

**Montecito Homeowners Association** 

Architectural Gas Lamp Conversion ARC

Name	
Address	
Phone Number	
Email Address	
Proposed Gas Lam	p Details:
Who will Install	
Type of Gas Lamp	Solar Lighting Low Voltage Electrical
Light Lumens	
Battery Life in Hou	rs (Solar Only)
Homeowner Checkl	ist
Subm	it Plan to Southern Highlands Master Association
Attac	h brochures or technical specifications for the new lamp
Provi	de photos of the proposed gas lamp model to be installed
Inclue	de License and Contact information for Installation Contractor

By signing below - I have read and understand that I must comply with the latest version of the Southern Highlands Homeowner Design Manual and all guidelines that apply to my proposed improvements, including the Montecito Homeowner Association CC&R's. Further, I have provided a copy to my subcontractor(s) and/or vendor(s) and understand that they must also construct any and all improvements in accordance with the Southern Highlands Homeowner Design Manual and the Montecito Homeowner Association CC&R's. The Owner shall submit the ARC to Montecito prior to the Southern Highlands Master Association.

Signature:

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Please email the completed form to Montecito@fsrnevada.com The form can be mailed to FirstService Residential - Montecito - 8290 Arville Street - Las Vegas, NV 89139



# UPDATE YOUR LAMP TO LOW VOLTAGE OR SOLAR

#### STEP ONE

Pick any lamp head or low voltage conversion kit if it meets the following specs on this checklist: Brightness: 300-500 Lumens Light Color: 2700-3000k Soft White Housing Design: same design & size Battery (Solar): Minimum 14hr Battery

### STEP TWO

Submit ARCs. Make sure your ARC submissions specify all checklist details about your new light:

- 1. Submit Montecito ARC (FREE)
- 2. Submit Southern Highlands ARC (\$25)

## ELECTRIC VS. SOLAR

Is there an advantage to Electric vs. Solar? The simple answer is: **low voltage is more reliable with less maintenance over the long term.** Below are some factors to consider.

- Solar lighting tends to fade through the night; especially in winter when it may be dimmer even at start if it has not collected enough light. Low-voltage doesn't need to be recharged with sunlight and is a more consistent light in winter months.

### - Solar typically requires more maintenance over time but doesn't require any wiring whereas low-voltage can be more easily repaired part by part if needed but does require wires.

- Low Voltage Maintenance The low voltage electrical system just needs the LEDs replaced every few years (generally 4 to 6) and a photocell that might need replacement every couple of years. Over a 10-year period you can expect the yearly maintenance cost to be around \$175 average. After 10-years there may be some upgrading needed on other components, but these are all doable for a reasonable price. The glass is also replaceable if needed.
- 2. Solar Maintenance replace the battery every 2-3 years and maybe the LED brick at some point within the 10-year period. Other components that may need to be replaced are generally the charge controller and solar panel.
- 3. Some people note that **solar is easier to install and requires no digging or wires**, compared to low-voltage but is not an option for a large number of homes due to tree coverage.