

COMMON WAYS TO TAKE TITLE TO CALIFORNIA RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY

	TENANCY IN	JOINT TENANCY	COMMUNITY	COMMUNITY
	COMMON		PROPERTY	PROPERTY WITH RIGHT OF
				SURVIVORSHIP
Parties	Two or more persons (1) (may be husband and wife).	Two or more persons (may be husband and wife).	Husband and wife only.	Husband and wife only.
Division	Ownership can be divided into any number of interests, equal or unequal.	Ownership must be equal.	Ownership must be equal.	Ownership must be equal.
Creation	One or more conveyances (Law presumes interest are equal if not otherwise specified).	Single conveyance (creating identical interest). Vesting must specify joint tenancy or law presumes tenancy in common.	Single conveyance or presumption from marriage.	Single conveyance and parties must indicate consent, which can be indicated on deed.
Possession and Control	Equal	Equal	Equal	Equal
Transferability (2)	Each co-owner may transfer or mortgage their respective interest separately.	Each co-owner may transfer their interest separately but tenancy in common results (3).	Both spouses must consent to transfer or mortgage.	Both spouses must consent to transfer or mortgage.
Liens against one owner	Co-owner's interest not subject to liens of other debtor/owner but forced sale can occur.	Co-owner's interest not subject to liens of other debtor/owner but forced sale can occur if prior to the debtor's death.	Entire property subject to forced sale to satisfy debt of either spouse.	Entire property subject to forced sale to satisfy debt of either spouse.
Death of Co- owner	Decedent's interest passes to his/her heirs by will or intestate.	Decedent's interest automatically passes to surviving joint tenant ("Right of Survivorship").	Deceased's interest passes to spouse, except ½ of said interest may pass to devisee by decedent's will.	Decedent's interest automatically passes to surviving spouse due to Right of Survivorship.
Possible advantages /disadvantages	Co-Owner interests are separately transferable.	Right of Survivorship (avoids probate).	Qualified survivorship rights. Mutual consent required for transfer. Surviving spouse may have tax advantage.	Right of Survivorship (avoids probate). Mutual consent required for transfer. Surviving spouse may have tax advantage.

- The term "persons" includes a natural person as well as a validly formed corporation, limited partnership, limited liability company, or general partnership. Trust property is vested in the trustee (normally a natural person or corporation).
- 2) For title insurance purposes, transfers by married person may require a deed be executed by the spouse, which relinquishes their interest in the property.
- 3) If co-owners are married, property may be subject to legal presumption of community property-requiring consent of both spouses to convey or encumber title-despite vesting as "joint tenancy".



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