

### COMPOUND OVERLOAD SAMPLE PROGRAM

### **HOW IT WORKS**

COMPOUND OVERLOAD TRAINING IS GROUNDED IN THE PRINCIPLE THAT MEANINGFUL, LASTING HYPERTROPHY STEMS FROM SYSTEMATICALLY TARGETING AND OVERREACHING THE BODY'S MOST GROWTH-RESPONSIVE MUSCLE FIBERS—NAMELY, THE \*\*TYPE II (FAST-TWITCH) FIBERS\*\*. THESE FIBERS ARE CAPABLE OF GENERATING HIGH FORCE AND ARE PRIMARILY RESPONSIBLE FOR MUSCLE SIZE AND POWER DEVELOPMENT (SCHOENFELD, 2010). WHILE TYPE I (SLOW-TWITCH) FIBERS DOMINATE DURING LOWER-INTENSITY OR ENDURANCE-BASED ACTIVITIES, TYPE II FIBERS ARE RECRUITED AS MECHANICAL DEMAND INCREASES OR AS FATIGUE ACCUMULATES DURING A SET (HENNEMAN'S SIZE PRINCIPLE, 1957).

#### THIS RECRUITMENT CAN BE INITIATED IN THREE PRIMARY WAYS:

- 1. \*\*LIFTING HEAVY LOADS\*\* (≥85% OF 1RM) TO CHALLENGE THE NEUROMUSCULAR SYSTEM DIRECTLY (KRAEMER & RATAMESS, 2004).
- 2. \*\*TRAINING TO MUSCULAR FAILURE\*\* WITH MODERATE LOADS, WHICH FORCES THE BODY TO ENGAGE HIGH-THRESHOLD MOTOR UNITS AS FATIGUE SETS IN (SCHOENFELD ET AL., 2015).
- 3. \*\*FATIGUING THE MUSCLE PRIOR TO HEAVY LOADING\*\*, ENSURING THAT EVEN LIGHTER LOADS ACTIVATE FAST-TWITCH FIBERS THROUGH PRE-EXHAUSTION (BURD ET AL., 2012).

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CONTRARY TO COMMON BELIEF, PROGRESSIVE OVERLOAD IS NOT SOLELY ABOUT INCREASING WEIGHT. THE \*\*CAPACITY TO LIFT HEAVIER\*\* IS A BYPRODUCT OF ADAPTATION—NOT ITS CAUSE. INSTEAD, THE GOAL IS TO IMPOSE PROGRESSIVELY HIGHER \*\*TOTAL MUSCULAR STRESS\*\* THROUGH COMBINATIONS OF VOLUME, INTENSITY, AND MECHANICAL TENSION THAT THE BODY MUST ADAPT TO AND RECOVER FROM (SCHOENFELD, 2010; WERNBOM ET AL., 2007).

#### <u>COMPOUND OVERLOAD TRAINING\*\* UNIQUELY INCORPORATES:</u>

- \* \*\*\*LOADED STRETCHING\*\*, WHICH APPLIES SUSTAINED TENSION AT LONG MUSCLE LENGTHS—A POTENT HYPERTROPHIC STIMULUS SHOWN TO INCREASE MUSCLE FIBER LENGTH AND THICKNESS (WARNEKE ET AL., 2023; MCMAHON ET AL., 2014).
- \* \*\*CONTROLLED ECCENTRIC LOADING\*\*, KNOWN TO CAUSE MORE MUSCLE DAMAGE AND ELICIT STRONGER REMODELING RESPONSES THAN CONCENTRIC CONTRACTIONS ALONE (ROIG ET AL., 2009).
- \* \*\*HIGH-FREQUENCY TRAINING WITH STRATEGIC VARIATION IN VOLUME\*\*, ENSURING CONSISTENT STIMULUS WHILE REDUCING SYSTEMIC FATIGUE AND RISK OF OVERTRAINING (GRGIC ET AL., 2018).

THE PROTOCOL'S HALLMARK IS ITS \*\*EFFICIENT RECOVERY-TO-STIMULUS RATIO\*\*. BY EMPHASIZING SMART FATIGUE MANAGEMENT AND DEEP FIBER RECRUITMENT WITH LESS SYSTEMIC STRAIN, IT ENABLES SUSTAINABLE GROWTH WHILE PROTECTING JOINTS AND CONNECTIVE TISSUE INTEGRITY (SCHOENFELD & GRGIC, 2018).

THIS EVIDENCE-BASED MODEL BLENDS \*\*MECHANICAL TENSION, METABOLIC STRESS, AND MUSCULAR DAMAGE\*\*—THE TRIAD OF HYPERTROPHY—INTO A UNIFIED, ADAPTABLE SYSTEM DESIGNED FOR MAXIMAL MUSCLE GAIN WITHOUT BURNOUT. COMPOUND OVERLOAD ISN'T JUST ABOUT LIFTING HEAVIER—IT'S ABOUT LIFTING \*SMARTER\*, WITH SCIENTIFIC PRECISION AND PHYSIOLOGICAL INTENT.

#### **KEY REFERENCES:**

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- \* KRAEMER WJ & RATAMESS NA. (2004). FUNDAMENTALS OF RESISTANCE TRAINING: PROGRESSION AND EXERCISE PRESCRIPTION. \*MED SCI SPORTS EXERC\*.
- \*BURD NA ET AL. (2012). RESISTANCE EXERCISE VOLUME AFFECTS MYOFIBRILLAR PROTEIN SYNTHESIS AND ANABOLIC SIGNALING. \*J PHYSIOL\*.
- \* ROIG M ET AL. (2009). THE EFFECTS OF ECCENTRIC VERSUS CONCENTRIC RESISTANCE TRAINING ON MUSCLE STRENGTH AND MASS. \*BR J SPORTS MED\*.
- \* WARNEKE K ET AL. (2023). EFFECTS OF LONG MUSCLE

LENGTH TRAINING ON HYPERTROPHY. \*EUR J APPL PHYSIOL\*.

- \* GRGIC J ET AL. (2018). FREQUENCY OF RESISTANCE TRAINING AND MUSCLE HYPERTROPHY: A SYSTEMATIC REVIEW AND META-ANALYSIS. \*SPORTS MED\*.
- \* WERNBOM M ET AL. (2007). THE INFLUENCE OF FREQUENCY, INTENSITY, VOLUME, AND MODE OF STRENGTH TRAINING ON MUSCLE CROSS-SECTIONAL AREA IN HUMANS. \*SPORTS MED\*.

#### WEEK 1 COMPOUND OVERLOAD

QUADS, SHOULDERS, CALFS, ABS

- · 4-6 SETS (BEGGINGERS. START AT 4)
- 12-20 REP MAX (FULL EXTENSION + PROPER FORM)
- CHOSE A WEIGHT THAT REQUIRES 75% STRENGTH
- · 30-40 SEC REST BETWEEN SETS



- · WEIGHTED SQUATS
- MILITARY PRESS
- · CALFRAISES
- WEIGHTED CRUNCHES



### TUESDAY (EXTENSION)

- · WEIGHTED LUNGES
- BENT-OVER DUMBBELL REVERSE FLY
- · STANDING CALF RAISES
- WEIGHTED PLANKS (1 MINUTE PER SET)

# WEDNESDAY (PUMP)

- STEP-UPS (HIGH BOX) + DUMBELLS
- · UPRIGHT BARBELL ROW
- · SEATED CALFRAISES
- · WEIGHTED HANGING LEG RAISES

### THURSDAY (HEAVY)

- · HACK SQUATS
- · OVERHEAD PRESS
- FARMERS WALK (ON TOES
- · WEIGHTED CRUNCHES

### FRIDAY (EXTENSION)

- · LEGEXTENSIONS
- · CABLE REAR DELT FLY
- · LEG PRESS CALF EXTENSIONS
- WEIGHTED PLANKS (1 MINUTE PER SET)

### SATURDAY (PUMP)

- BULGARIAN SPLIT SQUATS
- · DUMBBELL LATERAL RAISES
- · SMITH MACHINE CALF RAISES (SEATED ON BENCH)
- · REVERSE CRUNCH ON BENCH

**SUNDAY**Rest the Body



### WEEK 2 COMPOUND OVERLOAD

GLUTES, CHEST, BACK (WIDTH), UPPER TRAPS

- · 4-6 SETS (BEGGINGERS. START AT 4)
- 12-20 REP MAX (FULL EXTENSION + PROPER FORM)
- CHOSE A WEIGHT THAT REQUIRES 75% STRENGTH
- · 30-40 SEC REST BETWEEN SETS



#### MONDAY (HEAVY)

- · HIP THRUSTS
- · FLAT BENCH PRESS
- · LAT PULLDOWNS (WIDE-GRIP)
- · DUMBELL SHRUGS

### TUESDAY (EXTENSION)

- · WEIGHTED LUNGES
- · DUMBELL FLIES
- ONE-ARM LAT PULLDOWN (STRETCH EMPHASIS)
- TRAP BAR FARMER'S WALKS (45 SEC WALKS)

## WEDNESDAY (PUMP)

- · WEIGHTED SIDE PLANK (DUMBELL ON HIP)
- MACHINE PRESS
- SINGLE ARM DUMBBELL ROWS
- · BEHIND-THE-BACK BARBELL SHRUGS

### THURSDAY (HEAVY)

- · ROMANIAN DEADLIFTS
- · INCLINE BENCH PRESS
- PULLUPS (WEIGHTED IF POSSIBLE)
- HEAVY FARMERS WALK (45 SEC.)

### FRIDAY (EXTENSION)

- · CABLE GLUTE KICKBACKS
- CABLE INCLINE CHEST FLYES
- STRAIGHT ARM LAT PULLDOWN
- DUMBBELL OVERHEAD SHRUGS

#### SATURDAY (PUMP)

- · DUMBBELL SUMO SQUATS
- DUMBELL INCLINE CHEST PRESS
- · SINGLE ARM LAT PULLDOWN
- · SMITH MACHINE SHRUGS

**SUNDAY**Rest the Body



#### WEEK 3 COMPOUND OVERLOAD

TRICEPS,
HAMSTRINGS,
FOREARMS

- · 4-6 SETS (BEGGINGERS. START AT 4)
- 12-20 REP MAX (FULL EXTENSION + PROPER FORM)
- CHOSE A WEIGHT THAT REQUIRES 75% STRENGTH
- · 30-40 SEC REST BETWEEN SETS



#### MONDAY (HEAVY)

- · CLOSE GRIP BENCH PRESS
- · BARBELL DEADLIFTS
- · BARBELL WRIST CURLS

### TUESDAY (EXTENSION)

- RECLINED BARBELL TRICEP EXTENSIONS)
- · BARBELL STIFF-LEGGED DEADLIFTS
- OVERHAND BARBELL CURLS (FULL EXTENSION)

# WEDNESDAY (PUMP)

- · CABLE TRICEP PULLS
- · ROMANIAN DEADLIFTS
- · DUMBELL WRIST CURLS

### THURSDAY (HEAVY)

- DUMBBELL CLOSE-GRIP PRESS
- )DUMBELL STIFF LEGGED DEADLIFT
- · OVERHAND STRAIGHT BAR CABLE CURLS

### FRIDAY (EXTENSION)

- · ROPE CABLE OVERHEAD EXTENSION
- · BARBELL STIFF-LEGGED DEADLIFTS
- OVERHAND BARBELL CURLS (FULL EXTENSION

### SATURDAY (PUMP)

- · CABLE TRICEP PULLS
- · ROMANIAN DEADLIFTS
- · DUMBELL WRIST CURLS

# **SUNDAY**Rest the Body



### WEEK 4 COMPOUND OVERLOAD

BICEPS, HAMSTRINGS, FOREARMS

- · 4-6 SETS (BEGGINGERS. START AT 4)
- 12-20 REP MAX (FULL EXTENSION + PROPER FORM)
- CHOSE A WEIGHT THAT REQUIRES 75% STRENGTH
- · 30-40 SEC REST BETWEEN SETS



#### MONDAY (HEAVY)

- INCLINE DUMBELL CURLS (TRADITIONAL AND HAMMER)
- · OVERHAND DUMBELL CURLS
- ROMANIAN DEADLIFT
- · SINGLE LEG DUMBELL RDL

### TUESDAY (EXTENSION)

- · BARBELL DRAG CURL
- · PREACHER CURLS
- · SINGLE LEG DUMBELL
  RDL
- · REVERSE WRIST CURLS

# WEDNESDAY (PUMP)

- · CABLE CURL+HAMMER CURL
- · LYING LEG CURL
- · LYING LEG CURL EXTENDED (DROPSET)
- · SINGLE DUMBELL CURLS

### THURSDAY (HEAVY)

- · BARBELLL PREACHER CURLS
- ROMANIAN DEADLIFT (DUMBELL)
- · DUMBELL HAMMER CURLS

### FRIDAY (EXTENSION)

- CABLE CURL (LOW PULLEY)
- · CABLE PREACHER CURL
- DUMBBELL STEP-UP
- · CABLE REVERSE CURL

#### SATURDAY

#### (PUMP)

- CABLE CURL+HAMMER CURL
- · LYING LEG CURL
- · LYING LEG CURL EXTENDED (DROPSET)
- · SINGLE DUMBELL CURLS

**SUNDAY**Rest the Body

