

ATASCOSA COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 1

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022



ATASCOSA COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO.1 DISTRICT OFFICIALS SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

PRESIDENT	DAVID REEH
VICE PRESIDENT	DOMINICA "NIKKI" FUENTES
SECRETARY	KENNETH STEFFENS
TREASURER	TOMMY KRISCH
ASSISTANT TREASURER	LEE REDOUX

ATTORNEY

SANCHEZ & WILSON, PLLC

ATASCOSA COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO.1 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

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Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

District Commissioners Atascosa County Emergency Services District No.1

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund information of Atascosa County Emergency Services District No.1 as of and for the year ended September 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Atascosa County Emergency Services District No.1's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund information of Atascosa County Emergency Services District No.1, as of September 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Atascosa County Emergency Services District No.1 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Atascosa County Emergency Services District No.1's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Atascosa County Emergency Services District No.1's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Atascosa County Emergency Services District No.1's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Atascosa County Emergency Services District No.1's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Armstrong, Vauspan & Associates, P.C.

Armstrong, Vaughan & Associates, P.C.

April 18, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Atascosa County Emergency Services District No.1's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total net position was \$128 thousand at September 30, 2022.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$133 thousand less than the \$207 thousand generated in taxes and interest income for governmental activities.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$118 thousand, an increase of \$123 thousand.
- This is the first full year of operations for the District.
- The District paid their line of credit balance in full during the current fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- *The governmental funds* statements tell how *general government* services were financed in the *short-term* as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-1, Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report

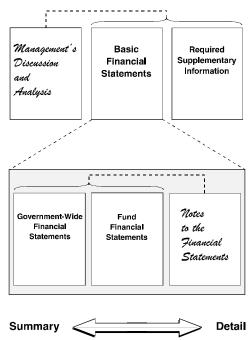


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements						
	Fund Statement					
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds				
Scope	Entire District's government (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary				
Required financial statements	Statement of net positionStatement of activities	 Balance Sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures & changes in fund balances 				
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus				
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter, no capital assets included				
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter				

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows—is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as emergency services and general administration. Property and sales taxes finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The District has the following kinds of funds:

• *Governmental funds*—All of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how *cash and other financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's combined net position was \$128 thousand at September 30, 2022. (See Table A-1).

		Govern Activ	Total Percentage		
	2022		2021*		Change
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables TOTAL ASSETS		117,510 10,128 127,638	\$	4,189	2705.2% 100.0% 2947.0%
Current Liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES				10,000 10,000	-100.0% -100.0%
Unrestricted TOTAL NET POSITION		127,638 127,638	\$	(5,811) (5,811)	-2296.5% -2296.5%

Table A-1

Statement of Net Position

*2021 has been restated for the effects of a prior period adjustment

Governmental Activities

- The District's total revenues were \$207 thousand, a 100% increase from the prior fiscal year.
- The total cost of all programs and services was \$74 thousand.

Table A-2 Changes in District's Net Position

		Govern Activ	Total Percentage		
		2022 2021*			Change
General Revenues					
Property Taxes	\$	207,425	\$	-	100.0%
Interest Income		6		-	100.0%
Miscellaneous Income		1		-	100.0%
Total Revenues		207,432		-	100.0%
General Administration		17,927		-	100.0%
Emergency Services		55,790		5,811	860.1%
Debt Service		266		-	100.0%
Total Expenses		73,983		5,811	1173.2%
Change in Net Position		133,449		(5,811)	-2396.5%
Net Position at Beginning of Year		(5,811)		-	
Net Position at End of Year	\$	127,638	\$	(5,811)	
*2021 has been restated for the effects of	a prior	r period adiu	t		

*2021 has been restated for the effects of a prior period adjustment

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues for the general fund totaled \$197 thousand. This is the first year the District received property tax and other revenues. Expenditures increased from \$6 thousand to \$74 thousand as the District is now providing funding for Lytle Volunteer Fire Department.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Revenues exceeded expectations by \$7 thousand, primarily from property taxes. Expenditures were under budget by \$116 thousand, primarily from less than expected funding to Lytle Volunteer Fire Department.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The property tax rate for the 2022 budget preparation decreased to \$0.090555 per \$100 valuation. However, increases in valuations is expected to generate \$50 thousand more property tax revenue. General fund expenditures are expected to increase to \$186 thousand from actual 2022 expenditures, with most of the increase going to the Lytle VFD. The ESD will continue to seek funding and conduct feasibility studies for a new fire station.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide Atascosa County Emergency Services District No.1 citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District Administrator by phone at 830-266-9351 or by mail to P.O. Box 1955, Lytle, Texas 78052.

ATASCOSA COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO.1 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include integrated sets of financial statements as required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The sets of statements include:

- Government wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements:
 - General funds

In addition, the notes to the financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

ATASCOSA COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO.1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

ASSETS	00	Governmental Activities	
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	117,510	
Receivables:			
Property Taxes		10,128	
Total Current Assets		127,638	
TOTAL ASSETS		127,638	
NET POSITION			
Unrestricted		127,638	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	127,638	

ATASCOSA COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO.1 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

								rimary vernment
			Program Revenues			Net	(Expenses)	
			Capital Charges for Grants and		Revenues and Changes in			
Functions and Programs	Ex	penses	Serv	vices	Contri	butions	Net Position	
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:								
General Administration	\$	17,927	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(17,927)
Emergency Services		55,790		-		-		(55,790)
Interest Expense		266		-		_		(266)
Total Governmental Activities		73,983		-		-		(73,983)
Total Primary Government	\$	73,983	\$		\$			(73,983)
General Revenues:								
Property Taxes								207,425
Interest income								6
Miscellaneous Income								1
Total General Revenues								207,432
Change in Net Position								133,449
Net Position at Beginning of Yea	r							4,189
Prior Period Adjustment								(10,000)
Net Position at End of Year							\$	127,638

ATASCOSA COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO.1 BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General Fund	
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	117,510
Property Taxes Receivable		10,128
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	127,638
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:		
Unavailable Property Tax Revenue	\$	10,128
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		10,128
Fund Balance:		
Unassigned		117,510
Total Fund Balance		117,510
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED		
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND		
FUND BALANCES	\$	127,638

ATASCOSA COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO.1 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

TOTAL FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 117,510
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Property taxes receivable assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds statements.	10,128
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 127,638

ATASCOSA COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO.1 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

	General Fund	
REVENUES		1 und
Property Taxes	\$	197,297
Interest Income		6
Miscellaneous Income		1
TOTAL REVENUES		197,304
EXPENDITURES		
Current:		
Emergency Services		55,790
Administrative		17,927
Debt Service:		
Interest		266
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		73,983
Net Change in Fund Balance		123,321
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		4,189
Prior Period Adjustment		(10,000)
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	117,510

ATASCOSA COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO.1 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 123,321
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	 10,128
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 133,449

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Atascosa County Emergency Services District No.1 is a political subdivision of the State of Texas and was created by successful passage of an election as authorized by Chapter 775 of the Texas Health and Safety Code and as ordered by the Atascosa County Commissioners Court in 2020. The District was created to provide emergency services and promote public safety, welfare, health and convenience of people residing in the District.

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below:

A. THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

In evaluating how to define the government for financial purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in GASB Statement 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." The definition of the reporting entity is based primarily on the concept of financial accountability. A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Based on the forgoing criteria, there was no component units identified that would require inclusion in this report.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The **government-wide financial statements** include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. Government-wide statements report information on all of the activities of the District. Governmental activities are supported mainly by property and sales tax.

The statement of activities reflects the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate **fund financial statements** are provided for governmental funds. The General Fund is the District's only fund and meets the criteria as *major governmental funds*.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The **government-wide financial statements** are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenue types, which have been accrued, are revenue from the investments, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services. Property taxes are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants are recognized as revenue when all applicable eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met.

Revenues are classified as *program revenues* and *general revenues*. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. General revenues include all taxes, grants not restricted to specific programs and investment earnings.

Governmental fund level financial statements are reported using current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Measurable and available revenues include revenues expected to be received within 60 days after the fiscal year ends. Receivables which are measurable but not collectible within 60 days after the end of the fiscal period are reported as deferred revenue. Property taxes which were levied prior to September 30, 2021, and became due October 1, 2021 have been assessed to finance the budget of the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2021.

Expenditures generally are recorded when an expense is incurred; however, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when the liability has matured and payment is due.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Major revenue sources include property taxes and investment of idle funds. Primary expenditures are for general administration and emergency services.

D. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash deposits and investments with a maturity date within three (3) months of the date acquired by the District.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

E. INVESTMENTS

State statutes authorize the District to invest in (a) obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities; (b) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies; (c) other obligations, the principal and interest of which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States; (d) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than A or its equivalent; (e) certificates of deposit by state and national banks domiciled in this state that are (i) guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, or its successor; or, (ii) secured by obligations that are described by (a) - (d); or, (e). Statutes also allow investing in local government investment pools organized and rated in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, whose assets consist exclusively of the obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities and repurchase assessments involving those same obligations.

The District reports investments at fair value based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

F. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable are reported net of allowances for uncollectible accounts. The allowance account represents management's estimate of uncollectible accounts based on historical trends.

Property taxes are levied based on taxable value at January 1 and become due October 1 and past due after the following January 31. Accordingly, receivables and revenues for property taxes are reflected on the government-wide statement based on the full accrual method of accounting. Property taxes receivable for prior year's levy is shown net of the allowance for doubtful accounts.

G. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land; buildings and improvements; and equipment and vehicles, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets such as equipment are defined as assets with a cost of \$500 or more. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

G. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Estimated Life			
Vehicles & Equipment	3-5 years			

Land, construction in progress and assets in progress are not depreciated.

H. UNAVAILABLE REVENUE/UNEARNED REVENUE

Property tax revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available in the fund statements. Available means when due, or past due, and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property tax revenues not expected to be available for the current period are reflected as unavailable revenue (a deferred inflow of resources).

Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grant and reimbursement revenues, if any, received in advance of expenses/expenditures are reflected as unearned revenue.

I. DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resource (revenue) until that time. Unavailable revenue is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet under a modified basis of accounting. Unavailable revenues from property tax are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

NOTE 1 -- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT.)

J. FUND EQUITY

Fund balances in governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – Represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items) or legally required to remain intact.

Restricted – Represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District Commissioners. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Commissioners removes those constraints through the same formal action.

Assigned – Represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria of restricted or committed. The District Commissioners are the only entities that may make assignments at this time.

Unassigned – Represents the residual balance that may be spent on any other purpose of the District.

When funds may be spent from multiple categories, the District spends restricted resources first, followed by committed, assigned and unassigned.

K. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

L. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 -- CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At September 30, 2022, the Districts cash was fully collateralized.

The District had no investments as of September 30, 2022.

NOTE 3 -- AD VALOREM (PROPERTY) TAXES

The District has contracted with the Caldwell County Tax Assessor-Collector to collect taxes on its behalf. Current year taxes become delinquent February 1. Current year delinquent taxes not paid by July 1 are turned over to attorneys for collection action.

For fiscal year 2022, the assessed tax rate for the District was \$0.1 per \$100 on an assessed valuation of \$202 million. An allowance for uncollectible property taxes has not been established as of September 30, 2022, as management considers all amounts to be collectible.

NOTE 4 -- SERVICE PROVIDER

The District contracts with Lytle VFD to provide fire services to the area. The District provides monthly payments to the VFD based on available funds in the District's annual budget. The agreement expires on September 30, 2022 and then will renew on a month to month basis.

NOTE 5 -- LITIGATION

The District is not aware of any pending or likely litigation that would have a significant impact on these financial statements.

NOTE 6 -- RELATED PARTIES

The District's General Manager is also employed by the City of Lytle as the Chief of Lytle VFD. The District currently has a service agreement with the VFD to provide emergency services to the citizens of the District.

NOTE 7 -- LINE OF CREDIT

A line of credit was established between Lytle State Bank and the District in August of 2021. The line of credit note amount was \$100,000 with a 3.950% interest rate. \$10,000 was drawn on the line of credit August 18, 2021 and then another \$10,000 was drawn on October 21, 2021. The full amount of principal and interest was repaid on January 20, 2022 totaling \$20,266. The line of credit was then closed as of September 30, 2022.

NOTE 8 -- PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

Adjustments were made to correct items in the financial statements for the year ending September 30, 2021. These adjustments are summarized as follows:

	C	eneral	Governmental		
	Fund		Activities		
Beginning Fund Balance, as previously recorded	\$	4,189	\$	4,189	
Understated Short Term Note Payable		(10,000)		(10,000)	
Beginning Fund Balance, restated	\$	(5,811)	\$	(5,811)	

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

• Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund

ATASCOSA COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO.1 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

				Variance		
	v	et Amounts	A / T	Favorable		
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)	2021*	
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$ 204,178	\$ 190,000	\$ 197,297	\$ 7,297	\$ -	
Interest Income	-	-	6	6	-	
Miscellaneous Income	-	-	1	1	-	
TOTAL REVENUES	204,178	190,000	197,304	7,304		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Emergency Services						
Lytle VFD	49,328	102,442	45,908	56,534	-	
Salaries	-	20,000	9,882	10,118	-	
Administrative						
Insurance and Bonds	3,000	1,500	1,439	61	-	
Office Expenses	5,500	2,500	780	1,720	1,306	
Training	10,000	11,442	2,003	9,439	-	
Other Expenses	-	500	160	340	-	
Legal	12,000	7,000	6,998	2	941	
Tax Collection	6,850	6,850	6,547	303	3,564	
Accounting	7,500	7,500	-	7,500	-	
Commissioner's Compensation	10,000	10,000	-	10,000	-	
Debt Service:						
Principal	100,000	20,266	-	20,266	-	
Interest			266	(266)		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	204,178	190,000	73,983	116,017	5,811	
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	123,321	123,321	(5,811)	
Fund Balance - Beginning	(5,811)	(5,811)	(5,811)			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ (5,811)	\$ (5,811)	\$ 117,510	\$ 123,321	\$ (5,811)	

*2021 has been restated for the effects of a prior period adjustment

ATASCOSA COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO.1 NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL SEPTEMBER 30, 2022

Budgetary Information – The budget is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District maintains strict budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the District's Board and as such is a good management control device. The following are the funds which have legally adopted annual budgets: General Fund.

Actual expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Actual expenditures did not exceed appropriations for the year ended September 30, 2022.

