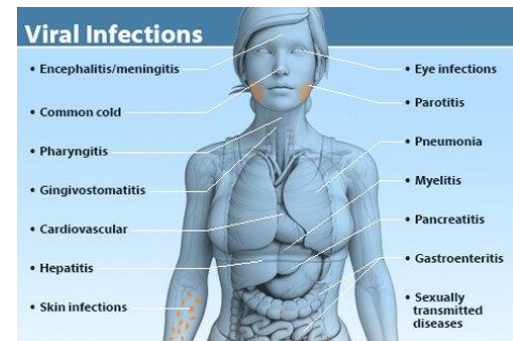
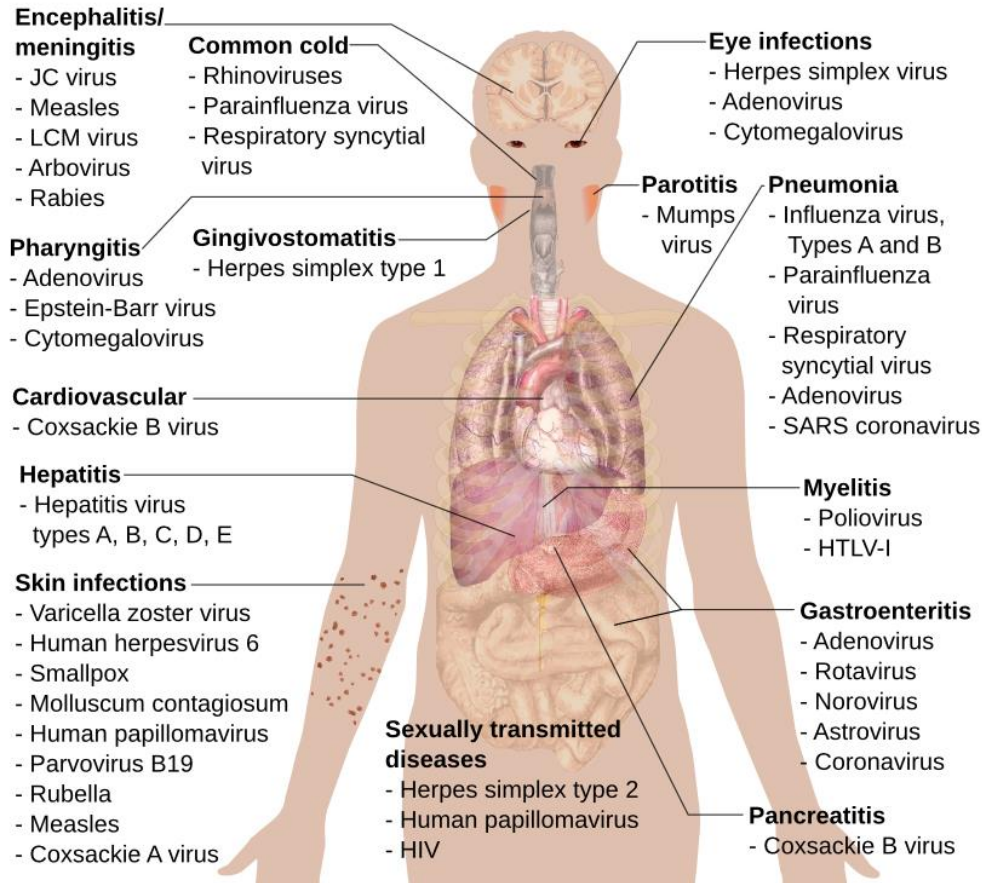
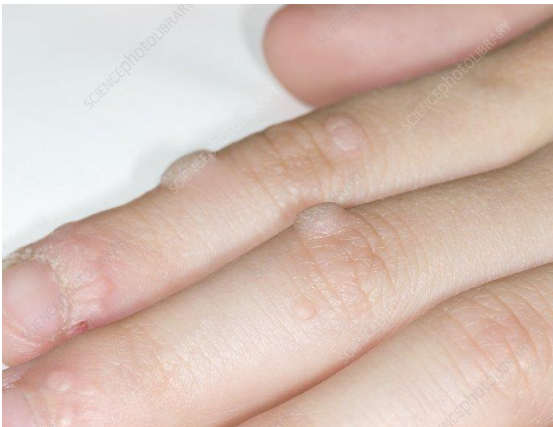




INFECTION PREVENTION & CONTROL

Overview of Viral infections





Overview of Bacterial infections

Bacterial meningitis

- *Streptococcus pneumoniae*
- *Neisseria meningitidis*
- *Haemophilus influenzae*
- *Streptococcus agalactiae*
- *Listeria monocytogenes*

Otitis media

- *Streptococcus pneumoniae*

Pneumonia

Community-acquired:

- *Streptococcus pneumoniae*
- *Haemophilus influenzae*
- *Staphylococcus aureus*

Atypical:

- *Mycoplasma pneumoniae*
- *Chlamydia pneumoniae*
- *Legionella pneumophila*

Tuberculosis

- *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*

Skin infections

- *Staphylococcus aureus*
- *Streptococcus pyogenes*
- *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*

Sexually transmitted diseases

- *Chlamydia trachomatis*
- *Neisseria gonorrhoeae*
- *Treponema pallidum*
- *Ureaplasma urealyticum*
- *Haemophilus ducreyi*

Eye infections

- *Staphylococcus aureus*
- *Neisseria gonorrhoeae*
- *Chlamydia trachomatis*

Sinusitis

- *Streptococcus pneumoniae*
- *Haemophilus influenzae*

Upper respiratory tract infection

- *Streptococcus pyogenes*
- *Haemophilus influenzae*

Gastritis

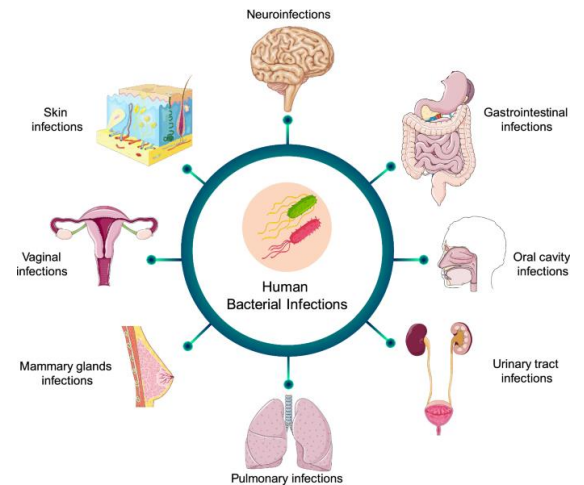
- *Helicobacter pylori*

Food poisoning

- *Campylobacter jejuni*
- *Salmonella*
- *Shigella*
- *Clostridium*
- *Staphylococcus aureus*
- *Escherichia coli*

Urinary tract infections

- *Escherichia coli*
- Other *Enterobacteriaceae*
- *Staphylococcus saprophyticus*
- *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*





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Common Types Of Fungi That Can Cause Serious Infections:

Candida

Candida is the most common cause of fungal sepsis.⁵



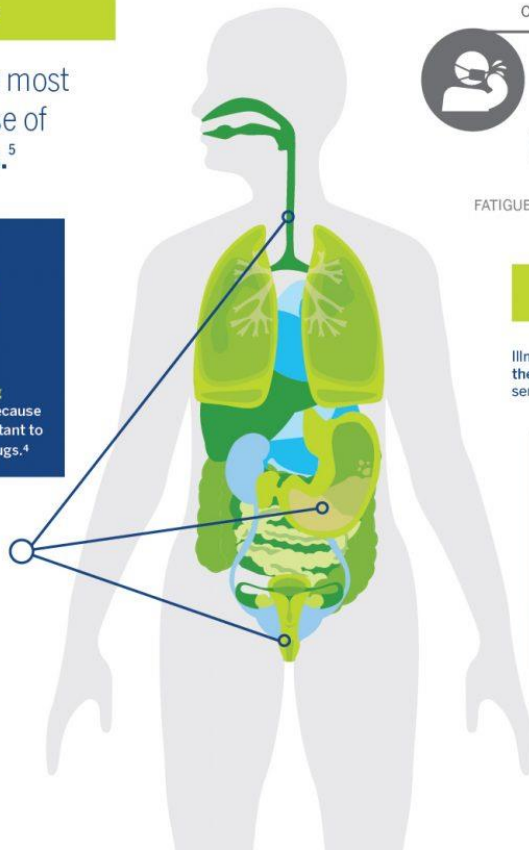
Fast Fact:

C. auris is an emerging global health threat because some strains are resistant to multiple antifungal drugs.⁴

Candida are commonly found in health amounts in the throat, gut, and vagina.⁴

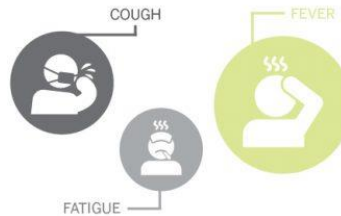


Candida albicans is the most common species of *Candida*.⁴



Histoplasma

Can cause the following symptoms:³



Aspergillus

Illness can range from inflammation in the lungs to invasive aspergillosis, a serious infection.³



Fast Fact:

Aspergilloma is when a ball of *Aspergillus* grows in the lungs but does not spread to other parts of the body.²

→ Both *Aspergillus* and *Histoplasma* fungi affect people with a weakened immune system.^{2,3}

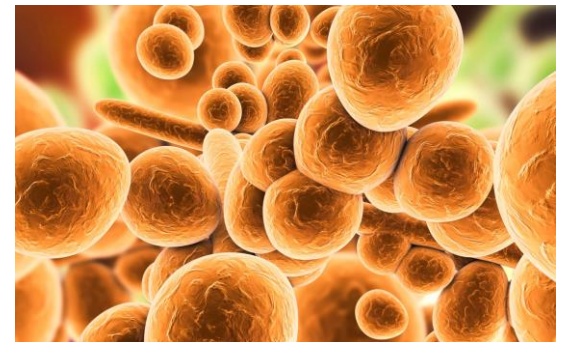


SYMPTOMS OF FUNGAL INFECTIONS

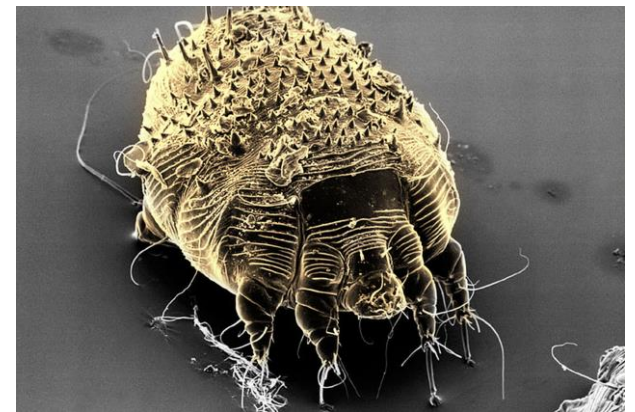
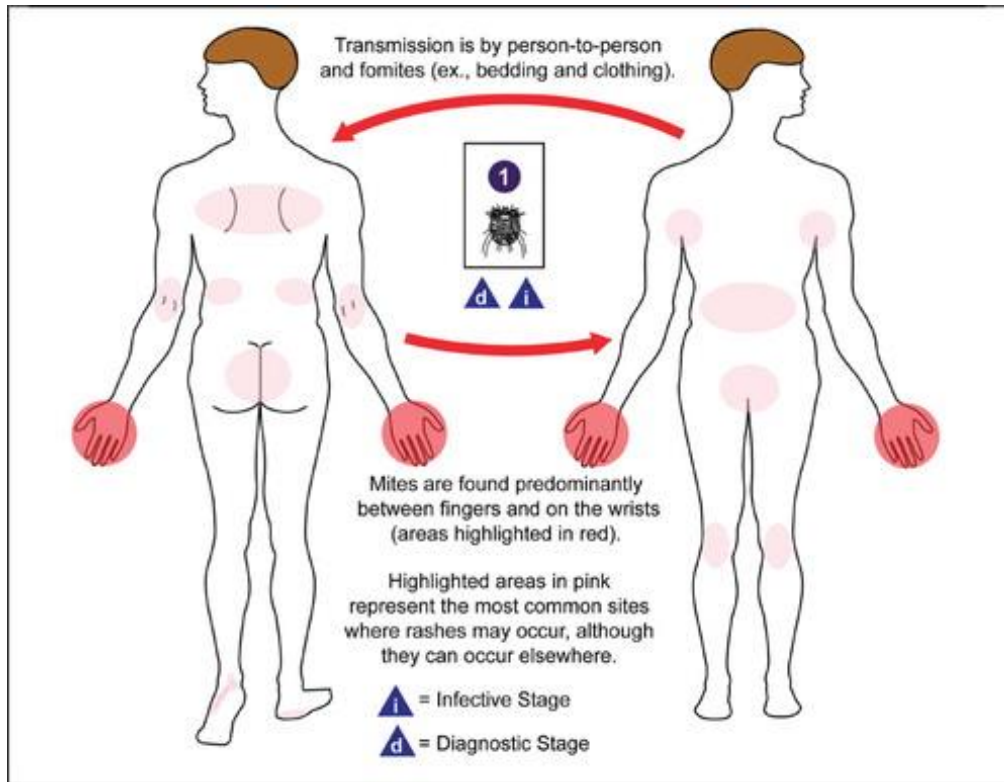
IRRITATION
SCALY SKIN
SWELLING
BLISTERS

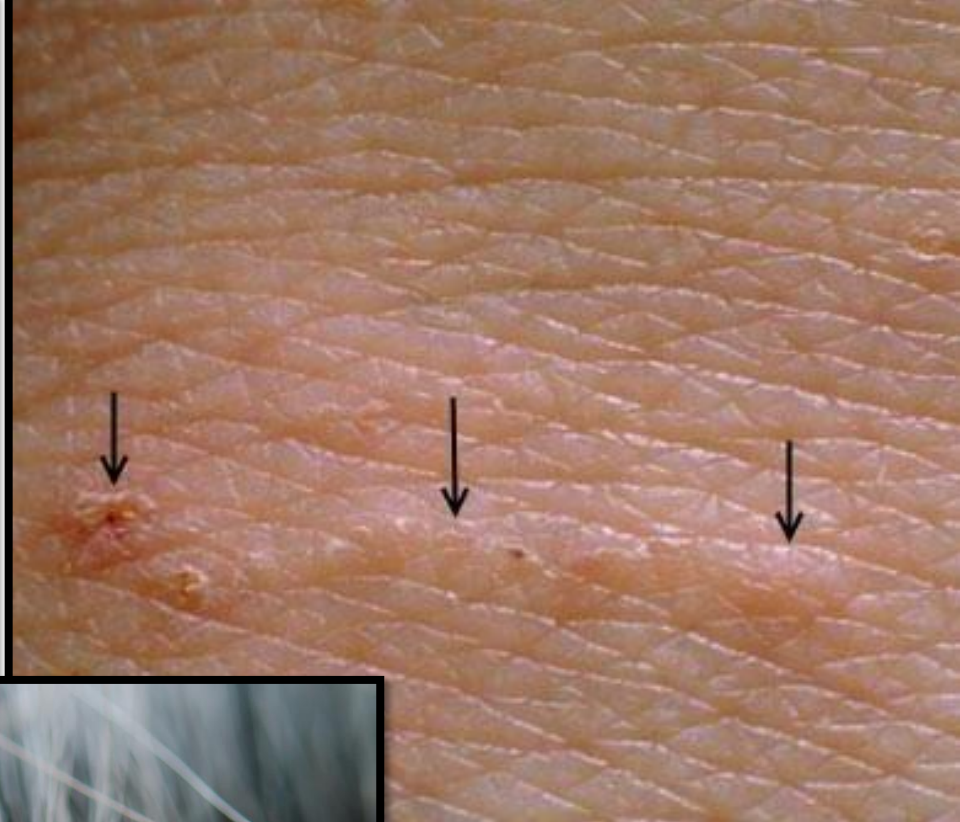
TYPES OF FUNGAL INFECTIONS

ATHLETE'S FOOT
JOCK ITCH
RINGWORM
YEAST INFECTIONS









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Infection control



Avoid cross infection through washing towels at 60c minimum after every client.



Sterilise and disinfect all tools, equipment and work area after every client.



Dispose of contaminated waste in the yellow lined bin.



Ensure all codes of practice are followed.

Salon cleaning schedules



- It is important to have a cleaning schedule in the salon to maintain hygiene, high standards and outstanding salon reputation.
- A cleaning schedule ensures that all staff share the responsibilities and the jobs are evenly allocated.

Waste disposal

- General waste should be disposed of in a lined, lidded, foot operated bin.
- Contaminated waste should be disposed of into yellow lined, lidded, foot operated bins.
- Contaminated waste is anything with blood or bodily fluid on.
- All contaminated sharps must be placed into a yellow sharps box.
- You must have a waste contract to collect the bins and the waste will be incinerated.





Beauty Therapist personal hygiene

- Clean hair, tied up away from face.
- Short, clean, tidy nails.
- Freshly washed uniform.
- Clean, flat shoes.
- Use of unscented anti-perspirant.
- Daily shower/bath
- Good oral hygiene
- Freshen breath throughout the day
- No jewellery, except for wedding band and fob watch and small earrings
- Wash and sanitise hands throughout the day



It is important as the therapist is portraying an image to the client, it will give the client confidence in the environment that you are professional and trust worthy.



The client will go on to recommend you as a therapist and the salon.



It is important to have a high level of hygiene as Therapists work physically close to clients.

Personal hygiene & professional conduct

Contact allergies

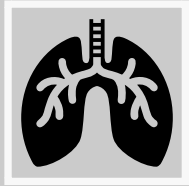


Caused by contact with a substance.

This can happen to Therapists as well as Clients.

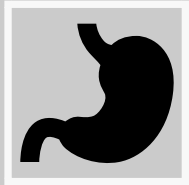
Repeated contact with a chemical not designed for use on skin.

Ignoring Health & Safety guidelines.



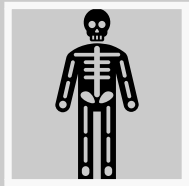
Inhalation

Dust and vapours



Ingestion

Chemicals and
dust



Skin absorption

Chemicals

**Chemicals have
three
routes into the
body.**

Signs of a contact allergy



Itchy skin

This could be under the nail free edge, around the cuticle, or somewhere on the body that's completely unrelated to the nails.

Headaches

A reaction isn't necessarily with the skin and can occasionally be a reaction anywhere in your body, such as a headache.

Difficulty breathing

Ensure liquid products don't run down the handle of brush you are using.

Ensure lids are kept on bottles and jars.

Decant only the amount of liquid you require.

Try to avoid touching your face & hair during treatments.

Always use a metal bin with a lid to dispose of consumables.

Put all dirty laundry into a wipeable hamper with an inner bag.

Always wear disposable gloves.

Use ventilation/extractor fans where possible.

Clean away any products from skin.