

Tree Survey

At

Craig Y Parcau, Bridgend

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Brief

I have been instructed by Mr. Jon Wilks of Amity Planning to carry out a survey on trees at Craig Y Parcau, Bridgend.

Scope of Report

This Tree Survey has been undertaken within the recommendations of British Standards 5837:2012 and current good arboricultural practice.

The survey entailed a visual inspection from ground level of all trees.

Each tree has been numbered and, where instructed, have been tagged using small durable metal or plastic tags.

Due to variations of existing ground levels through the site, height dimensions are estimated and are given in metres.

Trunk/stem diameters are measured at 1.5 metres above ground level, or immediately above the root flare for multi-stemmed trees.

Estimated branch spread is taken in metres from the centre of the trunk, at the four cardinal points of a compass, to achieve an accurate representation of crown shape.

An assessment of a tree's age classification is made in terms of its maturity within the site's landscape.

An assessment of a tree's physiological condition is made as good, fair, poor, dead.

Data on the structural condition of the tree has been entered, e.g., collapsing, leaning and the presence of any decay or physical defect has been noted.

Preliminary management recommendations include further investigation of suspected defects that require more detailed assessment or potential for wildlife habitat.

An assessment of a tree's future life expectancy is made as <10, 10-20, 20-40 or >40 etc.

Table 1 – Cascade chart for tree quality assessment

Category and definition	Criteria (including subcategories where app	propriate)	
Category U Those in such a condition that they cannot realistically be retained as living trees in the context of the current land use for longer than 10 years	is expected due to of other U categor shelter cannot be r • Trees that are dead overall decline • Trees infected with trees nearby, or ve	erious, irremediable, structural de collapse, including those that will ly trees (i.e. where, for whatever renitigated by pruning) dor are showing signs of significan pathogens of significance to the hy low quality trees suppressing active existing or potential conservation.	oecome unviable after removal ason, the loss of companion t, immediate, and irreversible nealth and/or safety of other liacent trees of better quality	
Category A Those of high quality with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 40 years	1 Mainly Arboricultural values Trees that are particularly good examples of their species, especially if rare or unusual, or essential components of groups, or of formal or semi-formal arboricultural features (e.g.	2 Mainly landscape values Trees, groups or woodlands of particular visual importance as Arboricultural and/or landscape features	3 Mainly cultural values, including conservation Trees, groups or woodlands of significant conservation; historical, commemorative or other value (e.g. veteran trees or wood-pasture)	BRITISH S
Category B Those of moderate quality with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 20 years	the dominant and/or principal trees within an avenue) Trees that might be included in category A, but are downgraded because of impaired condition (e.g. presence of significant though remediable defects, including unsympathetic past management and storm damage), such that they are unlikely to be suitable for retention for	Trees present in numbers, usually growing as groups or woodlands, such that they attract a higher collective rating than they might as individuals; or trees occurring as collectives but situated so as to make little visual contribution to the wider locality	Trees with material conservation or other cultural benefits	BRITISH STANDARD BS 5837:2012
Category C Those of low quality with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 10 years, or young trees with a stem diameter below 150mm	beyond 40 years; or trees lacking the special quality necessary to merit the category A designation Unremarkable trees of very limited merit or such impaired condition that they do not qualify in higher categories	Trees present in groups or woodlands, but without this conferring on them significantly greater collective landscape value, and/or trees offering low or only temporary/transient landscape benefits	Trees with no material conservation or other cultural value	

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	Spread(m)		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
					N	E	S	W	H				H		
T1	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	17	Single	0.33	6	6	1	4	3	Middle aged	Poor	Roadside tree exhibiting early- stage symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
T2	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	12	Multi	0.4	2	5	4	4	1	Middle aged	Poor	This specimen exhibits advanced symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
G3	Group of: Elm (Ulmus spp.), Goat Willow (Salix caprea)	10	Single and Multi	0.2 (avg.)	3	(av	3 vg.)	3	0	Young	Poor	Small copse area dominated by specimens of Elm that are dead or dying from Dutch Elm Disease. Goat Willow exhibit severe squirrel damage.	Remove.	<10	U
T4	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	19	Single	0.37	5	6	6	8	4	Middle aged	Poor	Prominent boundary tree exhibiting advanced symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease. This specimen is in a moribund condition.	Remove.	<10	U
G5	Group of: Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus), Ash (Fraxinus excelsior), Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna), Holly (Ilex aquifolium), Elder (Sambucus nigra), Hazel (Corylus avellana)	Up to 17	Single and Multi	0.35 (avg.)	5	(av	5 S	5	1	Middle aged	Fair	Woodland edge trees of generally reasonable form. Some specimens of Ash exhibit symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove infected Ash trees.	>40	В

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	Spread(m)		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
G6	Group of: Elm (Ulmus spp.), Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	20	Single and Multi	0.55 (avg.)	N 8	8 (av	8	W 8	2	Mature	Fair	Prominent woodland edge trees of reasonable form and vigour.	No action required at this time.	>40	В
T7	Dead						g.)								U
G8	Group of: Elm (Ulmus spp.), Ash (Fraxinus excelsior), Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus), Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna), Hazel (Corylus avellana), Goat Willow (Salix caprea)	Up to 16	Single and Multi	0.3 (avg.)	5	(av	0	5	2	Middle aged	Fair to poor	Woodland edge trees of variable form containing some dead and dying Elm and Ash.	Remove dead and dying specimens. Monitor remaining trees for safety.	20-40	В
G9	Group of: Goat Willow (Salix caprea), Birch (Betula pendula)	8	Single and Multi	0.15 (avg.)	2	(av	2 2 g.)	2	0	Young	Poor	Naturally regenerated specimens forming small copse area dominated by Goat Willow. These trees have suffered extensive squirrel damage and are vulnerable to structural failure.	Remove.	<10	U

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	Spread(m)		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
					N	E	S	W	H				, ,		
G10	Group of: Beech (Fagus sylvatica), Elm (Ulmus spp.), Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus), Ash (Fraxinus excelsior), Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna)	Up to 18	Single and Multi	0.4 (avg.)	6	(av	6 6	6	2	Mature / Middle aged	Fair to poor	Woodland edge trees, some of which are dead or dying as a result of Dutch Elm Disease and Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove infected Elm and Ash trees.	20-40	В
G11	Group of: Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	Up to	Single and Multi	0.45 (avg.)	6	6	6 /g.)	6	2	Middle aged	Fair	Woodland edge trees, some of which are infected with Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove infected Ash trees.	>40	В
T12	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	20	Single	0.64	9	7	8	9	5	Mature	Poor	Prominent woodland edge tree infected with Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
T13	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	19	Single	0.63	7	3	7	6	3	Mature	Poor	Prominent woodland edge tree severely infected with Ash Dieback Disease. This specimen is in a moribund condition.	Remove.	<10	U
T14	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	13	Single	0.29	1	1	2	2	4	Middle aged	Poor	Isolated specimen exhibiting advanced symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease. This specimen is in a moribund condition.	Remove.	<10	U
T15	Oak (Quercus robur)	18	Single	>1.25	11	11	12	11	2	Mature	Fair	Prominent woodland edge tree of reasonable form exhibiting some slight thinning in upper crown, which is normal for a tree of this age. Main stem and mid crown colonised by ivy thus preventing full inspection.	Prune to remove unstable deadwood of diameter >50mm extending over site. Monitor for health.	>40	В

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	Spread(m)		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
					N	E	S	W	H			S			
T16	Dead														U
T17	Dead														U
T18	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	19	Multi	0.55	4	5	4	3	8	Middle aged	Poor	Prominent twin-stemmed woodland edge tree that is severely infected with Ash Dieback Disease. This specimen is in a moribund condition.	Remove.	<10	U
G19	Group of: Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna), Hazel (Corylus avellana), Blackthorn (Prunus spinosa), Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus), Field Maple (Acer campestre)	Up to 15	Single and Multi	0.35 (avg.)	5	(av	5 (g.)	5	2	Middle aged	Fair	Woodland edge trees of generally reasonable form and vigour.	No action required at this time.	>40	В
T20	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	19	Single	0.36	5	5	5	3	12	Middle aged	Poor	Prominent woodland edge tree exhibiting symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
T21	Oak (Quercus robur)	21	Single	0.72	8	9	9	9	5	Mature	Good	Prominent woodland tree of good form and vigour.	No action required at this time.	>40	A
T22	Field Maple (Acer campestre)	11	Single	0.36	8	6	5	7	4	Mature	Good	Prominent woodland edge tree of reasonable form leaning slightly to the north.	No action required at this time.	>40	В
T23	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	17	Single	0.31	0	11	0	0	2	Middle aged	Poor	Misshapen woodland edge tree exhibiting symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
T24	Dead														U

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	Spread(m)		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
					N	E	S	W	H						
G25	Group of: Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus), Hazel (Corylus avellana), Ash (Fraxinus excelsior), Privet (Ligustrum spp.), Ornamental shrubs	Up to 10	Single and Multi	0.2 (avg.)	3	(av	3 (Yg.)	3	0	Middle aged	Fair	Generally scrubby specimens forming woodland edge feature. The Ash is infected with Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove infected Ash tree.	20-40	В
T26	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	20	Single	0.55	9	9	9	9	3	Mature	Poor	Prominent woodland edge tree exhibiting early-stage symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
G27	Group of 3: Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	16	Single	0.25 (avg.)	5	3	1	3	5	Middle aged	Poor	Trees severely infected with Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
T28	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	18	Single	0.35	6	5	5	5	3	Middle aged	Poor	Prominent woodland edge tree exhibiting early-stage symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
G29	Group of: Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	17	Single	0.3	4	4	4	4	5	Middle aged	Poor	Woodland edge trees infected with Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
T30	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	10	Single	0.29	4	4	5	4	2	Middle aged	Fair	Slightly suppressed woodland edge tree of reasonable form and vigour.	No action required at this time.	20-40	В
T31	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	19	Single	0.68	8	9	7	8	4	Mature	Poor	Prominent tree exhibiting early- stage symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U

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					N	E	S	W	Н						
G32	Group of: Plum (Prunus spp.), Hazel (Corylus avellana)	7	Multi	0.2 (avg.)	3	2	2	4	0	Middle aged	Fair	Scrubby specimen dominated by fruiting Plums.	No action required at this time.	10-20	С
Т33	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	11	Multi	0.3	2	4	4	4	2	Middle aged	Fair	Scrubby slightly suppressed woodland specimen of variable form and vigour.	Monitor for health.	10-20	С
T34	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	18	Single	0.33	3	5	7	5	6	Middle aged	Poor	Woodland tree exhibiting symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
G35	Group of: Western Red Cedar (<i>Thuja plicata</i>)	21	Single	0.4 (avg.)	4	4 (av	4 /g.)	4	4	Mature	Fair	Small plantation area containing trees that may become vulnerable to windthrow as they increase in height.	Monitor for stability.	10-20	С
T36	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	11	Multi	0.3	5	3	5	5	2	Middle aged	Fair	Slightly suppressed scrubby multi-stemmed specimen of variable form.	No action required at this time.	10-20	С
G37	Group of: Ash (Fraxinus excelsior), Oak (Quercus robur), Elm (Ulmus spp.), Field Maple (Acer campestre), Hazel (Corylus avellana), Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna)	Up to 21	Single and Multi	0.35 (avg.)	4	(av	4	4	1	Mature / Middle aged	Fair	Woodland area dominated by Ash that are infected with Ash Dieback Disease. Some Ash trees represent an immediate hazard in relation to the adjacent highway.	Remove infected Ash trees. Retain dense woodland understory and any other healthy specimens of trees.	>40	В

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	S		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
G38	Group of: Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus), Hazel (Corylus avellana), Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna), Field Maple (Acer campestre), Blackthorn (Prunus spinosa), Elm (Ulmus spp.), Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	9	Single and Multi	0.2 (avg.)	3	3 (av	S 3	3	0	Middle aged	Fair	Dense wooded area dominated by scrubby specimens. Some specimens of Ash and Elm are infected with Ash Dieback Disease and Dutch Elm Disease.	Remove infected Ash and Elm trees.	>40	В
G39	Group of: Corsican Pine (Pinus nigra subsp. maritima)	20	Single	0.45 (avg.)	4	3	5	5	2	Mature	Fair to poor	Trees surrounded by dense vegetation thus preventing full inspection. Evidence of some historical stem failure which may have led to development of internal decay within main stems. Evidence of thinning of foliage.	Monitor for stability.	10-20	С
G40	Group of: Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	20	Single and Multi	0.55 (avg.)	8	9	8	9	2	Mature	Poor	All specimens are infected with Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
T41	Douglas Fir (Pseudotsuga menziesii)	23	Single	0.64	6	6	6	6	5	Mature	Fair to poor	Prominent tree exhibiting some thinning of foliage throughout crown. Main stem colonised by ivy thus preventing full inspection.	Monitor for health.	10-20	С

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	Spread(m)		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
					N	E	S	W	H			S	<u> </u>		
T42	Oak (Quercus robur)	26	Single	1.08	10	6	14	12	4	Mature	Good	Prominent specimen that has suffered massive historical storm damage leading to failure of major stem on eastern side.	Undertake 4-5m overall crown reduction, pruning back to a suitable growing point where possible. Monitor for stability.	20-40	В
G43	Group of: Goat Willow (Salix caprea)	8	Multi	0.25	3	3	3	3	0	Middle aged	Poor	Scrubby specimens that are severely squirrel damaged.	Remove.	<10	U
T44	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	12	Multi	0.45	5	5	5	5	0	Middle aged	Poor	This specimen is infected with Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
T45	False Acacia (Robinia pseudoacacia)	13	Single	0.64	3	7	3	5	3	Mature	Poor	Prominent ornamental tree exhibiting severe dieback throughout crown. This specimen is in a moribund condition.	Remove.	<10	U
T46	Oak (Quercus robur)	17	Single	0.97	9	10	10	8	3	Mature	Good	Prominent and isolated specimen of good form and vigour.	No action required at this time.	>40	A
T47	Cherry (Prunus spp.)	6	Multi	0.35	9	0	0	1	0	Mature	Poor	This specimen has collapsed.	Remove.	<10	U
G48	Group of: Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	18	Single and Multi	0.4 (avg.)	9	6	5	5	3	Middle aged	Poor	This group is significantly infected with Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
T49	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	13	Multi	0.3	1	2	4	3	3	Middle aged	Poor	Heavily suppressed specimen exhibiting basal decay and severe squirrel damage.	Remove.	<10	U
T50	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	15	Single	0.36	6	5	6	3	3	Middle aged	Fair	Slightly suppressed specimen with crown more heavily developed on northeastern side.	Monitor for stability.	10-20	С
T51	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	22	Single	0.68	9	7	9	7	3	Mature	Good	Prominent tree of reasonable form and vigour. Some minor storm damage on northern side of lower crown.	Prune to remove storm damaged stubs.	>40	В

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	Spread(m)		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
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T52	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	19	Single	0.69	8	6	8	8	3	Mature	Fair	Prominent specimen of reasonable form and vigour.	No action required at this time.	>40	В
T53	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	11	Single	0.49	4	5	5	3	3	Middle aged	Poor	Tree of poor form that has suffered significant squirrel damage throughout crown leading to development of internal decay within major branches and dieback of outer crown. This specimen is unsuitable for long term retention.	Remove.	<10	U
G54	Group of: Ash (Fraxinus excelsior), Cherry (Prunus spp.), Larch (Larix decidua), Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum), Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	Up to 18	Single and Multi	0.4 (avg.)	5	(av	5 5	5	2	Middle aged / Mature	Poor	Small wooded area dominated by specimens of Ash infected with Ash Dieback Disease. Cherry has collapsed. Larch is infected with Phytophthora Disease. Extensive squirrel damage to Sycamore. Significant thinning and dieback throughout crown of Horse Chestnut.	Remove.	<10	U
G55	Group of: Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	16	Multi	0.45	6	5	5	6	2	Middle aged	Fair to poor	Two trees forming a single crown unit. Evidence of some historical mechanical damage to main stems which may lead to development of internal decay.	Monitor for stability.	10-20	С
T56	Sweet Chestnut (Castanea sativa)	17	Single	0.54	5	7	7	7	3	Mature	Good	Prominent and isolated tree of good form and vigour. Evidence of some historical mechanical and fire damage at base of main stem.	Prune to remove mechanically damage stubs in lower crown.	>40	В

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	Spread(m)		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
				S	N	E	S	W	H			St	<u> </u>		
T57	Dead														U
G58	Group of: Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna)	8	Multi	0.2	4	3	3	1	1	Middle aged	Fair to poor	Heavily suppressed scrubby specimens with crowns more heavily developed on northeastern side.	Monitor for stability.	10-20	С
T59	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	8	Single	0.26	3	1	2	5	1	Middle aged	Poor	Heavily suppressed poor quality specimen that has suffered significant squirrel damage throughout crown leading to branch failure.	Remove.	<10	U
G60	Group of: Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	18	Single	0.5 (avg.)	3	9	8	9	2	Mature	Poor	These specimens are severely infected with Ash Dieback Disease and are now in a moribund condition.	Remove.	<10	U
G61	Group of: Goat Willow (Salix caprea)	9	Single and Multi	0.2 (avg.)	4	(av	4 vg.)	4	0	Middle aged	Poor	Scrubby specimens that have suffered extensive squirrel damage throughout crowns leading to branch failure.	Remove.	<10	U
T62	Holly (<i>Ilex aquifolium</i>)	6	Multi	0.25	2	3	3	2	0	Middle aged	Fair	Scrubby suppressed specimen of variable form and vigour.	Monitor for health.	10-20	С
Т63	Oak (Quercus robur)	11	Single	0.43	3	5	8	5	3	Middle aged	Fair	Slightly suppressed specimen of variable form with crown more heavily developed on southern side. Main stem colonised by ivy thus preventing full inspection.	No action required at this time.	>40	В
G64	Group of: Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	19	Single and Multi	0.5 (avg.)	7	(av	7 vg.)	7	3	Mature / Middle aged	Poor	All specimens are severely infected with Ash Dieback Disease. Some are in a moribund condition.	Remove.	<10	U

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	Spread(m)		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
					N	E	S	W							
T65	Beech (Fagus sylvatica)	14	Single	0.77	8	8	7	7	2	Mature	Fair	This specimen has historically been pollarded at 2.5m leading to development of multi-stemmed regrowths in mid crown.	Monitor for stability.	20-40	В
T66	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	17	Single	0.39	8	6	1	3	3	Mature	Poor	This specimen is infected with Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
T67	Dead														U
G68	Group of 3: Corsican Pine (<i>Pinus nigra</i> subsp. <i>maritima</i>)	20	Single	0.55	5	7	8	7	5	Mature	Fair	Prominent group containing trees exhibiting slight thinning of foliage throughout crowns, which should be considered normal for trees of this species and age. Main stems colonised by ivy thus preventing full inspection.	No action required at this time.	20-40	В
T69	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	18	Multi	0.75	7	8	7	8	5	Mature	Good	Prominent twin-stemmed specimen of good form and vigour.	No action required at this time.	>40	В
T70	Beech (Fagus sylvatica)	17	Multi	0.9	8	8	7	8	1	Mature	Fair	Prominent multi-stemmed specimen of good form and vigour. Dense vegetation and ivy on base prevents full visual inspection.	No action required at this time.	>40	В
T71	Horse Chestnut (Aesculus hippocastanum)	18	Single	0.61	5	8	7	7	2	Mature	Poor	Prominent tree exhibiting severe dieback of foliage throughout crown. Evidence of splitting and cracking within main branches and limbs indicate that this specimen is infected with Bleeding Canker Disease. Evidence of some internal decay within main limbs.	Remove.	<10	U

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	Spread(m)		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
				SO.	N	E	S	W	H				~		
T72	Birch (Betula pendula)	18	Single	0.45 (est.)	6	9	4	4	3	Mature	Fair to poor	Tree of variable form leaning to the east. Evidence of thinning of foliage within crown. Dense vegetation and ivy prevents full inspection and accurate measurement.	Monitor for stability.	10-20	С
Т73	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	19	Single	0.65 (est.)	7	8	7	7	2	Mature	Good	Prominent tree of good form and vigour. Dense vegetation and ivy at base prevents full inspection and accurate measurement.	No action required at this time.	>40	В
T74	Dead														U
T75	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	20	Single	0.65 (est.)	10	10	6	7	3	Mature	Poor	Prominent tree exhibiting advanced symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
G76	Group of: Hazel (Corylus avellana), Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna), Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus), Ash (Fraxinus excelsior), Elm (Ulmus spp.)	3	Multi	0.1	1	1	1	1	0	Middle aged	Fair	Scrubby specimens forming gappy field boundary hedgerow.	No action required at this time.	20-40	С
G77	Group of: Ash (Fraxinus excelsior), Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	8	Multi	0.15	1	1	1	1	0	Young	Poor	Ash is infected with Ash Dieback Disease. Sycamore is severely squirrel damaged.	Remove.	<10	U

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	Spread(m)		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
					N	E	S	W	H			3			
T78	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	12	Single (est.)	0.35 (est.)	6	6 (es	6 st.)	6	1 (est.)	Middle aged	Poor	Unable to access due to security fencing. This specimen is severely infected with Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
T79	Cherry (Prunus spp.)	8	Single (est.)	0.35 (est.)	4	(es	4 st.)	4	2 (est.)	Mature	Poor	Unable to access due to security fencing. This specimen exhibits severe dieback throughout crown.	Remove.	<10	U
G80	Group of: Hazel (Corylus avellana), Privet (Ligustrum spp.), Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus), Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna), Ash (Fraxinus excelsior), Elm (Ulmus spp.), Field Maple (Acer campestre), Holly (Ilex aquifolium)	5	Single and Multi	0.15	1	1	1	1	0	Middle aged	Fair to poor	Scrubby specimens forming gappy hedgerow. Specimens of Ash and Elm are diseased.	Remove diseased Ash and Elm trees.	20-40	С
T81	Copper Beech (Fagus sylvatica 'Purpurea')	14	Single	0.43	7	7	7	7	2	Middle aged	Good	Prominent tree of good form and vigour.	No action required at this time.	>40	В
G82	Group of 2: Leyland Cypress (Cupressocyparis leylandii)	12	Single	0.2 (est.)	2	(es	2 st.)	2	1 (est.)	Middle aged	Fair to poor	Unable to access due to dense vegetation and security fencing. Trees of variable form and vigour.	Monitor for health.	10-20	С

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	Spread(m)		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
				S	N	E	S	W	Ή			St	~		
T83	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	11	Single (est.)	0.2 (est.)	3	(es	3 st.)	3	2 (est.)	Middle aged	Poor	Unable to access due to dense vegetation and security fence. Evidence of Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
T84	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	13	Single	0.45	5	5	5	5	2	Middle aged	Poor	Thius specimen is exhibiting advanced symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
T85	Dead														U
G86	Group of: Elm (<i>Ulmus</i> spp.)	11	Single	0.2	3	3	3	3	4	Young / Middle aged	Poor	These specimens are dead or dying from Dutch Elm Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
T87	Douglas Fir (Pseudotsuga menziesii)	24	Single	0.65	4	5	6	4	6	Mature	Fair to poor	Prominent tree of variable form exhibiting significant thinning of foliage throughout crown. Evidence of significant storm damage in upper crown that has led to development of some decay and dysfunctional growth. Main stem colonised by ivy thus preventing full inspection.	Monitor for health and safety.	10-20	С
T88	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	22	Single	0.77	6	10	8	8	5	Mature	Poor	Prominent tree exhibiting symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
T89	Douglas Fir (Pseudotsuga menziesii)	21	Single	0.47	4	7	7	4	5	Mature	Fair to poor	Prominent tree exhibiting thinning and dieback of foliage throughout crown. Main stem colonised by ivy thus preventing full inspection.	Monitor for health.	10-20	С
T90	Collapsed												Remove.		U

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	Spread(m)		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
					N	E	S	W	H			St	<u> </u>		
G91	Group of: Ash (Fraxinus excelsior), Hazel (Corylus avellana), Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna)	Up to 18	Single and Multi	0.3 (avg.)	5	(av	5 (g.)	5	1	Middle aged	Fair to poor	Woodland edge area dominated by specimens of Ash that are infected with Ash Dieback Disease. Understory is healthy.	Remove infected Ash trees.	20-40	С
G92	Group of 2: Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	13	Single and Multi	0.25	6	4	3	4	3	Middle aged	Poor	These specimens are infected with Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
G93	Group of: Ash (Fraxinus excelsior), Hazel (Corylus avellana), Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna), Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	Up to 18	Single and Multi	0.3 (avg.)	4	(av	4 rg.)	4	1	Middle aged / Mature	Fair	Dense woodland area dominated by specimens of Ash that are infected with Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove infected Ash trees.	>40	В
T94	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	19	Single	0.44	5	7	7	7	5	Mature	Poor	Prominent woodland edge tree exhibiting symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
T95	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	19	Single	0.43	8	6	4	6	10	Mature	Poor	Prominent woodland edge tree exhibiting symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	Spread(m)		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
G96	Group of: Ash (Fraxinus excelsior), Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus), Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna), Holly (Ilex aquifolium), Elm (Ulmus spp.), Oak (Quercus robur), Hazel	Up to 14	Single and Multi	0.25 (avg.)	N 5	5	5	W 5	1	Middle aged	Fair	Overgrown boundary hedgerow dominated by specimens of Ash that are infected with Ash Dieback Disease. Some Elm are infected with Dutch Elm Disease.	Remove infected Ash and Elm trees.	>40	В
G97	(Corylus avellana) Group of: Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	17	Multi	0.55	5	7	/g.) 7	6	1	Middle aged	Fair	Prominent multi-stemmed hedgerow trees.	No action required at this time.	20-40	В
G98	Group of: Hazel (Corylus avellana), Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna), Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	9	Multi	0.35	5	5	5	5	0	Middle aged	Fair	Scrubby specimens forming gappy field boundary hedgerow.	No action required at this time.	20-40	В

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	Spread(m)		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
					N	E	S	W	H			St			
G99	Group of: Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna), Hazel (Corylus avellana), Blackthorn (Prunus spinosa), Ash (Fraxinus excelsior), Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus), Elm (Ulmus spp.)	Up to 17	Single and Multi	0.35 (avg.)	5	(av	5	5	0	Middle aged	Fair	Overgrown boundary hedgerow dominated by specimens of Ash and Elm that are diseased.	Remove infected Ash and Elm trees.	20-40	В
T100	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	21	Single	0.69	8	9	8	7	3	Mature	Poor	Prominent boundary tree exhibiting symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
G101	Group of: Elm (Ulmus spp.), Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus), Hazel (Corylus avellana), Blackthorn (Prunus spinosa), Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna)	17	Single and Multi	0.35 (avg.)	6	(av	6 (g.)	6	1	Middle aged	Fair	Field boundary trees containing specimens of Ash and Elm that are diseased.	Remove infected Ash and Elm trees.	>40	В
T102	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	17	Single	0.57	2	5	7	7	2	Mature	Fair	Slightly suppressed woodland tree with crown more heavily developed on southern side. Main stem colonised by ivy thus preventing full inspection.	Monitor for safety.	20-40	В

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	Spread(m)		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
					N	E	S	W					P		
T103	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	22	Single	0.71	8	6	7	7	12	Mature	Poor	Prominent woodland edge tree exhibiting symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
T104	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	18	Multi	1.0	9	10	9	7	3	Mature	Fair	Prominent woodland edge tree of reasonable form and vigour. Some squirrel damage in lower crown. Main stems colonised by ivy thus preventing full inspection.	Prune to remove severely squirrel damaged and dead branches.	20-40	В
G105	Group of 2: Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	23	Single	0.7	9	10	9	9	7	Mature	Poor	Prominent woodland tree severely infected with Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
G106	Group of 3: Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	11	Single	0.25	4	4	4	4	3	Middle aged	Poor	These specimens are severely infected with Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
T107	Hazel (Corylus avellana)	4	Multi	0.15	2	1	3	3	0	Middle aged	Fair to poor	Scrubby heavily suppressed specimen exhibiting some dead and failed stems.	Remove dead and failed stems.	10-20	С
G108	Group of: Western Red Cedar (Thuja plicata)	20	Single	0.45	5	5	5	5	2	Mature	Fair	Woodland edge trees that may become vulnerable to windblow as they increase in height.	Monitor for stability.	10-20	С
T109	Oak (Quercus robur)	18	Single	0.68	6	5	7	8	3	Mature	Good	Prominent woodland edge tree of good form and vigour. Main stem colonised by ivy thus preventing full inspection.	No action required at this time.	>40	A
T110	Oak (Quercus robur)	18	Single	0.71	7	8	8	6	5	Mature	Good	Prominent woodland tree of reasonable form and vigour. Some historical storm damage in lower crown which is not considered significant. Main stem colonised by ivy thus preventing full inspection.	No action required at this time.	>40	A

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	Spread(m)		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
T111	Oak (Quercus robur)	22	Single	>1.25	N 8	9	S 14	W 15	2	Mature	Good	Prominent woodland boundary tree of reasonable form and vigour. Evidence of fungal fruiting body (<i>Ganoderma</i>) on southeastern side of base of main stem. Evidence of some historical storm damage on northern side of mid crown. Main stem colonised by ivy thus preventing full inspection.	Undertake 5-6m overall crown reduction. Monitor development of fungal decay.	20-40	В
T112	Oak (Quercus robur)	19	Single	>1.25	10	10	9	12	4	Mature	Good	Prominent woodland tree of good form and vigour. Significant historical basal cavity. Main stem colonised by ivy thus preventing full inspection.	Undertake 3m overall crown reduction. Monitor for stability.	>40	A
T113	Oak (Quercus robur)	17	Single	0.6	8	6	4	5	5	Mature	Fair	Woodland tree of variable form with crown more heavily developed on northern side. Evidence of slight thinning of foliage within crown. Main stem colonised by ivy thus preventing full inspection.	Monitor for health.	20-40	В
T114	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	10	Single	0.36	3	3	2	11	4	Middle aged	Poor	Misshapen woodland tree exhibiting symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	Spread(m)		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
				S	N	E	S	W	He			Str	~		
T115	Oak (Quercus robur)	18	Multi	>1.5	8	9	8	9	4	Mature	Good	Prominent woodland tree exhibiting slight dieback in outer crown which is considered normal for a tree of this species and age. Historical storm damage at base of main stem has led to commencement of minor internal decay which is not considered significant.	No action required at this time.	>40	A
T116	Oak (Quercus robur)	17	Multi	1.3	10	7	8	12	3	Mature	Good	Prominent woodland tree of reasonable form and vigour. Main stem colonised by ivy thus preventing full inspection.	No action required at this time.	>40	A
T117	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	25	Single	0.94	9	11	11	10	5	Mature	Poor	Prominent woodland tree exhibiting symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
T118	Oak (Quercus robur)	19	Single	>1.25	10	10	9	10	3	Mature	Good	Prominent woodland tree of good form and vigour. Main stem colonised by ivy thus preventing full inspection.	No action required at this time.	>40	A

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	Spread(m)		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
				S	N	E	S	W	H			St			
G119	Group of: Oak (Quercus robur), Ash (Fraxinus excelsior), Hazel (Corylus avellana), Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna), Blackthorn (Prunus spinosa), Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	Up to 12	Single and Multi	0.25 (avg.)	4	4	4	4	0	Middle aged	Fair	Woodland trees and shrubs forming field boundary and understory.	Remove any diseased Ash trees.	>40	В
T120	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	17	Single	0.34	8	6	6	10	3	Middle aged	Poor	This specimen exhibits early- stage symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
T121	Oak (Quercus robur)	24	Multi	>1.5	16	16	14	14	2	Mature	Good	Prominent woodland tree of good form and vigour.	No action required at this time.	>40	A
T122	Dead														U
T123	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	20	Multi	1.0	10	9	13	12	5	Mature	Poor	Prominent multi-stemmed specimen infected with Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
G124	Group of: Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	17	Single and Multi	0.35	5	6	5	3	3	Middle aged	Poor	These specimens are severely infected with Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	Spread(m)		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
					N	E	S	W	H						
G125	Group of: Hazel (Corylus avellana), Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna), Goat Willow (Salix caprea), Elder (Sambucus nigra), Field Maple (Acer campestre), Ash (Fraxinus excelsior), Birch (Betula pendula), Elm (Ulmus spp.), Blackthorn (Prunus spinosa), Dogwood (Cornus sanquinea)	Up to 14	Single and Multi	0.25 (avg.)	3	(av	3	3	0	Young / Middle aged	Fair	Densely wooded area. Southern section more heavily colonised by specimens of Ash and Elm that are diseased.	Remove diseased trees within falling distance of existing targets or any proposed structures.	>40	B
G126	Group of:	8	Multi	0.15	2	2	2	2	1	Young	Poor	These specimens exhibit	Remove.	<10	U
	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)											symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease.			
G127	Group of: Goat Willow (Salix caprea)	10	Multi	0.35	5	5	5	5	0	Middle aged	Poor	All specimens are severely damaged by squirrels.	Remove.	<10	U
G128	Group of 2: Whitebeam (Sorbus aria)	16	Single	0.44	8	5	7	6	1	Mature	Good	Prominent specimens of typical form for this species.	No action required at this time.	20-40	В

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)		Branch	Spread(m)		Height of Crown(m)	Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
				S	N	E	S	W	H			S	~		
G129	Group of 2: Cherry (Prunus spp.)	18	Single and Multi	0.5	9	9	8	7	1	Mature	Fair to poor	Trees of variable form exhibiting slight thinning of foliage within crowns.	Monitor for health.	10-20	С
T130	Cherry (Prunus spp.)	6	Multi	0.3	5	2	0	1	1	Middle aged	Poor	Heavily suppressed specimen that is in a moribund condition.	Remove.	<10	U
G131	Group of: Cherry (Prunus spp.), Norway Spruce (Picea abies)	Up to 10	Single and Multi	0.15 (avg.)	2	2	2	2	2	Young	Fair to poor	Naturally regenerated specimens of generally variable form and vigour.	No action required at this time.	10-20	С
T132	Ash (Fraxinus excelsior)	17	Single	0.43	7	(av	<u>g.)</u> 5	8	3	Middle aged	Poor	Prominent roadside tree exhibiting symptoms of Ash Dieback Disease.	Remove.	<10	U
T133	Beech (Fagus sylvatica)	24	Single	0.93	8	12	12	11	6	Mature	Good	Prominent woodland tree of good form and vigour.	No action required at this time.	>40	A
G134	Group of 2: Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	22	Single	0.55	8	11	8	8	7	Mature	Good	Two prominent woodland trees forming a single crown unit.	No action required at this time.	>40	A
T135	Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus)	25	Multi	>1.5	11	9	12	12	5	Mature	Fair to poor	Triple-stemmed specimen whose easternmost stem has failed recently as a result of basal decay. Remaining stems are at risk of failure although there are no targets within falling distance.	Monitor for stability.	10-20	С

Tree No.	Species	Height(m)	Single/Multi Stemmed	Stem Diameter(m)	Branch		Spread(m)	Spread(m)		Age	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Prel. Man. Recommendations	Est. Remaining Contribution	Category
					N	E	S	W	Height			3			
G136	Group of: Sycamore (Acer pseudoplatanus), Ash (Fraxinus excelsior), Elm (Ulmus spp.), Hawthorn (Crataegus monogyna), Elder (Sambucus nigra), Hazel (Corylus avellana)	Up to 18	Single and Multi	0.3 (avg.)	3		3 3 Yg.)	3	2	Middle aged	Fair	Woodland area more densely colonised by Ash and Elm, many of which exhibit symptoms of disease.	Remove any infected Ash and Elm that are within falling distance of existing targets or proposed structures.	>40	В
T137	Copper Beech (Fagus sylvatica 'Purpurea')	19	Single	0.86	8	10	10	10	2	Mature	Good	Prominent and isolated tree of good form and vigour. Some minor squirrel damage in lower crown.	Crown raise to 3m.	>40	A