



SV70-SPDK Operations Manual



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QR CODE

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SAFETY FIRST

CAUTION & GENERAL SAFETY

This manual contains important information concerning the installation, operation and maintenance of the Solidsvac Pump, Model SV70-SPDK. To prevent injury to personnel or equipment damage, this manual MUST be read and understood by those responsible for the installation, operation and maintenance of the equipment.

THIS OPERATION MANUAL MUST BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH BOTH SITE SPECIFIC RA AND JSA'S.

- Isolate, tag out and disconnect the air supply to the unit prior to working on any part of the system
- Lift the equipment only at the lifting points provided
- The pump should be installed in a safe level area, which provides adequate access for operating the equipment
- Ensure all hoses are in good condition, correctly rated and certified for the service in which they are to be used
- Inspect the unit regularly for damaged or worn components
- All covers must be fitted prior and during operation
- Air pressure should NEVER exceed rated pressure
- Tie down points (if fitted) must NOT be used as lifting point

CAUTION: BE AWARE OF RETAINED MATERIAL IN THE TANK INCREASING WEIGHT

SOLIDSVAC PUMPS EACH HAVE SPECIFIC COMPRESSED AIR REQUIREMENTS DEPENDING ON THE JET PACK FITTED.

The operator must ensure that an appropriate and adequate air supply is available depending on the model and Jet Pack in use.

All Solidsvac Pumps require a minimum operating pressure of 500kpa and have a maximum operating pressure of 720kpa (105psi).

It is recommended that a 25mm (1") i.d. air hose is used for compressed air supply to the pump.

NB: An 18mm (¾") i.d. Air hose contains HALF the volume of the recommended 25mm (1") hose.

The Discharge hose MUST be no smaller in diameter than the pumps outlet 75mm (3") preferably a self-supporting type and secured at regular intervals.

WARNING: THE PUMP-OUT LINE MUST BE SECURED AT THE EXIT POINT

1. OPERATIONAL OVERVIEW

The Solidsvac SV70-SPDK operates as a shuttle system alternately loading via vacuum and discharging via pressure a wide range of flowable and sem-flowable materials.

Operation is fully automatic and the Solidsvac SV70-SPDK features no internal workings, high vacuum and pressure discharge where suction of up to 50 metres and discharges in excess of 400 metres are achievable.

WARNING

Compressed air can be dangerous. Correctly rated hoses and piping should be used in conjunction with the appropriate fittings and safety devices on all connections.

The unit is not designed to operate above 758kPa (114psi) and the PRV will relieve at 758 +/- 35kpa (110psi +/- 5psi)

2. DESIGN REGISTRATION

The Solidsvac SV70-SPDK has a Certificate of Plant Design Registration from Workcover NSW, Australia. A copy of which may be obtained by contacting Solidsvac Pumps.

DESIGN REGISTRATION # PV-6-198163/16

Technical Standards

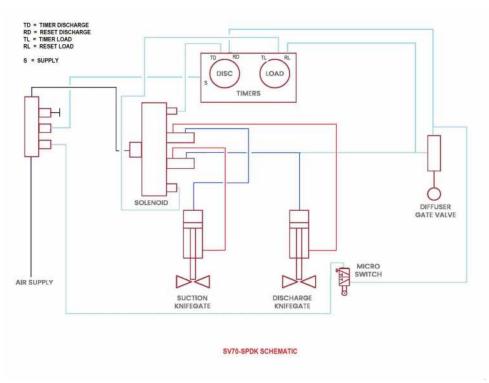
- AS2971-2007 Serially Produced Pressure Vessels
- AS4343-2005 Pressure Equipment Hazard Levels
- AS1210-1210 Pressure Vessels



3. TECHNICAL DATA

TECHNICAL DATA	METRIC	US IMPERICAL
Height	1150 mm	45"
Width	650 mm	25.5"
Length	1240 mm	48.5"
Weight	130 kg	287 ;b
Air Inlet	13 mm	1/2" BSP
Suction Inlet	75 mm	3"
Discharge Outlet	75 mm or 100 mm	3" or 4"
	7.9 m @ 100 cfm	26' 2" @ 100 cfm
Suction Lift	8.2 m @ 180 cfm	27' 2" @ 180 cfm
	8.6 m @ 230 cfm	28' 6" @ 230 cfm
	2.8 m3 / Min Jet Pack	100 cfm Jet Pack
Air Consumption Options	5.0 m3 / Min Jet Pack	180 cfm Jet Pack
	6.5 m3 / Min Jet Pack	230 cfm Jet Pack
Delivery	400+ m	1312+ ft
Displacement Cycle	65 ltr	17 ga;l
Operating Pressure	7 bar (max) @ 690 kPa	100 psi (max)
	4.5 bar (min) @ 448 kPa	65 psi (min)
Maximum Solids	50 mm	2"
Measured Water Throughput	400 lpm	106 gpm

4. SV70-SPDK SCHEMATIC





5. ACCESSORIES

Suction Wand - Attaches to the suction hose allowing the operator to stand upright and ambient air to be introduced at the material inlet

Strainer - available in two sizes and attaches to the suction hose to prevent the ingestion of oversize particles

VacHead - An industrial vacuum head with squeegee brush allows the operator to stand upright, recovering material from hard surfaces i.e. an oil spill from a road surface.

NB: It is recommended that the suction timing cycle is set to 15 seconds when using this accessory.

Delivery Carousel - Controlled discharge to either a conveyor or multiple points/skips etc.

Hoses - A complete range of high quality suction and discharge hoses are available

Hoover Head - Helps focus the vacuum and is ideal for recovering heavier material such as barite, oil sludge, mud or similar from tank bottoms and various hard surfaces.

Dropbox - Delivery of material to a skip, conveyor or specific point

Tool Kit - Contains all you need for basic maintenance on your pump

Service Kit - Contains all you need for basic maintenance on your pump

6. PUMP SET-UP

Before commencing operation, Solidsvac recommends that a site specific Risk Assessment of the pumping operation is undertaken. Any recommendations arising from the Risk Assessment would be additional to the following.

BEFORE OPERATING THE SOLIDSVAC SV70-SPDK CHECK:

- The unit and all hoses fittings are undamaged and in good working order
- All covers are fittings and in place and correctly secured
- Clean compressed air at minimum working pressure of 500kpa (75 psi) at 100 cfm is available
- A 25mm (1") i.d. air hose is available
- The discharge area has suitable warnings to protect personnel
- The correct PPE is available and worn for operating compressed air equipment
 Eye Protection
 Hearing Protection
 Gloves
 Safety Boots
- Set the Solidsvac Pump in a safe level location as close to the material to be pumped as possible
- Attach both suction and discharge hoses along with any accessories as required and ensure safety clips are in place
- Ensure the main air valve is in the off position and attach the 25mm (1") air hose to the Solidsvac Pump & fit safety clips
- The pump is now ready for use

Note: Always position hoses out of walkways where possible remaining aware of trip and fall hazards.





7. OPERATION

Turn the air supply valve ON at the source. Turning the pump valve to ON, the pump will now commence its cycle of operation. The LOAD and DISCHARGE cycles are controlled by adjustable pneumatic timers, these allow for adjusting the pump to varying conditions, i.e. heavy or light material or long or short distances etc. During the LOAD cycle the operator should note an audible difference (Gargle) once the vessel has filled, adjust the LOAD timer to where the cycle completes just as or prior to this occurring. The DISCHARGE cycle depends on both the material being transferred and the distances involved. A discharge setting of 4-6 seconds will accommodate about 95% of most pumping jobs with the SV70.

Once pumping is completed, remove the suction from the material and allow the pump to cycle self clean, On completion of the operations, isolate the air supply and allow the pump to cycle until the supply in the line is exhausted, then turn the pump off at the supply line. SOLIDSVAC recommends checking the pump discharge to ensure it remains correctly anchored at the exit.

NOTE: Dry operation will not damage the pump.

EARTHING POINT

An earthing point is fitted to the SV70-SPDK if required by the site specific RA or JSA.



SAFETY FIRST

Isolate Air Supply
Valve and have Air
Supply Valve OFF
before commencing
any work
on the unit

REPORT ANY DEFECTS
IMMEDIATELY



6. MAINTANENCE

In use, the Solidsvac SV70-SPDK requires no maintenance, however the following procedures are recommended in the event of the loss of vacuum when operating either in-line or exhaust to atmosphere mode.



AIR INLET FILTER

Prior to commencing each pumping operation:

- Check that all fittings and connection are serviceable
- Adequate compressed air is available
- A general visual inspection of the unit including the suction and discharge valves is recommended

A small metal gauze in-line filter prevents foreign objects entering the venturi nozzle via the air supply line. Solidsvac Pumps recommend periodic inspection and cleaning as required, replacement filters and seals are available from your Solidsvac suppliers.

EXHAUST BOX

If fitted, Solidsvac Pumps also recommend a periodic visual inspection of the exhaust box be carried out.

- With the air supply off and isolated, remove the pump cover.
- Visually check the exhaust opening and if it appears blocked, either flush the box with a hose, alternatively, remove the 4 cap screws in the side cover.
- Ensure that there is no foreign material inside the box, remove and clean the chain and insert back into the box.
- Reinstall the cover and recommence operations.



SAFETY FIRST

PRIOR TO COMMENCING ANY WORK ON THE UNIT, THE AIR SUPPLY VALVE MUST BE ISOLATED AND THE CONTROL SYSTEM TESTED DEAD



9. ADJUSTING THE LOAD & DISCHARGE CYCLES

Adjusting the LOAD and DISCHARGE cycles may be required depending on the viscosity of the material being transferred and the distances involved etc. Turning either respective Timer Dial clockwise increases the load or discharge time and turning it anti-clockwise decreases the load or discharge time.

NOTE: Do NOT turn the knob more than one turn (360') when adjusting the cycle time..



Adjust timers to dial marking beside each timer. Only adjust timers when required.

Before starting the pump, adjust timers to between 4-6 seconds.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Numbers provided on timers are a guide only and may not be approximate to actual timer figure indicated.

PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE

The Pressure Relief Valve can be operated by pulling the ring as indicated below





Model Number	
Serial Number	
Date of Manufacture	
Inspected by	



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OPERATIONAL RISK ASSESSMENT





Objective:

The objective of the hazard identification and risk review process is to ensure all hazards are identified and accurately assessed for risk. Suitable and effective controls must be nominated and implemented to keep workplace

Context:

The Solidsvac Mobile Solids Pump are designed to be used for the purpose of pumping and transferring heavy slurry/media. The Solidsvac Mobile Solids Pump will be in a stationary position on the floor.

The floor conditions need

Scope:

The Scope of the risk assessment as follows:-

- 1)Identify operational hazards associated with the use of the Solidsvac Mobile Solids Pump
- 2) Risk Assess each of the identified hazards
- 3) Implement controls to minimise any hazards to an acceptable level

Involved Persons / Stakeholders:

Risk Facilitator

Solidsvac Management / tradespeople

Assumption:

Supplier

Competent, comply with standards and drawings.

End User (Owner / hirer / User)

The end user has:

Competent (operators are trained, competent, authorised, etc.),

Procedures (change management, traffic rules, risk assessed, developed, effectively implemented, etc.),

Equipment fit for purpose (rated, designed compatible, maintained, inspected, monitored, etc.),

Leadership (communication, directions, monitoring, etc.),

Environmental conditions are compatible to the operational capabilities of the equipment (natural vs. manmade, etc.),

Inclusions:

Only the aspects directly related to Solidsvac Mobile Solids Pump

Exclusions:

Iransporting and storing the Solidsvac Mobile Solids Pump (Users operational risk assessment, training, competence);

Assessment of the environmental conditions in the operational area (Users planning and local risk control),

Reference Material:

QLD Coal Mining Safety & Health Act 1999

QLD Coal Mining Safety & Health Reg 2001

Recognised Standard 02 Control of risk management practices

				onsequence (1-5)	Ť	i de la companya de
Co	onsequences	Injury / Occupational Illness or Disease (How to manage Work Health and Safety Risk - Code of Practice. Safety Work Australia 10 August 2011) The company must ensure levels of consequence and likelihood are relevant to the company's business risk)	Business Loss / Asset Damage	Reputation / Social / Community	Legal and Regulatory / Contract	Environmental Impact (eg Hydrocarbon spills)
1	Insignificant	Report only	<\$5k	Complaint / Single project or stakeholder	Minor non- compliance - internal report only	Negligible pollution
2	Minor	First Aid Treatment Injury/Illness - Non-prescription medication / treatment that can be administered by first aider.	<\$20k	Local public concern	Minor legal non- compliance / Contractual issue	Minor pollution / Nuisance
3	Moderate	Medical Treatment Injury/Illness - Prescription medication / treatment that can only be administered by registered doctor/nurse. Minor LTI <5 full days work lost	<\$50k	Regional public concern / Multiple stakeholders	Serious breach of law / Investigation by authority / On the spot fine. Major breach of contract.	Noticeable pollution
4	Serious	Serious Lost Time Injury/Illness - Loss of 5 or more days work / admission to hospital / Serious injury under WHSA definition.	<100k	National public concern	Significant penalties / Termination of contract.	Significant environmental event
5	Major	Fatality - Single or multiple fatalities	<\$100k	International public attention	Law suits / Prosecution / Removal from suppliers list	Major environmental event / Material environmental harm

		Step 2 : Establish the Likelihood (A-E)
	Description	Frequency Examples (How to manage Work Health and Safety Risk - Code of Practice. Safety Work Australia 10 August 2011)
A	Certain to occur	Expect to occur in most circumstances (>1 event / month)
В	Very likely	Will probably occur in most circumstances (2 to 1 events / year)
c	Possible	Might occur occasionally (1 event / 1 to 2 years)
D	Unlikely	Could happen at some time (1 event / 2 to 3 years)
Ε	Rare	May happen only in exceptional circumstances (>3 to 5 years)

Date		8	IISAR TABAAT BTAA ASIR BIMTAART									
Reviewed by		uj ²	SUTAT2 offigmoD) effigmoonl esengong	Open								
	SOLidayor		ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS	Placement and loading of the Solidsvac SV2D Mobile Huids Pump to be included in the training and assessment document in the Solidsvac SV2D Mobile Solids Pump	Training and assessment in the Solidsce Solids pump package	Training and assessment in the Solidvac SV20 Mobile Solids pump package	Training and assessment in the Solidwac VVO Mobile Solidspump package					
	ט א	void, Risk	RISK TREATMENT() t, Transfer, A or Further I Review)		ALARA	ALARA	ALARA	ALARA	ALARA	ALARA	ALARA	ALARA
		CONTROLS	RISK RATING	81	81	L 8	M 13	M 13	F 8	F8	r 8	81
	20	CURRENT RISK WITH EXISTING CONTROLS	ГІКЕГІНООБ		U	O	U	v	Э	U	U	C
		CURRENT RISK	CONSEQUENCE		7	2	ю	æ	2	2	2	2
ASSESSMENT	THIS IS A BASIC R.A SOLIDSVAC <u>STRONGLY RECCOMMEND</u> THAT A SITE SPECIFIC R.A IS CONDUCTED.		EKISTING CONTROLS	Wheels and handle on the Solidsvac SV20 Mobile Solids Pump Designed well balanced Mine transport rules	Operation manual and training documents set up procedure on level ground or securing pump to the rib using rated restraining devices when operating on uneven ground	Manual handling training at Induction team lifts where required Most set up and removal tasks conducted from floor level and reasonable height	Operation manual and training documents setup, removal procedures setup, removal procedures setup, removal procedures oberation manual and training documents identifies the need to drain pump before discornecting. Mine transport rules laccornecting, Mine transport rules Illne of sight before any movements. No machine movements without positive communications	Rated pressure hoses Mine Site Induction and Training Competencies	Mine Site Induction and Training Competencies	Operation manual and training documents the set up rocedure incorporates barricading discharge area with caution tape	Fit for purpose covers fitted to pump during operation, must be in place	Operation manual and training documents unblocking procedure Pressure relief valve at the pump relieves discharge pump pressure
OPERATIONAL RISK ASSESSMENT	THIS IS A BASIC R.A DSVAC <u>STRONGLY RECCOMMEND</u> [.] A SITE SPECIFIC R.A IS CONDUCTED		RISK EVENT	Resulting in personal injury and damage to the Solidsvac SV20 Mobile Solids Pump during transport.	Resulting in personal injury and damage to the Solidsvac SV20 Mobile Solids Pump during operation	Failure of the correct manual handling technique	Resulting in personal injury	Failure of the compressed air system resulting in: Personal injury from being exposured compressed air due to hose failure and / or damage;	Interaction with conveyor resuting in personal injury	Resulting in personal injury	Resulting in personal injury	Resulting in personal injury
OPERA	SOLIDSVA A SITE		HAZARD	Inadequate transport method	Solidsvac SV20 Mobile Solids Pump set up on uneven ground or pump is inadequately secured to rib when on uneven ground resulting in Umplanned movement of pump	Manual handling	Nip/crush points and "Line of Fiel" Issues from mobile equipment, low roof height issues during set up and removal" resulting in crush injury's	High pressure compressed air	ВL	Discharged material (at 100psi) contacts operators	Pinch points on Solidsvac Sv20 Mobile Solids pump during operation	Blocked discharge hose resulting in exposure to stored energy while unblocking hose
at current orking.	chieved using matrix from the procedure and is ocument.		SUBACTIVITY	Travel position	Environment							
Risk Assessment assumes that current controls are adequate and working.	The Risk Scores have been achieved using the qualitative risk analysis matrix from the Solidvac Risk Management procedure and is attached at the end of this document.		ACTIVITY	Transport to work site	Set up					Operation		
Risk Assessr controls are	The Risk Scc the qualitat Solidvac Risk attached at		REFERENCE	1.0	1.1					1.2		

						CURRENT RISK	CURRENT RISK WITH EXISTING CONTROLS	ONTROLS	void, Risk			8
REFERENCE	АСТІИПУ	SUB ACTIVITY	HAZARD	RISK EVENT	EXISTING CONTROLS	CONSEQUENCE	ПКЕГІНООБ	RISK RATING	RISK TREATMENT() t, Transfer, A or Further I Review)	ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS	SUTAT2 of seld moonl et seld moonl essengong	IISƏR TƏDRAT ARIR SINTA ƏRIF SIMTA ƏRIF
			Blocked suction hose resulting [Resulting in personal in Jury in process delay and or process delay	Resulting in personal injury and or process delay	Operation manual and training documents unblocking procedure Isolation training and procedures Low pressure is 10ps? Strainer or nozzle fitted to suction hose	7	U	87	ALARA			
1.3	Maintenance		Incorrect maintenance resulting in equipment failure	Resulting in personal injury and or process delay	Tested to Australian Standards. OEM Maintenance scheme	2	U	8.1	ALARA	Maintenance to be carried out as per OEM Suppliers SV20 Operation/Maintenance Manual		
			RISK RI	RISK REGISTER ACTION PLAN								
ON.	ITEM/ISSUE		AGREED ACTION		Who	When	Comp Date	Review / Audit Date				
	Storage	Communicate to end user to Fluids Pump	Communicate to end user to develop work procedures for storage of Fluids Pump	rage of Solidsvac SV20 Mobile	Solidsvac	Delivery						
Operation	Travel position	Communicate to end user to	Communicate to end user to develop work procedures for travelling	velling	Solidsvac	Delivery						
	Use of Solidsvac SV20 Mobile Fluids Pump	Supplier to develop work proc	Supplier to develop work procedures for operating the Solidsvac SV20	rac SV20 Mobile Solids Pump	Solidsvac	Delivery						
Maintenance	Daily	Supplier to develop daily and or pre-use visual inspoperating the Solidsvac SV20 Mobile Solids Pump	Supplier to develop daily and or pre-use visual inspections procedures operating the Solidsvac SV20 Mobile Solids Pump	ocedures for using and	Solidsvac	Delivery						
	Weekly	Supplier to develop weekly visual, operational, mail operating the Solidsvac SV20 Mobile Solids Pump	Supplier to develop weekly visual, operational, maintenance inspections for using and operating the Solidsvac SV20 Mobile Solids Pump	spections for using and	Solidsvac	Delivery						



Pump Preventative Maintenance Program

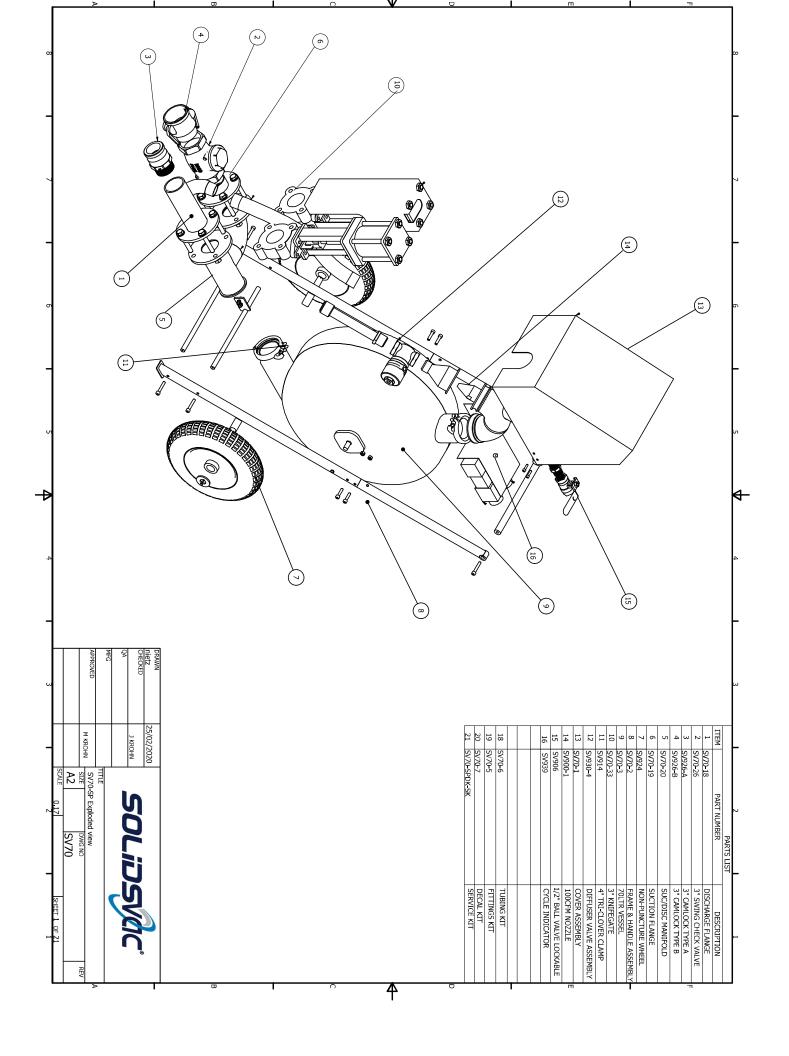
The Following is the Work to be Performed to a SV70-SPDK Pump During Preventative Maintenance Check
All Items, except annual checks(Tradesman), are to be carried out by a Competent Operator

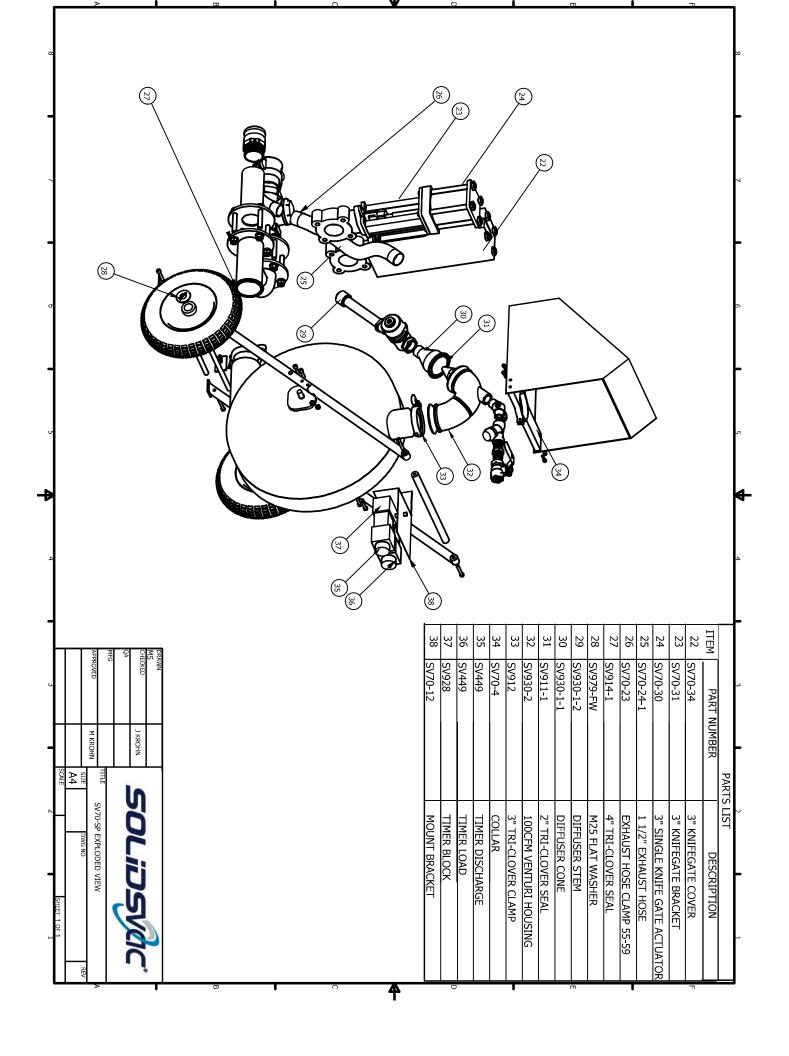
- Lock and tag out equipment
- · Record equipment data
- Check all mounting and flange bolts are secure and tight
- Check vessel support frame and wheels for soundness
- Visual inspection of pump for any damage
- Check for knife gate seal leaks
- Check condition of flange gaskets
- Check knife gate packing for excessive leakage and adjust and/or replace
- Make sure all timers are operational
- Check operation of Pressure Relief Valve
- · Check in-line gauze filter
- Inspect condition of airlines and fittings
- Check operation of swing check valve (if fitted)
- · Check condition of venturi nozzle
- Test the operation of the SV70-SPDK pump prior to returning to service.
- Make note on the field report of any findings that may require additional work



Pump Maintenance Checklist

Description	Comment			itenand quency	
		Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Annually
Pump use and timing	Check operation of pump prior to use	Х			
Overall visual inspection	Complete overall visual inspection to be sure all equipment is operating and safety systems are in place.	Х			
Check knife gate seals	Assure that all seals are in good condition and not worn, split or damaged .		X		
Check knife gate packing	Check packing for wear and leakage and repack as necessary.		X		
Check airlines and fittings	Inspect airlines for any deterioration, check fittings for cracks and leaking		X		
Check bolts	Check and secure all flange bolts		X		
Check in- line gauze filter	Check in-line filter for cleanliness and obstructions. Clean as necessary		Х		
Check Venturi nozzle and PRV	Check the condition of the venturi nozzle. Check operation of the PRV			X	
Pressure Vessel Inspection	Inspect the vessel for wear, cracks and/or damage.				X
Full Service and PRV	Conduct a full service on the pump and replace the PRV				x







JOB SAFETY ANALYSIS

Note: It is recommended that a site specific JSA is conducted prior to operation of the unit.



Step 3: The Hierarchy of Risk Control Model

Start at the top and only if you can't select controls from one section, move to the next one down. You need to use a combination of control measures to achieve the second level of risk control. If a particular hazard can't be removed the risk associated with the hazard can never be eliminated.

1	Elimination	Complete removal of the hazard	Most effective
2	Substitution	Replacing the material of process with a less hazardous one.	
3	Isolation	Separate the hazard from people.	
4	Engineering	Guarding, ventilation, design, re-design etc.	
5	Administration	Providing controls such as training and procedures.	
6	PPE	Use of PPE when other controls are not practical	Least effective
7	Post	Mitigation after an event (eg. Fire extinguisher)	

			Consequences		
Likelihood	1	2	3	4	5
A	Low	Moderate	Moderate	High	High
Certain to occur	11	16	20	23	25
B	Low	Low	Moderate	High	High
Very likely	7	12	17	21	24
C	Low	Low	Moderate	High	High
Possible	4	8	13	18	22
D	Low	Low	Moderate	Moderate	High
Unlikely	2	5	9	14	19
E	Low	Low	Low	Moderate	High
Rare	1	3	6	10	15

ALARP - As Low as Reasonably Practical

Tolerable Take action to manage ALARP Intolerable (without specific senior management approval)



Job Safety Analysis – Solidsvac SV70-SP Slurry Pump

Date Of Audit – June 2016.

Equipment/Task: Set-up and Operate Solidsvac Solids/Slurry Pump.

Note: Site Safety requirments must be adhered to at all times. Personnal Protective Equipment including approved safety eyewear and hearing protection are to be worn at all times whilst operating this equpment.

Step #	Job Steps	Hazards/What Can Go Wrong	Controls & Risk Reduction
~	Siting the pump.	The pump may be unstable.	Site the pump on a reasonably flat, level & stable surface, or on a suitable straddle frame.
2	Connecting discharge hose range to pump.	(a) Use of inappropriate non pressure rated discharge hose, hose or couplers may cause discharge hose range failure.	Ensure minimum 2" discharge range is used rated to 10Bar. Hose may be rubber or poly. The pump utilises the camlock coupling system. Use Solidsvac supplied FRAS rubber Stainless Steel camlock ended pressure rated hose ass'y to enable safe connection.
		(b) Sharp bends, tee pieces and valves in a discharge line can cause blockages	Ensure discharge hose range has no sharp bends or tee pieces and is free of restrictions such as reductions in hose diameter or gate valves etc.
		(c) Discharge hose range may move particularly at discharge exit point.	Ensure discharge hose range is secured at appropriate points along its length and particularly at discharge exit point



Job Safety Analysis – Solidsvac SV70-SP Slurry Pump

Note: Site Safety requirments must be adhered to at all times. Personnal Protective Equipment including approved safety eyewear and hearing protection are to be worn at all times whilst operating this equpment.

Step #	Job Steps	Hazards/What Can Go Wrong	Controls & Risk Reduction
က	Connecting the suction hose to the pump.	Sharp bends, tee pieces and valves in a suction hose can cause blockages	Wear eye and hearing protection. Hold hose firmly. Ensure suction hose range has no sharp bends or tee pieces and is free of restrictions. Ensure suction hose couplings are correctly engaged and have safety clips fitted.
4	Connecting the air supply hose to the pump. Air hose should be blown clean before connection.	(a)Compressed air can be dangerous and may cause injury. Blowing air supply hose clean can cause eye, hearing or physical injury if not carried out in a controlled manner.	Ensure air hose is turned off completely and that the pump air inlet ball valve is closed before connection.
		(b) Air supply hose can 'fly off' if not properly connected.	Ensure air line couplings are correctly engaged and have safety clips fitted.
2	Pump Operation – Unblocking Suction Hose or Suction Wand.	Reverse flushing of suction hose or suction wand nozzle with high pressure water hose can result in eye injury.	If disconnecting suction hose or suction wand – stop the pump. Wear approved eye protection



Job Safety Analysis – Solidsvac SV70-SP Slurry Pump

Note: Site Safety requirments must be adhered to at all times. Personnal Protective Equipment including approved safety eyewear and hearing protection are to be worn at all times whilst operating this equpment.

Step #	Job Steps	Hazards/What Can Go Wrong	Controls & Risk Reduction
9	Pump Operation – Unblocking Discharge Hose Range Blockages.	Pressure in discharge range has potential to cause eye and physical injury.	STOP THE PUMP. DO NOT DISCONNECT ANY DISCHARGE HOSE RANGE COMPONENT WHILST PUMP IS OPERATING. Depressurise the discharge hose range by operating a manual pressure relief valve on the pump or within the hose range (if fitted) OR, using EXTREME CAUTION, loosen hose couplings upstream of the estimated blockage point (ie. between pump and blockage) to safely vent residual pressure before attempting to fully open hose joints to clear the blockage.
7	Pump Operation – Discharge Hose Range Exit Point.	Injury can be caused by high velocity material ejected from discharge point.	Do not stand infront of the discharge hose range exit point. Minimise risk by directing this point away from traffic zones. Use Solidsvac supplied Dead Head/Drop Box to reduce velocity & control material at discharge point.

Step #	Job Steps	Hazards/What Can Go Wrong	Controls & Risk Reduction
8	Disconnecting Pump from Air Supply	Injury may result from uncontrolled whipping of pressurised air hose.	Before disconnecting air hose isolate it upstream & open the Pump Air Supply Ball Valve to release residual pressure from the air line.