

# **FDA Compliance Pitfalls Checklist**

This checklist highlights common FDA compliance pitfalls and provides steps to avoid them. By addressing these risks proactively, companies can reduce regulatory violations and maintain FDA compliance.

#### Use this checklist to:

- Identify and correct common FDA compliance issues
- Improve documentation practices and regulatory adherence
- Strengthen supplier qualification and raw material testing
- Implement robust CAPA and internal audit programs
- Train employees on FDA expectations and compliance best practices

# 1. Documentation & Record-Keeping

- Ensure batch records, CAPA reports, and complaint logs are complete.
- Follow Good Documentation Practices (GDPs) to maintain data accuracy.
- Use electronic record-keeping systems that comply with FDA 21 CFR Part 11.

# 2. Supplier Qualification & Raw Material Testing

- Verify suppliers are GMP-compliant before purchasing raw materials.
- Require Certificates of Analysis (CoA) for all raw materials.
- Test each batch for contamination, potency, and identity.

### 3. Corrective and Preventive Action (CAPA) System

- Conduct root cause analysis (RCA) for all quality issues.
- Implement corrective actions that address the underlying problem.
- Follow up on CAPAs to verify effectiveness and prevent recurrence.

#### 4. Internal Audits & FDA Readiness

- Conduct internal audits at least every 6-12 months.
- Simulate FDA inspections with mock audits to identify compliance gaps.

- Ensure all audit findings result in corrective actions and follow-ups.

# 5. Employee Training on FDA Regulations

- Provide annual GMP, GDP, and FDA compliance training.
- Maintain detailed training logs for regulatory inspections.
- Ensure employees know how to properly respond to FDA inspector questions.

# 6. Data Integrity & Electronic Record Compliance

- Ensure electronic systems comply with FDA 21 CFR Part 11.
- Use unique login credentials for all employees (no shared accounts).
- Maintain tamper-proof audit trails for all electronic records.

### 7. Complaint Handling & Adverse Event Reporting

- Document and investigate all customer complaints.
- Submit FDA-mandated Adverse Event Reports (AERs) when necessary.
- Analyze complaint trends to identify potential product quality issues.

# 8. Labeling & Marketing Compliance

- Ensure product labeling complies with FDA regulations (21 CFR 101, 201, 801, etc.).
- Do not make unsubstantiated health claims in marketing materials.
- Verify that labeling matches the approved product formulation.

# **Pro Tip: How to Stay FDA Compliant**

- \* Maintain a proactive compliance program with routine self-audits.
- \* Ensure employees are trained in FDA expectations and compliance protocols.
- \* Keep supplier and raw material testing records up to date.
- \* Stay informed on FDA regulatory changes and enforcement trends.

#### **Need Expert Support for FDA Compliance?**

MLKC Consulting, LLC specializes in FDA compliance audits, training, CAPA development, and regulatory assessments. Contact us for expert guidance!

#### Contact us today for a Consultation!

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