### **ABCP Diplomate Application: Exhibit F**

### Case Defense: Internal Derangement Patient Record Summary (2 of 3)



Candidate Name:	
SSN:	
Application Date:	November 10, 2013
Padent Name (or code):	
Date Treatment Began:	05-01-13
Date Treatment Ended:	7-30-13

AMERICAN BOARD OF CRANIOFACIAL PAIN 2574 Oak Trails Dr Aurora, IL 60506

US

Phone: 630-735-1405 Fax: 406. 5872451 www.abcfp.org

Patient records for cases to be defended should include documentation of the diagnosis and treatment to completion of said patients by the candidate, and should establish to the satisfaction of the Board and e,cam team, the candidate's ability, proficiency and exceptional skill in a broad spectrum of treatment procedures relevant to the diagnosis and treatment of Craniofacial Pain and temporomandibular disorders of non-dental origin,

- Ix Radiographs
- Ix Models
- Ix Medical History
- E,camInatlon (the patient's chief complaint, clinical signs and symptoms, plus a description of the patient's general condition at the inception of treatment)
- Ix Clinical Diagnosis & pre-treatment clinical diagnosis consistent with the symptoms and clinical tests reported)
- Treatment Plan & recommended plan of treatment with alternative treatment plans where indicated)
- Ix Clinical Procedures (a presentation of clinical procedures for the case)
- General Documentation (typewritten documentation should be clear and precise; the quality of radiography must be sufficient to derive the information recorded)

Other Documentation (please //sf):

### Provide a brief description of this case (15 words or less/:

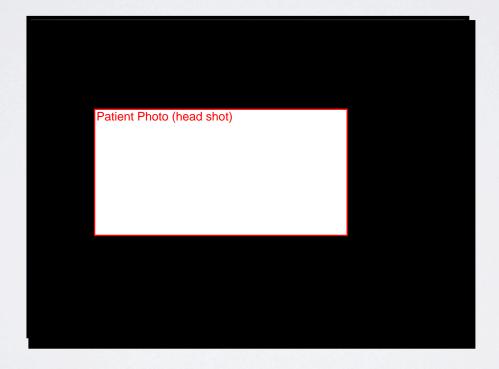
### Internal derangement

- Anterior di! displacement without reduction, capsulitis, and limited opening
- Conservative therapeutic treatment included two orthotics, cold laser therapy, prolotherapy, and patient education Patient successfullyweaned from daytime orthotic

## CASE DEFENSE # I

Internal Derangement Patient

28 year old female



Reason(s) for this appointment	: ⊠P:	ain 🗆	Sleep/Airway □General Dental	□Orthodontics	Unknow
			VHICH YOU ARE SEEKING TR		
			MPLAINT AS #1, LIST ALL OTHER SY		
		Chronic	(6 mo.+)	Recent	Chronic (6 mo.
Headache pain				_	
_3 Ear pain		$\boxtimes$	Kicking or jerking leg repea	atedly [	
5 Jaw pain			Swelling in ankles or feet		
Pain when chewing			Morning Hoarseness		
Facial pain			Dry mouth upon waking		
Eye pain			Fatigue		
Throat pain			Difficulty falling asleep		000000000000
Neck pain			Tossing and turning frequen		
Shoulder pain			Repeated awakening		
Back pain			Feeling unrefreshed in the n		
2 Limited ability to open mouth			Significant daytime drowsin		
1 Jaw joint locking		$\boxtimes$	Frequent heavy snoring		
4 Jaw joint noises		$\boxtimes$	Affects sleep of others		
Ear congestion			Gasping when waking		
Sinus congestion			Told that "I stop breathing"	during sleep	
Sinus congestion Dizziness Tinnitus (ringing in the ears)			Night-time choking spells	"	
Tinnitus (ringing in the ears)			Unable to tolerate C-Pap		
Muscle twitching		Ø	Tooth grinding		
Vision problems			Teeth crowding	$\overline{\Box}$	$\Box$
Other:					
Do you have concerns in any of	these ar	reas:	General Appearance	□ Ov	erbite
			Ability to Function	☐ Sm	
Other Comments: When I talk f	or long		of time it is harder to close mouth. Jaw		
			h it popped until the most recent issue.		
THE WAY IN THE PARTY OF THE PAR	17 7	1121	in the property with the state of the state	A TIME OF CITAL	30 t) jan 11 11 11
Do any of the above complaints	or conc	erns affo	ect your daily life? eating sometimes		
_					
			ARE SEEKING FROM TRI	EATMENT?	
I want to prevent my jaw from getting	g more r	nessed u	p and have it align correctly		

\*Jaw Joint Noises - "not anymore now I just have limited ability to open"

ALLERGIC REACTIONS  Please check any and all n  Anesthetics Antibiotics Aspirin Barbituates Other:	nedications or substances that hav	Penicillin Plastic Sedatives
	and the reason you take them. Include all over-t	the counter medications, vitamins, herbs, etc.  Reason for Taking  3x a month for pain
See attached list  PREVIOUS TREATMENTS/MED  Treatment and/or Medication  MRI suggestion  Retainer		
I release and give my permission for this office Patient Signature:  Parent/Guardian Signature (if patient is a minum HEALTH AND MEDICAL HISTO	Date: por):	
No Do:  ⊠Yes Hav  □No Trouble breathing through nose	Johnic Freati	HEIT III F ast

			i de julio de					
HEAL	HEALTH AND MEDICAL HISTORY (CONTINUED)							
		Do you have, or have you exp	erienced	any of the following:				
	□No	Heart Disorder/ Heart Attack	□No	Thyroid Problem				
	□No	Heart Murmur	□N <sub>0</sub>	Tuberculosis				
			□No	Intestinal Disorder				
	□No	Mitral Valve prolapse	□ No	Nervous System Disorder				
	□ No	Heart Pacemaker	∑Yes					
	□No	Heart Palpitations		Anxiety				
	□No	Heart Valve Replacement	□No	Skin Disorder				
	□No	Irregular Heartbeat	□ No	Urinary Tract Disorder				
	□No	Blood Pressure High Low	□No	Chronic Fatigue				
	No	Stroke	□No	Fibromyalgia				
	□No	Bleeding Easily	□No	Cold hands and feet				
	□No	Bruising Easily	⊠Yes	Depression				
	□No	Cancer of	□No	Difficulty concentrating				
		Chemo Radiation	No	Difficulty breathing at night for sleep				
	No	Anemia	No	Dizziness				
	No	Asthma	□No	Excessive Thirst				
	□No							
	□No →	Only when busy	/ \	th school				
	☐ No	Officer busy		u i scriooi				
	□ No	Lauguyovena	bod					
	☐ No	Glaucoma	No	Frequent ear infections				
	⊠Yes	Gastroesophageal Reflux (Gerd)	☐ No	Frequent sore throat				
	□No	Hemophilia	□ No	Frequent awaking at night - number of times				
	□No	Hepatitis	□ No	Hearing impairment				
	No	History of Substance Abuse	No	Memory Loss				
	No	Hypoglycemia	☐ No	Hay Fever				
	□No	Huntington's Disease	□No	Insomnia				
	□No	Kidney Disease	□No	Muscle aches				
	□No	Liver Disease	□No	Muscle fatigue				
	□No	Leukemia	□No	Muscle spasms				
	□No	Migraines	□No	Muscle tremors				
	□No	Meniere's Disease	□No	Poor circulation				
	□No	Multiple Sclerosis	□No	Psychiatric Care				
	□No	Muscular Dystrophy	□No	Recent weight gain				
	□No	Neuralgia	□No	Recent weight loss				
	□No	Osteoarthritis	□No	Sinus problems				
	□No	Osteoporosis	□N₀	Shortness of breath				
	□No	Ovarian Cyst	□No	Slow healing sores				
	□No	Parkinson's Disease	□No	Speech difficulties				
	□No	Rheumatic Fever	□No	Swollen, stiff or painful joints				
	□No	Rheumatoid Arthritis	□No	Tired muscles				
		AUGUINGUU /MURIUS						

CURRENT SYMPTOMS								
Please identify the level of the head, car	or facial p	ain (1-lowest, 1	0- highest) 9		Pretreat	ment VA	S = 9	
Head Pain  Location  L=Left R=Right B=Bilateral  L□R□B□ Frontal (Forehead)  L□R□B□ Generalized  L□R□B□ Parietal (Top of head)  L□R□B□ Occipital (Back of head)  L□R□B□ Temporal (Temple area)	Recent	Chronic (over 6 mo.)			Duration  Min. Hrs. Days	Frequence Occasional Frequence Occasional Frequence Occasional Frequence		
Do you have pain or discomfort		_						
Jaw Pain  □L □R Jaw pain with opening □L □R Jaw pain when chewin □L □R Jaw pain at rest			Jaw Join ⊠ι □ι	t Sound . ⊠R . □R		opening a chewing		inds in past nov open all the way
Jaw Locking  ⊠Yes □No Jaw locks closed □Yes ⊠No Jaw locks open				′es ∐Ño	oms Teeth elenching Teeth grinding	⊠Day		
Eye Related Conditions  Yes No Blurred vision Yes No Double vision Yes No Eye pain				′es ⊠No	Pain or pressure Extreme sensitiv Wear of glasses of	ity to light (photop	phobia)	
Ear Related Conditions  L R Buzzing in the ears  L R Ear congestion  L R Ear pain L R Hearing loss  Yes No Itchiness or Stuffines	ss in ears		  -  -  -  -		Pain behind the of Pain in front of the Recurrent ear inf Ringing in the ear	he ear lections		
Throat Related Conditions  ☐ Yes ☐ No Chronic sore throat ☐ Yes ☐ No Difficulty swallow ☐ Yes ☐ No Swollen glands				′es ⊠No	Thyroid enlarger Tightness in thro Constant feeling	at	t in throat	
Neck Related Conditions  ☐ Yes ☑ No Limited movement ☐ Yes ☑ No Neck pain	of neck		_		Numbness in har Swelling in the n			

Shoulder Related Conditions  Yes No Shoulder pain Shoulder stiffness	☐Yes ☑No Tingling in hands or fingers
Back Related Conditions    Yes	☐Yes ☑No Sciatica ☐Yes ☑No Scoliosis
Mouth and Nose Related Conditions  ☐ Yes ☑ No Dry mouth ☐ Yes ☑ No Chronic sinusitis ☐ Yes ☑ No Frequent snoring	Yes       No       Burning tongue         Yes       No       Broken teeth         Yes       No       Frequent biting of the cheek
Sleep Conditions  Sleep Positions  Side Back Stomach Varies  Is it easy to fall asleep?  Do you feel rested upon AM waking?  Stopped breathing during sleep?  Please select Yes or No are  Stomach Varies  Yes No  Yes No	Average hours of sleep per night? 6.5  Do you wake often during the night? Yes No Gasping or Choking during sleep? Yes No Have you ever had a Sleep Study (PSG)? Yes No Result was
HISTORY OF SYMPTOMS On what date, or approximate date, did this condition or symptom  Yes No Does any family member have the same or similar Can you relate your pain or condition to a motor vehicle accident If yes, please complete Trauma History Section, enclosed as a sep-	problem? If yes, please explain or traumatic injury?



- April 2009 a bite block was used to clean her teeth and after that is when she first noticed noises in her TMJ's
- Stopped noticing noises and had limited opening

Objective

## CLINICAL EXAM

	Date of Examination: 03/27/2013
Review of Questionnaire Signatures Noted	
Vitals: Neck 14 Height 5'3.5" Weight 130 BMI	22.67 B.P. 118/77 Pulse 70 Respirations 0 Temp 0
A. Mandibular Ranges of Motion Measure	ments   Not Performed
Maximum opening without pain 37 mm Maximum	opening with pain 37 mm Maximum left lateral excursion 3 mm
	protrusion 7 mm Deflection to the left 1 mm
Deflection to the right 0 mm Deviation to	to the left 0 mm Deviation to the right 2 mm
Normal ranges of motion based on cranial skeletal types are: 42 10-14 mm of lateral movement both right and left <sup>1</sup>	2-52 mm maximum opening, 8-12 mm protrusive, and
B. Dental Classifications and Relationship	ps   Not Performed
Dental Molar L Class 1 , Overjet (horizontal overlap) Division 3 mm, normal range 1-2	
Dental Molar R Class 1 , Overbite (vertical overlap)  Division 3 mm, normal range 1-2	Mandibular skeletal midline deviation: Maxillary skeletal midline deviation  mm left 0 mm, right 0 mm left 0 mm, right 0 mm
Skeletal Class I ☐ Class I ☐	Class III Crossbites Present
Spacing Upper: Mild Mod Severe Lower	r:
Posterior Openbite: left 0 mm, right 0 mm  Anterior Openbite: left 1 mm, right 0 mm	OLU IV OLU ET IIIII TORGOV TOLINE ET IIII

\*Grummons, Duanne. Orthodontics for the TMJ/TMD Patient.

# CLINICAL EXAM

C. Dental Examination			☐ Not Performed
Missing teeth 1,16,17,32	Mobile teeth		Sensitivity
Caries: large / deep	Caries: small / superficial		Attrition
Fractured / trauma	Damaged restoration	Periode	ontal Disease
When	When	Hygien	e ⊠Good □Fair □Poor
D. Oral Prosthetics			☐ Not Performed
Complete Dentures: Upper [] , Lower [	Partial Dentures:	Upper ☐ , Lower ☐	
E. Oral Appliances Currentl	y Used		☐ Not Performed
Night guard (full coverage) hard □, soft □ upper □, lower□	Athletic appliances	Positioned	appliances: upper ☐, lower ☐
Sleep Airway Appliances Describe:		Compliant Intolerant	
F. Cervical Ranges of Motio	n		☐ Not Performed
	Seated right rotation 85 degree Pain? Yes No⊠ rotation, 55-60° of flexion and e	Pain? Yes⊡ No∑	Extension 55 degrees  → Pain? Yes No  → No

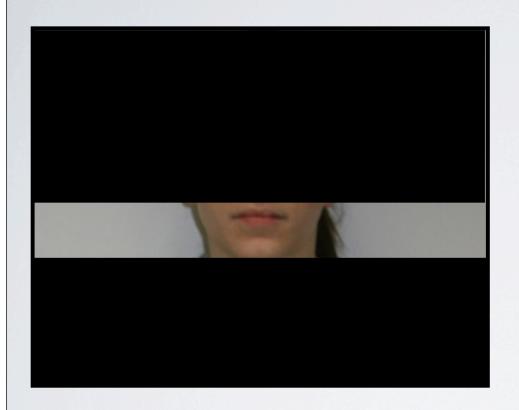
\*Hoppenfeld, Stanley. Physical Examination of the Spine and Extremities

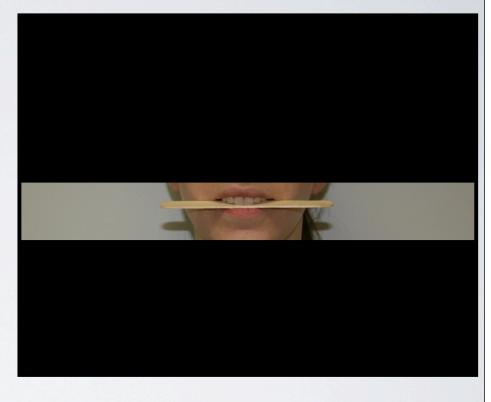
## POSTURE EVALUATION

G. Photographs	☐ Not Performed
Full Face: with tongue blade without tongue blade both  Facial asymmetry Coccusal cant up to left Coccusal cant up to left Ear left externally rotated Ear right externally rotated Ear right internally rotated Ear right internally rotated Coccusal cant up to left Coccusal	ulusal cant up to right
Standing Posture: Frontal Sagittal Back Revealed the follow	owing:
Tolward flood posterio.	Shoulder cant: up to left ⊠ up to right ☐ eet Divergent: left ☐ right ☑ both ☐
TM Joint Vibration Analysis (Hard and Soft Tissue Evaluation in Function)	
Taken Printed Printed	
II. Doctor's Evaluation	
A. Limited Opening Evaluation	□ Not Performed
Soft end feel ☐ Hard end feel ☑	

Hard end feel would be consistent with Anterior Disc Displacement Without Reduction

## POSTURE EVALUATION





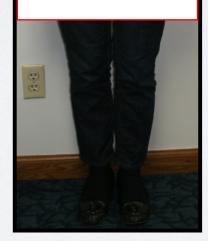
<sup>\*</sup>Fonder, A.C. The Role of the Dental Physician.

<sup>\*</sup>Fonder, A.C. Dental Distress, Respiratory, and Posture Problems.

## POSTURE EVALUATION

Patient Standing; Left Side View Patient Standing; Front View Patient Standing; Right Side View







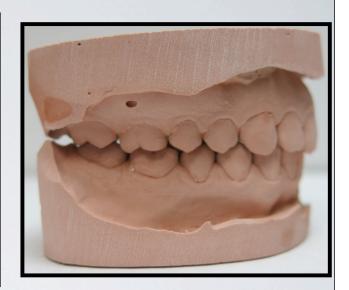
\*Fonder, A.C. The Role of the Dental Physician.

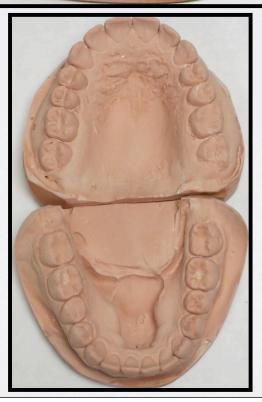
\*Fonder, A.C. Dental Distress, Respiratory, and Posture Problems.

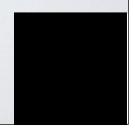
# CLINICAL MODELS











## SLEEP & AIRWAY EVALUATION

C. Sleeping and Airway Evaluation					Not Performed
Epworth rating	4				
Can the patient get to sleep easily?	Yes⊠	No			
Can the patient stay asleep throughout the night?	Yes X	No.			
Does the patient wake rested?	Yes⊠	No.			
What is the patient's sleeping position?	Back	Side [	Stomacl	Varies⊠	
Tonsils	Absent	Purulent ☐	WNL 🖂		
Hypertrophied pharyngeal tonsils:  Left-category 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □  Right-category 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □			Adenoids	Present Absent Obstructive	☐ Purulent ☑ Within normal limits
Palato-glossus & Palato-pharyngeal walls:  Left-category 1 □ 2 □ 3 ⊠ 4 □  Right-category 1 □ 2 □ 3 ⊠ 4 □			Uvula	Elongated Absent Edematous Enlarged Obstructs aire	☑ Within normal limits
Mallampati (tongue height)	dina) din		Soft Palate	Firm Loss of tone Appears to ob	☐ Low draping ☑ Within normal limits struct airway
Class 2 Class 3 Class 4	a c		Gag Reflex	☐ Firm ☐ Exaggerated	☑ Within normal limits

## INTRA-ORAL EVALUATION

D. Dental Occlusal Evaluati	on		☐ Not Performed
	Location		
Within normal limits			
Occlusal prematurity			
☐ Protrusive interferences			
☐ Distalizing contacts			
<ul> <li>Dysfunctional right lateral mandibula</li> </ul>	r movement. Describe:		
Dysfunctional left lateral mandibular	movement. Describe:		
F. C. Ivin I Francisco			☐ Not Performed
E. Gross Intra-oral Examina	tion,		
Tongue	Location	Other	Location
Scalloping of tongue		Ulcer	
<ul> <li>Swollen or painful tongue</li> </ul>		Abcess	
☐ Coated		☐ Gingival inflammation	
		☐ Gingival recession	
Reddened		<ul> <li>Loss of attached tissue</li> </ul>	
Fissured		<ul> <li>Hyperkeratosis of buccal mucosa</li> </ul>	
Geographic		∑ Tori	Mandibular to
☐ Tongue thrust		Swollen or painful salivary glands	
☐ Ankyloglossia (tongue-tie)		Swollen or painful tonsils	
Tongue posture above occlusal plan	e		st:
Retracts into airway on opening			st:
☐ Protrusion on opening		Other abnormalities.	st:
☐ Within normal limits		Maxilla - Level of hard palate:	Vaulted
		☐ Moderately Vaulted ☐ Narr	row Micrognathia
		Mandible - ⊠WNL □Nan	row Micrognathia
		Other:	
e contains en			☐ Not Performed
F. Cranial Nerve Exam			Lintothicu
☐ Cranial nerve examination was within	normal limits		

# TONGUE SCALLOPING



\*Weiss, Atanasov, Calhoun. Otolaryngology Head Neck Surgery 2005. The association of tongue scalloping with obstructive sleep apnea and related sleep pathology.

# MUSCLE PALPATIONS

	0 = No Tenderness, 1 = Mild Tenderness, 2 - Moderate	Pain, 3 - Severe Pain
Muscles		5
Anterior Temporalis	Left	Right
•	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0
Middle Temporalis	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0
Posterior Temporalis	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0
Lateral Temporomandibular Capsule	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0
Posterior Joint space	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0
Deep Masseter	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0
Superficial Masseter	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0
Stylomandibular Ligament	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0
Sternocleidomastoid	0 ( 1 • 2 ( 3 (	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0
Styloid Process	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0
Trapezius insertion at occiput	0 () 1 () 2 (• 3 ()	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0
Greater Occipital	0 () 1 () 2 (• 3 ()	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0
Splenius Capitis	0 ( 1 ( 2 • 3 (	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0
Lesser Occipital	0 ( 1 ( 2 • 3 ( )	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0
Greater Auricular Nerve	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0
Trapezius Neck Area	0 ( 1 • 2 ( 3 (	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0
Trapezius Shoulder Area	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0
Cervical VertebraLevel	0 ⊙ 1 ⊝ 2 ⊝ 3 ⊝ Level	
Anterior Digastric	0 • 1 • 2 • 3 •	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0
Temporal Tendon insertion on ramus	0 • 1 • 2 • 3 •	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0
Medial Pterygoid	0 () 1 () 2 () 3 ()	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0
Buccinator Origin	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0
Buccinator Insertion	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0
Vertex	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0	0.010.2030
Gland		
Parotid Gland	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0
Sublingual Gland	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0
Submandibular Gland Other:	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0

<sup>\*</sup>Simmons III, Gibbs. 2005 Journal of Craniomandibular Practice.

<sup>\*</sup>Fonder, A.C. The Role of the Dental Physician.

<sup>\*</sup>Fonder, A.C. Dental Distress, Respiratory, and Posture Problems.

# CLINICAL EXAM

H. TM Joint Sounds (Vibrations significant enough to displace air produce sound)  1. Sonography  2. Doppler  3. Stethoscopic  4. Unassisted Hearing
Sonography 2. Doppler 3. Stethoscopic 4. Unassisted Hearing     □ Opening click Right
No joint noises currently however, history of noises in past
☐ Opening crepitus Right☐ Left ☐ ☐ Closing crepitus Right☐ Left ☐
Motor Reflex Testing (Evaluation of structural injury that produces positive avoidance mechanisms, based belance)      Not Performed
Wall Test  ☐ Negative away from wall, consistent without structural injury posture avoidance ☐ Positive away from wall, consistent with structural injury posture avoidance ☐ Negative against wall, consistent with an injury above the waist ☐ Positive against wall, consistent with an injury at the waist or below ☐ Stabilized (return of balance) with 2 tongue blade/blades away from the wall, consistent with TM joint as primary reason for postural instability.
Parachute Test
<ul> <li>Negative for scratching, consistent with TM joint not triggering a sympathetic response</li> <li>Positive for scratching, consistent with a TM joint that is stimulating a sympathetic response</li> </ul>
Stabilized with 2 tongue blade/blades, consistent with an injured/inflamed TM joint
Dark / Light Test
☐ Negative, able to hold arm position while looking at a black field, consistent with normal response.
Positive, unable to hold arm position while looking at a black field, consistent with autonomic dystrophy
Stabilized with      ☐ tongue blade/blades, consistent with TM joint decompression to change neurologic response

\*400 References available for Motor Nerve Reflex Testing

# IMAGING

III. Imaging and Testing for Completing Dia	agnosis	-PRE TREATMENT			
EDITICON APPEARS IN SOFTWARE FOR IMAGING EXA					
OR PRINT HARD COPIES FROM FO KEY: $\mathbf{B} = Brought$ in by patient $\mathbf{P} = Performed$ on s					
,	ne today	Nuclear Imaging			
Arthrogram B I	P[] 0[ P[] 0[ P[] 0[]	Positron Emission Tomography Bone		P	
MRI. ⊠ TMJ right □, left □ bilaterici⊠ B□	PO 90	☐ EMG (electromyography) ☐ Jaw Tracking (electrognathic tracing) ☐ JVA (Joint Vibration Analysis)	B∏ B∏ 6∏		
☑ AP Tomograms         B☐         I           ☑ Panoramic         B☐         I           ☐ Lateral cervical spine         B☐         I           ☐ Frontal PA Skull         B☐         I		Waters   AP cervical spine   Submental vertex   FMR	B[] B[] B[] B[]		
☐ Rhinometer (nasal function study) ☐ Overnight Pulse Oximetry ☐ Attended Sleep Study (Polysomnography, PSG)B☐	FD 00 FD 00 FD 00 FD 00 FD 00	Polysomnogram or Unattended Sleep Study Date	event = 22 Sat = 12 = 'N = index =		

### MRI ORDER

April 7, 2013



To whom it may concern,

represented to me with pain in the TMJ region. Please see my attached notes for clinical diagnosis and treatment plan. This plan may change pending the results of the MRI. I suspect that her articular discs are locked in an anterior position and want to evaluate the soft tissue regions of the TMJ complex. Patient will bring in CBCT and tongue blades for stabilization during the image.

#### MRI Protocol for Temporomandibular Disorders

Please obtain the following images on our patients sent for imaging of the temporomandibular joint:

- T1 weighted or proton density sagittal oblique images with mouth closed on posterior teeth or in habitual swallowing bite.
- T2 weighted sagittal oblique images with mouth closed on posterior teeth or in habitual swallowing bite.
- T1 weighted or proton density coronal oblique images with mouth close on posterior teeth or in habitual swallowing bite.
- T1 weighted or proton density sagittal oblique with mouth open using tongue blades provided as mouth prop between upper and lower incisor teeth.
- T1 weighted or proton density coronal oblique images with mouth open using tongue blades provided as mouth prop between upper and lower incisor teeth.

All images should be bilateral. All images should be obliqued so that the sagittal oblique images are perpendicular to the long axis of the condyle and the coronal oblique images

adjacent structures medial and lateral to the condyle on the sagittal images and of adjacent structures posterior and anterior to the condyle on the coronal images.

Please have the patient place the posterior teeth together (or, when no posterior teeth exist, in the habitual swallowing position, i.e., swallow and hold that jaw position) while doing closed mouth imaging. No images at jaw resting position are necessary.

The patient will bring a stack of tongue blades taped together at the appropriate thickness for the open mouth imaging. Please ask the patient to place these between the incisor teeth when the open mouth images are to be obtained. The flat side of the tongue blades should touch the upper and lower incisor teeth. The patient should be asked to open briefly to the maximum and then close on the tongue blades. This procedure and final interincisal distance should be documented in the report.

All imaging is the best performed utilizing a dedicated TMJ coil. All images should be obtained with spinecho or "fast spin-echo" or equivalent sequences. Proton density images may be substituted for T1 weight images. It is important that pixel dimensions be approximately 0.5 x 0.5 mm-i.e., ideally using a 256 x 256 matrix and FOV of 12 x 12 cm. Phase encoding steps may generally be reduced to about 200 to save imaging time. Accurate communication between the radiologist and referring dentist is vital.

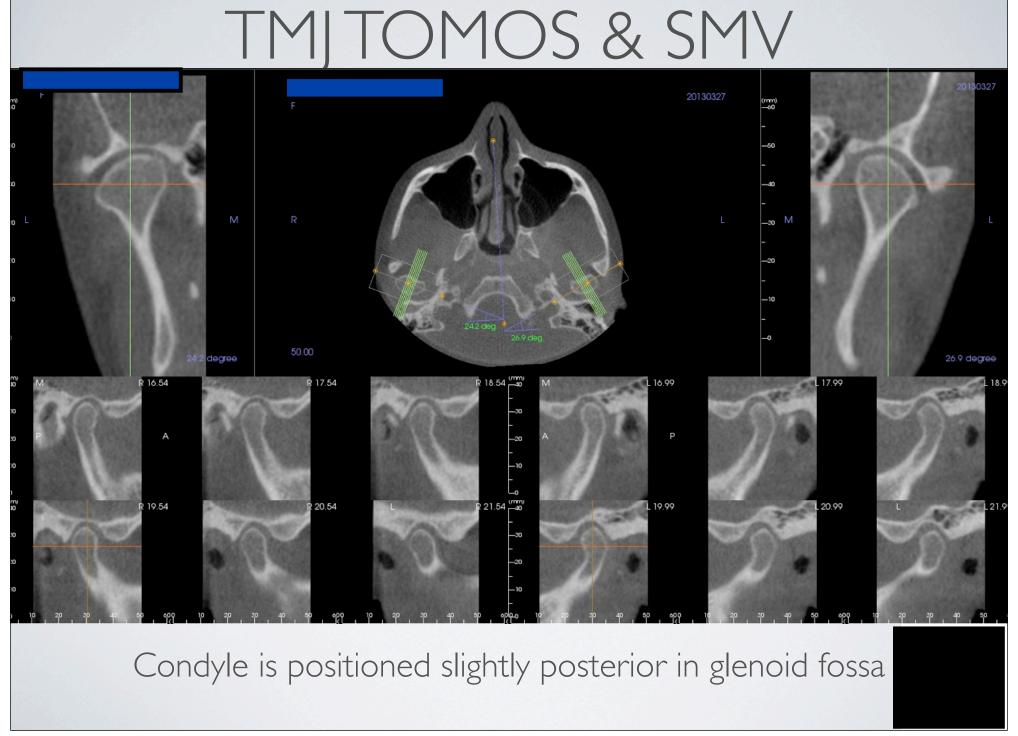
Let us discuss any items or issues, such as equipment limitations, that are not completely clearly defined in the protocol.

Very sincerely,

- Patient declined recommendation for MRI due to no insurance coverage and cost

\*Simmons HC, Gibbs SJ. Journal of Craniomandibular Practice 1998. A Protocol for MRI of the TMJ.

# No remarkable findings



### NOSE AND AIRWAY

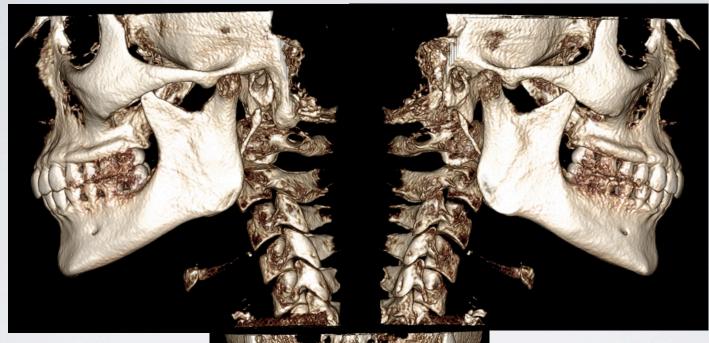


Cottle's Maneuver Not Effective

Appears to be large airway, however...

- \*Fitzpatrick, M.F. European Respiratory Journal. Effect of Nasal or Oral Breathing Route on Upper Airway Resistance During Sleep
- \*Rhee, Weaver. Otolaryngology Head and Neck Surgery. Clinical consensus statement: Diagnosis and management of nasal valve compromise.

# 3D RENDERING





<sup>\*</sup>Fonder, A.C. The Role of the Dental Physician.

<sup>\*</sup>Fonder, A.C. Dental Distress, Respiratory, and Posture Problems.

## RADIOLOGY REPORT

### Nasal airway:

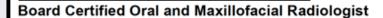
Large right, middle, and inferior nasal turbinates within the nasal cavity. If the patient describes difficulty in breathing through the nose, clinical correlation is recommended.\*\* Temporomandibular assessment:

- Degenerative changes are not associated with the right temporomandibular joint complex. The cortical borders of the right condyle, glenoid fossa, and articular eminence are smooth and continuous. In maximum intercuspation, the condyle is positioned slightly posterior within the glenoid fossa.\*\*
- 2. Degenerative changes are not associated with the left temporomandibular joint complex. The cortical borders of the left condyle, glenoid fossa, and articular eminence are smooth and continuous. In maximum intercuspation the condyle is positioned slightly posterior within the glenoid fossa.\*\*

Findings/Pathology:

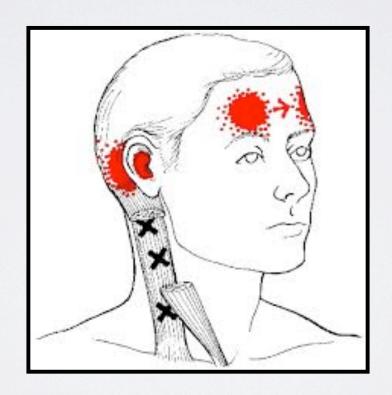
,	gerpanneregy		
Please contact (		for any questions regarding volume da	ata findings.
Sincerely,			

Otherwise, no findings/pathology was noted within the field of view.



### WORKING DIAGNOSIS

- (Suspected) Bilateral Anterior Disc Displacement without Reduction 830.0
- Bilateral Capsulitis of the TMJ's-726.90
- Referred Ear Pain 388.72 (styloid process, SCM)



<sup>\*</sup>Travell.Simmons.Myofacial Pain and Dysfuntion.

### TREATMENT PLAN

V. T	reatment Goals and Recommendations with Prog	nosi	s
Α. ΄	Treatment Goals TMD		
	Decompression of the TM joints	_	Reducing muscle pain
$\boxtimes$	Reducing inflammation	_	Improving mandibular ranges of motion
$\boxtimes$	Reducing pain in the TM joints	$\boxtimes$	Strengthening the musculoskeletal system
$\boxtimes$	Reducing adverse joint loading		Other: describe

C.	Treatment Goals Sleep/Airw	ay	
	Improved Breathing Through:  ☐ FDA/OAT ☐ pending results of sleep study (PSG)	C PAP appliance design to be det	C PAP & FDA/OAT
		sleep disorders will be investigated during	
D.	Recommended Treatment  Coronoplasty (occlusal equilibration)		Manipulation with anesthesia to reduce dislocation
	☐ Manipulation without anesthesia to redu	uce dislocation	None
<u>A</u>	ppliance Therapy		
		<ul> <li>Splint appliances</li> </ul>	☐ Sleep Appliances
	Maxillary	Day Night 24 hou	12 weeks
	Mandibular	x	12 weeks

\*Pertes, RA, Gross, S. Clinical Management of Temporomandibular Disorders and Orofacial Pain. \*Woodside, D. Condyle-fossa modifications and muscle interactions during herbst treatment.

### APPLIANCE DESIGN

Daytime Orthotic (anterior repositioning appliance)

- Mandibular full coverage thermoforming
- Posterior centric contacts
- Lingual disclusion elements
- No protrusive or buccal interferences





### APPLIANCE DESIGN

Nighttime Orthotic (anterior repositioning appliance)

- Maxillary full coverage thermoforming
- Anterior contact only
- Farrar anterior plane with hole for tongue





### TREATMENT PLAN

Pl	nysio	cal Medicine Modalities						
	$\bowtie$	Aerobic conditioning			Medication regim	nen	$\boxtimes$	Soft diet
		Biofeedback			Moist heat			Soft tissue mobilization
	$\boxtimes$	Cold laser therapy			Myofunctional the			Transcutaneous electro-neuro
		Cranial therapy			Nerve block injec			stimulation (TENS)
		Electrical stimulation			Neuromuscular n		닏	Trigger point injections
		Functional exercises to impre mandibular ranges of motion		⊠	Nutritional couns		Н	Ultrasound Vapocoolant spray and stretch
	П	loe	'		Postural education			
				님	Preventive couns	-	Ц	Other describe Prolotherapy
	П	Iontophoresis		L.J	Radiofrequency r	neurolysis		, ,
Hea	alth	Care Referral RECOMM	MENDATIONS F	OR REFERRAL	TO REACH MMI W	ATH INTERDISCIPLINARY CA	RE_	
	$\boxtimes$	I recommend referral to	Sie	ep Disorder Cente	BIL	for evaluation and treatmer	nt of	possible sleep disordered breatt
		In addition, I recommend	referral to			for evaluation and treatmen	nt of	
		I further recommend refer	ral to			for evaluation and treatmer	nt of	
E.	Su	irgery						
1-122300		Arthrocentesis:	right 🔲 ,	left 🔲 ,	bilateral			Closed lock reduction
		Arthroplastic surgery:	right []],	left ☐,	bilateral 🗌			Surgery of the TMJ
		Arthroscopic surgery:	right 🔲 ,	left 🔲 ,	bilateral 🗌			Other
		Arthroscopic surgery with implant prosthesis:	right 🔲 ,	left 🔲 ,	bilateral 🗌			describe
F.	Pr	ognosis		20000000			3.5	
		Excellent Go	od	⊠ Fair	☐ Guardeo	□Poor		Unknown

All clinical tests, risks, and treatment alternatives were reviewed with patient.

Patient understood potential need for manual manipulation or arthrocentesis.

## CLINICAL RECORDS

Records Appointment (4-10-13)

- Medium aqualizer worn for 10 minutes prior to bite records
- Daytime and nighttime physiologic phonetic bite records taken
- Two maxillary and mandibular impressions border lock trays





\*Singh,Olmos.Sleep Breathing 2007.Use of sibilant phoneme registration protocol to prevent upper airway collapse in patients with TMD

### DELIVERY OF APPLIANCES

Delivery Appointment (5-1-13)

- Medium aqualizer worn for 10 minutes prior to delivery
- Delivered day and night orthotic
- Reviewed wear & care guidelines and sleep hygiene
- Discussed healthy diet recommendations and gave handout
- Gave patient Range of Motion Exercises and reviewed

### DELIVERY OF APPLIANCES

### RANGE OF MOTION EXERCISES

There are three exercises:

- Max opening
- Left lateral movement
- Right lateral movement

### Max opening:

 Open as wide as you can then apply pressure on chin using your hand to help increase opening. You may feel a pull. Hold this for 30 seconds and then release.
 Do this a total of 4x, 4x daily. There is a 30 second rest between repetitions.

### Left lateral movement:

Slide your jaw as far as you can to the left then using your hand, apply pressure from the opposite side of the way you are moving and hold for 30 seconds. You may feel a pull. Do this a total of 4x, 4x daily. There is a 30 second rest between repetitions.

### Right lateral movement:

- Slide your jaw as far as you can to the right then using your hand, apply pressure from the opposite side of the way you are moving and hold for 30 seconds. You may feel a pull. Do this a total of 4x, 4x daily. There is a 30 second rest between repetitions.
- · Do each exercise 4 times, hold for 30 seconds, at least 4x daily.

We are trying to break adhesions so it will be normal for your jaw to make sounds as well as experience slight soreness.

## PROGRESS EVALUATIONS

	TMD PROGRESS REF	PORT
	of your head, ear or facial pain since y ircle your choice of: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,	your last visit? (0 – none, 1- lowest, 10 – highe: , 6, 7, 8, 9, 10
2. What has improved since	your last visit?	
	body continue to be painful?	
4. What has been your chief	complaint(s) since your last visit?	
5. What medications are yo	u taking for relief of pain?	
6. Is it easy to fall asleep? _	Do you wake during the night?	Do you feel rested upon AM Waking?
	day, I have worn my appliances	_hours/dayhours/night
<ol><li>When do you remove you</li></ol>		
	is helping you? (Please Circle)	
	to a chiropractor, massage therapist,	
You feel that the therapy	is helping you? (Please Circle)	YES NO
Patient Name	Patient Signature	Date
*Notes for Review #1-10	OFFICE USE ONLY	
ROM W/O ORTHOTIC Interincisal Openingmm		ORTHOTIC CHECK pliance Insert/Reline/Adjust
Lateral Excursion Rtmm	Night Ap	opliance Insert/Reline/Adjust
Lateral Excursion Ltmm Protrusivemm	Parachute Test: W/ Day Ortholic W/ Night	Wall Test: Orthotic W/ Day Orthotic W/ Night Orthotic
	+ - w/o Appliance + w/o /	Appliance + - w/o Appliance + w/o Appliance
Blood Pressure Heart Rate	+ - w/ Appliance + - w/ Ap	ppliance +-w/Appliance +-w/Appliance
neuri kule	*Tod	Say's Primary:
hief Complaints:		ved or Recommendations:
	1	%
	2.	%%
	3	96
	4	96
	5.	96
OMPLIANCE: ORTHOTIC WI dditional lotes:	EARMEDS	REFERRAL
teview of Meds:	Reviewed by:	Seen by:
REATMENTS:		
rigger Point Sites:	= Delivered M	
rolo Therapy sites:	= Delivered M	Sarapin Depomedrol Procaine 1%  Meds: .5cc .5cc 1.5cc Dextrose BacH2O Lidocaine 2%
ASER: C-Spine/Traps TM/N	fasseter <u>LI4</u> Other PMT	Deallose Davillo Lidocallic 270
ost Treatments - Percent reduction	of symptoms reported by patient:	

## PROGRESS EVALUATIONS



# PROGRESS EVALUATION

TMD PROGRESS REPORT 5/9/13
TMD PROGRESS REPORT 5/9/13
What has been the level of your head, ear or facial pain since your last visit? (1- lowest, 10 - highest)  Circle your choice
12 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 at
the clerich of teens like before could this long to
Lieux by your body continue to be painful?
4. What has been your chief complaint(s) since your last visit? I don't know how to wear the night are cerntartably. I haven't been sleep, we as well, any bottom gams are getting a little beatup.  5. What medications are you taking for relide of bairs.
6. Is it easy to fall asleans soft of
6. Is it easy to fall asleep?   Do you wake during the night?   Do you feel rested upon AM Waking?   On average, in a 24 hour day, I have worn my appliances  When do you remove your appliance(s)?  Do you feel our treatment it hallows with the night?   Do you feel our treatment it hallows with the night?
9. Do you feel our treatment is helping you? (Please Circle) (YES) NO
of the present of the contractor marrage therapist or shyrical therapist do
Please Circle) YES NO
5-9-13 Date
Date 9-13
Patient Signature Date OFFICE USE
Notes for Review of #1-10
ROM W/ ORTHOTIC ORTHOTIC CHECK
terincisal Opening # mm
nteral Excursion Rt 10 mm Night Appliance Insert/Reline/Adjust Wall Test:  Parachute Test: W/Day Office Insert/Reline/Adjust W/Day Office Inse
W/ Day Orthotic W/ Night Orthotic W/ Day Orthotic
od Pressure W/o Appliance + -
art Rate
Resolved or Recommendation
PALAL KOUNT IN COMMANDE
MITTER MOUNT 2. 75% resolved
aw for Resolution
GIVI WINT NUISES 5.
6.
Z STEPPEN &
ANGE: OPTHOTIC WEAR 1006 MEDS REFERRAL
IANCE: ORTHOTIC WEAR
IANCE: ORTHOTIC WEAR 1000 MEDS REFERRAL PROPERTY AS A PRESENTIAL
Reviewed by:

TMD Progress Report (5-9-13)

### Chief Complaints

- 1. Jaw Joint Locking 100% Resolved
- 2. Limited Ability to Open 75% Resolved
- 3. Jaw Pain 95% Resolved
- 4. Jaw Joint Noises 50% Resolved (Joint Noises Present Again)

ROM:

Interincisal 44 mm

Rt Lateral 10 mm

Lt Lateral 10 mm

Protrusive 8 mm

ROM: (Pretreatment)

Interincisal 37 mm

Rt Lateral 9 mm

Lt Lateral 3 mm

Protrusive 7 mm

### \* Patient reported jaw joint noises within 24 hours

#### Recommendations

- Continue with recommended treatment

	(11)
TMD PROGRESS REPO	Q\\D\13
What has been the level of your board	KI
What has been the level of your head, ear or facial pain since you Circle your choice	or last visit? (1- lowest, 10 - highest)
1 2 (3) 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	mgnest)
2. What has improved since your last visits my bottom teeth don't get	some at night
3. What other	sometimes (I can't figure out a pattern for when
2. What has improved since your last visit?  3. What other areas of your body continue to be painful?  4. What has been your chief complete the interval of the state of the s	this fee
4. What has been your chief complaint(s) since your last visit? for a felt minth - someways - Injurated willow	for date my mala col(co.) happen)
felt paned - some ser - Durater below  5. What medications are you taken below  5.	tew days my molare (esp top, I think)
6. Is it easy to fall asless? I took a fee	~ Improfer
5. What hedications are you taking for relief of pain? I took a too.  6. Is it easy to fall asleep? 5. Do you wake during the night? at the control of the pain of	Do you feel rested upon AM Waking? mostly
8. When do you remove your appliance(s)? to dean them  9. Do you feel our treatment is habitation.	nours/ady <u>a</u> nours/night
9. Do you feel our treatment is helping you? (Please Circle)	(ES) NO
You feel that the "y going to a chiropractor, massage therapist,	or physical therapist, do
OU? (Please Circle) YES	(NO)
6-10-13	
Dgte 6-10-13	
Date	
OFFICE USE	
**Notes for Review of #1-10	
	ORTHOTIC CHECK
Interincisal Openina 40 mm Day Al	ppliance Inser/Reline/Adjust
Lateral Excursion Rt 16 mm Lateral Excursion Lt 4 mm Parachute Test:	Appliance Visert/Peline/Adjust Wall Test:
W/ Day Orthotic W/ Nig	Mall Test:  ht Orthotic W/ Day Orthotic W/ Night Orthotic Appliance + W/ Appliance  Appliance + W/ Appliance
Protrusive 9 mm (+) - w/o Appliance (+) - w/o	Appliance + w/o Appliance
Blood Pressure 109 172 + - w/ Appliance + - w/ Appliance	Application Of the Party of the
1	
Chief Complaints:	Resolved or Recommendations:
1/3/4) 10(1/4   0/1/1/1/4	(ISO) VEO
Timited willty to open mouth 2.	7) 00
3 (61.) 10010	2010
4. Jally lough noises	20 1
5	
6.	
MEDS	REFERRAL Oskopath
COMPLIANCE: ORTHOTIC WEAR MEDS	
Additional Prince Suratury + OS+ = Martillo P	still has significant joint
	Rom have improved. Pt 13
some houses Dain is well completion for	reveral may refer to Dr. Cantieri for
notes, however the fire weeks. At west	104-1
feary of my	
Justo Juraba	Reviewed by:
/ CMades	Reviewed by:
Review of Meds:	
	Seen by:
Treatment:	Phonophoresis sites:
Ultrasound sites:	
Total haracis sites:	
Iontophoresis sites:	
Delivered Meds: Epinephrine Lidocaine 2%	Prolo Therapy sites:
Solff-Hierror Physics	
Trigger Point Sites:	Delivered Meds:
Delivered Meds: Denomedral Lidocaine 2%	Dextrose Bactizo
Delivered Meds: Depomedrol Lidocaine 2%	Infrared sites: CORV RIGHT RESERVED
Sarapin	Infrared sites:

### TMD Progress Report (6-10-13)

#### Chief Complaints

- 1. Jaw Joint Locking 100% Resolved
- 2. Limited Ability to Open 75% Resolved
- 3. Jaw Pain 85% Resolved
- 4. Jaw Joint Noises 50% Resolved (Joint Noises Present Again)

ROM:

Interincisal 44 mm

Rt Lateral 10 mm

Lt Lateral 9 mm

Protrusive 8 mm

ROM: (Pretreatment)

Interincisal 37 mm

Rt Lateral 9 mm

Lt Lateral 3 mm

Protrusive 7 mm

- Continue with recommended treatment
- Referred to osteopath for sacral pain
- Begin prolo therapy next appointment

MOTTAGLA	TMD PROGRESS REPORT 2872
What has been the level of your h     Circle vo	head, ear or facial pain since your last visit? (0 – none, 1- lowest, 10 – highest)
2. What has impressed in	
<ol> <li>What has improved since your la.</li> <li>What other areas of your body c.</li> </ol>	st visit? my jaw continues to up on the point of the production of the point of the
What has been your chief compl     What modified to	aint(s) since your last visit? The mantagolynnessures one fry my back started to hart
6. Is it easy to fall aslean?	g for relief of pains N/A teeth formula Int rectarday (but my les michael
	by you wake during the night? \(\sum_Do\) you feel rested upon AM Waking? \(\sum_Do\) nave worn my appliances \(\sum_Do\) hours/day \(\sum_Do\) hours/night \((\sum_Do\)) hours/night
, below treatment is help	ing you? (Plage Circle) (VE) NO
You feel that the thorage is below	niriopractor, massage therapist, or physical therapist, do
	7-8-13
	7-8-15 Date
	OFFICE USE ONLY
Notes for Review of #1-10	and the latest and th
ROM W/ ORTHOTIC	ORTHOTIC CHECK
Interincisal Opening 43 mm	Day Appliance Inself-Reline/Adjust
Lateral Excursion Rt 10 mm Lateral Excursion Lt 13 mm	Night Appliance (nsert/Reline/Adjust Wall Test:
	W/ Night Orthotic W/ Day Orthotic W/ Night Orthotic
Protrusive 8 mm Blood Pressure 115 7-3	
Heart Rate 66	Acute Saeral
Chief Complaints:	Resolved or Recommendations:
1. jawjoint locking	1. 2000
2. limited ability to open	mouth 2. Resolved
	3. 85%
3. Jun pain	- 100 ( closed last was
3 inwigint noises	4. + 50/0 ( chy complete)
Jaw Join nois	
-	5.
5	24 hours MEDS REFERRAL
COMPLIANCE: ORTHOTIC WEAR_	24 hours MEDS
Additional	
Notes:	
	the little A.
	Seen by:
- · - of Mode:	Reviewed by:
Review of Meds:	
TMENTS.	ETPS:
TREATMENTS: Iontophoresis /Phonophoresis sites:	10151
lontophoresis / Honophores	John Joseph Delivered Meds: See Depomedral Procaine
2. 2 n=: 4836: (B) (ASS JM)	Sarapin Depondent
rigger Politics.	
	= Delivered ividus   BacH20   Lidoca
rolo Therapy sites:	Other PMT
	eter LI4 Other PIVII
ACED: (-Spille/ 11app	
	emptoms reported by patient:
ost Treatments - Percent reduction of sy	ymptoms reported by patient:
OSt Trouville	Warrel LC REPRINT RIGHTS ONLY THINGS AND A STATE OF THE S

### TMD Progress Report (7-8-13)

### Chief Complaints

- 1. Jaw Joint Locking 100% Resolved
- 2. Limited Ability to Open 100% Resolved
- 3. Jaw Pain 85% Resolved
- 4. Jaw Joint Noises 50% Resolved (Joint Noises Present Again)

ROM:

Interincisal 43 mm

Rt Lateral 10 mm

Lt Lateral 13 mm

Protrusive 8 mm

ROM: (Pretreatment)

Interincisal 37 mm

Rt Lateral 9 mm

Lt Lateral 3 mm

Protrusive 7 mm

#### Treatment and Recommendations

- -Prolo Therapy Posterior Joint Space and Lateral Capsules bilaterally
- MLS Laser Therapy Masseters
- Continue with treatment and osteopath

TMD PHASE I MMI RECORDS REVIEW	
Patient Name:	
Treatment initiated on: 5-1-13	
Today's Date: 7-30-13 Referring Doctor:	
Tomogram Y Photos Y JVA/JT ROM	
Muscle Palpation Motor Reflex Evaluation Testing	44
I understand that the decompression therapy which has been successful in reducing symptoms has now reached MMI (maximum medical improvement) through Phase I Positioning Orthotic Therapy, and a weaning phase (gradually subsiding wear of orthotic appliances) has been recommended. I understand that the weaning from appliance may result in return of original symptoms and/or new symptoms. If there is a return of symptoms, I have the options to begin additional treatment (types and fee to be determined after evaluation) or to be seen for symptomatic treatments (charged as provided).	
I have been given directions for gradually subsiding appliance therapy (weaning) which includes follow-up evaluation for 2 visits. It has been explained to me and I fully understand that the appliance(s) I am currently wearing are temporary in fabrication and will wear down as time passes with a potential return of symptoms, and that continued wear requires at least monthly monitoring appointments in this office, as well as possible repairs and relines, all of which require additional fees. It has been explained to me and I further understand that with the continued wear of appliances, unusual occurrences can and do happen. These possibilities could include minor tooth movement, loosened teeth or dental restorations, changes in tooth to tooth relationship (i.e. open bite—failure of back teeth to touch) sore mouth, periodontal problems, relationship (i.e. open bite—failure of back teeth to mentioned complications are rare, but muscle spasms, ear pain, neck pain, etc. Any of the mentioned complications are rare, but theoretically may occur. Additional medical and dental risks that have not been mentioned may theoretically may occur.	
also occur.  Once I have completed the weaning process, it has been explained to me and I understand that bi-annual re-evaluations are recommended for the maintenance of my joint health and function. These visits are re-evaluations are recommended for the maintenance of my joint health and function. These visits are re-evaluations are recommended for the maintenance of my joint health and function. These visits are included in the initial treatment plan and separate fees will be charged.	al
7-31-13	
Date	
Signature of Patient	

Pre-Treatment:
Patient Standing,

Front View

Post-Treatment:
Patient Standing,
Front View

Pre-Treatment: Patient Standing, Side View

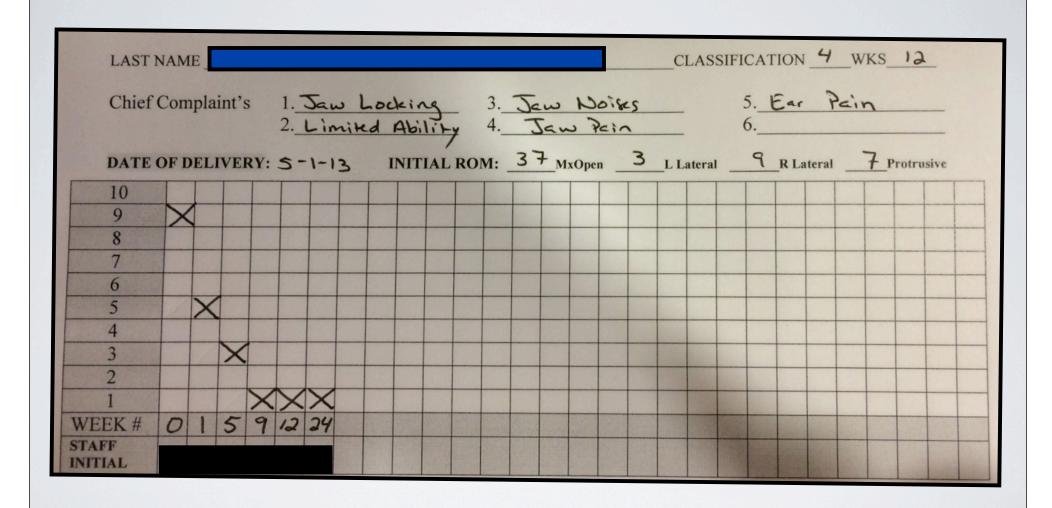
Post-Treatment: Patient Standing; Side View

\*Fonder, A.C. The Role of the Dental Physician.

\*Fonder, A.C. Dental Distress, Respiratory, and Posture Problems.

Left	Right	
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Anterior Temporalis	0 ( 1 ( 2 ( 3 ( )	0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0
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Posterior Temporalis	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0	0 • 1 0 2 0 3 0
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Vertex		0 0 1 0 2 0 3 0
	Anterior Temporalis Middle Temporalis Posterior Temporalis Lateral Temporomandibular Capsule Posterior Joint space Deep Masseter Superficial Masseter Stylomandibular Ligament Sternocleidomastoid Styloid Process Trapezius insertion at occiput Greater Occipital Splenius Capitis Lesser Occipital Splenius Capitis Lesser Occipital Greater Auricular Nerve Trapezius Neck Area Trapezius Shoulder Area Cervical Vertebra Level Anterior Digastric Temporal Tendon insertion on ramus Medial Pterygoid Buccinator Origin Buccinator Insertion	0

Muscle Palpations at MMI showed marked improvement



### Chief Complaints

- I. Jaw Joint Locking 75% Resolved
- 2. Limited Ability to Open 75% Resolved
- 3. Jaw Pain 80% Resolved
- 4. Jaw Joint Noises 75% Resolved

### ROM:

Interincisal 51 mm

Rt Lateral 9 mm

Lt Lateral 7 mm

Protrusive 8 mm

ROM: (Pretreatment)

Interincisal 37 mm

Rt Lateral 9 mm

Lt Lateral 3 mm

Protrusive 7 mm

- Continue with osteopathic treatment
- Prolo Therapy (patient declined today despite improvement since last appointment)
- Weaning of daytime orthotic

## WEANING SCHEDULE

### Weaning Instructions

- 1. You may wait 30-45minutes after eating to remove the appliance in weeks 1-4. (eating can aggravate the TMJ)
- Some feel the need to replace the orthotic during times of stress or exercise; this is okay during weeks 1-4. Please be sure to wear the night appliance anytime you may be lying down.
- 3. If there is a slight aggravation during any phase of weaning you may extend the previous phase for another week, and then proceed to the next phase.

(example: mild jaw pain in week 2, you can continue with weaning in week 2 for another week to be sure the jaw pain or whatever symptom has reduced then proceed)

	Schedule	
Interval	Orthotic Out	Orthotic In
Week 1	1Hour am /pm After Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner	To Eat & Sleep
Week 2	2 Hours am/ pm After Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner	To Eat & Sleep
Week 3	3 Hours am/ pm After Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner	To Eat & Sleep
Week 4	4Hours am/pm After Breakfast, Lunch and Dinner	To Eat & Sleep
Week 5	All Day	Sleep

### WEANING EVALUATION

### TMD Progress Report (8-14-13)

### Chief Complaints

- 1. Jaw Joint Locking 95% Resolved
- 2. Limited Ability to Open 87% Resolved
- 3. Jaw Pain 85% Resolved
- 4. Jaw Joint Noises 83% Resolved

#### ROM:

Interincisal 48 mm Rt Lateral 10 mm Lt Lateral 11 mm

Protrusive 10 mm

ROM: (Pretreatment)
Interincisal 37 mm
Rt Lateral 9 mm
Lt Lateral 3 mm
Protrusive 7 mm

- Continue with nighttime orthotic
- Continue with osteopath
- MLS LaserTherapy Masseters
- Prolo Therapy Posterior Joint Spaces and Lateral Capsules bilaterally (completed today)

## TREATMENT SUMMARY

Patient reported no difficulties weaning from daytime orthotic over the course of 5 weeks

Patient noted minor changes in occlusion (understood reasons), however was not significant enough for her to desire or warrant orthodontic records for Phase 2 treatment

#### Pain Reduced from 9/10 to 1/10 on VAS

Sacral pain is the only pain that continue to persist. Prolo therapy was recommended but because insurance didn't cover it patient declined.

### Chief Complaints

- I. Jaw Joint Locking 95% Resolved
- 2. Limited Ability to Open 87% Resolved (muscular problem now)
- 3. Jaw Pain 85% Resolved
- 4. Jaw Joint Noises 83% Resolved
- 5. Ear Pain 100% Resolved

- Continue use of nighttime orthotic to prevent locking in supine position
- MediByte HST to screen for Sleep Disordered Breathing
- Reevaluate every 6 months to maintain orthopedic stability

## LETTER TO PHYSICIAN

Treatment Complete

Dear Dr.

This letter is offered to document the progress of treatment for mutual patient,

This patient was first examined on 03/27/2013, with chief complaint of jaw joint locking.

The patient also reported: limited ability to open mouth, ear pain and jaw joint noises.

Mandibular Ranges of Motion measurements were: Maximum opening without pain (37 mm); Maximum opening with pain (40 mm); Maximum left lateral excursion (3 mm); Maximum right lateral excursion (9 mm); Maximum protrusion (7 mm); Deflection to the left (1 mm); Deviation to the right (2 mm). Cervical Ranges of Motion show: Painful Seated left rotation (70°); Not painful Seated right rotation (85°); Not painful Flexion (55°); Not painful Extension (55°).

My diagnosis based on clinical examination was: Anterior disc displacement without reduction, sleep disturbance (unspecified), Ligament laxity of the temporomandibular joint, TM joint stiffness and Pain in jaw. Treatment consisted of: Orthopedic Appliance Therapy with (Night) ON3 and (Day) OD3 appliances. Physical medicine modalities included: Aerobic conditioning, Nutritional counseling and Soft diet.

Phase I TM joint stabilization/rehabilitation has been completed and Janice has reached maximum medical improvement orthopedically. Post phase I treatment ranges of motion measured on 9-26-13 are: 49 mm maximum opening, left lateral movement 8 mm, right lateral movement 9 mm, protrusion 10 mm. Normal ranges of motion based on cranial skeletal types are: 42-52 mm maximum opening, 8-12 mm protrusive and 10-14mm of lateral movement both right and left.

The patient's chief complaint of jaw joint locking has been resolved 100%. The patient has successfully weaned from the day-time orthotic but continues to wear orthotics during the night for protection against para functional (clenching/grinding) activity and/or airway obstruction. The patient has been placed on a recall for re-evaluation. The long term prognosis for this patient is Excellent. Joints that have been orthopedically compromised/injured have a greater potential for re-injury.

Please update your records and feel free to contact our office for further information on this patient. Once again, thank you for your confidence in referrals.

#### Chief Complaints

#### % Resolved or Recommendations

1.	Jaw Joint Locking	100% Resolved
2.	Limited ability to open	93% Resolved
3.	Jaw Pain	80% Resolved
4.	Jaw Noises	85% Resolved

## POSTTREATMENT EVAL

### TMD Progress Report (11-21-13)

### Chief Complaints

- 1. Jaw Joint Locking 100% Resolved
- 2. Limited Ability to Open 90% Resolved
- 3. Jaw Pain 95% Resolved
- 4. Jaw Joint Noises 85% Resolved
- 5. Ear Pain 100% Resolved

#### ROM:

Interincisal 49 mm Rt Lateral 10 mm Lt Lateral 10 mm Protrusive 10 mm ROM: (Pretreatment)

Interincisal 37 mm

Rt Lateral 9 mm

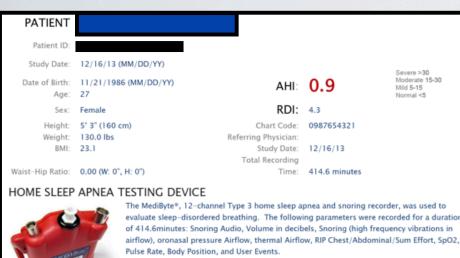
Lt Lateral 3 mm

Protrusive 7 mm

- Continue with nighttime orthotic
- MLS Laser Therapy
- Patient declined further Prolo Therapy
- Patient agreed to MediByte (given today)

## CLINICAL PROCEDURES

### MediByte Home Sleep Test (12-16-13)



evaluate sleep-disordered breathing. The following parameters were recorded for a duration

Note: Respiratory events were scored using the following rules: Apneic events required a 90% or more reduction in airflow, Hypopneic events required a 30% reduction in airflow along with an accompanying 4% oxygen desaturation.

#### COMMENTS

Study events validated by P.Okolisan, RPSGT., RST. Signals collected optimally. AHI/RDI both within the normal range. There were numerous snoring vibrations and flow limitations detected off the oral/nasal pressure cannula -suggestive of UARS. N snoring sounds were detected off the audio sensor. The ODI/SpO2 desaturation index was in the normal range, mean SpO2 was above 96% and pulse rate was within normal range. The entire study was spent lateral -left side.

SpO₂ Range						Index	
OXIMETRY	%	Minutes	Desaturations ≥4%	2		0.3	
98-100 %	14.6%	60.5					
96-98 %	82.2%	340.6		Mean	Min.	Ma	
94-96%	3.3%	13.6	SpO <sub>2</sub> (%)	96.9	94.0	99.	
92-94 %	0.0%	0.0	Pulse (BPM)	66.9	54.0	98.	
90-92 %	0.0%	0.0					
90-100 %	100.0%	414.6		Pulse Rate Range			
80-89 %	0.0%	0.0	PULSE	%		Minutes	
70-79 %	0.0%	0.0	125-150	0.0%		0.0	
60-69 %	0.0%	0.0	100-125	0.0%		0.0	
50-59 %	0.0%	0.0	75-100	3.5%		14.6	
< 50%	0.0%	0.0	50-75	96.5%		400.0	
			25-50	0.0%		0.0	
Total < 88 %	0.0%	0.0					

RESPIRATORY	,			Duration (see		SNORING VOLUME	
	1000	Index	Mean	Min.	Max.	5110111110 10201112	
Breaths	5963	862.9	2.2	0.6	7.7	RANGE	% Time
Central Apneas	2	0.3	14.5	12.8	16.3	90-100 dB	0.0%
Obstructive Apneas		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	80-90 dB	0.0%
Mixed Apneas	3	0.4	26.1	15.8	41.0	70-80 dB	0.0%
Hypopneas	1	0.1	11.2	11.2	11.2	60-70 dB	0.0%
Apnea+Hypopnea	6	0.9	19.7	11.2	41.0	50-60 dB	1.6%
Snoring Sounds (SS		0.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	40-50 dB	98.4%
Snoring Flow (SNR)	2610	377.7	0.7	0.2	3.2		
Flow Limitation (FL)		250.2	1.0	0.6	3.5	Mean Snore dB	63.8
Desaturations	2	0.3	140.9	36.0	245.8		
RERAs	24	3.5	27.4	15.7	43.8		
EVENTS		Non-					
BY BODY POSITION	Supine		Dielet	Left	Prone		
		Supine	Right				
6 Time in Position	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	BREATH STATS	
Total Breaths	0	5963	0	5963	0	Total Breaths	5963
Snoring Sounds (SS)	D) 0	1	0	1	0	with FL	2073
Snoring Flow (SNR)	0	2610	0	2610	0	with FL or SSD	2075
Flow Limitation (FL)	0	1729	0	1729	0	% FL Breaths	34.89
Apneas + Hypopne	as 0	6	0	6	0	% FL Breaths or SSD	34.89
Apnea + Hypopnea							
Index	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.9	0.0		
100							
ME							
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SNR II							
			•				
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RIGHT							
SUPINE							
STANDING							
SUPINE STANDING BAD_SPO2							