Work Health and Safety Regulation 2017

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Part 4.4 Falls

78 Management of risk of fall

(1) A person conducting a business or undertaking at a workplace must manage, in accordance with Part 3.1, risks to health and safety associated with a fall by a person from one level to another that is reasonably likely to cause injury to the person or any other person.

Note. WHS Act—section 19 (see clause 9).

- (2) Subclause (1) includes the risk of a fall—
 - (a) in or on an elevated workplace from which a person could fall, or
 - (b) in the vicinity of an opening through which a person could fall, or
 - (c) in the vicinity of an edge over which a person could fall, or
 - (d) on a surface through which a person could fall, or
 - (e) in any other place from which a person could fall.
- (3) A person conducting a business or undertaking must ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, that any work that involves the risk of a fall to which subclause (1) applies is carried out on the ground or on a solid construction.

Maximum penalty-

- (a) in the case of an individual—70 penalty units, or
- (b) in the case of a body corporate—345 penalty units.
- (4) A person conducting a business or undertaking must provide safe means of access to and exit from—
 - (a) the workplace, and
 - (b) any area within the workplace referred to in subclause (2).

Maximum penalty-

- (a) in the case of an individual—70 penalty units, or
- (b) in the case of a body corporate—345 penalty units.
- (5) In this clause, *solid construction* means an area that has—
 - (a) a surface that is structurally capable of supporting all persons and things that may be located or placed on it, and

- (b) barriers around its perimeter and any openings to prevent a fall, and
- (c) an even and readily negotiable surface and gradient, and
- (d) a safe means of entry and exit.

79 Specific requirements to minimise risk of fall

- (1) This clause applies if it is not reasonably practicable for the person conducting a business or undertaking at a workplace to eliminate the risk of a fall to which clause 78 applies.
- (2) The person must minimise the risk of a fall by providing adequate protection against the risk in accordance with this clause.

Maximum penalty-

- (a) in the case of an individual—70 penalty units, or
- (b) in the case of a body corporate—345 penalty units.
- (3) The person provides adequate protection against the risk if the person provides and maintains a safe system of work, including by—
 - (a) providing a fall prevention device if it is reasonably practicable to do so, or
 - (b) if it is not reasonably practicable to provide a fall prevention device, providing a work positioning system, or
 - (c) if it is not reasonably practicable to comply with either paragraph (a) or (b), providing a fall arrest system, so far as is reasonably practicable.

Examples.

- 1 Providing temporary work platforms.
- 2 Providing training in relation to the risks involved in working at the workplace.

3 Providing safe work procedures, safe sequencing of work, safe use of ladders, permit systems and appropriate signs.

Note. A combination of the controls set out in this subclause may be used to minimise risks, so far as is practicable, if a single control is not sufficient for the purpose.

- (4) This clause does not apply in relation to the following work—
 - (a) the performance of stunt work,
 - (b) the performance of acrobatics,
 - (c) a theatrical performance,
 - (d) a sporting or athletic activity,
 - (e) horse riding.

Note. Clause 36 applies to the management of risk in relation to this work.

- (5) In this clause, *fall prevention device* includes—
 - (a) a secure fence, and

- (b) edge protection, and
- (c) working platforms, and
- (d) covers.

Note. See clause 5(1) for definitions of fall arrest system and work positioning system.

80 Emergency and rescue procedures

- (1) This clause applies if a person conducting a business or undertaking provides a fall arrest system as a control measure.
- (2) Without limiting clause 79, the person must establish emergency procedures, including rescue procedures, in relation to the use of the fall arrest system.

Maximum penalty-

- (a) in the case of an individual—70 penalty units, or
- (b) in the case of a body corporate—345 penalty units.
- (3) The person must ensure that the emergency procedures are tested so that they are effective.

Maximum penalty-

- (a) in the case of an individual—70 penalty units, or
- (b) in the case of a body corporate—345 penalty units.
- (4) The person must provide relevant workers with suitable and adequate information, training and instruction in relation to the emergency procedures.

Maximum penalty-

- (a) in the case of an individual—70 penalty units, or
- (b) in the case of a body corporate—345 penalty units.
- (5) In this clause, *relevant worker* means—
 - (a) a worker who, in carrying out work in the business or undertaking, uses or is to use a fall arrest system, and
 - (b) a worker who may be involved in initiating or implementing the emergency procedures.