PROPOSALS

For Printing a New Edition of the

P L A Y

O F

WILLIAM SHAKESPEAR,

WITH

Notes Critical and Explanatory,

IN WHICH

The Text will be corrected: The Various Readings remarked: The Conjectures of former Editors examin'd, and their Omissions supply'd.

By the AUTHOR of the

MISCELLANEOUS OBSERVATIONS on the Tragedy of MACBETH.

I.

THIS WORK will be printed in Ten small Volumes, of the same Paper and Print with the following Specimen.

TT

THE Price to Subscribers will be one Pound five Shillings in Sheets, of which half a Guinea is to be paid at the Time of Subscribing.

Note, It is hoped the Undertakers of this Edition will be thought entitled to some Regard, when it is confidered that the Price of Mr Pope's was six Guineas, Mr Theobald's two, and Sir T. H.'s three Guineas.

M A C B E T H. II

ACT III. SCENE II.

Manent Macbeth and a servant.

Sirrah,
A word with you. Attend those men our
pleasure?

Ser. They are, my lord, without the palace gate.

Mach. Bring them before us—To be thus is nothing,

[Exit fer.

But to be safely thus. -- Our fears in Banquo Stick deep, and in his royalty of nature Reigns that which should be fear'd. Tis much he And to that dauntless temper of his mind [dares, He hath a wisdom, that doth guide his valour To act in safety; there is none but he, Whose being I do fear, and under him My genius is rebuk'd; (1) as it is said Anthony's was by Cæsar. He chid the sisters, When first they put the name of king upon me, And bad them speak to him; then, prophet-like,

(1) ---- As it is said

Anthony's was by Caefar---Though I would not often affume the critic's privilege of being confident where certainty cannot be obtain'd, nor indulge myfelf too far in departing from the establish'd reading; yet I cannot but propose the rejection of this passage, which I believe was an infertion of some player, who, having so much learning as to discover to what Shakespear alluded, was not willing that his audience should be less knowing than himfelf, and has

therefore weakened the author's iense by the intrusion of a remote and useless image into a speech bursting from a man wholly possess'd with his own present condition, and therefore not at lessure to explain his own allusions to himself. If these words are taken away, by which not only the thought but the numbers are injured, the lines of Shakespear close together without any traces of a breach.

My genius is rebuk'd. Ho chid the sisters.

MACBETH.

They hail'd him father to a line of kings.
Upon my head they plac'd a fruitless crown,
And put a barren sceptre in my gripe,
Thence to be wrench'd with an unlineal hand,
No son of mine succeeding. If 'tis so,
For Banquo's issue have I 'fil'd my mind,
For them the gracious Duncan have Imurther'd,
Put rancours in the vessel of my peace
Only for them, and mine eternal jewel
Giv'n to (1) the common enemy of man,
To make them kings, the seed of Banquo kingsRather than so, (2) come, sate, into the lists,
And champion me to th'utterance! Who's there?

(1) ---- The common enemy of

nent to an inquisitive reader to trace a tentiment to its original source, and therefore, though the term enemy of man applied to the devil is in itself natural and obvivious, yet some may be pleased with being informed, that Shakespear probably borrowed it from the first

Troy, a book which he is known to have read.

That this remark may not appear too trivial, I shall take occasion from it to point out a beautiful passage of Milton, evidently copied from a book of no greater authority. In describing the gates of hell, book 2. v. 8.

lines of the Destruction of

79. he says,

--- On a sudden open sty,

With impetuous recoils and jarring sound,

The infernal doors, and on their binges grate

Harsh thunder.

In the history of don Bellianis, when one of the knights approaches, as I remember, the castle of Brandezar, the gates are faid to open grating barsh thunder upon their brasen binges.

(2) -----Come, fate, into the

And champion me to the utter-

This passage will be best explained by translating it into the language from whence the only word of disticulty in it is borrowed. Que la destince se rende en lice, et qu' elle me donne un desi a l'outrance. A challenge or a combat a l'outrance, to extremits, was a fixed term in the law of arms, used when the combatants engaged with an

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