**Things To-Do Before Saying No**

* get the documentation for the kit
* what is the purpose of the kit
  + at home use screening for asymptomatic
  + diagnostic
  + prescription based
  + is it a 2-part test kit
  + what other pre-conditions are there for use under the EUA
* submit an eeo complaint
* submit a safety complaint
* submit IG complaint for improper use, fraud and waste
* ethical complaint to general counsel for improper use, fraud and waste
* are you having adverse reactions?
  + See a medical professional.
  + Report it to your supervisor
  + Report Adverse events, including problems with test performance or results, to MedWatch by submitting the online FDA Form 3500   
    (https://www.accessdata.fda.gov/scripts/medwatch/index.cfm?action=reporting.home) or by calling 1-800-FDA-1088
* would it be a GINA (genetic information) complaint if they keep the swab?
* Is exposure to ethylene oxide (chemical in some of the swabs) on a weekly basis, is that a concern for exposure limits?
* Force health protection/cdc guidance 90 days after post infection, do not need to test for 90 day period, does require a confirmed positive test, and negative post recovery

**Example**

for the intelliswab I would put in a complaint for chain of custody proper storage in the requisite temp storage range and it also requires 2 successive tests. I also recommend getting the circular, detailed info and reading that. U might find it requires another confirmation for positives. But if they haven’t had proper temp storage the test kit should be void.

Did they give a data sheet?

Is the kit a prescription kit?

**FDA Links to Find Documentation on Your Test Kit**

Search for your kit on this link here if antigen

https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/coronavirus-disease-2019-covid-19-emergency-use-authorizations-medical-devices/in-vitro-diagnostics-euas-antigen-diagnostic-tests-sars-cov-2

<https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/coronavirus-disease-2019-covid-19-emergency-use-authorizations-medical-devices/in-vitro-diagnostics-euas>

**Papers**

* The Infectious Diseases Society of America Guidelines on the Diagnosis of Covid-19 Molecular Diagnostic Testing. Kimberly E. Hanson, Angela M. Callendo
* 40-Cycle RT-PCR Test for Covid 19: A Weapon of Mass Destruction?. Alejandro Sousa
* Mandatory Reporting of Covid 19 Laboratory Test Results: Reporting of Cycle Threshold Values. December 3, 2020

**Resources**

* Thehealthyamerican.org
* <https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/33126180/>
* <https://www.fda.gov/medical-devices/coronavirus-covid-19-and-medical-devices/screening-covid-19-deciding-which-test-use-when-establishing-testing-programs>
* <https://www.fda.gov/news-events/press-announcements/coronavirus-covid-19-update-fda-takes-steps-streamline-path-covid-19-screening-tools-provides>
* https://www.mayoclinic.org/tests-procedures/covid-19-diagnostic-test/about/pac-20488900
* The [properties of chemicals](https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/) used in products (PUBCHEM)
* Search [scientific medical papers](https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/) (PUBMED)
* [Database of harmful chemicals](https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/) (TOXNET)
* [Chemical Data Access Tool](https://java.epa.gov/oppt_chemical_search/) (CDAT)
* [Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry](https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/) (ATSDR)
* [Clinical trials](https://clinicaltrials.gov/) being  run in the United States
* [Material Safety Data Sheets](http://www.msds.com/) (MSDS)
* [Chemical Abstract Services](http://www.cas.org/content/chemical-substances) (CAS)
* [Adverse Reactions to Drugs](http://www.vigiaccess.org/) (VigiAccess )

**Other Notes**

* documented cases of infections from swabs
* how are the swabs sterilized?
* Note it purpose of test.
  + There is a difference between diagnostic (think pregnancy) vs preventative (yearly screening)
* Also, were you given a data sheet for the kits?

**evidence showing asymptomatic does NOT exist**

https://www.who.int/docs/default-source/coronaviruse/situation-reports/20200402-sitrep-73-covid-19.pdf?sfvrsn=5ae25bc7\_2

"Asymptomatic transmission   
An asymptomatic laboratory-confirmed case is a person infected with COVID -19 who does not develop symptoms.   
Asymptomatic transmission refers to transmission of the virus from a person, who does not develop symptoms.   
  
There are few reports of laboratory-confirmed cases who are truly asymptomatic, and to date, there has been no   
documented asymptomatic transmission. This does not exclude the possibility that it may occur. Asymptomatic cases   
have been reported as part of contact tracing efforts in some countries.   
  
WHO regularly monitors all emerging evidence about this critical topic and will provide an update as more information   
becomes available. "

**Videos On Testing**

https://www.bitchute.com/video/NRMuuFu1Shky/

https://www.bitchute.com/video/yzOHvtVzGqIP/

https://www.bitchute.com/video/gPEQQoW0niYh/

https://www.bitchute.com/video/6PbOO4Oyt2Ah/

last one... [https://rumble.com/vnwt2p-covid-nasal-swabs-examined-by-scientists-reveal-danger.html](https://us02st1.zoom.us/web_client/yckmkh4/html/externalLinkPage.html?ref=https://rumble.com/vnwt2p-covid-nasal-swabs-examined-by-scientists-reveal-danger.html)