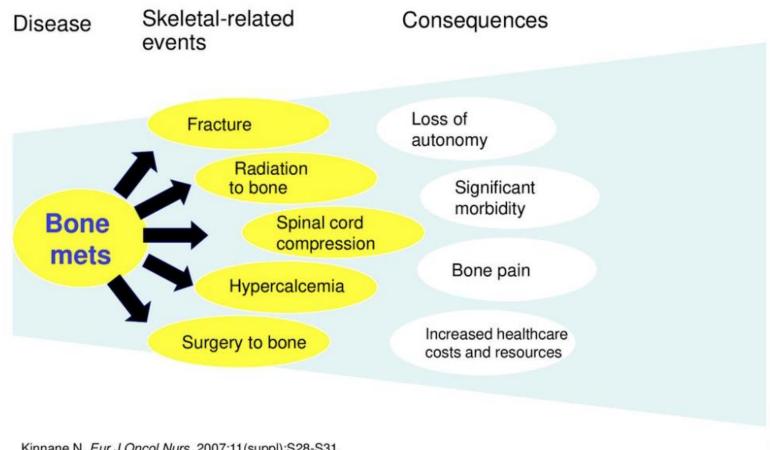
MECO SCORE

A complementary diagnostic for breast cancer bone metastasis risk and prevention



The Problem

Bone metastasis is the leading cause of breast cancer morbidity

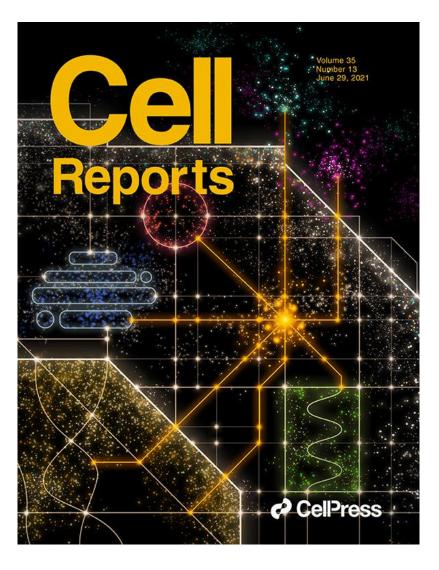


Kinnane N. Eur J Oncol Nurs. 2007;11(suppl):S28-S31.



Bone metastasis is generally incurable and affects ~75% of patients with metastatic disease

Our proof-of-principle publication



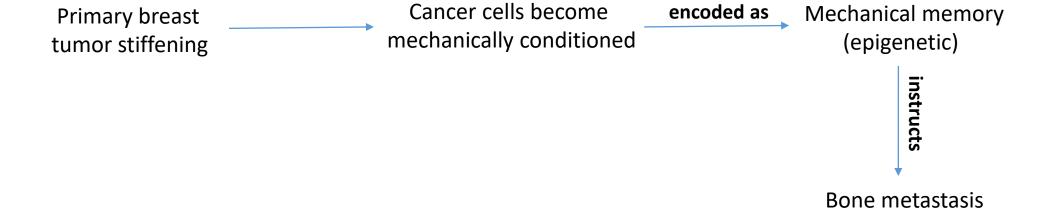
Our main findings:

- Breast cancer cells can become responsive to tumor stiffness, leading to a phenomenon called "mechanical conditioning."
- We can quantify <u>me</u>chanical <u>co</u>nditioning using a sophisticated algorithm we invented called the MeCo score.
- Mechanical conditioning instructs breast cancer bone metastasis in animal models.
- Breast cancer patients with high MeCo scores are more likely to develop bone metastasis.

https://doi.org/10.1016/j.celrep.2021.109293

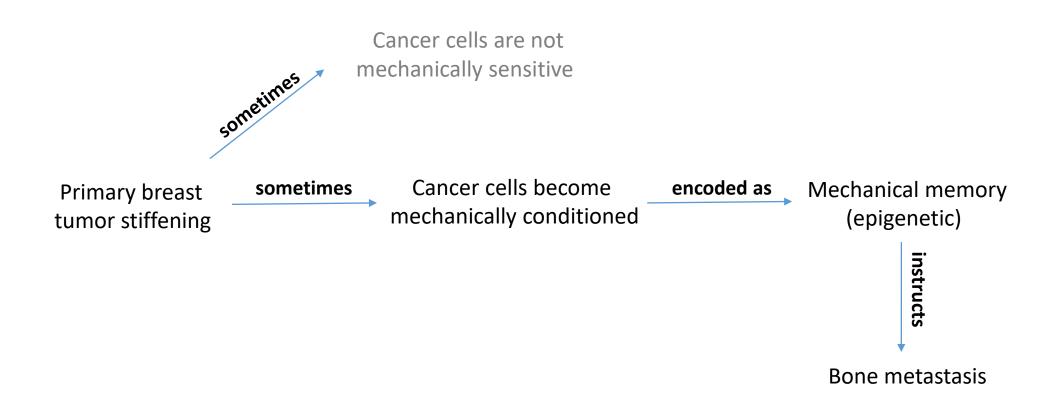


Why do we measure mechanical conditioning using the MeCo score?



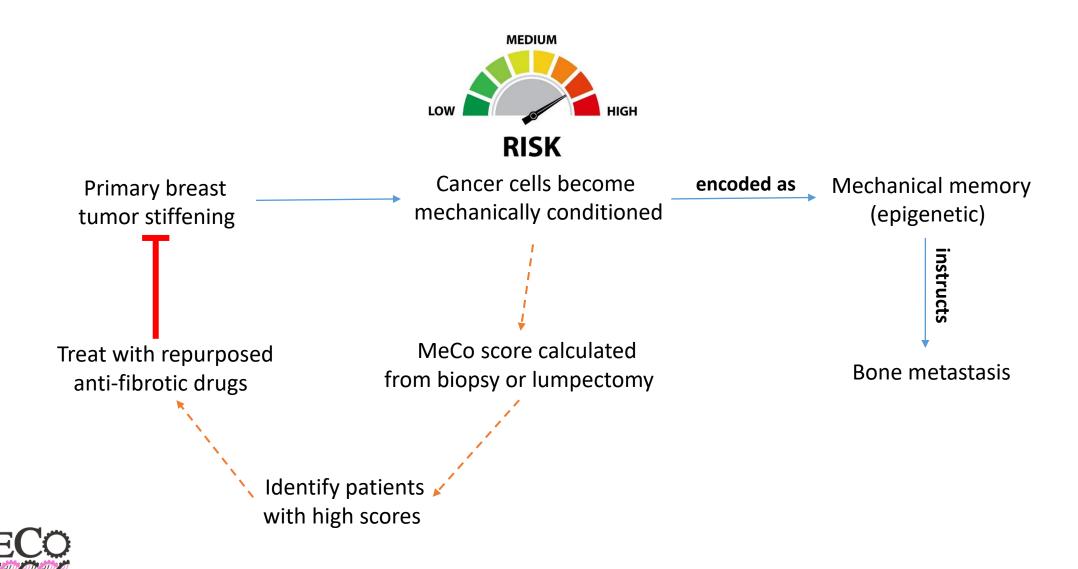


Why do we NOT measure tumor stiffness?





We aim to treat the underlying cause in high-risk patients



Advantages of drug repurposing

Benefits for patients

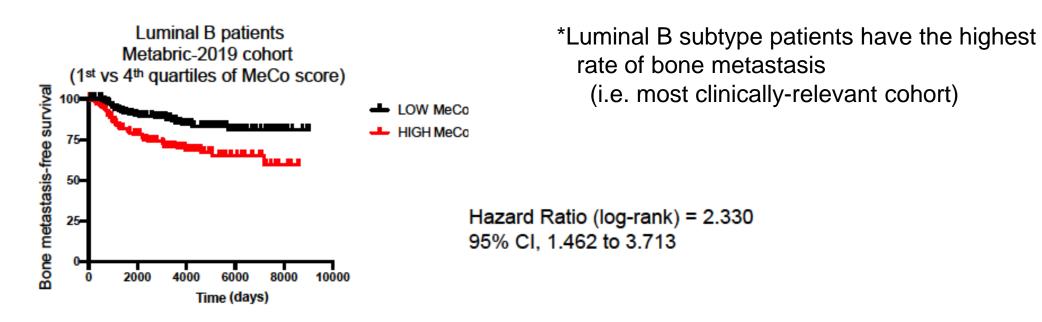
- Lower drug costs (ie. generics are emergent)
- Excellent drug tolerability and long-term safety

Benefits for MeCo Diagnostics' investors:

- Higher likelihood of regulatory approval (70% less risk)
- 85% lower R&D costs
- We can skip IND application and Phase I clinical trials



MeCo score performance



Log-rank (Mantel-Cox): ***p=0.0006

Number of Luminal B patients with bone metastasis

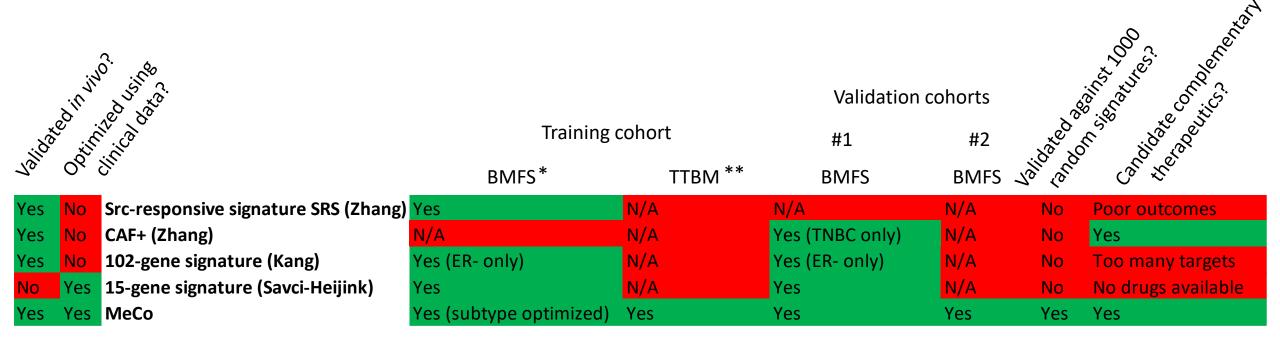
<u>Low MeCo-refined</u>: 23 out of 169 patients (bottom quartile)

<u>High MeCo-refined</u>: 48 out of 169 patients (top quartile)

In this large validation cohort, Luminal B subtype patients with high MeCo scores were more than twice as likely to develop bone metastasis



MeCo score vs. other bone metastasis signatures



*BMFS: Bone metastasis-free survival
** TTBM: Time to bone metastasis
TNBC: Triple negative breast cancer



Impact Opportunity for MeCo score: Breast Cancer Incidence Rates US/UK

- Breast cancer is the most common type of cancer at a global level, with new cases surpassing 2.3 million
- Within the United States (2019)

• New Cases: 268,600

• Existing Cases: 3,800,000

Within the United Kingdom (2020)

• New Cases: 55,000

Existing Cases: 600,000

- Of new diagnoses 96% will be stages 1-3 (64% local 27% regional 4% metastatic)
 - United States:

• Early Stage: 257,856

United Kingdom:

• Early Stage: 52,800

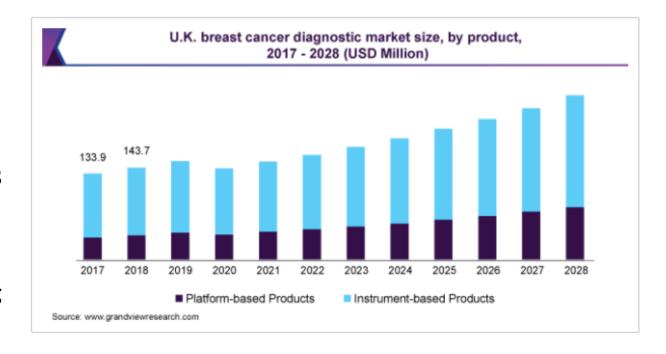
- MeCo score can benefit in early-stage cancer populations (preventative)
 - Early Stage: 300,000 annually in US/UK



Diagnostics Market Size and Potential:

Annual Tests and Sales of Similar Diagnostics

- The global breast cancer diagnostics market size was valued at \$3.9 billion USD in 2020 and is expected to expand to \$6.3 billion USD by 2028
- Within the UK, the market is following a similar trend: \$145 M which will almost double by 2028
- Growth can be attributed to the increasing prevalence of breast cancer and rising government initiatives to increase the screening and diagnosis rate.





Acquisitions and Performance of Similar Companies



- Oncotype DX scores suggests the effectiveness of chemotherapy (ie. toxic drugs) as an early-stage treatment to prevent breast cancer recurrence
- Owned by Genomic Health which was acquired by Exact Sciences in November of 2019 for \$2.5 Billion
- In 2019 Oncotype DX earned over \$330,000,000 in revenue
- The MeCo score will not compete with Oncotype DX or any other approved breast cancer diagnostic because they offer different value propositions, and the MeCo score leverages non-toxic drugs.

