(In chambers conference:)

THE COURT: All right. I'm doing this not in open court because I'm concerned about any press, about polygraphs before we decide what's going to happen with polygraphs, particularly as we approach a holiday weekend.

So the first question I have for the defense counsel is do I have your agreement to have this discussion here on the record, but without your clients present?

MR. BOSTIC: Yes, Your Honor.

MS. CHAVAR: Yes.

MR. EDELIN: Yes, Your Honor.

MR. IBRAHIM: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Government, you're in

agreement?

MR. McCALL: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Let me begin by

getting my arms around expert disclosure and where it stands. The government has said that Mr. Ibrahim had said to him that he did not intend to call a polygraph expert although he had previously identified one and Mr. Ibrahim has said that this is not directed to a

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different issue. Do I understand that to be the 1 current posture? 2 MR. IBRAHIM: That's correct. 3 THE COURT: We're going to get to 4 other issues. Mr. Ibrahim, had you at any point 5 identified a polygraph expert for the 6 government? 7 MR. EDELIN: No, Your Honor. And 8 my position is similar, he's not coming in as an 9 expert, he's not coming in as an expert to talk 10 about whether or not the first one was done 11 correctly. 12 THE COURT: All right. I'm 13 somewhat surprised by that because when we had 14 .-- first of all let me just clarify for purposes 15 of the record, would it be accurate to say that 16 no request from the defense for CJA support has 17 been denied? In other words, any request that 18 has been made for resources has been granted by 19 the court. 20 MR. EDELIN: Yes. 21 MR. IBRAHIM: Yes, Your Honor. 22 THE COURT: And would it be 23 accurate to say that we had had some discussions 24

about polygraph testing dating back into the spring before the discovery deadline?

MR. IBRAHIM: Absolutely, by the nature of the filings.

MR. EDELIN: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: In the more recent discussions we had, the sense I had was that there had been some identification, it appears it was identification of an expert on behalf of one defendant, but questions about whether there would be testimony and so forth.

The other understanding I had was that whatever the defense was going to do which I did not know the details of went to the Texas polygraphs which had become an issue in the case, and the fact that not only is it an overt act charged in the indictment, but there had been testimony both in terms of the polygraph results being sent to people as part of the government's allegation of the stalking and there had been the comparison by Special Agent Gordon between the content of some of the polygraph questions and the content of some of the e-mails, at least the impression I had at

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1	the point you were going forward it is in
2	way related to the validity of those polygo
3	results. Maybe I misunderstood, but that's
4	impression that I took from our discussion.
5	I incorrect?
6	MR. IBRAHIM: Maybe if I state
7	what the reason was, and in large part becan
8	have had I spoke with Mr. McCall briefly
9	morning and one of the things that I advised
10	was when counsel makes ex parte requests of
11	Court, I'm very mindful not to provide too m
12	information because it's ex parte.
13	THE COURT: And I understand the
14	and I also understand you've got issues of
TJ	
15	protection of your client.
	protection of your client. MR. IBRAHIM: So what I would 10
15	
15 16	MR. IBRAHIM: So what I would 11
15 . 16 17	MR. IBRAHIM: So what I would like to do is state the reasons why I believe that
15 16 17 18	MR. IBRAHIM: So what I would like to do is state the reasons why I believe that Mr. Drdak's testimony is appropriate and it is
15 16 17 18 19	MR. IBRAHIM: So what I would 16 to do is state the reasons why I believe that Mr. Drdak's testimony is appropriate and it is not blindsiding the government.
15 16 17 18 19 20	MR. IBRAHIM: So what I would like to do is state the reasons why I believe that Mr. Drdak's testimony is appropriate and it is not blindsiding the government. THE COURT: Or the Court.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	MR. IBRAHIM: So what I would 16 to do is state the reasons why I believe that Mr. Drdak's testimony is appropriate and it is not blindsiding the government. THE COURT: Or the Court. MR. IBRAHIM: Or the Court.

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reports of the experts that I did have reports and I advised Mr. Weede, who was handling it for the government that I was not going to be -- the clear representation, which is the truth, is that Mr. Drdak and Mr. Scholl would not be offered as experts.

THE COURT: Let me clarify something. Were actual reports of their evaluation of the Texas results ever given to the government?

MR. IBRAHIM: They weren't in existence.

just trying to clarify where we standard procedurally. It would be fair to say that no substantive input about the polygraph Texas results were provided to the government, it was merely identification of possible witnesses. Is that accurate?

MR. IBRAHIM: Correct. I believe
I also provided the CV of these individuals.

THE COURT: It goes to identification, I'm talking about substance of opinions.

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1	MR. IBRAHIM: There was no repe
2	in existence and none was provided.
3	THE COURT: We are literally in
4	situation where although there were individue
5	identified, there was no substance provided a
6	a representation that you did not expect to
7	those individuals, is that an accurate summar
8	MR. IBRAHIM: That's correct.
9	THE COURT: Now we're in a
10	position where the defense says because of the
11	way the evidence has evolved at trial, we fee
12	we should be given leave to do this.
13	MR. IBRAHIM: That's correct. A
14	of the critical differences is one, Mr. Schol
15	is not testifying. The only person being
16	offered to testify is Mr. Drdak, D-R-D-A-K, W.
17	will be testifying as an examiner, and he will
18	testify concerning the test, and that was don't
19	THE COURT: Which test, the Texa
20	test?
21	MR. IBRAHIM: He is testifying t
22	the test that he performed which was done
23	yesterday.
24	THE COURT: All right. And I

think I had the impression that whatever he was doing was going to bear upon the validity of the Texas results.

MR. IBRAHIM: When you look -- it does, because when you look at the questions he asks, he is specific to relate his questions back to the veracity of the answers given back to Mr. Capachina of the Texas polygraph.

administered yesterday afternoon is not a

polygraph where Amy Gonzalez is being provided
an opportunity to present indirect testimony
about how she feels, the questions were

specifically tailored so that it ask her whether
or not she was being truthful back when she was
initially asked the questions in Texas.

THE COURT: Let me ask,

Mr. Edelin, does your exam purport to be the
same thing?

MR. EDELIN: Yes, it does.

THE COURT: Now, I was surprised

and concerned to see in your E-mail,

Mr. Ibrahim, the idea that this is evidence of actual innocence.

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1	MR. IBRAHIM: Here is why it is.
2	It's evidence of actual innocence when the
3	the indictment has overt acts and the theory of
4	the government's case is that the reason why
5	this polygraph was done was in furtherance of
6	defamation, hence that it was untrue, and hence
7	it was not truly believed, untrue in the sense
8	of what was stated to the initial polygraph
9	examiner.
10	THE COURT: Let me ask a different
11	question. You did not purport to say that these
12	polygraphs would prove no abuse ever, that abuse
13	happened.
14	MR. IBRAHIM: Absolutely not. I
15	said evidence of innocence because polygraphs
16	are used by law enforcement and I have used them
17	in terms of presenting information to law
18	enforcement that they have evaluated in terms of
19	at least on one occasion dropping charges.
20	THE COURT: But outside of the
21	context of a trial?
22	MR. IBRAHIM: Outside the context
23	of a trial, but someone who was charged, so when
24	I say evidence of innocence, evidence of

innocence does not mean innocence.

at the most this would be evidence that some of the overt acts might have lacked criminal intent.

MR. IBRAHIM: Exactly.

THE COURT: That's the most that

it could prove.

MR. IBRAHIM: Agreed.

all based upon the posture that we're in in

terms of a polygraph purporting to test the

veracity of a polygraph. So putting to one side

the inherent problems of polygraphs, we have certain unique intellectual issues given the construct of the case.

MR. IBRAHIM: And I just ask that while I firmly agree with everything the Court has said, the only reason why it is an issue is because it was brought in the case.

THE COURT: I understand. Wait a minute. I understand that it's in the indictment and I understand that there has been testimony put in front of the jury and there is

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polygraphs can
be admissible

for limited

purposes
at the discretion
of the trial

judge. A

panbert hearing is
a hearing to determine
the admissibility of
scientific evidence.

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no question in the Court's mind that that
testimony is meant to implicate your clients
criminal conduct.

MR. IBRAHIM: And also it's going

to be argued to be false.

THE COURT: So all of those thing are on my radar, but there are still, you know, obviously major issues with this type of evidence, and at this stage.

So, let me hear from the government.

MR. McCALL: What I would start off by saying is the issue that we're talking about is not new. It's been on the table since we issued the indictment.

MR. McCALL: I think that's putting it mildly. We're three weeks in the trial.

I took seriously what you said in the context of prior discussions that have been held by counsel. And one of the reasons I wanted to start out with what has been exchanged at this

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pre indictment

point is to get clarity on the record where we stand procedurally.

MR. McCALL: I think that you know the idea that you know we have Rule 16 in place for a reason, and it's to prevent a situation like this, where the issues are known by counsel, this isn't new, we had made disclosures in accordance with the Court's deadlines. The defense did not. They have waited and waited and waited.

We are about to close our case and they are literally springing this on us at the last second. It goes to the issue of fairness.

And I mentioned this in the

E-mail, but I want to put it on the record, this is a violent crime case, this isn't like a drug case or anything else. We're entitled to a fair trial and the victims in the case are entitled to a fair trial. And this doesn't feel fair from my perspective. I don't -- I'm not getting defendants, into the motives of it, I'm just saying it

What I would say about the Polygraph itself is I think it's important to go

doesn't feel fair the us.

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And the the ones that are supposed to be innocent until proven quilty, deserve a fair trial

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attacks =
challenges the
1st polygraph
mon + I took in
Tx, but we are
not allowed to
show the jury
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exculpatory

evidence when
we took +

passed a 2nd

polygraph each.

who takes a

polygraph if

they think they

are going to

fail it?

back and really look at how the government has presented the polygraph evidence in this case.

First of all, that was the -- one of the primary tools by which the defendants harassed Cristine Belford. They went and paid for a polygraph and then sent it out to everybody, knowing that it's a --

THE COURT: There is no criticism implied from the Court in saying you put that ball in play, I was making a factual statement that it is relevant in a way that it ordinarily would never be.

MR. McCALL: So my next point to the Court is what we have attacked as it relates to the document are the factual recitation that begins the document. So if the Court recalls, when we did a comparison, when Special Agent Gordon testified and we compared defendant Gonzalez's polygraph, we didn't go into what the results were, that section, we stayed at the top portion of the document which is basically what Amy --

THE COURT: The question that she was asked was different from the representation

d made to third parties about the

MR. McCALL: Well, the way I read graph, she sits down, she says here are s, and then she gets tested on a couple 3. Same thing with Lenore Matusiewicz.

So what we highlighted for the that one of the statements that she l to the polygraph examiner and how that to a statement made to David .cz's attorney. Not the results, just sistencies in the statements made by dant. So we were careful in your ion of these polygraph reports.

We've subsequently decided not to r expert and wait and see how the andled the Texas polygraph. We fail to What T fold rule of evidence applies that makes the afterney . When I olygraph, which is a polygraph on a , and I would note for the record that I forgot to include ad the current polygraph, it doesn't dentically to the Texas polygraph.

THE COURT: One order I'm going to that I be given a copy of the Texas

There was nothing inconsistent about my polygrash + Ed Medrano, Davids was writing the email to the attorney a spot because my husband + 4 41 old

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the room +
being human,
I just got
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it.

polygraphs and the current polygraphs which I 1 haven't seen. And I want them --2 MR. IBRAHIM: I did copy the court 3 on the --4 THE COURT: Well, I'm working at a 5 disadvantage. Also, by the lunch break today I 6 want copies, hard copies, that I can take a look 7 at. 8 MR. EDELIN: Your Honor, I just --9 I know Mr. Ibrahim's experts flew in and are 10 housed in a hotel. My guy is driving back and 11 forth. So I will E-mail him. And he will get 12 it to me today. I don't know if it will be by 13 lunch, but I will E-mail him and tell him the 14 Court wants it by lunch. 15 MR. IBRAHIM: Judge, can I 16 address --17 THE COURT: I would rather let the 18 government finish. 19 MR. McCALL: So what I would 20 finish with saying is, you know, so that's my 21 position as it relates to Rule 16 which we're 22 taking very seriously in this case. And I think 23 with respect to the evidentiary issues, again, 24

defense counsel has offered no case to support what they're trying to do here. They have offered no rule of evidence for which this would apply.

The Third Circuit's case law in addition to the Supreme Court case law is very clear that these polygraphs are only admissible in very limited circumstances of which this is not one.

THE COURT: I'm keenly aware of
the limitations on it. And when I sent the case
to counsel, it was to que up what the Third
Circuit said to give you a head start, that's
why my limitation, I commend these cases to your
attention.

MR. McCALL: What I responded to the Court was another string of cases around the country that go even farther than the Third $oldsymbol{\mathcal{B}}$ Circuit. I think there's a Rule 704.

MR. WEEDE: 704(b).

MR. McCALL: Go ahead.

MR. WEEDE: You know, I note that

I believe Mr. Gonzalez said they were offering this as a direct, directly relevant to criminal

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50 the Rule that the govt quotes using to verify that the polygraph is inadmissible under this rule doesn't specifically say anything about polygraph or a case to support the issue of not being able to intent and 704(b) says, "In a criminal case an expert witness must not state an opinion about whether the defendant did or did not have a mental state or condition that constitutes an element of the crime charged or of a defense. Those matters are for the trier of fact alone."

In essence the lie detector in this case is the jury on issues.

MR. McANDREW: Which is actually a quote from the Supreme Court. I don't know if we referenced the Kubini case out of the Western District of Pennsylvania.

THE COURT: I had a cite for Kubini that was not an accurate cite. I did not have an accurate cite. I had a hard copy of Kubini that I had procured.

Let me interrupt the government to give Mr. Ibrahim a chance to response.

MR. IBRAHIM: Your Honor, there are two separate issues. Actually three. One is whether or not Mr. Drdak is an expert to Rule 16 does not apply. The report that I shared I got yesterday, so if you read the literal reading of the rule, even if he were an expert,

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referrity to expert witness

which I am suggesting that he is not an expert, is that it's when I have the report, but I don't have the report so I have nothing to turn over, number one. But the primary issue when the government says that we're three weeks into trial and they deserve a fair trial, I need to address that.

This Court asked me about funding.

Well, the fact of the matter is is that before

CJ counsel pursues funding, I have an ethical

responsibility to the Criminal Justice Act not

to willy nilly spend money.

THE COURT: I understand that.

MR. IBRAHIM: What occurs in those circumstances, I am determining at the time whether or not money is going to be spent.

THE COURT: Ultimately when the government pointed out when they noticed

Mr. Bradley is their expert, my expectation was he was going to be offered in their case in chief, because right now in evidence in trial is that polygraph and it's subject to unilateral attack.

The difference between this case

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and all of the cases that are cited is in this case a polygraph is actually -- two polygraphs are actually in evidence by the government, the indictment actually has polygraphs in the overt acts.

I have already put that on the record and I'm aware of that distinction and when I had -- let me also say in the murky worl of ex parte communication under the Criminal Justice Act, the Court is in that delicate position.

I will verify when Mr. Ibrahim came to me with a late request, he referenced trying to be frugal and not spending money unnecessarily, that is not a new position that he raised. He raised that with me at the time.

It is obviously a very troublesome issue, I take very seriously the timing issue of the side of the government, I take very seriously the evidentiary issue.

Mr. Weede, with respect to 704(b), it would be too much to ask that there is a polygraph case under that rule, would it?

MR. WEEDE: I didn't catch one by

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the time I left last night.

THE COURT: We've begun our process of drilling down now that this ball is in play, I just ask that again, but as you point out, Kubini, I have Kubini, I'm trying to share the law that we have so we can make a reasoned decision about what happens.

Let me let Mr. Ibrahim finish and then we'll come back, but then I want to get on with the jury.

MR. IBRAHIM: There is reference to rules of evidence about intent, and

Ms. Chavar is pointing out that 704(b) talks about mental intent and state.

MS. CHAVAR: Primarily.

MR. IBRAHIM: Primarily, but my examiner is not going to testify that this is her mental state, his purposes is to rebut the suggestion by the government that when she took the Texas test, she was not complying with the polygraph, therefore, it can be trusted because they put it at issue, they brought it out. This is the only way that I could rebut that.

THE COURT: Let me in addition,

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1	Mr. Ibrahim, to you providing me and Mr. Edelin
2	providing me with the matched up questions, I
3	also want a specific proffer from both of you in
4	terms of are these individuals experts or not
5	and if they're not, how do they get in? And
6	second, what it is they would purport to say
7	specifically?
8	MR. IBRAHIM: Sure.
9	THE COURT: Because I'm making
10	assumptions at this point, I may have made some
11	earlier assumptions that were off base.
12	MR. IBRAHIM: It's like an
13	examiner or doctor that comes in to say I
14	examined the patient, he's not giving an
15	opinion.
16	THE COURT: It was clear from my
17	E-mail, I guess it was at 11:34 last night, that
18	no polygraph witnesses are testifying this week
19	because I wanted that to be clear in terms of
20	preparation.
21	MR. IBRAHIM: It was very clear,
22	Judge. And one of the things I do appreciate
23	the situation this government is in, I am not

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insensitive to that. And I do believe they have

to a fair trial in this case and every ether it's a drug case or this type of

The situation I have is I came

I found out that my client passed, had

those gentlemen, the one that did

control and the test immediately

I records and once I got it I immediately

over to the government and told

k to bring his tracings and his data

I'm sensitive to that.

THE COURT: In the meantime I

k the government without waiver of its

prejudice because I'm not ruling on

you have an expert, funnel whatever you

that expert. Should the ruling go

the government, I'm not preordaining

is going to go against the government,

erms of the practicalities of the case.

me back to you're going to finish with

MR. McCALL: Yes.

THE COURT: We have got that all

it. You're going to begin with an

Hawkins Reporting Service King Street - Wilmington, Delaware 19801 802) 658-6697 FAX (302) 658-8418 How many polygraphs do

I have to take until someone believes me that my intentions were never to harm anyone in anyway?

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1	expert on cyber evidence?
2	MR. BOSTIC: No, Your Honor.
3	THE COURT: I think immediately
4	Mr we're going to have the communication
5	from Texas. We better get moving on that score
6	MR. McCALL: Mr. Edelin hasn't
7	opened. Are we
8	THE COURT: We have to let him
9	open. What time are your witnesses scheduled
10	for, Mr. Ibrahim?
11	MR. IBRAHIM: They are scheduled
12	10:00 a.m. our time.
13	THE COURT: All right. So let's
14	get to work.
15	MR. IBRAHIM: What I'll do is I'll
16	let Mr. Herra know that he's got to get that
17	machine up here. Additionally in terms of Rule
18	29 argument, do we want to reserve that or how
19	does the Court want to handle that?
20	THE COURT: I mean, it's easy to
21	do in civil cases. In criminal cases, I wonder
22	if it needs to be more of a formality. Anybody
23	have any rules on that?
24	MR. McCALL: One issue we need to

make sure we're all on the same page with the
elements with the Court as we take up the Rule
29 issue, particularly as it relates to the
resulting in death since that's an element
that's going to be going before the jury. I
don't know if it makes sense to have that ironed
out.

we are. We spent yesterday afternoon working on jury instructions. I found that largely the instructions were in good shape. In a conspiracy Case what I do, though, is even though the counts maybe start with conspiracy first, I will define the substantive offenses before I define conspiracy, it will be very clear to the jury what the roadmap is. I think you watched me give preliminary instructions, you have watched me give voir dire, I think you have some degree of confidence in my ability to communicate to a jury. I will do it that way, but make it clear how they work on the verdict sheet.

With respect to <u>causation</u>, I agree with the government that there needs to be cause

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and fact and the Bourjaily case from the Supreme 1 Court I think ques that up very clearly. 2 agree with the government that there needs to be 3 proximate cause. 4

causation + proximate cause is one of the most confusing disputed issues amongst the circuits + this Foreseeability, etc

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The one amendment I was going to make to the jury instructions was importing, if you read the case law, some of the law is ambiguous and says proximate cause and be foreseeable and they're sort of combining the two elements. I was going to say in addition to cause and fact, mirroring the government's exact language, there has to be a real and meaningful between the contact charged and the defendant, would it be foreseeable and would it result from

these events. I'm adding an element that says real and meaningfully, to a degree that's an import to tort law, but I think it's what proximate cause is meant to embody. Other than that, I think that's where I am. My intent was to get you folks the jury instructions by the end of this week so that you all can sign off. MR. BOSTIC: Can I respond to that

piece?

MS. CHAVAR: As I was looking at

the jury instructions and I apologize, I meant to get something within a day or two, we did look at the government's proposed jury instructions, I agree with them as well except for that one element and we have now added some language.

I'm convinced that that's the most I'm going to add based upon review of substantial amount of case laws.

MS. CHAVAR: That was what I would have proposed.

MR. BOSTIC: Your Honor, on a slightly different piece, but dealing with the jury instructions, I am going to submit a couple of jury instructions, one being the mere presence.

just getting the essentials down without

prejudice to people saying Judge, don't we need

an instruction on this? Well, let me also say

on the verdict sheets I am going to change the

verdict sheet as to Amy Gonzalez. I'm going to

change it because I think it's best if we get a



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real factual determination. 1 I assume the government is going 2 to argue that if she is liable in the conspiran 3 count that results in death would carry over by 4 imputation as a result of finding of guilt on a 5 conspiracy act, would that be your position that 6 that operates as a matter of law? 7 MR. McANDREW: I think there is 8 two theories there is the resulting in death 9 under the statute, there is the also the 10 Pinkerton liability theory, while they overlap, 11 they are separate. 12 THE COURT: Government, I'm going 13 to ask you to look at the verdict sheet because. 14 the verdict sheet is going to be different than 15 you have proposed. It's going to have I think a 16 cleaner factual basis for what the jury actually 17 finds as to Amy Gonzalez and whatever the law is 18 in terms of the legal implications of that, 19 there is going to be a lot of room for debate at 20 various levels. But I would prefer us to have a 21 little more precision and you'll see how we 22 broke it out on what the findings are. 23 MR. McANDREW: Your Honor, if I

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can speak to the Rule 29 issue quickly, of course, you know, in looking at the elements here was really at the heart of it is not whether they traveled in interstate commerce and used interstate commence, there is levels of fear and intent, it comes down to intent.

The Court, of course, can reserve a ruling at the close of the government's case, it can be renewed at the end of all evidence.

The Court will take a snapshot of the evidence from the close of the government's case and apply that as a standard as it reevaluates the motion. I don't know if Your Honor wants to have a full-fledged argument at the end of the case or reserve ruling until the end of all evidence.

THE COURT: For practical purposes, I would prefer to preserve the ruling so we can make progress with the witnesses. If that's the procedure, government agrees.

MR. McANDREW: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Edelin?

MR. EDELIN: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Mr. Ibrahim?

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1	MR. IBRAHIM: Yes, Your Honor.
2	THE COURT: Mr. Bostic?
3	MR. BOSTIC: Yes, Your Honor.
4	MR. McCALL: Housekeeping matters
5	before the government rest. I have two
6	stipulations that are outstanding that have to
7	be signed or we cannot rest, and then I have a
8	page of exhibits that we have worked our best
9	with the clerk on that I would need to just read
10	into the record. I'm happy to do that at the
11	break and I can say rest with the understanding
12	that the government will be offering several
13	exhibits into the record.
14	THE COURT: Nunc pro tunc,
15	perhaps?
16	MR. McCALL: I don't know if we're
17	going to go back to the beginning.
18	MR. McANDREW: Hopefully not.
19	THE COURT: Now from then.
20	MR. BOSTIC: I just want to go
21	back to the jury instructions and ask the Court
22	this. The government has pled defamation in the
23	indictment.
24	THE COURT: Right.

MR. BOSTIC: And I was going to propose that we have to give a jury instruction of what defamation is.

THE COURT: We'll revisit that downstream.

MR. BOSTIC: I wanted the Court to be aware of that.

THE COURT: I'm looking at the basics of the charge without prejudice of the peoples' ability to argue those other substantive points that need to be covered and depending on what we do with the polygraph issue and some of the other things that may become more or less important. Okay.

Before I get to you, Mr. Edelin, I want to get back to today. So the government rest, we have witnesses from Texas, then you have a cyber expert?

MR. BOSTIC: No, Your Honor, the cyber expert, we have a handwriting expert keyed up to go. We have a couple of other witnesses, depending on how things go forward.

THE COURT: We're going to have to at some point debate Dr. Otto. You have not

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answered the motion. You have got a very lift there, Mr. Bostic. All right? So jus take that into consideration, but if we were 3 going to get to Otto today, we would need to arque that motion.

MR. BOSTIC: No, we have Otto scheduled for tomorrow, and I will give --

THE COURT: By the end of the day today we need to argue on that because I want hear what you have to say. Just for the record I have reviewed in detail the direct examination of Dr. Romirowsky, I have reviewed the opinions he gave and when he gave them, I looked at the scope of examination I give you which was liberal which allowed you to go into the post event relationship and allowed you to question him on things on whether he shared that with counsel in the court, a lot of that is in the record. And then I also gave you leave in the interest of justice to cross-examine Special Agent Gordon on the purported inconsistency and what he said to the FBI. So looking at the totality of that plus my grave concerns about the propriety of that kind of testimony, it's a

heavy lift.

MR. BOSTIC: Your Honor, I will say this now and I do have something that I will probably put into writing because I think this is an issue that needs to be well documented. The bottom line for me is this is a bias issue, and generally speaking extrinsic evidence is allowed with respect to bias.

and I actually read the advisory comment the way you do and not the way the government does, but having said that I'm not convinced and I'm also persuaded by the fact that the government in a sense showed the evidence of bias already with the E-mail. And the other thing is, that those exchanges after he had formed his opinion.

But you should document the record any way you want, but I have given a lot of thought to this.

MR. BOSTIC: Absolutely, Your

Honor. And one of the things that I will submit

to the Court as well as my expert opinion

because I think it's something that the Court

has to consider in making its decision and I

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1 don't think you have the expert opinion. 2 THE COURT: We have a report of your expert and have looked at that, too. And 3 4 the other point the government makes is well 5 taken, it is not a finding of the American Psychological Association, but rather this 6 7 witness's interpretation of the reg which also bears to some degree -- well, I'll hear what you 8 have to say, but let's get -- Mr. Edelin, I cut 9 10 you off. Go ahead, sir. 11 MR. EDELIN: Your Honor, I'm going 12 back to the schedule for today. 13 THE COURT: Yes. 14 MR. EDELIN: Because obviously I'm not able at least and would strongly prefer not 15 to open until we have the Court's ruling on the 16 17 polygraph, which doesn't sound like we're getting to -- and I don't have any problem with 18 19 taking witnesses out of order. I know we have 20 the VTC, but I just wanted to cue that up and 21 make sure everybody was aware of that. 22 THE COURT: Let's revisit that when the government rests, but I understand your 23 24 problem.

MR. IBRAHIM: Judge if I may, is Mr. Sulner ready to go? Is he here? I only ask because of in terms of the VTC, Mr. Harara has got to come and connect.

THE COURT: We also need to get $\label{eq:ms.Edgar} \text{Ms. Edgar on.}$

MR. IBRAHIM: Right.

MR. McCALL: I have -- I'm having

-- if he wants to withhold his opening until -I don't know what Mr. Edelin intends to do, if
he intends to use evidence that Mr. Bostic puts
on in his defense, Mr. Gonzalez puts on in his
defense. I mean, if we wait to do his opening,
I'm having a hard time understanding the
procedure of that.

at the end of your case. I understand his problem, but I'm going to have to make some tough judgments in the next few days. At the same time we have a jury and we need to move this case forward.

MR. McCALL: Understood.

THE COURT: I'm trying to give due consideration to the competing interests in the

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case. And to the point of sending e-mails at 1 2 11:34 at night. MR. McANDREW: Impressive. 3 THE COURT: Compulsive. 4 (End of chambers discussion.) 5 THE COURT: Good morning, ladies 6 and gentlemen. Please be seated. I've been 7 conferring with counsel since before 9 and we 8 9 worked out other evidentiary issues. So your patience is appreciated. We were making good 10 use of the time. As the case reaches more 11 12 stages and we look at where the case is and where it might go, we have these discussion. 13 Particularly the case where there's so many 14 15 documents, so many issues and so much evidence that you've heard and so in one sense the more 16 evidence there is, the more evidentiary issues 17 there are to resolve as we move forward. 18 thank you for your patience and now I believe 19 we're going to hear the last witness for the 20 21 government. Mr. McCall. MR. McCALL: Yes, Your Honor. 22 23 would call Dawn Edgar. 24 THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen