



# Whole Cyber “New Security Engineer: **Blue Team Field Guide**”

*MSSP-Focused • NICE Framework Mapped • Free & Non-Video Education Pathway*

*Entry → Intermediate Defensive Engineering for New Security Engineers*

# INTRODUCTION

This **Blue Team Field Guide** provides a structured, beginner-safe, text-driven roadmap for new Security Engineers entering **Managed Security Service Provider (MSSP)** environments.

It is:

- 100% **non-video based**
- Aligned to **NICE Framework Work Roles** (PR, DE, OM, AN, IR)
- Built using **free and complementary** public resources

Designed for roles common in MSSPs:

- Tier 1 SOC Analyst
- Tier 2 SOC Analyst
- Security Engineer I
- Threat Analyst / Hunt Support
- Vulnerability Management Support
- Endpoint Monitoring
- SIEM Triage & Escalations

You progress from **entry-level SOC literacy** → **intermediate defensive engineering**.

## SECTION 1 — MSSP Role Orientation + NICE Framework Mapping

### 1.1 Common MSSP Roles

MSSP Functional Role	Description	NICE Role(s)
<b>SOC Tier 1 Analyst</b>	Alert triage, log review, escalation	<b>PR-CIR-001, AN-SOC-001</b>
<b>SOC Tier 2 Analyst</b>	Incident analysis, correlation, evidence review	<b>AN-ASA-001, IR-INC-001</b>

MSSP Functional Role	Description	NICE Role(s)
<b>Security Engineer I</b>	SIEM rule tuning, endpoint config, detections	<b>DE-DPR-001, PR-INF-001</b>
<b>Vulnerability Analyst</b>	Scan review, false positive triage, reporting	<b>AN-VRA-001</b>
<b>Threat Intel / Hunt Support</b>	TTP analysis, search creation, enrichment	<b>AN-TWA-001, AN-HNT-001</b>
<b>MSSP Service Delivery Support</b>	Customer interaction, ticket documentation	<b>OM-SMG-001</b>

## SECTION 2 — Core Defensive Foundations (Entry Level)

### 2.1 Security Fundamentals

#### **Cisco Introduction to Cybersecurity**

<https://skillsforall.com/course/introduction-to-cybersecurity> - Threat fundamentals - Basic SOC concepts - Attack categories

#### **IBM SkillsBuild Cybersecurity Fundamentals**

<https://skillsbuild.org> - Authentication & authorization - Controls & defensive strategy - Text-based labs

#### **Fortinet NSE 1 & 2 (Free)**

<https://training.fortinet.com> - Security awareness - Threat actor behaviors

**NICE Mapping:** PR-DMG-001, PR-INF-001 (defensive understanding)

## SECTION 3 — Networking for MSSP Analysts

### 3.1 Written Networking Foundations

#### **Cisco Networking Essentials**

<https://skillsforall.com>

- OSI model
- Ports
- protocols

- packets
- NAT
- firewalls
- routing

### **Microsoft Learn — Networking Fundamentals**

<https://learn.microsoft.com>

Search: *Networking Fundamentals*

- TCP/IP
- IPv4/IPv6
- Network segmentation

### **SubnettingPractice.com**

<https://subnettingpractice.com> - Interactive subnet tasks

**NICE Mapping:** AN-ASA-001, AN-SOC-001

## **SECTION 4 — Operating System Literacy (Windows & Linux)**

### 4.1 Linux for Defenders

#### **Linux Journey**

<https://linuxjourney.com>

- Processes
- Permissions
- Services

#### **OverTheWire Bandit**

<https://overthewire.org/wargames/bandit> - Enumeration - File discovery - Safe challenge learning

### 4.2 Windows for Defenders

#### **Microsoft Learn — Windows Security Documentation**

<https://learn.microsoft.com> Search: *Windows Security, Event Viewer, Sysmon* - Logs & event IDs - Account activity - Process tracking

## **Sysinternals Documentation**

<https://learn.microsoft.com/sysinternals> - Process Explorer - TCPView - Autoruns

**NICE Mapping:** DE-DPR-001, AN-SOC-001

# SECTION 5 — Log Analysis & SIEM Foundations

## 5.1 SIEM Skill Development

### **Splunk Work+ (Free)**

<https://workplus.splunk.com>

- SPL query basics
- Log parsing
- Alert triage fundamentals

### **Elastic Security Documentation**

<https://www.elastic.co/guide> Search: *Elastic Security*

- Detection rules
- Alert response
- Investigations

## 5.2 Understanding Detection Frameworks

### **MITRE D3FEND**

<https://d3fend.mitre.org>

- Defensive countermeasures
- Mappings to ATT&CK

## 5.3 Core SOC Log Repositories

Study event types:

- Windows Event Logs
- Sysmon Logs
- Firewall logs
- DNS logs
- Authentication logs

**NICE Mapping:** PR-CIR-001, AN-ASA-001, DE-DPR-001

## SECTION 6 — Threat Intelligence & TTP Literacy

### 6.1 ATT&CK Familiarity for MSSP Work

#### **MITRE ATT&CK Enterprise Matrix**

<https://attack.mitre.org> Learn:

- Tactics (left→right)
- Techniques (IDs)
- Detection fields

### 6.2 Intelligence Sources (Free & Written)

#### **CISA Threat Advisories**

<https://www.cisa.gov/news-events/cybersecurity-advisories>

#### **CrowdStrike Adversary Library**

<https://www.crowdstrike.com/adversaries>

### 6.3 Daily TI Routine (Beginner → Intermediate)

- Read 1 ATT&CK technique/day
- Skim 1 CISA alert/week
- Maintain a Threat Notebook

**NICE Mapping:** AN-TWA-001, AN-SOC-001, AN-HNT-001

## SECTION 7 — Vulnerability Management Foundations

### 7.1 CVE Understanding (Text-Only)

#### **NVD — National Vulnerability Database**

<https://nvd.nist.gov>

- CVSS scoring
- CWE categories

### 7.2 OWASP Cheat Sheets (Text)

<https://cheatsheetseries.owasp.org> Use:

- Authentication Cheatsheet
- Access Control
- Input Validation
- Logging & Monitoring

### 7.3 VM Analyst Workflow

From the NICE role **AN-VRA-001**:

- Read scan output
- Identify FP/FN
- Write customer-friendly reports

## SECTION 8 — Hands-On Blue Team Exercises (Safe, Text Based)

### 8.1 Detection Notebook Setup

Track:

- Event IDs
- TTP observations
- Correlation notes
- Detection logic

### 8.2 Log Hunt Drill

1. Trigger activity on a Windows VM (PowerShell, new user, network connections).
2. Locate relevant logs.
3. Write triage notes.

### 8.3 SIEM Query Drills

Practice daily:

- Find failed logins
- Find new processes

- Find network anomalies

#### 8.4 Create a Correlation Rule Concept

Define: -

- Trigger condition
- Suspicious indicators
- Recommended response
- MITRE mapping

## SECTION 9 — Intermediate MSSP Readiness Checklist

A learner is MSSP-ready when they can:

- Write basic SIEM queries
- Identify suspicious logs quickly
- Map detections to ATT&CK techniques
- Explain findings to customers
- Document incident details
- Understand vulnerabilities & severity
- Follow escalation procedures

### MSSP-focused NICE alignment:

**AN-SOC-001** – SOC Operations

**AN-ASA-001** – Cyber Defense Analyst

**IR-INC-001** – Incident Responder

**DE-DPR-001** – Detection Engineer

**AN-VRA-001** – Vulnerability Analyst

**PR-CIR-001** – Cyber Defense Incident Responder

## CONCLUSION

This **Blue Team Field Guide** provides:

A full entry → intermediate defensive engineering progression

Free and safe training aligned to the NICE Framework

A roadmap tailored for actual MSSP workflows

A non-video curriculum compatible with SkillBridge, apprenticeships, and WCCSE training

## Blue Team Student Guide, Materials, & Assignments

*Based on the New Security Engineer: Blue Team Field Guide (MSSP-Aligned)*

## SECTION 1 — Course Overview

Course Purpose

This training prepares students to begin working in a Managed Security Service Provider (MSSP) environment as an entry-level Blue Team Security Engineer or SOC Analyst. All learning is **text-based**, free, and aligned to the **NICE Framework**.

Students will: - Build foundational Blue Team & SOC skills - Learn how to analyze logs, triage alerts, and document incidents - Understand vulnerability and threat intelligence workflows - Develop SIEM investigation abilities - Prepare for Purple Team & Security Engineering roles

## SECTION 2 — Required Student Materials

All materials are **free**:

### Required Platforms & Tools

- Cisco SkillsForAll account
- IBM SkillsBuild account
- Microsoft Learn
- Splunk Work+
- Elastic Security documentation
- MITRE ATT&CK & D3FEND
- NVD + CWE (vulnerability references)
- Sysinternals documentation
- VirtualBox + Windows VM (student provided)

### Student Notebook Requirements

Students must have: - **Detection Notebook** (digital or physical) - **ATT&CK Technique Log** - **Windows Log Journal** - **SIEM Query Log**

### Optional Tools (Free)

- Notion or OneNote for structured learning
- Markdown editor for clean documentation

## SECTION 3 — Weekly Student Guide

Below is the structured guide for student progression.

# WEEK 1 — Cybersecurity & SOC Fundamentals

## Student Learning Goals

- Understand baseline cyber concepts
- Understand MSSP workflows & tickets
- Learn alert triage fundamentals

## Reading & Study Material

- Cisco Introduction to Cybersecurity (text)
- IBM Cybersecurity Fundamentals
- Fortinet NSE 1–2

## Assignments

4. **Define 10 security terms** in your notebook (CIA Triad, threat actor, SOC, IR, alert, event, firewall, SIEM, etc.)
5. **Write a half-page summary** on how an MSSP functions.
6. **Identify 5 types of alerts** commonly handled by Tier 1 analysts.

# WEEK 2 — Networking for Defenders

## Student Learning Goals

- Understand how attacks move through networks
- Build packet and protocol awareness

## Reading & Study Material

- Cisco Networking Essentials (text)
- Microsoft Learn: Networking Fundamentals
- SubnettingPractice.com drills

## Assignments

1. Complete **15 subnetting practice problems**.
2. Create a chart of **20 important ports** (TCP/UDP).
3. Describe **3 network attacks** and their defensive indicators.

## WEEK 3 — Linux & Windows for Defenders

### Student Learning Goals

- Navigate operating systems used in enterprise security
- Identify malicious vs normal OS activity

### Reading & Study Material

- Linux Journey
- OverTheWire Bandit (levels 0–12)
- Microsoft Learn: Windows Security fundamentals
- Sysinternals Documentation

### Assignments

1. Document **10 Windows Event IDs** and what they mean.
2. Complete Bandit levels 0–12 and write **what you learned from each level**.
3. Using Sysinternals documentation, explain:
  - What Process Explorer is used for
  - What TCPView reveals about a system

## WEEK 4 — Log Analysis & SIEM Fundamentals

### Student Learning Goals

- Learn to identify suspicious logs
- Understand how SIEM queries work
- Begin tier 1 triage workflows

### Reading & Study Material

- Splunk Work+ text labs
- Elastic SIEM documentation
- MITRE D3FEND

### Assignments

1. Write **10 SPL queries** in a SIEM log notebook.
2. Describe **5 common detection rule patterns**.
3. Document a mock investigation using:
  - suspicious process log
  - login failures
  - remote network connection

## WEEK 5 — Threat Intelligence & TTP Literacy

### Student Learning Goals

- Map attacker behavior to ATT&CK framework
- Understand adversary profiles

### Reading & Study Material

- MITRE ATT&CK Enterprise Matrix
- CISA Alerts & Advisories
- CrowdStrike Adversary Library

### Assignments

1. Pick **one threat group** and map 5 techniques.
2. Create a **daily TTP tracking log** (minimum 3 entries).
3. Summarize **one CISA alert** and identify its defensive actions.

## WEEK 6 — Vulnerability Management Basics

### Student Learning Goals

- Read vulnerability reports
- Understand how weaknesses become attacks

### Reading & Study Material

- NVD (search 10 CVEs)
- MITRE CWE categories
- OWASP Cheat Sheets (Access Control, Authentication, Input Validation)

### Assignments

1. Document **10 CVEs** with severity + affected components.
2. Explain **5 CWE weakness classes**.
3. Create a **simple VM remediation report** identifying:
  - Issue
  - Severity
  - False positive likelihood
  - Recommendation

# WEEK 7 — Blue Team Hands-On Labs

## Student Learning Goals

- Build detection intuition
- Strengthen triage & documentation habits

## Practice Labs

1. Log Hunt:
  - Trigger events (PowerShell, file creation)
  - Locate logs
  - Write findings
2. SIEM Search Drills (daily):
  - failed logins
  - process creation
  - unusual network connections
3. Create a **detection rule concept** for:
  - suspicious PowerShell
  - persistence mechanism
  - abnormal user behavior

## Assignments

1. Submit a **full detection notebook** entry with:
  - Triage notes
  - MITRE mapping
  - Evidence collection steps
2. Submit a written **customer-facing summary** (MSSP skill).

# SECTION 4 — Final Student Assessment

## Students must complete:

- Detection Notebook (20+ entries)
- ATT&CK Technique Log (20+ techniques)
- Windows Log Journal
- SIEM Query Workbook (20 SPL-style searches)
- Final Mini-IR Case Study

## Final Exam: Mini Incident Response Report

Students receive a simulated incident with:

suspicious logs

abnormal user behavior

potential malware traces

They must write:

- Summary of incident
- Evidence gathered
- MITRE mapping
- Risk assessment
- Recommended actions

## SECTION 5 — Completion Outcome

Students who finish this guide will be ready to perform:

- Tier 1 SOC monitoring
- Tier 1 alert triage and escalation
- SIEM search operations
- Threat intelligence research
- Vulnerability analysis support
- MSSP-style customer communication

This student guide is designed to carry a learner from **zero** → **competent MSSP-ready Blue Team engineer** in a structured, digestible format.

## Blue Team Student Workbook

A Hands-On, Activity-Based Workbook for New Security Engineers (Ages 18–40)

Based on the Blue Team Student Guide + Field Guide

**How to Use This Workbook** This workbook transforms your Blue Team training into interactive activities, just like a K–8 workbook but designed for adult learners entering SOC, MSSP, or Security Engineering roles.

Each module includes:

- Worksheets
- Fill-in-the-blanks
- Short-answer questions
- Diagramming tasks
- Realistic MSSP ticket simulations
- ATT&CK mapping drills
- SIEM-writing practice
- Log hunts

This workbook is self-paced, beginner-friendly, and requires only free resources.

## MODULE 1 — Cybersecurity Foundations

### 1.1 Vocabulary Builder (Fill-in-the-Blank)

Fill in the missing words:

1. The three parts of the CIA Triad are C \_\_\_\_\_, I \_\_\_\_\_, and A \_\_\_\_\_.
2. A \_\_\_\_\_ is any person, group, or entity that attempts to cause harm to systems.
3. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a triggered event inside a SIEM based on a detection rule.
4. A \_\_\_\_\_ is any log entry captured by a device, application, or system.
5. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a security device that filters network traffic.

### 1.2 Define These Terms (Short Answer)

Write a 1–2 sentence explanation:

Threat actor \_\_\_\_\_

Vulnerability \_\_\_\_\_

Exploit \_\_\_\_\_

SOC \_\_\_\_\_

Indicator of Compromise

### 1.3 Scenario Activity

A user reports suspicious login attempts. What five questions would you ask?

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

## MODULE 2 — Networking for Defenders

### 2.1 Port Matching Activity

Match the protocols:

80 → \_\_\_\_\_

443 → \_\_\_\_\_

22 → \_\_\_\_\_

53 → \_\_\_\_\_

3389 → \_\_\_\_\_

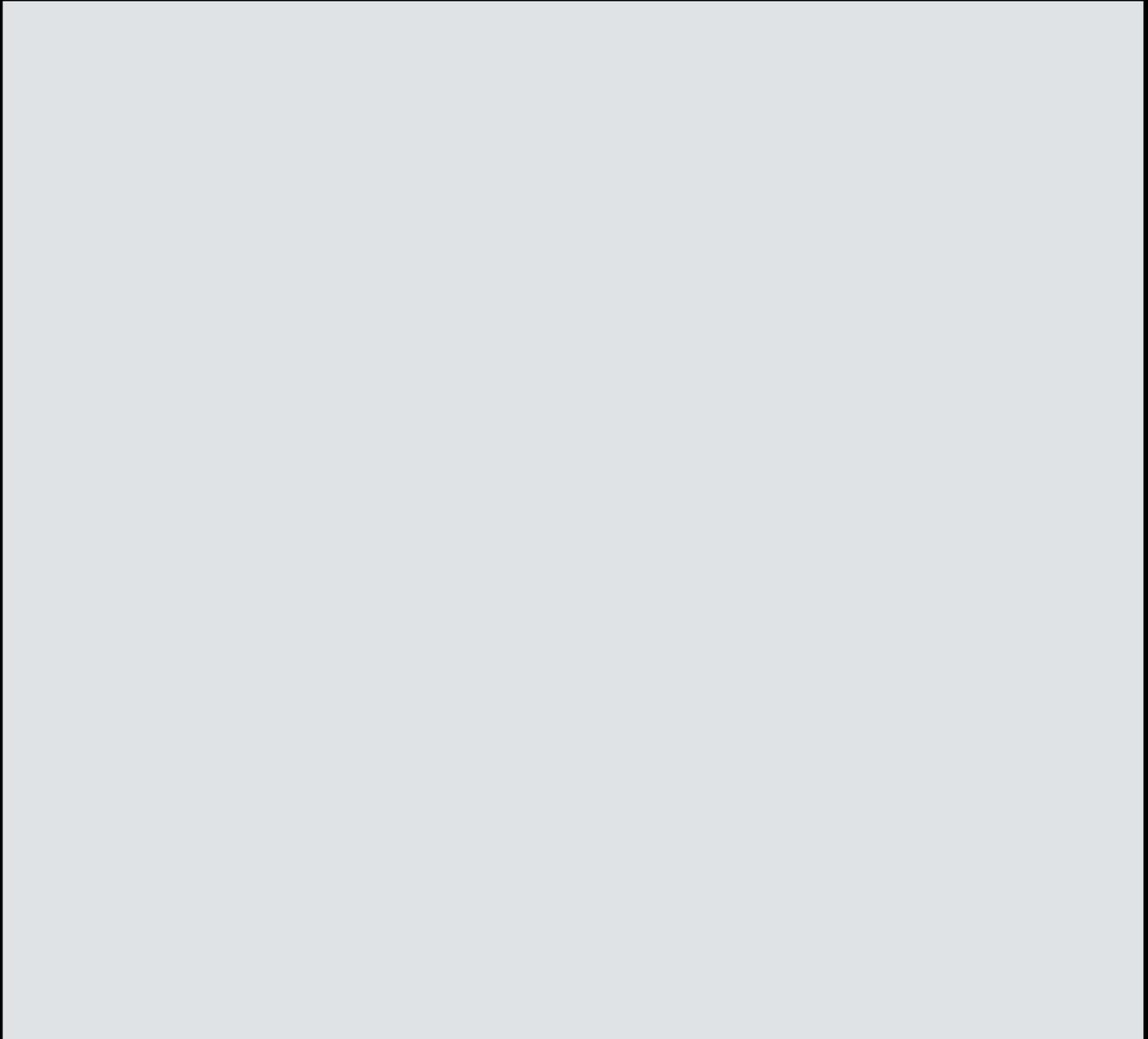
## 2.2 Network Diagramming

Draw the following on paper or tablet:

An external user → firewall → internal network → server

Label:

1. Where an IDS or IPS should go
2. Where logs would be generated



### 2.3 Subnetting Mini-Quiz

Complete the following:

1. /24 network = how many hosts? \_\_\_\_\_
2. /16 network = how many hosts? \_\_\_\_\_
3. IP 192.168.10.37 belongs to the network: \_\_\_\_\_

### 2.4 Scenario

A sudden spike in outbound traffic occurs. List three possible causes:

1. \_\_\_\_\_
  2. \_\_\_\_\_
  3. \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_

## MODULE 3 — Operating Systems for Defenders

### 3.1 Linux Commands (Fill-in-the-blank)

- ls lists \_\_\_\_\_
- ps aux shows \_\_\_\_\_
- cat displays \_\_\_\_\_
- chmod changes \_\_\_\_\_
- sudo allows \_\_\_\_\_

### 3.2 Linux Activity

Run these commands in a Linux VM and write what they do:

whoami → \_\_\_\_\_

hostname → \_\_\_\_\_

netstat -tulnp → \_\_\_\_\_

### 3.3 Windows Event Viewer Hunt

Locate these logs:

1. Failed logins (Event ID: \_\_\_\_\_)

2. Process creation (Event ID: \_\_\_\_\_)

3. New user created (Event ID: \_\_\_\_\_)

Write one sentence describing what you found for each.

- 1a \_\_\_\_\_
- 2a \_\_\_\_\_
- 3a \_\_\_\_\_

### 3.4 Sysinternals Explorer

Using the documentation, identify:

A suspicious process name: \_\_\_\_\_

A legitimate-but-noisy process: \_\_\_\_\_

A network-active process: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

## MODULE 4 — Log Analysis & SIEM Fundamentals

### 4.1 SPL-Style Query Practice

Write queries that:

Find failed logins: \_\_\_\_\_

Find PowerShell executions: \_\_\_\_\_

Find new services created: \_\_\_\_\_

### 4.2 Log Identification Task

Given these logs, decide whether they are benign or suspicious:

1. powershell.exe -nop -enc <base64> → \_\_\_\_\_

2. svchost.exe /service → \_\_\_\_\_

3. User login attempt failed 10 times in 5 minutes → \_\_\_\_\_

#### 4.3 Mini-Investigation Table

- Field Notes
  - Alert Description
  - Log Source
  - Suspicious Indicators
  - MITRE Technique
  - Recommended Action
- 

## MODULE 5 — Threat Intelligence & ATT&CK Mapping

### 5.1 ATT&CK Technique Worksheet

Pick one technique and fill this in:

Technique ID: \_\_\_\_\_

Description: \_\_\_\_\_

What an attacker does: \_\_\_\_\_

What logs show it: \_\_\_\_\_

MITRE mitigations: \_\_\_\_\_

### 5.2 Threat Actor Profile

Choose a threat group and answer:

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Country/Origin (if known): \_\_\_\_\_

3–5 known techniques:

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

What industries they target: \_\_\_\_\_

### 5.3 CISA Alert Reading Exercise

Read any CISA Alert and answer:

What happened?

What weaknesses were exploited?

What defensive actions does CISA recommend?

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## MODULE 6 — Vulnerability Management

### 6.1 CVSS Scoring Mini-Quiz

Write the correct severity:

CVSS 9.8 → \_\_\_\_\_

CVSS 7.4 → \_\_\_\_\_

CVSS 5.1 → \_\_\_\_\_

CVSS 3.1 → \_\_\_\_\_

### 6.2 CVE Report Builder

Pick one CVE from NVD and answer:

CVE ID: \_\_\_\_\_

Affected system(s): \_\_\_\_\_

Attack Vector (AV): \_\_\_\_\_

Severity: \_\_\_\_\_

Summary: \_\_\_\_\_

### 6.3 OWASP Worksheet

Define:

Injection: \_\_\_\_\_

Broken access control: \_\_\_\_\_

Misconfiguration: \_\_\_\_\_

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# MODULE 7 — Blue Team Lab Exercises

## 7.1 Log Hunt Challenge

Perform the following in your VM:

1. Open PowerShell and run two commands
2. Create a file named log\_test.txt
3. Attempt a failed login

Now in Event Viewer:

- Find the PowerShell events
- Find the file creation logs
- Find the failed login

Document Event IDs + what you learned.

## 7.2 SIEM Simulation Ticket

Ticket Description: “User reports their system is running slowly and they found a strange PowerShell window opening and closing.”

Fill in:

What logs do you search first? \_\_\_\_\_

What indicators matter? \_\_\_\_\_

What MITRE techniques apply? \_\_\_\_\_

What would you escalate? \_\_\_\_\_

## 7.3 Detection Rule Drafting

Draft a rule concept:

Trigger: \_\_\_\_\_

Condition: \_\_\_\_\_

Expected False Positives: \_\_\_\_\_

Recommended Customer Action: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

## FINAL EXAM — Mini Incident Response Case Study

Below is your simulated incident: “A workstation shows multiple failed RDP logins followed by successful login from an unknown source and execution of encoded PowerShell commands.”

Answer: 1. What happened? \_\_\_\_\_

2. Which logs confirm it? \_\_\_\_\_

3. What ATT&CK techniques were used? \_\_\_\_\_

4. What is the risk level? \_\_\_\_\_

5. What should be done next? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_