

Type of reform	Umbrella reform/Sector	Detailed measures	Objective	Timeline	Details on timeline
Horizontal	Public Administration reform	Access to public administration	Creation of a single platform for recruitment in PA. Identification of new recruiting process for highly-skilled professionals, and for the experts for the Plan implementation	4Q2021	Adoption of implementing acts
		Simplification procedures for the PA	The identification of the catalog of new regimes, the elimination of unjustified authorizations for imperative reasons of general interest, the elimination of unnecessary obligations or that they do not use new technologies, the Scia extension, silent consent, communication and the adoption of uniform regimes shared with Regions and Municipalities • The complete digital re-engineering and simplification of a set of 200 procedures critical, selected on the basis of stakeholder consultation	2Q2021	First group of simplification reforms to be adopted in 2021. Simplification process will continue until 2026
		Upskilling and reskilling of PA	Strengthening of the National Administration School (SNA), also through the creation of strategic partnerships with other universities and national research bodies	4Q2021	Adoption of implementing acts
			Reorganization and rationalization of the training offer, starting with the preparation of specific on-line courses (MOOCs) open to PA personnel on the new skills covered by intervention in the PNRR, with certified quality standard. These must be complemented by a rigorous measurement of the training impact in the short and medium term	4Q2023	Adoption of implementing acts
			Creation, for management figures, of specific thematic Learning Communities, for the sharing of best practices and the resolution of concrete administration cases Development of methods and metrics for rigorous measurement of the training impact in the short to medium term	4Q2026	Adoption of implementing acts
		Digitalization of PA	Purchase process ICT	Not specified	Details are provided on the steps to be followed but no specification concerning the timeline
			PA Support structure acquisition	Not specified	Details are provided on the steps to be followed but no specification concerning the timeline
			Introduction guideline 'cloud first' and interoperability	Not specified	Details are provided on the steps to be followed but no specification concerning the timeline

	Justice reform	Interventions on the organization: Office of the process and strengthening of the administration	Aim is to support the system with the aim of eliminating the backlog and reducing the duration of civil and criminal proceedings. Enhancement of staff of the magistrate with people able to collaborate in all the collateral activities to the judge [temporary hiring of personell for NRRP]	4Q2021	Adoption of implementing acts
		Civil trial reform and Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR)	Accentuate the use of alternative instruments for the resolution of disputes (ADR)	4Q2022	Adoption of implementing acts
			Eliminate potentially unnecessary hearings and reduce the number of cases the court is in called to judge in collegial composition Better redefine the decision-making phase, with reference to all degrees of judgments	4Q2022	Adoption of implementing acts
		Reform of tax justice	Reduce the number of appeals to the Supreme Court, to make them decide more expeditiously, as well as adequately	4Q2022	Approval of the law
		Reform of the criminal process	Making the criminal process more efficient and speeding up its definition times	4Q2022	Adoption of implementing acts
		Reform of the judicial system	Improvement on the efficiency and overall management of human resources, through a series of innovations in the organization of judicial activity. Guarantee an autonomous government of the judiciary free from constraints external or by logic not based solely on the interest of the good performance of the administration of justice	2Q2021	Approval of the law
Enabling	Simplification and rationalization of legislation	Strengthening of structures for administrative and regulatory simplification		Not specified - it will be in line with the PA reform	No details
		Improvement of the effectiveness and quality of regulation	In order to improve the effectiveness and quality of regulation, measures are needed related to: To the planning of the government's regulatory initiatives in order to allow an adequate investigation of the interventions, also through the use of consultation To the analysis and verification of the impact of the regulation, with particular reference to the effectiveness of regulatory initiatives and the effects on recipients, including through the use of innovative technologies and artificial intelligence To ensure greater clarity, comprehensibility and accessibility of standardization To the reduction of gold plating To the monitoring and evaluation of regulatory testing initiatives, including recourse	Not specified - it will be in line with the PA reform	No details

			<p>to special and temporary regulatory regimes aimed at facilitating the testing of products and services innovative hindered by the ordinary discipline (so-called "regulatory sandbox"), as well as the application of the "digital by default" principle in the regulatory proposals</p> <p>To apply, experimentally and progressively, the results from the cognitive sciences e</p> <p>from behavioral economics applied to regulation</p> <p>Constant monitoring of the processes of adoption by the Government of the measures</p> <p>implementing the regulatory provisions and experimenting with new evaluation indicators</p> <p>of the Government action / program, also through the implementation of the platform</p> <p>Monitor and the related web application of the Presidency of the Council of Ministers</p>		
		Simplification of public contracts	<p>Simplification of the rules on public procurement and concessions is objective essential for the efficient construction of infrastructures and for the relaunch of construction activities: both essential aspects for the recovery following the spread of the infection from Covid-19. This simplification it must have as its object not only the assignment phase, but also those of planning and programming and design</p>	3Q2022	Adoption of implementing acts
		Simplification and rationalization of environmental regulations	<p>Simplification of the rules on related proceedings environmental and, in particular, the provisions concerning the assessment of environmental impact</p>	2Q2022	Adoption of implementing acts
		Simplifications in the field of building and urban planning and interventions for urban regeneration	<p>The objective of the measures is to accelerate energy efficiency and urban regeneration, removing bureaucratic obstacles to the use of the Superbonus</p>	2Q2022	Adoption of implementing acts
		Simplification of the rules on investments and interventions in the South	<p>The revision of the rules on investments and interventions in the South is essential to support the recovery and growth of the country and contributes significantly to the realization social and territorial cohesion.</p>	3Q2021	Presentation of the law
		Repeal and revision of rules that fuel corruption	<p>The simplifications of law no. 190/2012 and of the legislative decree n. 39/2013, as well as the regulations on publication obligations and access to public information, require legislative action. The single platform for transparency can be created administratively by the National Anti-Corruption Authority</p>	3Q2021	Presentation of the law

		Recovery Procurement Platform Reform - Digitization and capacity building administration of the contracting authorities	The reform aims at the modernization of the national system of public procurement for the support of development policies, through the digitization and strengthening of the administrative capacity of contracting authorities.	2Q2026	Approval of the law
		Strengthen spending review and evaluation measures	further strengthen the provisions of national legislation - in article 22-bis of the law of 31 December 2009, no. 196 - and implement new structures specifically dedicated, in the various phases of this process: (i) in the ex-ante evaluation of the proposals; (ii) in monitoring their effective implementation; (iii) in the ex-post evaluation of the results actually achieved.	Not specified	No details
		Reduction of payment times	In order to further improve and fully achieve the objectives of reducing payment times, the monitoring activity already underway will be implemented, through the definition of specific indicators taken from the database of the information system of the Platform for trade receivables. (PCC) managed by the Ministry of Economy and Finance.	4Q2021	Monitoring action completed
		Provide public administrations with a single system of accrual economic and asset accounting	The objective of the reform is to implement an accounting system based on the single accrual principle for the public sector, in line with the path outlined at international and European level for the definition of accounting principles and standards in public administrations (IPSAS / EPSAS) and in implementation of the Council Directive 2011/85 / EU: an accrual accounting structure constitutes, in fact, an essential support for the enhancement of public assets, thanks to a homogeneous and complete system of imputation of the book value of the assets of the public administrations	2Q2021	Adoption of implementing acts
		Reform "Reduction of the tax gap"	Two objectives: 1) further strengthen the compliance incentive mechanisms based on the sending of communications to taxpayers; 2) enhance the control activity, increasing its effectiveness, also through a better preventive selection of the positions to be assessed. The objective of strengthening compliance will be pursued through two tools, namely the pre-filled VAT return and communications for spontaneous compliance. The objective of strengthening controls will be achieved through more targeted selections of taxpayers at greater risk of evasion, made possible by the application of more advanced data analysis tools and the interoperability of databases.	2Q2023 - 2Q2022	Activation of the pre-filled VAT - Hiring new staff for Revenue Agency
		Fiscal federalism	Complete the framework of tax reforms as brought, with the necessary adjustments, by Law 42 of 2009 on fiscal federalism which introduces the need to finalize the resources of the territorial levels on the basis of objective criteria and for the purposes of efficient use of the resources themselves	1Q2016	Definition of the process
	Promote competition - Annual law for	Creation and management of strategic infrastructures	Development of telecommunication networks in areas still without coverage, both through reduction of administrative burdens for their installation, both by stimulating the demand for ultra-broadband connection	2021	Approval of the law

	the market and competition		Rules aimed at introducing transparent and certain criteria for the granting of concessions for the management of ports and aimed at favoring a more efficient operation of the same	2021	Approval of the law
			Norme finalizzate ad assicurare la tempestiva attuazione dei piani di sviluppo della rete per l'energia elettrica	2022	Approval of the law
		Removal of barriers to entry into the markets	Transparent and competitive assignment concessions for hydroelectric derivation, also by eliminating or reducing the extension or renewal forecasts automatic, especially with a view to stimulating new investments	2022	Approval of the law
			Modification of the rregulatory discipline of concessions for the distribution of natural gas in order to favor the rapid and effective conduct of tenders by Minimum territorial areas	2022	Approval of the law
			With regard to motorway concessions, provide for competitive tenders for credit lines, without prejudice to the European conditions for in-house; strengthen the prohibitions on extension and automatic renewal e strengthen public controls on the execution of works carried out by concessionaires, in connection with the provisions introduced in the new public contracts code and above highlighted	2023-2024	Approval of the law
			Adoption of rules aimed at ensure a conscious and transparent transition to the free energy market by customers domestic and micro-enterprises	2023	Approval of the law
		Competition and social values	Approval of a single text, which in first of all, it clarifies the concept of public service and ensures - also in the sector of local public transport - a more responsible appeal by administrations to in house providing mechanism	Not specified	No details
			In the health sector, introduction of more transparent methods and criteria in the accreditation system, also in order to favor a verification and periodic review of the same. More transparency also in the appointment of hospital managers	Not specified	No details
			Introduction of standards aimed at strengthening the efficiency and competitive dynamism in the field of management of waste	Not specified	No details
		Strengthening of antitrust enforcement powers and sectoral regulatory powers	Regulatory changes aimed at ensuring greater consistency of the national regulatory framework with that adopted by the Commission and by the prevalence of European Union countries	Not specified	No details
		Market surveillance and product compliance	No details	Not specified	No details
Accompanying	Tax Reform	Simplification of the system and the	Collection and rationalization of tax legislation in a consolidated text, integrated and coordinated with the special regulatory provisions, to be merged into a single Tax Code	Not specified	No details

		implementation of legal certainty			
		IRPEF reform	The dual objective of simplifying and rationalizing the tax structure and of gradually reducing the tax burden, while preserving the progressiveness and balance of public finances	2Q2021	Presentation of reform proposal
	Family Act	Single Universal Check	The check is an economic contribution recognized for families with dependent children, conditional on proof of means and therefore calibrated respect to the indicator of the equivalent economic situation (Isee) of the family unit, in order to strengthen the economic support for families most in difficulty, with the aim of combating young poverty	3Q2021	Adoption of implementing acts
		Reorganization of support measures for the education of dependent children	Granting of contributions that can also cover the entire amount of the nursery fees, of the micro-nurseries, of the spring sections and of the preschools, as well as the activation of services of home support for families with children under the age of 6.	3Q2021	Adoption of implementing acts
		Work life balance	Adoption of the EU directive	2Q2021	Approval of the law
		Youth support	Tax deductions for expenses incurred to purchase university books for dependent adult children Tax concessions for the rental of the main residence for young couples made up of individuals with both ages not exceeding thirty-five years on the date of submission of the application	Not specified	-
		Female work encouraging	Strengthening of measures aimed at encouraging female work, including through the introduction of tax breaks for expenses incurred for domestic service workers or assistance for family members with a deficit of autonomy	Not specified	-
		Social safety nets	Short-time work schemes	Enlarge the number of companies and workers admitted to the redundancy fund, in order to build a more extensive, inclusive and resistant network of protection to economic crises	Not specified
	Land Consumption	Law on land consumption	A law on land consumption, which affirms the fundamental principles of reuse, urban regeneration and limitation of its consumption, supporting the future of construction and the protection and enhancement of agricultural activity with positive measures	Not specified	-
Sectoral	M1C1 - Digitalization, innovation and security in the public administration	Purchase process ICT	see above	see above	see above
		PA Support structure acquisition	see above	see above	see above
		Introduction guideline 'cloud first' and interoperability	see above	see above	see above

		Access and hiring	see above	see above	see above
		Good PA and simplification	see above	see above	see above
		Skills and careers	see above	see above	see above
	M1C2 - Digitalization, innovation and competition on the productive system	Reform of the industrial property system	The reform intends to define a multi-year strategy for industrial property, with the aim of giving value to innovation and encouraging investment in the future	2Q2021	No details
	M1C3 - Culture and tourism 4.0	Organization of the professions of tourist guides	The objective of the reform is to give, while respecting local autonomy, a professional organization to tourist guides and their area of belonging. The systematic and homogeneous application of the reform would allow to regulate the fundamental principles of the profession and to standardize the levels of service provision throughout the national territory, producing a positive effect on the market	Not specified	No details
	M2C1 - Sustainable agriculture and circular economy	National strategy for the circular economy	The new national strategy for the economy circular will integrate eco-design, eco-products, blue economy, bioeconomy, critical raw materials in the areas of intervention, and will focus on tools, indicators and monitoring systems to assess progress in achieving the set objectives. The new traceability system will also be part of the national strategy, which will also make it possible to support control bodies and law enforcement agencies in prevention and repression	2Q2022	No details
		National program for waste management	The program, in addition to avoiding infringement procedures on waste, will make it possible to fill plant and management gaps. Furthermore, the program will make it possible to significantly improve the national average data and to achieve the objectives set by the new European and national legislation	Not specified	No details
		Technical support to local authorities	The Ministry for Ecological Transition, Ministry for Economic Development and others will ensure technical support to Local Authorities (Regions, Provinces, Municipalities) through internal companies. Furthermore, MITE will develop a specific action plan in order to support contracting authorities in the application of the Minimum Environmental Criteria (CAM) established by the law for the tender procedures.	Not specified	No details
	M2C2 - Energy transition and sustainable mobility	Simplification of authorization procedures for onshore and offshore renewable plants, new legal framework to	The reform has the following objectives: i) homogenization of authorization procedures throughout the national territory; ii) simplification of procedures for the construction of off-shore renewable energy generation plants; iii) simplification of environmental impact procedures; iv) sharing at the regional level of a plan for the identification and development of areas suitable for	Not specified	No details

		support production from renewable sources and extension of the timing and eligibility of current support schemes	renewable sources; v) strengthening of private investments; vi) incentives for the development of energy storage mechanisms; vii) incentives for public-private investments in the self. The reform provides for the following regulatory actions: i) the creation of a simplified and accessible regulatory framework for RES plants, in continuity with the provisions of the Simplification Decree; ii) the issuing of a discipline, shared with the Regions and other State Administrations concerned, aimed at defining the criteria for identifying the areas and areas suitable and unsuitable for the installation of renewable energy plants of total power at least equal to that identified by the PNIEC, to achieve the development objectives of renewable sources; iii) the completion of the RES support mechanism also for non-mature technologies and the extension of the auction period (also to take into account the slowdown caused by the health emergency period), maintaining the principles of competitive access; iv) regulatory facilitation for investments in storage systems, as in the legislative decree transposing Directive (EU) 2019/944 containing common rules for the internal electricity market		
		New legislation for the promotion of the production and consumption of renewable gas	The reform intends to promote, in coordination with existing tools for the development of biomethane in the transport sector, the production and use of biomethane also in other sectors, and specifically expands the possibility of reconversion of existing plants in the agricultural sector. The reform consists of a legislative decree implementing RED II (or a different primary legislation) which will establish a mechanism to promote the production and consumption of renewable gas in Italy (excluding thermoelectric uses). Subsequently, by means of a decree issued by the MiTE, the conditions, criteria and methods of implementation of the system for promoting the production and consumption of biomethane in the industrial, tertiary and residential sectors will be established. Primary legislation will be enacted by mid-2021, followed by the implementing decree by the end of the year. Conversions will begin in 2022 and will gradually come into operation	Not specified	No details
		Administrative simplification and reduction of regulatory obstacles to the diffusion of hydrogen	Reform includes the following measures: i) issue of technical safety standards on production, transport (technical and regulatory criteria for the introduction of hydrogen into the natural gas network), storage and use of hydrogen through decrees of the Ministers of the Interior and Ecological Transition; ii) administrative simplification for the construction of small green hydrogen production plants, through the establishment of a branch sole for granting authorization to build and operate hydrogen production plants on small scale from RES; iii) regulation of the participation of hydrogen production plants to network services, issued by the Energy Regulator (ARERA); iv) system of guarantees of origin for renewable hydrogen in order to give price signals to consumers, issued by the Energy Regulator (ARERA) and by the Energy	Not specified	No details

			Services Manager - GSE; v) measures to allow the construction of stations of refueling with hydrogen at motorway service areas, logistics warehouses, ports, etc. through Agreement between the Ministry of Ecological Transition and the Ministry of Infrastructure and Mobility Sustainable to define the selected refueling areas along the petrol station room for the construction of H2 corridors, starting from the regions of Northern Italy up to the Po Valley and the logistics hubs.		
		Measures to promote the competitiveness of hydrogen	Stimulus measures to production and consumption of hydrogen, which will facilitate the integration of the energy system. In particular, the reform provides for the establishment of: i) tax incentives to support the production of green hydrogen in consideration of its neutral environmental impact (green taxes), included in the project broader general review of the taxation of energy products and inefficient subsidies to fossil fuels; ii) measures for the diffusion of green hydrogen consumption in the transport sector through the transposition of the European Directive RED II.	Not specified	No details
		Faster procedures for the evaluation of projects in the sector of local public transport systems with fixed installations and in the sector of rapid mass transport	The reform aims to speed up the timing of implementation of interventions and to simplify the procedures for evaluating projects in local public transport and rapid mass transport, rationalizing responsibilities and eliminating duplication of skills in the field of evaluation of projects within the same Administration.	Not specified	No details
	M2C3 - Energy efficient and building renovation	Simplification and acceleration of procedures for carrying out interventions for energy efficiency	In order to achieve the complete decarbonization of the civil sector planned for 2050 by the Long Term Strategy and the Renovation wave, it is necessary to promote the rapid energy conversion of the real estate stock, favoring deep redevelopment and transformation into "nearly zero energy buildings" (nZEB), in line with the strategy for the energy requalification of the national real estate stock. To achieve this, it is considered important to combine economic measures, such as the incentives granted by the Superbonus or the financing of programs for the energy efficiency of public buildings, including measures aimed at overcoming non-economic barriers that reduce investment choices in energy redevelopment of buildings or that slow down the execution of the works. The proposal is divided into 3 sets of reforms, divided into four lines of action: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Make the National Portal for the energy efficiency of buildings operational • Strengthen the activities of the information and training plan aimed at the civil sector • Update and strengthen the National Fund for Energy Efficiency 	Not specified	No details

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accelerate the implementation phase of projects financed by the PREPAC program. 		
	M2C4 - Protection of land and water resources	Simplification and acceleration of procedures for the implementation of interventions against hydrogeological instability	The purpose of this reform is to overcome the procedural criticalities, linked to weakness e the absence of an effective governance system in actions to combat hydrogeological instability. Yes provide for: i) the simplification and acceleration of procedures for the implementation and financing of interventions, starting from the revision of the Prime Ministerial Decree of 28 May 2015 (containing the criteria and procedures for establishing the priorities for allocating resources to interventions) and the related "ReNDIS system"; ii) strengthening the technical support structures of the extraordinary commissioners; iii) capacity building operational of the District Basin Authorities and the Provinces (in which to set up an Office specialized which the Commissioners can also use); iv) the systematization of information flows and the interoperability of the various IT systems.	2Q2022	Adoption of implementing acts
		Adoption of national air pollution control programs	The reform aims to align national and regional legislation, and to introduce related measures accompaniment for the reduction of emissions of atmospheric pollutants (in compliance with the targets set by Directive 2016/2284 on national emission limits) and climate-altering gases.	Not specified	No details
		Simplification of legislation and strengthening of governance for the making investments in water supply infrastructures	The reform is aimed at simplifying and more effective implementation of the regulations relating to the Plan National for interventions in the water sector. In addition, it intends to provide support and measures accompaniment for executive bodies that are unable to make related investments to primary procurement within the set time frame. In particular, it intends to act on the legislation that regulates the National Plan for interventions in the sector water (Law 205/2017, article 1, paragraph 516 and following), making the National Plan the tool public funding center for investments in the water sector by unifying resources economic related to the water supply infrastructures envisaged by the Plan and simplifying the procedures, both for what concerns the formation and updating of the plan, and for what it concerns the reporting and monitoring of the financed investments.	Not specified	No details
		Measures to ensure full management capacity for integrated water services	The reform is aimed at strengthening the industrialization process of the sector (favoring the establishment of integrated operators, public or private, with the aim of achieving economies of scale and guarantee an efficient management of investments and operations) and reduce the existing gap (water service divide) between the Center-North and the South.	Not specified	No details
	M3C1 - High-speed/capacity rail network	Acceleration of the approval process of the Agreement between MIMS and RFI	Through the reform proposal, the approval process of the Planning Agreement will be accelerated five-year period between MIMS and RFI and its annual variations, allowing to speed up the design and carrying out the work.	Not specified	No details

		Acceleration of the approval process for railway projects	The MIMS will propose a regulatory change, to anticipate the location of the work at the time of "Technical and Economic Feasibility Project" (PFTE), instead of waiting for the final design phase of the project. The location, as a variant to the urban planning tools, will involve the affixing of the preordained bond for expropriation. The additional authorizations, which cannot be acquired on the PFTE, can be obtained in the subsequent design phases with the calling of the Conference of decision-making services by the Commissioners or the proceeding Administration. With the proposed regulatory change, the following positive effects are expected: • All observations / prescriptions of the various Administrations / Bodies are advanced to the PFTE, thus allowing them to be incorporated, with obvious savings in terms of time and resources, in the subsequent phase of Final Design • The territory affected by the work (contained in the corridor), consequently inhibiting the building activity by third parties with savings economic for expropriations in the construction phase • The overall time for the authorization process of the projects (PFTE and PD or PE) is reduced current 11 months to 6 months (equal to 45% of the total time)	Not specified	No details
		Transfer of ownership of works of art (bridges, viaducts and flyovers) relating to second-level roads to the owners of first-level roads (motorways and main suburban roads)	The reform provides for the implementation of the "Simplification Decree" (Law Decree no. 76 of July 16, 2020, converted into Law no. 120 of 11 September 2020) in the part in which it provides for the transfer of the ownership of bridges, viaducts and flyovers on second-level to first-level roads (motorways and state roads), in particular from the Municipalities, Provinces and Regions to the State. This will allow for a increase of the overall safety of the road network, as the maintenance of bridges, viaducts and flyover will be the responsibility of ANAS and / or the motorway concessionary companies, which have better planning and maintenance skills than single municipalities or provinces	Not specified	No details
		Implementation of the Guidelines for the classification and management of risk, the safety assessment and monitoring of existing bridges (Ministerial Decree 578 of 17 December 2020)	The reform provides for the implementation of the risk assessment process of existing bridges and viaducts, according to methods defined by the aforementioned guidelines, which will ensure the homogeneity of the classification and risk management, safety assessment and monitoring of bridges, viaducts, embankments, overpasses and similar works, existing along state roads or highways managed by Anas S.p.A. or from motorway concessionaires.	Not specified	No details
	M3C2 - Intermodality and integrated logistic	Simplification of procedures for the strategic planning process	In order to obtain a unitary strategic vision of the Italian port system, the updating of port planning will be prepared both at the level of the Strategic Planning Document of System (DPSS) and at the level of the Port Regulatory Plan (PRP)	Not specified	No details

		Implementation of the regulation that defines the competitive awarding of concessions in port areas	The objective of the regulation is to define the conditions relating to the duration of the concession, i supervisory and control powers of the granting authorities, the procedures for renewal, the transfer of plants to the new concessionaire at the end of the concession and identification of the minimum limits of fees payable by dealers	Not specified	No details
		Simplify the authorization procedures for cold ironing plants	The reform consists in the definition and approval of simplified procedures for the implementation of infrastructures aimed at supplying electricity from shore to ships during the mooring phase	Not specified	No details
		Simplification of import / export transactions through the effective implementation of the One Stop Shop for Controls	The goal is to create a special portal at the service of the Single Control Desk, which will allow interoperability with national databases and coordination of the activities of inspection by customs.	Not specified	No details
		Interoperability of the national logistics platform (PLN) for the port network, in order to introduce the digitization of passenger and freight transport services	The reform is aimed at making the Port Community Systems interoperable, that is the tools of digitization of the movements of passengers and goods of the individual Port System Authorities, so that are compatible with each other and with the National Logistics Platform	Not specified	No details
		Simplification of logistics procedures and digitization of documents, with particular reference to the adoption of the electronic CMR, to the modernization of legislation on the shipment of goods, the identification of accredited analysis laboratories for controls on goods	The digitization of transport documents is a key element of the EU mobility strategy of goods in all modes of transport, as evidenced by the recent European Regulations 2020/1056 and 2020/1055, aimed, respectively, at facilitating the exchange of electronic information and a provide for the use of the "Convention relating to the contract for transport international de marchandises par electronic route "(eCMR) as part of the controls on road cabotage operations.	Not specified	No details
	M4C1 - Strengthening the supply of education services: from	Reform of technical and vocational schools	The reform, implemented by the Ministry of Education, aims to align the curricula of technical institutes and professionals to the demand for skills that comes from the country's productive fabric. In particular, it orients the technical and professional education model towards the innovation introduced by Industry 4.0, also embedding it in the renewed context of digital innovation. The reform involves 4,324 Technical and Vocational	Not specified	No details

	kindergartens to universities		Institutes, the education and training system professional and will be implemented through the adoption of specific rules.		
	Reform of the Higher Technical Institutes system		The reform strengthens the ITS system through the strengthening of the organizational and teaching model (integration of the training offer, introduction of rewards and extension of the paths for the development of enabling technological skills - Enterprise 4.0), the consolidation of ITS in the tertiary education system professionalizing, strengthening its active presence in the entrepreneurial fabric of the individual territories. The reform also provides for the integration of ITS courses with the university system of professional degrees. Coordination between vocational schools, ITS and businesses will be ensured by replicating the "Emilia Romagna model" where schools, universities and businesses collaborate. The reform will be implemented by the Ministry of Education with the collaboration of the Ministry of University and Research.	Not specified	No details
	Reform of the organization of the school system		The reform makes it possible to rethink the organization of the school system with the aim of providing concrete solutions to two issues in particular: the reduction of the number of pupils per class and the sizing of the school network. In this perspective, the overcoming of the identity between the demographic class and the classroom is posed, also in order to review the school model. This will make it possible to deal with complex situations under numerous profiles, for example school problems in mountain areas, in internal areas and in valley schools.	4Q2021	No details
	Reform of the guidance system		The regulatory intervention introduces training guidance modules - to be included within the overall annual curriculum - aimed at the fourth and fifth grades of secondary school, al aim to accompany students in the conscious choice of continuing their studies or of further vocational training (ITS), preparatory to entering the world of work. The reform will be implemented through the introduction of guidance modules - about 30 hours per year - in lower and upper secondary schools, in order to encourage the raising of levels of education and the creation of a digital guidance platform, relating to the training offer tertiary of universities and professional training institutes (ITS). Finally, the experimentation of four-year high schools and technicians, which currently involves 100 classes in as many schools on the national territory and which it is intended to bring to 1000.	Not specified	No details
	Student housing and reform of student housing legislation		The measure is based on an innovative and original architecture, which aims to encourage the realization, by private entities, of new university building structures through the advance coverage, by the MUR, of the charges corresponding to the first three years of management of the structures themselves. The goal is to triple the places for non-resident students, bringing	Not specified	No details

			<p>them from 40 thousand to over 100,000 by 2026. This measure will be made possible through the revision of the current legislation on the construction of student accommodation (Law 338/2000 and Legislative Decree 68/2012). The main changes planned are the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Opening of participation in financing also to private investors, or partnerships public-private • Support for the sustainability of private investments, with the guarantee of a taxation regime similar to that applied to social housing, which however allows the flexible use of the new ones accommodation when student hospitality is not needed • Adjustment of housing standards, mitigating legal space requirements common per student available in buildings in exchange for better equipped (single) rooms; • Facilitations for the refurbishment and renovation of structures in place of new greenfield buildings (providing for a higher percentage of co-financing, currently at 50 per cent), with the highest environmental standard that must be guaranteed by the projects presented • Digitization of the procedure for the presentation and selection of projects 		
		Reform of graduation classes	<p>The reform provides for the updating of the discipline for the construction of the didactic systems of degree courses. The goal is to remove the constraints in the definition of training credits to be assigned to different disciplinary fields, to allow the construction of didactic systems that strengthen the multidisciplinary skills, on digital technologies and in the environmental field as well as the construction of soft skills. The reform will also expand the professionalizing degree classes, facilitating access to university education for students from ITS students.</p>	Not specified	No details
		Reform of qualifying degrees for certain professions	<p>The reform provides for the simplification of the procedures for the qualification to exercise the professions, making the graduation exam coincide with the state exam, thereby simplifying and speeding up access to the world of work by graduates.</p>	Not specified	No details
		Reform of doctoral programs	<p>The reform provides for the updating, through a Ministerial Decree by 2021, of the discipline of doctorates, simplifying the procedures for the involvement of companies and research centers, as well as for strengthen the measures dedicated to the construction of doctoral programs not aimed at a career academic. The reform will include periodic evaluation mechanisms based on results in terms of placement and comparison with similar foreign courses</p>	Not specified	No details
	M4C2 - From research to enterprise	Implementation of R&D support measures to promote simplification and mobility	<p>The reform will be implemented by the MUR and the MISE through the creation of a control room interministerial and the issuance of 2 ministerial decrees: one in the field of mobility, to increase e support the mutual mobility (through incentives) of high-profile figures (e.g. researchers and managers) between universities, research infrastructures and companies, the other in the context of simplifying the management of funds for the research. The reform will overcome the current logic of redistribution of resources by</p>	Not specified	No details

			favoring an approach sharing and will be oriented towards simplifying the bureaucracy in the management of funds dedicated to public-private research activity, also supported by the first component of the Mission. The Bodies research audiences (EPR) will play a pivotal role both as possible project leaders for the Partnerships, for National Champions and for Territorial Ecosystems both as potential participants in calls on the PNR Fund and the Infrastructure Fund.		
M5C1 - Employment policies	ALMP and training policies	Adoption, in agreement with the Regions, of the National Program for Employability Guarantee (GOL), as a national program for taking charge, providing specific services and personalized professional planning. The new GOL Program intends to learn from the experience of recent years, trying to overcome - with an approach based on the definition of essential levels of performance - the excessive heterogeneity of the services provided at the local level. Other elements on which it will be necessary to intervene is the proximity of the interventions and the network integration of territorial services. Specific attention will be paid to the job placement of people with disabilities. The Program will be adopted by inter-ministerial decree, subject to agreement at the State-Regions Conference • Adoption of the National New Skills Plan, promoted by the Ministry of Labor and Social Policies in collaboration with the ANPAL and in agreement with the Regions, with the " objective of reorganizing the training of workers in transition and the unemployed, through the strengthening of the vocational training system and the definition of essential quality levels for upskilling and reskilling activities in favor of the beneficiaries of support tools (NASPI and DIS-COLL), of the beneficiaries of the citizenship income and of the workers who benefit from extraordinary instruments or in derogation of wage integration (CIGS, fund for termination of activity, derogation treatments in complex crisis areas). The Plan will also integrate other initiatives, concerning measures in favor of young people - such as the strengthening of the dual system (see investment 1.5) - and NEETs, as well as actions for adult skills, starting with people with very low skills	4Q2021	Adoption of the GOL and New Skills Plan	
	National plan to combat undeclared work	Plan will concern, in particular: i) a process of refining the techniques for collecting and sharing data on undeclared work, aimed at improving the knowledge of the phenomenon by all the competent Authorities; ii) the introduction of direct and indirect measures to transform undeclared work into regular work so that the benefits of operating in the regular economy outweigh the costs of continuing to operate underground (for example: deterrence measures, such as strengthening inspections and sanctions, and measures that promote regular work, such as financial incentives, including through a review of existing ones); iii) the launch of an information campaign	4Q2022 and 1Q2024	Adoption of plan (2022) and implementing acts (2024)	

			aimed at employers and workers, with the active involvement of the social partners, in line with the most recent initiatives adopted by the European Commission, to raise awareness among recipients of the "negative value" inherent in the use of any irregular form of work; iv) a governance structure that ensures effective implementation of the actions.		
M5C2 - Social infrastructure, families, communities and the third sector	Framework law for disabilities	The reform provides for the implementation of a reform of the legislation on disabilities with a view to deinstitutionalization and the promotion of the autonomy of people with disabilities. The goal is fully implement the principles of the 2006 UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, ratified by Italy since 2009), according to an approach entirely consistent with the Charter of Rights fundamental of the European Union and with the recent "Strategy for the rights of people with disabilities 2021-2030 "presented in March 2021 by the European Commission. The reform provides for the strengthening and qualification of the offer of social services by the Sectors territorial, simplification of access to social and health services, revision of procedures for the assessment of disabilities, the promotion of independent life projects and the promotion of multidimensional territorial assessment unit, capable of defining individual projects e customized	4Q2023	Adoption of the law	
	System of interventions in favor of non self-sufficient elderly people	The reform introduces by legislative provision, following a specific parliamentary delegation, an organic system of interventions in favor of the non self-sufficient elderly. The provision is aimed at the formal identification of levels essential benefits for the non self-sufficient elderly in the indicated financial framework. Principles fundamental of the reform are those of simplifying access through single points of access health and social care, the identification of ways of recognizing non self-sufficiency based on need for assistance, for a multidimensional assessment, for the definition of a project individualized that identifies and finances the necessary support in an integrated way, favoring the stay at home, with a view to deinstitutionalization. For the same purposes, the technological infrastructures of the information system of non self-sufficient people. The framework law comes anticipated by specific interventions envisaged by the NRRP, included both in the health Mission, with reference to projects that strengthen local health services and home care, which in the social mission, with specific reference to the investment project 1.1. and, in particular, the shares aimed at deinstitutionalization, reconversion of nursing homes and the strengthening of services domiciliary for protected discharge	2Q2023	Adoption of the law	
M5C3 - Special interventions for territorial cohesion	Strengthening of Special Economic Zones (SEZ)	The Special Economic Zones (SEZ) are geographic regions located in the South with one advantage economic legislation. To date, the following SEZs have been established: Campania Region; Calabria Region; Interregional Ionian in the regions of Puglia and Basilicata; Interregional Adriatic in the Puglia and	Not specified	No details	

			Molise regions; Western Sicily; Eastern Sicily; Abruzzo region. The establishment of the Sardinia Region SEZ is in the final phase. The reform aims to simplify the governance system of the SEZs and to favor mechanisms capable of guaranteeing the construction of the interventions quickly, as well as encouraging the establishment of new ones businesses. The reform will concern the activities and powers of the Commissioner who will have the ownership of the procedure single authorization and will be the main interlocutor for economic actors interested in investing in reference territory. Furthermore, to simplify the administrative procedures for setting up businesses in SEZ areas, yes will facilitate the creation of the cd. "Digital One stop Shop ZES", thus strengthening the growth potential of target territories, increasing their attractiveness to businesses (including foreign ones), with consequent possible employment impact.		
	M6C1 - Proximity networks, facilities and structural telemedicine for territorial health care	Proximity networks, structures and telemedicine for territorial health care and the national health, environment and climate network	The implementation of the reform intends to pursue a new health strategy, supported by the definition an adequate institutional and organizational structure, which allows the country to achieve standards adequate quality of care, in line with the best European countries and which you increasingly consider the NHS as part of a larger community welfare system. It includes two main activities: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The definition of homogeneous structural, organizational and technological standards for territorial assistance and the identification of the structures assigned to it to be adopted by 2021 with the approval of a specific ministerial decree • The definition by mid-2022, following the presentation of a bill to the Chambers, of a new institutional set-up for prevention in the health, environmental and climate fields, in line with the "One-Health" approach 	Not specified	No details
	M6C2 - Innovation, research and digitisation of the National Health Service	Riorganisation of the Scientific Hospitalization and Care Institutes (IRCCS)	The reform concerns the revision and updating of the regulatory structure and the legal regime of the Scientific Hospitalization and Care Institutes (IRCCS) and of the research policies of the Ministry of Health, with the aim of to strengthen the relationship between research, innovation and health care. The revision of the governance of the IRCCS will be achieved through an improvement in the strategic management of the Institutes and a more effective definition of their areas of competence. It is also planned to differentiate the IRCCS according to their activities, to create an integrated network between the Institutes and to facilitate the exchange of specialist	4Q2022	Adoption of legislative decree

			<p>skills between the IRCCS themselves and with the other structures of the NHS. The IRCCS access resources through systems based on parameters relating to scientific activity in high impact factor journals, the ability to attract resources in competitive national and international funding, the development of clinical trials, in a multi-centric collaboration and products and solutions in the field of technology transfer and which take into account the impact on the reference territory. Corporate governance will be strengthened, increasingly oriented towards research, and the General Manager, together with the scientific director, will be made responsible for the results to be achieved. This is in order to develop the potential of the IRCCS and to increase the quality of health research from a translational perspective</p>		
--	--	--	---	--	--