

SHOW ALL WORK on this test or on separate! Circle final answers. NO CALCULATORS!

PART 1: (2 points each) Circle your answers!

In 1 - 16, give the value.

1. $12 \div 3 \cdot 2$

2. $3 + 7 \cdot 7$

3. $5 - 5 \cdot 0$

4. $4 + 6 \cdot 8 + 2$

5. $(-18) + 12$

6. $(-18) + (-12)$

7. $0 \div 4$

8. $(-18) \div 0$

9. $(-18) - (-24)$

10. $(-8) \cdot 4$

11. $(-6) \cdot (-8)$

12. $(-32) \div 8$

13. $(-2)^2$

14. -2^2

15. $(-1)^3$

16. $(-1)^2$

17. $2^2 + 3^2$

18. $2^2 - 3^2$

In 19 – 23, simplify and combine like terms. Use the distributive property as necessary.

19. $2x + 2x$

20. $4 + 2(3x - 6)$

21. $5(x - 4) + 6(x + 5)$

22. $5(x - 4) - 6(x + 5)$

23. $4(3x + 2) - 7(x - 5)$

In 24 - 28, given $x = -3$ and $y = 4$. Find the values of the expressions.

24. $2x + 3y$

25. $2xy$

26. $4x + 2xy - 9y$

27. $x^2 + y^2$

28. $x^2 - y^2$

In 29 – 32, give an expression in terms of the unknown number x .

29. Seven less than twice an unknown number.

30. Seven less an unknown number.

31. Suppose you have a total of \$1000 in two accounts. If you have x dollars in one of the accounts, how much is in the other account?

32. Suppose you have a total of x dollars in two accounts. If you have \$1000 in one of the accounts, how much is in the other one?

PART 2: (4 points each, partial credit)**In 33 – 42, solve the equations.**

33. $x + 5 = -25$

34. $-4x = -20$

35. $-x = 25$

36. $6x + 8 = 38$

37. $4x + 12 = -8$

38. $-4x - 12 = 24$

39. $8x + 12 = 2x - 30$

40. $-4x - 12 = 2x + 30$

41. $8x - 3(4 + 2x) = -6$

42. $-2(2x - 4) - 3(3x + 2) = -24$

$$1. 12 \div 3 \cdot 2 \quad 2. 3 + 7 \cdot 7 \quad 3. 5 - 5 \cdot 0 \quad 4. 4 + 6 \cdot 8 + 2 \quad 5. (-18) + 12 \quad 6. (-18) + (-12)$$

$$4 \cdot 2 \quad 3 + 49 \quad 5 - 0 \quad 4 + 48 + 2 \quad (-6) \quad (-30)$$

$$(8) \quad (52) \quad (5) \quad (54)$$

$$7. 0 \div 4 \quad 8. (-18) \div 0 \quad 9. (-18) - (-24) \quad 10. (-8) \cdot 4 \quad 11. (-6) \cdot (-8) \quad 12. (-32) \div 8$$

$$(0) \quad \text{Undef} \quad -18 + 24 \quad (-32) \quad (48) \quad (-4)$$

$$(0) \quad (6)$$

$$13. (-2)^2 \quad 14. -2^2 \quad 15. (-1)^3 \quad 16. (-1)^2 \quad 17. 2^2 + 3^2 \quad 18. 2^2 - 3^2$$

$$(-2)(-2) \quad -2 \cdot 2 \quad (-1)(-1)(-1) \quad (-1)(-1) \quad 4 + 9 \quad 4 - 9$$

$$(4) \quad (-4) \quad (-1) \quad (1) \quad (13) \quad (-5)$$

$$19. 2x + 2x \quad 20. 4 + 2(3x - 6) \quad 21. 5(x - 4) + 6(x + 5) \quad 22. 5(x - 4) - 6(x + 5)$$

$$(4x) \quad 4 + 6x - 12 \quad 5x - 20 + 6x + 30 \quad 5x - 20 - 6x - 30$$

$$(6x - 8) \quad (11x + 10) \quad (-x - 50)$$

$$23. 4(3x + 2) - 7(x - 5) \quad 24. \begin{matrix} x = -3 & y = 4 \\ 2x + 3y \\ 2(-3) + 3(4) \\ -6 + 12 \end{matrix} \quad 25. \begin{matrix} 2xy \\ 2(-3)(4) \\ (-6)(4) \end{matrix} \quad 26. 4x + 2xy - 9y \quad 27. x^2 + (-3)^2$$

$$12x + 8 - 7x + 35 \quad -6 + 12 \quad (-6)(4) \quad 4(-3) + 2(-3)(4) - 9(4) \quad (-3)^2 + 9 + 1$$

$$(5x + 43) \quad (6) \quad (-24) \quad (-12) + (-24) - 36 \quad 9 + 1$$

$$(72) \quad (25)$$

$$28. x^2 - y^2 \quad 29. 2x - 7 \quad 33. \begin{matrix} x + 5 = -25 \\ -5 \quad -5 \\ x = -30 \end{matrix} \quad 34. \begin{matrix} -4x = -20 \\ -4 \quad -4 \\ x = 5 \end{matrix} \quad 35. \begin{matrix} -x = 25 \\ -1 \quad -1 \\ x = -25 \end{matrix}$$

$$(-3)^2 - (4)^2 \quad 30. 7 - x \quad 31. 1000 - x \quad 32. x - 1000$$

$$9 - 16 \quad (-7)$$

$$36. \begin{matrix} 6x + 8 = 38 \\ -8 \quad -8 \\ \hline 6x = 30 \\ \hline \frac{6x}{6} = \frac{30}{6} \\ x = 5 \end{matrix} \quad 37. \begin{matrix} 4x + 12 = -8 \\ -12 \quad -12 \\ \hline 4x = -20 \\ \hline \frac{4x}{4} = \frac{-20}{4} \\ x = -5 \end{matrix} \quad 38. \begin{matrix} -4x - 12 = 24 \\ +12 \quad +12 \\ \hline -4x = 36 \\ \hline \frac{-4x}{-4} = \frac{36}{-4} \\ x = -9 \end{matrix} \quad 39. \begin{matrix} 8x + 12 = 2x - 4 \\ -12 \quad -12 \\ \hline 8x = 2x - 4 \\ -2x \quad -2x \\ \hline 6x = -42 \\ \hline \frac{6x}{6} = \frac{-42}{6} \\ x = -7 \end{matrix}$$

$$40. \begin{matrix} -4x - 12 = 2x + 30 \\ +12 \quad +12 \\ \hline -4x = 2x + 42 \\ -2x \quad -2x \\ \hline -6x = 42 \\ \hline \frac{-6x}{-6} = \frac{42}{-6} \\ x = -7 \end{matrix} \quad 41. \begin{matrix} 8x - 3(4 + 2x) = -6 \\ 8x - 12 - 6x = -6 \\ 2x - 12 = -6 \\ +12 \quad +12 \\ \hline 2x = 6 \\ \hline \frac{2x}{2} = \frac{6}{2} \\ x = 3 \end{matrix} \quad 42. \begin{matrix} -2(2x - 4) - 3(3x + 2) = -2 \\ -4x + 8 - 9x - 6 = -2 \\ -13x + 2 = -24 \\ -2 \quad -2 \\ \hline -13x = -26 \\ \hline \frac{-13x}{-13} = \frac{-26}{-13} \\ x = 2 \end{matrix}$$