

## P—Freedom Teams—Elections—Certification Accountability (10)

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The “L” column is for “Layers.”

“L 1” is a list of Topics, like a Table of Contents.

“L 2” has details

#	L	Topic
0	1	Introduction
1	1	Let Jesus Lead Us
2	1	Pray for Protection
3	1	We are the government
4	1	Letter to the Town Clerks and Registrars
5	1	Outreach to protect non-citizens
6	1	Voter eligibility requirements—Mass GL Chapter 51, Section 1 provides a list
7.0	1	Citizenship defined— <a href="https://masslegalservices.org/content/47">masslegalservices.org/content/47</a> —
7.1	1	Citizenship—reference in the Constitution
7.2	1	Citizenship is a federal requirement—need reference
7.3	1	Citizenship is a state requirement—Mass GL C 51, S 1
7.4	1	Citizenship and the RMV—MOU with the Secretary of State
7.5	1	Citizenship and the RMV—Automatic Voter Registration
7.6	1	Citizenship—Board of Registrars shall determine if person meets qualifications to vote
8	1	Age: 18 years of age or older
9	1	Not under guardianship
10	1	Not incarcerated due to felony conviction
11	1	Not disqualified because of corrupt practices in respect to elections
12	1	Residency within boundaries of a district
13	1	The person is still alive
14	1	Chain of Custody
15	1	Machines
16	1	Accountability: C\criminal R\risk of Felony
17	1	Bonds for the Win
18	1	Town Clerks statewide
0	2	Introduction

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		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. This is an approach that could ensure election integrity.</li> <li>2. This approach focuses on the local level.</li> <li>3. Our Town Clerks and Registrars are charged with being sure our elections are in compliance with state and federal law.</li> <li>4. If an election is not in compliance, and the election is certified, this could result in a felony charge against our Town Clerks and/or Registrars.</li> <li>5. If an election is not in compliance, this also means that our elections are compromised.</li> <li>6. We do not want our Town Clerks or Registrars to be at risk of a felony conviction.</li> <li>7. Neither do we want the integrity of our elections, and our civil rights to be compromised.</li> <li>8. To these ends, we are working together to be sure our elections are in full compliance.</li> </ol> <p>Please note the first few concepts are for those of us who understand that we are in a Spiritual War with Spiritual Battles. We see much larger forces at work than just the day-to-day compliance issues. If you agree with the spiritual perspective, you are most welcome to join us at this level. If not, the approach is still valid for all towns and cities.</p>
1	2	<p>Let Jesus Lead Us</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Understanding that this is a Spiritual Battle, we seek to follow The Commander Who, we believe, will guide us to Victory.</li> <li>2. We “Let Jesus lead us.” In Matthew 23:10 Jesus said to not to call anyone “leader” because we have Him as Our Leader. We seek to do all we do under the Leadership of Christ, Our Commander and Supervisor.</li> </ol>
2	2	<p>Pray for Protection</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. Some of us pray the Lord’s Prayer, at least once and sometimes several times a day. This prayer includes the phrase, “Deliver us from evil.” In the current environment, praying for protection is critical.</li> <li>4. As was recently suggested, it is also wise to have a team who will be praying. We welcome beginning and ending meetings with prayer, to invite His Protection, Anointing, Inspiration and Direction (PAID) in all we do.</li> </ol>
3	2	<p>We are the government</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. As a Follower of Christ and reader of the Bible, We see two things. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. According to Romans 13:1 God establishes all governing authorities.</li> <li>b. In our country, the United States of America (USA), according to founding documents, such as the Declaration of Independence and the Constitution, we, the people, are the governing authority.</li> <li>c. In the Declaration of Independence we find, “We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal, that they are endowed by their Creator with certain unalienable Rights, that among these are Life, Liberty, and the pursuit of Happiness.—(emphasis ours) <b>That to secure these rights, Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed...</b>”</li> <li>d. We are the governed, giving our consent, accountability, and as needed, correction, to those in power.</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. We are to supervise, assist, correct, and protect our town workers.</li> </ol>

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		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. We, the people, are the supervising “bosses” of our government.</li> <li>b. We, the people, are to supervise our government officials.</li> <li>c. As a supervisor of our governing authorities, it seems we, the people, could be working with the government officials to be sure that they are doing this work, bringing accountability to local level throughout the state, so that we do not have to do this at the statewide level.</li> <li>d. As a supervisor, I need to see where my “employees” are unable to do their work, and I need to bring the support they need to be in compliance.</li> <li>e. As a supervisor, I also want to be sure that my employees are protected from possible criminal felony charges of fraud if they, working within the authority they have been given, were to certify an election that is out of compliance.</li> </ul>
4	2	<p>Letter to the Town Clerks and Registrars</p> <p>Dear _____, Town Clerk of _____</p> <p>And _____, _____, _____,</p> <p>Registrars of _____,</p> <p>We “of Mass 4 Fair Elections” are here to assist you.</p> <p>A number of us have visited with our Town Clerks and Registrars and we have discovered several important situations.</p> <p>We have found that, generally, our Town Clerks and Registrars take their authority and responsibilities seriously, and want to fulfill their duties well.</p> <p>But we have also found that many Town Clerks and Registrars are overwhelmed by the number of details involved in elections as they are currently being legislated in Massachusetts.</p> <p>We have learned that Town Clerks have even hired a lobbyist and provided testimonies to appeal to the Legislature so that this body will lessen the onslaught of complications. It seems the lobbyist and testimonies have not lessened this dynamic.</p> <p>We see that legislation and the administrative requirements are making it impossible to fully comply with the laws.</p> <p>In our research into the elections, we have found the laws that are the guidelines of our elections. These laws are cited and referenced below in detail.</p> <p>Town Clerks <b>and Registrars (?)</b> take an oath at the beginning of their terms in these roles. This oath includes upholding the Constitution of the United States and all laws.</p> <p>As public officials, Town Clerks and Registrars are to do the work that is required by federal and Massachusetts Law.</p> <p>These laws include eligibility of voters, chain of custody of ballots, and oversight of all aspects of an election.</p>

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		<p>According to federal law, it is a felony to certify an election that is not in compliance; this is committing election fraud.</p> <p>Fraud can include certifying an election that is outside of the legally allowed margin of error.</p> <p>Current election error is reportedly above this percentage. <b>(Reference to be added.)</b></p> <p>There are several groups in our country that are looking at the legality of elections. We do not want any of our Town Clerks and Registrars to be at risk of criminal felony charges if they certify an election that is not in compliance.</p> <p>Please understand that this effort is not against you; it is FOR you, to assist you, and to protect you.</p> <p>What follows are two complementary perspectives:</p> <p>We see that our Town Clerks and Registrars are struggling to comply with election laws and so are at risk of criminal felony charges if they certify an election that is not in compliance.</p> <p>We also see that this lack of compliance is jeopardizing the civil rights of the voters of Massachusetts.</p> <p>If enough Town Clerks and Registrars let it be known that they are at risk of criminal felony charges, because they are not be able to certify coming elections, because they can't maintain compliance, this would undoubtedly get the attention of the Legislature.</p> <p>This approach will get the attention of the legislature, and engage the people of Massachusetts, towards the end of reducing the confusion of administrative details that can allow errors in elections.</p> <p>Our intention is to have a team for each town that will stand behind and with our Town Clerks and Registrars, because we support you, and do not want you to face charges.</p> <p>It is also imperative that we protect the civil rights of the people of Massachusetts.</p> <p>We of Mass 4 Fair Elections are here to help our government workers, so that elections will be in compliance, so that the workers will not be at risk of criminal felony charges, and so that the civil rights of all citizens are protected.</p> <p>Sincerely, Mass 4 Fair Elections</p>
5	2	<p>Outreach to protect non-citizens</p> <p>A side opportunity, a very important issue in this approach, is to see how the system may be putting non-citizens at risk, and to reach out to them to be sure they are not at risk of fines and jail time because they have been placed, inappropriately, on the voter rolls.</p>
6	2	Voter Eligibility Requirements

#	L	Topic
		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. General Mass Law eligibility requirements: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Please go to <a href="http://malegislature.gov">malegislature.gov</a>.</li> <li>b. In the top bar, at the left, click on “Bills and Laws.”</li> <li>c. In the second column, under “General Laws,” see “Go to General Law.”</li> <li>d. In the “Chapter” block, type 51.</li> <li>e. In the “Section” block, type 1.</li> <li>f. Click on “Go.”</li> <li>g. You’ll see a paragraph.</li> <li>h. Requirements, “Qualifications of voters,” come from this paragraph: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Citizen</li> <li>ii. 18 years of age or older</li> <li>iii. Not under guardianship</li> <li>iv. Not incarcerated due to a felony conviction</li> <li>v. Not disqualified because of corrupt practices in respect to elections</li> <li>vi. Residency within boundaries of a district</li> <li>vii. 9<sup>th</sup> line down: NO OTHER PERSON MAY SO VOTE</li> </ol> </li> <li>i. We also add, in common sense: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. That the person is still alive, not deceased</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> <li>2. In addition, our “employees” must be able to properly oversee: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Verification of signatures</li> <li>b. The Chain of Custody of all ballots</li> <li>c. The full compliance, safety, and transparency of machines, if we are continuing to use them.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
7.0	2	<p>Citizenship defined—</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <a href="http://www.masslegalservices.org/content/47-who-considered-united-states-citizen">www.masslegalservices.org/content/47-who-considered-united-states-citizen</a></li> <li>2. B\born in USA or territories</li> <li>3. Born of US citizen who lived in USA before the birth</li> <li>4. Naturalized</li> <li>5. Parents naturalized before person turns 18</li> <li>6. Federal and state SNAP rules—for food stamps, not voting</li> </ol>
7.1	2	<p>Citizenship—reference in the Constitution</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <a href="http://www.bri-docs.s3.amazonaws.com/Branded-Constitution.pdf">www.bri-docs.s3.amazonaws.com/Branded-Constitution.pdf</a></li> <li>2. Constitution of the United States <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Article II, Section 1, paragraph 5, a “natural born citizen”</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
7.2	2	Citizenship is a federal requirement—need reference
7.3	2	<p>Citizenship is a state requirement—</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The first two words of the statement of (the) “Qualifications of voters” is “Every Citizen...”</li> <li>2. See Mass GL C 51, S 1</li> </ol>
7.4	2	<p>Citizenship and the RMV—MOU with the Secretary of State</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. PDF on <a href="http://FreedomFocus.info">FreedomFocus.info</a>?</li> <li>2. 4a/ “support automatic voter registration...has a clear and consistent record of such Applicant’s 1/ legal name, 2/date of birth, 3/residence, 4/citizenship, electronic signature;...</li> </ol>

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		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. 4b/References Chap 51, Section 65</li> <li>4. 4d/ opt out, now disallowed?</li> <li>5.</li> </ol>
7.5	2	<p>Citizenship and the RMV—Automatic Voter Registration</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. To “my” Town Clerk and Registrars,</li> <li>2. It seems that non-citizens are being added to the voter roll; how are we verifying citizenship of our voter list?</li> <li>3. In our research we have found that the RMV, as one example, is adding people to the voter list whether they are a citizen or not.</li> <li>4. Automatic Voter Registration—The following is from the website mass.gov. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. “Effective January 1, 2023, the VOTES ACT requires the RMV to remove the “opt out” for voting from the drivers licensing application. Applicants that wish to opt out may contact their town/municipality directly....”</li> <li>b. To access this information: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Go to mass.gov.</li> <li>ii. In the large search bar near the bottom of the screen, type in: automatic voter registration.</li> <li>iii. At or near the top of the list that comes up, select “Automatic Voter Registration.”</li> <li>iv. At the top of the list, click on, to open, “Automatic Voter Registration.”</li> <li>v. As you’ll see in the following block of this document, whether a person is a citizen or not, they are being added to the Massachusetts voter list.</li> <li>vi. It is up to the person to “opt out” through their town or municipality.</li> <li>vii. In our conversations with Town Clerks, few, if any are coming in to be removed from the voter list.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> <li>5. Non-citizens are being added to the voter rolls at the RMV: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The following is from the website mass.gov.</li> <li>b. “I must opt out of registering to vote when I receive the automatic voter registration mailing.” It is up to the individual to let their Town Clerk know that they are not a citizen and that they are not eligible to vote.</li> <li>c. To access this information: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Go to mass.gov.</li> <li>ii. In the large search bar near the bottom of the screen, type in: ‘application for a license.’</li> <li>iii. Beware, as the first listing may be (is) the application from 2018. It is interesting to note in this application that section “F.” does require an affirmation that a person is a citizen, and otherwise qualified, to be put on the voter roll. This, however, is no longer the case.</li> <li>iv. Select: “Learner’s Permit, Driver’s License, and ID Card Application.”</li> <li>v. Scroll down to section “F.”</li> <li>vi. See that there is question at the beginning of this section as to whether someone is a citizen or not.</li> <li>vii. There is then a list of voter eligibility.</li> </ol> </li> <li>d. Find the above quote near the end of the section. Again...“I must opt out of registering to vote when I receive the automatic voter registration mailing.” It is up to the individual to let their Town Clerk know that they are not a citizen and that they are not eligible to vote. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Please note: Penalty of not more than \$10,000 or imprisonment for not more than five years or both.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ol>

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		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>ii. Who is at fault here, the non-eligible person, or the RMV for putting a non-eligible person on the voter list?</li> <li>6. Regardless, the onus is on our employees to be sure every voter on our list is a citizen.</li> <li>7. If we cannot verify the citizen of every voter on our list, we cannot certify the election.</li> <li>8. How are we verifying citizenship? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Important: if we are not currently verifying citizenship, this is not to condemn the employees, but to join with you to find a way to do this.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
7.6	2	Citizenship—Board of Registrars shall determine of person meets qualifications to vote <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Mass GL C 51, S 65, d(1)</li> <li>2. According to this law, the “Board of Registrars” must determine if persons received by electronic records are qualified voters.</li> <li>3. Registrars notify qualified persons</li> <li>4. 4. If the person does not decline within 21 days, added to the voter roll</li> </ul>
8	2	Age: 18 years of age or older <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. How is age verified?</li> </ul>
9	2	Not under guardianship <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. How is this verified?</li> </ul>
10	2	Not incarcerated due to felony conviction <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. How is this verified?</li> </ul>
11	2	Not disqualified because of corrupt practices in respect to elections <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. How is this verified?</li> </ul>
12	2	Residency within boundaries of (the) a district <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. How is this verified?</li> </ul>
13	2	The person is still alive <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. How is this verified?</li> </ul>
14	2	Chain of Custody <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. How is Chain of Custody of all ballots maintained?</li> </ul>
15	2	Machines <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. How are machines maintained?</li> <li>2. Who are the ones to set up the machines?</li> <li>3. How are they vetted?</li> <li>4. How are the machines monitored for compliance?</li> </ul>

#	L	Topic
		5. How are the machines protected from online access?
16	2	<p>Accountability: Criminal R\risk of Felony</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DOJ Federal Prosecution of Election Offenses_8<sup>th</sup> Edition_HL_LK.pdf, states on page 14: “1. Election Fraud... Election fraud usually involves corruption of one of three processes; the obtaining and marking of ballots, the counting and certification of election results, or the registration of voter.” <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>To access this Law:</li> <li><a href="https://www.justice.gov/criminals/file/1029066/dl">https://www.justice.gov/criminals/file/1029066/dl</a></li> <li>If this link does not work:</li> <li>Search: “Department of Justice Prosecution of Election Offenses.</li> <li>Click on “Federal Prosecution of Election Offenses Eighth Edition”</li> <li>Go to page 14.</li> <li>Scroll down to the bottom quarter of the page and see B. Types of Election Crimes; 1. Election Fraud, where the above quote is found.</li> </ol> </li> <li><b>(NOTE: add Video of election laws by U. Sovereign A.?)</b></li> <li>If any requirement of elections is not in compliance, it is our recommendation as “supervisors” of our “employees” that they advise the people, aka the citizenry, and the legislature, that they will not be able to certify the election until these compliance issues are addressed.</li> <li><b>(NOTE: this needs to be true:)</b> “United Sovereign America” will bring charges against our employees if they certify an election that is not in compliance.</li> <li><b>(NOTE: Can we use “Bonds for the Win” for this?)</b></li> </ol>
17	2	Bonds for the Win
18	2	<p>Town Clerks statewide</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>There are 351 towns and cities in Massachusetts.</li> <li>There are those alongside of us who may be willing to go to “their” Town Clerks and Registrars if this process is clear and supportable.</li> <li>How many towns and cities are now represented by our freedom groups?</li> </ol>