspx)

Appendix B: Age Distribution

Age Group	Unweighted Sample (n=417)	Study Population
18-24	13.2%	13.3%
25-34	19.2%	17.1%
35-44	17.3%	16.4%
45-54	16.8%	14.8%
55-64	16.5%	16.8%
65 and older	17.0%	21.6%

Source: U.S. Census 2019 Population Estimates

Appendix C: Weighted Demographic Characteristics of the Sample

	Social Indicators	Survey Sample	Study Population*
		(n=376)	
	Less than \$10,000	9.3%	5.1%
	\$10,000-\$24,999	14.8%	12.6%
	\$25,000- \$34,999	14.2%	8.9%
Household Income	\$35,000-\$49,999	11.5%	13.3%
	\$50,000-\$74,999	17.2%	19.3%
	\$75,000-\$99,999	13.7%	13.6%
	\$100,000-\$149,000	13.7%	15.4%
	\$150,000 or more	5.4%	11.7%
		(n=393)	
	Less Than High School	2.1%	8.7%
Education	High School Diploma	21.1%	26.9%
	Some College or Associate's Degree	34.8%	33.5%
	Bachelor's Degree or higher	41.9%	30.9%
		(n=416)	
	18-24 Years Old	13.1%	13.3%
	25-34 Years Old	17.0%	17.0%
Age	35-44 Years Old	16.1%	16.1%
0-	45-54 Years Old	14.8%	14.8%
	55-64 Years Old	17.3%	17.3%
	65 Years and Older	21.7%	21.7%
	os reals and order	(n=416)	22177
Gender	Male	49.0%	49.30%
	Female	50.4%	50.70%
	Gender fluid/transgender/prefer not to say	0.6%	30.707
	demact manay cranispendent prevention to say	(n=392)	
Hispanic Origin		7.9%	12.20%
		(n=393)	
	White	85.8%	83.6%
	Black or African American	6.2%	5.7%
Race	Asian or Pacific Islander	1.4%	3.1%
	American Indian or Alaska Native	1.5%	0.8%
	Some other race alone	2.5%	3.0%
	Two or more races	2.6%	3.7%
	Two of more races	(n=359)	3.770
	Strong Republican	20.8%	/
	Moderate Republican	18%	/
Political Party Affiliation	Independent Leaning Republican	9.5%	/
	Independent	19.8%	/
	Independent Leaning Democrat	10.5%	/
	Moderate Democrat	10.4%	/
	Strong Democrat	11.0%	/
	Strong Democrat	(n=387)	/
Registered Voters		84.6%	81.9%

^{*} The percentage of registered voters in Kansas is estimated using election statistics from the Kansas Secretary of State website and Kansas population estimates from the U.S. Census; all other study population information is obtained from U.S. Census 2019 American Community Survey.

Appendix D: Survey Instrument

Welcome to the 2020 Kansas Speaks survey conducted by the Docking Institute of Public Affairs at Fort Hays State University. Kansas Speaks is a statewide survey measuring Kansans' opinions on public affairs issues and their evaluations of elected officials. The survey has been conducted annually since 2009, and survey results have been reported in local, state, and national news media. Your opinions matter. By participating in this survey you will give voice to thousands of Kansans similar to you. You are assured complete confidentiality.

For more information about the Kansas Speaks survey, please visit our website: www.fhsu.edu/docking/Kansas-Speaks

Should you have concerns with the survey, please contact Dr. Jian Sun via his email address: isun@fhsu.edu

address: jsun@fhsu.edu
Q0 Do you currently reside in the state of Kansas?
○ Yes
○ No
Q.Age Are you at least 18 years of age or older?
○ Yes
○ No
Q.YearBorn What year were you born?
Q.Gender What is your gender?
○ Male
○ Female
○ Gender-fluid/transgender
Other
O Prefer not to specify

Q.County In which Kansas county do you primarily reside?			
▼ Allen Wyandotte			
Q1 In general, how would you rate Kansas as a place to live?			
○ Excellent			
O Very Good			
○ Good			
○ Fair			
O Poor			
O Very Poor			
O Don't Know			
Q2 Generally speaking, do you feel Kansas is on the right track or wrong track?			
○ Right Track			
O Wrong Track			
O Don't Know			

Q3 In general, how would you rate the Kansas economy? Would you say it is
○ Excellent
O Very Good
○ Good
○ Fair
○ Poor
O Very Poor
O Don't Know
Q4 Over the last 12 months, how would you say the Kansas economy has changed? Would you say it is
○ Getting Worse
○ Staying the Same
○ Getting Better
O Don't Know
Q5 How concerned are you that the Kansas economy will seriously threaten you or you family's well-being over the next year? Would you say
O Very Concerned
Moderately Concerned
○ Slightly Concerned
O Not Concerned at all
O Don't Know

Q6 Please indicate if you are "Very satisfied," "Somewhat Satisfied," "Neutral," "Somewhat Dissatisfied," or "Very Dissatisfied" with the following public entities/officials.

	Very Satisfied	Somewhat Satisfied	Neutral	Somewhat Dissatisfied	Very Dissatisfied	Don't Know
The Kansas Legislature in general	0	0	0	0	0	0
U.S. Senator Jerry Moran	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
U.S. Senator Pat Roberts	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
Governor Laura Kelly	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
President Donald Trump	0	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
The Kansas Supreme Court	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	0
The United States Congress in general	0	0	0	0	0	0
Congressman Roger Marshall	0	0	\circ	0	0	0

Q 7	If the presidential election were held today, who would you vote for?
	O Joe Biden
	O Donald Trump
	O Neither of the top two candidates
	O I do not plan on voting/cannot vote
	O Don't Know
	B Medicaid expansion is a current political issue with the Kansas Legislature. How uch do you think about this issue?
	O A great deal
	O A lot
	O A moderate amount
	O A little
	A little None at all

Q9 If Kansas expands Medicaid under the Affordable Care Act, about 10% of the expansion would be paid by Kansas, and 90% by the federal government. Studies estimate that expanding Medicaid would provide health coverage to approximately 150,000 Kansans and financially benefit rural hospitals. Do you "Strongly Agree," "Somewhat Agree," are "Neutral," "Somewhat Disagree," or "Strongly Disagree" with the following statements:

	Strongly Agree	Somewhat Agree	Neutral	Somewhat Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Don't Know
Expanding Medicaid would help rural Kansas hospitals remain in business.	0	0	0	0	0	0
The Kansans who might obtain health insurance from expanding Medicaid deserve this benefit from the State.					0	0
I support expanding Medicaid in Kansas.	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	0	0

Compared to t	Q10 Think about what you paid in sales tax, property tax, and state income tax together. Compared to two years ago, has the amount you paid in state taxes increased, emained the same, or decreased?					
O Increase	ed					
○ Remain	ed the Same					
O Decreas	sed					
O Don't K	now					
Some people v	as government has to produce tax revenue for every dollar it spends. would prefer the government to have lower taxes and less spending. igher taxes and more government spending. Which of the following do					
O Much hi	igher taxes and spending					
O Somew	hat higher taxes and spending					
○ Keeping	g the current level of taxes and spending					
O Somew	hat lower taxes and spending					
O Much lo	ower taxes and spending					
O Don't Ki	now					
Q12a Which o	f the following taxes would you favor increasing? (select all that apply)					
	ncome Tax					
	Sales Tax					
F	Property Tax					
	Don't Know					

all that apply	ch of the following areas would you lavor increasing state funding? (select
	Grades kindergarten through high school
	State colleges and universities
	Social services such as senior and disability services
	Roads and highways
	Don't Know
Q13a Which	of the following taxes would you favor decreasing? (select all that apply)
	Income Tax
	Sales Tax
	Property Tax
	Don't Know
Q13b In whice all that apply	ch of the following areas would you favor decreasing state funding? (select
	Grades kindergarten through high school
	State colleges and universities
	Social services, such as senior and disability service
	Roads and highways
	Don't Know

Q14 There are other ways to increase the state of Kansas's revenue that would not include raising traditional taxes. Do you "Strongly Support", "Somewhat Support", "are Neutral", "Somewhat Oppose", or "Strongly Oppose" the following alternative revenue sources:

sources.	Strongly Support	Somewhat Support	Neutral	Somewhat Oppose	Strongly Oppose	Don't Know	
Increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Increasing taxes on alcohol	0	\circ	0	\circ	0	0	
Legalizing recreational marijuana for individuals 21 and older to allow taxation by the State of Kansas	0				0	0	
Q15 If you vot	Q15 If you voted in the 2018 election for governor, did you vote for Laura Kelly?						
O Yes							
○ No							
O Did not vote in the 2018 governor election							
O Don't Know							

Q16 At any point since the start of the coronavirus outbreak, has anyone living in your household had:

	Yes	No	Don't Know
Serious problems paying credit cards/loans/debt	0	0	0
Serious problems paying mortgage/rent	0	\circ	\circ
Serious problems paying utilities	0	\circ	0
Serious problems affording food	0	0	0
Serious problems making car payments	0	\circ	0
Serious problems affording medical care	0	0	0
Other serious financial problems	0	\circ	\circ

Q17 At any point since the start of the coronavirus outbreak, have any adults living in your household:

	Yes	No	Don't Know
Lost their job	\circ	\circ	\circ
Lost their business	0	\circ	\circ
Been furloughed	\circ	\bigcirc	\bigcirc
Taken mandatory unpaid leave	\circ	\circ	\circ
Had wages or hours reduced	\circ	\circ	\circ

Q18 As you know, Kansas is struggling with the coronavirus, as are other parts of the U.S. and the world. Thinking of how the following public officials have handled the coronavirus outbreak, do you "Strongly Approve," "Approve," "Neither Approve Nor Disapprove," "Disapprove," or "Strongly Disapprove"?

	Strongly Approve	Approve	Neither Approve Nor Disapprove	Disapprove	Strongly Disapprove	Don't Know
President Donald Trump	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dr. Anthony Fauci, Director of the National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Disease	0	0	0	0	0	0
The United States Congress	0	\circ	0	0	0	\circ
Kansas Governor Laura Kelly	0	\circ	0	0	0	\circ
The Kansas Legislature	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
The Kansas state school board	0	0	\circ	\circ	0	\circ
Your county government	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
Your city government	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
Your local school board	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
Residents of your community, in general	0	0	0	0	0	0

Q19 In the past month, did you wear a mask or face covering when in stores or other businesses all or most of the time?
○ Yes
○ No
O Not Applicable

Q20 Do you "Strongly Agree," "Agree," "Neither Agree Nor Disagree," "Disagree," or "Strongly Disagree" with the following statements?

Neither

	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree Nor Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	Don't Know
Wearing masks/face coverings helps reduce the spread of coronavirus.	0	0	0	0	0	0
It is my responsibility to protect other people from coronavirus by wearing a mask/face covering.		0	0	0	0	0
The threat from coronavirus has been severely exaggerated, as it is no worse than the common flu.		0	0	0	0	0
The best way to stop the spread of coronavirus is through herd immunity by letting the virus run its course in the population.			0			0

Q21 How confident are you that the following public officials have done everything possible to make sure that the election this year will be safe for Kansas voters who are worried about coronavirus?

	Very Confident	Somewhat Confident	Not Too Confident	Not At All Confident	No Opinion
Kansas Secretary of State	0	0	0	0	0
Your local election officials	0	\circ	\circ	0	\circ

Q22 When a	vaccine for t	e coronavirus	hecomes	available	will vo	u det	vaccinated?
QZZ WIIGII a	vaccine ioi ii	e coronavirus	becomes	avallable,	will yo	uyei	vaccinateu:

- O Yes
- \bigcirc No
- O Not sure

Q23 This year there have been many protests around the country regarding police behavior.

For each of the following people/groups, is your rating of how each has handled the protests "Very Favorable," "Favorable," "Neither Favorable Nor Unfavorable," "Unfavorable," or "Very Unfavorable"?

	Very Favorable	Favorable	Neither Favorable Nor Unfavorable	Unfavorable	Very Unfavorable	Don't Know
Black Lives Matter protestors	0	0	0	0	0	0
Black Lives Matter counter- protestors	0	0	0	0	0	0
The police themselves	0	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ	\circ
President Donald Trump	0	\circ	0	0	0	\circ
Democratic presidential candidate Joe Biden	0	0	0	0	0	0
The Republican Party in general	0	\circ	0	0	0	0
The Democratic Party in general	0	0	0	0	\circ	0

worse, or has it not really changed things either way?
○ Better
○ Worse
O Has not really changed things
○ Unsure
Q25 Some people believe that the protests associated with the Black Lives Matter movement promote violence, but other people do not believe that is the case. How worried are you that Black Lives Matter protests will bring violence to your neighborhood?
Extremely worried
Moderately worried
○ Somewhat worried
○ Slightly worried
O Not at all worried
O Don't Know

recent election years. How concerned are you that widespread mail voting will lead to voter fraud?
O Very concerned
○ Somewhat concerned
O Not very concerned
O Not at all concerned
O Don't Know
Q26b How confident are you that you understand how to request and cast a vote by mail ballot in Kansas?
O Very confident
○ Somewhat confident
O Not too confident
O Not at all confident
O Don't Know
Q27a Do you think the winner of the November presidential election should name the successor to Justice Ruth Bader Ginsburg on the U.S. Supreme Court?
○Yes
○ No
O Don't Know

Q26a As you may have heard, more Americans are voting by mail this year than in

presidential inauguration in January 2021, do you think the U.S. Senate should confirm the nominee?
○ Yes
○ No
O Don't Know
Q27c Does Supreme Court Justice Ruth Bader Ginsburg's death affect your support for either of the presidential nominees?
O Justice Ginsburg's death increases my support for President Donald Trump
O Justice Ginsburg's death increases my support for Democratic presidential nominee Joe Biden
O Justice Ginsburg's death has no impact on my support for either of the presidential nominees
O Don't Know
Q28 By your best guess, where will you be in 5 years? Are you likely to
O Still be living in the same community you are in now
O Move to another location in Kansas
Relocate to a state other than Kansas
O Don't Know

Q29 Do you consider yourself a
Strong Republican
O Moderate Republican
O Independent, Leaning Republican
○ Independent
O Independent, Leaning Democrat
O Moderate Democrat
○ Strong Democrat
O Don't Know
Q30 Are you currently a registered voter in Kansas?
○ Yes
○ No
O Don't Know
Q31 What is the highest level of education you have received?
O Less than high school
High school diploma or equivalency
○ Some college
Associates or technical degree
O Bachelors degree
O Postgraduate degree
O Don't Know

Q32 Are you	ı Hispanic, Latino/a, or Spanish origin?
O Yes	
○ No	
O Don't	Know
Q33 Which	one or more of the following would you say is your race?
	White
	Black or African American
	Asian or Pacific Islander
	American Indian or Alaska Native
	Other
	Don't Know

O Under \$10,000		
○ \$10,000 to \$24,999		
○ \$25,000 to \$34,999		
○ \$35,000 to \$49,999		
○ \$50,000 to \$74,999		
○ \$75,000 to \$99,999		
○ \$100,000 to \$149,999		
○ \$150,000 or more		
O Unsure		

Q34 Which category includes your total annual household annual income in 2019

before taxes and withholdings (i.e., total gross income)?

You are at the end of the survey. If you wish to submit your answers, click the right arrow below. You will not be able to change your answers or re-enter the survey once you click the right arrow. If you want to make changes to your answers, click the left arrow. Thank you for your participation in this survey! -- Docking Institute of Public Affairs, www.fhsu.edu/docking

O Decline to answer



Kansas Speaks Fall 2019 Statewide Public Opinion Survey

Prepared For **The Citizens of Kansas**By

The Docking Institute of Public Affairs Fort Hays State University

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Mission:

To Facilitate Effective Public Policy Decision-Making.

The staff of the Docking Institute of Public Affairs and its University Center for Survey Research are dedicated to serving the people of Kansas and surrounding states.

Kansas Speaks Fall 2019



Prepared By:

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Prepared For:

The Citizens of Kansas
In pursuit of
Fort Hays State University's Public Affairs Mission

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Executive Summary

The Docking Institute of Public Affairs at Fort Hays State University conducted the 2019 Kansas Speaks fall survey from August 26 to October 14, 2019. A random sample of 352 adult residents of Kansas age 18 and older were surveyed by telephone to assess their attitudes and opinions regarding various issues of interest to Kansas citizens. The survey finds:

- 53.7% of respondents indicated Kansas was a "very good" or "excellent" place to live. 1.5% said Kansas was a "poor" or "very poor" place to live.
- 71% of respondents would be living in the same community they are now. 15.2% would relocate out of Kansas in five years.
- 24.3% of respondents felt the state economy was "very good" or "excellent." 11.8% felt the economy was "poor" or "very poor."
- 31.1% of respondents felt that the Kansas economy was getting better in the last 12 months, 48.9% felt that it stayed the same, and 20% felt it was getting worse.
- 10.9% of respondents were "very concerned" about the future economy threatening their families' welfare. 16.9% were "moderately concerned." 38.2% were "not concerned at all."
- 77.4% of respondents felt Kansas was on the "right track." 22.6% felt Kansas was on the "wrong track."
- When asked to compare what they paid in sales tax, property tax, and state income tax with the amount they paid two years ago, 70.7% of respondents felt that their tax burden had increased as compared with two years ago, 22.1% felt no change, and 7.2% felt their tax burden had decreased.
- 19.7% of respondents preferred higher taxes and spending, while 55.5% preferred lower state taxes and spending. 24.7% wanted to keep the current level of taxes and spending.
- Among those in favor of increases in taxes and spending, 71.2% favored increasing income tax, 59.1% favored increasing sales tax, and 30.3% favored increasing property tax. 98.5% supported increasing state funding for grades kindergarten through high school, and more than eighty percent of respondents supported increasing funding for roads and highways, state colleges and universities, and social services.
- Among those who preferred lower taxes and spending, 48.6% favored lowering sales tax, and 60% or more favored lowering income taxes and property tax. 43.2% favored cutting state funding for state colleges and universities. Less than 30% of respondents supported cutting funding for roads and highways, social services, and grades kindergarten through high school.
- 79.3% of respondents "strongly support" or "somewhat support" increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars.
- 68% of respondents "strongly support" or "somewhat support" increasing taxes on alcohol.

- 61.3% of respondents "strongly support" or "somewhat support" legalizing recreational marijuana for individuals 21 and older to allow taxation by the State of Kansas. 25.8% of respondents "somewhat oppose" or "strongly oppose."
- 52.7% of respondents were satisfied with the performance of Governor Laura Kelly, and 26.4% were dissatisfied.
- 49.1% of respondents were satisfied with the performance of the Kansas Supreme Court, and 22.6% were dissatisfied.
- 44.1% of respondents were satisfied with President Trump, and 44.3% were dissatisfied.
- 17.4% of respondents were satisfied with the U.S. Congress, and 64.6% were dissatisfied.
- 76.9% of respondents voted in the 2018 Kansas election, and among them, 58.7% voted for Laura Kelly and 31.1% voted for Kris Kobach.
- When asked to rate the five leading Democratic candidates in the U.S. presidential race, respondents' ratings of Bernie Sanders were polarized, with 30.9% of respondents rating him positively and 50% rating him negatively. Joe Biden and Elizabeth Warren received about 25% positive ratings and about 42% negative ratings. More than 35% of respondents were not aware of Kamala Harris or did not know her good enough to rate. 45.6% of respondents were not aware of Pete Buttigieg or did not know him good enough to rate.
- 55.8% of respondents supported the immigration zero tolerance policy, which states that anyone who crosses the border illegally will be prosecuted and deported. 33.4% of respondents opposed it.
- 48.7% of respondents supported Trump's Administration's decision to raise tariffs on goods imported from China, and 35.3% opposed the decision.
- 44.2% of respondents were "very" or "moderately concerned" that the tariff increases on Chinese goods and trade disputes with other countries would affect them and their families financially. 24.1% were "slightly concerned", and 31.7% were "not concerned at all".
- In terms of amount of thought given to the issue, 33.7% of respondents thought "a great deal" or "a lot" of Medicaid expansion as a current political issue with the Kansas legislature.
- 66.3% of respondents agreed that expanding Medicaid would help rural Kansas hospital remain in business.
- 60.5% of respondents agreed that the Kansans who might obtain health insurance from expanding Medicaid deserve this benefit from the state.
- 62.1% of respondents supported expanding Medicaid in Kansas.
- 42.4% of respondents opposed Kansas using private prisons to house inmates. 33.1% supported it.
- 88.1% of respondents supported "requiring background checks on all gun sales."

- 85.5% of respondents supported "preventing sales of all firearms to people who have been reported as dangerous to law enforcement by mental health provider."
- About 70% of respondents supported "preventing sales of all firearms to people who have been convicted of violent misdemeanors", a "mandatory three day waiting period after a gun is purchased before it can be taken home", and "requiring a person to be 21 or older in order to purchase a gun."
- Between 50% and 60% of respondents supported "banning high-capacity ammunition magazines" and "banning assault-style weapons."

Introduction and Methods

To assess attitudes and opinions of Kansans, the Docking Institute has surveyed a random sample of Kansas residents age 18 and older every year since 2009. For this year's survey, the Docking Institute purchased from Scientific Telephone Samples a random sample consisting of Kansas landline telephone numbers and cell phone numbers. Interviewers are highly-trained student researchers pursuing degrees at Fort Hays State University. From August 26th to October 14th, a total of 2,188 Kansas residents were successfully contacted by telephone, and 352 of them completed the survey, resulting in a 16.1% response rate. The margin of error was 5.2% at the 95% confidence level. A margin of error of 5.2% means that there is a 95% probability that findings among the sample vary no more than +/- 5.2% from the value that would be found if all adult Kansas residents were surveyed, assuming no response bias.

Some urban counties are underrepresented in the final sample. For instance, based on the 2018 estimates from the U.S. Census Bureau, Johnson County accounted for 20.5% of the state population, whereas in the sample, only 11.3% of the surveys were completed by Johnson County residents. The county population distribution can be found in Appendix A. The survey also had higher response rates from Kansas residents who are 65 years and older, and lower response rates from those under 35 years old (see Appendix B). To adjust the potential biases, the statistical analyses were conducted after the survey data was weighted by county population and age. The weighted demographic characteristics are presented in Appendix C.

The following analysis contains four sections:

- 1) **Overall Quality of Life in Kansas.** This section shows how Kansans generally feel about Kansas as a place to live.
- 2) **Taxes & Economy.** This section shows results on questions addressing various economic concerns to citizens and fair and effective personal and business taxation policies.
- 3) **Government and Politicians.** This section presents the results of citizens' ratings of the state government in general, state elected officials, and the U.S president.
- 4) **Public Policy Issues.** This section looks at citizens' opinions on a few national and state policies.

These sections present descriptive analyses of respondents' answers to each question. Except for the questions asking about respondents' demographic information, all of the survey questions are displayed verbatim under those graphs presenting descriptive analyses. Survey questions can also be found in the questionnaire presented in Appendix D.

Section 1: Overall Quality of Life in Kansas

When asked to rate Kansas as a place to live, a little over half (53.7%) indicated Kansas was a "very good" or "excellent" place to live, while only 1.5% said Kansas was a "poor" or "very poor place to live (Figure 1). When asked where they will be in 5 years, 71% of respondents said they would be living in the same community that they live in now, 13.5% said they would be moving to another location in Kansas and 15.2% said they would relocate to a state other than Kansas (Figure 2).

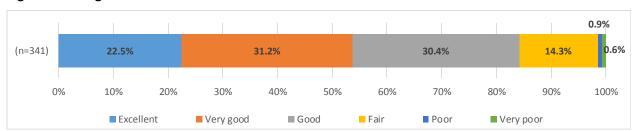


Figure 1: Rating of Kansas as a Place to Live

Question: In general, how would you rate Kansas as a place to live?

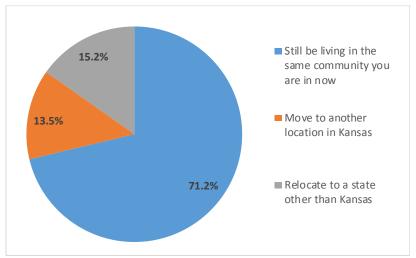


Figure 2: Residence in 5 Years (n=335)

Question: By your best guess, where will you be in 5 years? Are you likely to still be living in the same community you are in now, move to another location in Kansas, or relocate to a state other than Kansas?

Section 2: Taxes and the Economy

When asked to rate the Kansas economy, 24.3% of respondents said they felt the State economy was "very good" or "excellent," while 11.8% indicated they felt the economy was "poor" or "very poor" (Figure 3). A little over thirty percent (31.1%) of respondents felt that the Kansas economy was getting better over the past year, 48.9% felt that it stayed the same, and 20% felt that it was getting worse (Figure 4). Less than thirty percent (27.8%) of respondents were "very concerned" or "moderately concerned" that the Kansas economy would seriously threaten individual or family welfare, while 34% were "slightly concerned." Almost forty percent (38.2%) of respondents said they were "not concerned at all" (Figure 5).

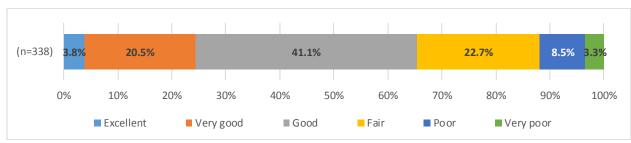


Figure 3: Rating of Kansas Economy

Question: In general, how would you rate the Kansas economy?

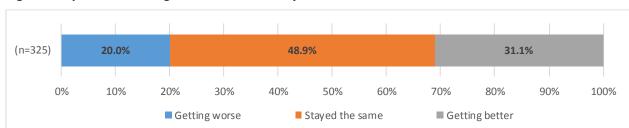
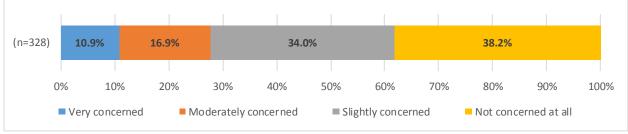


Figure 4: Opinion on Change of Kansas Economy

Question: Over the last 12 months, how would you say the Kansas economy has changed?





Question: How concerned are you that the Kansas economy will seriously threaten you or your family's welfare in the coming year?

More than three-fourths (77.4%) of respondents indicated they felt Kansas was on the "right track." Slightly more than twenty percent (22.6%) of respondents believe Kansas is on the "wrong track" (Figure 6).

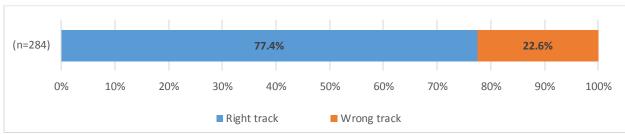


Figure 6: Opinion on if Kansas is on the Right or Wrong Track

Question: Generally speaking, do you think Kansas is on the right track or wrong track?

Respondents were asked if there had been changes in amount of taxes paid to the state. About seventy percent (70.7%) responded that the sales tax, property tax, and state income tax they paid had "Increased" as compared to two years ago, 22.1% said the amount "remained the same," and 7.2% said the amount "decreased" (Figure 7).

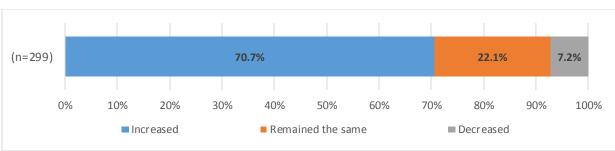


Figure 7: Change of Taxes Paid to the State

Question: Think about what you paid in sales tax, property tax, and state income tax together.

Compared to two years ago, has the amount you pay in state taxes increased, remained the same, or decreased?

When respondents were asked their preferences about state taxes and spending, 19.7% wanted to have higher taxes and spending, while 55.5% preferred lower taxes and spending. About twenty five percent (24.7%) would like to keep the current level of taxes and spending (Figure 8).

Among those respondents who preferred higher taxes and spending, 71.2% favored increasing income tax, 59.1% favored increasing sales tax, and 30.3% favored increasing property tax (Figure 9). In terms of their preferences for increased spending, almost all (98.5%)

of those respondents wanted to increase state education funding for grades kindergarten through high school. More than eighty percent of respondents supported increasing funding for roads and highways, state colleges and universities, and social services (Figure 10).

Among those who preferred lower taxes and spending, 69.7% favored decreasing property tax, 59.5% favored decreasing income tax, and 48.6% favored decreasing sales tax (Figure 11). In terms of preferences for decreased spending, 43.2% wanted to cut state education funding for state colleges and universities, 24.3% supported decreased state funding for roads and highways, and 15.1% supported cutting state funding for grades kindergarten through high school (Figure 12).

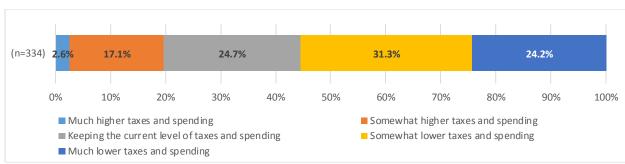


Figure 8: Belief about Kansas Government Taxes and Spending

Question: The Kansas government has to produce tax revenue for every dollar it spends. Some people would prefer the government to have lower taxes and less spending. Others favor higher taxes and more government spending. Which of the following do you favor?

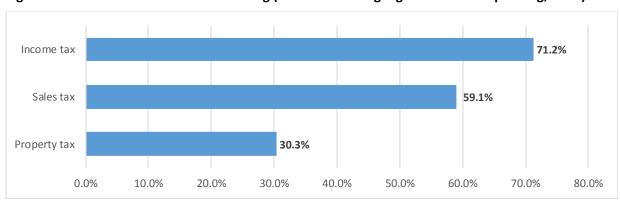
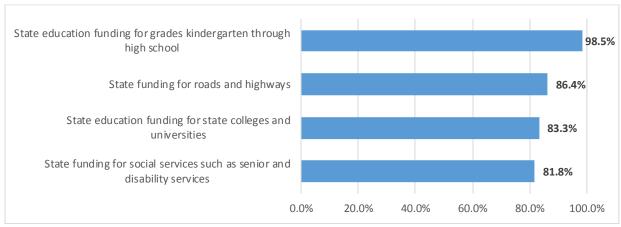


Figure 9: Taxes You Would Favor Increasing (of those favoring higher taxes and spending; n=66)

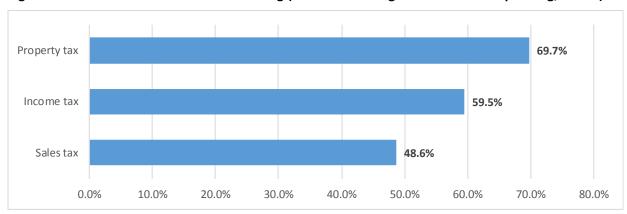
Question: Would you increase ?

Figure 10: Funding You Would Favor Increasing (of those favoring higher taxes and spending; n=66)



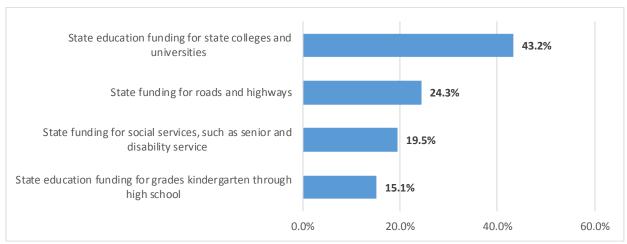
Question: Would you increase ____?

Figure 11: Taxes You Would Favor Decreasing (of those favoring lower taxes and spending; n=185)



Question: Would you decrease ____?

Figure 12: Funding You Would Favor Decreasing (of those favoring lower taxes and spending; n=185)



Question: Would you decrease____?

When given a few different alternative options that Kansas could use to increase revenue, respondents were asked about increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars, alcohol, and legalizing recreational marijuana to allow state taxation. Almost eighty percent (79.3%) of respondents at least "somewhat support" increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars. About two-thirds (68%) supported increasing taxes on alcohol. More than sixty percent (63.1%) supported legalizing recreational marijuana for individuals 21 and older to allow state taxation, and 25.8% opposed legalizing recreational marijuana (Figure 13).

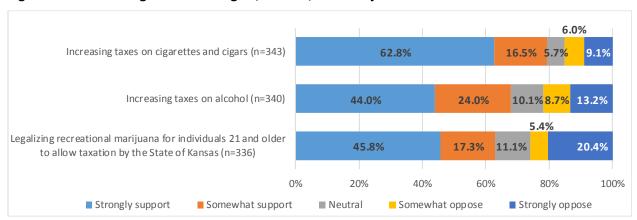


Figure 13: Taxes on Cigarettes and Cigars, Alcohol, and Marijuana

Question: There are other ways to increase the State of Kansas' revenue that would not include raising traditional taxes. Please tell me if you "Strongly Support", "Somewhat Support", "Neutral", "Somewhat Oppose", or "Strongly Oppose" the following alternative revenue sources: Increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars, increasing taxes on alcohol, legalizing recreational marijuana for individuals 21 and older to allow taxation by the State of Kansas.

Section 3: Government and Politicians

Respondents were asked about their satisfaction with important political figures or institutions. Satisfaction is highest with respect to Governor Laura Kelly, as 52.7% of respondents are satisfied with Governor Kelly. The Kansas Supreme Court received the second highest level of satisfaction, with 49.1% of respondents being satisfied with the Court. The U.S. Congress received the high level of dissatisfaction from respondents, with 17.4% being satisfied and 64.6% being dissatisfied. The satisfaction with President Trump was polarized, with 44.1% of respondents being satisfied and 44.3% being dissatisfied (Figure 14).

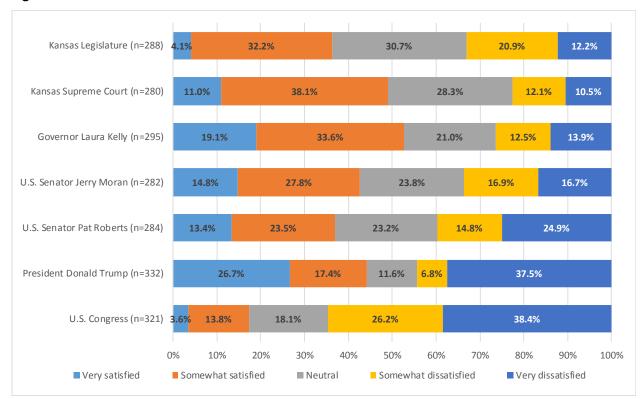


Figure 14: Satisfaction with the Overall Performance of Elected Officials

Question: How satisfied are you with the overall performance of the United States Congress? President Donald Trump? Kansas Supreme Court? Governor Laura Kelly? Senator Pat Roberts? Senator Jerry Moran? Kansas Legislature?

More than three-fourths of respondents said they voted in the 2018 Kansas election (Figure 15). Among those who voted, 58.7% indicated they voted for Laura Kelly and 31.1% voted for Kris Kobach (Figure 16).

23.1%

Pyes, I voted in the 2018 Kansas election

No, I did not vote in the 2018 Kansas election

Figure 15: Voter Turnout in the 2018 Governor Election (n=343)

Question: Did you vote in the 2018 Kansas election for governor?

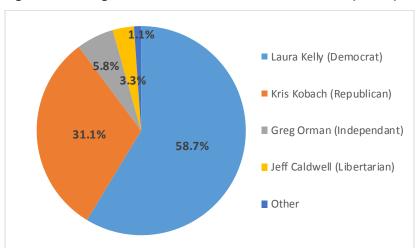


Figure 16: Voting Decision in the 2018 Governor Election (n=191)

Question: Do you mind telling me who you voted for in the 2018 Kansas election for governor?

Respondents were asked to use a 10-point scale to rate the five leading Democratic candidates in the U.S. presidential race. Bernie Sanders received the highest positive rating and also the highest negative rating, with 30.9% of respondents rating him positively and 50% rating him negatively. The ratings of Joe Biden and Elizabeth Warren were very close, with both receiving about 25% positive ratings and about 42% of negative ratings. However, Joe Biden received higher level of name recognition than Elizabeth Warren: 20.9% of respondents indicated that they were not aware of Warren or did not know her enough to rate, whereas 16.4% of respondents indicated so for Joe Biden. A large percentage (45.6%) of respondents did not know Pete Buttigieg at all or well enough to rate him (Figure 17).

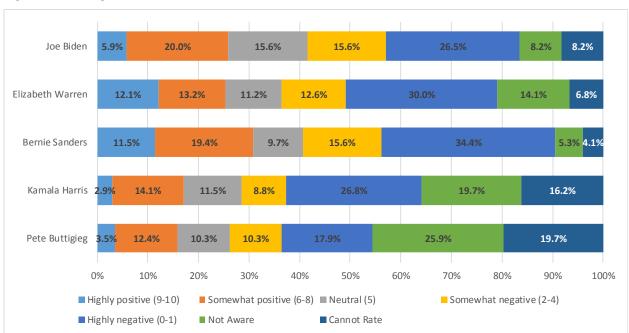


Figure 17: Rating of Democratic Candidates in the U.S. Presidential Race (n=340)

Question: Now we're going to ask your opinions about the five current leading Democratic candidates in the U.S. Presidential race. If you are not aware of a candidate, please say so, and if you do not know a candidate well enough to rate, please tell us you cannot rate. On a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral, and 10 meaning highly positive, please rate the following candidates.

Section 4: Public Policy Issues

When asked about the immigration zero tolerance policy, 55.8% of respondents supported prosecuting and deporting anyone who crosses the border illegally, 33.4% opposed it, and 10.8% were neutral (Figure 18).

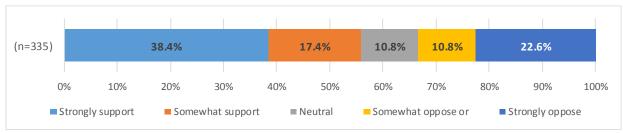


Figure 18: Opinion on Zero Tolerance Policy

Question: What is your opinion on President Trump's zero tolerance policy, which states that anyone who crosses the border illegally will be prosecuted and deported?

When asked about the Trump Administration's decision to raise tariffs on goods imported from China, 48.7% of respondents showed some levels of support, and 35.3% strongly or somewhat opposed the decision (Figure 19). More than forty percent (44.2%) of respondents were very or moderately concerned that the tariff increases on Chinese goods and trade disputes with other countries would affect them and their family financially, 24.1% were slightly concerned, and 31.7% were not concerned at all (Figure 20).

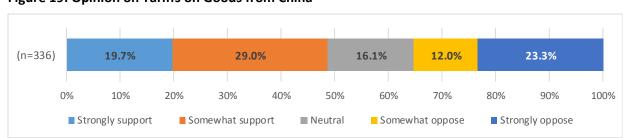
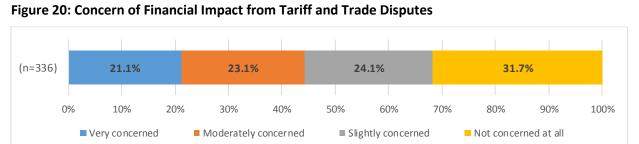


Figure 19: Opinion on Tariffs on Goods from China

Question: What is your opinion on the Trump Administration's decision to raise tariffs on goods imported from China?



Question: Are you concerned that the tariff increases on Chinese goods and trade disputes with other countries will affect you and your family financially?

When asked how much they think about it, 33.7% of respondents think "a great deal" or "a lot" about Medicaid expansion as a current political issue with the Kansas legislature. About forty percent (40.3%) of respondents thought "a little" or "not at all" of this issue (Figure 21).

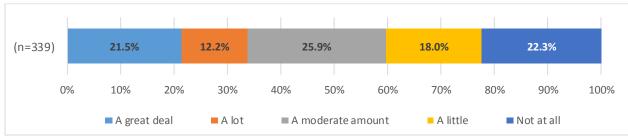


Figure 21: Thinking about Medicaid Expansion in Kansas

Question: Medicaid expansion is a current political issue with the Kansas Legislature. How much do you think about this issue?

Turning to opinions on expansion, about two-thirds (66.3%) of respondents strongly or somewhat agreed that expanding Medicaid would help rural Kansas hospital remain in business, and 60.5% strongly or somewhat agreed that the Kansans who might obtain health insurance from expanding Medicaid deserve this benefit from the state. More than sixty percent (62.1%) of respondents supported expanding Medicaid in Kansas (Figure 22).

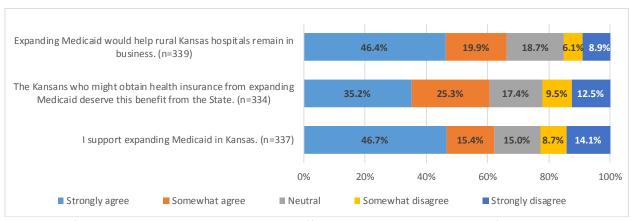


Figure 22: Opinions on Medicaid Expansion in Kansas

Question: If Kansas expands Medicaid under the Affordable Care Act, about 10% of the expansion would be paid by Kansas, and 90% by the federal government. Studies estimate that expanding Medicaid would provide health coverage to approximately 150,000 Kansans and financially benefit rural hospitals. Please tell me if you strongly agree, somewhat agree, are neutral, somewhat disagree or strongly disagree with the following statements.

About one-third (33.1%) of respondents strongly or somewhat supported Kansas using private prisons to house inmates. More than forty percent (42.4%) opposed it (Figure 23).

(n=327)11.4% 21.7% 24.5% 10.7% 31.7% 0% 10% 30% 50% 70% 20% 40% 60% 80% 90% 100% ■ Somewhat support Neutral Somewhat oppose Strongly support Strongly oppose

Figure 23: Opinion on Private Prisons in Kansas

Question: As you may have heard, Kansas is contracting with private prisons to house inmates due to the overcrowding problem in state-run prisons. Would you say that you strongly support, somewhat support, are neutral, somewhat oppose, or strongly oppose Kansas using private prisons to house inmates?

Respondents were asked about their opinions on a list of policies surrounding gun ownership. "Requiring background checks on all gun sales" received the highest level of support, with 88.1% of respondents strongly or somewhat supporting it. "Preventing sales of all firearms to people who have been reported as dangerous to law enforcement by a mental health provider" also received more than eighty percent support (85.5%). "Banning assault-style weapons" received the lowest level of support, with 51.8% of respondent expressing support and 41.8% expressing opposition (Figure 24).

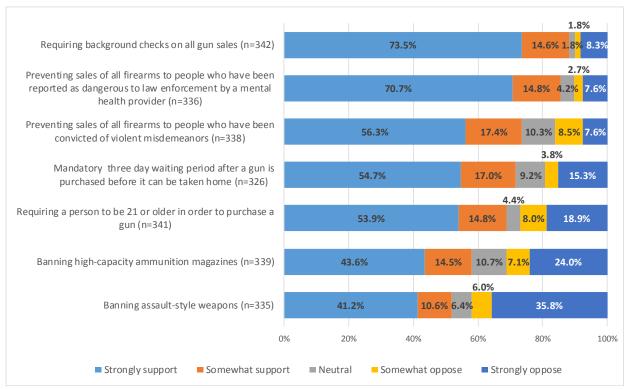


Figure 24: Opinion on Policies Surrounding Gun Ownership

Question: Using the same scale as above, how much do you support or oppose the following policies surrounding gun ownership?

Appendix A: County Population Distribution

	,	Study			Study
	Sample	Population		Sample	Population
County	(n=352)	(N=2,911,505)*	County	(n=352)	(N=2,911,505)*
Allen	0.85%	0.43%	Haskell	0.57%	0.14%
Anderson	0.28%	0.27%	Hodgeman	0.00%	0.06%
Atchison	0.28%	0.56%	Jackson	0.28%	0.46%
Barber	0.00%	0.15%	Jefferson	0.28%	0.65%
Barton	0.57%	0.90%	Jewell	0.28%	0.10%
Bourbon	1.14%	0.50%	Johnson	11.93%	20.52%
Brown	1.14%	0.33%	Kearny	0.28%	0.14%
Butler	4.26%	2.29%	Kingman	1.14%	0.25%
Chase	0.28%	0.09%	Kiowa	0.00%	0.09%
Chautauqua	0.85%	0.11%	Labette	0.28%	0.69%
Cherokee	0.00%	0.69%	Lane	0.28%	0.05%
Cheyenne	0.28%	0.09%	Leavenworth	0.85%	2.79%
Clark	0.28%	0.07%	Lincoln	0.28%	0.10%
Clay	0.28%	0.27%	Linn	0.57%	0.33%
Cloud	0.00%	0.30%	Logan	0.28%	0.10%
Coffey	0.85%	0.28%	Lyon	1.70%	1.15%
Comanche	0.85%	0.06%	McPherson	0.00%	0.98%
Cowley	0.28%	1.21%	Marion	0.57%	0.41%
Crawford	0.00%	1.34%	Marshall	0.57%	0.33%
Decatur	0.00%	0.10%	Meade	0.85%	0.14%
Dickinson	0.57%	0.64%	Miami	1.42%	1.16%
Doniphan	0.28%	0.26%	Mitchell	1.42%	0.21%
Douglas	1.99%	4.17%	Montgomery	0.00%	1.10%
Edwards	0.00%	0.10%	Morris	0.85%	0.19%
Elk	0.28%	0.09%	Morton	0.28%	0.09%
Ellis	1.99%	0.99%	Nemaha	0.00%	0.35%
Ellsworth	0.57%	0.21%	Neosho	0.85%	0.55%
Finney	1.42%	1.26%	Ness	0.00%	0.10%
Ford	1.70%	1.16%	Norton	0.57%	0.19%
Franklin	1.14%	0.88%	Osage	0.57%	0.55%
Geary	1.99%	1.12%	Osborne	1.70%	0.12%
Gove	0.28%	0.09%	Ottawa	0.00%	0.20%
Graham	0.00%	0.09%	Pawnee	0.85%	0.23%
Grant	0.28%	0.25%	Phillips	0.28%	0.18%
Gray	0.28%	0.21%	Pottawatomie	0.85%	0.83%
Greeley	0.00%	0.04%	Pratt	1.70%	0.32%
Greenwood	0.00%	0.21%	Rawlins	0.00%	0.09%
Hamilton	0.00%	0.09%	Reno	3.13%	2.14%
Harper	0.85%	0.19%	Republic	0.85%	0.16%
Harvey	0.00%	1.17%	Rice	0.57%	0.33%

Appendix A: County Population Distribution (cont.)

		Study
	Sample	Population
County	(n=352)	(N=2,911,505)*
Riley	1.14%	2.53%
Rooks	1.70%	0.17%
Rush	0.57%	0.11%
Russell	0.28%	0.24%
Saline	1.70%	1.87%
Scott	0.28%	0.17%
Sedgwick	15.91%	17.64%
Seward	0.28%	0.75%
Shawnee	4.83%	6.10%
Sheridan	0.28%	0.09%
Sherman	0.00%	0.20%
Smith	0.57%	0.12%
Stafford	1.70%	0.14%
Stanton	0.28%	0.07%
Stevens	0.00%	0.19%
Sumner	0.28%	0.79%
Thomas	0.28%	0.26%
Trego	0.00%	0.10%
Wabaunsee	0.00%	0.24%
Wallace	0.57%	0.05%
Washington	0.28%	0.19%
Wichita	0.28%	0.07%
Wilson	0.00%	0.30%
Woodson	0.28%	0.11%
Wyandotte	5.40%	5.68%

^{*}Source: the U.S. Census Bureau: 2018 Population Estimate Program

Appendix B: Age Distribution

	<u> </u>	
Age Group	Sample (n=352)	Study Population (2,911,505)*
18-24	2.8%	13.4%
25-34	8.0%	17.4%
35-44	13.4%	16.2%
45-54	15.3%	15.2%
55-64	17.3%	16.9%
65 and older	43.2%	21.0%

^{*}Source: the U.S. Census Bureau: 2018 Population Estimate Program

Appendix C: Weighted Demographic Characteristics of the Sample

S	ocial Indicators	Survey Sample	Study Population*
		(n=312)	
	Less than \$10,000	2.6%	5.79
	\$10,000-\$24,999	4.2%	14.09
	\$25,000- \$34,999	5.6%	10.09
Household Income	\$35,000-\$49,999	11.5%	14.59
	\$50,000-\$74,999	29.5%	19.39
	\$75,000-\$99,999	19.5%	12.99
	\$100,000-\$149,000	14%	14.19
	\$150,000 or more	13.1%	9.49
	1 - 3,3 - 3 - 3	(n=342)	
	Less Than High School	0.6%	9.49
Education	High School Diploma	11.6%	26.29
	Some College or associate's degree	45.3%	33.89
	Bachlor's Degree or higher	42.5%	30.69
	adding a page of mg.re.	(n=343)	55157
	18-24 Years Old	15.4%	13.49
	25-34 Years Old	15.1%	17.49
Age	35-44 Years Old	13.7%	16.29
7.65	45-54 Years Old	16%	15.29
	55-64 Years Old	15.8%	16.99
	65 Years and Older	24.1%	21.0
	00 100.000.000.	(n=343)	
Gender	Male	57.5%	49.40
	Female	42.5%	50.609
	- Cindio	(n=343)	30.00
Hispanic Origin		11.1%	11.50
		(n=335)	22.00
	White	87.5%	84.9
	Black or African American	1.5%	5.89
Race	Asian or Pacific Islander	0.6%	2.99
	American Indian or Alaska Native	1.2%	0.89
	Some other race alone	3.9%	2.29
	Two or more races	5.4%	3.49
	Two or more races	(n=335)	3.1.
	Strong Republican	15.7%	/
	Moderate Republican	12%	/
	Independent Leaning Republican	19.4%	/
Political Party Affiliation	Independent	22.7%	/
	Independent Leaning Democrat	13.4%	/
	Moderate Democrat	7.7%	/
	Strong Democrat	9.1%	/

^{*} Source: the U.S. Census Bureau. The information for age and gender was obtained from the 2018 Population Estimate Program. The information for other demographic characteristics was obtained from the 2017 American Community Survey.

Appendix D: Survey Instrument

Note: Regarding Q5 below, only options 0 to 6 are visible here. Survey answer options also included 7, 8, 9, and 10.

1779	
Qual	
Do you curre	ently reside in the state of Kansas?
1 ()	Yes
2 ()	No
88 🔘	DON'T KNOW
99 🔿	REFUSED
Page po	21
Q1	
In general, h	ow would you rate Kansas as a place to live?
READ OPTIO	ons
1 ()	Excellent
2 (Very good
3 ()	Good
4 0	
	Poor or
11 11000	Very poor
	DON'T KNOW
	REFUSED
99 ()	NEI OCE
Q2	
Generally sp	eaking, do you feel Kansas is on the right track or wrong track?
1 ()	Right track
2 (Wrong track
88 🔘	DON'T KNOW
99 🔘	REFUSED
Q3a	
	ow would you rate the Kansas economy? Would you say it is
1 ()	Excellent
	Very good
	Good
4 ()	
100	
	Poor or
	Very poor?
	DON'T KNOW
99 🔾	REFUSED
Q3b	
Over the last	t 12 months, how would you say the Kansas economy has changed? Would you say it is
1 ()	Getting worse
2 (Staying the same
	Getting better
	DON'T KNOW
	REFUSED
Q3c	
	ned are you that the Kansas economy will seriously threaten you or your family's well-being over the next year? Would you say
	Very concerned,
	Moderately concerned,
3 🔘	Slightly concerned, or
	Not concerned at all?
88 🔘	DON'T KNOW
99 🔘	REFUSED

0

Please indicate if you are "Very satisfied," "Somewhat satisfied," "Neutral," "Somewhat dissatisfied," or "Very dissatisfied" with the following public officials. First...

	1 Very satisfied	2 Somewhat satisfied	3 Neutral	4 Somewhat dissatisfied	5 Very dissatisfied	88 DON'T KNOW	99 REFUSED
.1 The Kansas Legislature in general?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.2 U.S. Senator Jerry Moran? Pronounced: More-Ran	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.3 U.S. Senator Pat Roberts?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.4 Governor Laura Kelly?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.5 President Donald Trump?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.6 The Kansas Supreme Court?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.7 The United States Congress in general?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Page pQ5

Q5

Now we're going to ask your opinions about the five current leading Democratic candidates in the U.S. Presidential race.

If you are not aware of a candidate, please say so, and if you do not know a candidate well enough to rate, please tell us you cannot rate.

On a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive, please rate the following candidates...

	0 0 (Highly Negative)	1 1	2 2	3 3	4 4	5 5 (Neutral)	6
.1 Joe Biden	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.2 Elizabeth Warren	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.3 Bernie Sanders	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.4 Kamala Harris (Pronounced Kah-Mah- Law)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.5 Pete Buttigleg (Pronounced Bood-deh- Jej)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Page pQ6

Q6

What is your opinion on President Trump's zero-tolerance policy, which states that anyone who crosses the border illegally will be prosecuted and deported. Would you say you...

- 1 O Strongly support
- 2 O Somewhat support

Q7								
What is your	opinion on the Ti	rump Administration's	decision to raise tariff	s on goods imported	from China? Would yo	u say you		
1 ()	Strongly suppo	ort						
2 🔾	Somewhat sup	port						
3 🔘	Neutral							
4 ()	Somewhat opp	oose or						
5 🔘	Strongly oppos	se						
88 🔘	DON'T KNOW							
99 🔘	REFUSED							
Q8								
Are you conc	erned that the ta	riff increases on Chin	ese goods and trade o	disputes with other co	untries will affect you a	and your family financi	ally? Would you say y	ou are
Read Option								
	Very concerne							
	Moderately co							
	Slightly concer							
	Not concerned							
	DON'T KNOW REFUSED							
Page pG	29							
Q9								
Medicaid exp	ansion is a curre	nt political issue with	the Kansas Legislatur	e. How much do you	think about this issue?	•		
Read option	S							
1 ()	A great deal							
2 (A lot							
3 (A moderate an	nount						
4 ()	A little							
5 🔘	Not at all							
88 🔘	DON'T KNOW							
99 🔘	REFUSED							
	- 02							
Page pC	210							
Q10 If Kansas exp	oands Medicaid ι	ınder the Affordable C	Care Act, about 10% o	f the expansion would	l be paid by Kansas, a	and 90% by the federal	government. Studies	estimate that
expanding M	edicaid would pro	ovide health coverage	to approximately 150	,000 Kansans and fin	ancially benefit rural h	ospitals. Please tell m	e if you strongly agre	e, somewhat agre
are neutral, s	omewhat disagre	ee or strongly disagre	e with the following sta	atements:				
		1 Strongly agree	2 Somewhat agree	3 Neutral	4 Somewhat disagree	5 Strongly disagree	88 DON'T KNOW	99 REFUSED
would hel	g Medicaid p rural Kansas remain in	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

0

0

0

0

0

.2 The Kansans who might obtain health insurance from expanding Medicaid deserve this benefit from the State.

3 O Neutral

4 O Somewhat oppose or 5 O Strongly oppose 88 O DON'T KNOW 99 O REFUSED

0

0

	1 Strongly agree	2 Somewhat agree	3 Neutral	4 Somewhat disagree	5 Strongly disagree	88 DON'T KNOW	99 REFUSED
.3 I support expanding Medicaid in Kansas.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Page pQ11

Q11

As you may have heard, Kansas is contracting with private prisons to house inmates due to the overcrowding problem in state-run prisons. Would you say that you strongly support, somewhat support, are neutral, somewhat oppose, or strongly oppose Kansas using private prisons to house inmates?

1	0	Strongly Support
---	---	------------------

2 O Somewhat Support

3 O Neutral

4 O Somewhat Oppose

5 O Strongly Oppose

88 O DON'T KNOW

99 O REFUSED

Page pQ12

Q12

	1 Strongly Support	2 Somewhat Support	3 Neutral	4 Somewhat Oppose	5 Strongly Oppose	88 DON'T KNOW	99 REFUSED
.1 Requiring background checks on all gun sales	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.2 Banning assault-style weapons	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.3 Banning high-capacity ammunition magazines	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.4 Preventing sales of all firearms to people who have been reported as dangerous to law enforcement by a mental health provider	Ó	0	0	0	0	0	0
.5 Requiring a person to be 21 or older in order to purchase a gun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.6 Preventing sales of all firearms to people who have been convicted of violent misdemeanors	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.7 Requiring a mandatory waiting period of three days after a gun is purchased before it can be taken home	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	1 Increased, 2 Remained the same, or 3 Decreased? 88 DON'T KNOW 99 REFUSED
	Q14 The Kansas government has to produce tax revenue for every dollar it spends. Some people would prefer the government to have lower taxes and less spending. Other favor hig taxes and more government spending. Which of the following do you favor?
	Much higher taxes and spending Somewhat higher taxes and spending Keeping the current level of taxes and spending Somewhat lower taxes and spending Much lower taxes and spending DON'T KNOW REFUSED
	Page pQ15a
	Q15a Would you increase?
	Select all that apply
1	READ OPTIONS 1
	Page pQ15b
	Q15b Would you increase?
	Select all that apply
,	READ OPTIONS 1
	Page pQ16a
	Q16a Would you decrease?
;	Select all that apply
1	READ OPTIONS 1

99 O REFUSED	/						
D DO401							
Page PQ16b							
Q16b Would you decrease?							
Select all that apply							
READ OPTIONS							
2 State education 3 State funding	on funding for grades on funding for state of for social services, s for roads and highwa	olleges and unive uch as senior and	rsities?				
Page pQ17 Q17 There are other ways to incre Neutral", "Somewhat Oppose					ease tell me if you "Stror	ngly Support", "Some	what Support", "are
	1 Strongly Support	2 Somewhat Support	3 Neutral	4 Somewhat Oppose	5 Strongly Oppose	88 DON'T KNOW	99 REFUSED
.1 Increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.2 Increasing taxes on alcohol	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.3 Legalizing recreational marijuana for individuals 21 and older to allow taxation by the State of Kansas	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Page pQ18a Q18a Did you vote in the 2018 Kans 1 Yes 2 No 88 DON'T KNOW 99 REFUSED		ior?					
Page pQ18b							
Q18b	out voted for in the 20	18 Kaneae alastic -	for governor?				
Do you mind telling me who y 1	remocrat) Republican) (<mark>Pronou</mark> Independant) (<mark>Prono</mark> Libertarian)	nced: (Co'-bawk) bunced: Ore-men)	ior governor?				

abc

0.9555	DON'T KNOW REFUSED
Page p0	219
Q19	
By your best	guess, where will you be in 5 years? Are you likely to
2 () 3 () 88 ()	Still be living in the same community you are in now Move to another location in Kansas Or relocate to a state other than Kansas? DON'T KNOW REFUSED
Q20 Do you cons	ider yourself a
	Strong Republican
	Moderate Republican
	Independent, Leaning Republican Independent
	Independent, Leaning Democrat
	Moderate Democrat
	Strong Democrat DON'T KNOW
	REFUSED
1 \(\) 2 \(\) 3 \(\) 4 \(\) 5 \(\) 6 \(\) 88 \(\)	Less than high school High school or equivalency Some college Associates or technical degree Bachelors degree Postgraduate Degree DON'T KNOW REFUSED
Q22	
	panic, Latino/a, or Spanish origin?
1 ()	Yes
	No
	DON'T KNOW REFUSED
69 (REFUSED
Q23 Which one o	r more of the following would you say is your race?
1 🔲	White
	Black or African American
	Asian or Pacific Islander American Indian or Alaska Native
	Other
	abc
,	DOLLIT KALOM
	DON'T KNOW REFUSED
33 [NEI GOLD

The Docking Institute of Public Affairs: Kansas Speaks Fall 2019

Q24

Was your total family income before taxes for last year ABOVE or BELOW \$50,000?

If ABOVE start at "OK - Was it at least \$50,000 but under \$75,000"

If <u>BELOW</u> ,	start with "OK - Was it "Less than \$10,000"
1 ()	OK - Was it Less than 10,000
2 🔾	At least 10,000 but under 25,000
3 🔘	At least 25,000 but under 35,000
4 🔾	At least 35,000 but under 50,000
5 🔾	OK - Was it at least 50,000 but under 75,000
6 🔾	At least 75,000 but under 100,000
7 (At least 100,000 but under 150,000
8 🔾	150,000 or more
88 🔾	DON'T KNOW
99 🔾	REFUSED
Q25	
What year we	ere you born?
1 ()	Year
	123
	120
88 🔘	DON'T KNOW
99 🔾	REFUSED
Q26	
	st question. Thank you for participating in this important research. Selective results are released to the media each year. Have a great rest of your da
HANG UP	
Was the resp	pondent a
1 ()	Male
2 (Female
88 🔘	Unsure

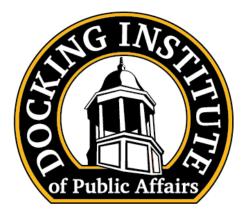


Kansas Speaks Fall 2018 Statewide Public Opinion Survey

Prepared For **The Citizens of Kansas**By

The Docking Institute of Public Affairs Fort Hays State University

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Mission:

To Facilitate Effective Public Policy Decision-Making.

The staff of the Docking Institute of Public Affairs and its University Center for Survey Research are dedicated to serving the people of Kansas and surrounding states.

Kansas Speaks Fall 2018



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Prepared For:

The Citizens of Kansas
In pursuit of
Fort Hays State University's Public Affairs Mission

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Executive Summary

The Docking Institute of Public Affairs at Fort Hays State University conducted the 2018 Kansas Speaks fall survey from August 22 to September 25, 2018. A random sample of adult residents of Kansas age 18 and older were surveyed by telephone to assess their attitudes and opinions regarding various issues of interest to Kansas citizens. The survey finds:

- 55% of respondents indicated Kansas was a "very good" or "excellent" place to live. 4% said Kansas was a "poor" or "very poor" place to live.
- 85% of respondents would be living in the same community they are now. 9% would relocate out of Kansas in five years. Older respondents were less likely to relocate than younger respondents.
- 15% of respondents felt the state economy was "very good" or "excellent." 11% felt the economy was "poor" or "very poor."
- 38% of respondents felt that the Kansas economy was getting better in the last 12 months, 45% felt that it stayed the same, and 17% felt it was getting worse. Republicans and male respondents were more likely to feel the economy was getting better.
- 17% of respondents were "very concerned" about the future economy threatening their families' welfare. 21% were "moderately concerned." 39% were "not concerned at all."
 Democrats, female respondents, and those with lower family incomes were more concerned.
- 58% of respondents felt Kansas was on the "right track." 42% felt Kansas was on the "wrong track." Republicans and those with lower educations had a more positive view.
- 47% of respondents supported cutting spending to balance the state budget. 17% supported increasing taxes, and 35% supported a combination of tax increases and lower spending. Republicans were more likely to support cutting spending, whereas Democrats were more likely to support increasing taxes.
- Among those in favor of tax increases and a combination of tax increases and lower spending, 53% favored increasing income tax, 37% favored increasing sales tax, and 19% favored increasing property tax.
- Among those in favor of lower spending and a combination of tax increases and lower spending, 15% favored decreasing spending for higher education, 11% favored decreasing spending on K-12 education, and 8% favored decreasing spending on roads and highways.
- When asked about preferences for various taxation categories, respondents were most
 in favor of raising taxes on large corporations and the top income earners. The vast
 majority were against raising taxes on small business and the middle class. Democrats
 and female respondents were more likely to favor increasing taxes on large corporations
 and top income earners than Republicans and male respondents. Strong Democrats
 were also more likely to support increasing taxes on small businesses.

- When asked to compare what they paid in sales tax, property tax, and state income tax with the amount they paid two years ago, 64% of respondents felt that their tax burden had increased as compared with two years ago, 25% felt no change, and 11% felt their tax burden had decreased.
- 72% of respondents "strongly support" or "somewhat support" increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars. Support was lower among those with lower educations as compared with those with higher educations.
- 66% of respondents "strongly support" or "somewhat support" increasing taxes on alcohol.
- 52% of respondents "strongly support" or "somewhat support" legalizing recreational marijuana for individuals 21 and older to allow taxation by the State of Kansas. 39% of respondents "somewhat oppose" or "strongly oppose." Support was higher among Democrats, male respondents, and younger people, as compared with Republicans, female respondents, and older people.
- 30% of respondents were satisfied with the state's actions in 2017 to increase state revenue through income tax increases, and 41% were unsatisfied. People with higher education showed higher levels of satisfaction.
- 53% of respondents were satisfied with the performance of the Kansas Supreme Court. More than 40% (lower than 50%) of respondents expressed some level of satisfaction with the performance of Governor Jeff Colyer, Senators Jerry Moran and Pat Roberts, and President Donald Trump. The U.S. Congress received the lowest level of satisfaction, with 19% being satisfied and 69% being dissatisfied. In general, Republicans were more likely to be satisfied than Democrats.
- Respondents were asked to rate President Donald Trump on 7 different areas. President Trump received high rating on economy and national security, but low rating on "sharing my values", "trustworthiness", and "international diplomacy." Ratings were generally higher among Republicans and those with lower educations.
- 51% of respondents were at least "somewhat uncomfortable" with the reported relationships between President Trump and the Russian government or Vladimir Putin. Republicans and male respondents were more likely to feel comfortable.
- When asked to rate a list of Kansas politicians, Laura Kelly received positive responses from 55% of respondents. Kris Kobach had positive responses from 37% of respondents and negative responses from 49% of respondents.
- 40% of respondents plan to vote for Laura Kelly in the 2018 gubernatorial election, 36% would vote for Kris Kobach, and 10% for Greg Orman.
- 28% of respondents supported repealing the Affordable Care Act even if it is not replaced. 35% supported the repeal only if replaced. 37% opposed repealing. Democrats and female respondents were more likely to oppose repealing.

- 53% of respondents supported the zero tolerance policy, which states that anyone who crosses the border illegally will be prosecuted and deported. 39% of respondents opposed it. The support level was higher among Republicans and male respondents.
- 46% of respondents supported Trump's Administration's decision to raise tariffs on goods imported from China, and 40% opposed the decision. In general, the support level was higher among Republicans, male respondents, and those with lower educations.
- 48% of respondents were "very" or "moderately concerned" that the tariff increases on Chinese goods and trade disputes with other countries would affect them and their families financially. 22% were "slightly concerned", and 31% were "not concerned at all". Democrats and female respondents were more likely to be "very" or "moderately concerned."
- 43% of respondents supported the Federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, and 33% opposed the act.
- 45% of respondents supported Brett Kavanaugh's nomination for the Supreme Court, 33% opposed the nomination, and 22% were neutral. The support level was higher among Republicans and male respondents.

Introduction and Methods

To assess attitudes and opinions of Kansans, the Docking Institute has surveyed a random sample of Kansas residents age 18 and older every year since 2009. For this year's survey, the Docking Institute purchased from Scientific Telephone Samples a random sample consisting of Kansas landline telephone numbers and cell phone numbers. Interviewers are highly-trained student researchers pursuing degrees at Fort Hays State University. From August 22 to September 25, a total of 2,188 Kansas residents were successfully contacted by telephone, and 494 of them completed the survey, resulting in a 22.6% response rate. The margin of error was 4.4% at the 95% confidence level. A margin of error of 4.4% means that there is a 95% probability that findings among the sample vary no more than +/- 4.4% from the value that would be found if all adult Kansas residents were surveyed, assuming no response bias.

The following analysis contains four sections:

- 1) Overall Quality of Life in Kansas. This section shows how Kansans generally feel about Kansas as a place to live.
- 2) **Taxes & Economy.** This section shows results on questions addressing various economic concerns to citizens and fair and effective personal and business taxation policies.
- 3) **Government and Politicians.** This section presents the results of citizens' ratings of the state government in general, state elected officials, and the U.S president.
- 4) **Public Policy Issues.** This section looks at citizens' opinions on a few national and state policies.

These sections present descriptive analyses of respondents' answers to each question. Except for the questions asking about respondents' demographic information, all of the survey questions are displayed verbatim under those graphs presenting descriptive analyses.

Section 1: Overall Quality of Life in Kansas

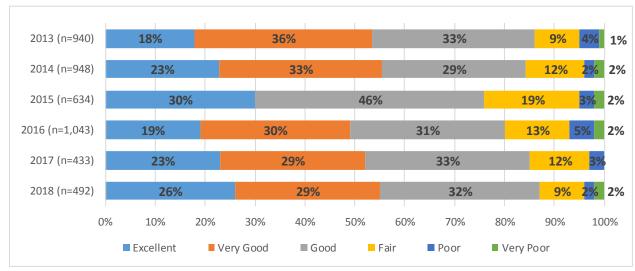


Figure 1: Rating of Kansas as a Place to Live

Question: In general, how would you rate Kansas as a place to live?

The percentage of Kansans who rate Kansas as an "excellent" or "very good" place to live has been increasing since 2015. This year, 55% indicated Kansas was a "very good" or "excellent" place to live, while only 4% said Kansas was a "poor" or "very poor" place to live (Figure 1). Republicans were more likely to rate Kansas as "excellent" or "very good." Democrats' rating was slightly lower, with a higher percentage of them saying "very good" and "good" (Appendix F: Figure F-1).

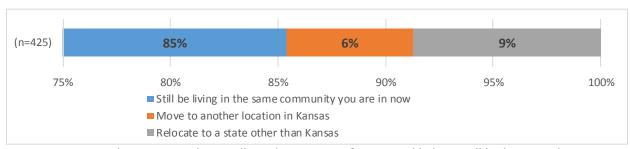


Figure 2: Residence in 5 Years

Question: By your best guess, where will you be in 5 years? Are you likely to still be living in the same community you are in now, move to another location in Kansas, or relocate to a state other than Kansas?

When asked where they will be in 5 years, 85% of respondents said they would be living in the same community that they live in now, 6% said they would be moving to another location in Kansas and 9% said they would relocate to a state other than Kansas (Figure 2). Older respondents were less likely to relocate than younger respondents (Appendix B: Figure B-5).

Section 2: Taxes and the Economy

2014 (n=924) **2%** 36% 35% 12% 12% 2015 (n=624) 32% 38% 17% 2016 (n=1,043) **1% 8%** 32% 32% 20% 8% 2017 (n=429) **2%** 38% 32% 15% 2018 (n=484) 1% 31% 43% 0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100% Excellent ■ Very Good ■ Good Fair Poor ■ Very Poor

Figure 3: Rating of Kansas Economy

Question: In general, how would you rate the Kansas economy?

When asked to rate the Kansas economy, 15% of respondents said they felt the state economy was "very good" or "excellent," while 11% indicated they felt the economy was "poor" or "very poor." Figure 3 shows that the percentage of Kansans saying the Kansas economy was "very good" or "excellent" had been increasing since 2015. Younger respondents were more likely to say the Kansas economy was "poor" or "very poor" (Appendix B: Figure B-1).

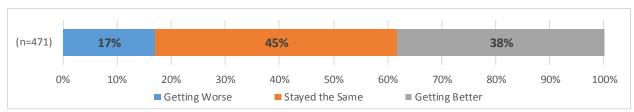


Figure 4: Opinion on Change of Kansas Economy

Question: Over the last 12 months, how would you say the Kansas economy has changed?

Almost forty percent (38%) of respondents felt that the Kansas economy was getting better, 45% felt that it stayed the same, and 17% felt that it was getting worse (Figure 4). Republicans were more likely to say the Kansas economy was getting better than Democrats (Appendix F: Figure F-3). Female respondents were more likely than male respondents to say the Kansas economy was getting worse (Appendix D: Figure D-1).

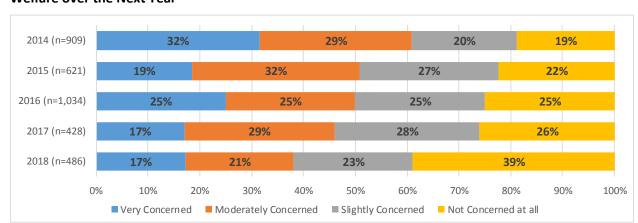


Figure 5: Level of Concern that the Kansas Economy Will Seriously Threaten Individuals' or Families' Welfare over the Next Year

Question: How concerned are you that the Kansas economy will seriously threaten you or your family's welfare in the coming year?

Resonating with respondents' rating of Kansas economy, fewer Kansans said they were "very concerned" or "moderately concerned" that the Kansas economy would seriously threaten individual or family welfare since 2014. In the 2018 survey, 38% of respondents said they were "very concerned" or "moderately concerned", and 39% said they were "not concerned at all" (Figure 5). Democrats, female respondents, and those with lower family incomes were more likely to be "very concerned" or "moderately concerned" (Appendix D: Figure D-2; Appendix E: Figure E-1; Appendix F: Figure F-4).

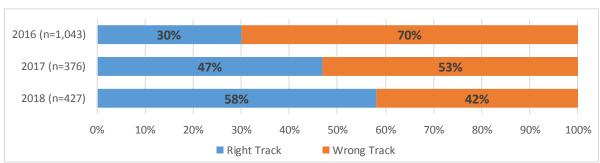
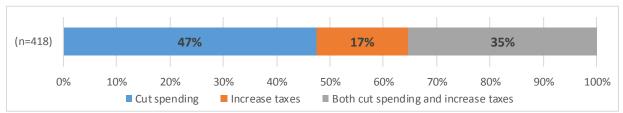


Figure 6: Opinion on if Kansas is on the Right or Wrong Track

Question: Generally speaking, do you think Kansas is on the right track or wrong track?

The percentage of Kansans who felt Kansas was on the "right track" had been increasing. In 2018, 58% of respondents indicated they felt Kansas was on the "right track", increasing from 30% in 2016 (Figure 6). Republicans and those respondents with lower education levels were more likely to feel Kansas was on the "right track" (Appendix C: Figure C-1; Appendix F: Figure F-2).

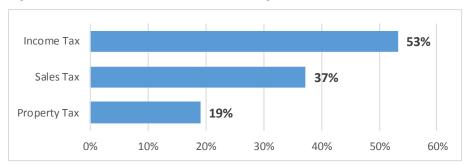
Figure 7: Belief about Kansas Government Taxes and Spending



Question: The state of Kansas cannot spend more money than it takes in, Kansas government is currently experiencing problems balancing the State budget. The problem can be solved by either cutting spending, increasing taxes, or both. Which of these alternatives do you prefer?

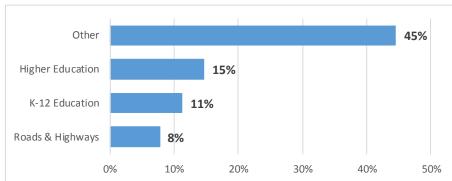
When respondents were asked their preferred method for filling budget deficits, 47% wanted to cut spending exclusively, while 17% wanted to increase taxes exclusively. Slightly over one-third (35%) favored a combination of tax increases and lower spending (Figure 7). Republicans were more likely to support cutting spending, whereas Democrats were more likely to support increasing taxes (Appendix F: Figure F-31).

Figure 8: Taxes You Would Favor Increasing (n=220)



Question: In which of the following areas would you favor increasing spending?

Figure 9: Areas to Decrease Spending (n=346)



Question: In which of the following areas would you favor decreasing spending?

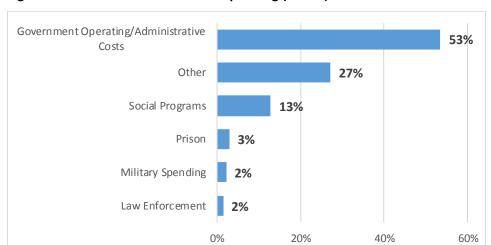


Figure 10: Other Areas to Decrease Spending (n=133)

Respondents who said they were in favor of tax increases or a combination of tax increases and lower spending were asked in which areas they would favor tax increases. More than half (53%) of respondents favored increasing income tax, while 19% favored increasing property tax (Figure 8).

Respondents who said they were in favor of lower spending or a combination of tax increase and lower spending were asked in which areas they would favor decreasing spending. Less than ten percent (8%) of respondents said they favored decreasing spending on roads and highways, and 15% favored decreasing spending on higher education (Figure 9). Almost half (45%) of respondents said "other", and the survey asked them to explain what they would like to cut. More than half (53%) of them favored cutting government operating or administrative costs, and 13% proposed cutting social programs (Figure 10).

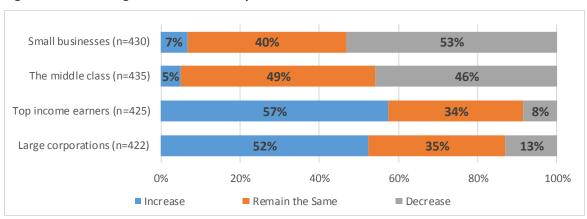


Figure 11: Tax Changes on Various Groups

Question: Now we have a few questions regarding your opinions on taxation and spending by the State of Kansas. I'm going to name four groups and ask you to tell me whether taxes on each group should be increased, remain the same, or decreased.

When asked about preferences for various taxation categories, respondents were most in favor of raising taxes on large corporations and top income earners. The vast majority were against raising taxes on small business and the middle class. Almost sixty percent (57%) of respondents said that taxes on top income earners should be increased, whereas 5% said taxes on the middle class should be increased (Figure 11). Democrats and female respondents were more likely to favor increasing taxes on large corporations and top income earners than Republicans and male respondents (Appendix F: Figures F-28, F-29; Appendix D: Figures D-16, D-17). Strong Democrats were also more likely to support increasing taxes on small businesses than Republicans (Appendix F: Figure F-30).

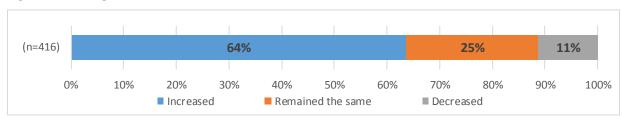


Figure 12: Change of Taxes Paid to the State

Question: Thinking about what you paid in sales tax, property tax, and state income tax together, compared to two years ago, has the amount you pay in state taxes increased, remained the same, or decreased?

Respondents were asked if there had been changes in amount of taxes paid to the state. Almost two-thirds (64%) responded that the sales tax, property tax, and state income tax they paid had "Increased" as compared to two years ago, 25% said the amount "remained the same," and 11% said the amount "decreased" (Figure 12).

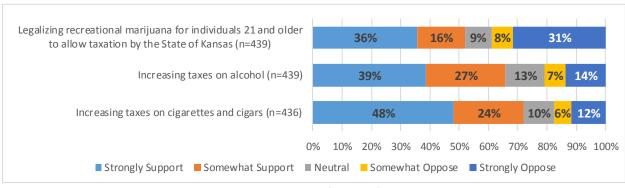


Figure 13: Taxes on Cigarettes and Cigars, Alcohol, and Marijuana

Question: There are other ways to increase the State of Kansas' revenue that would not include raising traditional taxes. Please tell me if you "Strongly Support", "Somewhat Support", "Neutral", "Somewhat Oppose", or "Strongly Oppose" the following alternative revenue sources: Increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars, increasing taxes on alcohol, legalizing recreational marijuana for individuals 21 and older to allow taxation by the State of Kansas.

When given a few different alternative options that Kansas could use to increase revenue, respondents were asked about increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars, alcohol, and legalizing recreational marijuana to allow state taxation. Almost three-fourths (72%) of respondents at least "somewhat support" increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars. About two-thirds (66%) supported increasing taxes on alcohol. A little over half (52%) supported legalizing recreational marijuana for individuals 21 and older to allow state taxation, and 39% opposed legalizing recreational marijuana (Figure 13). In general, people with lower educations were more likely to oppose increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars (Appendix C: Figure C-14) Legalizing recreational marijuana for individuals 21 and older received higher support among Democrats, male respondents and younger people (Appendix B: Figure B-2; Appendix D: Figure D-18; Appendix F: Figure F-32).

(n=451)24% 29% 19% 22% 6% 0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100% ■ Very Satisfied ■ Somewhat Satisfied Neutral Somewhat Unsatisfied ■ Very Unsatisfied

Figure 14: Satisfaction with the 2017 Kansas Legislature's Actions to Increase State Revenue through Income Tax Increases

Question: How satisfied are you with the Kansas Legislature's actions in the 2017 session to increase state revenue through tax increase?

When asked about satisfaction with the 2017 Kansas Legislature's Actions to increase state revenue through tax increases, 30% of respondents were satisfied with the state actions in 2017 to increase state revenue through income tax increase, and 41% were unsatisfied with the actions (Figure 14). In general, people with higher educations were more likely to be very or somewhat satisfied with the actions (Appendix C: Figure C-12).

Section 3: Government and Politicians

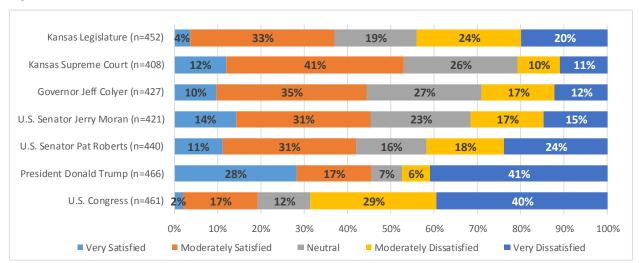


Figure 15: Satisfaction with the Overall Performance of Elected Officials

Question: How satisfied are you with the overall performance of the United States Congress? President Donald Trump? Kansas Supreme Court? Governor Sam Brownback? Senator Pat Roberts? Senator Jerry Moran? Kansas Legislature?

Respondents were asked about their satisfaction with important political figures or institutions. The Kansas Supreme Court yielded the highest satisfaction level, with 53% of respondents being satisfied with the Court. Senator Moran and President Trump had the second highest satisfaction levels, with 45% of respondents expressing some levels of satisfaction. President Trump also received high dissatisfaction; 47% of respondents were moderately or very dissatisfied with President Trump. The U.S. Congress received high levels of dissatisfaction from respondents, with 19% being satisfied and 69% being dissatisfied (Figure 15).

In general, Republicans showed higher levels of satisfaction toward the listed political figures and institutions than Democrats, except for the Kansas Supreme Court, toward which Republicans and Democrats showed no difference (Appendix F: Figures F-5, F-6, F-7, F-8, F-9, F-10). In general, President Trump received higher levels of dissatisfaction among female respondents and those with higher educations (Appendix D: Figure D-3). Male respondents were more likely than female respondents to be "very dissatisfied" with the Kansas Supreme Court (Appendix D: Figure D-4). In general, respondents with higher educations were less satisfied with Senator Pat Roberts, President Trump, and the U.S. Congress (Appendix C: Figures C-2, C-3, and C-4).

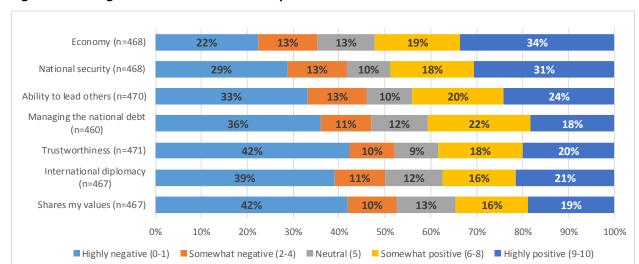


Figure 16: Ratings of President Donald Trump

Question: On a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive, please rate President Donald Trump on the following areas...

Respondents were asked to rate President Donald Trump on a 0-10 scale on a few different areas. President Trump received the highest positive rating on economy and national security, with close to or more than 50% of respondents selecting a rating above 5. "Shares my values" and "International diplomacy" received the lowest rating. About half of the respondents selected a rating below 5 for those two areas (Figure 16). Republicans' ratings were higher than Democrats' on all the areas (Appendix F: Figures F-11, F-12, F-13, F-14, F-15, F-16, and F-17). In general, people with lower educations tended to give higher ratings (Appendix C: Figures C-5, C-6, C-7, C-8, C-9, C-10, and C-11). Male respondents were more likely than female respondents to give positive ratings on the following areas: ability to lead others, national security, economy, and international diplomacy (Appendix D: Figures D-5, D-6, D-7, and D-8).

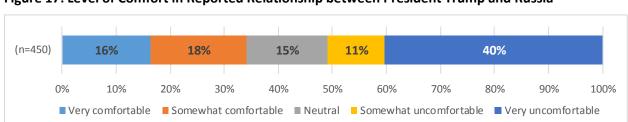


Figure 17: Level of Comfort in Reported Relationship between President Trump and Russia

Question: Based on what you have read and heard in the media, how comfortable are you with President Trump's reported relationships with President Vladimir Putin and the Russian government?

Respondents were asked their level of comfort regarding media reports of President Trump's reported relationship with Russian President Vladimir Putin and the Russian government. About half (51%) were at least "somewhat uncomfortable", while 34% were at least "somewhat comfortable" with the reported relationships (Figure 17). Republicans and

male respondents were more likely to feel comfortable with the reported relationship than Democrats and female respondents (Appendix D: Figure D-10; Appendix F: Figure F-22).

93% (n=444)**7**% 0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100% Voted Did not vote

Figure 18: Voter Turnout in the 2016 Presidential Election

Question: Did you vote in the 2016 presidential election?

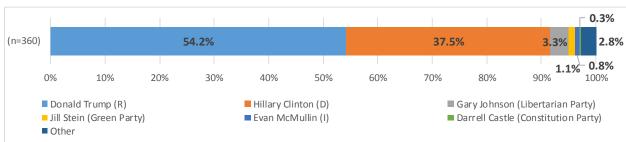


Figure 19: Voting Decision in the 2016 Presidential Election

Question: Do you mind telling me who you voted for in the 2016 presidential election?

Only 7% of respondents said they did not vote in the 2016 presidential election (Figure 18). Among those who voted, 54% voted for Donald Trump, and 38% voted for Hillary Clinton (Figure 19). Older respondents were more likely to vote than younger respondents (Appendix B: Figure B-3). Donald Trump received very high support from Republicans and male voters, and Hillary Clinton received very high support from Democrats and female voters (Appendix D: Figure D-19; Appendix F: Figure F-33).

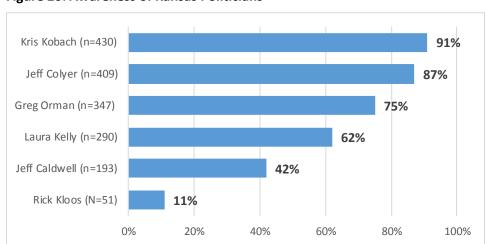


Figure 20: Awareness of Kansas Politicians

Question: Please tell me if you have heard of any of the following Kansas Politicians?

Respondents were asked if they had heard of some Kansas politicians. These politicians were specifically identified as potential gubernatorial candidates in 2018. Kansas Secretary of State and Republican nominee, Kris Kobach, received the highest recognition with 91% of respondents saying they had heard of Kris Kobach. More than sixty percent (62%) of respondents had heard of the Democrat nominee, Laura Kelly, and 75% had heard of Greg Orman, the independent candidate (Figure 20).

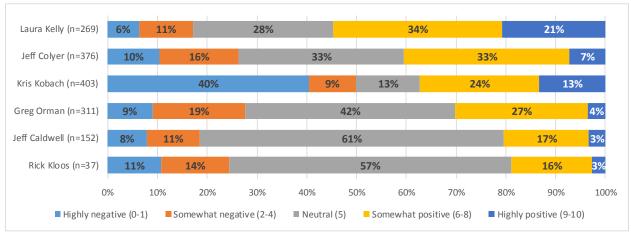


Figure 21: Rating Kansas Politicians

Question: Please rate the following Kansas politicians on a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive.

Respondents were asked to use a 10-point scale to rate some Kansas politicians. More than 50% of respondents had a positive response to Laura Kelly, 28% had a neutral response, and 17% had a negative response. Kris Kobach had the highest negative response, with 49% of respondents giving a negative rating, and 37% had a positive response toward him. A large percentage of respondents (42%) felt neutral toward Greg Orman (Figure 21). Republicans were more likely to have a positive response to Kris Kobach and Jeff Colyer (Appendix F: Figures F-18, F-19). Democrats were more likely to have a positive response to Laura Kelly (Appendix F: Figure F-20).

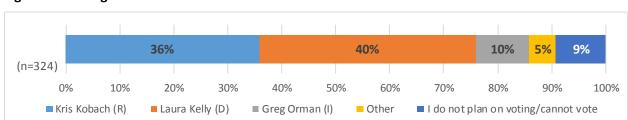


Figure 22: Voting Plan in the 2018 Gubernatorial Election

Question: Who do you plan on voting for governor in 2018?

When asked who they plan to vote for in the 2018 gubernatorial election, 40% of respondents said Laura Kelly. Kris Kobach followed Kelly closely, with 36% of respondents

planning to vote for him. Greg Orman received 10% of support (Figure 22). In general, strong Republicans, male respondents, and those with lower educations were more likely to vote for Kris Kobach. Democrats, female respondents, and those with higher educations in general were more likely to vote for Laura Kelly. Greg Orman received higher support from independent voters and independent voters leaning Republican (Appendix C: Figure C-16; Appendix D: Figure D-21; Appendix F: Figure F-35).

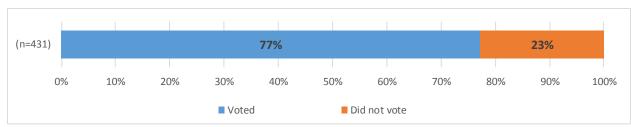


Figure 23: Voter Turnout in the 2014 Gubernatorial Election

Question: Did you vote in the 2014 Kansas election for governor?

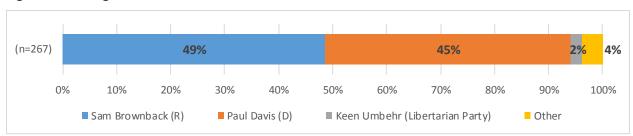


Figure 24: Voting Decision in the 2014 Gubernatorial Election

Question: Do you mind telling me who you voted for in the 2014 Kansas election for governor?

More than twenty percent (23%) of respondents did not vote in the 2014 gubernatorial election (Figure 23). Among those who voted, 49% voted for Sam Brownback, 45% voted for Paul Davis, and 2% voted for Keen Umbehr (Figure 24). Older respondents were more likely to vote than younger respondents (Appendix B: Figure B-4). Republicans and male voters were more likely to vote for Sam Brownback, and Democrats and female voters were more likely to vote for Paul Davis (Appendix D: Figure D-20; Appendix F: Figure F-34). People with college degrees were more likely to vote for Paul Davis (Appendix C: Figure C-15).

Section 4: Public Policy Issues

(n=437)28% 35% 37% 10% 20% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100% ■ I support the repeal even if not replaced ■ I support the repeal only if replaced ■ I oppose repealing

Figure 25: Opinion on Efforts to Repeal the Affordable Care Act/Obamacare

Question: Please tell us your opinion on the recent efforts to repeal the Affordable Care Act also known as Obamacare.

Respondents were asked to give their opinions on the recent efforts to repeal the Affordable Care Act/Obamacare. More than one-fourth (28%) of respondents "support repeal even if not replaced," 35% of respondents "support the repeal only if replaced", and 37% "oppose repealing" (Figure 25). Republicans and male respondents were more likely to support appealing, and Democrats and female respondents were more likely to oppose repealing (Appendix D: Figure D-9; Appendix F: Figure F-21).

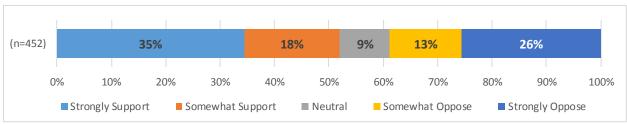


Figure 26: Opinion on Zero Tolerance Policy

Question: What is your opinion on President Trump's zero tolerance policy, which states that anyone who crosses the border illegally will be prosecuted and deported?

When asked about the zero tolerance policy, 53% of respondents supported prosecuting and deporting anyone who crosses the border illegally, 39% opposed it, and 9% were neutral (Figure 26). The support level was higher among Republicans and male respondents (Appendix D: Figure D-11; Appendix F: Figure F-23).

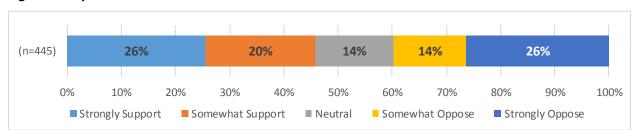


Figure 27: Opinion on Tariffs on Goods from China

Question: What is your opinion on the Trump Administration's decision to raise tariffs on goods imported from China?

When asked about the Trump Administration's decision to raise tariffs on goods imported from China, 46% of respondents showed some levels of support, and 40% strongly or somewhat opposed the decision (Figure 27). In general, the decision received higher levels of support among Republicans, male respondents, and those with lower educations (Appendix C: Figure C-13; Appendix D: Figure D-12; Appendix F: Figure F-24).

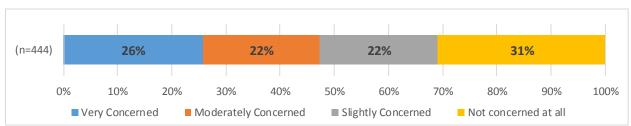


Figure 28: Concern of Financial Impact from Tariff and Trade Disputes

Question: Are you concerned that the tariff increases on Chinese goods and trade disputes with other countries will affect you and your family financially?

Respondents were asked if they were concerned that the tariff increases on Chinese goods and trade disputes with other countries would affect them and their family financially. Almost half (48%) of respondents were very or moderately concerned, 22% were slightly concerned, and 31% were not concerned at all (Figure 28). Democrats and female respondents were more likely to be very or moderately concerned than Republicans and male respondents (Appendix D: Figure D-13; Appendix F: Figure F-25).

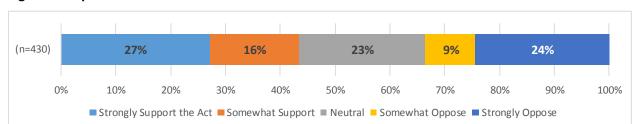


Figure 29: Opinion on the Federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act

Question: In December 2017 President Trump signed the Federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act into law. Would you say you strongly support the Act, somewhat support, neutral, somewhat oppose, or strongly oppose?

More than forty percent (43%) of respondents strongly or somewhat supported the Federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, which was signed into law in December 2017, 33% opposed the act, and 23% were neutral (Figure 29). In general, Democrats and female respondents were more likely to oppose the act than Republicans and male respondents (Appendix D: Figure D-14; Appendix F: Figure F-26).

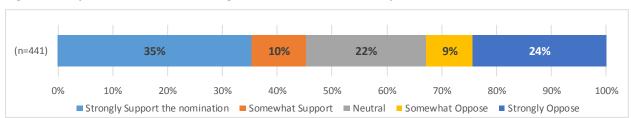


Figure 30: Opinion on Brett Kavanaugh's Nomination for the Supreme Court

Question: President Trump nominated Brett Kavanaugh to replace Justice Kennedy on the Supreme Court. Would you say you strongly support the nomination, somewhat support, neutral, somewhat oppose, or strongly oppose?

Regarding Brett Kavanaugh's nomination for the Supreme Court, 45% of respondents said they strongly or somewhat supported the nomination, 33% opposed the nomination, and 22% were neutral (Figure 30). The support level was higher among Republicans and male respondents, as compared with Democrats and female respondents (Appendix D: Figure D15; Appendix F: Figure F-27).

Appendix A: Demographic Characteristics of the Sample

S	ocial Indicators	Survey Sample	Study Population*
		(n=395)	
	Less than \$10,000	1.5%	5.7%
	\$10,000-\$24,999	9.4%	14.0%
	\$25,000- \$34,999	10.6%	10.0%
Household Income	\$35,000-\$49,999	13.9%	14.5%
	\$50,000-\$74,999	18.7%	19.3%
	\$75,000-\$99,999	20.5%	12.9%
	\$100,000-\$149,000	12.9%	14.1%
	\$150,000 or more	12.4%	9.4%
		(n=444)	
	Less Than High School	0.9%	9.4%
Education	High School Diploma	15.5%	26.2%
	Some College or associate's degree	30.4%	33.8%
	Bachelor's Degree or higher	53.1%	30.6%
		(n=434)	
	18-29 Years Old	5.3%	6.3%
Age	30-39 Years Old	7.1%	20.1%
	40-49 Years Old	9.9%	21.5%
	50-59 Years Old	16.0%	22.1%
	60-64 Years Old	9.5%	8.5%
	65 Years and Older	40.1%	21.5%
		(n=427)	
	Strong Republican	19.4%	/
	Moderate Republican	19.4%	/
Political Party Affiliation	Independent Leaning Republican	13.6%	/
Political Party Amiliation	Independent	15.7%	/
	Independent Leaning Democrat	11.0%	/
	Moderate Democrat	9.4%	/
	Strong Democrat	11.5%	/

^{*} Source: U.S. Census Bureau 2017 Population Estimates

Appendix B: Cross-tabulation Analyses by Age

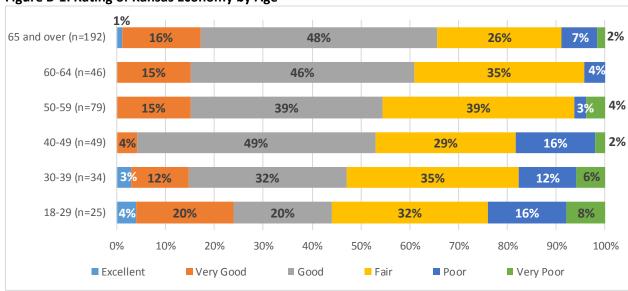


Figure B-1: Rating of Kansas Economy by Age

Question: In general, how would you rate the Kansas economy?

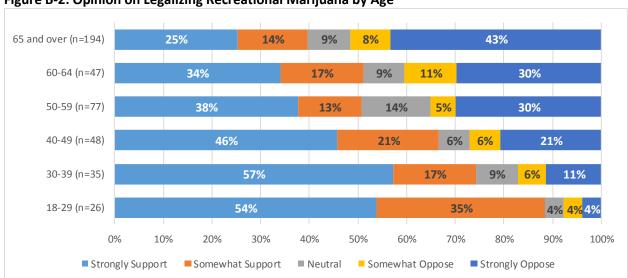


Figure B-2: Opinion on Legalizing Recreational Marijuana by Age

Question: There are other ways to increase the State of Kansas' revenue that would not include raising traditional taxes. Please tell me if you "Strongly Support", "Somewhat Support", "Neutral", "Somewhat Oppose", or "Strongly Oppose" the following alternative revenue sources: Increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars, increasing taxes on alcohol, legalizing recreational marijuana for individuals 21 and older to allow taxation by the State of Kansas.

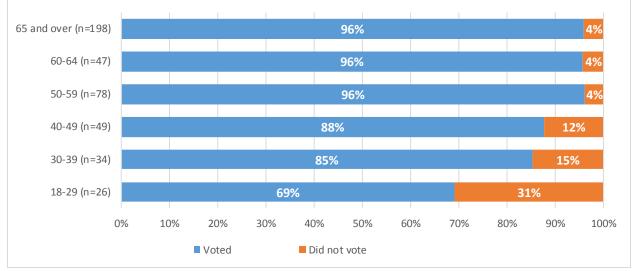
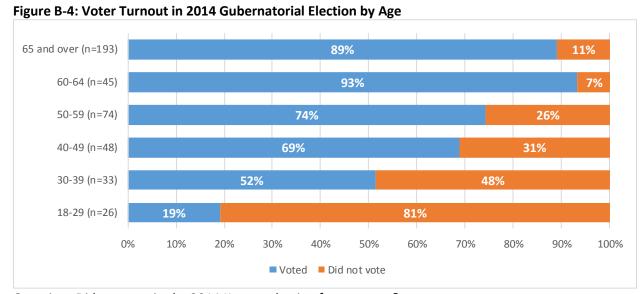


Figure B-3: Voter Turnout in 2016 Presidential Election by Age

Question: Did you vote in the 2016 presidential election?



Question: Did you vote in the 2014 Kansas election for governor?

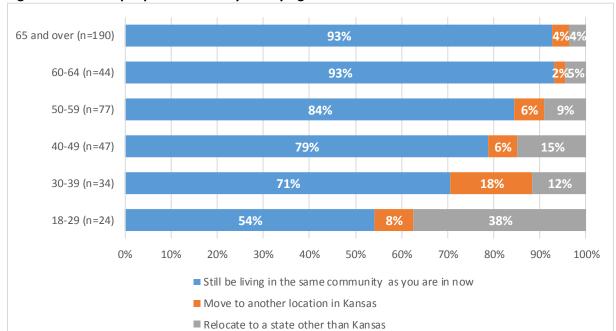


Figure B-5: Where people will be in 5 years by Age

Question: By your best guess, where will you be in 5 years?

Appendix C: Cross-tabulation Analyses by Education

Postgraduate Degree (n=108) 57% Bachelors degree (n=97) 60% 40% Associates or Technical degree (n=46) Some college (n=71) 66% High school diploma or equivalency (n=62) 65% Less than high school (n=4) 100% 0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100% ■ Right Track ■ Wrong Track

Figure C-1: Opinion on if Kansas is on the Right or Wrong Track by Education

Question: Generally speaking, do you feel Kansas is on the right track or wrong track?

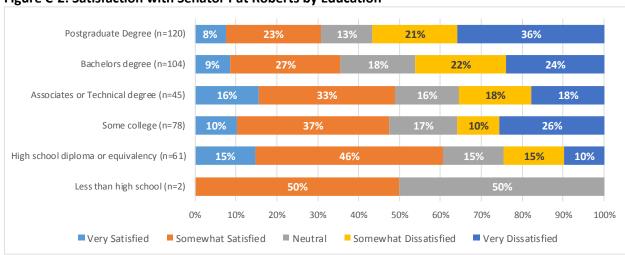


Figure C-2: Satisfaction with Senator Pat Roberts by Education

Question: How satisfied are you with the overall performance of U.S. Senator Pat Roberts?

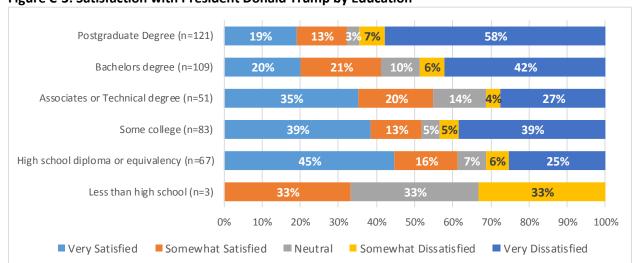


Figure C-3: Satisfaction with President Donald Trump by Education

Question: How satisfied are you with the overall performance of President Donald Trump?

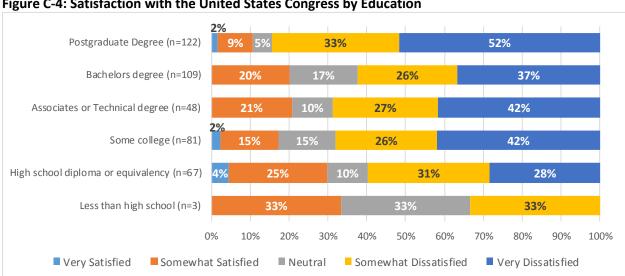


Figure C-4: Satisfaction with the United States Congress by Education

Question: How satisfied are you with the overall performance of The United States Congress in general?

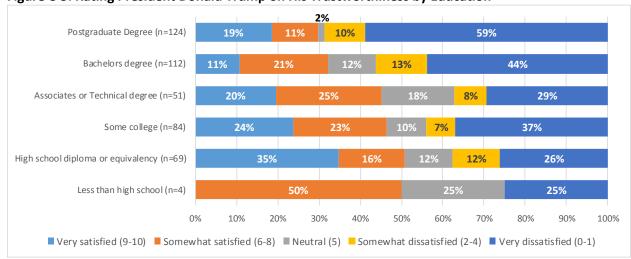


Figure C-5: Rating President Donald Trump on His Trustworthiness by Education

Question: On a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive, please rate President Donald Trump on the following areas: Trustworthiness?

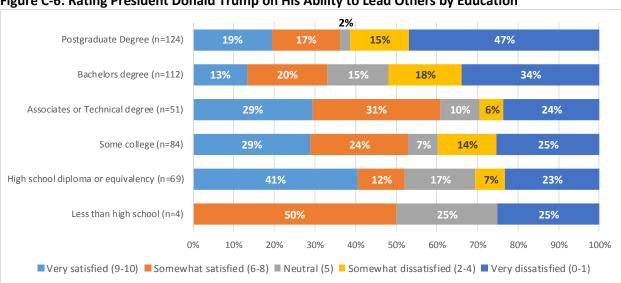


Figure C-6: Rating President Donald Trump on His Ability to Lead Others by Education

Question: On a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive, please rate President Donald Trump on the following areas: Ability to lead others?

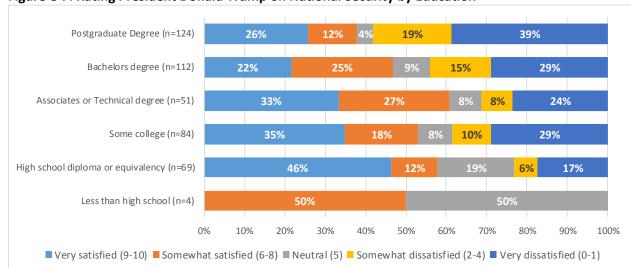
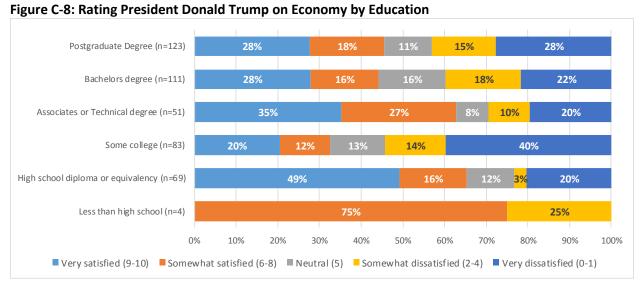


Figure C-7: Rating President Donald Trump on National Security by Education

Question: On a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive, please rate President Donald Trump on the following areas: National security?



Question: On a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive, please rate President Donald Trump on the following areas: The economy?

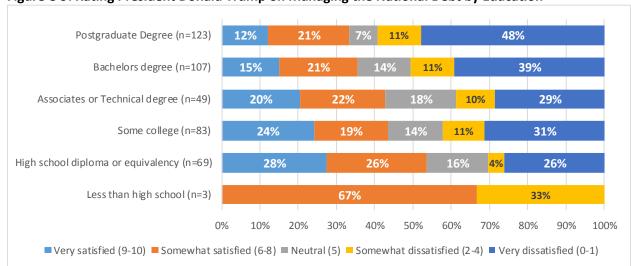
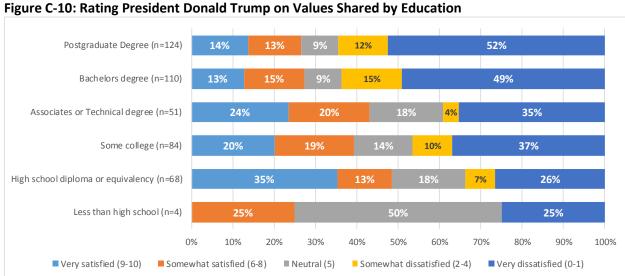


Figure C-9: Rating President Donald Trump on Managing the National Debt by Education

Question: On a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive, please rate President Donald Trump on the following areas: Managing the national debt?



Question: On a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning

highly positive, please rate President Donald Trump on the following areas: Shares my values?

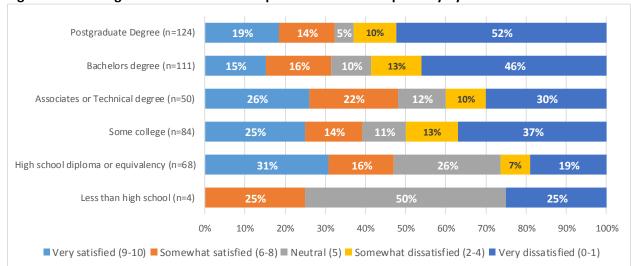


Figure C-11: Rating President Donald Trump on International Diplomacy by Education

Question: On a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive, please rate President Donald Trump on the following areas: International diplomacy?

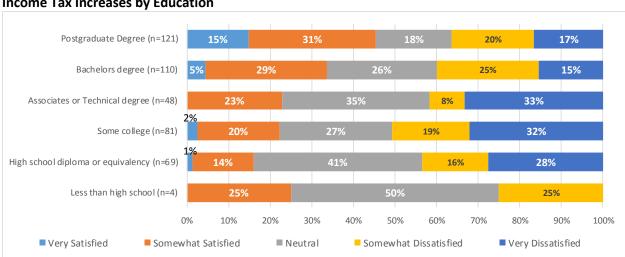


Figure C-12: Satisfaction with the Kansas Legislature's Action to Increase State Revenue through Income Tax Increases by Education

Question: How satisfied are you with the Kansas Legislature's actions in the 2017 session to increase state revenue through income tax increases?

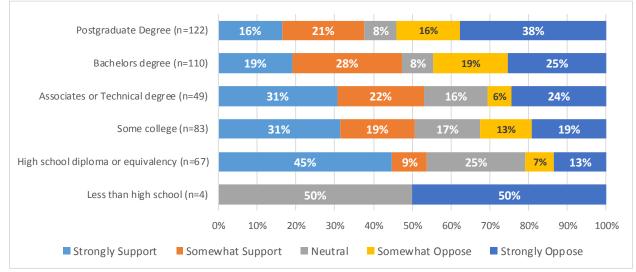


Figure C-13: Opinion on Tariffs on Goods from China by Education

Question: What is your opinion on the Trump Administration's decision to raise tariffs on goods imported from China?

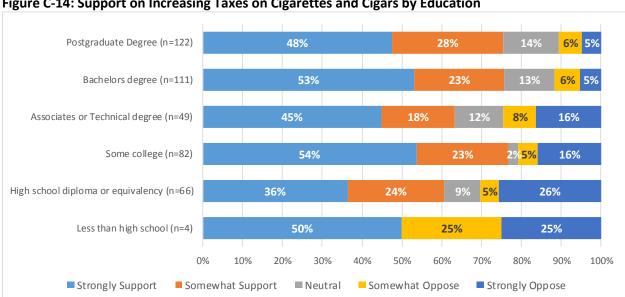


Figure C-14: Support on Increasing Taxes on Cigarettes and Cigars by Education

Question: There are other ways to increase the State of Kansas' revenue that would not include raising traditional taxes. Please tell me if you "Strongly Support", "Somewhat Support", "Neutral", "Somewhat Oppose", or "Strongly Oppose" the following alternative revenue sources: Increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars.

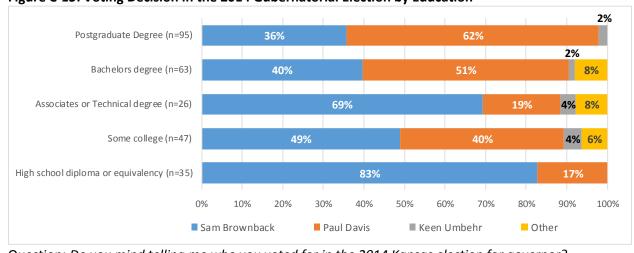
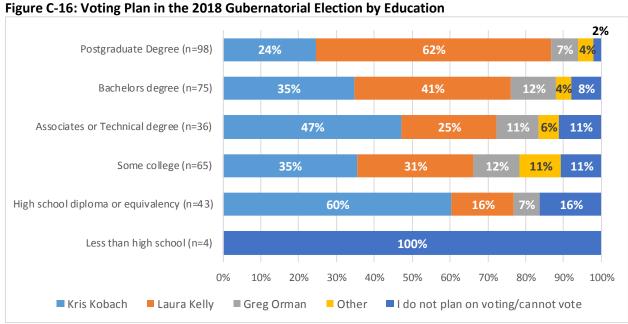


Figure C-15: Voting Decision in the 2014 Gubernatorial Election by Education

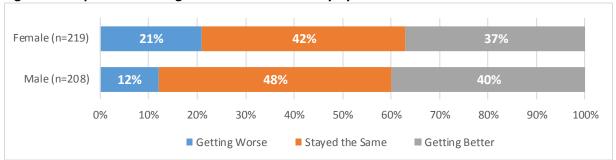
Question: Do you mind telling me who you voted for in the 2014 Kansas election for governor?



Question: Who do you plan on voting for governor in 2018?

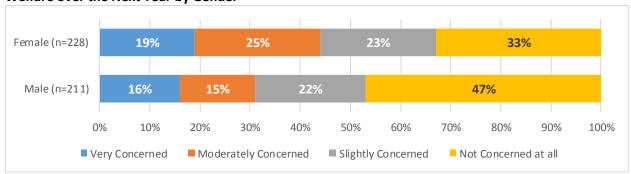
Appendix D: Cross-tabulation Analyses by Gender

Figure D-1: Opinion on Change of the Kansas Economy by Gender



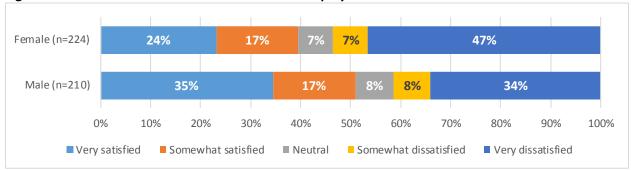
Question: Over the last 12 months, how would you say the Kansas economy has changed?

Figure D-2: Level of Concern that the Kansas Economy Will Seriously Threaten Individuals' or Families' Welfare over the Next Year by Gender



Question: How concerned are you that the Kansas economy will seriously threaten you or your family's welfare in the coming year?

Figure D-3: Satisfaction with President Donald Trump by Gender



Question: How satisfied are you with the overall performance of President Donald Trump?

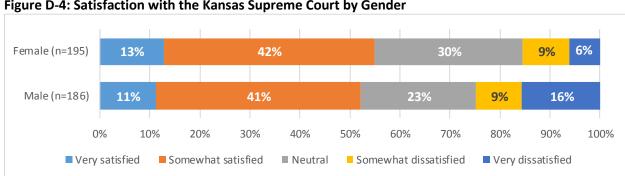


Figure D-4: Satisfaction with the Kansas Supreme Court by Gender

Question: How satisfied are you with the overall performance of Kansas Supreme Court?

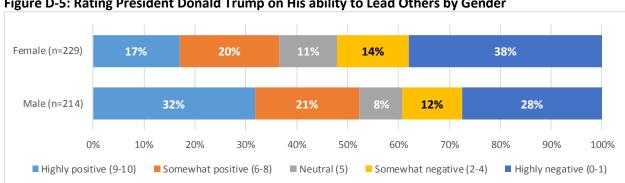


Figure D-5: Rating President Donald Trump on His ability to Lead Others by Gender

Question: On a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive, please rate President Donald Trump on the following areas: Ability to lead others.

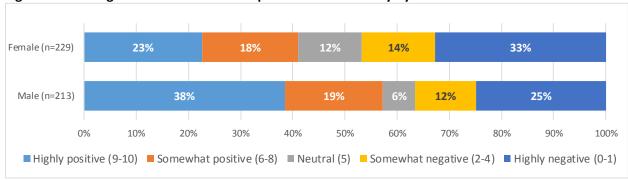


Figure D-6: Rating President Donald Trump on National Security by Gender

Question: On a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive, please rate President Donald Trump on the following areas: National Security.

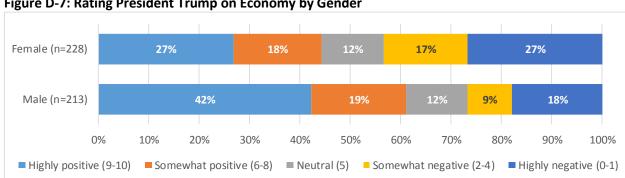


Figure D-7: Rating President Trump on Economy by Gender

Question: On a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive, please rate President Donald Trump on the following areas: The economy.

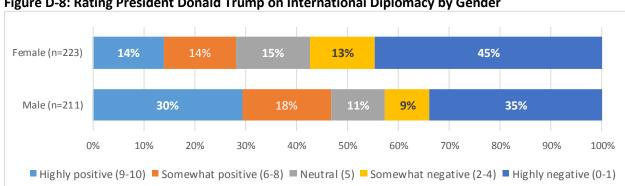


Figure D-8: Rating President Donald Trump on International Diplomacy by Gender

Question: On a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive, please rate President Donald Trump on the following areas: International Diplomacy.

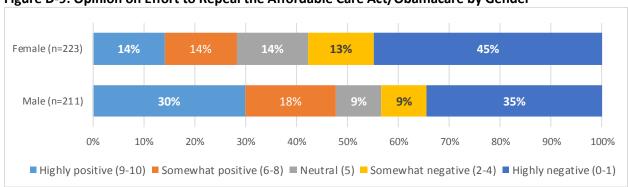
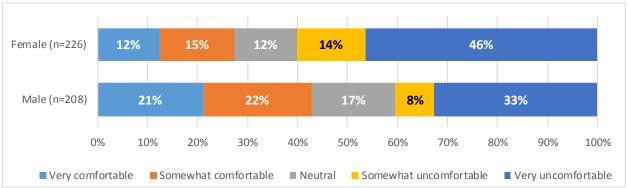


Figure D-9: Opinion on Effort to Repeal the Affordable Care Act/Obamacare by Gender

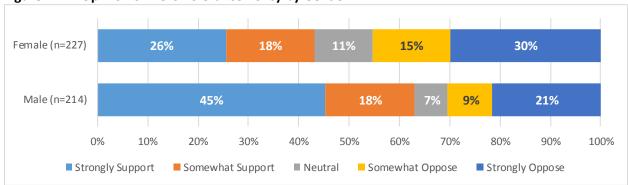
Question: Please tell us your opinion on the recent efforts at the federal level to repeal the Affordable Care Act also known as Obamacare?

Figure D-10: Level of Comfort in Reported Relationship between President Trump and Russia by Gender



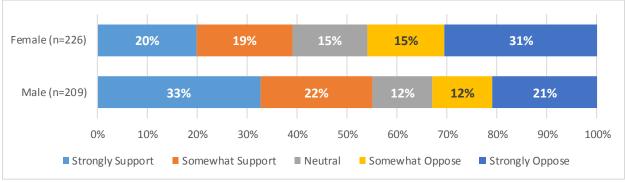
Question: Based on what you have read and heard in the media, how comfortable are you with President Trump's reported relationships with President Vladimir Putin and the Russian Government?

Figure D-11: Opinion on Zero Tolerance Policy by Gender



Question: What is your opinion on President Trump's zero tolerance policy, which states that anyone who crosses the border illegally will be prosecuted and deported?

Figure D-12: Opinion on Tariffs on Goods from China by Gender



Question: What is your opinion on the Trump Administration's decision to raise tariffs on goods imported from China?

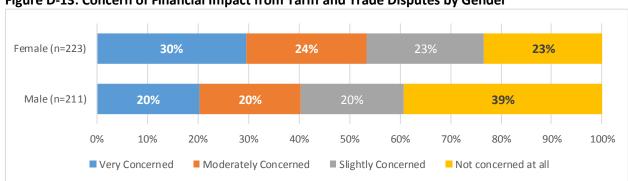


Figure D-13: Concern of Financial Impact from Tariff and Trade Disputes by Gender

Question: Are you concerned that the tariff increases on Chinese goods and trade disputes with other countries will affect you and your family financially?

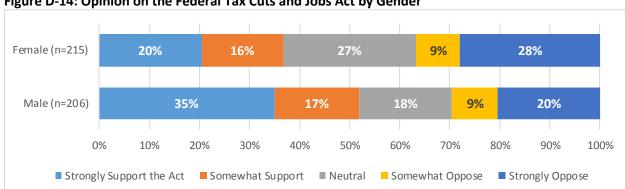


Figure D-14: Opinion on the Federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act by Gender

Question: In December 2017 President Trump signed the Federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act into law. Would you say you strongly support the Act, somewhat support, neutral, somewhat oppose, or strongly oppose?

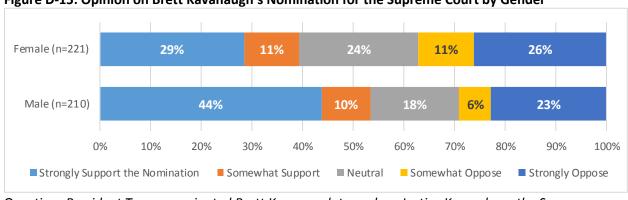


Figure D-15: Opinion on Brett Kavanaugh's Nomination for the Supreme Court by Gender

Question: President Trump nominated Brett Kavanaugh to replace Justice Kennedy on the Supreme Court. Would you say you strongly support the nomination, somewhat support, neutral, somewhat oppose, or strongly oppose?

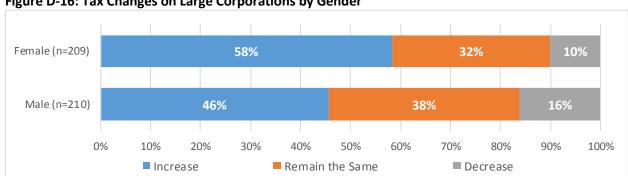


Figure D-16: Tax Changes on Large Corporations by Gender

Question: Now we have a few questions regarding your opinions on taxation and spending by the State of Kansas. I'm going to name four groups and ask you to tell me whether taxes on each group should be increased, remain the same, or decreased: large corporations?

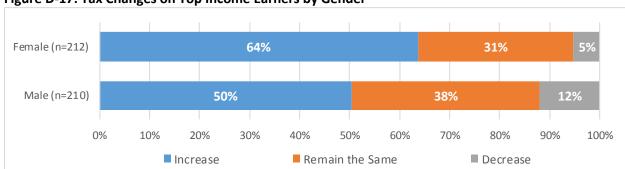


Figure D-17: Tax Changes on Top Income Earners by Gender

Question: Now we have a few questions regarding your opinions on taxation and spending by the State of Kansas. I'm going to name four groups and ask you to tell me whether taxes on each group should be increased, remain the same, or decreased: top income earners?

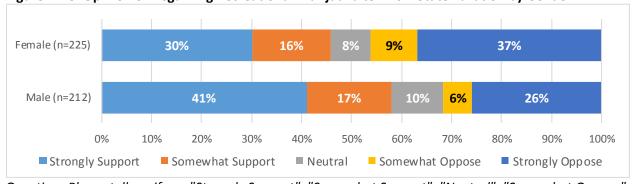


Figure D-18: Opinion on Legalizing Recreational Marijuana to Allow State Taxation by Gender

Question: Please tell me if you "Strongly Support", "Somewhat Support", "Neutral", "Somewhat Oppose", or "Strongly Oppose" the following alternative revenue sources: legalizing recreational marijuana for individuals 21 and older to allow taxation by the State of Kansas.

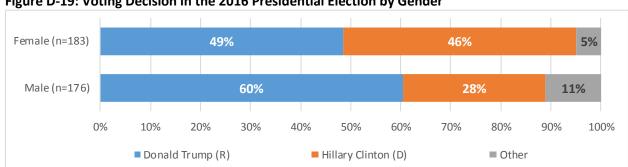
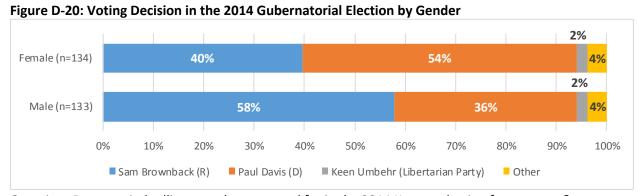


Figure D-19: Voting Decision in the 2016 Presidential Election by Gender

Question: Do you mind telling me who you voted for in the 2016 presidential election?



Question: Do you mind telling me who you voted for in the 2014 Kansas election for governor?

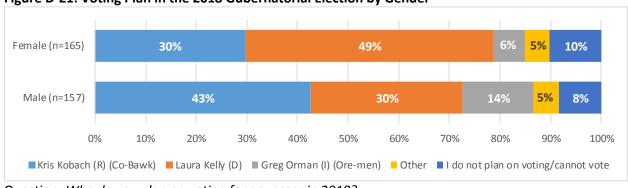
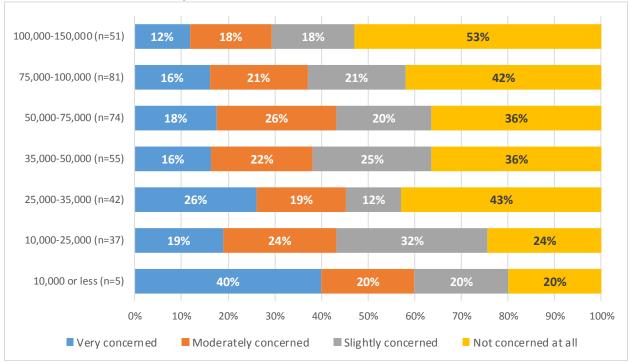


Figure D-21: Voting Plan in the 2018 Gubernatorial Election by Gender

Question: Who do you plan on voting for governor in 2018?

Appendix E: Cross-tabulation Analysis by Income

Figure E-1: Level of Concern that the Kansas Economy Will Seriously Threaten Individuals' or Families' Welfare over the Next Year by Income



Question: How concerned are you that the Kansas economy will seriously threaten you or your family's well-being over the next year?

Appendix F: Cross-tabulation Analysis by Party

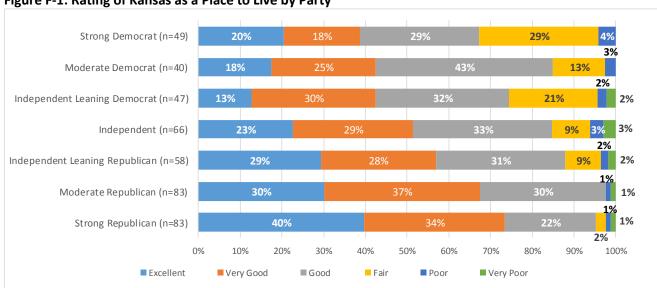


Figure F-1: Rating of Kansas as a Place to Live by Party

Question: In general, how would you rate Kansas as a place to live?

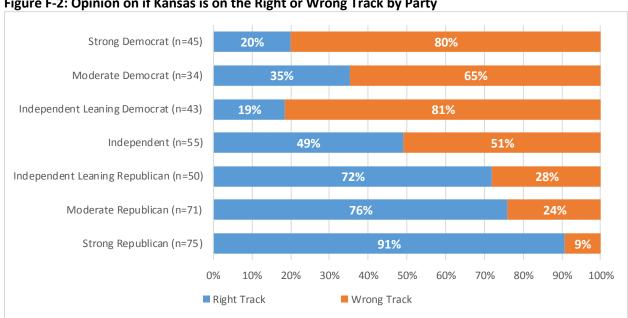


Figure F-2: Opinion on if Kansas is on the Right or Wrong Track by Party

Question: Generally speaking, do you feel Kansas is on the right track or wrong track?

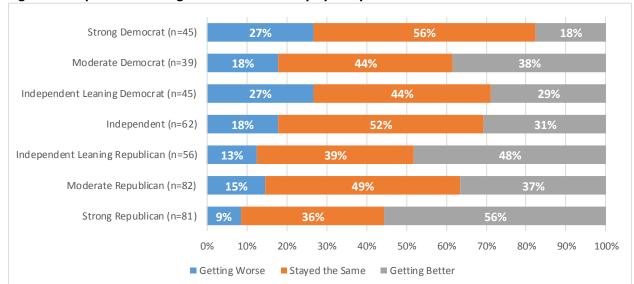
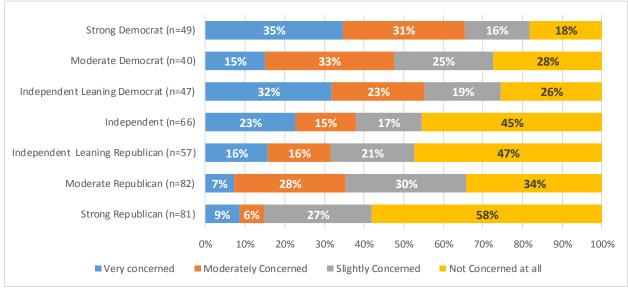


Figure F-3: Opinion on Change of Kansas Economy by Party

Question: Over the last 12 months, how would you say the Kansas economy has changed?





Question: How concerned are you that the Kansas economy will seriously threaten you or your family's well-being over the next year?

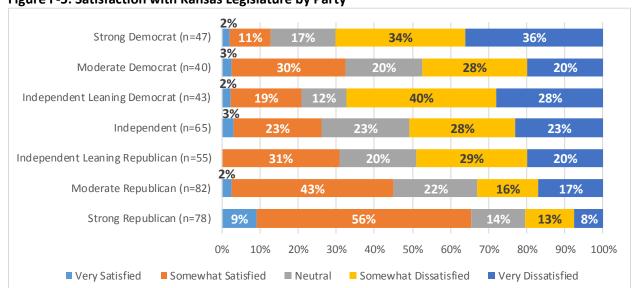


Figure F-5: Satisfaction with Kansas Legislature by Party

Question: How satisfied are you with the overall performance of the Kansas Legislature in general?

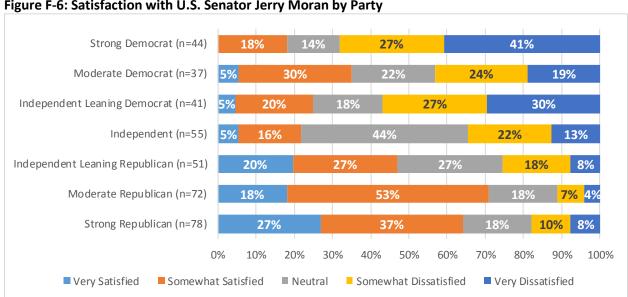


Figure F-6: Satisfaction with U.S. Senator Jerry Moran by Party

Question: How satisfied are you with the overall performance of U.S. Senator Jerry Moran?

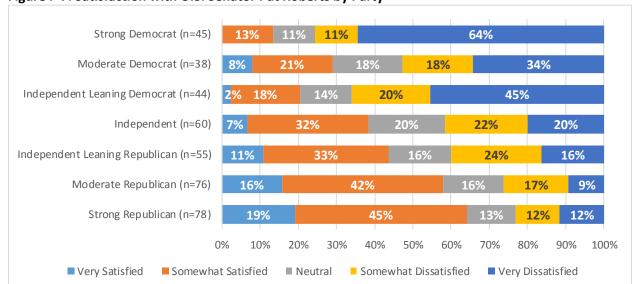
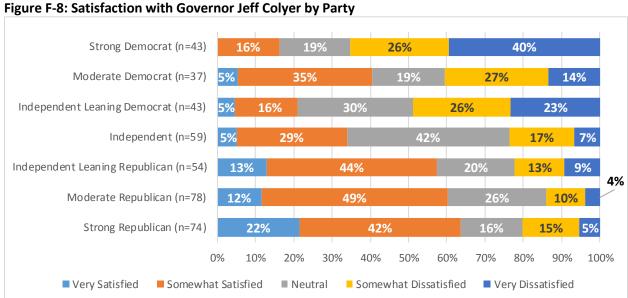


Figure F-7: Satisfaction with U.S. Senator Pat Roberts by Party

Question: How satisfied are you with the overall performance of U.S. Senator Pat Roberts?



Question: How satisfied are you with the overall performance of Governor Jeff Colyer?

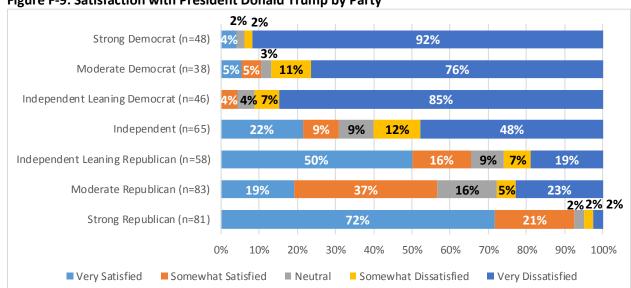
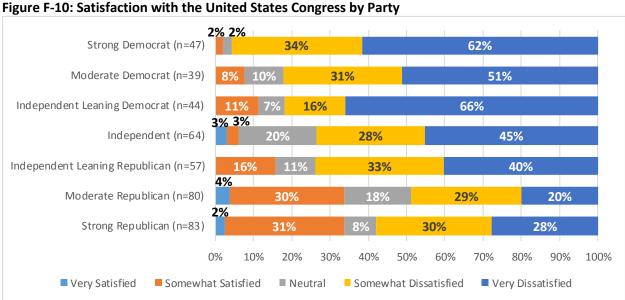


Figure F-9: Satisfaction with President Donald Trump by Party

Question: How satisfied are you with the overall performance of President Donald Trump?



Question: How satisfied are you with the overall performance of The United States Congress in general?

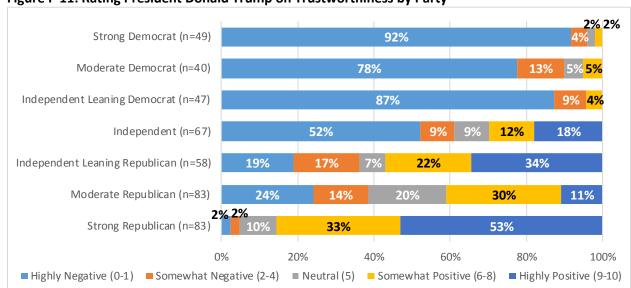


Figure F-11: Rating President Donald Trump on Trustworthiness by Party

Question: On a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive, please rate President Donald Trump on the following areas: Trustworthiness.

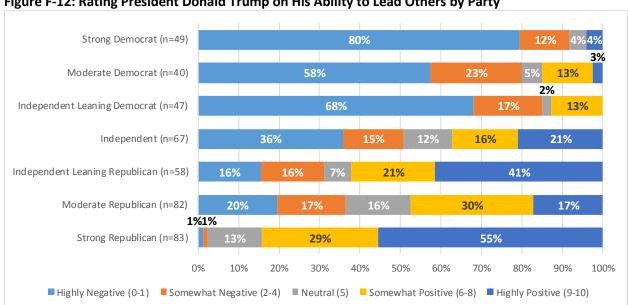


Figure F-12: Rating President Donald Trump on His Ability to Lead Others by Party

Question: On a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive, please rate President Donald Trump on the following areas: Ability to lead others.

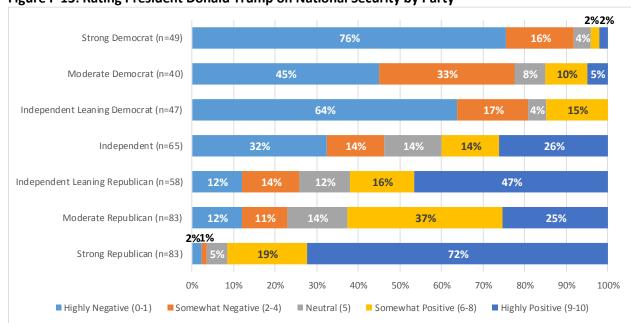
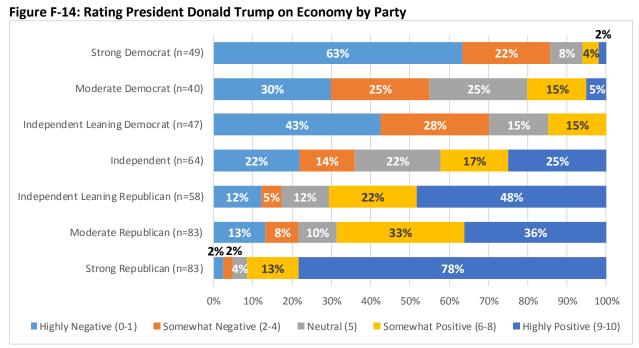


Figure F-13: Rating President Donald Trump on National Security by Party

Question: On a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive, please rate President Donald Trump on the following areas: National Security.



Question: On a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive, please rate President Donald Trump on the following areas: The economy.

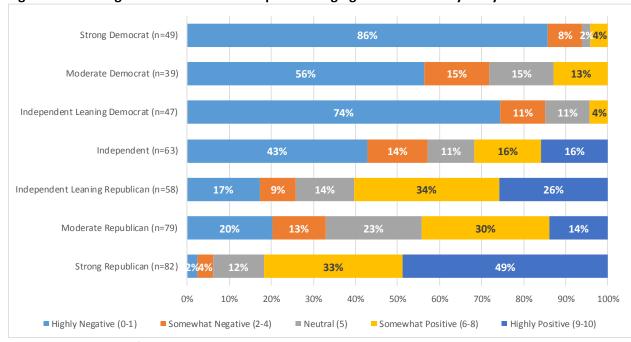
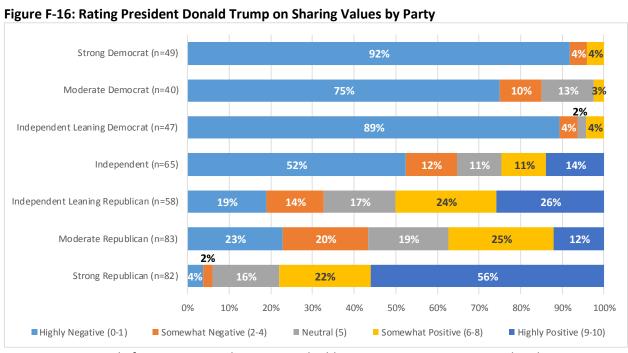


Figure F-15: Rating President Donald Trump on Managing National Debt by Party

Question: On a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive, please rate President Donald Trump on the following areas: Managing the national debt.



Question: On a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive, please rate President Donald Trump on the following areas: Shares my values.

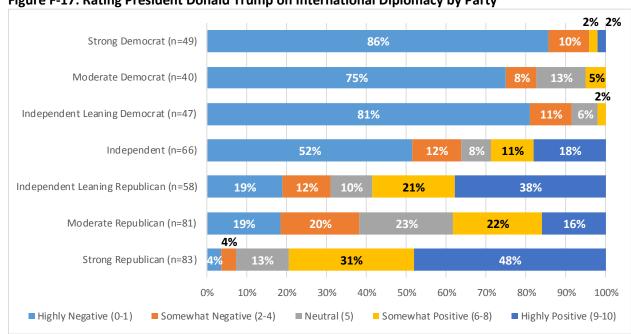
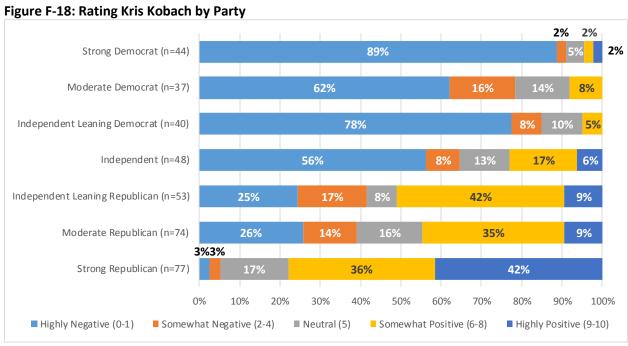


Figure F-17: Rating President Donald Trump on International Diplomacy by Party

Question: On a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive, please rate President Donald Trump on the following areas: International diplomacy.



Question: Please rate the following Kansas politicians on a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive: Kris Kobach.

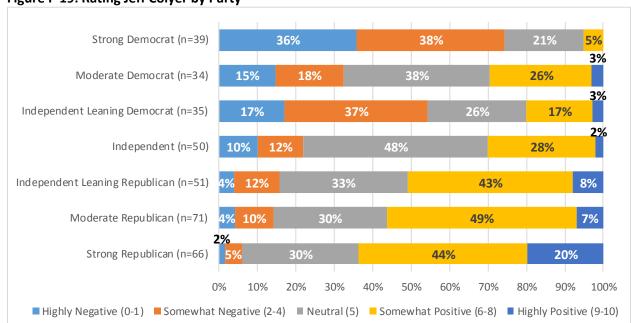
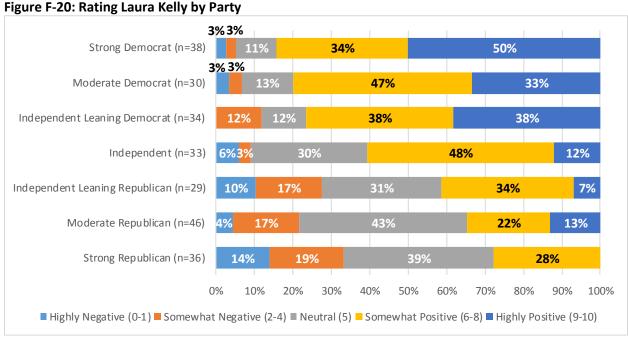


Figure F-19: Rating Jeff Colyer by Party

Question: Please rate the following Kansas politicians on a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive: Jeff Colyer.



Question: Please rate the following Kansas politicians on a scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive: Laura Kelly.

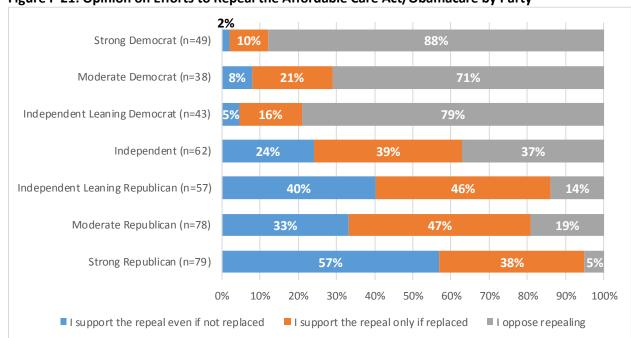


Figure F-21: Opinion on Efforts to Repeal the Affordable Care Act/Obamacare by Party

Question: Please tell us your opinion on the recent efforts at the federal level to repeal the Affordable Care Act also known as Obamacare?

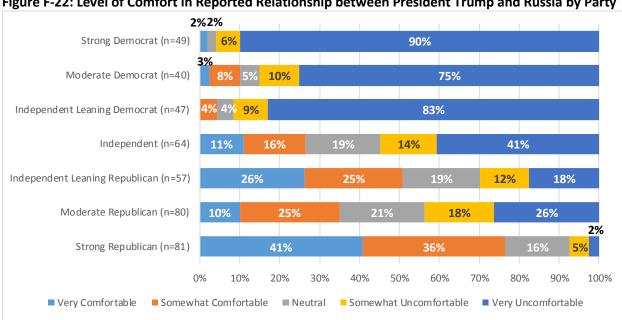


Figure F-22: Level of Comfort in Reported Relationship between President Trump and Russia by Party

Question: Based on what you have read and heard in the media, how comfortable are you with President Trump's reported relationships with President Vladimir Putin and the Russian government?

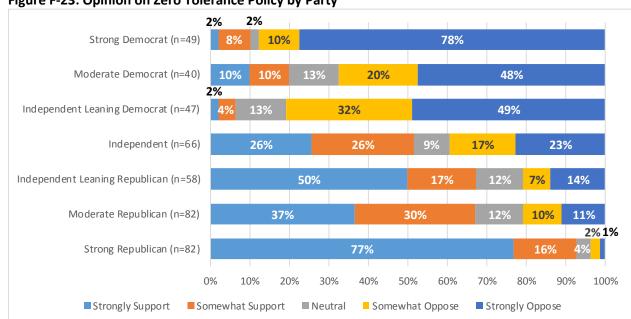


Figure F-23: Opinion on Zero Tolerance Policy by Party

Question: What is your opinion on President Trump's zero tolerance policy, which states that anyone who crosses the border illegally will be prosecuted and deported?

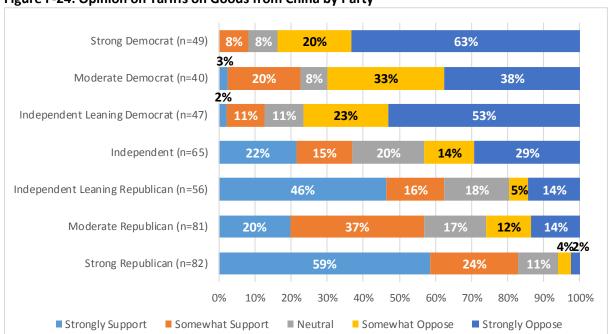


Figure F-24: Opinion on Tariffs on Goods from China by Party

Question: What is your opinion on the Trump Administration's decision to raise tariffs on goods imported from China?

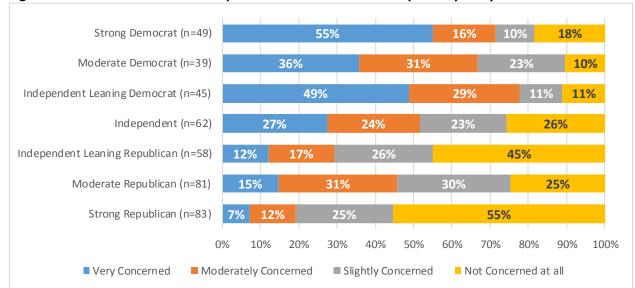


Figure F-25: Concern of Financial Impact from Tariff and Trade Disputes by Party

Question: Are you concerned that the tariff increases on Chinese goods and trade disputes with other countries will affect you and your family financially?

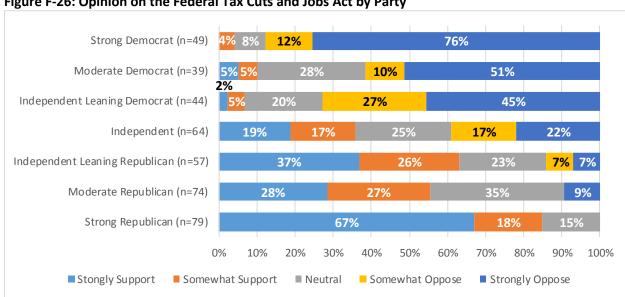


Figure F-26: Opinion on the Federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act by Party

Question: In December 2017 President Trump signed the Federal Tax Cuts and Jobs Act into law. Would you say you strongly support the Act, somewhat support, neutral, somewhat oppose, or strongly oppose?

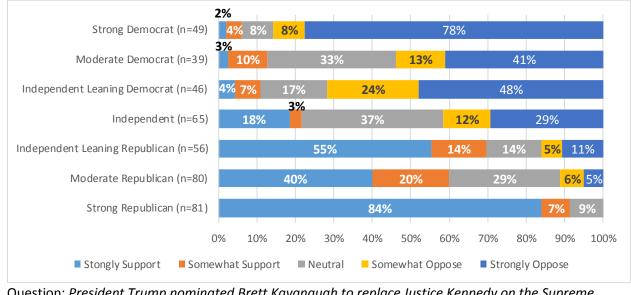


Figure F-27: Opinion on Brett Kavanaugh's Nomination for the Supreme Court by Party

Question: President Trump nominated Brett Kavanaugh to replace Justice Kennedy on the Supreme Court. Would you say you strongly support the nomination, somewhat support, neutral, somewhat oppose, or strongly oppose?

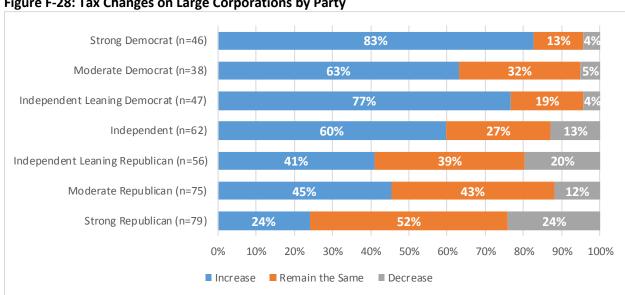


Figure F-28: Tax Changes on Large Corporations by Party

Question: Now we have a few questions regarding your opinions on taxation and spending by the State of Kansas. I'm going to name four groups and ask you to tell me whether taxes on each group should be increased, remain the same, or decreased: large corporations?

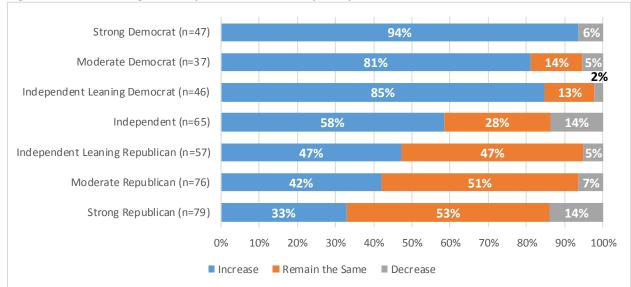


Figure F-29: Tax Changes on Top Income Earners by Party

Question: Now we have a few questions regarding your opinions on taxation and spending by the State of Kansas. I'm going to name four groups and ask you to tell me whether taxes on each group should be increased, remain the same, or decreased: top income earners?

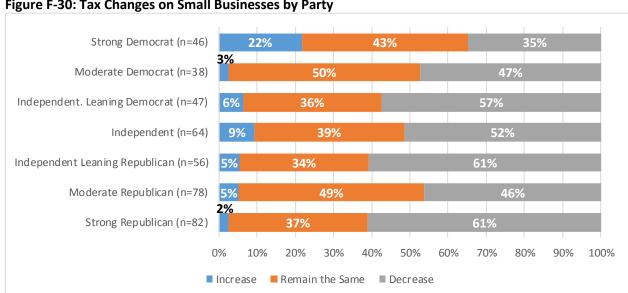


Figure F-30: Tax Changes on Small Businesses by Party

Question: Now we have a few questions regarding your opinions on taxation and spending by the State of Kansas. I'm going to name four groups and ask you to tell me whether taxes on each group should be increased, remain the same, or decreased: small businesses?

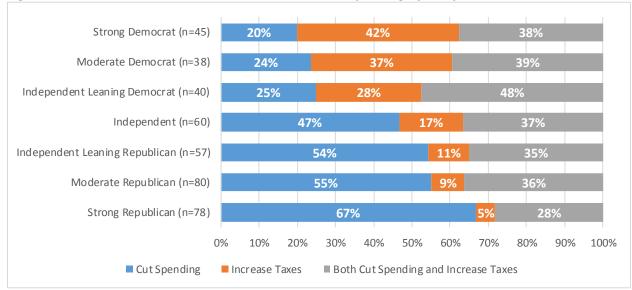


Figure F-31: Belief about Kansas Government Taxes and Spending by Party

Question: The State of Kansas cannot spend more money than it takes in, Kansas government is currently experiencing problems balancing the State budget. The problem can be solved by either cutting spending, increasing taxes or both. Which of these alternatives do you prefer?

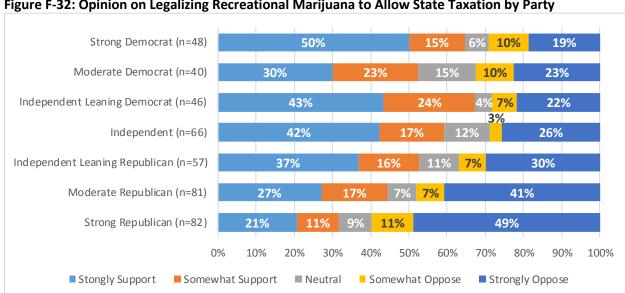


Figure F-32: Opinion on Legalizing Recreational Marijuana to Allow State Taxation by Party

Question: Please tell me if you "Strongly Support", "Somewhat Support", "Neutral", "Somewhat Oppose", or "Strongly Oppose" the following alternative revenue sources: legalizing recreational marijuana for individuals 21 and older to allow taxation by the State of Kansas.

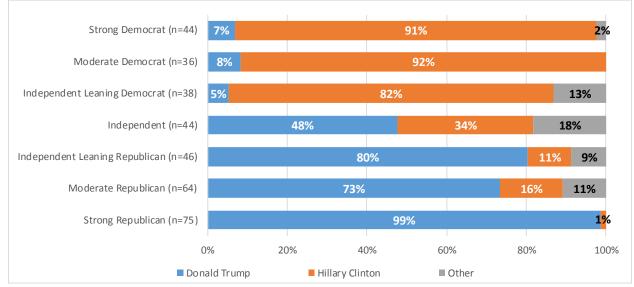
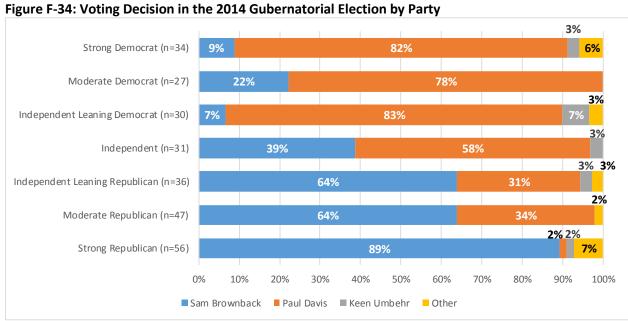


Figure F-33: Voting Decision in the 2016 Presidential Election by Party

Question: Do you mind telling me who you voted for in the 2016 presidential election?



Question: Do you mind telling me who you voted for in the 2014 Kansas election for governor?

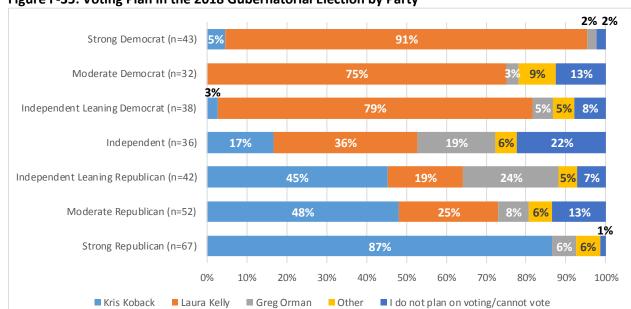


Figure F-35: Voting Plan in the 2018 Gubernatorial Election by Party

Question: Who do you plan on voting for governor in 2018?

Appendix G: Survey Instrument

Qual	
Do you curre	ently reside in the State of Kansas?
1 ()	Yes
2 ()	
88 🔾	DON'T KNOW
	REFUSED
D	
Page po	וג
Q1	
In general, h	ow would you rate Kansas as a place to live?
READ OPTIO	DNS
1 (Excellent
2 (Very Good
3 🔾	Good
4 (Fair
5 🔾	Poor
6 🔾	Very Poor
88 🔾	DON'T KNOW
99 🔘	REFUSED
Q2	
Generally sp	eaking, do you feel Kansas is on the right track or wrong track?
1 ()	Right Track
	Wrong Track
	DON'T KNOW
	REFUSED
•••	
Q3a	ow would you rate the Kansas economy? Would you say it is
	Excellent
	Very good
7.0	Good
4 (
Sec. (1)	Poor or
	Very poor?
	DON'T KNOW
99 🔾	REFUSED
Q3b	
Over the last	12 months, how would you say the Kansas economy has changed?
1 ()	Getting Worse
	Stayed the Same
	Getting Better
88 🔾	DON'T KNOW
99 🔾	REFUSED
Q3c	
	ned are you that the Kansas economy will seriously threaten you or your family's well-being over the next year? Would you say
1 ()	
2 ()	Moderately concerned, Slightly concerned, or
4 (
88 🔾	DON'T KNOW
99 🔾	REFUSED
00	

Q4

Please indicate if you are "Very satisfied", "Somewhat satisfied", "Neutral", "Somewhat dissatisfied" or "Very dissatisfied" with the following public officials. First...

	1 Very satisfied	2 Somewhat satisfied	3 Neutral	4 Somewhat dissatisfied	5 Very dissatisfied	88 DONT KNOW	99 REFUSED
.1 The Kansas Legislature in general?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.2 U.S. Senator Jerry Moran? Pronounced: More-Ran	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.3 U.S. Senator Pat Roberts?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.4 Governor Jeff Colyer? (Pronounced: Cole-yerr)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.5 President Donald Trump?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.6 Kansas Supreme Court?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.7 The United States Congress in general?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Page pQ5

05

On scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive, please rate President Donald Trump on the following areas...

	0 0 (Highly Negative)	1	2 2	3	4 4	5 5 (Neutral)	6
.1 Trustworthiness?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.2 Ability to lead others?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.3 National security?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.4 The economy?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.5 Managing the national debt?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.6 Shares my values?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.7 International diplomacy?	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Page pQ6a

Q6a

Please tell me if you have heard of any of the following Kansas politicians? First...

1	2	88	99	
Yes	No	DONT KNOW	REFUSED	

Note Regarding Q5 above: Only options 0 to 6 are visible here. Survey answer options included 7, 8, 9, and 10.

	1 Yes	2 No	88 DONT KNOW	99 REFUSED
.1 Kris Kobach (Pronouced: Co'-bawk)	0	0	0	0
.2 Greg Orman (Pronounced: Ore-men)	0	0	0	0
.3 Jeff Colyer (Pronounced: Cole-yerr)	0	0	0	0
.4 Laura Kelly	0	0	0	0
.5 Jeff Caldwell	0	0	0	0
.6 Rick Kloos (<mark>Pronounced Kloose</mark>)	0	0	0	0

Page pQ6b

Q6b

Please rate the following Kansas politicians on scale from 0 to 10, with 0 meaning highly negative, 5 meaning neutral and 10 meaning highly positive. First...

	0 0 (Highly Negative)	1	2 2	3	4 4	5 5 (Neutral)	6
.1 Kris Kobach (Pronouced: Co'-bawk)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.2 Greg Orman (Pronounced: Ore-men)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.3 Jeff Colyer (Pronounced: Cole-yerr)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.4 Laura Kelly	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.5 Jeff Caldwell	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.6 Rick Kloos (Pronounced Kloose)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Page pQ7

How satisfied are you with the Kansas Legislature's actions in the 2017 session to increase state revenue through income tax increases? Would you say...

- 1 O Very Satisfied
- 2 O Somewhat Satisfied
- 3 O Neutral
- 4 O Somewhat Unsatisfied
- 5 Very Unsatisfied 88 DON'T KNOW
- 99 O REFUSED

Please tell us your opinion on the recent efforts at the federal level to repeal the Affordable Care Act also known as Obamacare? READ OPTIONS

- 1 O I support the repeal even if not replaced
- 2 I support the repeal only if replaced
- 3 O I oppose repealing
- 88 O DON'T KNOW
 99 REFUSED

Q9	
Based on wh	at you have read and heard in the media, how comfortable are you with President Trump's reported relationships with President Vladimir Putin and the Russian
government?	Would you say you are
1 ()	Very comfortable
2 🔾	Somewhat comfortable
3 (Neutral
	Somewhat uncomfortable
	Very uncomfortable
	DON'T KNOW
	REFUSED
99 ()	NEI OCED
Page pC	210
Q10	
	opinion on President Trump's zero tolerance policy, which states that anyone who crosses the border illegally will be prosecuted and deported. Would you say
1 (Strongly Support
2 🔾	Somewhat Support
3 (Neutral
	Somewhat Oppose
	Strongly Oppose
	DON'T KNOW
	REFUSED
Q11	
What is your	opinion on the Trump Administration's decision to raise tariffs on goods imported from China? Would you say
1 ()	Strongly Support
	Som ewhat Support
	Neutral
	Somewhat Oppose
	Strongly Oppose
	DON'T KNOW
	REFUSED
00 0	
Q12	
Are you cond	erned that the tariff increases on Chinese goods and trade disputes with other countries will affect you and your family financially?
1 ()	Very Concerned
	Moderately Concerned
	Slightly Concerned, or
	Not concerned at all?
	DON'T KNOW
	REFUSED
Q13	
	2017 President Trump signed the federal Tax cuts and Jobs Act into law. Would you say you
1 ()	Strongly Support the Act
	Som ewhat Support
	Neutral
	Somewhat Oppose
	Strongly Oppose
	DON'T KNOW
aa 🔿	REFUSED
Q14	
	Imp nominated Brett Kavanaugh to replace Justice Kennedy on the Supreme Court. Would you say you
(Pronouned:	Ca-Veh-Naw)

1 O Strongly Support the Nomination

2 Somewhat Suppo 3 Neutral 4 Somewhat Oppos 5 Strongly Oppose 88 DON'T KNOW 99 REFUSED					
Page pQ15					
215 low we have a few questions reg			e of Kansas. I'm going to r	name four groups and ask you	to tell me whether taxes on ear
roup should be increased, remai	n the same or decreased. F 1 Increase	2 Remain the Same	3 Decrease	88 DON'T KNOW	99 REFUSED
.1 Large corporations?	0	0	0	0	0
.2 Top income earners?	0	0	0	0	0
.3 The middle class?	0	0	0	0	0
.4 Small businesses?	0	0	0	0	0
the State of Kansas cannot spenither cutting spending, increasing Cut spending Increase taxes, or Both cut spending BON'T KNOW SPORT REFUSED	g taxes or both. Which of the		ently experiencing problem	ns balancing the State budget.	.The problem can be solved by
Page pQ17b 217b Which of the following taxes would READ OPTIONS 1 Sales Tax 2 Property Tax	d you favor increasing?				
3 Income Tax 88 DON'T KNOW 99 REFUSED					

Q17c

In what areas would you favor decreasing spending? IF RESPONDANT SAYS 'EDUCATION', POLITELY SPECIFY IF K-12 OR HIGHER EDUCATION OR BOTH. 1 K-12 Education 2 Higher Education
3 Roads and Highways
4 Other 88 DON'T KNOW 99 REFUSED Page pQ17d

There are other ways to increase the State of Kansas' revenue that would not include raising traditional taxes. Please tell me if "Strongly Support", "Somewhat Support", "Neutral", $\hbox{"Somewhat Oppose", or "Strongly Oppose" the following alternative revenue sources:}\\$

	1 Strongly Support	2 Somewhat Support	3 Neutral	4 Somewhat Oppose	5 Strongly Oppose	88 DONT KNOW	99 REFUSED
.1 Increasing taxes on cigarettes and cigars	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.2 Increasing taxes on alcohol	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
.3 Legalizing recreational marijuana for individuals 21 and older to allow taxation by the State of Kansas	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Page	pQ	1	8	a

Q18a

Did you vote in the 2016 presidential election?

- 1 O Yes
- 2 O No
- 88 O DON'T KNOW 99 REFUSED

Page pQ18b

Do you mind telling me who you voted for in the 2016 presidential election?

- 1 O Donald Trump (R)
- Donaid Irump (K)
 Hillary Clinton (D)
 Gary Johnson (Libertarian Party)
 Jill Stein (Green Party)
 Evan McMullin (I)

	Darrell Castle (Constitution Party) Other
	abc
88 🔾	DON'T KNOW
99 🔾	REFUSED
Page p0	Q19a
Q19a	
	in the 2014 Kansas election for governor?
1 ()	
	DON'T KNOW
99 🔾	REFUSED
Page p0	019b
Q19b	
	telling me who you voted for in the 2014 Kansas election for governor
1 ()	Sam Brownback (R)
	Paul Davis (D)
	Keen Umbehr (Libertarian Party) Other
	abc
	DON'T KNOW REFUSED
	plan on voting for governor in 2018? Kris Kobach (R) (Co-Bawk)
	Laura Kelly (D)
	Greg Orman (I) (Ore-men)
4 (Other
	abc
	I do not plan on voting/cannot vote
	DON'T KNOW REFUSED
Page p0	221
Q21	
By your best	guess, where will you be in 5 years? Are you likely to
	Still be living in the same community you are in now
	Move to another location in Kansas
	Or relocate to a state other than Kansas? DON'T KNOW
	REFUSED
Q22	
Do you cons	der yourself a
	Strong Republican Moderate Republican

3 (Independent Leaning Republican
	Independent
	Independent Leaning Democrat
	Moderate Democrat
	Strong Democrat
	DON'T KNOW
	REFUSED
99 🔾	REFUSED
Q23	
What is the h	nighest level of education you have received?
1 (Less than high school
2 🔾	High school diploma or equivalency
3 (Some college
	Associates or Technical degree
5 (Bachelors degree
	Postgraduate Degree
	DON'T KNOW
	REFUSED
Q24	
	al family income for last year ABOVE or BELOW \$50,000?
	tart at "OK - Was it at least \$50,000 but under \$75,000"
If BELOW,	start with "OK - Was it "Less than \$10,000"
1 ()	OK - Was it Less than 10,000
2 🔾	At least 10,000 but under 25,000
3 🔾	At least 25,000 but under 35,000
4 🔾	At least 35,000 but under 50,000
5 🔾	OK - Was it at least 50,000 but under 75,000
6 🔾	At least 75,000 but under 100,000
7 (At least 100,000 but under 150,000
8 🔾	150,000 or more
88 🔾	DON'T KNOW
99 🔾	REFUSED
Q25	
	ere you born?
1 ()	Voor
. 0	50-545
	123
88 🔾	DON'T KNOW
99 🔿	REFUSED
1373	
Q26	
	the control of the co
That's our la	st question. Thank you for participating in this important research. The results will be released to the media in November. Have a great
HANG UP	
Was the resp	pondent a
10	Male
	Female
	Unsure
30)	