

INTERMEDIATE ALGEBRA EXAM 1 A\* NAME \_\_\_\_\_

SHOW ALL WORK ON THIS TEST OR ON SEPARATE PAPER. Circle answers.  
TURN IN ALL WORKSHEETS. CALCULATORS ARE RECOMMENDED ON THIS TEST.

In 1 - 3, evaluate the expressions:

1.  $-4 - (-13) + (-5 + 10)$     2.  $-2 + |-3| - |-5|$     3.  $2(-3)^3 - 2^3$

In 4 - 5, find the value if  $k = -2$  and  $m = 3$ 

4.  $k^2 - km + m^2$     5.  $-k^2 - m^2$

In 6 - 11, solve for X:

6.  $3(X + 5) = 2X + 1$     7.  $6X - 3(5X + 2) = 4 - 5X$

8.  $3(2X - 5) = -2(5 - 3X) + 5$     9.  $aX - b = cX - d$

10.  $|2X - 4| = 6$     11.  $|2X - 6| = -6$

In 12 - 16, solve for X, graph on a numberline, and give answers in interval notation.

12.  $-3X + 6 < -6$       13.  $\frac{2X - 4}{3} \geq 2$       14.  $-2 < 6 - 2X \leq 10$

15a)  $X \leq 6$  or  $X < -2$

16a)  $X < 2$  and  $X \geq -3$

b)  $X \leq 6$  and  $X < -2$

b)  $X \leq -3$  or  $X > 4$

17. Use a calculator. Give answers in scientific notation:

a)  $0.00075 \times 80,000,000$       b)  $\frac{4 \times 10^{12} \cdot 3 \times 10^{-4}}{1.6 \times 10^{-16} \cdot 1.5 \times 10^{10}}$

18. Simplify:

$$\frac{X^{4a} X^{2a}}{X^{3a-4}}$$

19. Simplify:

$$\left( \frac{X^{12a} X^{3a}}{X^{5a}} \right)^2$$

20. Multiply:

a)  $(2X - 5Y)^2$

b)  $[(2X - 5Y) - 5][(2X - 5Y) - 3]$

In 21 - 22, an equation is required. Show all work!!

21. Dr. H invested \$17,000, some at 7% , and the rest at 10%. If her total income for the year was \$1310, how much was invested at each rate?

22. How many liters of 20% solution should be mixed with 15 liters of 50% solution to obtain a 30% solution?

EXAM 1A\* Solutions.

$k = -2 \quad m = 3$

1.  $-4 - (-13) + (-5 + 10)$   
 $= -4 + 13 + 5 = \textcircled{14}$

2.  $-2 + |-3| - |-5|$   
 $= -2 + 3 - 5 = \textcircled{-4}$

3.  $2(-3)^3 - 2^3$   
 $= 2(-27) - 8$   
 $= -54 - 8 = \textcircled{-62}$

4.  $k^2 - km + m^2$   
 $= (-2)^2 - (-2)(3) + 3^2$   
 $= 4 + 6 + 9 = \textcircled{19}$

5.  $-k^2 - m^2$   
 $= -(-2)^2 - (3)^2$   
 $= -4 - 9 = \textcircled{-13}$

6.  $3(x+5) = 2x+1$   
 $3x+15 = 2x+1$   
 $-2x -15 -2x -15$   
 $x = \textcircled{-14}$

7.  $6x - 3(5x+2) = 4 - 5x$   
 $6x - 15x - 6 = 4 - 5x$   
 $-9x - 6 = 4 - 5x$   
 $+5x + 6 + 6 + 5x$   
 $-4x = 10$

8.  $3(2x-5) = -2(5-3x) + 5$   
 $6x - 15 = -10 + 6x + 5$   
 $-15 = -5$   
 No way --  $\textcircled{\text{NO SOLUTION}}$

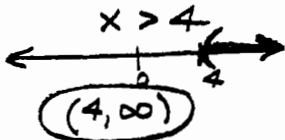
9.  $ax - b = cx - d$   
 $-cx + b - cx + b$   
 $ax - cx = b - d$   
 $x(a-c) = \frac{b-d}{a-c}$   
 $x = \frac{b-d}{a-c}$

$x = -\frac{10}{4} = \textcircled{-\frac{5}{2}}$

11.  $|2x-6| = -6$   
 $\textcircled{\text{NO SOLUTION}}$

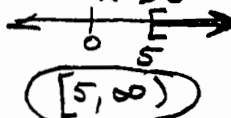
10.  $|2x-4| = 6$   
 $2x-4 = 6 \quad 2x-4 = -6$   
 $2x = 10 \quad 2x = -2$   
 $x = 5 \text{ or } x = -1$

12.  $-3x + 6 < -6$   
 $-3x < -12$



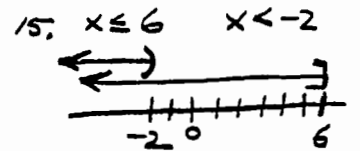
13.  $\frac{2x-4}{3} \geq 2$

$2x-4 \geq 6$   
 $2x \geq 10$   
 $x \geq 5$

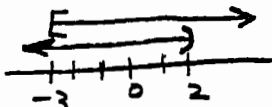


14.  $-2 < 6 - 2x \leq 10$   
 $-6 - 6 \quad -6 \quad -6$   
 $-8 < -2x \leq 4$   
 $-2 \quad -2 \quad -2$

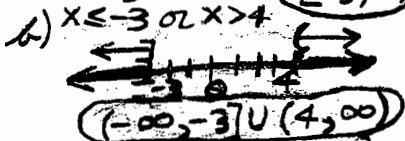
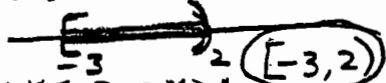
$4 > x \geq -2$   
 $\text{or } -2 \leq x < 4$   
 $\textcircled{[-2, 4]}$



16.  $x < 2$  and  $x \geq -3$



a) and = INTERSECT.



18.  $\frac{x^{4a} \cdot x^{2a}}{x^{3a-4}} = x$   
 $\frac{x^{6a+2a-(3a-4)}}{x^{3a-4}} = x$   
 $\frac{x^{4a+2a-(3a-4)}}{x^{3a-4}} = x$   
 $\frac{x^{6a-3a+4}}{x^{3a-4}} = x$   
 $x^{3a+4}$

17a)  $60000 = \textcircled{6 \times 10^4}$   
 b)  $\textcircled{5 \times 10^4}$

19.  $\left(\frac{x^{12a} \cdot x^{3a}}{x^{5a}}\right)^2$   
 $\left(\frac{x^{15a-5a}}{x^{5a}}\right)^2$   
 $\left(\frac{x^{10a}}{x^{5a}}\right)^2 = x^{20a}$

20a)  $(2x-5y)^2 = 4x^2 - 20xy + 25y^2$

20b)  $\left[(2x-5y) - 5\sqrt{(2x-5y)} - 3\right]^2$   
 $= (2x-5y)^2 - 8(2x-5y) + 15$   
 $= 4x^2 - 20xy + 25y^2 - 16x + 40y + 15$

21.  $P \quad X \quad R = I$

$x$	$.07$	$.07x$
$17000 - x$	$.10$	$.10(17000 - x)$
		$1310$

$.07x + .10(17000 - x) = 1310$   
 $.07x + 1700 - .10x = 1310$   
 $-.03x = -390$   
 $x = \frac{-390}{-.03} = 13000 @ 7\%$   
 $17000 - x = 4000 @ 10\%$

22. LIQ 90 PURE

$x$	$.20$	$.20x$
$15$	$.50$	$.50(15)$
$x+15$	$.30$	$.30(x+15)$

$.20x + .50(15) = .30(x+15)$   
 $.20x + 7.50 = .30x + 4.50$   
 $-.10x = -3.00$   
 $x = \frac{-3.00}{-.10} = 30 \text{ liters}$

INTERMEDIATE ALGEBRA EXAM 1 B\* NAME \_\_\_\_\_  
SHOW ALL WORK ON THIS TEST OR ON SEPARATE PAPER. Circle answers.  
TURN IN ALL WORKSHEETS. CALCULATORS ARE RECOMMENDED ON THIS TEST.

In 1 - 3, evaluate the expressions:

1.  $6 \cdot 8^2 - 2 \cdot 9^2$

2. 
$$\frac{-3|4 - 12| \div 4 + 4}{\sqrt{49} + 28 \div 2^2}$$

3. Evaluate  $-X^2 - 3XY + Y^2$  when  $X = 3$  and  $Y = -4$

In 4 - 10, solve for X:

4.  $4(X - 2) = 8(6 - X) + 4$

5.  $2(3X - 3) + 5X = 11X - 6$

6.  $6(X - 5) - 7(7 - X) - 6 = 0$

7. 
$$\frac{4X + 7}{4} = X - 2$$

8.  $cY + cX = a - bX$

9.  $|2X - 5| = -9$

10.  $|2X - 5| = 9$

In 11 - 19, solve for X, graph on a numberline, and give answers in interval notation.

11.  $3(X - 3) \leq 4X - 1$

12.  $5 + \frac{5X}{3} < -6$

13.  $-7 < \frac{7 - 2X}{3} \leq 5$

14. Give interval notation:

a)  $X < -8$

b)  $X \geq -2$

15a)  $X < -8$  or  $X \geq -2$

16a)  $X < -8$  or  $X \leq -2$

b)  $X < -8$  and  $X \geq -2$

b)  $X < -8$  and  $X \leq -2$

17. Use a calculator. Give answers in scientific notation:

a)  $75,000 \times 85,000,000$

b)  $\frac{(4,000) \times (0.00009)}{(0.0016) \times (3,000,000)}$

18. Simplify:  $\left(\frac{3X^{-4}Y^{-2}}{5X^{-1}Y^6}\right)^3$

19. Multiply:

a)  $(2X + 3Y)^2$

b)  $[(2X + 3Y) - 5][(2X + 3Y) - 3]$

In 20 - 22, an equation is required. Show all work!!

20. The length of a rectangle is 7 less than 3 times the width. If the perimeter is 746 meters, find the length and width.

21. Mr. Williams invested some money at 6%, and \$4000 less than this amount at 9%. The total income for the year was \$2340. How much was invested at each rate?

22. How much pure (100%) alcohol must be mixed with 70 liters of 20% solution to bring it up to 60% strength?

EXAM 1B\* Solutions.

1.  $6 \cdot 8^2 - 2 \cdot 9^2$   
 $= 6 \cdot 64 - 2 \cdot 81$   
 $= 384 - 162$   
 $= 222$

2.  $\frac{-3|4-12| \div 4 + 4}{\sqrt{49} + 28 \div 2^2}$   
 $= \frac{-3 \cdot 8 \div 4 + 4}{7 + 28 \div 4}$

$x=3, y=-4$   
 3.  $-x^2 - 3xy + y^2$   
 $= -3^2 - 3(3)(-4) + (-4)^2$   
 $= -9 + 36 + 16$   
 $= 43$

4.  $4(x-2) = 8(6-x) + 4$   
 $4x - 8 = 48 - 8x + 4$   
 $4x - 8 = 52 - 8x$   
 $12x = 60$   
 $x = 5$

5.  $2(3x-3) + 5x = 11x - 6$   
 $6x - 6 + 5x = 11x - 6$   
 $11x - 6 = 11x - 6$   
 $0 = 0$

$= \frac{-6+4}{7+7} = \frac{-2}{14} = \left(-\frac{1}{7}\right)$

6.  $6(x-5) - 7(7-x) - 6 = 0$   
 $6x - 30 - 49 + 7x - 6 = 0$   
 $13x - 85 = 0$   
 $13x = 85$   
 $x = \frac{85}{13}$

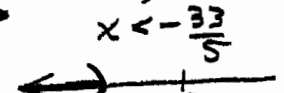
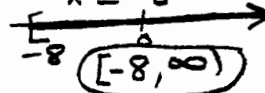
Identity - TRUE for all x

8.  $c \cancel{+} + cX = a - \cancel{b}X$   
 $cX + bX = a - cX$   
 $X(c+b) = a - cX$   
 $X = \frac{a - cX}{c+b}$

9.  $|2x-5| = -9$   
 No SOLUTION

10.  $|2x-5| = 9$   
 $2x-5 = 9$  or  $2x-5 = -9$   
 $2x = 14$        $2x = -4$   
 $x = 7$  or  $x = -2$

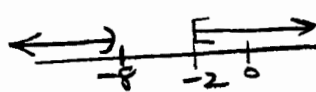
11.  $3(x-3) \leq 4x-1$        $5 + \frac{5x}{3} < -6$   
 $3x-9 \leq 4x-1$        $\frac{5x}{3} < -11$   
 $-x \leq 8$        $x < -\frac{33}{5}$   
 $x \geq -8$



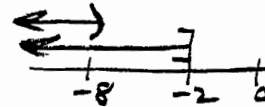
13.  $\frac{3}{-7} < \frac{7-2x}{8} \leq \frac{3}{5}$   
 $-\frac{21}{7} < \frac{7-2x}{8} \leq \frac{15}{8}$   
 $-\frac{28}{8} < \frac{7-2x}{8} \leq \frac{15}{8}$   
 $14 > x \geq -4$   
 $-4 \leq x < 14$   
 $x \in [-4, 14)$

14 a)  $(-\infty, -8) \cup (-2, \infty)$

15.  $x < -8$        $x \geq -2$



16.  $x < -8$        $x \leq -2$



a) OR = UNION  
 $(-\infty, -8) \cup [-2, \infty)$

a) OR = UNION  
 $(-\infty, -2]$

b) AND = INTERSECT.  
 No SOLUTION

b) AND = INTERSECT.  
 $(-\infty, -8)$

18.  $\left(\frac{3x-4y-2}{5x-1y6}\right)^3 = \left(\frac{3}{5}x^{-4}y^{-2-6}\right)^3$   
 $= \left(\frac{3}{5}x^{-3}y^{-8}\right)^3 = \frac{3^3}{5^3}x^{-9}y^{-24}$   
 $= \frac{27}{125x^9y^{24}}$

19 a)  $(2x+3y)^2 = 4x^2 + 12xy + 9y^2$   
 $[(2x+3y)-5][(2x+3y)-3]$   
 $= (2x+3y)^2 - 8(2x+3y) + 15$   
 $= 4x^2 + 12xy + 9y^2 - 16x - 24y + 15$

20. At x = width  
 3x-7 = length  
 $2x + 2(3x-7) = 746$   
 $2x + 6x - 14 = 746$   
 $8x = 760$   
 $x = 95m$   
 $3x-7 = 278m$

21.

P	R	I
x	.06	.06x
x-4000	.09	.09(x-4000)
		\$2340

$.06x + .09(x-4000) = 2340$   
 $.06x + .09x - 360 = 2340$   
 $.15x = 2700$

22.

	LIQ.	%	PURE
x	1.00		1.00(x)
70	.20		.20(70)
x+70	-60		.60(x+70)

$x = \frac{2700}{.15} = 18000 @ 6\%$   
 $18000 - 4000 = 14,000 @ 9\%$

$1.00x + .20(70) = .60(x+70)$   
 $1.00x + 14 = .60x + 42$   
 $-.60x - 14 = -.60x - 14$   
 $.40x = 28$   
 $x = \frac{28}{.40} = 70L$