

St Pauls Uniting Sporting Club Inc

1 Interpretation

(1) In these rules—

Act means the *Associations Incorporation Act 1981*.

present—

(a) at a management committee meeting, see rule 23(6); or

(b) at a general meeting, see rule 35 (2).

(2) A word or expression that is not defined in these model rules, but is defined in the Act has, if the context permits, the meaning given by the Act.

2 Name

(a) The name of the incorporated association is St Pauls Uniting Sporting Club Inc (*the association*).

(b) AFFILIATION: The association shall affiliate with “The Queensland Christian Soccer Association Inc” and the “Churches Cricket Association Queensland (*the affiliated associations*)

(c) RESPONSIBILITY: The association shall come under the joint responsibility of the Broadwater Road Uniting Church and the St Marks Uniting Church (Mt Gravatt) (*the churches*)

3 Objects

The objects of the association are—

(1) To foster, develop, encourage and control sport for the benefit of all members;

(2) To provide means whereby organised amateur games, fixtures and/or competitions and training are available to members on days other than Sundays, Good Friday and Christmas Day;

(3) To field teams in the fixtures and/or competitions sanctioned by the affiliated associations

(4) To foster and encourage sportsmanship amongst members through participation in sanctioned competitions;

(5) To abide by the laws of the games as laid down by the relevant governing bodies;

(6) To encourage belief in and the practice of Christian principles and worship by individuals whilst respecting their right to belong to a denomination of their choice;

(7) To foster other sporting activities of benefit to members as appropriate circumstances arise;

(8) To discourage the playing of organised sport on Sunday, Good Friday and Christmas Day;

(9) To improve the playing standard of members;

(10) To foster and participate in the management of matters pertaining to the conduct of amateur sport in the community;

(11) To encourage the formation of similar associations in Queensland, interstate and overseas;

(12) To encourage the participation by members, families and officials in Church parades held at the churches;

(13) To discourage the use of alcohol and drugs;

- (14) To do all such other things (which the association may decide) that are incidental and conducive to the attainment of the above objectives or any of them.

4 Powers

- (1) The association has the powers of an individual.
- (2) The association may, for example—
 - (a) enter into contracts; and
 - (b) acquire, hold, deal with and dispose of property; and
 - (c) make charges for services and facilities it supplies; and
 - (d) do other things necessary or convenient to be done in carrying out its affairs.
- (3) The association may take over the funds and other assets and liabilities of the present unincorporated association known as the St Pauls Uniting Soccer Club (the *unincorporated association*).
- (4) The association may also issue secured and unsecured notes, debentures and debenture stock for the association.

5 Classes of members

- (1) The membership of the association consists of the following classes of members -
 - (a) **Player Membership** shall be open to all persons above the age of four (4) years who comply with the rules of the association pertaining to such membership. Full voting rights are accorded to adults registered in this class and they become liable to be called upon from time to time by the management committee to assist in the conduct of the association's affairs. Player members under the age of eighteen (18) years are not accorded voting rights in the association, these powers being vested in the parents and/or guardians of such members. All such parents and/or guardians thus become in effect associate members of the association.
 - (b) **Associate Membership** shall be open to all adults who comply with the rules of the association. This category is specifically to cater for those who do not wish to participate in the fixtures and/or competitions organised by the association but who wish to participate in association affairs for the benefit of player members and are excluded from such participation by the rules for membership. Full voting privileges are accorded members registered in this class and they become liable to be called upon from time to time by the management committee to assist in the conduct of the association's affairs.
 - (c) **Honorary Membership** shall be awarded by any general meeting, acting upon the recommendation of the management committee, to any person for a period not exceeding one year for services rendered to the association. Not more than ten honorary memberships shall exist at any one time. Honorary members may attend any meeting of the association and may participate in discussions but they shall not have the right to vote unless this right is conferred by other concurrent membership. The ministry agents in placement at the churches shall be ex-officio honorary members for the duration of the placement.
 - (d) **Life Membership** shall be awarded only at an annual general meeting of members and then only upon receipt of a recommendation carried unanimously by a meeting of the management committee which considered relevant nominations. Life memberships shall be available only to those individuals who have rendered conspicuous and meritorious service to the association. Not more than one (1) life membership shall be awarded in any one year, except two (2) life memberships may be awarded where the service is as a result of a partnership. Nominations for life membership must be in writing and should contain full details concerning the qualifications of the nominee

and supporting information concerning the application. All nominations must be signed by a proposer and seconded from amongst the current members of the association and shall be delivered to the secretary not later than one (1) month prior to the annual general meeting in the year for which the nomination is submitted. Upon election a life member shall be issued with a medallion of Life Membership which shall always remain the property of the association and which shall be delivered up on demand. A life member shall be eligible to hold any office or position and shall have the full rights of membership of the association, including those pertaining to voting at meetings.

(2) The number of player members, associate members and life members are unlimited.

6 Automatic membership

A person who, on the day the association is incorporated, was a member of the unincorporated association must be admitted by the management committee—

- (a) to the equivalent class of membership of the association as the member held in the unincorporated association; or
- (b) if there is no equivalent class of membership—as an associate member.

7 New membership

(1) Every application for any class of membership of the association shall be made in writing, and shall be in such form as the management committee from time to time prescribes.

8 Membership fees

- (1) The membership fee for each class of membership (if any)—
 - (a) is the amount decided by the members from time to time at any general meeting; and
 - (b) is payable when, and in the way, the management committee decides.
- (2) A member of the incorporated association who, before becoming a member, has paid the member's annual subscription for membership of the unincorporated association is not liable to pay a further amount of annual subscription for the period before the day fixed by the management committee as the day on which the next annual membership fee is payable.

9 Admission and rejection of new members

- (1) The management committee must consider an application for membership at the next committee meeting held after it receives—
 - (a) the application for membership; and
 - (b) the appropriate membership fee for the application.
- (2) The management committee must ensure, before considering an application for membership, if the application so requests advise the person -
 - (a) whether or not the association has public liability insurance; and
 - (b) if the association has public liability insurance—the amount of the insurance.
- (3) The management committee must decide at the meeting whether to accept or reject the application.
- (4) If a majority of the members of the management committee present at the meeting vote to accept the applicant as a member, the applicant must be accepted as a member for the class of membership applied for.
- (5) The secretary of the association must, as soon as practicable after the management committee decides to accept or reject an application, give the applicant a written notice of the decision.

10 When membership ends

- (1) A member may resign from the association by giving a written notice of resignation to the secretary.
- (2) The resignation takes effect at—
 - (a) the time the notice is received by the secretary; or
 - (b) if a later time is stated in the notice—the later time.
- (3) The management committee may terminate a members membership if the member—
 - (a) is convicted of an indictable offence; or
 - (b) does not comply with any of the provisions of these rules; or
 - (c) has membership fees in arrears for at least two (2) months; or
 - (d) conducts himself or herself in a way considered to be injurious or prejudicial to the character or interests of the association.
- (4) Before the management committee terminates a member’s membership, the committee must give the member a full and fair opportunity to show why the membership should not be terminated.
- (5) If, after considering all representations made by the member, the management committee decides to terminate the membership, the secretary of the association must give the member a written notice of the decision.

11 Appeal against rejection or termination of membership

- (1) A person whose application for membership has been rejected, or whose membership has been terminated, may give the secretary written notice of the person’s intention to appeal against the decision.
- (2) A notice of intention to appeal must be given to the secretary within one month after the person receives written notice of the decision.
- (3) If the secretary receives a notice of intention to appeal, the secretary must, within one month after receiving the notice, call a general meeting to decide the appeal.

12 General meeting to decide appeal

- (1) The general meeting to decide an appeal must be held within three months after the secretary receives the notice of intention to appeal.
- (2) At the meeting, the applicant must be given a full and fair opportunity to show why the application should not be rejected or the membership should not be terminated.
- (3) Also, the management committee and the members of the committee who rejected the application or terminated the membership must be given a full and fair opportunity to show why the application should be rejected or the membership should be terminated.
- (4) An appeal must be decided by a majority vote of the members present and eligible to vote at the meeting.
- (5) If a person whose application for membership has been rejected does not appeal against the decision within 1 month after receiving written notice of the decision, or the person appeals but the appeal is unsuccessful, the secretary must, as soon as practicable, refund the membership fee paid by the person.

13 Register of members

- (1) The management committee must keep a register of members of the association.
- (2) The register must include the following particulars for each member—
 - (a) the full name of the member;
 - (b) the postal or residential address of the member;
 - (c) the date of admission as a member;

- (d) the date of death or time of resignation of the member;
- (e) details about the termination or reinstatement of membership;
- (f) any other particulars the management committee or the members at a general meeting decide.

(3) The register must be open for inspection by members of the association at all reasonable times.

(4) A member must contact the secretary to arrange an inspection of the register.

(5) However, the management committee may, on the application of a member of the association, withhold information about the member (other than the member's full name) from the register available for inspection if the management committee has reasonable grounds for believing the disclosure of the information would put the member at risk of harm.

14 Prohibition on use of information on register of members

(1) A member of the association must not—

- (a) use information obtained from the register of members of the association to contact, or send material to, another member of the association for the purpose of advertising for political, religious, charitable or commercial purposes; or
- (b) disclose information obtained from the register to someone else, knowing that the information is likely to be used to contact, or send material to, another member of the association for the purpose of advertising for political, religious, charitable or commercial purposes.

(2) Subrule (1) does not apply if the use or disclosure of the information is approved by the association.

15 Appointment or election of secretary

(1) The secretary must be an individual residing in Queensland who is—

- (a) a member of the association elected by the association as secretary; or
- (b) any of the following persons appointed by the management committee as secretary—
 - (i) a member of the association's management committee;
 - (ii) another member of the association;
 - (iii) another person.

(2) If the association has not elected an interim officer as secretary for the association before its incorporation, the members of the management committee must ensure a secretary is appointed or elected for the association within one month after incorporation.

(3) If a vacancy happens in the office of secretary, the members of the management committee must ensure a secretary is appointed or elected for the association within one (1) month after the vacancy happens.

(4) Deleted

(5) If the management committee appoints a person mentioned in subrule (1)(b)(ii) as secretary to fill a casual vacancy on the management committee, the person becomes a member of the management committee.

(6) If the management committee appoints a person mentioned in subrule (1)(b)(iii) as secretary to fill a casual vacancy on the management committee, the person does not become a member of the management committee.

(7) Deleted

16 Removal of secretary

(1) The management committee of the association may at any time remove a person appointed by the committee as the secretary.

- (2) If the management committee removes a secretary who is a person mentioned in rule 15(1)(b)(i), the person remains a member of the management committee.
- (3) If the management committee removes a secretary who is a person mentioned in rule 15(1)(b)(ii) and who has been appointed to a casual vacancy on the management committee under rule 15(5), the person remains a member of the management committee.

17 Functions of secretary

The secretary's functions include, but are not limited to—

- (a) calling meetings of the association, including preparing notices of a meeting and of the business to be conducted at the meeting in consultation with the president of the association; and
- (b) keeping minutes of each meeting; and
- (c) keeping copies of all correspondence and other documents relating to the association; and
- (d) maintaining the register of members of the association.

18 Membership of management committee

- (1) The management committee of the association consists of a president, vice-president (maximum of two), secretary, treasurer, registrar and any other members the association members elect at a general meeting. At least one of the positions of president and vice-presidents must be filled by a member who is part of the St Pauls Uniting Soccer Club and at least one of the positions of president and vice-presidents must be filled with a member who is part of the St Pauls Uniting Cricket Club.
- (2) A member of the management committee, other than a secretary appointed by the management committee under rule 15(1)(b)(iii), must be a member of the association.
- (3) At each annual general meeting of the association, the members of the management committee must retire from office, but are eligible (subject to rule 18 (5)), on nomination, for re-election.
- (4) A member of the association may be appointed to a casual vacancy on the management committee under rule 21.
- (5) No member of the association can be elected to the management committee for any period exceeding five (5) consecutive years.

19 Electing the management committee

- (1) A member of the management committee may only be elected as follows—
 - (a) any two members of the association may nominate another member (the *candidate*) to serve as a member of the management committee;
 - (b) the nomination must be—
 - (i) in writing; and
 - (ii) signed by the candidate and the members who nominated him or her; and
 - (iii) given to the secretary at least fourteen days before the annual general meeting at which the election is to be held;
 - (c) each member of the association present and eligible to vote at the annual general meeting may vote for one candidate for each vacant position on the management committee;
 - (d) if, at the start of the meeting, there are not enough candidates nominated, nominations may be taken from the floor of the meeting.
- (2) A person may be a candidate only if the person—
 - (a) is an adult; and
 - (b) is not ineligible to be elected as a member under section 61A of the Act.

- (3) A list of the candidates names in alphabetical order, with the names of the members who nominated each candidate, must be posted on the association’s web site for at least seven days immediately preceding the annual general meeting.
- (4) If required by the management committee, balloting lists must be prepared containing the names of the candidates in alphabetical order.
- (5) The management committee must ensure that, before a candidate is elected as a member of the management committee, the candidate is advised—
 - (a) whether or not the association has public liability insurance; and
 - (b) if the association has public liability insurance—the amount of the insurance.

20 Resignation, removal or vacation of office of management committee member

- (1) A member of the management committee may resign from the committee by giving written notice of resignation to the secretary.
- (2) The resignation takes effect at—
 - (a) the time the notice is received by the secretary; or
 - (b) if a later time is stated in the notice—the later time.
- (3) A member may be removed from office at a general meeting of the association if a majority of the members present and eligible to vote at the meeting vote in favour of removing the member.
- (4) Before a vote of members is taken about removing the member from office, the member must be given a full and fair opportunity to show cause why he or she should not be removed from office.
- (5) A member has no right of appeal against the member’s removal from office under this rule.
- (6) A member immediately vacates the office of member in the circumstances mentioned in section 64(2) of the Act.

21 Vacancies on management committee

- (1) If a casual vacancy happens on the management committee, the continuing members of the committee may appoint another member of the association to fill the vacancy until the next annual general meeting.
- (2) The continuing members of the management committee may act despite a casual vacancy on the management committee.
- (3) However, if the number of committee members is less than the number fixed under rule 24(1) as a quorum of the management committee, the continuing members may act only to—
 - (a) increase the number of management committee members to the number required for a quorum; or
 - (b) call a general meeting of the association.
- (4) In this rule— *casual vacancy*, on the management committee, means a vacancy that happens when either
 - (a) an elected member of the management committee resigns, dies, otherwise stops holding office or
 - (b) a management committee position remains unfilled following the election held at the annual general meeting of the association.

22 Functions of management committee

- (1) Subject to these rules or a resolution of the members of the association carried at a general meeting, the management committee has the general control and management of the administration of the affairs, property and funds of the association.

- (2) The management committee has authority to interpret the meaning of these rules and any matter relating to the association on which the rules are silent, but any interpretation must have regard to the Act, including any regulation made under the Act.
- (3) The management committee may exercise the powers of the association—
 - (a) to borrow, raise or secure the payment of amounts in a way the members of the association decide; and
 - (b) to secure the amounts mentioned in paragraph (a) or the payment or performance of any debt, liability, contract, guarantee or other engagement incurred or to be entered into by the association in any way, including by the issue of debentures (perpetual or otherwise) charged upon the whole or part of the associations property, both present and future; and
 - (c) to purchase, redeem or pay off any securities issued; and
 - (d) to borrow amounts from members and pay interest on the amounts borrowed; and
 - (e) to mortgage or charge the whole or part of its property; and
 - (f) to issue debentures and other securities, whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the association; and
 - (g) to provide and pay off any securities issued; and
 - (h) to invest in a way the members of the association may from time to time decide.
- (4) For subrule (3)(d), the rate of interest must not be more than the current rate being charged for overdrawn accounts on money lent (regardless of the term of the loan) by—
 - (a) the financial institution for the association; or
 - (b) if there is more than one (1) financial institution for the association—the financial institution nominated by the management committee.

23 Meetings of management committee

- (1) Subject to this rule, the management committee may meet and conduct its proceedings as it considers appropriate.
- (2) The management committee must meet at least once every two (2) months to exercise its functions.
- (3) The management committee must decide how a meeting is to be called.
- (4) Notice of a meeting is to be given in the way decided by the management committee.
- (5) The management committee may hold meetings, or permit a committee member to take part in its meetings, by using any technology that reasonably allows the member to hear and take part in discussions as they happen.
- (6) A committee member who participates in the meeting as mentioned in subrule (5) is taken to be present at the meeting.
- (7) A question arising at a committee meeting is to be decided by a majority vote of members of the committee present at the meeting and, if the votes are equal, the question is decided in the negative.
- (8) A member of the management committee must not vote on a question about a contract or proposed contract with the association if the member has an interest in the contract or proposed contract and, if the member does vote, the members vote must not be counted.
- (9) The president is to preside as chairperson at a management committee meeting.
- (10) If there is no president or if the president is not present within ten minutes after the time fixed for a management committee meeting, the members may choose one of their number to preside as chairperson at the meeting.

24 Quorum for, and adjournment of, management committee meeting

- (1) At a management committee meeting, more than 50% of the members elected to the committee as at the close of the last general meeting of the members form a quorum.

- (2) If there is no quorum within thirty (30) minutes after the time fixed for a management committee meeting called on the request of members of the committee, the meeting lapses.
- (3) If there is no quorum within thirty (30) minutes after the time fixed for a management committee meeting called other than on the request of the members of the committee—
 - (a) the meeting is to be adjourned for at least one (1) day; and
 - (b) the members of the management committee who are present are to decide the day, time and place of the adjourned meeting.
- (4) If, at an adjourned meeting mentioned in subrule (3), there is no quorum within thirty (30) minutes after the time fixed for the meeting, the meeting lapses.

25 Special meeting of management committee

- (1) If the secretary receives a written request signed by at least 33% of the members of the management committee, the secretary must call a special meeting of the committee by giving each member of the committee notice of the meeting within fourteen (14) days after the secretary receives the request.
- (2) If the secretary is unable or unwilling to call the special meeting, the president must call the meeting.
- (3) A request for a special meeting must state—
 - (a) why the special meeting is called; and
 - (b) the business to be conducted at the meeting.
- (4) A notice of a special meeting must state—
 - (a) the day, time and place of the meeting; and
 - (b) the business to be conducted at the meeting.
- (5) A special meeting of the management committee must be held within fourteen (14) days after notice of the meeting is given to the members of the management committee.

26 Minutes of management committee meetings

- (1) The secretary must ensure full and accurate minutes of all questions, matters, resolutions and other proceedings of each management committee meeting are entered in a minute book.
- (2) To ensure the accuracy of the minutes, the minutes of each management committee meeting must be signed by the chairperson of the meeting, or the chairperson of the next management committee meeting, verifying their accuracy.

27 Appointment of subcommittees

- (1) The management committee may appoint a subcommittee consisting of members of the association considered appropriate by the committee to help with the conduct of the associations operations.
- (2) A member of the subcommittee who is not a member of the management committee is not entitled to vote at a management committee meeting.
- (3) A subcommittee may elect a chairperson of its meetings.
- (4) If a chairperson is not elected, or if the chairperson is not present within ten minutes after the time fixed for a meeting, the members present may choose one of their number to be chairperson of the meeting.
- (5) A subcommittee may meet and adjourn as it considers appropriate.
- (6) A question arising at a subcommittee meeting is to be decided by a majority vote of the members present at the meeting and, if the votes are equal, the question is decided in the negative.

28 Acts not affected by defects or disqualifications

- (1) An act performed by the management committee, a subcommittee or a person acting as a member of the management committee is taken to have been validly performed.
- (2) Subrule (1) applies even if the act was performed when—
 - (a) there was a defect in the appointment of a member of the management committee, subcommittee or person acting as a member of the management committee; or
 - (b) a management committee member, subcommittee member or person acting as a member of the management committee was disqualified from being a member.

29 Resolutions of management committee without meeting

- (1) A written resolution signed by each member of the management committee is as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a committee meeting that was properly called and held.
- (2) A resolution mentioned in subrule (1) may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one (1) or more members of the committee.

30 First annual general meeting

The first annual general meeting must be held within six (6) months after the end date of the association's first reportable financial year.

31 Subsequent annual general meetings

Each subsequent annual general meeting must be held—

- (a) at least once each year; and
- (b) within six (6) months after the end date of the association's reportable financial year.

32 Business to be conducted at annual general meeting

- (1) The following business must be conducted at each annual general meeting of the association—
 - (a) receiving the association's financial statement, and audit report, for the last reportable financial year;
 - (b) presenting the financial statement and audit report to the meeting for adoption;
 - (c) electing members of the management committee;
 - (d) appointing an auditor or an accountant for the present financial year;

33 Notice of general meeting

- (1) The secretary may call a general meeting of the association.
- (2) The secretary must give at least fourteen (14) days' notice of the meeting to each member of the association.
- (3) If the secretary is unable or unwilling to call the meeting, the president must call the meeting.
- (4) The management committee may decide the way in which the notice must be given.
- (5) However, notice of the following meetings must be given in writing—
 - (a) a meeting called to hear and decide the appeal of a person against the management committee's decision—
 - (i) to reject the person's application for membership of the association; or
 - (ii) to terminate the person's membership of the association;
 - (b) a meeting called to hear and decide a proposed special resolution of the association.
- (6) A notice of a general meeting must state the business to be conducted at the meeting.
- (7) a general meeting must be held at least once every two (2) months.

34 Quorum for, and adjournment of, general meeting

- (1) The quorum for a general meeting is at least the number of members elected or appointed to the management committee at the close of the association's last general meeting plus one (1).
- (2) However, if all members of the association are members of the management committee, the quorum is the total number of members less one (1).
- (3) No business may be conducted at a general meeting unless there is a quorum of members when the meeting proceeds to business.
- (4) If there is no quorum within thirty (30) minutes after the time fixed for a general meeting called on the request of members of the management committee or the association, the meeting lapses.
- (5) If there is no quorum within thirty (30) minutes after the time fixed for a general meeting called other than on the request of members of the management committee or the association—
 - (a) the meeting is to be adjourned for at least seven (7) days; and
 - (b) the management committee is to decide the day, time and place of the adjourned meeting.
- (6) The chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which there is a quorum, and must if directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.
- (7) If a meeting is adjourned under subrule (6), only the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place may be conducted at the adjourned meeting.
- (8) The secretary is not required to give the members notice of an adjournment or of the business to be conducted at an adjourned meeting unless a meeting is adjourned for at least thirty days.
- (9) If a meeting is adjourned for at least thirty (30) days, notice of the adjourned meeting must be given in the same way notice is given for an original meeting.

35 Procedure at general meeting

- (1) A member may take part and vote in a general meeting in person, by proxy, by attorney or by using any technology that reasonably allows the member to hear and take part in discussions as they happen.
- (2) A member who participates in a meeting as mentioned in subrule (1) is taken to be present at the meeting.
- (3) At each general meeting—
 - (a) the president is to preside as chairperson; and
 - (b) if there is no president or if the president is not present within fifteen (15) minutes after the time fixed for the meeting or is unwilling to act, the members present must elect one of their number to be chairperson of the meeting; and
 - (c) the chairperson must conduct the meeting in a proper and orderly way.

36 Voting at general meeting

- (1) At a general meeting, each question, matter or resolution, other than a special resolution, must be decided by a majority of votes of the members present.
- (2) Each member present and eligible to vote is entitled to one (1) vote only and, if the votes are equal, the chairperson has a casting vote as well as a primary vote.
- (3) A member is not entitled to vote at a general meeting if the member's annual subscription is in arrears at the date of the meeting.
- (4) The method of voting is to be decided by the management committee.

(3) Each instrument to which the seal is attached must be signed by a member of the management committee and countersigned by—

- (a) the secretary; or
- (b) another member of the management committee; or
- (c) someone authorised by the management committee.

43 Funds and accounts

(1) The funds of the association must be kept in an account in the name of the association in a financial institution decided by the management committee.

(2) Records and accounts must be kept in the English language showing full and accurate particulars of the financial affairs of the association.

(3) All amounts must be deposited in the financial institution account as soon as practicable after receipt.

(4) A payment by the association of \$100 or more must be made by cheque or electronic funds transfer.

(5) If a payment of \$100 or more is made by cheque, the cheque must be signed by any two of the following—

- (a) the president;
- (b) the secretary;
- (c) the treasurer;
- (d) any one of three other members of the association who have been authorised by the management committee to sign cheques issued by the association.

(6) However, one of the persons who signs the cheque must be the president, the secretary or the treasurer.

(7) Cheques, other than cheques for wages, allowances or petty cash recoupment, must be crossed not negotiable.

(8) A petty cash account must be kept on the imprest system, and the management committee must decide the amount of petty cash to be kept in the account.

(9) All expenditure must be approved or ratified at a management committee meeting.

44 General financial matters

(1) On behalf of the management committee, the treasurer must, as soon as practicable after the end date of each financial year, ensure a financial statement for its last reportable financial year is prepared.

(2) The income and property of the association must be used solely in promoting the association's objects and exercising the association's powers.

45 Documents

The management committee must ensure the safe custody of books, documents, instruments of title and securities of the association.

46 Financial year

The end date of the association's financial year is 30 September in each year.

47 Distribution of surplus assets to another entity

(1) This rule applies if the association—

- (a) is wound-up under part 10 of the Act; and
- (b) has surplus assets.

(2) The surplus assets must not be distributed among the members of the association.

(3) The surplus assets must be given to another entity—

- (a) having objects similar to the association's objects; and
 - (b) the rules of which prohibit the distribution of the entity's income and assets to its members.
- (4) In this rule— *surplus assets* see section 92(3) of the Act.