

BASIC ALGEBRA EXAM 1G* **NAME** _____

SHOW ALL WORK ON THIS TEST OR ON SEPARATE PAPER. Circle Answers.

PART 1: (2 points each) Circle your answers!

In 1 - 15, give the value.

1. $7 + 3 \cdot 5$

2. $20 \div 4 \cdot 5$

3. $5 \cdot 2^2$

4. $8 + 2 \cdot 3^2 - 5$

5. $(-12) + (-8)$

6. $(-15) + 5$

7. $(-3) \cdot (-8)$

8. $(-36) \div 6$

9. $16 \cdot (-3)$

10. $12 \div 0$

11. $0 \div 12$

12. $(-3)^3$

13. $(-1)^8$

14. $3^2 + 4^2 + 5^2$

15. $(-2)^2 + (-2)^3 + (-2)^4$

In 16 – 19, simplify and combine like terms:

16. $(-8x) + (-15x) + 20x$

17. $x^2 - 8x - 14y - 5x^2 + 13x + 5y$

18. $5(5x - 4y) + 4(2y - x)$

19. $4(7x + 4) - 3(6x - 4)$

In 20 - 22, given $x = -2$ and $y = 5$, evaluate the following expressions.

20. $x^2 + 3xy + y^2$

21. $x^2 - y^2$

22. $-x^2 + 2xy$

PART 2: (4 points each, partial credit)

In 23 – 27, solve the equations.

23. $5x + 16 = 36$

24. $12x - 20 = -3x + 25$

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25. $6(x - 4) = 10 + 2(7 - x)$

26. $6 - 3(2x + 6) = 2(3x + 1) - 2$

27. $-x(x - 4) = 6(x - 1) - (x^2 - 20)$

In 28 - 31, solve the inequalities; graph on a number line.

28. $4x + 6 \geq x - 12$

29. $-4x < 12$

30. $-6 < x - 4 \leq 2$

31. $-12 \leq 6 - 3x < 9$

In 32 - 36, give equations and solve the word problems.

32. Three times a certain number is equal to the number plus 12. Find the number.

33. Find three even consecutive numbers such that the first, plus twice the second, plus three times the third is equal to 100.
34. The length of a rectangle is 50 meters less than twice the width. The perimeter of the rectangle is 500 meters. Find the length and the width of the rectangle.
35. A box contains 20 coins in quarters and dimes worth \$3.00. How many of each coin are there?
36. A sum of money consists of nickels, dimes, and quarters worth \$8.00. There are three times as many nickels as quarters, and the number of dimes is 4 less than the number of nickels. How many of each coin are there?

BASIC ALGEBRA EXAM 1G Solutions

1. $7+3.5$
 $\frac{7+15}{22}$
 2. $20 \div 4 - 5$
 $\frac{5 \cdot 5}{25}$
 3. $5 \cdot 2^2$
 $\frac{5 \cdot 4}{20}$
 4. $8+2 \cdot 3^2 - 5$
 $\frac{8+2 \cdot 9 - 5}{21}$
 5. $(-12) + (-8)$
 $\frac{-20}{-20}$
 6. $(-15) + 5$
 $\frac{-10}{-10}$
 7. $(-3) \cdot (-8)$
 $\frac{24}{24}$
 8. $(-36) \div 6$
 $\frac{-6}{-6}$
 9. $16(-3)$
 $\frac{-48}{-48}$
 10. $12 \div 0$
 $\frac{\text{undefined}}{\text{undefined}}$
 11. $0 \div 12$
 $\frac{0}{0}$
 12. $(-3)^3$
 $\frac{-27}{-27}$
 13. $(-1)^8$
 $\frac{1}{1}$
 14. $3^2 + 4^2 + 5^2$
 $\frac{9+16+25}{50}$
 15. $(-2)^2 + (-2)^3 + (-2)^4$
 $\frac{4 + (-8) + 16}{-4+16}$
 16. $(-8x) + (-15x) + 20x$
 $\frac{-23x + 20x}{-3x}$

17. $x^2 - 8x - 14y - 5x^2 + 13x + 5y$
 $\frac{-4x^2 + 5x - 9y}{-4x^2 + 5x - 9y}$
 18. $5(5x-4y) + 4(2y-x)$
 $\frac{25x - 20y + 8y - 4x}{21x - 12y}$
 19. $4(7x+4) - 3(6x-4)$
 $\frac{28x + 16 - 18x + 12}{10x + 28}$
 20. $x^2 + 3xy + y^2$
 $\frac{(x^2) + 3(x)(y) + (y^2)}{4 - 30 + 25}$
 $\frac{-1}{-1}$
 21. $x^2 - y^2$
 $\frac{(x^2) - (y^2)}{4 - 25}$
 $\frac{-21}{-21}$
 22. $-x^2 + 2xy$
 $\frac{-(-2)^2 + 2(-2)(5)}{-4 + (-20)}$
 $\frac{-24}{-24}$
 23. $5x + 16 = 36$
 $\frac{-16}{5x} = \frac{-20}{5x}$
 $x = 4$

24. $12x - 20 = -3x + 25$
 $\frac{+3x}{15x - 20} = \frac{+3x}{+3x}$
 $\frac{15x - 20}{+20} = \frac{25}{+20}$
 $\frac{15x}{20} = \frac{45}{20}$
 $x = 3$
 25. $6(x-4) = 10 + 2(7-x)$
 $\frac{6x - 24}{+2x} = \frac{10 + 14 - 2x}{+2x}$
 $\frac{8x - 24}{+24} = \frac{24}{+24}$
 $\frac{8x}{24} = \frac{48}{24}$
 $x = 6$
 26. $6 - 3(2x+6) = 2(3x+1) - 2$
 $\frac{6 - 6x - 18}{+6x} = \frac{6x + 2 - 2}{+6x}$
 $\frac{-12}{12} = \frac{12x}{12}$
 $-1 = x$

27. $-x(x-4) = 6(x-1) - (x^2-20)$
 $\frac{-x^2 + 4x}{+x} = \frac{6x - 6 - x^2 + 20}{+x}$
 $\frac{-2x}{-2x} = \frac{14}{-2x}$
 $x = -7$
 28. $4x + 6 \geq x - 12$
 $\frac{-x}{3x + 6} \geq \frac{-x}{-x}$
 $\frac{3x + 6}{3} \geq \frac{-12}{3}$
 $\frac{x + 2}{3} \geq \frac{-4}{3}$
 $x \geq -6$
 29. $-4x < 12$
 $\frac{-4x}{-4} < \frac{12}{-4}$
 $x > -3$
 30. $-6 < x - 4 \leq 2$
 $\frac{+4}{-2} < \frac{x}{-2} \leq \frac{6}{-2}$
 $-2 < x \leq 6$
 31. $-12 \leq 6 - 3x < 9$
 $\frac{-6}{-3} \leq \frac{-3x}{-3} < \frac{3}{-3}$
 $-2 \leq x < -1$

32. Let $x =$ the no.
 $\frac{3x = x + 12}{-x - x}$
 $\frac{2x = 12}{x = 6}$
 33. Let $x = 1^{\text{st}}$
 $x + 2 = 2^{\text{nd}}$
 $x + 4 = 3^{\text{rd}}$
 $x + 2(x+2) + 3(x+4) = 100$
 $x + 2x + 4 + 3x + 12 = 100$
 $6x + 16 = 100$
 $6x = 84$
 $x = 14$
 $x + 2 = 16$
 $x + 4 = 18$
 $14 + 2(16) + 3(18) = 100$
 $14 + 32 + 54 = 100$
 34. Let $x =$ width
 $2x - 50 =$ length
 $2(x) + 2(2x - 50) = 500$
 $2x + 4x - 100 = 500$
 $6x = 600$
 $x = 100 \text{ m. W}$
 $2x - 50 = 150 \text{ m. L}$

35. No Coins EA VALUES

Q	x	25	25x
D	20-x	10	10(20-x)
			305

Ch: $1.75Q + 1.30D = 3.00$
 $25x + 200 - 10x = 305$
 $15x = 105$
 $x = 7 \text{ Q } 20-x = 13 \text{ D}$

36. No Coins EA VALUES

Q	x	25	25x
N	3x	5	5(3x)
D	3x-4	10	10(3x-4)
			800

Ch: $70x - 40 = 800$
 $70x = 840$
 $x = 12 \text{ Q}$
 $3x = 36 \text{ N}$
 $3x - 4 = 32 \text{ D}$
 $25x + 15x + 30x - 40 = 800$
 $70x = 840$
 $x = 12$