TRAFFICKING CATEGORIES

L Human Trafficking

- Sex trafficking (prostitution, pornography, exploitation)
- Labor trafficking (forced labor, domestic servitude)
- Organ trafficking
- Child exploitation (soldiers, begging, criminal activities)
- Forced marriage / surrogacy (Driven by profit and exploitation of vulnerability)

Weapons / Arms Trafficking

- Smuggling of firearms, ammunition, and explosives
- Fuels conflict zones and organized crime
- Often linked to warlords, militias, and gangs

Drug Trafficking

- Cocaine, heroin, methamphetamine, fentanyl, cannabis, etc.
- Huge global networks involving cartels and syndicates
- Often the most profitable and violent type of trafficking

Wildlife Trafficking

- Ivory (elephants), rhino horn, tiger parts, exotic birds and reptiles
- Threatens endangered species and ecosystems
- Includes live animals (for pets or exotic zoos) and animal products

Counterfeit Goods

- Fake designer clothes, electronics, medications, even food and alcohol
- Poses serious safety risks (e.g., fake pharmaceuticals)
- Often tied to organized crime and labor exploitation

§ Cultural Property & Antiquities

- Art, religious artifacts, ancient relics stolen from museums or archaeological sites
- Sold on black markets or laundered through fake provenance
- Common during/after conflicts or natural disasters

🗿 Illegal Trade in Human Organs

- Black market organ trade, usually kidneys and livers
- Often involves coercion, fraud, or exploitation of the poor

▲ Environmental / Natural Resource Trafficking

- Illegal logging (timber trafficking)
- Sand mining, water theft
- Trafficking in rare minerals and gems (e.g., blood diamonds)

Data and Cybercrime Goods

- Stolen identities, credit card numbers, hacking tools, malware
- Sold on dark web marketplaces