DC Intercession

Christ-Centered Ministries

Intercessor/Saints Reports



Apostle Tim Sheets Dream

In this report, I've included dreams and words and writings from those connected to us as we have prayed for Washington, DC. Mickey was the first to share Bro. Sheets dream. As I was listening to it, my sensing immediately was that the seven hills he was speaking about was both literal as well as linked, as he said, to institutional items.

As Mickey listened to it twice, I also listened to it again, only this time with Bro. Bill. We were both struck, but in different ways. I immediately got a pen and started being downloaded by the Holy Spirit as to three categories in which avalanche angels can work. Within those three areas are seven items for declaration. They are included here. Mickey received four items. Between the two of us, they total seven categories. I include Mickey's four items in this report as well.

The day after Mickey shared Bro. Sheets' video¹, I sent it to Cheri, an intercessor from Illinois. About three years ago she told me about a dream she had concerning DC. Immediately, she texted me back and reminded me of the dream she had driving around DC with a demon that prevented her passage.

Cheri reminded me that in her dream, which was many years before Bro. Sheet's dream, she was in a white vehicle traveling with intercessors and came upon a demon which was imbedded into the hillside of a highway overpass. The thing told her she could not pass. To which she responded she'd be back with others, or something to

¹ Tim Sheets: "Coming Soon: The Avalanche": https://m.youtube.com/watch?v=rkRhobzlk9U&feature=youtu.be

that effect. There was a stench and hideous corpse of a dog lying in a decaying pool of filth. The filth and gaseous decay was all around this thing and the dog. The animal was not alive, but its eyes glowed and the demon seemed to feed off of it. It then proceeded to take out an ancient weapon called a flail. Though not used in Europe or the US, there is history that they were used in Russia and parts of Asia. It is a long stick with a chain and ball at the end of it, usually pictured with spikes. Obviously for humans, such weapons are inept and impractical, namely because the chain isn't precise. But demons are another story. This thing lived, as Cheri explained, in hideous squalor, killing or causing everything around it to be dead or dying.

When I explained Cheri's dream from years ago with Mickey, the similarities between it and Bro. Sheets' dream was amazing. She felt it was an ancient guardian demon. We both felt it was copying some myth from long ago. Now, this was said before I did the research concerning DC proper and entry points into and out of the city. I did not do that research until after I did the research into the hills. None of us would know what research would uncover concerning the dream, and the research I found relating to the hills. I had no idea there was a canal which allowed transportation in and out of Washington, DC, as well as how those entry points became major highways with overpasses.

This is quite emblematic of how the Holy Spirit works. We knew none of the information you will read when we heard Bro. Sheets' video and Cheri's dream from many, many years ago. If she hadn't told it to me years before now, I doubt I would have believed her. I will share what the Lord showed Bro. Bill as well. Here are the seven items or "hills" of concepts. The first four are from Mickey. Items five through seven have seven declarations within them and were downloaded to Pastor Chris by the Holy Spirit. The hill research with pictures are as a result of looking for literal hills still evident in DC with surrounding structures or groups living and working nearby. This research was done after listening to Bro. Sheets' video and after Mickey and Chris received downloads from the Lord. Pastor Chris then researched Cheri's dream with now extant land marks where this "guardian" thing may be located.

Prayer/Declaration Items: (From Mickey, dealing with "root" systems):

- 1. Send landslides against evil and expose its root systems
- 2. Open cellar doors and expose its root systems at the Capitol and the White House.
- 3. Call strike teams forth with battling rams.
- 4. Declare the barriers protecting iniquity to be removed. (Declarations under three headings from Pastor Chris):
- 5. Items in which mankind's strongholds are preventing or protecting the White House from a landslide:
 - a) Media Control
 - b) Democratic Party Bosses
 - c) Intelligence Agencies
 - d) Electoral College Control
 - e) Social Media (ZuckBucks, etc.)

- f) Critical County Election Commissioners
- g) Foreign Involvement with Banking and Money
- 6. Demonic exousia intersecting with humans to insulate the White House from a landslide:
 - a) Racial Division Lies (CRT)
 - b) Gender Issue Lies
 - c) Democrats (Socialism) are Kinder and More For The Working Man (Lie)
 - d) The Media Can Be Trusted Lies
 - e) We Can't Fix the Border Lie
 - f) Electoral College Must Be Overturned Lies
 - g) Money Lies; We Need High Taxes to Fix Things; We Need ToFind Socialistic Policies to Fix Things
- 7. Decree Justice—binding and loosing:
 - a) Loose the restriction in the infrastructure digitally that slowed down the vote, that carried the information & communications
 - b) Bind the infiltration into the voting machines that cause fraud
 - c) Bind the exacerbation of the media's hype
 - d) Bind witchcraft forces and cancel their curses (Proverbs 26:2)
 - e) Loose the truth, especially concerning globalist propaganda

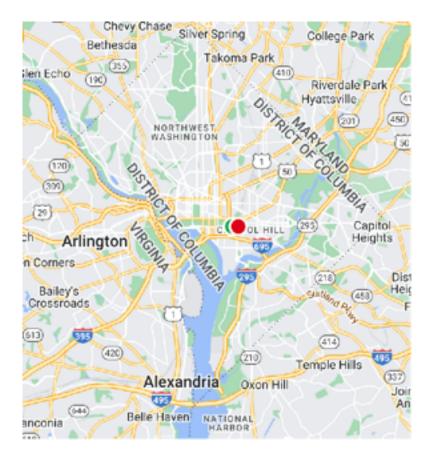
concerning the virus, the 2020 election and The Great Reset

- f) Bind political enemies' allies in foreign forces to help them
- g) Bind the enemies' money, especially from ESG and WEF

money structures

Research Concerning Hills:

I'm going to start the research into seven obvious and literal hills in DC. It should be noted that DC was and still is to some extent, a marsh ground; with the Potomac and its tributaries, Rock Creek being the most notable.

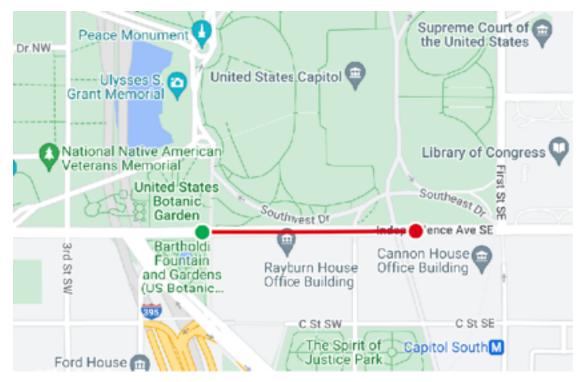


All information is from the boundaries of DC proper as it was originally mapped out. That means the Potomac is on its west side and south side.

Its shape is more triangular because of the Potomac boundary, but it is an odd shaped four-sided square. I was able to map six hills, with the Lincoln Memorial and Capitol Hill as mainly manmade hills. It would actually total eight hills then. But let me show you what I mean.

1. The name Washington means a holy hill surrounded by water. If we include the whole of the city, it is a city on a hill which controls the nation.

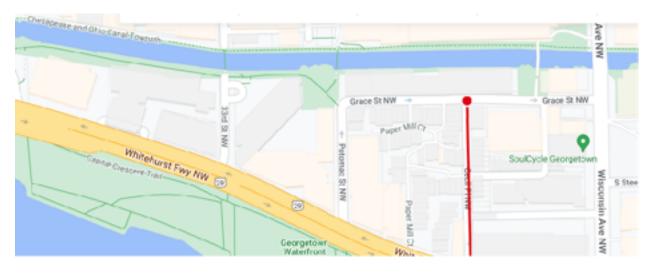
2. Capitol Hill is on a hill. It was called the City On A Hill because it is its own city. This "city" within a city controls government, financial laws, laws within the justice system for the nation, education as well as finances for the military. This incline run from up to the Capitol



itself is a 75 foot incline. (See the red lines on the maps.) It passes many major museums, institutions, parks, as well as the Capitol.

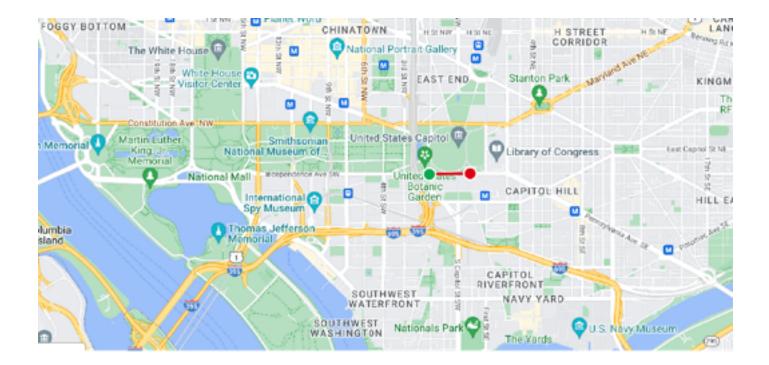
Before we leave the Capitol area, I would like to mention the incline into the city from Georgetown Waterfront Park. I will go into detail about this area when we look at Cheri's dream. There are many different points of entry along the old Chesapeake and Ohio Canal Towpath. This incline (see more detailed photo below this one) is the major incline into the city and has many overpasses along the canal path that mules used to pull goods into the city. These overpasses, along newly constructed highways are quite old and now cross the C & O Canal Towpath. Many look as though they could fit the description Cheri gave in her dream. If this is correct, this demon is sitting on a major, and possibly one of the oldest, entryways into the city. The incline is a 36 foot gain and is one of the first you experience going from the waterway up into the city. I will talk about the toxic chemical and gas structures when we talk about Cheri's dream in the next section.





Above is an enlargement of the previous photo.

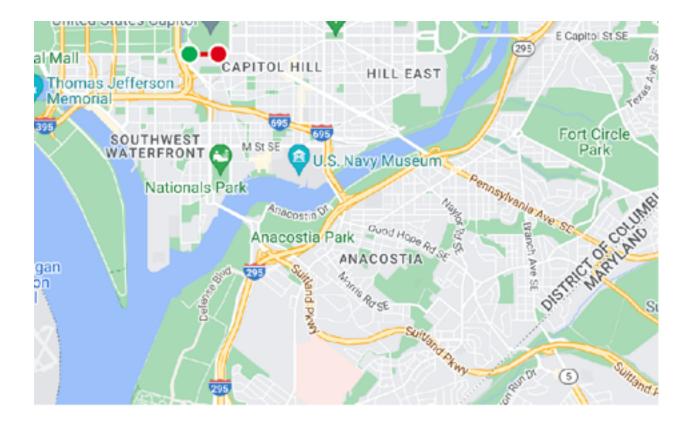
3. Once you get into the city and head east on Independence, you will come to the Anacostia Park. This is part of the same 36 foot incline we see going up from the water. All along this route, and incorporated with it is the Anacostia River. This is where you will



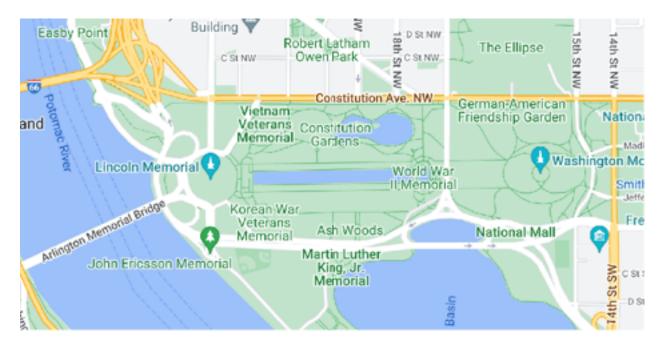
find the Naval Yard and other defense mechanism; the US Coast Guard Station, Washington; Joint Base Anacostia-Bolling, Defense Intelligence Agency; a DHS access road, MacDill Blvd., the Secret Service, the US Dept. of Defense, NCIS, as well as the White House Communications Office.

What I don't believe should be a footnote is the fact that Frederick Douglass' house sits high on a hill in this area. Probably one of the best overlooks as a museum goes. Most Christians will know him as the main force for good among African Americans at the time to retrieve them from the clutches of the Democrat-Socialists. In fact, all or most African Americans at the time were Republicans, fighting for freedom. The battle between the Democrats, who wished to keep them slaves and the Republicans, who wished their freedom came to fisticuffs on many occasions on Capitol Hill. It wasn't a pretty situation. The Pentagon, as well as other military installations is across the river and outside of DC proper.

The photo above with the red line is the 75 foot incline. Traveling farther south-east is the photo below. You can see Anacostia Park. It is the same 36 foot incline as the other hill into the city from the waterways. This is where Frederick Douglass' house sits on one of the highest hills in the area. Congress Heights is the pink-shaded area in the below photo, below Anacostia Park. It overlooks the Entertainment and Sports Museum.

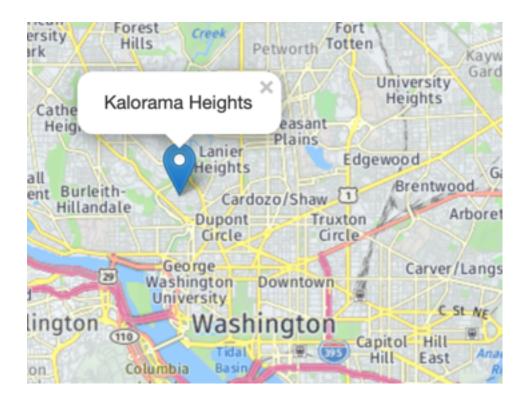


4. Lincoln Memorial is one of the major manmade hills in the DC area. The task to build the monument was intense. Ultimately, a hill



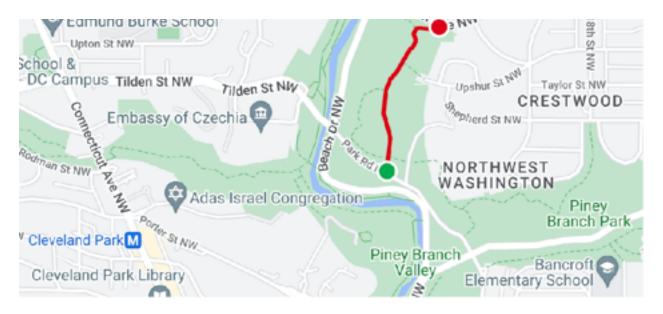
25 feet higher than the ground was built, with the columns rising 44 feet into the air. One man lost his life in its building.

5. Kalorama Heights is one of the exclusive neighborhoods in DC and it is 148 feet above sea level. It heads up, similarly like Rock Creek Park. It is easy to get to and from the DuPont Circle, which is a seven-road circle, affecting all major entryways. Kalorama means *fine view* in Greek. The rich and famous live there, as well as having many embassies which it shares, as well, with the western side of Rock Creek Park.



6. Meridian Hill Park inside of Rock Creek Park is another hill inside Washington, DC. It overlooks downtown Washington. It was designed and built between 1912 and 1936. Elevations vary inside Rock Creek Park. But it is truly a hill within a hilly area.

7. Rock Creek Park elevation goes from 115 feet to 244 feet, which is a 47 foot gain. It has so many international embassies bordering all around it, that they are too numerous to name. At its southern end you have the Smithsonian National Zoological Park with the Panda Exhibit and Elephant Trails. The Park is a favorite with many Washington natives. The Park intersects with Military Road on its northern end and Tilden Street intersects it with a bridge over it



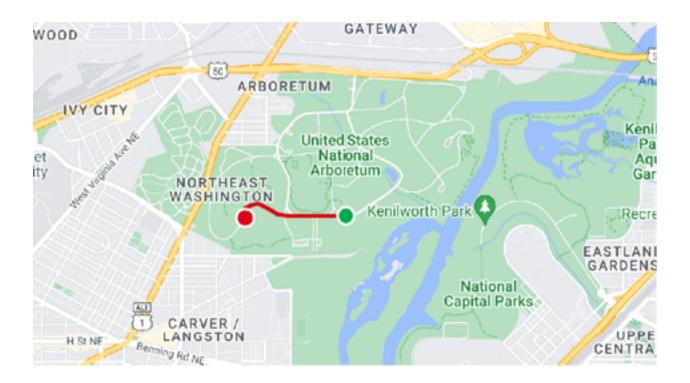
running east to west, which leads to all the various foreign embassies.

If we remove Washington, DC, from number one on this list, we have some other hills within the city. I tried to focus on the fact that

a hill had to overlook something or be close by certain institutions that we were praying about. With that understanding, I saw an interesting elevation on the eastern-most side of DC.

8. Inside the National Arboretum, just south of Bunker Hill Road and Fort Totten, and northwest of Fort Lincoln and Fort Mahen, there is a 26 foot incline. The long hilly area is what traverses some of the old fort system in the northern top and eastern parts of the city. Naturally, it is filled with trees, nature and gardens of various kinds. In the fall of 1861, Fort Bunker Hill was built by the Eleventh Massachusetts Infantry. Its namesake was the Revolutionary fortification from the early part of the war against England. During its time it held an important position along the northern defenses in northeastern Washington, DC. It was used as protection during the Civil War. It had thirteen guns and mortars. There is little evidence of the fort present today.

There were many forts built to protect the city during the Civil War. By 1865, Washington, DC, was one of the most heavily fortified cities in the world. The Civil War Defenses of the city involved itself in an impressive program. The defensives totaled 68 forts with 93 batteries and 800 mounted cannons, extending 30 miles around the city. Confederate armies did try to capture the city, but this fort system made it nearly impossible to do so. The only evidence left of some of these forts are names attached to streets. There are 18 sites designated by historical markers attached to them. The National Park Service even runs a program called the "Find-Your-Fort" Campaign. It involves enactments of the history with actual live demonstrations of musket firings. You can join a Fort-tour along the path Civil War soldiers would have walked. You can enjoy festivals and other concerts at some of the sites as well.



I place this history here because of its elevation in that area of DC, which runs along the northernmost part of the city. I also want to highlight what I did not expect to find during this research: A tangible placement of memorials and history concerning the Civil War. From one end of the city to the other, it feels like a city which never wants to forget. In other words, there seems to be a time-capsule effect which displays a lack of healing. That was the impression I got as I did this research. I feel this should be part of any intercession concerning hills and Washington, DC.

Cheri's Dream and the Research I felt the Lord uncover:

About three years ago, Cheri related several dreams she had concerning some cities in America. I remember two specifically: Washington, DC, and Tampa, Florida. Concerning DC, she was on the road "in my white car and get stopped at an overpass just before entering DC. The ancient demon stronghold was embedded into the side of the overpass, facing the oncoming cars. It had dug out a cave with a seat of some kind. At its feet, and to its left was a pool of stagnant, nasty water where a ratty looking dog was dead, bloated and floating upside down in the black water.....yet, its eyes were open and gold in color; bright, like small flashlights. The demon was irritated with me as I exited the car and approached it. The other three intercessors stayed in the car. It had ancient weapons in hand, and said, 'you cannot go any further, can't pass.' And it got animated and kept saying over and over about DC, 'it's sh*t; it's all sh*t, sh*t, sh*t.' I told it we would return soon and be in DC to pray and intercede. From my perspective in the dream, I saw the Capitol Dome in the distance."

Cheri then sent me some photos she could find on the Internet. We talked about the overpass. You will be able to see why all this is relevant in the research.

Cheri: "This is the closest pic I could find online of what the main demon in the side of the hill looked like":



Cheri: "Overpass was like this. The dirt hill facing you on the right side was dug out. Have you ever seen a big tree toppled and how the hole looks 'raw' not smooth or scraped? It was like that. Jutting out from the back of the hole that was vertical was a dirt stick seat of some kind. It was sitting on it":



Cheri: "The eyes of the dead, bloated, floating upside down dog were yellow glowing, kinda like in this photo: "



Cheri: "The dog was dead, yet I knew it has demonic life in it. It was dark, and the water was like cesspool water, located directly in front and below the feet of the demon. The weapon the demon started flailing at me looked like this: "



Cheri: "Imagine the dog dead, floating upside down with the bright, glowing yellow eyes."

I shared with her what Mickey said about it being an ancient guardian-type, and that's when Cheri said this: "When I had the dream it definitely felt ancient, a strongman, a guardian. Then, when it pulled out that ball/chain thing, that sealed it. I told it at first we had come to intercede for DC and the country.....that thing lost its mind and went nuts, started yelling the curse words and swinging that spiked ball." I shared with her what I could of the information I was finding concerning the oldest crossings and the canal and towpath for mules to move goods up the Potomac on the north side of the river.

Let me share with all of you what Bro. Bill saw the next day after he listened to Bro. Sheets' video. First, quite frequently while Bill is working in the fields, the Lord will give him answers to questions he is asking by giving him visions. Sometimes, the Lord will speak to him directly. Some of you may know that we have five horses who were dedicated to the Lord and have gone home to be with Him. Bill has seen this and the Lord has confirmed that the horses are with Him in heaven. Three of our horses are white and two were bays. One bay was a pony, with a pony-like general attitude, and the other bay was a mare. Two of the white horses were geldings and one was a mare. Bill saw them training for the battle in heaven. The mares were surveying the build-up of the armaments and our Lipizzaner was literally practicing shooting out like a canon. Bill said he has gotten so much faster than the last time he saw him. Three of the horses are purebred Trakehners. The male gelding is big and strong boned, but elegant. He was pulling war machinery. The little bay pony was getting them all excited, moving everybody around like a little general. The buildup for spiritual war was intense and it was going to shake the earth. That's all Bill could say.

So, let's get into the research I found while looking for the location of the entryway. I felt led to center on the most amount of highways with a ton of overpasses and waterways. That's when I found the tow-path used by a canal. Most of the highways, as you can see from the previous photos are located on the south side of DC with many connectors.

The towpath was originally built for mules that pull boats up and down the waterway. The 184.5 mile-long towpath starts from Georgetown to Cumberland. The trail here is mostly flat and the 600 foot elevation is present only from the start. The trail is a mix of dirt, gravel and grass. This is the Chesapeake & Ohio Canal.

9. C & O Canal Towpath



Please read the note on the right concerning a legend that folks were spooked at certain sections of the tow-path. Some said there was a report of tales of a ghost dog. I thought that was quite interesting in light of Cheri's dream. Many legends have been documented along the canal during its operating days:



Recent view of the 9 mile level (between 33 and 34 miles) where the ghosts were reported to haunt.

- On the 9 mile level around the 33–34 mile mark, some boats were used to transport soldiers to the Battle of Ball's Bluff during the American Civil War. One of the boats sank, and it was said that departed ghosts of the soldiers haunted the area. Canallers would avoid tying up at night in that area.^[179] It was also said that the mules would sense it, and would hurry through the area (it was also called "Haunted House Bend"), and also that there were tales of a ghost dog there.^[180]
- There was reported the ghost of an Indian chief on the 14 mile level around Big Pool.^[180]

On the next page you can read some of the other legends. Next, I was drawn to the Lock numbering and my eyes fell on the fact that the beginning of the canal is the Tidewater Lock. This is at the Watergate complex. From this section, it would be quite easy to see the Capitol Building if Cheri was in the vicinity of all the highways and overpasses. It peaked my interest. It is a complex of six buildings in the Foggy Bottom neighborhood of DC. It covers a total of ten acres just north of John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts.

the buildings include cooperative

apartments (Watergate West); an office building (Watergate 600); Watergate

Hotel; Watergate East, which are coop-

erative apartments; Watergate South, another group of cooperative apartments. Finally, Watergate Office Building were the Watergate burglary took place.

- A lady ghost was reported on the 2 mile level at Catoctin (between locks 28 and 29) which would walk over the waste weir, down the towpath and to the river.^[180]
- A headless man was reported to haunt the Paw Paw Tunnel.^[181]
- A Romeo and Juliet like-story was documented near Lock 69 (Twigg's lock). (See Locks on the C&O Canal#Lock names for more info).



Monocacy aqueduct in 2011, where the ghost of a robber could allegedly be seen on moonless nights

 A report of "buried treasure" somewhere between Nolands Ferry and the Monocacy river, that could be found if one followed a ghost of a robber, allegedly seen from time to time on moonless nights crossing the Monocacy aqueduct carrying a lantern.^[182]

But what caught my attention more than anything else was the fact that the Watergate complexes sit on top of a former toxic-material producing company. Here is the information concerning its history:



1905 photo of natural gas tanks at 26th & G Streets, NW, future site of the Watergate complex

For more than a century, the land now occupied by the Watergate complex belonged to the Gas Works of the Washington Gas Light Company, which produced "manufactured gas" (a mixture of hydrogen, carbon monoxide, methane, and other flammable and nonflammable gases) for heating, cooking, and lighting throughout the city.^{[18][19][20]} Gas production ceased at the site in 1947, and the plant was demolished shortly thereafter.^[18]

During the 1950s, the World Bank considered building its international headquarters here and on the adjacent site (which now houses the Kennedy Center), but rejected the site for unspecified reasons. It constructed its headquarters at its current location at 1818 H Street NW in Washington, D.C.^[21]



The C&O Canal terminus at milepost zero. The photo shows the remains of Waste Weir #1, and where the gravity dam used to be. The "Watergate West" building is in the background.

The complex sits near the eastern terminus of the Chesapeake & Ohio Canal, which operated from 1831 to 1924 and is now a National Historical Park. The remains of the gravity dam across Rock Creek, as well as Waste Weir #1 are at this site.^[22] Land once owned by the canal company was part of the 10-acre (4.0 ha) site purchased in 1960 by the project's developer, Rome-based Società Generale Immobiliare (SGI).^[23]

In his 2018 book The Watergate: Inside America's Most Infamous Address, author Joseph Rodota gave three accounts of the origin of the name, based on sources inside the development team: Author and playwright Warren Adler, while working as a publicist for the developers, came up with the name; Nicolas Salgo, a New York financier who suggested the original site to Societa Generale Immobiliare, acquired the name from Marjory Hendricks, owner of the Water Gate Inn; and three local executives-Giuseppe Cecchi, an employee of Societa Generale Immobiliare, Nicolas Salgo and Royce Ward—came up with the name, inspired in part by the Water Gate Inn, and recommended it to executives in the Rome office for approval. According to Rodota, the office for approval. According to Rodota, the earliest use of the name Watergate in the surviving files of Societa Generale Immobiliare is a June 8, 1961, memorandum authored by Giuseppe Cecchi, summarizing an early meeting with officials of the future John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts about the proposed project.^[24]

In his 2009 book *Presidential Power on Trial: From Watergate to All the President's Men,* William Noble wrote that the Watergate "got its name from overlooking the 'gate' that regulated the flow of water from the Potomac River into the Tidal Basin at flood tide."^[25] That gate (near the Jefferson Memorial) is about 1.5 miles (2.4 km) downriver from the Watergate complex.

Another namesake, the "Water Gate Inn" restaurant (1942–1966), operated on the site for more than two decades before the Watergate complex was built.^[26]

Notice in the next reading, starting from left to right, that we are talking about very old entry ways into the city. Some believe that Water Gate was literally a set of stairs planned as initial entryways or reception areas for dignitaries entering the city.

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Watergate steps performance stage



Watergate steps

In 2004, Washington Post writer John Kelly argued that the name was most directly linked to the "Water Steps" or "Water Gate", a set of ceremonial stairs west of the Lincoln Memorial that led down to the Potomac. [27][28][29] The steps had been originally planned as a ceremonial gateway to the city and an official reception area for dignitaries arriving in Washington, D.C., via water taxi from Virginia, though they never served this function.^[27] Instead, beginning in 1935, a floating performance stage on the Potomac River was anchored to the base of the steps. It was the site for open-air concerts and the audience could sit on the stairs.^{[27][28]} Up to 12,000 people would sit on the steps and surrounding grass to listen to symphonies, military bands, and operas.

Inner Loop (Washington, D.C.)

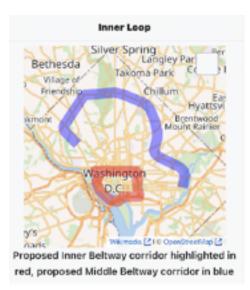
Article Talk

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This article is about the partly built freeway in downtown Washington, D.C. The clockwisetraveling lanes of Interstate 495 (Capital Beltway) are also called the "inner loop".

The **Inner Loop** was two planned freeways around downtown Washington, D.C. The innermost loop would have formed an oval centered on the White House, with a central freeway connecting the southern segment to the northern segment and then continuing on to Interstate 95. Interstate 95 would have met Interstate 66, Interstate 295, Interstate 695, and US 50 while traversing the Inner Loop. A second loop was an arc across the northern section of the city, beginning at East Capitol Street at the Anacostia River and using the Missouri Avenue NW and Nebraska Avenue NW commercial corridors to terminate in Georgetown.

There are numerous highways that also converge in and around this area. Some of that information is on the left. Below is a map of the various loops. Major highways were built, like the orange-colored circle. The purple is the proposed loop, while the orange has been built.



The actual Beltway is on the right: Below are all the intersecting roads.

I'm sure one of them is where this demon is located:

Beltway around Washington, D.C.	
	1-295 in Oxon
	Hill, MD
	50 US 50 in
	Glenarden, MD and
	Dunn Loring, VA
	Baltimore-
	Washington Parkway
	in Greenbelt, MD
	5 I-95 in College
	Park, MD
	1-270 in
	Bethesda, MD
	George Washington
	Parkway in McLean,
	VA
	267 SR 267 in
	Tysons, VA
	🐯 I-66 in Dunn
	Loring, VA
	1-95 / 1-395 in
	Springfield, VA
	US 1 in
	Alexandria, VA and
	College Park, MD



Some portions of the inner loop were never built. But if you have ever seen a map or driven on these roads, it is a maze of roads. On the next page is a list of the roads that were built. Notice that some work was left abandoned. I sense strongly, and I don't think it's off kilter to feel the possible toxic nature of the ground that Watergate is built on, along with the maze of roadways nearby, is a possible place where this demon is located. Another indicator would be the nonstop arguments surrounding the road and highway constructions, along with the unending controversies surrounding the building of the Water-

gate complex. There are still controversies surrounding it to this day. Following is a neighborhoods.^[1] As a result, all portions of the network that were not yet started were completely canceled in 1977. This left some portions of the innermost loop incomplete, and the northern arc completely unbuilt.^[1] Funding for the Inner Loop was partially reallocated toward construction of the Washington Metro.^[2]

Built portions

- Southwest Freeway (Interstate 395, originally signed Interstate 95) from the 14th Street Bridge to the Southeast Freeway (Interstate 695)
- Southeast Freeway (Interstate 695) from Interstate 395 past the 11th Street Bridges to Pennsylvania Avenue SE
- Interstate 395 from the junction of the Southwest and Southeast Freeways to New York Avenue
- Interstate 66 from the Theodore Roosevelt Bridge to the Whitehurst Freeway

small list of all the controversies that have gone on. I think this history is important for us to realize. Wherever a demon controls the area and its passageway, you can be absolutely sure controversy will follow. I also find it interesting as well of the legend of the "ghost dog" along certain sections of the canal along its path. Surely, the beginning section, where the Watergate Complex is located would be included. Demons feed off of these kinds of legends. So I am not surprised considering what Cheri saw. Also, how interesting that the ground Watergate was built on was part of a toxic gas company. The land may not be dirty. But I don't believe the government at that time could entirely clean this part of the land up. Cleaning these spills was not as easy back then. It is much easier now to clean them. We have better technology now to do so.

Approval controversies

Because the District of Columbia is the seat of the United States government, proposals for buildings in the city (particularly those in the downtown area, near federal buildings and monuments) must pass through an extensive, complex, and time-consuming approval process. The approval process for the Watergate complex had five stages. The first stage considered the proposed project as a whole as well as the first proposed building.^[54] The remaining four stages considered the four remaining proposed buildings in turn.^[54] At each stage, three separate planning bodies were required to give their approval: The National Capital Planning Commission (NCPC), the District of Columbia Zoning Commission (DCZC), and the United States Commission of Fine Arts (USCFA) (which had approval authority over any buildings built on the Potomac River to ensure that they fit aesthetically with their surroundings).^[55]

In December 1961, 14 months after the project was publicly announced, the NCPC voiced its concern that the project's 16-story buildings would overshadow the Lincoln Memorial and the proposed "National Cultural Center" (later to be called the John F. Kennedy Center for Performing Arts).^[44] At the time, the District of Columbia had a 90-foot (27 m) height limit on all buildings except for those located exclusively along business streets.^[44] To obtain a height waiver, SGI would have to include retail office space in the complex, but the site was then zoned only for apartment buildings.^[44] Thus, initial approval first had to be won from the District of Columbia Zoning Commission.^[56]

By the time the DCZC met to consider approval in mid-April 1962, the cost of the project had been scaled back to \$50 million.^[56] Because the District of Columbia lacked home rule, DCZC planners were reluctant to act without coordinating with agencies of the federal government.^{[56][57]} Additionally, many civic leaders, architects, business people, and city planners opposed the project before the DCZC because they feared it was too tall and too large.^[56] By the

feared it was too tall and too large.^[56] By the end of April, DCZC had announced that it would delay its decision.^[58] The Commission of Fine Arts also had concerns: it felt some of the land should be preserved as public space^[44] and objected to the height of the proposed buildings as well as their modern design.^[59] Three days after the DCZC meeting, the USCFA announced it was putting a "hold" on the Watergate development until its concerns were addressed.^[59] To counter this resistance. SGI officials met with members of the USCFA in New York City in April 1962 and defended the complex's design.^{[58][60]} SGI also reduced the planned height of the Watergate to 14 stories from 16.^{[4][17]} In May 1962, the NCPC reviewed the project. Additional revisions in the design plan pushed the cost back up to \$65 million, even though only 17 villas were now planned.^[35] Based on this proposal, the NCPC approved the Watergate plan.^[61]

With the support of the NCPC, SGI dug in its heels: It declared it was not interested in developing the unsightly, abandoned commercial site unless its basic curvilinear design (now called "Watergate Towne") was approved, and it lobbied DCZC commissioners in late May, lecturing them on the District's architectural heritage and the beauty of modern architecture. [20][62][63] SGI officials also lobbied the USCFA. Meanwhile, White House staff made it known that the Kennedy administration wanted the height of the complex lowered to 90 feet (27 m).^[4] Three key staff were opposed to the project on height grounds: Arthur M. Schlesinger, Jr., Special Assistant to the President; August Heckscher III, Special Consultant on the Arts; and William Walton, a Kennedy family confidante.^[64] The three briefed President John F. Kennedy on the issue, but it was not clear who made the decision to request the height reduction or who made the request public.^[64] The White House announcement surprised many, and offended federal and city planners, who saw it as presidential interference in their activities.[64]

SGI's chief architect, Gábor Ács, and Watergate chief architect Luigi Moretti flew to New York City on May 17 and defended the complex's design in a three-hour meeting with USCFA members.^{[4][57]} SGI agreed to shrink three of the planned buildings in the development to 13 stories (112 ft), with the remaining building rising to 130 feet (40 m).^{[4][17][57]} SGI also agreed to add more open space by reducing the size of the Watergate to 1.73 million square feet (161,000 m²) from 1.911 million square feet (177,500 m²) and by reorienting or re-siting some of the buildings.^[57] The USCFA gave its assent to the revised construction plan on May 28, the White House withdrew its objections, and the DCZC gave its final approval on July 13.[4][58][65][66][67][68] The final plan broke one building into two, creating five rather than four construction projects.[65][68] Moretti later admitted he probably would have lowered the height of the buildings anyway, [38] and thought that the approval process had gone relatively smoothly.^[40] Construction was expected to begin in spring 1963 and last five years.^[68]

The Watergate project faced one final controversy. The group Protestants and Other Americans United for Separation of Church and State began a national letterwriting campaign opposing the project, alleging that the zoning waivers would not have been given had the Vatican not been a major investor in SGI.^{[20][69]} By mid-November 1962, more than 2,000 protest letters had been sent to Corgress and another 1,500 to the White House.^[69] But the group's attempt to stop construction failed, and the project went forward.

The project won its \$44 million financial backing in late 1962, and its construction permits in May 1963.^{[55][70][71]} Construction began on the first building, the Watergate East apartment, in August 1963.^{[17][72]} The builder was Magazine Bros. Construction.^[4] Groundbreaking occurred in August 1963, and major excavation work was complete by May 1964.^{[4][17]}

The U.S. Commission on Fine Arts attempted once more to revise the project. In October

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once more to revise the project. In October 1963, the USCFA alleged that the height of the Watergate complex, as measured from the parkway in front of it, would exceed the agreed-upon height restrictions.^[55] SGI officials, however, contended that architects are required by law to measure from the highest point on the property on which they are to build; using this measurement, the building met the May 1962 agreement stipulations.^[55] On January 10, 1963, SGI and the USCFA agreed that the height of the complex would not exceed 140 feet (43 m) above water level (10 inches below that of the nearby Lincoln Memorial), that fewer than 300 apartment units would be built (to reduce population congestion), and to eliminate the proposed luxury villas (to create more open space).^[54] Luxury penthouse apartments, however, could extend above the 140-foot (43 m) limit if they were set back from the edge of the building and the 14th floor was foregone.^[54] With these adjustments, the total cost of the first apartment complex (excluding plumbing, electricity, and decoration) was estimated at \$12,184,376.[54]

The 5th building

Controversy arose over the construction of the Watergate Office Building, the complex's fifth and final structure. Its original design called for a 140-foot (43 m) structure with the upper floors set back to create more space and light.^[86] But in June 1965, as excavation and clearing began for the Kennedy Center, its advocates began agitating to lower the planned height of the final Watergate building.^[86] The general counsel for the Kennedy Center told the USCFA that the Watergate Town (the development had dropped the "e") was planning a 170-foot (52 m) building that would harm the aesthetics of the Kennedy Center and intrude on its park-like surroundings.^[86] The Watergate's attorneys responded that their building would stay within the agreed-upon 140-foot (43 m) height.^[86]

The disagreement continued for nearly two years,^[87] delaying the planned fall 1967 start to construction.^[88] Watergate apartment residents such as Senator Wayne Morse lobbied the USFCA, DCZC, and NCPC to

force SGI to accede to the Kennedy Center's wishes.^[89] In November 1967, the USCFA reaffirmed its approval of the Watergate project.^[90] When the DCZC appeared on the verge of giving its approval as well, the Kennedy Center argued that the DCZC had no jurisdiction over the controversy.^[91] The DCZC disagreed, and re-asserted its jurisdiction.^[91] The Kennedy Center then argued that the DCZC had not properly considered its objections, and should delay its approval pending further hearings.^[92] The District's legal counsel disagreed, giving the DCZC the go-ahead to reaffirm (or not) its approval ruling,^[92] which the Zoning Commission did on November 30, 1967.[93]

Although it appeared that SGI was winning the legal battle over the fifth building, D.C. city planners attempted to mediate the dispute between the Kennedy Center and the Watergate and achieve a contractual rather than legal solution. Three separate proposals

were made to both sides on December 7, 1967.^[94] On April 22, 1968, SGI agreed to turn its fifth building slightly to the southwest in order to open up the Watergate complex a little more and give the Kennedy Center a bit of open space.^[95] Although the Kennedy Center accepted the proposal, it demanded that the fifth building include apartment units, rather than be completely devoted to office space, to maintain the area's residential nature.^[96] The fight now moved to the NCPC. In June 1968, the NCPC held a hearing at which more than 150 Watergate apartment residents clashed with SGI officials over the nature of the final building.^[97] On August 8, 1968, SGI and the Kennedy Center reached a resolution, agreeing that only 25 percent of the fifth building's 1.7 million square feet (160,000 m²) would be used as office space and that the remaining space would become apartment units.^[96] The NCPC approved the revised plan in November 1968, and the DCZC did so five weeks later, specifically zoning the building for nonprofit and professional use only.^{[98][99]}

The fifth building was completed in January 1971.^[17] Its first tenant was the Insurance Institute for Highway Safety, which secured occupancy in February 1971, and its first major tenant was the Manpower Evaluation and Development Institute, which leased the entire eighth floor.^[4] In October 1972, several high-end fashion boutiques, jewelers, and a restaurant opened in a retail space named "Les Champs".^[4]

The total cost of the project was \$78 million.^[20]



The complex. The Kennedy Center is visible in the background. The boxy building at middle left is the former Howard Johnson's Motor Lodge, used during the 1972 Watergate burglaries to monitor the break-ins and wiretaps across the street.

Watergate II

In 1970, as the Watergate was nearing completion, SGI proposed building a "Watergate II" apartment, hotel, and office complex on the waterfront in Alexandria, Virginia, several miles down the Potomac River from the original Watergate.^[102] Although the project initially received support from Alexandria city officials and business people, residents of the city's Old Town strongly objected.^{[103][104][105]} The project stalled for two years due to protests from residents and a land dispute regarding title to the waterfront land on which the project was to be sited.^{[105][106]}

The Watergate II project was eventually abandoned in favor of a much larger complex near Landmark Mall in Alexandria (a site nowhere near water).^[106]

Individual buildings at the Watergate

The entire Watergate complex was initially owned by Watergate Improvements, Inc., a division of SGI.^[40] In 1969, the Vatican sold its interest in SGI and no longer was partowner of the Watergate.^[107] Although the Watergate was considered one of the most glamorous residences in the city, as early as 1970 residents and businesses complained of substandard construction, including a

leaking roof and poor plumbing and wiring.^[100] The Watergate complex changed hands in the 1970s, and each building was sold off separately in the 1990s and 2000s (decade) (see below). Strict lease agreements, however, have kept the apartment buildings in residents' hands: In the Watergate South, for example, owners cannot rent their unit until a full year has passed, and no lease may last more than two years.^[20] In 1977, one of the Watergate's financiers (Nicholas Salgo) and Continental Illinois Properties bought SGI's stake in the development for \$49 million.^{[145][146]} Two years later, Continental

Illinois sold its interest to the National Coal Board Pension Fund in the U.K.^[147] Salgo did the same in 1986.^[4] The coal board pension fund put the Watergate complex up for sale in 1989, and estimated the complex's worth at between \$70 million and \$100 million.^[5] Several buildings were sold in the 1990s (for details, see below).^[5] The property was valued at \$278 million in 1991.^[20] Efficiency units in that year sold for \$95,000, while penthouse apartments went for \$1 million or more.^[20] Various buildings were sold again in the early 2000s (decade).^[6] In 2005, all of the retail space in the complex was put up for sale.^[3]

Little redevelopment of the site has occurred in the 40 years since the Watergate was first built. The complex still includes three luxury apartment buildings, the hotel/office building, and two office buildings.^[42] The entire development was listed on the National Register of Historic Places on October 21, 2005.^[148]

Watergate East

The Watergate East apartment building is probably the second-best known of the five buildings in the development. It became the most sought-after living location in the city when it opened in 1966.^[2]

Problems with the building's construction became apparent shortly after its occupancy. The roof was leaking by 1968.^[149] The Washington Post published reports in October 1968 that SGI refused to fix the leaks unless residents dropped their opposition to the construction of the complex's fifth building.^[149] By 1970. problems at Watergate East led the press to dub the building the "Potomac Titanic", [100] and its residents filed suit against the developer in 1971 to correct the structure's

problems.^[77] Another lawsuit, filec protesters were arrested.^[153] Although a spaces in the residents' parking ar pastry shop.[4][154][155] filed a \$4 million counterclaim alle "malicious embarrassment" and fi

February 1970, sought exclusive a second protest was expected the following the underground parking garage ti day, it never emerged and police spent the cooperative claimed as its own, an day drinking coffee and eating cookies and demanded that the developer stop pastries baked at the Watergate East's

> The Watergate East tenants' cooperative refinanced its mortgage some time after 2000, and bought the land beneath its building.^[17]

later paid residents \$600,000 to settle the cases.^[4]

The Watergate East was also the site of a major protest in 1970. In the weeks prior to the jury verdict in the trial of the Chicago Seven (in Chicago, Illinois), political activists began planning and then advertising that a protest would occur at the home of United States Attorney General John N. Mitchell (who lived in the Watergate East).^[150] As expected, the verdict was handed down on February 18, 1970 (all the defendants were found not guilty of conspiracy but five were found guilty of incitement to riot^[151]). That night, more than 200 people rallied at D.C.'s All Souls Unitarian Church to prepare for the mass protest demonstration the next day.^[152] On February 19, several hundred

> thered in front of the Watergate npted to enter the ^{153]} Several hundred police, event the demonstration, reet fighting with protestors, o retreat, and eventually and tear gas canisters to rowd. [150] More than 145

This information goes on for another 10 pages! The British Coal Board pension fund sold the hotel portion of the building to a British-Japanese consortium in 1990 for \$48 million. Blackstone Real Estate Advisors, the real estate affiliate of the Blackstone Group bought the hotel for \$39 million in July 1998. More fights have ensued with more lawsuits. Eventually, the property never could be sold or renovated and in 2008, The Blackstone Group transferred ownership and for the next two years more collapsed deals ensued.

Ultimately, in 2013, Euro Capital tried to renovate. The hotel sat empty for nine years! Finally, in 2016, the hotel reopened with 336 rooms. Many of the arguments were made concerning plumbing, fresh water and sewage. I didn't print out all the various arguments, but thought the ones that held it up the most were based on waste and waste water, hearkening back to what that thing spoke to Cheri.

Even arguments with the purchasing of the land under the buildings took place, especially with the British Coal Board Pension Fund. Buildings, offices, land, to read about it all is really to see a total mess. In fact, over the decades, construction problems and leaks led the press to ridicule two of the buildings as the "Potomac Titanic."

Wherever the enemy sits, is truly a mess. Its cursings uttered to Cheri are indicative of how people feel in the city itself. What does everyone say about Washington, DC and its politics? It's a mess. Well, it's a lie. It's a lie to make people feel bad and unable to see change. Inviting the angelic host to bring battering rams to kick this demonic stronghold out will go a long way to deliver the city. I would imagine the literal hills in Washington, DC, have also become entrapped by enemy forces. When the Lord leads us to invite the landslide and the angelic host to remove these controllers, the city can become a 'shining city on a hill'.

RESPONSE:

- I. Do what the Lord tells you to do.
- 2. Please do pray in agreement with the first seven items on pages 4 through 6.
- 3. Any thoughts, prayers or other words, just pray after you read this. For those of you that can pray with us, you are certainly invited to do so.
- 4. Remember that many of these hills intersect with streets named after states in this country. This is relevant for prayer.
- 5. The various owners of different aspects of the Watergate Complex have been associated with The Vatican, The Blackstone Group, British Coal Pension Funds, and others. This is relevant for prayer.
- 6. One last thing: In the third week of February 2020, the Lord gave me both a dream and a vision concerning exactly what principality created the virus and that it was going to be used as a bioweapon to remove a president and enslave and kill many across the earth. This is relevant for prayer. That is located in the Archive Tab under March 2020 at ccm4www.org.
- 7. On December 3, 2020, the Lord said He was coming as our Kinsman Redeemer. He told me we (as US citizens) had been sold for nothing. At that moment I saw a hand as it held the

corner of a chair (throne) as if the person (Father God Almighty) was getting up. Then I heard Psalm 68:1: "Let God arise, let his enemies be scattered: let them also that hate him flee before him."

8. During the period of time that I was in the rehab/nursing home recovering from the fall, the Lord told me to pray for God to remember the covenant that He made with the nation and our forefathers made with Him.² To pray specifically through the blood of Jesus that our forefathers believed sealed the covenant.³ I had never prayed that way before. This is relevant for prayer now.

Please keep these items before you. Please pray as the Holy Spirit leads you. Below I will print legal stuff. For those of you in the body of Christ in holiness, ignore it. I felt led of the Holy Spirit to include the "legal stuff" in writing.

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² See the book, "70 Years of American Captivity: The Polity of God, The Birth of a Nation and The Betrayal of Government." 2016, Chris Meier, TellWell Publishing. https://www.amazon.com/70-Years-American-Captivity-Government/dp/1773021141

³ You can read all these past articles in the Archives tab at ccm4www.org

contained in this report. We are also a 501(c)3 designated by the IRS. We will never solicit, nor ask anyone else to solicit funds or donations for any intercessory report you may read with our name on it. We will never create such a report for profit of any kind. No such report may be created using our name.

Please do use this report for prayer, Bible study, declarations declared under the inspiration of the Holy One of Israel (King Jesus). Please do use this report for intercession. Remember this: ultimately, we win because He already won! Go in the Name of Jesus and under the covenant of the Holy Blood of Jesus Christ of Nazareth. Go and pray in the Name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Spirit; Amen.

After writing the report, I felt led of the Lord to write a basic and foundational teaching concerning intercession. All Christians are intercessors, not all Christians are given any basic teaching concerning it. For those of you who find this report odd, that's probably because you have never been with a group of intercessors or prayed in a church which intercedes. Our intercessors have all had this teaching. I encourage you to read it on the Archives Tab on the Home page. It will be in the August 2022 file.