| BIDDING |
| :---: |
| BIG BALANCED HANDS |

## Bridge Lab

 with the MantoesStrong balanced hands are primarily bid by combining High Card Points and making "quantitative" Notrump bids. Notrump bids are a top priority when options are available and usually make it easier for the partnership to find the best contract. . Natural Notrump bids are very precise - both in describing shape and strength. The requirements are:

- SHAPE ~ BALANCED - no voids, no singletons, only one doubleton - and
- STRENGTH ~ DEFINED two to three point range.

| 2-STEP | 18-19 High Card Points | Balanced Shape |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Open 1 of a suit, planning to rebid 2NT. <br> - If Responder bids a new suit at the 1-level, jump rebid 2NT. <br> - If Responder bids 1 NT, raise to 2NT. <br> - Opener passes 1 NT with 12-14, opens 1 NT with 15-17. |  |  |


| 1-STEP | 20-21 High Card Points | Balanced Shape |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| INT | Responder may use both Stayman and transfers. <br> Responder may pass with about $0-4$ points. |  |



## BIDDING

## BIG BALANCED HANDS

## Bridge Lab

## Responder's

 RebidsDo the math! HOW HIGH? Game? Slam? Partscore?

- Make a quantitative NT raise with a balanced hand.
- Stayman and transfers may be used through Opener's rebid of 3NT.

| How High? | Combined Points | Responder's Quantitative Bid |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Partscore | 24 or Less | Pass 2NT or Transfer to a major suit and pass. <br> $\bullet \quad$ Count length points in the major suit. |
| Game | About 25-30 | 3NT Signoff |
| Maybe Slam? | About 31-32 | 4NT Invitational (not Blackwood) <br> $\bullet \quad$Opener bids 6NT with a maximum hand, <br> otherwise passes. <br> Small Slam <br> Grand Slam About 33-35 |
| ANT Signoff |  |  |

## STRONG BALANCED HANDS

- Q J 1083
- 8
- Q 82
- A842

| - A 742 |  |  | - K 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - AK |  |  | - Q J 1062 |
| - AK 63 |  |  | - 754 |
| \& K J 7 |  |  | * 963 |
|  | - 9 |  |  |
| $22{ }^{9} 6$ | $\checkmark 9$ | 543 |  |
| 3 | - J |  |  |
|  | \% |  |  |
| West | North | East | South |
|  |  | Pass | Pass |
| 2*1 | Pass | $2{ }^{2}$ | Pass |
| $2 \mathrm{NT}^{3}$ | Pass | $3 * 4$ | Pass |
| $3 \vee$ | Pass | $3 \mathrm{NT}^{5}$ | 5 All pass |

1. 22+ HCP if balanced. Strong, artificial, forcing.
2. Artificial, waiting.
3. 22-24 HCP, balanced hand.
4. Transfer to hearts.
5. Game values, choice of games.

CONTRACT: 3 NT by West LEAD: a Q , Top of 3 -card Honor Sequence
Auction. West has a balanced hand with 22 High Card Points, too strong to open 2 NT. West starts with 2 \&, and rebids 2 NT to show a balanced hand with $22-24$ points. East knows the partnership has between 28-30 combined High Card points, enough for game. Unsure whether the contract belongs in NoTrump or hearts, East starts with a transfer to hearts, then bids 3 NT to show exactly five hearts and game values, giving Opener a choice of games, either 3 NT or $4 \vee$ with a fit. With only two hearts, West passes 3 NT.

Declarer's Plan. Declarer has nine sure tricks, but must plan carefully to take the heart tricks in Dummy. With the concentration of high cards in the West hand, and no small hearts in Declarer's hand to reach Dummy, the $\uparrow K$ entry to Dummy's heart suit must be preserved. Win the first trick with the $\uparrow A$, then play the $\vee A$ and $\vee K$ to unblock the suit. Then play a small spade to Dummy's $\uparrow \mathrm{K}$, to claim the remaining heart tricks. Take the $\bullet A$ and $\leqslant$ to make the contract.

Defense. Prefer the solid sequence in spades, planning to use the \& A as an entry to the spades once promoted. Defenders use the same techniques as Declarer when establishing tricks. Leading the solid sequence establishes spade tricks through promotion. Keep an entry with the established winning tricks.

Big Balanced Openers

22-23 Points


Contract: 2 NT South, 8 Tricks
Lead: * K, Seqence, East plays * 2
Sure Tricks: 3-^, 1-* = 4 .
Play: South holds up once or twice, wins the A, promotes vs and \&s, loses three $\leqslant$, and then plays $\uparrow s$.

## 25-27 Points

## Board 3

- Q 65

South Deals

> J 4
> 10984
> $* A 654$

| - J 1082 | N | - K 9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | w E | -1098762 |
| K J 65 | W | -732 |
| 10982 | S | -7 7 |

1. 25-27 Points, Balanced
2. 32-34 Total Points

Contract: 4 NT South, 10 Tricks
Lead: ^ J, Broken Seq., ^K covers ^Q
Sure Tricks: $1-\uparrow, 4-\downarrow, 1-\uparrow, 4-\star=10$.
Play: South wins A A, unblocks *KQJ, plays to $\vee \mathrm{J}$, and wins $\because \mathrm{A}$ and $\vee \mathrm{AKQ}$.

20-21 Points

Board 2
South Deals
-J 87642
$\checkmark 4$

- 954
-9 63

| ค A 3 | N | ^109 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - 653 |  | - A 9872 |
| -KQ632 | S | -J 108 |
| * 1082 | S | * A J 7 |


|  | - K Q 5 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 910 | - K Q J 10 |
| 20 | - A 7 |
|  | - K Q 54 |


| West | North | East | South |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $2 N$ |  |  |  |

All pass

1. Transfer to as

Contract: 3 ^ South, 9 Tricks
Lead: \& K, 2-card Seq, East plays * J
NorthLosers: $1-\uparrow, 1-\downarrow, 2-\star, 2-\infty=6$.
Play: South wins the A, promotes $\vee \mathrm{s}$, draws trump, and discards Dummy's «s and $\leqslant$ s on the good $\vee \mathrm{s}$.

## Board 4

South Deals

## 18-19 Points

$\uparrow$ AK 3

- 10853
- A Q 52
* Q 4

A J 87

- 76
- 98
* J 10976

- 94
- A 942
- J 7643
- 32

| ${ }_{2}^{15}{ }_{18}^{15}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ^ Q } 1062 \\ & \vee K \text { Q J } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| West | North | East | South |
| Pass | $1 \vee$ | Pass | $2 \mathrm{~N}^{1}$ |
| Pass | 6 N | All |  |

1. 18-19 points, may have 4 as

Contract: 6 NT South, 12 Tricks
Sure Tricks: 3-^, 3-ヶ, 3-ヶ = 9 .
Lead: * J, Sequence - East plays $* 2$
Play: South wins the * Q and promotes vs. South then wins 3 tricks in each suit ensuring entry to dummy's $\vee 10$.

