# Puppy Socialising | The first 16 weeks is the critical



Noises

U Vacuum Cleaner

Slamming Doors Washing Machine

Lawn Mower

□ Microwave

Dishwasher

 Hair dryer Door bells

Garbage truck Courier deliveries

Door Knocking

Barking dogs

□ Fireworks

Car horns

Rain, Wind & Thunderstorn

Busy Traffic

Television

D Trucks

Trains

D Parties

□ Musical

Motorbikes

socialisation period of a dog's life. This is the window of time in your puppy's life that helps determines who they will become as adult dogs. So try to socialise them to as many of the items below as possible. Always exercise caution in socialising both for your dog and for anyone else involved.

- □ Males & Females
- Ages babies, toddlers, kids, teenagers, adults, elderly
- All different sizes
- As many ethnicities as possible
- All different personalities
- Dressed in a variety of attire hats, glasses,
- Joggers
- People sounds talking loudly, laughing, crying, shouting, arguing, playing, shuffling, singing

### Objects

- Dog toys □ Kids toys
- □ Walking Frames
- □ Umbrellas Balloons
- D Basket Balls Sprinklers Skate Boards
- Bicycles
   Rollerblades
- □ Prams Cars
  Trucks
- - □ Trolleys □ Furniture

- □ Wheelchairs
- □ Flowers Crutches, Canes, Walking Sticks
  - □ Mirrors □ Garage doors
  - Plastic bags □ Shopping trolleys □ Brooms
    □ Flags

Animals Different Ages/Breeds/Temperaments

- Dogs smaller dogs, bigger dogs, other puppies, males, females, shaggy dogs, smooth dogs
- Cats & Kittens
- Chickens & Ducks
  Rabbits □ Birds □ Horses □ Cows

- D Parks
- □ Houses
- Shops where dogs are permitted
- Pet shop
- Schools
- PlaygroundsBeaches
- Car Ridea
- O Stairs □ Lifts
- Railway Crossings
- ning pools □ Coffee Shop
- □ Your workplace
- Kids playground
   Sportsfield where people are training
- Different surfaces tile, wood, grass, co sand, carpet, gravel, puddles, mud
- Different heights walking on raised surfaces,
- Going into tunnels
- Bridges and foot bridges

### Alone

It's really important that puppies learn how to cope on their own where you aren't around. Set up scenarios where your puppy is apart from you or other family pets and gradually increase the length of time. For example leave your puppy in the back yard for 15 minutes, whereas the next day try to leave your puppy in the back yard for 20 minutes instead. Build upon this exercise by changing the duration and the location regularly.

# Toys Different Shapes

- □ Squeaky
- D Plastic
- □ Fabric

# Eating Bowls Different Stress

- D Plastic
- □ Metal

## □ Ceramic

- Experiences Being touched - held, touching paws, muzzle, ears, tale, rear legs
- Being tied up
- Being brushedBathtime
- Checking between paws
- Toenail clipping
- Clean their ears
- Cleaning their eyes Teeth checking & brushing
- Being towelled off
- Being bandaged

- □ Walking
- Daycare Agility equipm
- □ Boats & Watercraft



Have fun and be creative!



