



DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY, FISHERIES AND THE ENVIRONMENT

BRANCH FISHERIES MANAGEMENT

**GENERAL PUBLISHED REASONS FOR THE DECISIONS ON THE ALLOCATION
OF 2021/22 FISHING RIGHTS AND QUANTA IN THE SMALL PELAGIC (ANCHOVY)
FISHERY**

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1. Introduction

This document is titled the "*General Published Reasons for the Decisions on the Allocation of Rights and Quanta in the Small Pelagic (Anchovy) Fishery: 2021/22*" and will be referred to as the "GPR". The GPR sets out the criteria and weighting, the process and methodology and the policy reasons for the decisions on the allocation of rights and quantum in this sector. Applicants are therefore advised to carefully study the GPR before considering the assessment of their applications and the specific reasons for decisions taken. This GPR should be read in conjunction with the General Policy on the Allocation and Management of Commercial Fishing Rights: 2021 as well as the Policy on the Allocation and Management of Small Pelagic Commercial Fishing Rights: 2021.

1.1. Background and Context

During 2005/2006, the then Department of Environmental Affairs and Tourism (DEAT) embarked on the Long-Term Rights Allocation Management Process (LTRAMP). In preparation for LTRAMP, the DEAT published a General Policy on the Allocation and Management of Long-term Commercial Fishing Rights: 2005 as well as Sector-specific policies for twenty commercial fishing sectors. At the conclusion of the LTRAMP process, fishing rights were granted in terms of section 18 of the Marine Living Resources Act, 1998 (Act No. 18 of 1998) ("the MLRA") for periods ranging from two (2) to fifteen (15) years in twenty commercial fishing sectors.

Some fishing sectors rights expired on 31 December 2013 and were subsequently reallocated for a period of 7 years, expiring on 31 December 2020. Prior to this allocation process, the General Policy on the Allocation and Management of Long Term Commercial Fishing Rights: 2005 was revised to align the allocation objective of the Department with the broader objectives

of government and the new General Policy on the Allocation and Management of Fishing Rights: 2013 was published and gazetted.

The sectors that were allocated 15-year rights during LTRAMP 2005 and 7-year rights during FRAP 2013 expired at various periods during 2020. The Deputy Director-General exempted the current Right Holders from Section 18 of the Marine Living Resources Act, 1998 (Act no 18 of 1998), by granting them extensions of their current fishing rights until 31 December 2021. This extension was granted while the Department of Forestry, Fisheries and Environment (“the Department” / “DFFE”) would conclude a Fishing Rights Allocations Process (“FRAP”) in terms of Section 18 of the MLRA.

This necessitated the current allocations process, which is known as FRAP 2021. The nine sectors currently undergoing a Rights Allocation Process are:

- Hake Deep-Sea Trawl
- Hake Longline
- South Coast Rock Lobster
- Small Pelagic (Sardine and Anchovy)
- KZN Crustacean Trawl
- Demersal Shark Longline
- Squid
- Tuna Pole-Line
- Traditional Linefish.

The Department undertook several preparatory steps for FRAP 2021; these are summarized below:

- Appointment of Service Providers to facilitate, assist and observe the FRAP process.
- Conduct SEIAS Phase 1 of General Policy and Sector specific policies.
- Review of General Policy and Sector specific policies.
- Conduct public consultations and receive policy comments.
- Conduct SEIAS Phase 2 of General Policy and Sector specific policies.
- Incorporate comments and recommendations into final policies.
- Enhancement of FRAP Management System to allow for online registrations and applications.

- Appointment of Delegated Authorities and Assessment Teams for assessing and adjudicating online applications.

2. FRAP 2021 /22: Preparation for Allocation Process

2.1. Appointment of Service Providers

The Department appointed the following service providers to provide support and to ensure a procedurally fair and transparent process.

- **FRAP Implementer:** Stowie M Trading – RB Africa Consortium
 - Role and Responsibility: To assist the Department with the implementation and administration of the rights allocations during FRAP 2021.
- **FRAP Observer:** Rain Chartered Accountants
 - Role and Responsibility: Process observers and audit services, to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to support the MLRF, the DFFE and the Minister on FRAP 2021 and post rights allocations.
- **FRAP IT Solution:** Navayuga InfoTech SA (Pty) Ltd
 - Role and Responsibility: To design, implement and manage an IT solution and render IT support for the Delegated Authorities and the Minister during FRAP 2021 for a period of 3 years.
- **FRAP Legal Support:** The State Attorney Office: Cape Town
 - Role and Responsibility: Provision of legal services and advice for FRAP 2021.
- **FRAP Tip Off-Line:** KPMG
 - Role and Responsibility: Set up and monitor toll free tip off-line for the purposes of reporting unethical behaviour, theft, fraud, or related activities.
- **FRAP Forensic Investigations and Audits:** Morar Inc.
 - Role and Responsibility: Provision of forensic audit services for FRAP2015/16 and ad hoc forensic investigation services for FRAP2021 as required.

2.2. SEIAS Phase 1

The Socio-Economic Impact Assessment System (SEIAS) is a uniquely designed methodology for assessing the social and economic impact of policies, legislation, regulations and other subordinate legislation in line with our national priorities. SEIAS is aimed at improving the

legislative environment to ensure that assessments help departments to analyse risks and propose ways to mitigate them.

The Department conducted SEIAS Phase 1 studies on the General Policy and nine Sector-specific policies. The initial impact assessment aimed to understand problems, root causes and causative behaviours by different groups.

The SEIAS Phase 1 reports were published on the Department's website in May 2021 for all sectors except for Traditional Linefish which was published in August 2021 and stakeholder's comments were invited. The Presidency issued the Department with the necessary initial sign-off certificates for each of the SEIAS Phase 1 report.

2.3. Review of Policies

The Department published the draft General Policy on the Allocation of Commercial Fishing Rights: 2021 in the Government Gazette No. 45154 of 13 September 2021. The nine draft Sector-specific policies on the Allocation and Management of Fishing Rights were published in the Government Gazette No. 45180 of 20 September 2021 for public comment.

Comments from stakeholders were invited by post, by hand and by email. The deadline for submission of comments was 25 October 2021 and comments submitted via email were to be sent to FRAPpolicycomments@environment.gov.za.

2.4. Public Consultations and Policy Comments

Public meetings were held at 38 venues in all the coastal Provinces and 1 venue inland. In addition, 6 virtual sessions were held over Zoom. These meetings covered the geographical area from Port Nolloth to Richards Bay and were held from 13 – 21 October 2021. The schedule of the 44 consultations were published in a media statement which was published on the Department's website as well as emailed to industry stakeholders and displayed in all Fisheries Compliance Offices.

The public consultations were chaired by DFFE officials and comprised an overview of the draft policies and the FRAP 2021 process. During the consultations, the Department solicited the views of members of the fishing industry and interested parties in respect of the proposed policies and

processes that guided the Minister in deciding on the final policies and fees. All sessions were attended by the FRAP Implementer and FRAP Observer. Sessions were video recorded and minutes were taken to capture all concerns raised. Covid-19 Protocol was strictly observed at all sessions that were held in person.

The schedule of public consultations is set out in Table 1 below.

Table 1: Schedule of FRAP 2021 public consultation sessions.

Date	Day	Time	Area	Venue	Address
Region 1: Cape Town & Surrounds)					
13-Oct-21	Wednesday	09h00 - 12h00	Cape Town	Kirstenbosch Old Mutual Conference Centre	Kirstenbosch, Rhodes Drive, Visitors Gate 1
14-Oct-21	Thursday	09h00 - 12h00	Cape Town	Kirstenbosch Old Mutual Conference Centre	Kirstenbosch, Rhodes Drive, Visitors Gate 1
15-Oct-21	Friday	10h00 - 13h00	Hout Bay	Hout Bay Sport & Recreation Centre	Karbonkel Road, Hout Bay
16-Oct-21	Saturday	09h00 - 12h00	Khayelitsha	Site B Hall	Sulani Drive, Khayelitsha 9795
18-Oct-21	Monday	09h00 - 12h00	Kleinmond	Community Hall / Stadsaal	End of Main Road
19-Oct-21	Tuesday	09h00 - 12h00	Hermanus	Sandbaai saal	Corner of Piet Retief and Jimmy Smit
19-Oct-21	Tuesday	14h00 - 17h00	Hermanus	Abalone Hall, Hawston	1 Marine Drive
20-Oct-21	Wednesday	09h00 - 12h00	Gansbaai	Blom Park Gemeenskap saal	33 Viooltjie St, Blom Park
21-Oct-21	Thursday	09h00 - 12h00	Arniston	Arniston Community Hall	Kampstraat, next to Kliniek
21-Oct-21	Thursday	14h00 - 17h00	Struisbaai	Dienssentrum / Service centrum	5th Avenue, Struisbaai North

Date	Day	Time	Area	Venue	Address
Region 2: West Coast					
14-Oct-21	Thursday	09h00 - 12h00	Yzerfontein	Yzerfontein community hall	25 Dolfyn street
15-Oct-21	Friday	09h00 - 12h00	Langebaan	Seebries Caravan Park	157 Hoof street
15-Oct-21	Friday	14h00 - 17h00	Saldanha	Hoedjiesbaai Hotel	38 Main Road
16-Oct-21	Saturday	09h00 - 12h00	Veldrif	Riviera Hotel	127 Margaret Mncadi Ave, Esplanade
17-Oct-21	Sunday	09h00 - 12h00	Elands Bay	Elandsbay community Hall	36 Hoof Street, Elands Bay
17-Oct-21	Sunday	14h00 - 17h00	Lamberts Bay	Eureka	5 Seekant St 8130
18-Oct-21	Monday	09h00 - 12h00	Strandfontein	VCSV Uitsig Hall	Louis Rood Strandfontein
19-Oct-21	Tuesday	09h00 - 12h00	Hondeklip bay	Hondeklipbaai Hall	Dolfin street
20-Oct-21	Wednesday	09h00 - 12h00	Springbok	Springbok community center	17 Freddie Carstens st
21-Oct-21	Thursday	09h00 - 12h00	Port Nolloth	Scotia Inn Hotel	Beach Road, Port Nolloth

Date	Day	Time	Area	Venue	Address
Region 3: Southern Coast (EC/WC)					
15-Oct-21	Friday	09h00 - 12h00	Gqeberha (P.E)	PE Deep Sea Angling Club	Port Elizabeth Harbour, Humewood Extension
15-Oct-21	Friday	14h00 - 17h00	Gqeberha (P.E)	PE Deep Sea Angling Club	Port Elizabeth Harbour, Humewood Extension
17-Oct-21	Sunday	09h00 - 12h00	Knysna	Loerie Park Clubhouse	Fisher Haven, Knysna, 6571
18-Oct-21	Monday	09h00 - 12h00	Mossel bay	Diaz Museum	1 Market Street, Mossel Bay
19-Oct-21	Tuesday	09h00 - 12h00	Stillbay	Palinggat	Main Rd, Still Bay West

Date	Day	Time	Area	Venue	Address
Region 4: Eastern Cape					
14-Oct-21	Thursday	09h00 - 12h00	East London	Elba Club Rowing	Pontoon Road, Harbour, East London
15-Oct-21	Friday	09h00 - 12h00	Port Alfred	My Pond Hotel	33 Van Der Riet Street
16-Oct-21	Saturday	09h00 - 12h00	Centane	Trennery's Hotel	Trennery's Hotel, Qolorha
17-Oct-21	Sunday	09h00 - 12h00	Dwesa	Dwesa Conference Room	Dwesa Nature Reserve
18-Oct-21	Monday	09h00 - 12h00	Coffee Bay	Ocean View Hotel	Ocean View Hotel, Coffee Bay
19-Oct-21	Tuesday	09h00 - 12h00	Mthata	Tnnas Quest House, 3rd Avenue	3rd Avenue, Mthatha
20-Oct-21	Wednesday	09h00 - 12h00	Port St Johns	Eluxolweni Hall	Main Str, Port St Johns
21-Oct-21	Thursday	09h00 - 12h00	Lusikisiki	College of Education Lecture Hall 40	R61 Lusikisiki

Date	Day	Time	Area	Venue	Address
Region 5: KZN					
16-Oct-21	Saturday	09h00 - 12h00	Port Shepstone	Uvongo Town Hall, Crescent road	Crescent Rd, Uvongo, Margate
17-Oct-21	Sunday	09h00 - 12h00	Durban	Point Yacht Club	3 Maritime Place
18-Oct-21	Monday	09h00 - 12h00	Kwadukuza	Kwadukuza Town Hall, King Shaka street,	King Shaka street
19-Oct-21	Tuesday	09h00 - 12h00	Richards Bay	Richards Bay Library, Krugerrand st	Krugerrand street

Date	Day	Time	Area	Venue	Address
Region 6: Interior					
18-Oct-21	Monday	09h00 - 12h00	Pretoria	NG Villieria	571 24th Ave, Pretoria

Date	Day	Time	Area	Link	Meeting ID
Virtual Team					
13-Oct-21	Wednesday	09h00 - 12h00	Hamburg, Port Alfred, Bisho, Queenstown (Border Kei)	https://us02web.zoom.us/j/89027578069	Meeting ID: 890 2757 8069 Dial in: +27 87 551 7702
13-Oct-21	Wednesday	14h00 - 17h00	Jeffreys Bay, Tsitsikamma, Plettenberg Bay, Humansdorp	https://us02web.zoom.us/j/88535737534	Meeting ID: 885 3573 7534 Dial in: +27 87 550 3946
14-Oct-21	Thursday	09h00 - 12h00	Mahikeng Kimberley Bloemfontein Mbombela Polokwane	https://us02web.zoom.us/j/86970872089	Meeting ID: 869 7087 2089 Dial in: +27 87 551 7702
14-Oct-21	Thursday	14h00 - 17h00	Paternoster St Helena Veldrif	https://us02web.zoom.us/j/81083859444	Meeting ID: 810 8385 9444 Dial in: +27 21 426 8190
15-Oct-21	Friday	09h00 - 12h00	Pietermaritzburg Port Edward Mzamba	https://us02web.zoom.us/j/83213399431	Meeting ID: 832 1339 9431 Dial in: +27 21 426 8191
15-Oct-21	Friday	14h00 - 17h00	Sodwana Bay Manguzi	https://us02web.zoom.us/j/84656897757	Meeting ID: 846 5689 7757 Dial in: +27 87 551 7702

2.5. SEIAS Phase 2

The Final Impact Assessment provides a more detailed assessment of the ultimate policy or legislative proposal. It also considers the intended outcomes, costs, benefits, a system for managing appeals that could emerge around the implementation process, consultations with stakeholders, impact assessment to different groups, risks, monitoring and evaluation and impact to the National priorities.

The SEIAS Phase 2 process was conducted on the General Policy and the nine sector specific policies. Sign off certificates were issued by the Presidency and the final SEIAS reports were published on the DFFE website in December 2021.

2.6. Finalisation and Gazetting of Final Policies

After consideration of all the comments received via email, post and by hand by the due date of 25 October 2021, the policies were subjected to a final review. The Minister published the final General Policy and sector specific policies in the Government Gazette No. 45504 of 19 November 2021. The ten policies were also translated from English into Afrikaans, isiXhosa and isiZulu.

3. Application Process

In order to facilitate and streamline the FRAP 2021 application and assessment process, the Department appointed Navayuga InfoTech to develop an online IT solution.

The application process launched on 1 November 2021, when applicants were invited to log on to the online system and create a User Profile. The draft application form was made available for applicants to download in order to familiarise themselves with the information and supporting documentation required.

Support centres were set up at the venues listed in Table 2 below, in order to provide technological equipment (laptop, Wi-Fi, and printer) and support for applicants with limited access to resources. The FRAP Observer was present at all centres. Covid-19 Protocol was strictly observed at all centres.

Table 2: Support Centres for FRAP 2021 applications.

No	Area & Centre
1.	Fishery Compliance Office, Port Nolloth
2.	Monitoring & Surveillance Office, Saldanha
3.	Customer Service Centre, Cape Town
4.	Fishery Compliance Office, Hermanus
5.	Fishery Compliance Office, Arniston
6.	Research Office, Mossel Bay
7.	Marine Resource Management and MCS Office, East London
8.	Fishery Compliance Office, Port Elizabeth

9.	Fishery Compliance Office, Mzamba, Port Edward
10.	Midmar Environmental Programmes Office, Howick, KZN

The FRAP 2021/22 system opened for applications on 22 November 2021. The closing date for submission of applications was extended from 7 December 2021 until midnight 10 December 2021, as per Government Notice 1566 in Government Gazette No 45573 of 2 December 2021.

Following calls from various industry representatives and fishing associations, on 28 December 2021, Susan Clare Middleton, the Deputy Director-General of the Fisheries Management Branch, by virtue of the delegated powers conferred to her by the Minister of Forestry, Fisheries and the Environment, in terms of Section 79(1) of the Marine Living Resources Act 18 of 1998, re-opened the FRAP online system. The reopening of the FRAP online system afforded only registered users and current applicants a further opportunity to resubmit fresh applications and/or to supplement their current applications with outstanding information and/or supporting documentation between 28 December 2021 and 28 January 2022. A Public Notice communicating the reopening of the FRAP online system was released on 27 December 2021.

3.1. Interactive application process

Applicants were able to raise queries during the week (Monday to Friday) between 08h00 and 16h00 by calling the FRAP Call Centre Helpline at (021) 402 FRAP (3727).

Technical queries relating to the completion of the online application form were directed to Navayuga Information Technology on the tollfree helpline +27 10 500 2323 or by email to frapitsupport@navayugainfotech.com. An additional helpline was opened and an IT specialist was placed at the Branch: Fisheries Management, Foretrust Building, Cape Town to provide assistance and support to applicants.

An independent toll free FRAP Tip-Off Line was established and was available 24/7 from 8 November 2021 for the purposes of reporting unethical behaviour, theft, fraud, or related activities. The FRAP Tip-Off Line number is 0800 203 589 and it will remain operational until all the appeals have been finalised.

4. Assessment and Evaluation

In assessing and allocating commercial fishing rights to applicants in the nine sectors, the Department had to evaluate and assess all applications received. Each application contained detailed information on the applicants' identification and contact details, current and previous involvement in the fishing sector, investment in the fishing sector, performance and compliance history as well as their transformation profile and contribution to the fishery. The required information was to be used to identify the most deserving applicants to be granted fishing rights.

The Minister appointed eight (8) Delegated Authorities with six (6) Assessment Teams comprising of technical and subject experts in fisheries research, fisheries resource management and fisheries monitoring, control and surveillance as well as legal and information technology to assist the Delegated Authority in evaluating the applications. The FRAP Implementer was responsible to provide administrative and secretariat support to each Assessment session and the FRAP Observer was present to observe all the sessions.

A detailed Covid-19 risk mitigation strategy was developed prior to the commencement of the sessions in order to ensure Assessments could continue to run seamlessly in the context of the emergence of a new Covid-19 variant and fourth wave of infections. The preferred option from an efficiency and effectiveness point of view was to hold all sessions in person, however the Department made the necessary contingency plans to shift sessions to virtual or hybrid should the need arise.

4.1. Appointment of the Delegated Authority

The Minister of the Department of Forestry, Fisheries and the Environment, in terms of Section 79(1) of the Marine Living Resources Act, 1998 (Act No. 18 of 1998), appointed Ms. Sue Middleton as the Delegated Authority responsible for the allocation of fishing rights in the Small Pelagic: (Anchovy) Sector.

4.2. Applicants

A total of 3 430 users were registered on the online system. A total of 3 125 applications were initiated and 2 473 complete applications were submitted.

Table 3: Summary of Applications received during FRAP 2021.

Sector	Number of Applications Initiated	Number of Applications Received
Demersal Shark Longline	23	6
Hake Deep-Sea Trawl	233	175
Hake Longline	536	446
Kwa-Zulu Natal Crustacean Trawl	35	16
Small Pelagic (Anchovy)	416	346
Small Pelagic (Sardine)	325	244
South Coast Rock Lobster	122	68
Squid	236	162
Traditional Linefish	941	806
Tuna Pole-Line	258	204

5. Application and Grant of Right Fee

In terms of Section 25(1) and (2) of the Marine Living Resources Act, 18 of 1998, the amount for the Application Fee was discussed during the Consultation Period and was determined by the Minister with the concurrence of the Minister of Finance.

The draft schedule of Fees was published with the General Policy on 13 September 2021. After consideration of stakeholder comments and taking into account the prevailing economic environment and the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic on the economy and the livelihoods of South Africans, the Minister decided not to apply the fee increase for applications and the quota (grant of right) fee for the Fishing Rights Allocation Process of 2021. The fees published in Government Notice No. 1170 in Government Gazette 39451 of 25 November 2015 were applied for the Fishing Rights Allocation Process of 2021/22. Applicants in the Traditional Linefish sector were exempted from paying both the application fee and the Grant of Right fee. The public notice in this regard was released on 18 November 2021.

The application fee for this sector thus remained at R 2 530 and the Grant of Right Fee remained at R 5 per tonne. The Grant of Right Fee is payable by the successful applicant within 60 (sixty) days from the date that the Final 2022 Anchovy TAC is announced (typically in July/August).

6. Access to Information and Reasons

Every Applicant will receive the following information:

- a. A Notification Letter, informing the applicant of the Delegated Authority's decision, together with the reason for that decision and the manner in which Appeals must be submitted;
- b. Scoresheet indicating the Applicant's Score;
- c. Access to an electronic copy of the General Published Reasons.

Individual Scoresheets pertaining to other Applicants may be requested in terms of the procedures and provisions of the Promotion of Access to Information Act, 2000 (Act No. 2 of 2000) set out below.

The specific reasons contained in the notification letter to unsuccessful applicants, the scoresheets and the GPR constitute the reasons for the decisions to decline a right in a fishery. Applicants were evaluated within their confirmed categories (A, B or C) and assessed against the balancing criteria for their respective category and scoresheets for all applicants were generated.

Access to other information, including information pertaining to other applicants will be dealt with in terms of the procedures and provisions of the Promotion of Access to Information Act, 2000 (Act No. 2 of 2000). The prescribed Access to Information Form must be completed and submitted to the Department's Customer Service Centre, Ground Floor, Foretrust Building, Martin Hammerschlag Way, Foreshore, Cape Town or via email at CSCapplications@dffe.gov.za (attention: Deputy Director: Administration (FRAP)). The application will be assessed in terms of the Promotion of Access to Information Act, 2000 (Act No. 2 of 2000). The prescribed request fee of R 100.00 must be submitted together with the application. Applicants requesting other applicant's information will be charged an access fee in accordance with Fees in respect of Public Bodies published in August 2021. In processing the Requests for Information, the Department will take into consideration the Protection of Personal Information Act, 2013 (Act No. 4 of 2013).

Access will not be granted to any private and confidential information of the applicant in line with PAIA. Access will be granted on request to all other parts of an application (including the annexures) unless the third-party objects, in writing, to the release of specific parts of an application. Objections must be lodged to the Department's Customer Service Centre, Ground Floor, Foretrust Building, Martin Hammerschlag Way, Foreshore, Cape Town or via email at CSCapplications@dffe.gov.za. No information will be released before the date specified in the third-party notification. If access is sought to a part of the form in respect of which an objection was submitted, the request will be determined in accordance with the provisions of PAIA.

Applicants may view the scoresheets used to record the assessment of every application in the fishery at the Department's Offices, Foretrust Building, Martin Hammerschlag Way, Foreshore, Cape Town on the Departments FRAP online system. The viewing appointments will be conducted in line with Covid 19 protocols and regulations. Applicants are thus required to liaise with Natasha Philander via email NPhilander@dffe.gov.za to make an appointment for viewing. Viewing will take place during the period between 04 April 2022 and 22 April 2022 between the hours of 09h00 to 13h00 and 13h30 to 15h30 Monday to Friday excluding public holidays. These documents may be inspected free of charge, but prescribed rates in terms of the Promotion of Access to Information Act, 2000 (Act No. 2 of 2000) (the "PAIA") would apply if copies of documents are requested.

7. Decision Making Process

The Delegated Authority was assisted by the Assessment Team to evaluate all the applications. In summary, the FRAP 2021 assessment involved the following steps:

- 7.1. System Enhancement:** The Department appointed Navayuga InfoTech to redesign the FRAP Management System to enable applicants to capture their data and submit applications online and to facilitate the analysis of applicants' data across a range of fields, including the form of the applicant, compliance, catch utilization, equity, transformation, job creation and procurement, safe working conditions and vessels. The functionality of the IT system was enhanced to consistently apply the scoring and weighting of detailed criteria and to identify aspects which required special verification

and consideration. The Department approved the amendments to the design and development of the system.

7.2. Data Validation/Verification: The Delegated Authority was assisted by the Assessment Team to validate/verify data that was provided by each of the applicants. The primary purposes of the validation/verification was to ensure that the data captured by the applicant corresponds with the data in the possession of the Department.

7.3. Criteria and weighting design: The Delegated Authority, with the assistance of the Assessment Team, developed detailed criteria and weightings for the purpose of assessing and scoring the applications in each sector.

7.4. Assessment: The Assessment Team assisted the Delegated Authority by assessing whether the applications were properly lodged and whether they were materially defective or not and made recommendations for the consideration of the Delegated Authority. The Assessment Team also assessed the information provided in each application and provided comments to the Delegated Authority.

7.5. Decision-making: After all applications were evaluated, the Delegated Authority together with the Assessment Team considered the results in respect of each applicant, having regard to the application. If there was any uncertainty regarding the score or the assessment, the Delegated Authority, together with the Assessment Team, re-assessed the application. The Delegated Authority together with the Assessment Team also considered whether the selected criteria and weighting achieved the objectives set for the fishery and, if necessary, adjusted weighting or criteria in order to better achieve the objectives.

8. Applicants for fishing rights in 2021

A total of **346** applications were received for the Small Pelagic (Anchovy) Sector.

8.1. Criteria

8.1.1. Confirmation of Category designation

Applicants were assigned to one of three Categories (see Section 8.2.2, below). The category of an application was verified through comparison of the category in which an application was lodged against the right holding information on the Department's Marine Administration System (MAST) database. The holding of a Fish Processing Establishment right was not considered as the holding of a fishing right. Confirmed category designations are shown in Annexure A. Applications were assessed based on the verified category, and not necessarily on the category in which the application was lodged.

8.1.2. Exclusionary criteria

The following exclusionary criteria were employed:

- (a) Each application was initially screened to determine whether it was properly lodged using the information provided, and as could be reasonably determined with the available evidence and documentation. An application was considered to be improperly lodged and was excluded if:
- i. it was submitted without using the prescribed application form and lodged contrary to the instructions of the Department; or
 - ii. the applicant is not a South African person; or
 - iii. the application was submitted by a deregistered juristic person; or
 - iv. the applicant is not Tax Compliant (an applicant was considered tax compliant if a SARS certificate was provided and this indicated either a non-expired pin number or a non-expired clearance certificate at the time of submission of the original application deadline on 10 December 2021 or of the extended application deadline on 28 January 2022); or
 - v. the application was not submitted by the applicant or its authorized representative; or
 - vi. the applicant was not a registered company or close corporation; or
 - vii. the required documents (SARS, CIPC, authorization letter) were not attached; or
 - viii. the application was submitted after the set due date and time; or
 - ix. the applicant did not pay the prescribed application fee in full and on time (the correct and timeous payment of application fees was verified through a database

of payments received by the Marine Living Resources Fund and supplied to the Assessment Team).

- (b) The next step was to determine whether the application was materially defective, as could be reasonably determined with the available evidence and documentation. An application was considered to be materially defective if:
- i. more than one application was received from the same applicant for a fishing right in the same sector; or
 - ii. the applicant provided false information and/or misleading information or false documentation; or
 - iii. the applicant failed to disclose material information for the purposes of evaluating the application.
- (c) The next step was to determine whether the application was non-compliant. An application is non-compliant if:
- i. the applicant or any of its authorized personnel / representative(s) attempted to improperly influence the Minister or the delegated authority; or
 - ii. the applicant or any of its Directors, Trustees, Senior Management, Shareholders or Members (where such shareholding or members interest exceeds 10%) or Skippers has entered into a plea bargain in terms of section 105A of the Criminal Procedure Act, Act 51 of 1977, for a contravention of the MLRA, the regulations, or permit conditions and subjected to sentencing of imprisonment without the option of a fine; or
 - iii. the applicant or any of its Directors, Trustees, Senior Management, Shareholders or Members (where such shareholding or members interest exceeds 10%) or Skippers has been convicted in terms of the MLRA or its regulations or permit conditions since the period determined in the Fishery Sector Specific Policies (e.g. an applicant or any of its Directors, Trustees, Senior Management, Shareholders or Members (where such shareholding or members interest exceeds 10%) or Skippers has been convicted of more than two contraventions and subjected to sentencing exceeding R5000 or imprisonment without an option of a fine); or
 - iv. the applicant had an asset forfeited to the State for a violation of a provision of the MLRA; or

- v. the applicant had a fishing right or permit cancelled or revoked for a period as defined in the Fishery Sector Specific Policies. In the event that a fishing right or permit had been cancelled or revoked, the decision of the Minister or the Delegated Authority is suspended pending the outcome of the appeal.
- (d) Applicants were then evaluated to determine if they pose a “paper quota risk” or a “fronting risk” as defined in the General Policy on the Allocation and Management of Commercial Fishing Rights: 2021. Applicants who failed to present the documentation required, or who were not directly involved in the catching, processing or marketing of their fish or who did not apply for a catch permit or land any fish during the period for which they held a right were considered to have no serious intention of fully participating in the sector. The Delegated Authority decided to exclude all those applicants that pose a “paper quota” or possible “fronting” risk as such applicants would undermine and circumvent the objectives of the policy.
- (e) Category A applicants were excluded if they failed to utilize any of their fishing right, during the duration of the commercial fishing right which was granted in LTRAMP2005.
- (f) Applicants that were excluded, and the reasons for their exclusion, are listed by category in Table 4.

Table 4: Excluded applications (by category) for the Small Pelagic (Anchovy) fishery.

Category	Application Number	Reason/s for exclusion
A (4)	SPA21058	Fronting and paper quota risk
	SPA21064	Improperly lodged and materially defective
	SPA21202	Fronting and paper quota risk
	SPA21298	Fronting
B (6)	SPA21130	Improperly lodged and materially defective
	SPA21293	Improperly lodged and materially defective
	SPA21300	Improperly lodged and materially defective
	SPA21388	Improperly lodged and materially defective
	SPA21414	Improperly lodged and materially defective
	SPA21416	Improperly lodged and materially defective
C (25)	SPA21029	Improperly lodged and materially defective

SPA21124	Improperly lodged and materially defective
SPA21132	Improperly lodged and materially defective
SPA21137	Improperly lodged and materially defective
SPA21211	Improperly lodged and materially defective
SPA21227	Improperly lodged and materially defective
SPA21231	Improperly lodged and materially defective
SPA21237	Improperly lodged and materially defective
SPA21239	Wrong entity type
SPA21250	Improperly lodged and materially defective
SPA21257	Improperly lodged and materially defective
SPA21265	Improperly lodged and materially defective
SPA21266	Improperly lodged and materially defective
SPA21275	Improperly lodged and materially defective
SPA21308	Compliance
SPA21322	Improperly lodged and materially defective
SPA21323	Improperly lodged and materially defective
SPA21328	Improperly lodged and materially defective
SPA21329	Improperly lodged and materially defective
SPA21347	Improperly lodged and materially defective
SPA21359	Improperly lodged and materially defective
SPA21361	Improperly lodged and materially defective
SPA21375	Improperly lodged and materially defective
SPA21382	Improperly lodged and materially defective
SPA21413	Improperly lodged and materially defective

8.1.3. Balancing Criteria: Previous Right Holders and New Applicants

All applications submitted were scored in terms of a set of balancing criteria ("the balancing criteria") as set out in the General and Sector-Specific policies. The balancing criteria were weighted for purposes of ranking the applicants.

The following criteria were used to score and rank applicants in the Small Pelagic (Anchovy) sector, namely the Applicant Details, Form of Applicant, Compliance, Access to a Suitable Vessel, Submission of Catch Information, Fishing Performance, Transformation, Job Creation, Additional Societal Benefit, Payment of Dividends, and Investment. The weightings for each of the balancing criteria differed between Categories and are shown in Table 5.

Table 5: Percentage weights allocated to questions posed to applicants in the Small Pelagic (Anchovy) fishery.

Section	Heading	% Weights Category A	% Weights Category B	% Weights Category C
Section 1	Applicant Details	0%	0%	15%
Section 2	Form of Applicant	2%	2%	10%
Section 3	Compliance	3%	3%	3%
Section 4	Access to a suitable vessel	20%	30%	20%
Section 5	Fishing Performance	5%	0%	0%
Section 6	Transformation	15%	20%	25%
Section 7	Job creation	20%	30%	15%
Section 8	Dividends and Additional Societal Benefit	10%	15%	12%
Section 9	Investment	25%	0%	0%
Section 10	Applicant declaration	0%	0%	0%
		100 %	100 %	100 %

8.2. Assessment

8.2.1. Section 1: Applicant Details

Applicants were assessed against the number of years they have been involved in the fishing industry.

8.2.1.1 All Category A applicants who were involved in the Anchovy fishery for the full 15-year period were automatically awarded maximum scores for questions 1.30 -1.31 and 1.32. Scores were reduced in cases where applicants, as new entities, did not hold an anchovy right for the entire 15 year period as a result of Section 21 Rights transfers. In these cases scores were awarded based on the number of years that

applicants were active in the sector, with the number of years being scored as follows: 0-4 years=5; 5-8=10; 9-12=15 & 13 and above=20.

8.2.1.2 Category B applicants were scored on questions 1.33 and 1.34. In the sector with the highest number of years, the number of years that the applicant has held a right was scored as follows: 0-4 years=5; 5-8=10; 9-12=15 & 13 and above=20.

8.2.1.3 Category C applicants were scored on questions 1.35 and 1.36. For each, the number of years of involvement was scored as follows: 0-4 years=5; 5-8=10; 9-12=15 & 13 and above=20.

8.2.2. Section 2: Form of Applicant

Three Categories of Applicants were identified:

- i. **Category A Applicants** - Applicants who held a right in the Small Pelagic Sector between 2005/06 and 2020/21. Applicants who received Small Pelagic fishing rights as a result of transfers under Section 21 of the Marine Living Resources Act, 1998 (Act No. 18 of 1998) at any stage during the period 2006 – 2020/1 were also considered under this category.
- ii. **Category B Applicants** - Applicants who did not hold rights in the Small Pelagic Sector between 2005/06 and 2020/21 but who did hold rights in other fishing sector/s during this period and
- ii. **Category C Applicants** - Applicants who did not hold a right in any fishing sector between 2005/06 and 2020/21.

8.2.3. Section 3: Compliance

The Department's Transgression Register and the South African Police Services register were used to identify, where possible, if Directors, Trustees, Senior Management, Shareholders or Members (where such shareholding or members interest exceeds 10%) or Skippers of any applying entities had contravened the Marine Living Resources Act, Act 18 of 1998. Cases that were not finalized were not taken into consideration. The Delegated Authority also gave consideration to whether the applicant complied fully with other relevant legislation as indicated in the Application Form.

8.2.3.1 Where applicants answered questions under Section 3 with a N/A, the system scored them zero points. The Delegated Authority reviewed the scores and the transgression register and awarded points accordingly and where appropriate.

8.2.4. Section 4: Access to a suitable vessel

Consideration was given to the level of access to a suitable vessel indicated by each applicant. The suitability of nominated vessels was evaluated according to the specifications stipulated in the Policy on the Allocation and Management of Small Pelagic Commercial Fishing Rights: 2021. Small pelagic vessels that were approved during the previous rights allocation period as well as a single to-be-built vessel that was approved in 2021 were considered to be suitable vessels for the anchovy fishery. Where applicants had nominated a vessel that was deemed not to be suitable or was still to be built (but had not yet been approved by the Department), the successful applicants will be afforded the opportunity to nominate a suitable vessel.

8.2.4.1 Scores were awarded on a sliding scale, with the maximum score (20) being awarded for applicants who had >50% ownership of a vessel, graduating downwards to 50% (a score of 15); <50% (10) and a catch agreement (5). For this section, ownership levels and catch agreements were only considered where the nominated vessel was suitable for operation in the Small Pelagic Sector, as described in Section 9 of the Policy on the Allocation and Management of Small Pelagic Commercial Fishing Rights: 2021.

8.2.5. Section 5: Fishing Performance

This was assessed for Category A applicants only, and these applicants were screened and evaluated on whether, and to what degree, they had utilized their rights allocated during the previous rights allocation period (2006-2020) in the Small Pelagic Sector.

8.2.5.1 Category A applicants in the Anchovy fishery were separated into two Sub-categories: (i) Category A_{Full} - those who had received an annual anchovy allocation in the previous rights allocation period; and (ii) Category A_{Partial} - those who held a Right during the previous period but had not received an annual anchovy allocation because they were sardine-only right holders. The fishing

performance of Category A_{Full} applicants was assessed by comparing their confirmed catches with allocations using Departmental allocation and catch data for the period 2007 to 2020 only. Data for 2006 were excluded because at that time the appeal process was not yet finalized and allocations were adjusted subsequently, and data for 2021 were excluded because that year was not part of the previous allocation period and to avoid recent Section 21 actions (combination of rights). Allocations and catches were summed for the 2007-2020 period and the ratio of catch: allocation was calculated and expressed as a percentage for each applicant. Fishing performance scores for each Category A_{Full} applicant were based on their catch: allocation percentage, scaled to the maximum achieved for all Category A_{Full} applicants and using Table 6, below. Fishing performance scores based on anchovy could not be calculated for Category A_{Partial} applicants, and calculating scores based on their catch: allocation ratio for sardine was not done because it was considered that doing so would positively bias these applicants compared to Category A_{Full} applicants given the substantially higher utilization rates in the sardine compared to the anchovy fishery. Category A_{Partial} applicants were therefore assigned the average of the fishing performance scores awarded to Category A_{Full} applicants.

Table 6: Awarded scores for different levels of a Category A_{Full} applicant's catch: allocation %.

Catch: Allocation %	Score
<11	0
>=11 and <21	2
>=21 and <41	4
>=41 and <61	6
>=61 and <81	8
>= 81	10

The Excel file in which these calculations were made (FRAP Anchovy Q5.3.xls) is available on request (frapeng_2020@environment.gov.za) in line with the provisions set out in PAIA.

8.2.6. Section 6: Transformation

Transformation was regarded as a key criterion and a number of indices were used to evaluate the various levels of transformation achieved by each applicant. Applicants were rewarded for maintaining and/or improving their ownership profile and employment of black people (as defined in terms of the B-BBEE 53 of 2003 and Codes of Good Practice) women, youth and people living with disabilities between 2005/06 and 2020/21. Scores were awarded for employee share schemes, expenditure on corporate social investment, compliance with Employment Equity, affirmative procurement, skills development and enterprise development.

8.2.6.1 **For Question 6.03**, scores were awarded based on an Applicant's present transformation level in terms of shareholding/membership interest held by black persons (as defined in terms of the B-BBEE 53 of 2003 and Codes of Good Practice), women, youth and persons with disabilities, for all categories of applicant. Data for 2020 was used for Category A and B applicants and for 2021 for Category C applicants. The change in transformation level was also assessed for Category A and B applicants (this was not done for Category C applicants because many of those are recently formed companies or close corporations), with the change for Category A applicants calculated for the period 2006-2020 and for Category B applicants calculated for the longest period for which data were supplied (e.g. 2006-2020; 2013/14-2020; 2018-2020 or 2019-2020).

Present transformation level scores were calculated for all applicants by: (i) summing the values provided for the percentages of black people, women, youth, and people living with disabilities employed (maximum = 400%; *i.e.* if everyone employed by that applicant were young, black women living with disabilities) in the appropriate year; (ii) normalizing that sum relative to the maximum sum for applicants in that Category only (such that the normalized value for the applicant with the highest sum in that Category would be 100); and (iii) awarding a score from 1 to 12 based on that normalization whereby applicants that had a normalized value of >80 were awarded 12 scores and those that had a normalized value of <80 were awarded a score of one twelfth (1/12) of their normalized value expressed as a proportion and not a percentage.

The change in transformation level was calculated for Category A and B applicants only (insufficient data were available for Category C applicants), by: (i) summing the values provided for the percentages of black people, women, youth, and people living with disabilities employed (maximum = 400%) for the start and end years of the assigned period; (ii) subtracting the summed value at the start of the period from that at the end of the period and expressing the resultant value as a percentage of the starting value; (iii) normalizing that value by dividing it by the maximum change in transformation calculated for applicants in that Category only; and then (iv) dividing that normalized value by the average change in transformation value for all applicants in that Category only.

The final score for Q.6.3 was the sum of the values calculated for present transformation level and change in transformation level, with substantially more weighting given to an applicant's present transformation level than their change in transformation level. A maximum score of 12 could be achieved for this question; applicants who provided no data for this question were awarded a score of zero (0).

For applications where it was suspected that actual numbers and not percentages had been provided for each transformation group, or where this information was not provided, information was sought from Question 6.4 and from the attached CIPC documents, and where applicable was used to recalculate or calculate their transformation scores.

The Excel file in which these calculations were made (FRAP Anchovy Q6.3.xls) is available on request (frapeng_2020@environment.gov.za) in line with the provisions set out in PAIA.

8.2.6.2 For Question 6.06, if applicants answered Yes in 6.5 to having an employee share scheme, system points were awarded as follows based on the percentage supplied by the applicant in 6.06: 0-10 %=1 points, 11-20%=2 points, 21-30%=3 points, 31-40%= 4 points, 41-50%=5 points, 51-60%=6 points, 61-70%=7 points, 71-80%=8 points, 81-90%=9 points, >90%=10 points.

8.2.6.3 For Question 6.07, all applicants (Category A, B and C) were awarded 2 points for every year in which a capital payment was made to an employee ownership

scheme for the years 2016 to 2020. The points out of 10 were scaled up to 100 and a score was awarded according to Table 6 below. Applicants scored zero (0) points for years in which no information was provided.

Table 7: Awarded scores for capital payments to employee ownership schemes.

Payments to employee ownership schemes	Score
<1	1
>=1 and <20	2
>=20 and <30	3
>=30 and <40	4
>=40 and <50	5
>=50 and <60	6
>=60 and <70	7
>=70 and <80	8
>=80 and <90	9
> 90	10

The Excel file in which these calculations were made (FRAP Anchovy Q6.7.xls) is available on request (frapeng_2020@environment.gov.za) in line with the provisions set out in PAIA.

8.2.6.4 For Question 6.10, all applicants (Category A, B and C) were awarded points for the percentage of their wage bill that was paid to previously disadvantaged individuals across 4 classes, i.e., Race (Black, Coloured, Indian, Chinese), Gender, Youth and disabled persons according to Table 8 below. Points awarded for gender, youth and disability were doubled and added to the score for race, giving a higher weighting to classes other than race. The total score was normalized to the maximum score across all applicants within a particular category (A, B or C) and scaled up to a score out of 24.

Table 8: Awarded scores for the percentage of the applicant’s wage bill that was paid to previously disadvantaged individuals.

Percentage range	Score
0 or No information provided	0
From 0 >= %P < 50	1
From 50 >= %P < 60	2
From 60 >= %P < 70	3
From 70 >= %P < 80	4
From 80 >= %P < 90	5
From 90 >= %P < 100	6

8.2.6.5 For Question 6.15, scores could not be awarded based on the percentage of an applicant's turnover, or profit, that was spent on Corporate Social Investment (CSI) in each year over the period 2019 to 2021 as the provided data in 6.15 were considered unreliable and in some cases not credible. Instead, scores were based on the actual amounts (in Rand) spent on CSI (that were provided by applicants in their answers to Question 6.15) relative to the average amount by all applicants in that Category only. The CSI spend of each applicant in a given year was expressed as a proportion of the average CSI spend by applicants in that Category only for that year, and an average CSI proportion was then determined for each applicant only using years for which data were provided. Applicant scores were based on these average CSI proportions using the table below. However, because the average CSI spend per category per year was strongly impacted by the small number of applicants that had indicated a substantial CSI spend in all three categories, almost all proportion values were <1, hence values >1 were set to 1. Applicants that did not provide information for this question received a score of zero, and the maximum possible score was nine (Table 7).

Table 9: Awarded scores for different proportions of the Category average CSI spend.

Proportion of Category average CSI spend	Score
0 (no information provided)	0



>0.0 and <=0.1	1
>0.1 and <=0.2	2
>0.2 and <=0.3	3
>0.3 and <=0.4	4
>0.4 and <=0.5	5
>0.5 and <=0.6	6
>0.6 and <=0.7	7
>0.7 and <=0.8	8
>0.8 and <=1.0	9

The Excel file in which these calculations were made (FRAP Anchovy Q6.15.xls) is available on request (frapeng_2020@environment.gov.za) in line with the provisions set out in PAIA.

8.2.6.6 For Question 6.16, for all applicants (Category A, B and C), a score of 5 was awarded if the applicant answered “yes” and a score of zero (0) was awarded if the applicant answered “no” to procuring goods/services from majority black owned companies.

8.2.6.7 For Question 6.17, for all applicants (Category A, B and C) a score of 5 was awarded if the applicant answered “yes” and a score of zero (0) was awarded if the applicant answered “no” to being compliant with the Skills Development Act, 97 of 1998.

8.2.6.8 For Question 6.19, for all applicants (Category A, B and C) a score of 5 was awarded if the applicant answered “yes” and a score of zero (0) was awarded if the applicant answered “no” to paying levies in terms of the Skills Development Levies Act, 9 of 1999.

8.2.6.9 For Question 6.21, for all applicants (Category A, B and C) a score of 5 was awarded if the applicant answered “yes” and a score of zero (0) was awarded if the applicant answered “no” to having appointed a skills development facilitator.

8.2.6.10 For Question 6.23, for all applicants (Category A, B and C) a score of 5 was awarded if the applicant answered “yes” and a score of zero (0) was awarded if the applicant answered “no” to having developed a workplace skills plan.

8.2.6.11 For Question 6.24, for all applicants (Category A, B and C) a score of 5 was awarded if the applicant answered “yes” and a score of zero (0) was awarded if the applicant answered “no” to participating in learnership programmes.

8.2.6.12 For Question 6.26, for all applicants (Category A, B and C) a score of 5 was awarded if the applicant answered “yes” and a score of zero (0) was awarded if the applicant answered “no” to having embarked upon enterprise development projects to address increasing black ownership, management and skills in new business enterprises.

8.2.7. Section 7: Job creation

Category A_{Full} applicants were assessed in terms of their number of permanent (Q7.10) and seasonal (Q7.20) employees relative to their average anchovy allocation (tonnes) during the period 2018 -2020. The total number of permanent and seasonal employees provided in the application form was multiplied by the proportion of employees in the small pelagic sector for each component and divided by the average allocation (in 1000 t) to derive a jobs/1000 t value. This was translated into a score from 1 to 10 for permanent employees based on Table 10 below, and a score from 1 to 5 for seasonal workers.

Category A_{Partial}, B and C applicants were assessed in terms of their total number of permanent (Q7.10) and seasonal (Q7.20) employees. This was similarly translated into a score from 1 to 10 for permanent employees and a score from 1 to 5 for seasonal workers, although the ranges over which scores applied had to be adapted to the particular category. Applicants that did not provide information for either of these questions received a score of one.

Table 10: Awarded scores for permanent and seasonal employees

CATEGORY A _{Full}				CATEGORY B			
Permanent Jobs/1000t	Score	Seasonal jobs/1000t	Score	Permanent Jobs	Score	Seasonal jobs	Score
<1	1			<1	1		
>=1 and <2	2	<1	1	>=1 and <7	2	<1	1
>=2 and <3	3	>=1 and <3	2	>=7 and <10	3	>=1 and <5	2
>=3 and <4	4	>=3 and <5	3	>=10 and <15	4	>=5 and <20	3
>=4 and <7	5	>=5 and <7	4	>=15 and <20	5	>=20 and <40	4
>=7 and <10	6	>= 7	5	>=20 and <30	6	>= 40	5

>=10 and <20	7			>=30 and <60	7		
>=20 and <55	8			>=60 and <70	8		
>=55 and <70	9			>=70 and <100	9		
>= 70	10			> 100	10		
CATEGORY A_{Partial}				CATEGORY C			
Permanent Jobs	Score	Seasonal jobs	Score	Permanent Jobs	Score	Seasonal jobs	Score
<1	1			<1	1		
>=1 and <4	2	<1	1	>=1 and <3	2	<1	1
>=4 and <10	3	>=1 and <2	2	>=3 and <5	3	>=1 and <5	2
>=10 and <20	4	>=2 and <5	3	>=5 and <6	4	>=5 and <10	3
>=20 and <30	5	>=5 and <30	4	>=6 and <8	5	>=10 and <20	4
>=30 and <50	6	>= 30	5	>=8 and <10	6	>= 20	5
>=50 and <60	7			>=10 and <15	7		
>=60 and <100	8			>=15 and <30	8		
>=100 and <160	9			>=30 and <45	9		
>= 160	10			> 45	10		

The Excel files in which these calculations were made (FRAP Anchovy Q7.1.xls and Q7.2.xls) are available on request (frapenq_2020@environment.gov.za) in line with the provisions set out in PAIA.

Applicants were also rewarded for affording their employees substantive benefits in addition to stable basic employment, such as Medical Aid, Pension Funds and Safe Working Conditions. A “yes” to questions 7.3, 7.4 and 7.5 was awarded a score of 2 whereas a “no” was awarded a score of zero.

8.2.8. Section 8: Dividends and Additional Societal Benefits

Consideration was given to the amount of income tax paid by applicants as well as the annual payment of dividends to shareholders and the percentage of black shareholding. Local economic development and value adding activities were also taken into consideration.

8.2.8.1 For Question 8.4, and for all Categories (A, B and C), benefits accrued to society were calculated from data provided on total income tax paid to Revenue Services (in Rands), Annual dividends paid to black shareholders (in Rands), Annual Dividends paid to shareholders (in Rands), the number of issued shares and the

average share price (in Rands). The annual total income tax paid and annual dividends paid to black shareholders was summed for the period 2007 to 2020, whereas the number of annual issued shares and the annual average share price was averaged over the period 2007 to 2020. The final benefit value was calculated from the sum of the total tax paid, dividends paid to black shareholders and the average number of shares issued multiplied by the average share price. For Category A_{Full} applicants, this value was divided by the total anchovy TAC allocation (from 2007 to 2020) to derive a benefit per tonne value (Rand per tonne). For Category A_{Partial}, B and C applicants, the value was used as calculated (Rand benefit) and not compared to any previous TAC allocation. Values calculated were converted to a score out of 10 using the category specific values and score in Table 11.

Table 11: Awarded scores for benefit accrued to society in terms of value (Rand/tonne) for Category A_{Full} applicants and value (Rand) for Category A_{Partial}, B and C applicants.

CATEGORY A _{Full}		CATEGORY B		CATEGORY C	
Value (Rand/ton)	Score	Rand	Score	Rand	Score
<1	1	<20000	1	<1	1
>=1 and <50	2	>=20000 and <50000	2	>=1 and <5000	2
>=50 and <100	3	>=50000 and <100000	3	>=5000 and <10000	3
>=100 and <200	4	>=100000 and <500000	4	>=10000 and <25000	4
>=200 and <300	5	>=500000 and <1000000	5	>=25000 and <50000	5
>=300 and <500	6	>=1000000 and <5000000	6	>=50000 and <100000	6
>=500 and <1000	7	>=5000000 and <10000000	7	>=100000 and <250000	7
>=1000 and <2000	8	>=10000000 and <15000000	8	>=250000 and <500000	8
>=2000 and <4000	9	>=15000000 and <20000000	9	>=500000 and <1000000	9
>= 4000	10	>= 20000000	10	>= 1000000	10
CATEGORY A _{Partial}					
Value (Rand/ton)			Score		
<20000			1		
>=20000 and <50000			2		
>=50000 and <100000			3		
>=100000 and <500000			4		
>=500000 and <1000000			5		

>=1000000 and <5000000	6
>=5000000 and <10000000	7
>=10000000 and <20000000	8
>=20000000 and <30000000	9
>= 30000000	10

The Excel file in which these calculations were made (FRAP Anchovy Q8.4.xls) is available on request (frapeng_2020@environment.gov.za) in line with the provisions set out in PAIA.

8.2.8.2 **For Question 8.6**, and for Category C only, a score is awarded based on the number of years that an entity has been operating in its local area. 1-5 years=5 points; 6-10=10 points; 11-20=15 points & 21 and above=20 points.

8.2.8.3 **For Question 8.7**, and for Category A and B applicants only, scores were awarded based on the identified Fish Processing Establishments (FPEs) where applicants had their catches processed. These data were extracted from the DFFE Sybase research catch database. The highest scores were awarded to applicants that had processed on the south coast, intermediate scores were awarded to applicants that had processed on the west coast (excluding the Cape Metropolitan Area), and lowest scores were awarded to those that had processed catches at FPEs within the Cape Metropolitan Area. Each FPE was allocated either 1, 2 or 3 scores depending on its regional location (Table 12).

Table 12: Awarded scores for different FPEs where catch was processed.

Region	Fish Processing Establishments	Score
Cape Town Metropolitan Area	Komicx Products, Oceana Brands, Consortium Alpha, Atlantic Cold Storage, Sandalene, S. Achmad, K.J. Coleman, Chapmans Peak Fisheries, Bona Fide, Pumulela, Sentinel, Quay Marine, Snoek Wholesalers, Bluefin Processing, Crossberth Sea Food, Inkqubela processors, Pesculuna, Sea Freeze, Seawork	1

West Coast (excluding CTMA)	Oceana Brands - St Helena Bay, Marine Products Laaiplek, Oceana Brands - St Helena Bay, Sandy Point Canning Co Ltd, Oranjevis, West Point, West Point, Southern Seas , Gansbaai Marine, Oranjevis, Paternoster Visserye, R. Poggenpoel & Part., Eigelaars & Seuns, Ajf Eigelaar & Seuns (Edms) Bpk, Hermanus Seafoods, VSKO, Sandy Point Fishing, Phakamisa, Bongolethu, Laingville Visserye, Hermanus Processing Services, Lambertsbaai Kreefprodukte, Gansbaai Marine, Umoya, Jaloersbaai, Gannet Sea Products, Marine Products Laaiplek, Dyer Eiland, Amawandle, Whale Coast	2
South and East Coast	Port Alfred Fishing, D Christy and Sons, Risar, Kwikfreeze, Eyethu, PEA Sea Products, Mossel Bay Fishing, Sea Vuna, Balobi Processors, Trade Motto, Copper Moon, Flake ice Services, Afro Fishing , Ikamva Fishing, Rial Processors, I & J Mossel Bay, Ithemba Labanthu, Kwik Cool, Trade Motto, Upfront Event Eighteen, Avante Fishing Enterprises, B and D Packers 101, Hooks Product, CBS, Mvubu, South East Atlantic, Viking Inshore, Kelvata, Ulwandle, Dried Ocean Products.	3

For Category A_{Full} applicants, both the location where catches of anchovy had been processed and the quantities of those catches processed at each FPE during the period 2007 to 2020 were used in deriving a score (2006 was not used for the reason given in 8.2.5.1, above). Scores were calculated for each applicant as follows: (i) the total amount of anchovy processed at each listed FPE during the 2007-2020 period was multiplied by that FPE's score value to provide a weighted location value; (ii) landings of anchovy were summed across all FPEs where they had been processed by the applicant during the 2007-2020 period; (iii) the weighted location values were summed across all FPEs listed by the applicant; and (iv) the sum of the weighted location values was then divided by the sum of anchovy landings. The resultant scores were normalized to the maximum value of

3 and were then multiplied by the maximum possible score of 97 to provide the final score for this question.

For category A_{Partial} applicants, scores based on anchovy could not be calculated. Category A_{Partial} applicants were therefore assigned the average of the fish processing location scores awarded to Category A_{Full} applicants. For Category B applicants only, scores were awarded based on the identified harbours where applicants had landed their catches. The highest scores were awarded to applicants that had landed catches on the south coast, intermediate scores were awarded to applicants that had landed catches on the west coast (excluding the Cape Metropolitan Area), and lowest scores were awarded to those that had landed catches at harbours within the Cape Metropolitan Area. Each harbour was allocated either 1, 2 or 3 points depending on its regional location (see Table 13, below).

Table 13: Awarded scores for different harbours where catch was landed.

Region	Harbours	Score
Cape Town Metropolitan Area	Cape Town, Hout Bay, Kommetjie, Kalk Bay, Gordon's Bay	1
West Coast (excluding CTMA)	Port Nolloth, Elands Bay, Lamberts Bay, Laaiplek, Velddrift, St Helena Bay, Stompneus Bay, Jacobs Bay, Sandy Point, Saldanha Bay, Kleinmond, Hawston, Hermanus, Gans Bay	2
South and East Coast	Mossel Bay, Port St Francis, Port Elizabeth (Gqeberha), Coega, Port Alfred	3

The Excel file in which these calculations were made (FRAP Anchovy Q8.7.xls is available on request (frapeng_2020@environment.gov.za) in line with the provisions set out in PAIA.

8.2.8.4 For Question 8.8, and for ALL categories of applicant, scores were awarded based on the identified harbours where applicants intended to land their catches and their intended frequency of usage of those harbours. The highest scores were awarded to applicants that intend to land fish on the south coast, intermediate scores were awarded to applicants that intend to land catches on the west coast (excluding the Cape Metropolitan Area), and lowest scores were awarded to those intending to land fish at harbours within the Cape Metropolitan Area. Only data for

the first three identified harbours were used in calculating scores, and for applications where the intended frequency of harbor usage for the first three harbours listed did not sum to 100% those values were re-expressed as a percentage of the total sum of percentages for those first three harbours. Scores were calculated as follows: (i) each harbour was allocated a score depending on its regional location (see Table Section 8.2.8.1, above); (ii) the intended % of usage of listed harbours was expressed as a proportion and multiplied by the score for that harbor; and (iii) these values were then summed for the first three listed harbours to derive a final score for each applicant. Applicants that did not provide information for this question received a score of zero, and the maximum possible score was fifteen (15).

The Excel file in which these calculations were made (FRAP Anchovy Q8.8.xls) is available on request (frapeng_2020@environment.gov.za) in line with the provisions set out in PAIA.

8.2.9. Section 9: Investment

Consideration was given to the amount applicants have invested in vessels, marketing and fish processing. In contrast to Section 4: Access to a Suitable Vessel (see 8.2.4.1, above), investment in any type of fishing vessel, whether suitable for operation in the Small Pelagic Sector or not, was scored positively. For Category A_{Full} applicants, the total rand value (insured value) of the applicant's total fixed assets in 2020 in the small pelagic sector was used as the value for investment. This investment value was divided by the total TAC allocation for the applicant summed from 2007 to 2020 to derive an estimate of investment per ton (Rand/tonne). Based on that value, a score from Table 14 was assigned to the applicant. For Category A_{Partial}, B and C applicants, the (insured value) of the applicant's total fixed assets in 2020 was used with no consideration of TAC allocations in other sectors.

Table 14: Awarded points for investment (Rand/tonne for category A_{Full} applicants and Rand for category A_{Partial}, B and C applicants).

CATEGORY A _{Full}		CATEGORY A _{Partial} , B and C	
Investment (Rand/tonne)	Score	Investment (Rand/tonne)	Score
<1	1	>0 and <1	1
>=1 and <5	2	>=1 and <50000	2
>=5 and <10	3	>=50000 and <100000	3
>=10 and <20	4	>=100000 and <500000	4
>=20 and <30	5	>=500000 and <1000000	5
>=30 and <50	6	>=1000000 and <5000000	6
>=50 and <100	7	>=5000000 and <10000000	7
>=100 and <500	8	>=10000000 and <20000000	8
>=500 and <1000	9	>=20000000 and <45000000	9
>= 1000	10	>= 45000000	10

The Excel file in which these calculations were made (FRAP Anchovy Q9.1.xls) is available on request (frapeng_2020@environment.gov.za) in line with the provisions set out in PAIA.

8.2.10. Applicants involvement and relationship with other applicants

Where a company and its subsidiary/ies or brother-sister corporations applied, rights were allocated to the holding/umbrella/parent company in the case of applicants that had subsidiaries, and to one of the qualifying entities in the case of brother-sister corporations. These relationships were established by examination of information provided on applicants' directors and shareholders.

9. Allocation of Quantum

For this allocation period, only sardine and anchovy will be allocated under the Total Allowable Catches (TACs) and Total Allowable Bycatches (TABs) levels set each year for the Small Pelagic Sector. The other targeted species (West Coast red eye and mesopelagic fishes) will be managed via unallocated Precautionary Upper Catch Levels (PUCLs).

The Delegated Authority has allocated quanta based on the criteria intended to achieve the listed objectives of the Policy on the Allocation and Management of Small Pelagic Commercial Fishing Rights: 2021. The quanta allocated to each successful applicant will be expressed as a percentage of the TAC for directed anchovy, and applicants will also be allocated the same percentage of the TAB for juvenile sardine taken in anchovy fishing operations. However, these percentages will not necessarily remain fixed for the duration of the right and may change under circumstances of low biomass.

When anchovy stocks are at low biomass levels and hence TACs are much reduced, the percentage of the TAC held by each right holder will change on an annual basis. This will be done through the incorporation of a sliding scale for TAC re-apportionment at yet to be determined (and in consultation with Right Holders) pre-specified low TAC levels, such that below these levels the relative decrease in the tonnage allocated to smaller right holders will be less than that of larger right holders. Hence the proportion of the TAC (and TAB) allocated to a right holder in a particular year will change when the TAC drops below the pre-specified low level. This mechanism seeks to provide an economic buffer for smaller right holders at low TAC levels. The formula for the sliding scale needs final specification and will depend on the level selected for the low TAC threshold and the range over which it applies. Additionally, a minimum allocation of 1 500 tonnes was set for the anchovy fishery.

9.1. Total Allowable Catch (TAC)

The global Small Pelagic (Anchovy) TAC is currently apportioned as follows: Category A: 93.519%; Category B; 2.407%; Category C: 4.074%.

9.2. Small Pelagic (Anchovy)

Quantum was allocated as a percentage of the total Small Pelagic (Anchovy) TAC.

The following process was followed for allocation of the Small Pelagic (Anchovy) TAC to successful applicants:

The size of each quantum allocated was based, *inter alia*, on the following considerations: (i) the number of successful applications in each Category; (ii) the level of access to fishing vessels and fish processing establishments of each successful applicant; (iii) the anticipated anchovy TACs over the short to medium term; and (iv) the determination of a minimum allocation (in absolute terms; *i.e.* tonnage). Anchovy TACs are anticipated to range between 300 000 tonnes and 350 000 tonnes in the medium term, and a minimum allocation of 1 500 tonnes was selected for anchovy.

The average anchovy TAC over the past 5 years has been about 360 000t, however the maximum TAC is currently set at 350 000t. About 60% of the TAC has been caught on average over the past 5 years – suggesting that there is scope for many new entrants. However, this fishery is constrained by various factors including processing and catching capacity. For this reason, the allocations of anchovy rights has been optimised for a TAC of 300 000t, with 10% in reserve for appeals.

The determination of quanta was based on (i) the percentages of the anchovy TAC held during the previous allocation period by successful Category A applicants; (ii) the minimum allocation of 1 500 tonnes; (iii) the number of successful new entrants; (iv) the percentage of the TAC previously held by unsuccessful or excluded Category A applicants; and (v) an assumed 2022 Final anchovy TAC of 300 000 tonnes (note that this is only set mid-year, and that the 10% reserved for appeals would be taken from the 2022 Initial anchovy TAC of 247 500 tonnes). Firstly, successful Category A applicants whose previous % TAC would result in them being allocated <1 500 tonnes of the assumed Final TAC had their % TAC values increased. Secondly, the two largest (in terms of their previous % of the TAC values) successful Category A applicants had their % TAC values reduced by 10% (*i.e.* to 90% of what they had been) and the next three largest successful Category A applicants had their % TAC values reduced by 8% (*i.e.* to 92% of what they had been), so as to make a larger proportion of the TAC available for smaller Category A applicants that had performed better than others of a similar size, for new entrants (Categories B and C), and for those Category A applicants who previously did not have an anchovy allocation. Thirdly, successful Category A applicants were divided into 10%-ile groups according to the size of their previous allocation and compared to the average score obtained by applicants within that group. Applicants who scored higher than the average were rewarded with a small increase of their % TAC added to their previous allocations whereas those that scored less than the class group average had a decrease in their previous % of the TAC. This is not a job-intensive fishery

(apart from the crew on vessels) and hence those right holders should be able to cope with the decrease.

These steps resulted in 16% of the anchovy TAC being allocated to new entrants to this fishery, the majority (18) of whom are Category A applicants who previously held rights in the sardine fishery only and who have been successful in the FRAP 2020/21 allocation for sardine. The Policy on the Allocation and Management of Commercial Fishing Rights in the Small Pelagic Sector: 2021 encouraged applicants to apply for rights to both anchovy and sardine, so as to strengthen the resilience of right holders in the Small Pelagic Sector in instances where either anchovy or sardine biomasses (and hence TACs) are low. Allocating an anchovy right for 2022-2037 to these previous sardine-only right holders that had applied for such was considered to enhance the stability of the sector as a whole.

10. Decisions on the allocation of fishing rights

The reasons for exclusionary criteria (improper lodgment, material defects and non-utilization) have been dealt with in the General Policy: 2021 and the Sector-specific policy and will not be repeated here. As far as the decisions on the applications in terms of the comparative balancing criteria are concerned, the Delegated Authority determined that Category A applicants with a Final Score of less than 40 (i.e. <40) would not be successful. This cut-off level was taken as indicating a poor overall performance by previous Right Holders and was implemented so as to enable the incorporation of New Entrants (including those who were previously active in the Small Pelagic Sector but only fished for sardine) into the anchovy fishery. Rather than excluding poor performers by using a cut-off score of 50, those poor performers had their previous % TAC allocations slightly reduced. The top ten (in terms of their Final Score) applicants in each of Category B and Category C were examined in detail, and decisions as to whether they should be successful or unsuccessful were based on those assessments.

Ten percent (10%) of the TAC will be reserved for appeals.

- 59 of the 78 Category A Applicants were successful sharing 93.550 % of the TAC.
- 3 of the 94 Category B Applicants were successful sharing 2.389 % of the TAC.
- 6 of the 174 Category C applicants were granted rights in this sector with a combined TAC of 4.064 %.

10.1. Transformation

Transformation of the sector was measured as a percentage of the TAC that is held by Historically Disadvantaged Individuals (HDI's). In the anchovy fishery this has increased substantially (by just over 20%) from the last allocation period. Similarly, the average % of shareholding/interest held by black persons has increased from 82.00 to 84.68 %; and that held by women has increased from 28.61 to 47.40 %.

Table 15: Transformation profile: Previous vs current allocations

	2005/06	2009	2013	2021
Shareholding	LTRAMP	Performance Reviews	FRAP	FRAP
Black ¹	82 %	73.00 %	N/A	84.68 %
Female	28.61 %	14.11 %	N/A	47.40 %
Youth	N/A			12.07 %
People with disabilities	N/A			3.99 %
% TAC owned by majority Black-owned entities	73.32 %	80.00 %	N/A	95.94 %

10.2. Appeals

Ten percent (10%) of the Small Pelagic (Anchovy) TAC will be held in reserve until finalisation of the appeals process. Should the entire 10% not be awarded during the appeals process, the

¹ The term "Black persons" is defined in terms of the B-BBEE 53 of 2003 and Codes of Good Practice, in which means "Black" means Africans, Coloureds, Chinese and Indians who are citizens of the Republic of South Africa by birth or descent or who became citizens of the Republic of South Africa by naturalisation – a) before 27 April 1994; or b) on or after 27 April 1994 and who would have been entitled to acquire citizenship by naturalisation prior to that date but were precluded from doing so by Apartheid policies.

balance would be apportioned pro-rata amongst the successful applicants. The appeals process will open on Monday 29 March 2022 and close on 29 April 2022 at midnight.

Appeals must be submitted on the FRAP online system (<https://www.frap2021.co.za>) and shall set out all the relevant facts as well as the grounds of appeal and shall be accompanied by any relevant documents. All appellants are required to retain a copy of their original appeals submitted to the Department with proof of submission until the decision of appeals is made. Appeals submitted after the closing date, ie. Friday 29 April 2022 at midnight, shall not be considered.

10.3. Grant of Right Letters

Grant of Right letters were sent via the FRAP IT system to the email addresses supplied by all Applicants.

10.4. Duration of Fishing Rights

As far as the allocation of quantum is concerned, the Delegated Authority's decisions were informed by the General and sector-specific policy considerations, with particular regard for the need:

- a. to improve the transformation profile of the sector;
- b. to safeguard the Small Pelagic resources against substantial reduction in the future;
and
- c. to ensure that determined quantum levels are not be exceeded as it will pose a serious risk of longer term reductions in catch and loss incomes and of jobs.

The Small Pelagic (Anchovy) commercial fishing rights are allocated for a **fifteen (15)** year period, starting 01 March 2022 and ending 31 December 2037.

11. Auditing

Rain Chartered Accountants were appointed as process observers for the entire FRAP 2021 process.

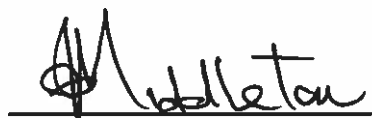
12. Forensic investigations

Morar Inc were appointed to conduct *ad hoc* forensic investigations in the case of a tip off, or a specific request from a Delegated Authority.

The independent forensic company will investigate the accuracy of information submitted by the applicants. Such verification will take place during and post the fishing rights allocation process. The forensic company will carry out investigations as and when required by the Department. If the applicant is found to have provided false information or false documents or failed to disclose material information or attempted to influence the Minister or the Delegated Authority, proceedings in terms of Section 28 of the MLRA will be undertaken which may result in the revocation, suspension, cancellation, alteration or reduction of the right held by such an applicant.

13. Communication

Applicants are invited to contact the FRAP Call Centre Helpline during the week (Monday to Friday) between 08h00 and 16h00 at (021) 402 FRAP (3727) or via email at FRAPeng2020@dffe.gov.za should they require assistance in understanding the General Published Reasons



Name: Ms. Sue Middleton

Delegated Authority: Small Pelagic (Anchovy)

Date: 28/02/2022

14. Annexures

A.1: Fishing Rights Allocation Process 2021: Final list for Small Pelagic (Anchovy) Category A applicants.

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
1	SPA21001	Balobi Processors (Pty) Ltd	Sparticus, Boetie Akie	78.69	0.5556	Successful
2	SPA21020	Ntshonalanga Fishing (Pty) Ltd.	Gondo	45.08	0.7935	Successful
3	SPA21024	The Cape Peninsula Linfisherman CC	Ocean Blue	63.17	0.5556	Successful
4	SPA21025	Sea Point Fishing CC	Elomi	51.16	0.5556	Successful
5	SPA21026	Ixia Trading 501 (Pty) Ltd	Ocean Blue, Silver Snapper	61.56	0.8652	Successful
6	SPA21033	Gansbaai Marine (Pty) Ltd	Berggans, Rietgans II, Kolgans, Wafra, Stormgans, Wildegans II, Silver Snapper	68.56	2.4980	Successful
7	SPA21035	JC Fishing CC	MFV Borderer	53.46	0.5556	Successful
8	SPA21036	Combined Fishing Enterprises (Pty) Ltd	Rietgans II, Vleigans, Berggans, Kolgans, Wafra, Stormgans, Wildegans II, Silver Snapper	57.46	0.5556	Successful
9	SPA21037	Premier Fishing SA (Pty) Ltd	Adenia, Southern Belle, Mizpah	72.94	5.8440	Successful
10	SPA21038	Edwards Fishing CC	Viva, Ruwekus	55.68	0.5556	Successful

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
11	SPA21040	West Point Fishing Corporation (Pty) Ltd	Silver Bounty, Silver Challenger, Silver Dolphin, Silver Katonkel, Terrasan, Sette Mari, Atlantic Leader, Nossob, Noordeveld, Eigeveld	76.02	12.7911	Successful
12	SPA21046	Letap CC	Berggans	83.22	2.5291	Successful
13	SPA21047	Sea Harvest Corporation (Pty) Ltd	Atlantic Enterprise, Sagax	87.32	0.5556	Successful
14	SPA21052	Noordbaai Vissers (Pty) Ltd	MFV Samrock	54.35	0.7331	Successful
15	SPA21053	Masomelele Fishing (Pty) Ltd	MFV Borderer	54.36	0.5556	Successful
16	SPA21057	Lucky Star Limited	Wildekus, Star Crest, Alert III, Oceana Neptune, Oceana Mercury, Oceana Concorde, Oceana Ruby, Oceana Orion, Emerald Isle, Oceana Viking, Oceana Paragon, Oceana Pegasus, Towerkop, Vegkop, Aranos	82.91	15.5532	Successful
17	SPA21059	Komicx Products (Pty) Ltd	MFV Gondo	84.34	0.5556	Successful
18	SPA21060	Amawandle Pelagic (Pty) Ltd	Oceana Mercury, Oceana Ruby, Oceana Orion, Emerald Isle, Oceana Viking, Oceana Paragon, Star Crest, Wildekus, Alert III	84.50	7.3037	Successful
19	SPA21066	Trakrops 22 (Pty) Ltd	Sette Mari	56.53	0.5556	Successful
20	SPA21069	Dyer Eiland Visserye (Edms) Bpk	Umfondini	55.61	0.5556	Successful
21	SPA21078	Jaffa s Bay Fishing CC	South West Falcon	50.62	0.9080	Successful

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
22	SPA21080	Cape Pilchard Pioneer CC	Viva	54.97	0.8185	Successful
23	SPA21083	Fisherman Fresh CC	Fred Marie	80.37	0.5556	Successful
24	SPA21092	Impala Fishing (Pty) Ltd	Ebb Tide, SW Falcon	75.11	1.5253	Successful
25	SPA21095	Visko Sea Products (Pty) Ltd	Umfana, Antonio WII, Oom Arthur	84.65	0.5556	Successful
26	SPA21096	Tiradeproops 153 (Pty) Ltd	Atlantic Enterprise, Alert III, Oceana Concorde	48.21	2.9761	Successful
27	SPA21101	Soundproops 1167 Investments (Pty) Ltd	Boetie Akie	50.38	2.1599	Successful
28	SPA21103	Umzamani Fishing CC	Loeriesfontein	71.07	0.5556	Successful
29	SPA21109	Eyethu Fishing (Pty) Ltd	MFV Zolani, MFV Duinekus, MFV Ruwekus	75.73	1.6851	Successful
30	SPA21115	Khulani Fishing (Pty) Ltd	Alpha	53.88	0.5556	Successful
31	SPA21118	Pelagic Fishing Enterprises (Pty) Ltd	Towerkop, Aranos, Vegkop	48.99	0.5556	Successful
32	SPA21129	Jaloersbaai (Pty) Ltd	Bella Prima, Berggans DDF278, Vieigans DDF368, Wafra DDF377, Silver Snapper DDF116, Wildegans DDF362, Stormgans DDF392, Rietgans DDF402, Kolgans DDF109	42.08	0.5556	Successful
33	SPA21131	VM Young Visserye Bpk	Elomi	62.34	0.5556	Successful
34	SPA21138	Extra Dimensions 70 (Pty) Ltd	MFV Kavalier, MFV Gregory Justin, MFV Elomi	58.96	0.9730	Successful
35	SPA21157	Mount Pleasant Fishing (Pty) Ltd	Atlantic Endeavor	40.29	0.5556	Successful
36	SPA21162	Ukloba Fishing (Pty) Ltd	Ukuloba, Gondo, Annabelle Rose	68.49	1.9034	Successful

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
37	SPA21168	Bluefin Holding (Pty) Ltd	Atlantic Enterprise	71.65	0.5556	Successful
38	SPA21175	Yoluntu Sea Products CC	Sechaba	40.18	0.5556	Successful
39	SPA21182	Bayana Bayana Fishing CC	Sparticus	44.01	0.5556	Successful
40	SPA21191	Mayibuye Fishing (Pty) Ltd	Ocean Blue	55.07	0.5556	Successful
41	SPA21199	Arniston Fish Processors (Pty) Ltd	Oceana Paragon	69.93	0.5556	Successful
42	SPA21205	Offshore Fishing Company (Pty) Ltd	Duinekus	60.28	0.9977	Successful
43	SPA21218	Sceptre Fishing (Pty) Ltd	Dagbreek, Samrock	59.08	0.5556	Successful
44	SPA21229	Risar Fishing CC	Kalahari , Alert III, Wildekus, Star Crest	67.09	0.5556	Successful
45	SPA21233	Zimele Fishing Enterprises	Kalahari , Alert III, Wildekus, Star Crest	60.05	0.5556	Successful
46	SPA21234	Al-Aman Fishing	MFV Kalahari, MFV Alert III, MFV Star Crest, MFV Wildekus	61.94	0.5556	Successful
47	SPA21235	Pioneer Fishing (West Coast) (Pty) Ltd	Ruwekus, Sechaba, Duinekus, Viva, Lisa Ann	82.93	5.7156	Successful
48	SPA21240	Phakamisa Fishing (Pty) Ltd	Viva, Lisa Ann	49.55	0.5556	Successful
49	SPA21244	Trademane (Pty) Ltd	Oceana Paragon, Umadala	54.38	0.5556	Successful
50	SPA21248	Ulwandle Fishing (Pty) Ltd	Aranos, Vegkop, Towerkop	69.71	1.0547	Successful
51	SPA21276	Basic Trading Company (Pty) Ltd	Viva, Ruwekus	48.62	0.5556	Successful
52	SPA21279	South East Atlantic Sea Products (Pty) Ltd	Scomber	71.15	0.5556	Successful
53	SPA21284	Ithemba Labantu Fishing (Pty) Ltd	Scomber	58.07	0.5556	Successful

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
54	SPA21286	Cape Fish Processors (Pty) Ltd	Oceana Pegasus	61.92	1.3098	Successful
55	SPA21303	Stamatis Fishing CC	Oceana Paragon	66.51	0.5556	Successful
56	SPA21327	Eigelaars Bote (Pty) Ltd	Noordeveld, Atlantic Leader, Nossob, Eigeveld	74.92	0.5556	Successful
57	SPA21345	Okuselwandle Fishing CC	Borderer	57.36	0.5556	Successful
58	SPA21363	Manetrade 2094 CC	Stormkop	54.85	0.9902	Successful
59	SPA21379	Dromedaris Visserye (Pty) Ltd	To Be Nominated	43.35	1.6206	Successful
60	SPA21022	82 Boundary Road CC	-	37.70	-	Unsuccessful
61	SPA21044	Azanian Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	34.88	-	Unsuccessful
62	SPA21056	Sinethemba Fishing CC	-	32.50	-	Unsuccessful
63	SPA21077	Meermin Visserye (Pty) Ltd	-	26.94	-	Unsuccessful
64	SPA21155	Penguin Visserye CC	-	31.84	-	Unsuccessful
65	SPA21179	Raaff Fisheries CC	-	37.07	-	Unsuccessful
66	SPA21183	HS Williams Fishing CC	-	34.75	-	Unsuccessful
67	SPA21299	Community Processors and Distributors (Pty) Ltd	-	31.13	-	Unsuccessful
68	SPA21350	Laaggety Visserye CC	-	36.08	-	Unsuccessful
69	SPA21352	Reiger Visserye Bpk	-	30.71	-	Unsuccessful
70	SPA21356	Marion Dawn Fishing CC	-	30.09	-	Unsuccessful

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
71	SPA21362	J Engelbrecht Visserye CC	-	31.03	-	Unsuccessful
72	SPA21364	Palm Springs Fishing	-	31.78	-	Unsuccessful
73	SPA21366	Latief Albertyn Fisheries CC	-	16.88	-	Unsuccessful
74	SPA21384	Marinata Vissersvroue Organisasie CC	-	34.88	-	Unsuccessful
75	SPA21058	Ithuba Yethu Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	39.78	-	Excluded
76	SPA21064	Umzamowethu (Oyster Bay) Fishermens Corporation CC	-	38.83	-	Excluded
77	SPA21202	Paternoster Vissery Edms Bpk	-	68.11	-	Excluded
78	SPA21298	Afro Fishing Workers (Pty) Ltd	-	34.03	-	Excluded

A.1: Fishing Rights Allocation Process 2021: Final list for Small Pelagic (Anchovy) Category B applicants.

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
1	SPA21002	Rustee (Pty) Ltd	Sparticus, T83 to be built	71.13	0.5556	Successful
2	SPA21111	Nalitha Fishing Group Pty Limited	Water Baby	73.34	0.9158	Successful
3	SPA21387	Argento Trading 69 CC	Bressa	77.08	0.9158	Successful

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
4	SPA21003	Balobi Fishing Enterprises (Pty) Ltd	-	75.57	-	Unsuccessful
5	SPA21004	LM Fisheries (Pty) Ltd	-	64.37	-	Unsuccessful
6	SPA21005	The Jenny Fishing Enterprises (Pty) Ltd	-	73.41	-	Unsuccessful
7	SPA21007	MTV Fishing St Francis Bay (Pty) Ltd	-	75.56	-	Unsuccessful
8	SPA21008	Trawl Investments CC	-	66.36	-	Unsuccessful
9	SPA21009	GGA Fishing Enterprises (Pty) Ltd	-	73.63	-	Unsuccessful
10	SPA21010	El Calamar (Pty) Ltd	-	63.88	-	Unsuccessful
11	SPA21011	Ingwe Emnyama Fishing Enterprises (Pty) Ltd	-	62.28	-	Unsuccessful
12	SPA21012	Interfish (Pty) Ltd	-	68.01	-	Unsuccessful
13	SPA21015	Merca Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	57.39	-	Unsuccessful
14	SPA21027	Biz Afrika 1504 (Pty) Ltd	-	53.20	-	Unsuccessful
15	SPA21032	Allie-Vis Fishing Enterprises CC	-	43.06	-	Unsuccessful
16	SPA21054	Safrika Fishing CC	-	40.59	-	Unsuccessful
17	SPA21055	Nati si Nako Fishing CC	-	42.18	-	Unsuccessful
18	SPA21063	During Visserye Bpk	-	28.45	-	Unsuccessful
19	SPA21065	Batsilva (Pty) Ltd	-	31.37	-	Unsuccessful
20	SPA21067	Gibbiseps Visserye Pty Ltd	-	52.34	-	Unsuccessful

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
21	SPA21071	Ax Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	34.02	-	Unsuccessful
22	SPA21072	Agulhas Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	26.50	-	Unsuccessful
23	SPA21073	Spring Forest Trading 295 CC	-	18.85	-	Unsuccessful
24	SPA21074	T&N Visserye Bpk	-	22.15	-	Unsuccessful
25	SPA21075	York Point Fisheries CC	-	23.35	-	Unsuccessful
26	SPA21076	Julies Visserye Bk	-	24.85	-	Unsuccessful
27	SPA21088	Chapmans Seafood Company (Pty) Ltd	-	48.43	-	Unsuccessful
28	SPA21098	Amaqobela Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	34.92	-	Unsuccessful
29	SPA21099	J-Bay Squid Catchers (Pty) Ltd	-	37.42	-	Unsuccessful
30	SPA21112	At All Times Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	37.78	-	Unsuccessful
31	SPA21126	Atlantis Seafood Products (Pty) Ltd	-	77.13	-	Unsuccessful
32	SPA21128	Biz Afrika 32 (Pty) Ltd	-	40.03	-	Unsuccessful
33	SPA21134	Mictel Fishing CC	-	38.77	-	Unsuccessful
34	SPA21139	Sizabantu Fishing Corporation (Pty) Ltd	-	50.14	-	Unsuccessful
35	SPA21141	AFD Fishing CC	-	65.16	-	Unsuccessful
36	SPA21144	Ocean Ukhhozi Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	68.99	-	Unsuccessful
37	SPA21146	Valortrade 1143 CC	-	49.05	-	Unsuccessful

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
38	SPA21150	Taridor Five CC	-	54.92	-	Unsuccessful
39	SPA21154	Titancor Eleven CC	-	50.30	-	Unsuccessful
40	SPA21159	South African Fishing Empowerment Corporation (Pty) Ltd	-	61.58	-	Unsuccessful
41	SPA21167	Sneuberg Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	37.00	-	Unsuccessful
42	SPA21170	Hacky Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	44.53	-	Unsuccessful
43	SPA21174	The Tuna Hake Fishing Corporation Ltd	-	57.68	-	Unsuccessful
44	SPA21176	Dippa Distributors (Pty) Ltd	-	41.50	-	Unsuccessful
45	SPA21188	Tamarin Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	62.73	-	Unsuccessful
46	SPA21189	Gamka Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	62.91	-	Unsuccessful
47	SPA21190	Chetty's Fisheries CC	-	41.55	-	Unsuccessful
48	SPA21192	Zimkhitha Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	69.16	-	Unsuccessful
49	SPA21195	Community Workers Fishing Enterprises (Pty) Ltd	-	38.95	-	Unsuccessful
50	SPA21197	J&J Visserye	-	46.26	-	Unsuccessful
51	SPA21198	Hentiq 1173 (Pty) Ltd	-	46.96	-	Unsuccessful
52	SPA21201	Kalmia Trading 1001 CC	-	51.51	-	Unsuccessful
53	SPA21204	Korana Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	28.82	-	Unsuccessful

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
54	SPA21206	Red Hawk Fishing CC	-	29.41	-	Unsuccessful
55	SPA21207	Ang Jerry Fishing CC	-	63.11	-	Unsuccessful
56	SPA21220	PJF Marine CC	-	37.73	-	Unsuccessful
57	SPA21221	Kreefbaai Visserye (Pty) Ltd	-	40.99	-	Unsuccessful
58	SPA21222	Sea Haven Fishing Holdings (Pty) Ltd	-	29.67	-	Unsuccessful
59	SPA21224	Kusasa Commodities 63 (Pty) Ltd	-	31.43	-	Unsuccessful
60	SPA21232	Valley River Trading 265 CC	-	24.21	-	Unsuccessful
61	SPA21236	Boat Rock Fishing CC	-	42.93	-	Unsuccessful
62	SPA21238	Pelikaan Visserye (Pty) Ltd	-	26.26	-	Unsuccessful
63	SPA21243	Kusasa Commodities 245 (Pty) Ltd	-	57.23	-	Unsuccessful
64	SPA21252	Lavender Moon Trading 49 CC	-	30.28	-	Unsuccessful
65	SPA21253	Pakamani Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	38.81	-	Unsuccessful
66	SPA21254	Isivile Masikhane (Pty) Ltd	-	33.52	-	Unsuccessful
67	SPA21256	Changing Tide 113 (Pty) Ltd	-	41.92	-	Unsuccessful
68	SPA21260	Kupukani Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	41.63	-	Unsuccessful
69	SPA21261	NPS Agencies CC	-	39.53	-	Unsuccessful
70	SPA21272	Rietvlei Fishing CC	-	38.03	-	Unsuccessful

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
71	SPA21274	DD Reid Fishery CC	-	38.11	-	Unsuccessful
72	SPA21287	Finecorp Trading 113 CC	-	21.99	-	Unsuccessful
73	SPA21288	Sereteng Fishing CC	-	20.61	-	Unsuccessful
74	SPA21294	A Penglides (Pty) Ltd	-	28.66	-	Unsuccessful
75	SPA21301	Finman 213 CC	-	42.75	-	Unsuccessful
76	SPA21317	FG Fishing Enterprises	-	29.35	-	Unsuccessful
77	SPA21320	Arrow Line Fourteen	-	25.61	-	Unsuccessful
78	SPA21325	Klipbank Visserye Personeel (Pty) Ltd	-	30.91	-	Unsuccessful
79	SPA21335	Xstinct Trading	-	31.47	-	Unsuccessful
80	SPA21340	St Jakob & Vennote CC	-	30.86	-	Unsuccessful
81	SPA21341	Ocean Ukhozi Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	29.26	-	Unsuccessful
82	SPA21343	Ukuloba Kulungile Investments (Pty) Ltd	-	52.56	-	Unsuccessful
83	SPA21355	BMC Vissery Bpk	-	45.31	-	Unsuccessful
84	SPA21360	Alicente Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	45.61	-	Unsuccessful
85	SPA21369	Sevlac Investments No. 51 CC	-	27.53	-	Unsuccessful
86	SPA21374	Timowize (Pty) Ltd	-	38.46	-	Unsuccessful
87	SPA21391	Gold Blackwood Trading and Investment (Pty) Ltd	-	27.91	-	Unsuccessful

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
88	SPA21409	Seafreeze Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	30.03	-	Unsuccessful
89	SPA21130	Abba Langebaan Fishing CC	-	21.99	-	Excluded
90	SPA21293	Nascimento Fishing CC	-	25.20	-	Excluded
91	SPA21300	Silver Solutions 2092 CC	-	26.94	-	Excluded
92	SPA21388	Atlantico Sea Fisheries (Pty) Ltd	-	17.51	-	Excluded
93	SPA21414	Global Pack trading 193 (Pty) Ltd	-	20.35	-	Excluded
94	SPA21416	Coastal Trawlers	-	5.50	-	Excluded

A.1: Fishing Rights Allocation Process 2021: Final list for Small Pelagic (Anchovy) Category C applicants.

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
1	SPA21013	Schooner View Fish Traders (Pty) Ltd	Colette	65.41	0.5556	Successful
2	SPA21019	Uvimba Trading and Supplies (Pty) Ltd	Colette, Sparticus	72.26	0.5556	Successful
3	SPA21042	Thalassa Investments (Pty) Ltd	MFV Samrock	68.47	0.5556	Successful
4	SPA21123	Afro Fishing (Pty) Ltd	Umadala, Ocean Blue, Borderer	78.49	1.2862	Successful

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
5	SPA21127	Khanyisile Fishing (Pty) Ltd	Ocean Blue	78.03	0.5556	Successful
6	SPA21145	MFV Bella Prima Vessel Company (Pty) Ltd	Bella Prima	69.38	0.5556	Successful
7	SPA21006	Sihlangene Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	36.81	-	Unsuccessful
8	SPA21014	Fishermen Community of Sea Vista (Pty) Ltd	-	52.32	-	Unsuccessful
9	SPA21016	Iqhawe Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	57.32	-	Unsuccessful
10	SPA21017	Amaghawe Aselwandle (Pty) Ltd	-	56.21	-	Unsuccessful
11	SPA21018	Mamlambo Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	58.65	-	Unsuccessful
12	SPA21021	Hook and Line Fresh (Pty) Ltd	-	35.80	-	Unsuccessful
13	SPA21023	Decon Foods (Pty) Ltd	-	37.97	-	Unsuccessful
14	SPA21028	G and G Fisheries	-	43.82	-	Unsuccessful
15	SPA21030	MJLN Group (Pty) Ltd	-	43.82	-	Unsuccessful
16	SPA21031	Mohzeen Trading (Pty) Ltd	-	47.42	-	Unsuccessful
17	SPA21045	MCR Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	47.36	-	Unsuccessful
18	SPA21048	L and A Empire Holdings (Pty) Ltd	-	36.74	-	Unsuccessful
19	SPA21049	Westshore Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	55.38	-	Unsuccessful
20	SPA21062	Witsands Fishing CC	-	63.64	-	Unsuccessful
21	SPA21070	LCMCM (Pty) Ltd	-	47.57	-	Unsuccessful

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
22	SPA21079	All Seas Fishing	-	46.73	-	Unsuccessful
23	SPA21082	La Vie Seafood Products (Pty) Ltd	-	39.56	-	Unsuccessful
24	SPA21084	Algoaspace (Pty) Ltd	-	49.85	-	Unsuccessful
25	SPA21085	Ukudoba Marine (Pty) Ltd	-	30.26	-	Unsuccessful
26	SPA21093	Zwembesi Farm (Pty) Ltd	-	57.94	-	Unsuccessful
27	SPA21094	Ulwandle Lwethu Fishing CC	-	34.54	-	Unsuccessful
28	SPA21100	Lateral Anchor Brands (Pty) Ltd	-	56.93	-	Unsuccessful
29	SPA21102	Go Fish Enterprises (Pty) Ltd	-	39.55	-	Unsuccessful
30	SPA21104	Dikela Holdings (Pty) Ltd	-	40.31	-	Unsuccessful
31	SPA21110	Trade Wind Trading (Pty) Ltd	-	52.52	-	Unsuccessful
32	SPA21113	Dormex 149 (Pty) Ltd	-	50.95	-	Unsuccessful
33	SPA21114	Umfana Fishing	-	35.46	-	Unsuccessful
34	SPA21119	FNT Enterprises (Pty) Ltd	-	45.16	-	Unsuccessful
35	SPA21120	Camissa Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	36.16	-	Unsuccessful
36	SPA21121	Gaia Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	36.28	-	Unsuccessful
37	SPA21125	Mossfish	-	45.63	-	Unsuccessful
38	SPA21133	Walker Bay Pelagies	-	44.13	-	Unsuccessful

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
39	SPA21135	BM Fisheries (Pty) Ltd	-	51.98	-	Unsuccessful
40	SPA21136	Buccaneer Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	46.63	-	Unsuccessful
41	SPA21140	Nelson The Seagull (Pty) Ltd	-	40.95	-	Unsuccessful
42	SPA21143	Mossel Bay Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	64.45	-	Unsuccessful
43	SPA21147	Upcoming Marine	-	24.01	-	Unsuccessful
44	SPA21148	African Community Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	53.13	-	Unsuccessful
45	SPA21149	Nontozikhoyo General Trading (Pty) Ltd	-	50.52	-	Unsuccessful
46	SPA21151	Singamandla Bafazi Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	51.44	-	Unsuccessful
47	SPA21153	Mtyingizana Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	39.07	-	Unsuccessful
48	SPA21156	Misty Sea Trading 350 (Pty) Ltd	-	44.25	-	Unsuccessful
49	SPA21158	Lilitha and Lubanzi Enterprises (Pty) Ltd	-	50.26	-	Unsuccessful
50	SPA21161	Newborn Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	37.01	-	Unsuccessful
51	SPA21177	Sea Spray Marine (Pty) Ltd	-	36.04	-	Unsuccessful
52	SPA21178	Mnatha Marine Technologies (Pty) Ltd	-	60.29	-	Unsuccessful
53	SPA21180	Dried Ocean Products (Pty) Ltd	-	62.33	-	Unsuccessful
54	SPA21181	Izembe Trading 78 CC	-	64.18	-	Unsuccessful
55	SPA21186	West Coast Ranch Projects and Consulting (Pty) Ltd	-	40.28	-	Unsuccessful

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
56	SPA21187	South African Fishmeal and Protein Company (Pty) Ltd	-	58.06	-	Unsuccessful
57	SPA21193	Umnatha Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	37.28	-	Unsuccessful
58	SPA21194	Damascus Holding	-	30.90	-	Unsuccessful
59	SPA21196	Cordelia West Coast Marine	-	37.49	-	Unsuccessful
60	SPA21200	Imperial Crown Trading 398 (Pty) Ltd	-	62.32	-	Unsuccessful
61	SPA21203	Harrys Bay Marine (Pty) Ltd	-	44.02	-	Unsuccessful
62	SPA21208	Turquoise Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	44.79	-	Unsuccessful
63	SPA21209	Bikutula Fishing Enterprise Ltd	-	33.32	-	Unsuccessful
64	SPA21210	Premium Seafood International (Pty) Ltd	-	56.37	-	Unsuccessful
65	SPA21213	Runtu Employees (Pty) Ltd	-	34.21	-	Unsuccessful
66	SPA21214	Meatrite Goodwood (Pty) Ltd	-	44.90	-	Unsuccessful
67	SPA21215	BHH Ukuloba Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	42.82	-	Unsuccessful
68	SPA21216	The Network of Training Cape	-	52.90	-	Unsuccessful
69	SPA21217	Maqajana Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	38.13	-	Unsuccessful
70	SPA21219	Global Management Services (Pty) Ltd	-	46.51	-	Unsuccessful
71	SPA21223	Abasebenzi Ngeentlanzi	-	44.21	-	Unsuccessful
72	SPA21225	Business Compliance Advisors (Pty) Ltd	-	54.63	-	Unsuccessful

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
73	SPA21226	Marine Empowerment (Pty) Ltd	-	51.10	-	Unsuccessful
74	SPA21230	Abantu Baselwandle	-	46.08	-	Unsuccessful
75	SPA21241	Oppibal Trading and Investments (Pty) Ltd	-	42.83	-	Unsuccessful
76	SPA21242	The Rock Fishing Pty Ltd	-	44.46	-	Unsuccessful
77	SPA21245	Inxweme Lentlanzi Distributors	-	39.21	-	Unsuccessful
78	SPA21247	Genisis Fishing\ (Pty) Ltd	-	32.18	-	Unsuccessful
79	SPA21251	Struisbaai Viissersvereniging	-	37.89	-	Unsuccessful
80	SPA21258	Xcot (Pty) Ltd	-	45.69	-	Unsuccessful
81	SPA21259	Nekwaya and Company Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	35.88	-	Unsuccessful
82	SPA21262	Hawston Sea Mountain (Pty) Ltd	-	40.32	-	Unsuccessful
83	SPA21263	Shonalanga Fisheries CC	-	52.39	-	Unsuccessful
84	SPA21264	Elethu Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	38.45	-	Unsuccessful
85	SPA21268	Masala Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	44.79	-	Unsuccessful
86	SPA21269	Your Style Fashions and Homeware (Pty) Ltd	-	37.92	-	Unsuccessful
87	SPA21270	Castle Hill Fishing Company (Pty) Ltd	-	44.42	-	Unsuccessful
88	SPA21271	Bulumko Marine (Pty) Ltd	-	51.81	-	Unsuccessful
89	SPA21277	Nossab Vervoer (Pty) Ltd	-	56.01	-	Unsuccessful

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
90	SPA21280	Hillmore Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	29.85	-	Unsuccessful
91	SPA21281	Guriqua Xam Development Corporation (Pty) Ltd	-	40.88	-	Unsuccessful
92	SPA21283	Kerrykeel Investments 518 (Pty) Ltd	-	31.40	-	Unsuccessful
93	SPA21285	Abalobi Bentlanzi (Pty) Ltd	-	31.01	-	Unsuccessful
94	SPA21291	Imbo Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	29.94	-	Unsuccessful
95	SPA21296	Shamode Trading and Investments (Pty) Ltd	-	37.47	-	Unsuccessful
96	SPA21297	Atlantic Choice Trading (Pty) Ltd	-	62.12	-	Unsuccessful
97	SPA21304	Cape Agulhas Marine (Pty) Ltd	-	37.92	-	Unsuccessful
98	SPA21307	Eumar Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	32.51	-	Unsuccessful
99	SPA21310	Kholwa Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	47.20	-	Unsuccessful
100	SPA21311	Normzaprojects (Pty) Ltd	-	49.20	-	Unsuccessful
101	SPA21314	Kumkani Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	40.63	-	Unsuccessful
102	SPA21315	Oppikaai Restaurant (Pty) Ltd	-	33.97	-	Unsuccessful
103	SPA21316	Ukuqala Trading CC	-	60.49	-	Unsuccessful
104	SPA21319	J C M Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	37.35	-	Unsuccessful
105	SPA21321	Spot - On Deals Forty One CC	-	53.20	-	Unsuccessful
106	SPA21324	Die Lighuis Visseers Vroue (Pty) Ltd	-	37.89	-	Unsuccessful

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
107	SPA21326	Mamjoli Marine Enterprise	-	30.97	-	Unsuccessful
108	SPA21330	Limilo Fishers (Pty) Ltd	-	34.69	-	Unsuccessful
109	SPA21331	Bayete Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	32.18	-	Unsuccessful
110	SPA21332	Goud Riwwe Visservroue (Pty) Ltd	-	40.93	-	Unsuccessful
111	SPA21333	Seagull Zone (Pty) Ltd	-	23.74	-	Unsuccessful
112	SPA21337	Olegado Holdings (Pty) Ltd	-	25.75	-	Unsuccessful
113	SPA21339	Uyekraal Beleggings (Pty) Ltd	-	23.30	-	Unsuccessful
114	SPA21342	Spasiba (Pty) Ltd	-	20.00	-	Unsuccessful
115	SPA21344	Allied Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	37.34	-	Unsuccessful
116	SPA21346	Ukuloba Pescar Fishing Enterprise Pty (Ltd)	-	33.08	-	Unsuccessful
117	SPA21348	Muke Construction & Projects	-	20.16	-	Unsuccessful
118	SPA21351	Zanzuko Fishing	-	38.61	-	Unsuccessful
119	SPA21354	Tubby Transport (Pty) Ltd	-	37.60	-	Unsuccessful
120	SPA21357	Shopmate Fish Traders CC	-	29.54	-	Unsuccessful
121	SPA21358	Ibhayi Sea Food Wholesalers	-	65.76	-	Unsuccessful
122	SPA21365	Improcare134	-	45.47	-	Unsuccessful
123	SPA21367	Nompumelelo Solutions (Pty) Ltd	-	37.94	-	Unsuccessful

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
124	SPA21370	Villa De Wilmaresa	-	28.56	-	Unsuccessful
125	SPA21371	Amiable 8 Trading (Pty) Ltd	-	28.60	-	Unsuccessful
126	SPA21372	Cedestial Enterprises	-	32.34	-	Unsuccessful
127	SPA21377	Kaytrad Commodities (Pty) Ltd	-	60.24	-	Unsuccessful
128	SPA21378	TCB Fishing Enterprises (Pty) Ltd	-	32.25	-	Unsuccessful
129	SPA21381	Cape Point Holdings (Pty) Ltd	-	29.69	-	Unsuccessful
130	SPA21383	Buffeljagsbaai Projects (Pty) Ltd	-	34.38	-	Unsuccessful
131	SPA21385	Blink Waters Primary Co-Operative Limited	-	39.51	-	Unsuccessful
132	SPA21386	Valotype 76 CC	-	22.45	-	Unsuccessful
133	SPA21389	Gansbaai Abalone(Pty) Ltd	-	37.28	-	Unsuccessful
134	SPA21390	Shark Diving Gansbaai CC	-	46.42	-	Unsuccessful
135	SPA21392	Challenger Fisheries (Pty) Ltd	-	40.93	-	Unsuccessful
136	SPA21393	Phambile Makhosikazi (Pty) Ltd	-	29.73	-	Unsuccessful
137	SPA21394	Ceboletu Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	39.05	-	Unsuccessful
138	SPA21395	Beyond Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	37.24	-	Unsuccessful
139	SPA21396	K2021931076	-	29.69	-	Unsuccessful
140	SPA21397	Pirah Trading Enterprise	-	20.00	-	Unsuccessful

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
141	SPA21401	Tide Side Processors (Pty) Ltd	-	35.98	-	Unsuccessful
142	SPA21402	MandlaWelding And Fabrication (Pty) Ltd	-	25.00	-	Unsuccessful
143	SPA21403	K2021581204	-	29.69	-	Unsuccessful
144	SPA21404	Sea Women Investments (Pty) Ltd	-	34.12	-	Unsuccessful
145	SPA21408	SHQ HOLDINGS	-	30.31	-	Unsuccessful
146	SPA21410	Orange River Fishing Pty Ltd	-	30.52	-	Unsuccessful
147	SPA21411	Sikulugele Ilshishini	-	32.68	-	Unsuccessful
148	SPA21412	Cutlass Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	33.80	-	Unsuccessful
149	SPA21415	Oppie vis kaal visserye (Pty) Ltd	-	35.01	-	Unsuccessful
150	SPA21029	Chinafric Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	45.85	-	Excluded
151	SPA21124	Walmer Sardine Processors (Pty) Ltd	-	56.54	-	Excluded
152	SPA21132	PLAN SEA (Pty) Ltd	-	22.81	-	Excluded
153	SPA21137	Linomtha Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	38.09	-	Excluded
154	SPA21211	Benguela Fish Shop	-	48.19	-	Excluded
155	SPA21227	Bowline Fishing Veldriff	-	36.22	-	Excluded
156	SPA21231	Garlinton Investments (Pty) Ltd	-	36.26	-	Excluded
157	SPA21237	Gwaza Corporation (Pty) Ltd	-	36.26	-	Excluded

No	Application number	Applicant name	Allocated vessel	Score	% allocation	Final decision
158	SPA21239	Khuyakhanyo Primary Co-Operative Limited	-	43.30	-	Excluded
159	SPA21250	Borderline Industries (Pty) Ltd	-	41.02	-	Excluded
160	SPA21257	Moon Light Fishing Velddrif	-	32.51	-	Excluded
161	SPA21265	Colombine Community Projects	-	34.05	-	Excluded
162	SPA21266	Mustang Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	35.82	-	Excluded
163	SPA21275	Masmanyane Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	53.58	-	Excluded
164	SPA21308	Tahiti Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	36.44	-	Excluded
165	SPA21322	Elecmatrix General	-	24.69	-	Excluded
166	SPA21323	Delmar Marine	-	37.65	-	Excluded
167	SPA21328	K J M Fisheries	-	37.27	-	Excluded
168	SPA21329	Siphumelele fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	19.06	-	Excluded
169	SPA21347	Seeweg Visserye (Pty) Ltd	-	37.15	-	Excluded
170	SPA21359	Bellaria Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	40.27	-	Excluded
171	SPA21361	Yanginkosi (Pty)Ltd	-	29.85	-	Excluded
172	SPA21375	South Eastern Fishing (Pty) Ltd	-	25.08	-	Excluded
173	SPA21382	Saldanha Bay Fishing Industry	-	42.33	-	Excluded
174	SPA21413	South African Pelagic Fishermen's Union	-	32.44	-	Excluded