

**BASIC ALGEBRA Exam 5 (One Step Ch 5) FORMS A and B Dr. Rapalje****BASIC ALGEBRA Exam 5A\***

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Show all work on this test or on separate paper! Calculators ARE allowed on this test!

In 1 - 25, simplify each radical completely. Leave answers in radical form.

1.  $\sqrt{49}$

2.  $\sqrt{81x^{12}}$

3.  $\sqrt[3]{125}$

4.  $\sqrt[3]{27x^3y^{12}}$

5.  $\sqrt{20}$

6.  $\sqrt{50}$

7.  $\sqrt{72}$

8.  $\sqrt[3]{24}$

9.  $\sqrt[3]{250}$

10.  $\sqrt{x^6y^9}$

11.  $\sqrt{18x^7y^{12}}$

12.  $\sqrt{60x^{11}y^{20}}$

13.  $\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{5}$

14.  $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{98}$

15.  $5\sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12}$

16.  $\sqrt{7} \cdot \sqrt{5}$

17.  $\sqrt{10} \cdot \sqrt{15}$

18.  $\sqrt{46} \cdot \sqrt{69}$

19.  $8\sqrt{10} \cdot 6\sqrt{2}$

20.  $5\sqrt{6} \cdot 6\sqrt{15}$

21.  $6\sqrt{5} (2\sqrt{3} + 5\sqrt{7})$

22.  $3\sqrt{6} (2\sqrt{3} - 3\sqrt{2})$

23.  $(3 + \sqrt{2})(5 - \sqrt{3})$

24.  $(4 - \sqrt{6})^2$

25.  $(4\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{6})^2$

26. Calculate the value of  $(4\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{6})^2$ .  
(Round to nearest hundredth!)

BASIC ALGEBRA EXAM 5A\* Solutions

1.  $\sqrt{49} = 7$     2.  $\sqrt{81x^6} = 9x^3$     3.  $\sqrt[3]{125} = 5$     4.  $\sqrt[3]{27x^3y^{12}} = 3xy^4$

5.  $\sqrt{20} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 5} = 2\sqrt{5}$     6.  $\sqrt{50} = \sqrt{25 \cdot 2} = 5\sqrt{2}$     7.  $\sqrt{72} = \sqrt{36 \cdot 2} = 6\sqrt{2}$     8.  $\sqrt[3]{24} = \sqrt[3]{8 \cdot 3} = 2\sqrt[3]{3}$     9.  $\sqrt[3]{250} = \sqrt[3]{125 \cdot 2} = 5\sqrt[3]{2}$     10.  $\sqrt{x^6y^8} = x^3y^4\sqrt{y}$

11.  $\sqrt{18x^6y^{12}} = \sqrt{9 \cdot 2 \cdot 3^2 \cdot x^6 \cdot y^{12}} = 3x^3y^6\sqrt{2x}$     12.  $\sqrt{60x^{10}y^{20}} = \sqrt{4 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot x^{10} \cdot y^{20}} = 2x^5y^{10}\sqrt{15x}$     13.  $\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$     14.  $\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{98} = \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{49 \cdot 2} = \sqrt{2} + 7\sqrt{2} = 8\sqrt{2}$

15.  $5\sqrt{27} - \sqrt{12} = 5\sqrt{9 \cdot 3} - \sqrt{4 \cdot 3} = 5 \cdot 3\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3} = 15\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{3} = 13\sqrt{3}$     16.  $\sqrt{7} \cdot \sqrt{5} = \sqrt{35}$     17.  $\sqrt{10} \cdot \sqrt{5} = \sqrt{2 \cdot 5 \cdot 5} = 5\sqrt{2}$     18.  $\sqrt{46} \cdot \sqrt{69} = \sqrt{2 \cdot 23 \cdot 3 \cdot 23} = 23\sqrt{6}$

19.  $8\sqrt{10} \cdot 6\sqrt{2} = 48\sqrt{20} = 48 \cdot 2\sqrt{5} = 96\sqrt{5}$     20.  $5\sqrt{6} \cdot 6\sqrt{15} = 30\sqrt{90} = 30\sqrt{9 \cdot 10} = 90\sqrt{10}$     21.  $6\sqrt{5}(2\sqrt{3} + 5\sqrt{7}) = 12\sqrt{15} + 30\sqrt{35}$

22.  $3\sqrt{6}(2\sqrt{3} - 3\sqrt{2}) = 6\sqrt{18} - 9\sqrt{12} = 6\sqrt{9 \cdot 2} - 9\sqrt{4 \cdot 3} = 6 \cdot 3\sqrt{2} - 9 \cdot 2\sqrt{3} = 18\sqrt{2} - 18\sqrt{3}$     23.  $(3 + \sqrt{2})(5 - \sqrt{3}) = 15 - 3\sqrt{3} + 5\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{6}$

24.  $(4 - \sqrt{6})(4 - \sqrt{6}) = 16 - 4\sqrt{6} - 4\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{36} = 16 - 8\sqrt{6} + 6 = 22 - 8\sqrt{6}$

25.  $(4\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{6})(4\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{6}) = 16 \cdot \sqrt{9} + 8\sqrt{18} + 8\sqrt{18} + 4\sqrt{36} = 16 \cdot 3 + 16\sqrt{7 \cdot 2} + 4 \cdot 6 = 48 + 16\sqrt{14} + 24 = 72 + 16 \cdot 3\sqrt{2} = 72 + 48\sqrt{2}$     26. 139.88

SHOW ALL WORK ON THIS TEST OR ON SEPARATE PAPER. Circle answers.  
TURN IN ALL WORKSHEETS. CALCULATORS ARE REQUIRED ON THIS TEST.

In 1 - 25, simplify each radical completely. Leave answers in radical form.

1.  $\sqrt{8}$

2.  $\sqrt{28}$

3.  $\sqrt{63}$

4.  $\sqrt{500}$

5.  $\sqrt{98}$

6.  $\sqrt[3]{125}$

7.  $\sqrt[3]{16}$

8.  $\sqrt[3]{54}$

9.  $\sqrt[3]{80}$

10.  $\sqrt{x^{10}}$

11.  $\sqrt{x^{11}}$

12.  $\sqrt[3]{x^{12}}$

13.  $\sqrt{x^5 y^8}$

14.  $\sqrt{12x^7 y^{13}}$

15.  $\sqrt{72x^6 y^{10}}$

16.  $\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{6}$

17.  $\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{18}$

18.  $\sqrt{20} + \sqrt{125}$

19.  $4\sqrt{27} + 6\sqrt{75}$

20.  $3\sqrt{28} - 4\sqrt{175}$

21.  $4\sqrt{3} \cdot 5\sqrt{2}$

22.  $4\sqrt{3} \cdot 5\sqrt{15}$

23.  $\sqrt{5} (2\sqrt{3} + 4\sqrt{10})$

24.  $3\sqrt{2} (2\sqrt{3} - 3\sqrt{2})$

In 25 - 26, find the simplified radical form, then calculate the decimal value to nearest hundredth.

25.  $(4 + \sqrt{2})(3 - \sqrt{2})$

26.  $(3\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{3})^2$

# BASIC ALGEBRA EXAM 5B\* Solutions

1.  $\frac{\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{4}\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{2}} = 1$

2.  $\frac{\sqrt{28}}{\sqrt{4}\sqrt{7}} = \frac{2\sqrt{7}}{2\sqrt{7}} = 1$

3.  $\frac{\sqrt{63}}{\sqrt{9}\sqrt{7}} = \frac{3\sqrt{7}}{3\sqrt{7}} = 1$

4.  $\frac{\sqrt{500}}{\sqrt{100}\sqrt{5}} = \frac{10\sqrt{5}}{10\sqrt{5}} = 1$

5.  $\frac{\sqrt{48}}{\sqrt{4}\sqrt{2}} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{2}} = 2\sqrt{3}$

6.  $\sqrt[3]{125} = 5$

7.  $\sqrt[3]{16} = \sqrt[3]{8 \cdot 2} = 2\sqrt[3]{2}$

8.  $\sqrt[3]{54} = \sqrt[3]{27 \cdot 2} = 3\sqrt[3]{2}$

9.  $\sqrt[3]{50} = \sqrt[3]{8 \cdot 5 \cdot 5} = 2\sqrt[3]{10}$

10.  $\sqrt{x^{10}} = x^5$

11.  $\sqrt{x^{11}} = \sqrt{x^{10} \cdot x} = x^5 \sqrt{x}$

12.  $\sqrt[3]{x^{12}} = x^4$

13.  $\sqrt{x^5 y^8} = \sqrt{x^4 y^8} \sqrt{x} = x^2 y^4 \sqrt{x}$

14.  $\sqrt{12x^7 y^{13}} = \sqrt{4x^6 y^{12}} \sqrt{3xy} = 2x^3 y^6 \sqrt{3xy}$

15.  $\sqrt{72x^6 y^{10}} = \sqrt{36x^6 y^{10}} \sqrt{2} = 6x^3 y^5 \sqrt{2}$

16.  $\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{6} = 2\sqrt{6}$

17.  $\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{18} = \sqrt{4}\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{9}\sqrt{2} = 2\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{2} = 5\sqrt{2}$

18.  $\sqrt{20} + \sqrt{125} = \sqrt{4}\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{25}\sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5} + 5\sqrt{5} = 7\sqrt{5}$

19.  $4\sqrt{27} + 6\sqrt{75} = 4\sqrt{9}\sqrt{3} + 6\sqrt{25}\sqrt{3} = 4 \cdot 3\sqrt{3} + 6 \cdot 5\sqrt{3} = 12\sqrt{3} + 30\sqrt{3} = 42\sqrt{3}$

20.  $3\sqrt{28} - 4\sqrt{175} = 3\sqrt{4}\sqrt{7} - 4\sqrt{25}\sqrt{7} = 3 \cdot 2\sqrt{7} - 4 \cdot 5\sqrt{7} = 6\sqrt{7} - 20\sqrt{7} = -14\sqrt{7}$

21.  $4\sqrt{3} \cdot 5\sqrt{2} = 20\sqrt{6}$

22.  $4\sqrt{3} \cdot 5\sqrt{15} = 20\sqrt{45} = 20\sqrt{9}\sqrt{5} = 20 \cdot 3\sqrt{5} = 60\sqrt{5}$

23.  $\sqrt{5}(2\sqrt{3} + 4\sqrt{10}) = 2\sqrt{15} + 4\sqrt{50} = 2\sqrt{15} + 4\sqrt{25}\sqrt{2} = 2\sqrt{15} + 20\sqrt{2}$

24.  $3\sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{3} - 3\sqrt{2}) = 6\sqrt{6} - 9\sqrt{4} = 6\sqrt{6} - 9 \cdot 2 = 6\sqrt{6} - 18$

25.  $(4 + \sqrt{2})(3 - \sqrt{2}) = 12 - 4\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{4} = 12 - \sqrt{2} - 2 = 10 - \sqrt{2} \approx 8.59$   
 $(4 + \sqrt{2})(3 - \sqrt{2}) \approx 8.59$

26.  $(3\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{3})(3\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{3}) = 9\sqrt{36} - 6\sqrt{18} - 6\sqrt{18} + 4\sqrt{9} = 9 \cdot 6 - 12\sqrt{18} + 4 \cdot 3 = 54 - 12\sqrt{18}\sqrt{2} + 12 = 66 - 36\sqrt{2} \approx 15.09$   
 $(3\sqrt{6} - 2\sqrt{3})^2 \approx 15.09$