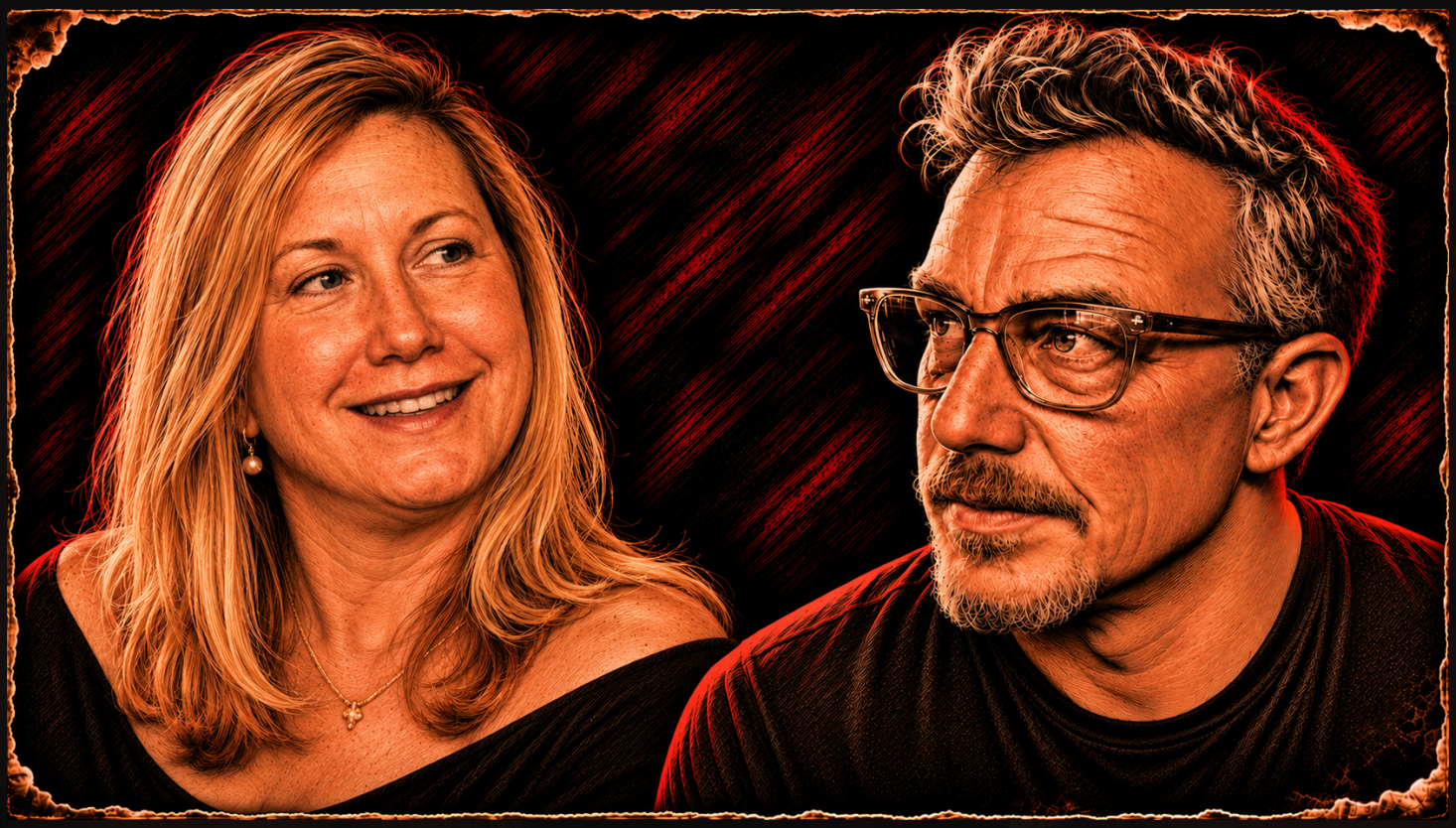
Who is Gina?

And what was she doing at Tomotley?



GORDON ROSE

First-person reporting and commentary | November 15, 2026

My investigation examines Operation Cupcake as an attempted coup d’état and follows Staci Burk’s gradual withdrawal from the people directing her. Her account describes mounting doubt, private resistance and continuing pressure. The November recording and December service episode are separate stages in my case for investigating the exploitation and coercion of a medically vulnerable adult.

TOMOTLEY

The paradigm and the gathering

I investigate Operation Cupcake, the Korean Air operation examined in G vs SPY vs SPY vs SPY, as an attempted coup d'état. My case centers on a medically vulnerable woman drawn into election claims, increasingly questioning what she was being asked to do, and trying to regain control. Her withdrawal unfolded over time. The proposed November warrant effort and her later decision to withhold service of an affidavit must be read in that order. [23, 28]

That framework brings me to Tomotley, Lin Wood's South Carolina estate, where lawyers, security personnel and technical specialists gathered after the election. I want to know how the work was organized, who controlled information and what each participant contributed. For CAF, the immediate purpose is securing equal justice for Burk through due process.

Gina Faddis appears in Patrick Byrne's account of that gathering. In his interview with the House January 6 committee, Byrne named her among the people there and said he had discussed concerns about her with Michael Flynn. [1]

A professional biography published under Gina Faddis's name at AND Magazine supplies a substantial background: retired CIA operations officer, more than 20 years of service, president of Artemis LLC, and co-owner and editor of the publication. [2] A separate interview with Charles "Sam" Faddis identifies his wife Gina as a former case officer and his partner in founding a tradecraft-training business. [3]

Who invited Gina? What responsibilities did she have? Was she evaluating sources, developing material for publication, assisting the legal effort or performing another function? Her professional history makes those questions specific.

Asked who was working at Tomotley in November 2020, Byrne described Wood, lawyers associated with Sidney Powell, staff and protection personnel. He then named Gina Faddis and a British man. Recounting a conversation with Flynn, Byrne referred to "my misgiving about Gina Faddis and this British guy, Andrew something." [1]

Tomotley was a working center for the effort to contest the election. In its publication and discussion of the Georgia Bureau of Investigation's Coffee County report, Lawfare described the estate as a center for processing election-fraud allegations. People associated with the gathering included Powell, Wood, Flynn, Doug Logan and Jim Penrose. The report traced forensic work on voting equipment and Powell's engagement of SullivanStrickler. [4]

I am examining that work as part of the coup effort. The questions concern decisions: who selected the witnesses, who evaluated their claims, who commissioned technical work, and who turned the resulting material into litigation and public messaging. Identifying those responsibilities is how I intend to explain what happened at Tomotley.

FIRSTHAND REPORTING

The reporting trail

My reporting also draws on direct conversations with Wood about Hancock and the people around Tomotley. I was trying to protect Wood from Hancock, and those exchanges remain part of this investigation.

Wood called me at unusual hours and told me he was scared and did not trust his security team. During that period, Joe Oltmann flew to Wood's home and was present during calls with me. My assessment from those exchanges was that Oltmann was trying to control Wood and run interference in our communication. The significance lies in who could reach Wood and influence what he heard.

I regard Wood as both a participant in the effort and a man others sought to use. In my assessment, he became a potential patsy and turned against associates when he believed he could be left carrying the blame. I read that turn as self-preservation. It does not erase the election claims he promoted or settle what he knew at each stage. His role requires scrutiny alongside the conduct of the people around him.

David Clements belongs in that inquiry too. I am investigating his access to Wood as part of what I allege was infiltration of Wood's circle. The documented relationships and later public alignment with Oltmann follow in this article.

During a visit, Wood told me he had discovered that Andrew Whitney was with MI6, Britain's foreign intelligence service. That was Wood's statement to me. I will return to that conversation as this series follows the people who came through Tomotley.

My reporting on Hancock and the Puerto Rico COVID-19 test-kit matter was already being discussed publicly in 2021. In a November 13 post reproduced by The Marshall Report on November 26, Wood referred to the work with the words, “As uncovered by the investigation of Gordon Rose.” In the same sequence, he said Hancock had brought Aaron Vick and Jordan Molach to his property to assist with security. [15]

The Puerto Rico case concerned a proposed $38 million purchase of one million rapid COVID-19 tests through Apex General Contractors in March 2020. A bank stopped the transaction, and the contract was canceled. [16] A subsequent federal opinion records that Puerto Rico prosecutors filed four felony complaints against Vick on November 4, 2021, alleging offenses arising from that failed sale and assistance to Juan Maldonado. [17]

That reporting continued into the Rittenhouse story. The indexed listing for my January 21, 2022 episode of The Uneven News, “Robert Barnes Private Eye,” names Millicent Smith, Hancock, Rittenhouse and me among its subjects. [18] The next installment will return to the documentary invitation, my travel and the lawsuit.

PROFESSIONAL BACKGROUND

Intelligence and tradecraft

AND Magazine describes Gina as “a retired CIA Operations Officer who served over twenty years overseas and in Washington.” Her listed specialties include counterterrorism, counterintelligence, identity-threat work and HUMINT training development. [2]

HUMINT means human intelligence: information acquired through human sources. The CIA’s own descriptions of its Directorate of Operations distinguish several functions within that work, including recruiting sources, identifying people with access to information, determining collection priorities, and managing operations. These functions involve evaluating people as well as information. [5]

In a 2015 public address, then-CIA Deputy Director David Cohen described case-officer tradecraft through practical activities: avoiding surveillance, eliciting information, understanding a target environment and building relationships with people who possess useful knowledge. [6] That is the professional background relevant to my questions about Gina's role.

For Gina, the private-sector connection is explicit. In an October 27, 2015 SOFREP interview, Sam Faddis was asked about Orion Strategic Services. He answered:

> “I started OSS with my wife (Gina, also a former case officer and owner of her own company, Artemis LLC) in 2009.”

Sam described Orion as a company providing customized tradecraft training to government and corporate clients. He said its instructors came from the CIA, other intelligence organizations and special operations, and that surveillance-detection exercises could involve role players and surveillance teams. [3]

Gina and Sam's professional relationship extended into that private business. Sam identified her as his partner in founding Orion; her own AND biography identifies her as president of Artemis. [2, 3] Their shared work gives me a more useful starting point than their marriage alone.

There is also a documented publishing role. AND Magazine’s team page lists Gina as an editor. [7] In a July 2026 remembrance of Sam, writer Remso Martinez recalled that Sam and Gina invited him to write for their online publication in 2018-2019. His account places both of them in the publication’s contributor network before the 2020 election. [8]

Her publishing work provides a dated record of the election claims she brought to readers. Following those bylines shows which sources and technical reports she was amplifying as the challenges developed.

PUBLICATION AND LITIGATION

The record develops

On November 6, 2020, AND Magazine published an article under Gina’s byline presenting Russell Ramsland’s claims about vulnerabilities in electronic election systems. The page shows an update on November 7. Ramsland was identified with Allied Security Operations, and the article discussed an interview he gave to CDMedia’s L. Todd Wood. [9]

The article summarized Ramsland's allegations about changing votes, weaknesses in databases and software, and anomalies in election results. It endorsed the importance of his concerns and urged officials to address them. Gina was publishing those claims at the beginning of the post-election dispute. [9]

Her author archive also lists November 30 pieces concerning Dominion equipment in Georgia and Pennsylvania Republicans' handling of the contested election. [2]

On December 14, another article under Gina’s byline addressed the Allied Security Operations Group report on voting equipment in Antrim County, Michigan. The article presented Ramsland’s conclusions, discussed demands for additional examination of voting systems, and referred to Powell’s allegations about Dominion. [10]

Ramsland and ASOG material appeared under Gina's byline in November and December, while the litigation and voting-equipment investigations were developing. Her publishing role belongs in the chronology of how those allegations reached an audience.

Vick's later appearance in Georgia court filings adds a direct documentary connection to that same ASOG material. An October 2023 certificate issued by Judge Scott McAfee, on Fani Willis's petition, identified Vick as a necessary and material witness. Based on the state's representations, it placed him with Powell and Flynn at Wood's estate in November 2020 and described a memorandum proposing the collection and forensic imaging of Dominion voting machines. The certificate connected subsequent Michigan forensic work to the ASOG report. [19]

Gina's December article and the later Georgia certificate converge on the ASOG report. One shows its public promotion; the other describes the forensic work and communications prosecutors wanted to examine. [10, 19] That connection gives the investigation a specific report, a set of participants and a sequence of events to follow.

Willis sought Vick as a witness for the planned Powell-Chesebro trial. Powell pleaded guilty on October 19, 2023; Chesebro followed on October 20, ending the prospect of that joint trial. [19, 21]

In Puerto Rico, Maldonado's plea agreement was announced on December 12, 2025. On February 20, 2026, Primera Hora reported that he received four years of concurrent probation and was required to pay $10,000 toward the special prosecutor's office expenses. The report attributed Vick's dismissal to his cooperation in the prosecution of Maldonado, with his case dismissed after Maldonado pleaded guilty. [16, 20]

THANKSGIVING 2020

The Faddis-Oltmann exchange

The Thanksgiving correspondence adds Sam Faddis to the chronology.

On Thanksgiving morning, November 26, 2020, Lauren McLaughlin wrote to Sidney Powell in a thread that included Don Brown and Joe Oltmann. McLaughlin asked, “are you still working with Charles Faddis?” She said Faddis had been in contact with Oltmann, who wanted to know whether he should continue speaking with him.

Powell’s response was direct: “No as to Faddis.”

The exchange appears in the exhibits accompanying Oltmann's deposition, at PDF pages 103-104, with Bates numbers ending 0857 and 0858. [11] On the holiday around which Tomotley's gathering is often described, Powell was being asked about Faddis's contact with Oltmann and whether he remained part of her work.

What work had preceded that question? Who had introduced Faddis to Oltmann? Why did Powell answer no? Those are questions about a specific exchange between named participants on a known date.

Lin Wood called me at unusual hours and said he was scared and did not trust his security team. During that period, Joe Oltmann flew to Wood's home and was present there during calls with me.

Sam’s professional background is well documented in the obituary published by the Association of Former Intelligence Officers in July 2026. It describes approximately two decades in clandestine operations, work across the Middle East, South Asia and Europe, and leadership of a CIA team entering northern Iraq in 2002. It also identifies Gina C. Faddis as his wife of 47 years and describes his later work as an author, commentator and AND Magazine editor. [12]

Gina and Sam had professional histories in intelligence, a shared training business and roles in the same publication. By November 2020, Gina's bylines were carrying election-system allegations, while Sam's contact with Oltmann was the subject of a question to Powell. Those activities make the couple relevant to an account of how information moved around the election effort.

26 NOV 2020 / CORRESPONDENCE EXHIBITS

OLTMANN / CLEMENTS / WOOD

Six years later, still aligned

David Clements belongs in the Wood story. Wood promoted a February 26, 2022 Clements event in Yemassee, South Carolina, and said he might introduce him. [44] A March 16, 2022 House Oversight letter identified David and Erin Clements with New Mexico Audit Force and described Wood's support for fundraising around the Otero County election review. [45]

By May 2022, Wood announced that Clements and Oltmann were leaving FightBack's board. [46] The public rupture belongs alongside my account of Wood's fear and my assessment that his later break involved self-preservation.

Six years after November 2020, a screenshot supplied for this article on November 15, 2026 shows Oltmann telling his audience: “Listen to my bro David. It’s all coming together.” He is promoting Clements’s post linking the video “Trump Didn’t Lose The Midterms! He Let The Democrats Hang Themselves.” [47, 48]

That is why I say the coup is still hot. The observable evidence here is continued public alignment and promotion; my allegation of an ongoing coup effort goes beyond what this exchange alone establishes.



Oltmann promoting Clements. Screenshot supplied November 15, 2026. [47, 48]

SHATTUCK / AUDINO / FADDIS

The Gold Institute connection

John Shattuck appears in a separate public trail connecting him indirectly to Gina Faddis through her husband and business partner, Sam. The organization is the **Gold Institute for International Strategy**. Its records identify Shattuck's board role and a senior fellow's interview with Sam; the Faddises' own professional accounts establish the final link to Gina. [2, 3, 42, 43]

The Institute's video archive, under "Are American Citizens Safe Overseas?", identifies **John Shattuck as a board member** in a discussion with its vice president of operations, Shana Forta. The accompanying biography describes Shattuck as a former Naval Airman engaged in efforts to free Americans and Canadians held abroad and to extract at-risk Afghans. This is the security and extraction background the Institute publicly associated with him. [42]

On **June 20, 2026**, the Institute published an article by **Ernie Audino**, identified as its senior fellow. Audino wrote that Sam Faddis had discussed Iran policy with him on his show that week and linked the conversation to *Frontlines of Freedom*, episode 965. That supplies a named, attributable contact between Sam and a fellow of the same institution that identified Shattuck as a board member. [43]

The connection reaches Gina through more than marriage. In the 2015 SOFREP interview, Sam identified her as a former case officer and his partner in founding Orion Strategic Services in 2009. Her AND biography identifies her as president of Artemis LLC, and both participated in AND Magazine's publishing work. Gina and Sam shared a professional enterprise as well as a household. [2, 3, 7, 8]

The documented path is Shattuck's Gold Institute board role; Audino's Gold Institute fellowship and interview with Sam; and Sam's marriage, business partnership and publishing work with Gina. It is an indirect institutional and media connection. The June 2026 interview does not establish a Shattuck-Faddis working relationship in November 2020, a Gold Institute role for Gina, or a joint operation.

The November 26, 2020 Faddis-Oltmann-Powell correspondence supplies a separate, contemporaneous line of inquiry. [11] Read together, the two trails identify specific people, institutions and communications to examine. I want to establish whether Shattuck and the Faddises communicated directly, when any relationship began, and whether it intersected with the people influencing Burk. Those questions require dated correspondence or participant accounts; the institutional trail gives them a concrete starting point.

THE CENTRAL QUESTION

What was Gina's role?

Older government and alumni records offer additional leads into Gina's career.

The Congressional Record for April 11, 1991, on printed page 7980, lists Gina C. Faddis of Virginia among Foreign Service personnel nominated for consular and diplomatic appointments. [13]

An indexed Spring 1996 Evergreen State College alumni notice describes a Gina Faddis as a State Department Foreign Service officer on a two-year sabbatical studying at Middle East Technical University in Ankara. It refers to study in computer engineering and public administration. This remains an archival lead because the original PDF currently redirects. [14]

The professional history, the publishing record and the Thanksgiving email lead back to the same practical issue: what function did Gina perform at Tomotley? I want the answer in terms of people she worked with, information she handled and work she produced.

Someone invited her into that setting. Someone can describe when she arrived, what she did and who relied on her. Those answers would establish her place in the operation far more clearly than a general description of the gathering.

The relevant records are concrete: invitations, correspondence assigning work, notes of meetings, drafts, reports and any contracts or payments. Each would help identify responsibility for particular actions.

Who introduced Gina to the group? What dates was she present? Was she working independently, through Artemis, through Orion, through AND Magazine or in another capacity? Did she interview witnesses, assess incoming claims, prepare material for lawyers or develop coverage for publication?

Byrne should explain what prompted the misgivings he described to Flynn. What did he see or hear, and when? A specific answer would allow that part of his account to be examined.

Powell's Thanksgiving response raises a corresponding question about Sam: what was the working relationship before she said no, and what changed?

I am asking who brought Gina into Tomotley and what she did there. Her publishing record and the correspondence around Sam give that inquiry dates and identifiable contacts. The Gold Institute trail adds an indirect institutional connection to Shattuck that warrants tracing through dated records.

My judgment about the wider effort is clear: I regard it as treason. My task as a reporter is to identify what each person did, follow the chronology and put the records in front of readers. Gina's role is one of the questions this series will pursue.

NOVEMBER / DECEMBER 2020

A gradual withdrawal

The chronology changes the meaning of the December service episode. A person can still believe an allegation while doubting the people advancing it; she can cooperate publicly while refusing a particular request in private. My account of Burk's experience follows that uneven progression. I use "patsy" to describe my assessment that others used her as a vehicle for their claims, not to suggest that her initial involvement amounted to informed agreement with a coup.

November 2020: drawn into the claims. Arizona Agenda traced Burk's involvement from a tip about ballots at a Seattle FedEx facility to political contacts promoting the Korean Air story. Its reporting described escalating requests for affidavits and litigation, followed by armed men living in her home. Burk described feeling frightened and overwhelmed while also believing she was doing something important. [29]

November 20-21: the proposed warrant window and the meeting. Maricopa County certified its election results on November 20. [22] Burk says the opportunity to use her affidavit for the proposed pre-certification FISA-warrant effort had closed before the meeting recorded on November 21. Her civil complaint describes pressure associated with that proposed effort. [23] In her account, backing away from that proposal did not end the pressure or immediately sever her relationships with everyone involved.

December 2020: continued litigation alongside private resistance. The Arizona Supreme Court's case history records Burk's election lawsuit filed on December 7 and subsequent appellate proceedings. [35] That continuing litigation is part of the chronology. Challenging the election, distrusting particular associates and refusing a particular use of her affidavit could overlap; the record should not collapse those distinct decisions into one all-or-nothing change of position.

Hume's visit: a request to speak alone. In his August 30, 2024 affidavit, process server Ralph E. Hume Jr. wrote that Burk contacted him on December 10, 2020, about serving papers. He recalled armed men at her home and an apparent leader refusing her request to speak privately with him. Hume's account describes his observations; it does not identify Lamb or Shattuck as the men he encountered. [28]

DECEMBER 2020 / JANUARY 2021

What she stopped

December 17 and afterward: withholding delivery. A message on CAF's page says an affidavit would be served on Arizona officials the next morning. Burk later told CAF that she privately instructed Hume not to serve the notarized affidavit and wanted delivery held at least until January 6. The same account names Doug Ducey and Katie Hobbs as intended recipients. Hume was the process server; she was stopping delivery, not asking a notary to erase the affidavit. The published materials do not establish that this was the affidavit connected to the earlier FISA proposal. [28]

Service here meant arranging formal delivery of the document to its intended recipients. The available page does not reproduce the underlying affidavit or instructions establishing its precise legal purpose. It therefore does not establish whether this was service required in a particular lawsuit, a separate attempt to give officials notice, or another procedure. What matters to this chronology is the private instruction to withhold it. On Burk's account, that was a concrete act of resistance while she remained entangled with the group.

Late December: recording what was happening. ProPublica documented Penrose's recorded rejection of the ballot rumors and Burk's later recognition that she had been manipulated. [30] The New York Times reported that Burk recorded a December 30 conference call featuring Jason Sullivan and later supplied it to the January 6 committee. She told the newspaper she had been recording because she felt unsafe with 1AP members in her home. Sullivan, through his lawyer, said he had promoted peaceful action and did not condone violence. [32]

January 2021: control of her phone. Arizona Agenda reported her refusal to surrender her phone, its subsequent removal against her wishes, and a January 11 message placing it at the Willard Hotel. [29] Raw Story's later examination of more than twenty recordings described admissions that the phone had been stolen, conflicting explanations, and uncertainty about who ordered it. [33]

MARCH 2021 / 2022

From doubt to disclosure

March 2021: still pursuing claims, already exposing pressure. Arizona Mirror reported on a call Burk supplied in which Senator Sonny Borrelli urged her to hand over papers she believed were shredded ballots and warned against trusting the attorney general. County officials said the papers were not ballots cast in the 2020 general election. Borrelli told the outlet he had exaggerated to gain her trust. The episode documents two things happening together: Burk was still investigating election-fraud claims, and she was taking private conversations with political figures to the press. [31]

June-August 2021: questioning the story and leaving. Arizona Agenda published a June 3 email in which Burk questioned claims she had promoted. By its August report, she was staying away from home, afraid of former associates and trying to understand how she had been used. [29] These are dated public reference points for her changing position, not a reason to rewrite her earlier uncertainty as certainty.

2021-2022: cooperation, fear and renewed disclosure. Mother Jones reported that Burk began interviews with January 6 investigators in August 2021 and supplied recordings. It later described a March 1, 2022 call from 1AP member Michael Kenny warning of danger associated with her public disclosures. Burk said she reported the call to the FBI, briefly pulled back from speaking, then resumed cooperation. [34] Withdrawal from the group and readiness to speak publicly were not the same process.

Raw Story also reported a January 2022 call in which attorney Andrew Kloster, saying he represented Penrose, sought a statement distancing Penrose from 1AP. Burk refused because she said the requested statement would be untrue. Kloster presented Penrose's role as limited and denied that he had directed the phone's removal. The article documents a later dispute over how the earlier events should be described. [33]

These articles come from different newsrooms, but much of their evidence comes from Burk and the recordings she supplied. They add dated reporting, reviewed material and responses from other participants; they are not six independent eyewitness accounts of the November meeting. Read together, they support a gradual, sometimes hesitant progression toward resistance and disclosure. The specific claim that the FISA proposal's window had closed by November 21 remains attributed to Burk.

THE ARIZONA COMPLAINT

The vulnerable-adult case

The central issue in my Arizona complaint is the treatment of a medically vulnerable adult. My allegation is that people exploited Burk's condition, frightened her with claims of danger, restricted her independence and used her participation to advance their own objectives. The question is what she understood at each stage, what choices she could realistically make, and how others responded when she resisted.

Arizona law defines a vulnerable adult by the effect of a physical or mental impairment on the person's ability to protect herself from abuse, neglect or exploitation. A.R.S. § 46-451 also includes unreasonable confinement within its definition of abuse and describes exploitation as improper or illegal use of the adult or her resources for someone else's advantage. [37] The inquiry is functional: what protection did she need, and what did the people around her do?

A.R.S. § 13-3623 addresses criminal abuse and endangerment of vulnerable adults, including specified emotional abuse where the statutory care, custody or care-setting requirements apply. Its vulnerable-adult definition also turns on impaired ability to protect oneself. [36] Medical records, the actual restrictions on Burk, the roles assumed by the men in her home and evidence of intent would be essential to determining whether those elements are met. A medical diagnosis alone does not settle the legal question.

The claim is not that Burk lacked intelligence or could never make decisions. It is that medical limitations and the circumstances around her affected her ability to protect herself. Her account of withholding service, and her later work with reporters and investigators, must be assessed alongside the alleged pressure rather than treated as proof that she was free of it.

The procedural record also needs to be stated accurately. On May 28, 2026, the Ninth Circuit affirmed dismissal of Burk's federal civil action, concluding that she had not pleaded facts sufficient to state a plausible claim. It also upheld the refusal to appoint a guardian ad litem, finding no evidence raising a substantial question about her mental competence. [38] That civil action is distinct from my request for a criminal investigation. The latter requires prosecutors to evaluate the evidence and the elements of each proposed offense.

My objective is a record that makes each decision understandable: why she first engaged, when doubts emerged, what she refused, what was taken from her, and what happened when she spoke. That sequence is the basis on which I am asking Arizona authorities to examine coercion and exploitation.

REVERSE TIME MACHINE

The grail and the chronology

The recording already published is one part of this case. In my April 21, 2026 pinned post, I documented that Staci Burk played it for me on October 27, 2025. I described Lamb discouraging her from cooperating with the House January 6 committee and from reporting violent crimes against her and her family. I also stated that I took a criminal complaint against Lamb to the Arizona Attorney General's office shortly afterward. That post and its recording are the public reference point for the conduct I am asking prosecutors to examine. [27]

I will publish the November 21, 2020 Shattuck-Lamb recording in the forthcoming release. My conclusion from that exchange is direct: Mark Lamb and John Shattuck were acting together to intimidate Burk and keep her quiet. I describe that conduct as felonious coercion and am asking prosecutors to investigate it. The recording belongs at an early stage of her withdrawal, when she was still sorting out the claims and dealing with people who exercised influence over her.

This is the Reverse Time Machine: an earlier meeting brought into focus by newly obtained evidence, then read alongside the later recording already published. In my analysis, the two exchanges trace a continuing effort to silence Burk as her understanding changed. Her December decision to withhold service and her later cooperation with reporters and investigators give that chronology additional context. I want prosecutors to examine each participant’s conduct, knowledge and purpose.

According to Burk, the opportunity for the proposed pre-certification FISA-warrant operation had closed by the November 21 meeting. Maricopa County’s November 20 certification is independently documented. [22] Her description of the operation’s deadline remains her account; it is not evidence that a court issued a warrant and then allowed it to expire. Withholding service in December was a subsequent act, not the event that caused a November deadline to pass.

The Hume affidavit supplies a separate witness’s account of restrictions inside Burk’s home. Her account of privately stopping service describes a later decision made within that environment. Together with the dated reporting, these records support examining a progression from participation and reliance to doubt, resistance and disclosure. They do not identify a single day on which she suddenly understood every part of the operation.

The public articles document important pieces of that progression. They do not independently establish every element of my wider coup allegation or the contents of the unreleased Shattuck-Lamb recording. That is why I am publishing the underlying material and asking for an investigation of the full sequence.

THE PUBLISHED RECORDING / 21 APRIL 2026 POST

Open the pinned post and recording

THE PAIRED RECORDINGS

Two recordings, one case

THE COMPLAINT / THE OFFENSES / THE CONNECTION

Complaint submitted in 2025 - the published recording. Staci Burk played me the recording on October 27, 2025. I subsequently submitted a criminal complaint against Mark Lamb to the Arizona Attorney General. My allegation concerns pressure to withhold cooperation from January 6 investigators and to stop reporting violent crimes against her and her family. The pinned post and recording remain the public reference point for that complaint. [27]

November 21, 2020 - the forthcoming Shattuck-Lamb recording. I am presenting this earlier exchange alongside the published recording as evidence of coordinated pressure at different stages of Burk's withdrawal. My case asks investigators to connect the participants, purpose and chronology, then assess each act under the relevant criminal law.

Obstructing criminal investigations - A.R.S. § 13-2409, class 5 felony. This addresses knowingly attempting, through bribery, misrepresentation, intimidation, force or threats of force, to obstruct, delay or prevent crime information from reaching a peace officer, magistrate, prosecutor or grand jury. It is directly relevant to investigating the alleged effort to stop Burk reporting crimes. [39]

Influencing a witness - A.R.S. § 13-2802, class 5 felony. This addresses specified threats or benefits intended to influence testimony or induce avoidance of process or required attendance. **Tampering with a witness - A.R.S. § 13-2804, class 6 felony** addresses knowing communications seeking unlawful withholding of testimony, false testimony, absence after summons, or evasion of a summons or subpoena. A qualifying official proceeding or anticipated witness role must be established. [24, 25, 41]

Nonfeasance in public office - A.R.S. § 38-443, class 2 misdemeanor. A public officer's knowing omission of a duty required by law is a separate issue. Investigators must identify the specific legal duty and establish its deliberate omission; a discouraging statement alone does not establish this offense. [40]

The two recordings belong in the same investigation as the vulnerable-adult evidence. My request is to examine the earlier pressure, the later interference with reporting and cooperation, and each person's responsibility. These are statutory grounds for evaluating the paired evidence; criminal charges depend on proof of the required elements.

DUE PROCESS

Equal justice for Staci

My request to the Arizona Attorney General centers on what happened to Staci Burk: investigate the alleged exploitation of a vulnerable adult, the threats, the interference with her ability to speak freely, and the conduct captured in both recordings. I am seeking prosecution of Lamb and Shattuck on the charges the evidence supports. CAF advocates equal justice through due process, including Burk's right to a serious investigation and the accused's right to a fair proceeding. The wider coup investigation follows that evidence; obtaining justice for the person harmed remains the immediate purpose.

BASELINE ESTIMATE / 21 NOVEMBER 2027

This is time-sensitive. Arizona's A.R.S. § 13-2802 makes specified threats or offers of benefits intended to influence a witness's testimony or attendance a class 5 felony. A.R.S. § 13-2804 makes specified witness tampering a class 6 felony. Both address witnesses in official proceedings and people the actor believes may be called as witnesses. Prosecutors must evaluate the statutory elements against the recordings and supporting evidence. [24, 25]

For alleged conduct on November 21, 2020, A.R.S. § 13-107(B)(1) ordinarily allows seven years for class 2 through class 6 felonies from actual discovery by the state or political subdivision with jurisdiction, or when reasonable diligence should have led to discovery, whichever was earlier. Assuming discovery that day and no tolling, the baseline deadline is November 21, 2027: 371 days from this article's November 15, 2026 date. Each later alleged offense requires its own timing analysis. The actual deadline depends on discovery, statutory pauses and the charge. A report to investigators alone does not commence prosecution; § 13-107(C) requires an indictment, information or criminal complaint to be filed. Prompt prosecutorial review is urgent. [26] The misdemeanor theory under § 38-443 ordinarily has a separate one-year discovery period under § 13-107(B)(2); it does not share this seven-year estimate. The date of the later recorded conversation and the applicable discovery and tolling facts must be established before assigning it a deadline.

The next article follows the Puerto Rico COVID-19 test-kit scam in detail, including the chatroom material from my archive involving people I identify as Rittenhouse's bodyguards. I will also return to Millicent Smith's invitation to appear in her Hancock-Rittenhouse documentary, the trip she sent me on before blowing me off, my lawsuit, and why I say Robert Barnes dodged service.

Later installments will lay out my case connecting the Rittenhouse Fortress team to the wider coup network: Vick's history with Trident Group on the East Coast and my allegation that his specialty was gaining access to and compromising prominent Republicans in Washington, along with Hancock's post-Navy training under Jeff Wobig. I tracked those relationships and collected records going back years before 2020. That history is coming next.

FOLLOW THE EVIDENCE

Source documents

1. Patrick Byrne, House January 6 committee interview, July 15, 2022, especially pages 30-32. Searchable transcript copy.

2. Gina Faddis author biography and article archive, AND Magazine.

3. James Powell, interview with Charles Faddis, SOFREP, October 27, 2015.

4. Anna Bower, publication and discussion of the GBI Coffee County report, Lawfare, November 3, 2023.

5. CIA, explanation of the Directorate of Operations and human intelligence.

6. CIA, Deputy Director David Cohen's remarks on intelligence collection and tradecraft.

7. AND Magazine team page.

8. Remso W. Martinez, remembrance of Sam Faddis, July 28, 2026.

9. Gina Faddis, article presenting Ramsland's election-system allegations, November 6-7, 2020.

10. Gina Faddis, article on the ASOG Antrim report, December 14, 2020.

11. Oltmann deposition and exhibits, PDF pages 103-104, Bates 20CV34319-JOdisclosures-0857 and -0858.

12. Association of Former Intelligence Officers, Sam Faddis obituary, July 31, 2026.

13. Congressional Record, April 11, 1991, printed page 7980 / PDF page 112.

14. Evergreen Review, Spring 1996, indexed archival PDF reference. Original PDF currently redirects; the archival detail above is identified accordingly.

FOLLOW THE EVIDENCE

Source documents continued

15. The Marshall Report, “Lin Wood Speaks Out! Part 1,” November 26, 2021, reproducing Wood's November 13 posts and reference to Gordon Rose's investigation.

16. Frances Rosario, Primera Hora, report on Maldonado's sentence and Vick's cooperation, February 20, 2026.

17. Vick v. Rodriguez, U.S. District Court for the District of Puerto Rico, April 8, 2022, factual and procedural background. This opinion concerns Vick's civil challenge to pretrial procedures; its dismissal of that civil action is not the later dismissal of his criminal case.

18. The Uneven News, “Robert Barnes Private Eye,” January 21, 2022, indexed publication listing.

19. Fulton County Superior Court, certificate seeking Aaron Vick's testimony, October 2023, especially paragraphs 4-6.

20. Primera Hora, report on Maldonado's guilty plea, December 12, 2025.

21. Kate Brumback, Associated Press, report on the Powell and Chesebro pleas, October 20, 2023.

22. Maricopa County, certification announcement, November 20, 2020, corroborated by Scott Bourque's same-day KJZZ report.

23. Staci Burk, third amended civil complaint, printed pages 29-30, 45-48, describing her allegations about the proposed pre-certification FISA warrant and failed seizure effort.

24. Arizona Revised Statutes § 13-2802, influencing a witness.

25. Arizona Revised Statutes § 13-2804, tampering with a witness.

26. Arizona Revised Statutes § 13-107, criminal time limitations, especially subsections B-D. Statutes checked November 15, 2026.

27. Gordon Rose, pinned X post and published recording, April 21, 2026. The post states that Burk played Rose the recording on October 27, 2025 and describes his subsequent complaint to the Arizona Attorney General. October 27 is the stated receipt date, not the date of the recorded conversation.

28. CAF, Robert P. Lewis (1AP) page. Reproduces Hume's August 30, 2024 affidavit and reports Burk's account of withholding service following a December 17, 2020 message. Hume describes armed men and a denied private conversation; he does not identify Lamb or Shattuck as those men or separately date the visit.

FOLLOW THE EVIDENCE

Source documents continued

29. Hank Stephenson, She spread election conspiracies. It ruined her life., Arizona Agenda, August 17, 2021.

30. ProPublica/FRONTLINE, April 26, 2022.

31. Jeremy Duda, Top GOP senator: Shredded ballots will 'evaporate' if given to the AG, Arizona Mirror, March 11, 2021; includes recorded excerpts and the full call.

32. Alan Feuer, In Conference Call Before Riot, a Plea to 'Descend on the Capitol', The New York Times, April 12, 2022. Text consulted in an accessible reproduction.

33. Raw Story, 'Button things up': Inside the Keystone Criminals from Michael Flynn's security team, July 28, 2022. Link is to a reproduction of the report.

34. Mother Jones, Exclusive Audio: Far-Right Paramilitary Member Warned 1/6 Committee Witness Against Speaking Out, April 2022. Relevant passages consulted through contemporaneously reproduced excerpts, comment 63.

35. Arizona Judicial Branch, Staci Burk v. Doug Ducey, CV-20-0349-AP/EL, case history and filings.

36. Arizona Legislature, A.R.S. § 13-3623, vulnerable-adult abuse, emotional abuse and definitions.

37. Arizona Legislature, A.R.S. § 46-451, adult-protective-services definitions, including abuse, exploitation and vulnerable adult.

38. Ninth Circuit, Burk v. Townsend, No. 24-5273, memorandum disposition, May 28, 2026.

39. Arizona Revised Statutes § 13-2409, obstructing criminal investigations or prosecutions.

40. Arizona Revised Statutes § 38-443, nonfeasance in public office.

41. Arizona Revised Statutes § 13-2801, definitions governing witness offenses.

42. Gold Institute for International Strategy, video archive, "Are American Citizens Safe Overseas?". Identifies John Shattuck as a board member and describes the discussion with Shana Forta; the listing does not provide an explicit event date.

43. Ernie Audino, "Diplomacy Without Military Reality Is Fantasy: Our 'MOU' With Iran," Gold Institute, June 20, 2026. Identifies Audino as a senior fellow and describes his interview with Sam Faddis, linking to Frontlines of Freedom episode 965.

FOLLOW THE EVIDENCE

Source documents continued

44. Lin Wood, Telegram post promoting a February 26, 2022 David Clements event in Yemassee, South Carolina; Wood said he might introduce Clements.

Open source

45. House Committee on Oversight and Reform, letter to V.A. Shiva Ayyadurai, March 16, 2022, page 2. Identifies David and Erin Clements with New Mexico Audit Force and describes Lin Wood's support for private fundraising. This is the committee's account in an investigative letter.

Open source

46. Kelly Weill, The Daily Beast, May 5, 2022.

Open source

47. Joe Oltmann (@joeoltmann), X post promoting David Clements. Text reproduced from the screenshot supplied November 15, 2026. The live post could not be independently retrieved for this revision.

Open source

48. David Clements (@theprofsrecord), X post linking the Rich Does Politics video shown in the same screenshot. The capture records the displayed title and Oltmann's promotion; the linked video was not transcribed for this article.

Open source

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