Paulson, Charis [DPS]

From:

Quinn, JohnF [DPS]

Sent:

Tuesday, February 08, 2011 1:33 PM

To:

Noble, Larry [DPS]

Cc: Subject: Bogle, Steve [DPS] FW: Interview Request

Sir,

This is the case where two former Creston Police Officers were convicted of the sexual assault of a female employee of the Creston Golf and Country Club. The allegation is that the officers were denied due process, thus wrongfully convicted, as a result of the victim rape protection shield that the courts extend to victims of sexual assault where the defense council cannot bring up the sex life history of sexual assault victims.

The IDOC will deny the requested media interviews, citing pending legal issues where the court has yet to establish the amount of restitution the two suspects will be required to pay. Once this issue is resolved the IDOC will permit the requested interview to transpire and the aforementioned allegation of wrongful conviction will garner publicity.

This email is to provide visibility on the pending issue. I will keep everyone advised as the case progresses.

John

John F. Quinn
Director
Division of Criminal Investigation
State of Iowa
215 East 7th Street
Des Moines, Iowa 50319
O: 515-725-6017
F: 515-725-6020
C: 515-971-5683
jouinn@dps.state.ia.us

From: Scaletta, Fred [DOC]

Sent: Tuesday, February 08, 2011 12:42 PM

To: Quinn, JohnF [DPS]

Subject: FW: Interview Request

FYI, Thanks John.

From: Towne, Jannay [mailto:Jannay.Towne@WHOTV.com]

Sent: Tuesday, February 08, 2011 10:07 AM

To: Scaletta, Fred [DOC]
Subject: Interview Request

Fred.

I would like to interview Jamie Christensen and John Sickels. Both men are being held at the Iowa Medical and Classification Center.

The two former Creston police officers were convicted of sexual assault. They lost their appeal for a new trial and the lowa Supreme Court has declined to hear their case.

Both Christensen and Sickels maintain their innocence. My understanding from their family is that they believe key evidence about their accuser was not allowed in court. If possible, I would like to hear from them why they think they were wrongfully convicted.

Please let me know what you find out about their appeal.

Thanks,

Jannay Towne
Reporter
jannay.towne@whotv.com
Phone: (515) 242-3785
Fax: (515) 242-2796



1801 Grand Avenue Des Moines, IA 50309 www.whotv.com Subject:John Sickels and Jamie Christensen
Date:Wed, 02 Sep 2015 13:18:07 -0500
From:Janet Jackson İgackfrm@gmail.com
To:Jannay Towne İgannay.towne@whotv.com

Dear Ms. Towne

Now that Governor Branstad wants to do something about Prosecutorial Misconduct and Justice in the State of Iowa, would you consider again trying to meet with John Sickels and Jamie Christensen at IMCC in Coralville? They have a story to tell and it is time it is told. Had former Assistant Attorney Becky Goettsch and Assistant Attorney Andrew Prosser told the truth at the trial , the judge would have likely granted the mistrial like our attorney ask for. This case has Prosecutorial Misconduct written all over it.

Thank you for your time,

Janet Jackson 2075 Beehwood Avenue Lenox, IA 50851

ljackfrm@gmail.com

641-202-1840

? of 2

Subject:

From: "Scaletta, Fred [DOC]" <Fred.Scaletta@iowa.gov>

Date: 12/24/2015 8:09 AM

To: "'ljackfrm@gmail.com'" <ljackfrm@gmail.com>

Ms. Jackson,

It has always been the practice of the Department of Correction to decline media requests to interview inmates if there are pending court decisions, such as restitution, or open appeals of their convictions. Both Sickels and Christensen currently have open appeals on record. There have been no media requests to interview either Sickels or Christensen for several years.

Fred Scaletta
Assistant Director
lowa Department of Corrections
Office: (515) 725-5707

---Original Message----

Pager: (515) 284-9004

From: Janet Jackson [mailto:ljackfrm@gmail.com] Sent: Tuesday, December 22, 2015 11:12 AM

To: Information, DOC < DOC. Information@iowa.gov>

Subject:

What possible reason could the Department of Corrections and the Attorney Generals Office not let a reporter in to visit with John Sickels and Jamie Christensen? The reason six years ago was that the restitution was still pending. I believe that has been settled.

Thank you,

Janet Jackson ljackfrm@gmail.com Subject: Re: John Sickels and Jamie Christensen From: Janet Jackson liackfrm@gmail.com

Date: 1/13/2016 10:33 AM

To: "Towne, Jannay" < Jannay. Towne@WHOTV.com>

January 13, 2016

Ms. Towne,

I emailed the Department of Corrections and heard back from Fred Scaletta. He stated it is the practice of the DOC to decline media requests if there are pending court decisions or open appeals, which I can understand. John is completely through the state and our attorney said we could enlist the media. Mr. Scaletta stated "there have been no media requests to interview either Sickels or Christensen for several years". Anyway, I was wondering if you could try again to interview John. He is more than willing and would not mind being filmed.

Thank you for your time.

Janet Jackson

On 12/19/2015 10:36 AM, Towne, Jannay wrote

Janet,

Thank you for resending you message. I received the second, but not the first. It might have been sent to my spam or junk folder.

I have made that request about a half dozen times.

The Department of Corrections and the Attorney General's Office is not allowing media to speak to John and/or Jamie.

Jannay

From: Janet Jackson < ljackfrm@gmail.com>
Sent: Tuesday, December 8, 2015 10:40 AM

To: Towne, Jannay

Subject: Fwd: John Sickels and Jamie Christensen

Ms. Towne.

Would like to know if you received this message.

----- Forwarded Message -----

David K Boyd/SCA/JUDICIAL

To Arthur E Gamble/District5/JUDICIAL@JUDICIAL

06/27/2011 03:24 PM

bcc

Subject Re: with friends like this

Will do.

Arthur É Gamble

---- Original Message -----

From: Arthur E Gamble

Sent: 06/27/2011 02:46 PM CDT

To: David Boyd

Subject: Re: with friends like this....

My cell is out of juice. Please call me on my office Blackberry phone @ Thanks.

David K Boyd

---- Original Message ---From: David K Boyd

Sent: 06/27/2011 01:22 PM CDT

To: Arthur Gamble

Subject: Re: with friends like this....

Woa. Please don't do anything until we can talk. be free by about 3 pm and I'll call you.

l should

Arthur E Gamble

---- Original Message

From: Arthur E Gamble

Sent: 06/27/2011 01:05 PM CDT

To: David Boyd

Subject: Fw: with friends like this....

I believe I should respond to this today or someone should do so on my behalf. Who do I need to contact

about this?

Arthur E Gamble

---- Original Message -----

From: Arthur E Gamble

Sent: 06/27/2011 08:50 AM CDT

To: David Boyd

Subject: Re: with friends like this....

David,

I didn't know anything about any complaint. If I had known, I could have recused myself. I feel bad that this sent to all legislators and that I can't respond. What can we do?

Art

David K Boyd

---- Original Message -----

From: David K Boyd

Sent: 06/24/2011 11:04 PM CDT

To: Arthur Gamble

Subject: with friends like this...

Thought you might want to see this email that was sent to everyone in the legislature today.

DKB

From: Matt Somers [matt@precopt.com] Sent: Friday, June 24, 2011 7:29 AM To: Abdul-Samad, Ako [LEGIS]; Alons, Dwayne Arlan [LEGIS]; Anderson, Richard [LEGIS]; Arnold, Richard [LEGIS]; Baltimore, Chip [LEGIS]; Baudler, Clel [LEGIS]; Berry, Deborah [LEGIS]; Brandenburg, Mark [LEGIS]; Byrnes, Josh [LEGIS]; Chambers, Royd [LEGIS]; Cohoon, Dennis [LEGIS]; Cownie, Peter [LEGIS]; DeBoef, Betty [LEGIS]; Deyoe, Dave [LEGIS]; Dolecheck, Cecil [LEGIS]; Drake, Jack [LEGIS]; Forristall, Greg [LEGIS]; Fry, Joel [LEGIS]; Gaines, Ruth Ann [LEGIS]; Gaskill, Mary [LEGIS]; Grassley, Pat [LEGIS]; Hagenow, Chris [LEGIS], Hager, Bob [LEGIS]; Hall, Chris [LEGIS]; Hanson, Curt [LEGIS]; Hanusa, Mary Ann [LEGIS]; Heaton, Dave [LEGIS]; Heddens, Lisa [LEGIS]; Hein, Lee [LEGIS]; Helland, Erik [LEGIS]; Horbach, Lance [LEGIS]; Hunter, Bruce [LEGIS]; Huseman, Dan [LEGIS]; Isenhart, Charles [LEGIS]; Iverson, Stewart [LEGIS]; Jacoby, David [LEGIS]; Jorgensen, Ron [LEGIS]; Kajtazovic, Anesa [LEGIS]; Kaufmann, Jeff [LEGIS]; Kearns, Jerry [LEGIS]; Kelley, Dan [LEGIS]; Klein, Jarad [LEGIS]; Koester, Kevin [LEGIS]; Kressig, Bob [LEGIS]; Lensing, Vicki [LEGIS]; Lofgren, Mark [LEGIS]; Lukan, Steven [LEGIS]; Lykam, Jim [LEGIS]; Mascher, Mary [LEGIS]; Massie, Glen [LEGIS]; McCarthy, Kevin [LEGIS]; Miller, Helen [LEGIS]; Miller, Linda [LEGIS]; Moore, Brian [LEGIS]; Muhlbauer, Dan [LEGIS]; Murphy, Pat [LEGIS]; Oldson, Jo [LEGIS]; Olson, Rick [LEGIS]; Olson, Steve [LEGIS]; Olson, Tyler [LEGIS]; Paulsen, Kraig [LEGIS]; Paustian, Ross [LEGIS]; Pearson, Kim [LEGIS]; Petersen, Janet [LEGIS]; Pettengill, Dawn [LEGIS]; Quirk, Brian [LEGIS]; Raecker, Scott [LEGIS]; Rasmussen, Dan [LEGIS]; Rayhons, Henry [LEGIS]; Rogers, Walt [LEGIS]; Running-Marquardt, Kirsten [LEGIS]; Sands, Tom [LEGIS]; Schulte, Renee [LEGIS]; Schultz, Jason [LEGIS]; Shaw, Tom [LEGIS]; Smith; Jeff [LEGIS]; Smith, Mark [LEGIS]; Soderberg, Chuck [LEGIS]; Steckman, Sharon [LEGIS]; Swaim, Kurt [LEGIS]; Sweeney, Annette [LEGIS]; Taylor, Jeremy [LEGIS]; Taylor, Todd [LEGIS]; Thede, Phyllis [LEGIS]; Thomas, Roger [LEGIS]; Tjepkes, David [LEGIS]; Upmeyer, Linda [LEGIS]; Van Engelenhoven, Jim [LEGIS]; Vander Linden, Guy [LEGIS]; Wagner, Nick [LEGIS]; Watts, Ralph [LEGIS]; Wenthe, Andrew [LEGIS]; Wessel-Kroeschell, Beth [LEGIS]; Willems, Nate [LEGIS]; Winckler, Cindy [LEGIS]; Windschitl, Matt; Wittneben, John [LEGIS]; Wolfe, Mary [LEGIS]; Worthan, Gary [LEGIS] Subject:

My name is Matt Somers, owner of Precision Optical Group, Inc. in Creston. For the last three years I have been watching the legal proceedings of Jamie Christensen and John Sickels, the two police officers from Creston, Iowa who were convicted of Sexual Abuse in the 2nd Degree and sentenced to twenty-five years in prison. Never mind the lack of precedent for the sentencing handed down by Judge Gamble. After the men were convicted, I know that complaints were filed against one of the prosecutors from the Iowa Attorney General's Office and Chief Judge Arthur Gamble. The complaint regarding the prosecutor is still being investigated. The complaint against Judge Gamble was dismissed by the Judicial Qualifications Commission. Unfortunately, the two men have been unable to find out why the complaint regarding Judge Gamble was dismissed. Another of several injustices against the defendants in this case occurred on June 9th. 2011 when Judge Gamble presided over a restitution hearing and ruled in favor of the state after only one day of deliberation. Why was Judge Gamble allowed to involve himself in a hearing when a formal complaint had been levied against him by the two men? It would seem to me that Judge Gamble had his mind made up on the day of the hearing to rule against Sickels and Christensen with very little deliberation on a complex case with several issues. As a tax payer of the state of Iowa, I am shocked that Judge Gamble did not step down and allow an alternate judge to preside over the hearing. think it is possible for Judge Gamble to be impartial to Sickels and

Christensen after the complaints. Even the hint of an impartial trial stains

the Judicial System of Iowa.

I am also aware that Judge Gamble used his rulings on this case as a sample of his work when applying for appointment to the Iowa Supreme Court. The families and supporters of Christensen and Sickels wrote letters to the Governor protesting the appointment based on his handling of this case. I cannot help but wonder if the complaints filed against him were partly responsible for his not receiving the nomination. If Judge Gamble had even the smallest perception that the complaints filed against him by Sickels and Christensen and their MANY supporters were responsible, could he have been impartial to them during the recent hearing? I do not think so.

T believe that Judge Samble's ruling should be stayed immediately and reviewed by an impartial judge. I realize that the men can and most likely will appeal the ruling to the Supreme Court of Iowa. It seems that all of the taxpayer money involved in such a lengthy appeal is cost prohibitive to the state in these tough financial times.

It appears to me that Judge Gamble has inflicted yet another blow to the Judicial System and although he may not have voiced it, he has essentially said "I can do whatever I want because I am a judge and nobody will hold me accountable." I am outraged that he was allowed to continue to preside over a case when complaints were filed against him and I believe that his judgment was clouded by those complaints.

Please look into this matter and insure that Judge Gamble is not allowed to continue presiding over this case.

Thank you, Matt Somers

Matt Somers
Precision Optical Group, Inc
(641)782-6685 x 101
(641)202-0797 cell

This communication is intended for the addressee(s) named above. It contains information that is privileged, confidential, or otherwise protected from use and disclosure under applicable law. If you are not the intended recipient, any dissemination, distribution or copying of this communication is strictly prohibited. If you have received this communication in error, please notify us immediately that this message was received in error and then delete this message.

IN THE LONA DISTRICT COURT FOR WOODBURY COUNTY

JAMES ALAN CHRISTENSEN,

Plaintiff/Petitioner,:

VS.

Law No. PCCV145074

STATE OF LOWA,

Defendant/Respondent .:

DEPOSITION OF BECKY GOETTSCH, ESQ.

taken by the Plaintiff/Petitioner before Ann T. Moyna, Certified Shorthand Reporter of the State of Towa, at the Hoover State Office Building, Second Floor Conference Room, Des Moines, Lowa, commencing at 9:15 a.m., Monday, September 8, 2014.

APPEARANCES:

Christensen:

For Plainfiff/Petitioner ALFREDO PARRISH, ESQ. Parrish Kruidenien 2910 Grand Avenue Des Moines, Iowa 50312

For the State of Lowa:

ANDREW PROSSER, ESO, Assistant Attorney General Second Floor Hoover State Office Bldg. Des Moines, Iowa 50319

ORIGINAL

ANN T. MOYNA - CERTIFIED SHORTHAND REPORTER

PEWERSEN 500 SW Sev Des Mos

31, 32, 33, 34, 35

2 1 PROCEEDINGS 2 BECKY GOETTSCH, ESQ. 3 called as a witness by counsel for the Plaintiff/Applicant, being first duly sworn by the 4 Certified Shorthand Reporter, was examined and 5 6 testified as follows: 7 EXAMINATION 8 BY MR. PARRISH: Do you want to state your name and spell both your first and last names for the record, 10 11 please. 12 Becky Goettsch, G-O-E-T-T-S-C-H. A. 13 Would you tell us your current occupation? Q. 14 I'm a Polk County Magistrate. A. 15 And tell us what your duties are in that 0. position, how long you've held that position, please. 16 17 Since October of 2012. And I'm a magistrate A. judge presiding over small claims, mental health 18 commitments, and suburban traffic and simple 19 20 misdemeanors. 21 Is that a full-time or part-time position? Q. 22 This is a part-time position. A. 23 And do you have any other job that you do, Q. other than that job, at the current time?

Not that I get paid for.

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Okay. And would you tell us prior to the Q. position as a Polk County Magistrate, what did you What was your occupation?

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- I was an Assistant Attorney General in the Area Prosecutions Division. 5
 - How long did you have that position and what Q. were your duties there?
 - I started in September of 2006 through October of 2012, and I was a prosecutor of criminal cases.
 - And what type of criminal cases and what 0. were your areas that you practiced in?
- 13 The type of cases were anything from misdemeanors to Class A felonies; murders, sex 14 15 assaults, fraud. Whatever I was assigned to do.

I also did sexually violent predators, which are civil commitments, civil jury trials.

- 18 Q. What years again, please?
- From September of '06 until October of 2012. 19
- 20 Okay. And during that time do you recall 21 the number of sex offender cases you tried, Class B 22 cases did you try?
 - Some were Class Bs, yes. Α.
- 24 Q. Do you know how many?
- 25 A. That were solely Class Bs?

1 Q. Yes. And ended up in jury trials too, to 2 narrow it down. 3 Probably less than five. Α. 4 Q. Okay. 5 That's the best estimate I can give. A. 6 Did you try any by yourself during that Q. 7 time? 8 A. Yes. 9 Q. How many? 10 I don't recall. I'd have to look at A. statistics. At least--at minimum three-a-year that I 11 12 tried by myself. You said you tried a total of approximately 13 14 five; is that correct? A. Oh, of B felonies? How many B felonies did 15 16 I try by myself? Q. Yes. 17 MR. PROSSER: B felony sex assaults? 18 19 MR. PARRISH: Yes. 2.0 BY MR. PARRISH: Q. And I'm assuming B felonies would be 21 Mr. Christensen's case, it was a B felony. 22 I think there was probably some other child 23 sex abuse B felonies that I tried by myself. Maybe 24

25

one or two of those.

- Q. Okay. How many did you try with co-counsel?
- A. Well, the remainder, so two or three of those.
- Q. Who were your co-counsel that you tried them with?
- A. I don't recall any specific ones off the top
 of my head other than Christensen. That would be
 Mr. Prosser.
- Q. Okay. So other than trying a Class B sex offense with Mr. Prosser, you can't recall trying anymore Class B sex offender cases with any other co-counsel; is that correct?
- 13 A. That's correct.

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- Q. Okay. And that would have been from the years 2006 to 2012. Would that be accurate?
- A. Correct. There could be some cases. I

 can't remember a specific incident of that. There

 probably is some B felony sex cases that I tried. I

 can't remember the specifics of it.
 - Q. Prior to your work with the Attorney

 General's Office of the State of Iowa, what was your

 prior employment?
- A. Before that I was a deputy district attorney in Las Vegas.
 - Q. And what area did you work in and how long

did you have that position?

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- A. I started that position in '98, '99, and I worked in the appellate division, I worked as general trial counsel, I worked in the special victims unit, and I worked in the -- on the homicide unit.
- Q. And how many felony jury trials did you have in Las Vegas?
 - A. Over 60.
- Q. And how many of those were, say, comparable to a Class B felony in Iowa? And what I mean by that, a Class B where there was a mandatory minimum sentence that the defendant would be facing if convicted.
 - A. How many of the 60?
- 15 Q. Yes, ma'am.
 - And the 60 I'm talking about, felony jury A. trials.
- 18 Correct. And I want to also clarify, Class 0. B being one less than a Class A. If we need to break 19 it down further, we will do that. I hope you 20 understand the distinction I'm making here. 21
 - I do understand the distinction. A.

23 Without looking at stats, maybe 20,

approximately. That's the best approximation I can 24 give you.

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- Q. Out of those that were comparable to what you would call a Class B Las Vegas, same as Class B in Iowa, how many of those were sex offense cases?
- A. Close to all of them, I would say. Fifteen of those, perhaps. I mean, the homicides I did would have been life sentences, which I'm considering not Class Bs.
- Q. Correct.
- 9 A. Okay.

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- 10 Q. And how many did you have co-counsel with?
- 11 A. Approximately half.
- 12 Q. Okay. What did you do prior to your work in 13 1998 with Las Vegas?
- A. I was in private practice in Las Vegas for about 18 months. And before that I was in private practice in Des Moines.
 - Q. Okay. And private practice in Las Vegas, what type of work did you do and what was the name of the firm or company you worked with?
- A. It was mostly employment litigation, but it
 was--I did litigation of all kinds. I was an
 associate at Lionel, Sawyer and Collins.
 - Q. What type of firm is that?
- A. It's the largest law firm in Nevada, so it's general practice. They had divisions in litigation,

real estate, gaming. They did all kinds of work.
 Q. But your specialty there, or the main focus

- of your work, as I understand it, was employment?
 - A. Correct.

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- Q. Prior to that you were in Des Moines in private practice?
- 7 A. Correct.
- Q. And where in Des Moines were you in private practice?
 - A. Shearer, Templer, Pingel and Kaplan.
 - Q. And with them what type of work did you do?
- A. Anything that they gave me. I was a new associate out of law school. I did everything from divorce to real estate to litigation to business transactions.
- 16 Q. And you went to law school where?
- 17 A. University of Iowa.
- 18 Q. And undergrad?
- 19 A. Iowa State.
- 20 Q. Okay. And your major?
- A. My major was distributed studies, which is a prelaw program.
- Q. When were you first assigned the Christensen case to prosecute?
 - A. Mr. Prosser asked for my assistance, and I

don't recall the time. It was maybe about a year before it went to trial maybe.

- Q. And who was lead counsel?
- A. Mr. Prosser.

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- Q. And I do want to state for the record, and you may have seen a copy of the court order, the Court has indicated, and we've told the Court, that we would not get into any attorney/client privilege material. If I do stray into that area, I'm sure Mr. Prosser will make sure that I stay away from it.
- MR. PROSSER: It's not attorney/client, it's work product.
 - MR. PARRISH: Work product, which I interpret as the same thing.
 - Then if we don't get into that area, it won't be a problem. If we do, we'll reserve those questions for the judge so we don't have to bother him right now.
- I will stay focused on the narrow area that

 I think I want to focus on for the purpose of these

 questions.
- 22 BY MR. PARRISH:
- Q. Mr. Prosser was lead counsel, and you don't recall the date when you became involved in the case.

 The record will speak for itself. At some point you

entered an appearance in this case; is that correct?

A. Correct.

- Q. And in terms of your area of preparation for trial, prior to the time that the trial started, could you tell us what your area of preparation was to be?
- A. We did not have defined duties. Andy and I really split things depending on who was busy with other activities, what needed to be done. So there wasn't--I didn't have a specific assignment.
- Q. As far as preparing motions, whose job was it to prepare motions or respond to motions?
- A. I think mostly Andy, but I can't say that I didn't respond to a motion. It's possible I did.
- Q. Did you author them, did you research them yourself or did you assign them out to other people and adopt their research, or correct their research? How was this done in preparing your motions?
- A. Typically the way the office works, and the way Andy and I worked together was, whoever was available and could do it did it, and it would vary on a case-by-case and motion-by-motion and job-by-job basis.
- Q. Okay. What about in terms of the opening statements, whose job was it to prepare the opening

statement?

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MR. PROSSER: I guess we're getting a little close to work product in deciding how we strategized the case. I think the record will speak for itself about which of us did what parts of the case. I'll state that whoever did that part of the case did the preparation for it.

But in terms of what we sat down and talked
9 about--

MR. PARRISH: I didn't ask her what she talked about.

MR. PROSSER: All right.

MR. PARRISH: The question speaks for

itself. Read it back, please.

(Record read as requested.)

A. Whoever did the opening statement.

17 BY MR. PARRISH:

- Q. Who delivered it?
- 19 A. I don't remember.
- 20 Q. Okay. The record speaks for itself.

21 Let's go to the closing statement. Whose

22 job was it to prepare the closing statement?

- 23 A. Andy prepared the first closing statement,
- 24 and I prepared the rebuttal.
 - Q. Okay. Did you prepare the rebuttal on your

1 own?

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A. We worked together. I mean, there were
discussions between Mr. Prosser and I, but it was my
primary duty. We did discuss it together.

- Q. Did you discuss your Power Point?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. Did you show it to Mr. Prosser?
- 8 A. Yeah.
- 9 Q. Where did you show it to him?
- 10 A. Hotel room the night before.
- Q. Did you show it to him before you left
- Des Moines to go back to Sioux City for closing
- 13 | arguments?
- 14 A. I don't recall that.
- Q. Did he make any corrections to it?
- 16 A. No.
- Q. Had you discussed your closing argument with
- 18 Mr. Scott, your rebuttal closing argument with
- 19 Mr. Scott?
- 20 A. No.
- Q. At no point in time?
- 22 A. No.
- Q. Did you tell Mr. Scott at some point that
- 24 you intended to talk about the burden of proof that
- 25 was the law in Nevada, and he indicated to you that

that was not the burden of proof in Iowa?

- A. Did I have that discussion with Mr. Scott?
- Q. Yes, ma'am.

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- A. I don't have any memory of talking outside the record with Mr. Scott. Is it possible that occurred? It is possible. But I don't have any immediate recollection of that.
- Q. Well, let's go to the-- Let's see if we can refresh your recollection a little bit.

If you would go to your rebuttal closing
argument. You would agree that at some point you put
up a Power Point presentation that indicated
something about a particular witness'--a jury's
belief in a particular witness' credibility.

- A. I remember the slide you're referring to. 1
 mean, how it's characterized, I guess, speaks for
 itself.
- 18 Q. Right. Do you have a copy of that slide 19 still?
- 20 | A. I don't.
- 21 Q. Do you know what happened to it?
- 22 A. No. It's possible it might exist somewhere.
- 23 I don't have it because I haven't worked--
- Q. Do you know why it was not preserved when it became an issue in the courtroom in rebuttal and in

- 1 | the motion for new trial?
- 2 A. Do I know why?
- 3 Q. Right.
- 4 A. No.
- Q. Did you request that it be preserved, to
- 6 your knowledge?
- 7 A. No.

- Q. Okay.
- 9 A. My knowledge is it was already a part of the 10 record. It was read into the record.
- Q. Well, yeah, it was read into the record.
- 12 But the size of it, the way it was on the screen, how
- 13 | it was presented for the jury. None of that's in the
- 14 record. How long it was up is not even in the
- 15 record.
- My question is: Is your testimony that you
- 17 prepared that slide the night before the rebuttal
- 18 | argument?
- 19 A. Yes, or very close to that. It would have
- 20 been within a couple of days of that.
- Q. Did you prepare it in Sioux City or did you
- 22 prepare it in Des Moines, to your best recollection?
- 23 I know I've asked you that question.
- A. I have no idea. I have no memory of that.
- 25 Q. This is Mr. Scott speaking on page 14 of his

motion for new trial, he says—I'm starting on line

9, "Here, I've got what it says here. The Power

Point presentation stated not guilty requires you to

believe the defendants and not believe Lisa Smith.

The statement was objected to as a misstatement of

the law. The Court sustained that objection, and the

screen was taken down.

"Again, that screen was put up there.

That-- Obviously, it was intentionally put up there.

The screen was made by the State prior to closing argument. This wasn't something, I believe, I don't believe, anyway, I can't imagine they created a Power Point during closing argument."

So we know now what it says. Was it a one-sentence statement?

A. Yes.

MR. PROSSER: Wait. Wait. Wait. I object to the question because it presumes what Mr. Scott says in his motion is what was actually on the slide. I think that's inaccurate, if you look at the record itself.

So your question, I just want to make sure, presupposes that his statement in his motion accurately reflects what was in the slide. I forget what the rest of the question was.

- MR. PARRISH: Why don't we go back and find out what the question is.
- 3 (Record read as requested.)
- 4 BY MR. PARRISH:
- 5 Q. That's what I'm asking.
- A. Regardless of what it said, it was one sentence.
- Q. All right. Was the entire Power Point, before, a one-sentence statement?
- 10 A. Correct.
- 11 Q. And--
- MR. PROSSER: Wait. Wait. Wait. You're
 saying was her whole Power Point one sentence or just
 the offending--
- MR. PARRISH: Just that slide, yes.
- 16 A. I think I had other slides.
- 17 BY MR. PARRISH:
- Q. Was that one slide just a one-sentence statement, was my question?
- 20 A. That's correct. Yes.
- 21 Q. And you prepared it yourself?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. You prepared it in Sioux City?
- 24 A. I'm not sure.
- Q. Let me ask you this: Prior to the time that

- 17 you put that slide up, had you done research on that 1 issue? 3 MR. PROSSER: That is work product. I'm 4 going to object to it. 5 MR. PARRISH: I'm going to ask her to answer 6 it. MR. PROSSER: I'm going to tell her not to 7 answer it because we've already got an order saying 8 that we don't have to answer it. 9 10 MR. PARRISH: I don't think that's what the order says. We can disagree with that. 11 12 My point is: Did she do research on that issue, and you're telling her not to answer.
- 16 BY MR. PARRISH:

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Q. And so, Ms. Goettsch, it's your position 17 that you don't have to answer that question; is that 18 19 correct?

MR. PROSSER: All right.

Okay. That's fine. I can live with that.

- 20 A. . That's correct.
- All right. Where did you get that slide 21 22 from?
- My head. I didn't copy it from anything, if 23 24 that's your question.
 - Q. Where in your head did you get it from?

MR. PROSSER: Wait. Wait. Wait. Now

you're literally asking her what she was thinking

when she created the slide. There's nothing more

clearly work product, and strategy, and theory, than

that.

6 BY MR. PARRISH:

- Q. Was it based on Iowa law?
- MR. PROSSER: I'm going to object to that,

 9 too. It asks for what her thinking was, why she put

 10 and crafted that slide.
- I'm going to object.
- MR. PARRISH: Well, I tend to disagree with you.
- Was it based--I think she can tell me

 whether or not she had a good faith belief that it

 was based on Iowa law, or not.
- MR. PROSSER: I'm still objecting to what
 her thinking was about why and how she crafted the
 argument. It's her strategy, her thinking, her work
 product.
- 21 BY MR. PARRISH:
- Q. Can you give me a case in Iowa, or an instruction that Judge Gamble, when given, that indicated that you could present that particular Power Point slide that stated--

- MR. PROSSER: Same objection.
- 2 MR. PARRISH: Let me finish the question,
- 3 | please.

- 4 BY MR. PARRISH:
- Q. --stated not guilty requires you to believe the defendants and not believe Lisa Smith?
- 7 MR. PROSSER: Same objection.
- 8 BY MR. PARRISH:
- 9 Q. Did you hear the Court state afterwards that 10 that was a misstatement of the law?
- 11 A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. Did you-- And the Court sustained the objections; is that correct?
- 14 A. Yes.
- Q. Did you know beforehand when you put the Power Point slide up that it was a misstatement of Iowa law?
- 18 MR. PROSSER: Objection; calling for her
- 19 thinking, legal reasoning, and other thought
- 20 processes about creating the slide. I'm objecting to
- 21 it.
- 22 BY MR. PARRISH:
- Q. Had you discussed -- You said Mr. Prosser
- 24 had seen the slide?
- 25 A. Yes.

Did he raise an objection to the slide? 1 Q. 2 MR. PROSSER: Objection. Conversations between counsel as to strategy are clearly work 3 4 product. MR. PARRISH: Now, Mr. Prosser, the only problem, I think, is that you will be able--you will 6 be a potential witness, as you know. And I brought 7 it up at the time you were making the argument before 8 Judge Jacobsen, I believe, that you interjected what 9 1.0 you thought had taken place. 11 Now the question is: Is it fair for you to make this objection at this time? I realize you're 12 the only person sitting here. The question is: 13 it fair for you to make that objection? 14 15 MR. PROSSER: Well, I'm not under oath, and I don't know why you're asking me that. Is it fair? 16 17 Yes, it's fair because I'm enforcing the order that's been entered and our right as attorneys not to have 18 you or other counsel probing around in our heads 19 about our theories of why we did what we did and when 20 21 we did it. 22 MR. PARRISH: But are you conflicted on 23 this particular objection? 24 MR. PROSSER: No, I'm not conflicted on this

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particular objection.

MR. PARRISH: That's fine. Okay.

2 BY MR. PARRISH:

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- Q. How long was the Power Point up, Judge Goettsch?
 - A. Seconds.
 - Q. What do you call seconds?
 - A. I know we're talking five years ago. You know, it seemed like a lifetime to me. I think 30 seconds. I mean, the lawyers were on it. Judge Gamble was on it. It was seconds, less than 30, that it was up. The computer was right there and I shut it down.
 - Q. Okay. To your best recollection, then, did the lawyers actually object prior to the specific argument on the point with regard to the misstatement of the law?
- A. That's my recollection, I hadn't even started.
- Q. Okay. So is it your position that you had never made any specific argument with regard to that specific Power Point statement before it was taken down?
- MR. PROSSER: I'm going to object to the
 form of the question. Is it her position? I'm not
 sure she has a position, and I don't understand what

1 | the question is.

If she does, I guess she can answer it.

A. Well, that's my recollection. It's all on record. It would say whether I had begun my argument, or not. It's my recollection that I had

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Could that be wrong? I suppose it could be. But the record is there. The record would show whether I had started an argument.

10 BY MR. PARRISH:

- Q. Knowing that that was a misstatement of the law, and at least the Court ruling that it was a misstatement of the law, did you feel that you had an obligation to ask for a curative instruction in order for Mr. Christensen to get a fair trial because some of the jurors could have seen that particular Power Point?
- A. I don't recall. I don't recall. I think it was already—it was being discussed at that point as to whether they wanted a curative instruction.
- Q. And Mr.--
 - A. But I don't recall. I don't recall.
- Q. And Mr. Scott did not ask for a curative instruction, would you agree?
- 25 A. I don't recall. I don't recall what he did

at that time.

- Q. You believe that once a misstatement of the law is presented to the jury, the Court has sustained that, that the prosecutor has any duty, because it was their action that triggered the objection, to present a curative instruction to the jury?
- 7 A. Generally do I think that's a prosecutor's 8 duty?
 - Q. Yes.
 - A. I don't know about the word duty, but—
 Well, it's certainly always the best practice of a
 prosecutor to protect the record. I would typically
 not necessarily ask for an instruction, but always
 tell the jury, you know, keep in mind this is what
 the law is. If I've said something wrong, if there's
 been some confusion, I would definitely verbally
 state it to the jury.

It's my understanding and belief that the defense attorney-it's the defense attorney's position to ask for the curative, or not. Some attorneys have the strategic decision that they don't want to call attention to something and talk about it more, or do they want a curative instruction. That's more of a defense attorney's strategic decision on that.

Q. Okay. Did you go to the motion for new trial? I see in the transcript that you were present on May 7th and the argument on the motion for new trial.

- A. Yes.
- Q. Did you make any professional statement on that date with regard to your conduct?
 - A. No.
 - Q. Did you think one was warranted?
- 10 A. No.

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Q. On the issue of the Power Point that was shown to the jury-- Well, strike that.

Is there any dispute that the jury saw the Power Point, in your mind?

- A. They saw something. I don't even know if they had time to read it. That is disputed. If somebody was a really quick reader they might have seen it, but I would venture to say many didn't have time to read it.
- Q. Okay. You heard Mr. Scott argue when asked by the Court in pursuing this issue whether or not putting it up made a difference, if you put it up intentionally or made--or you put it up recklessly. You followed that argument, I take it; right?

25 If not, I can--I don't know whether you read

anything to prepare for the--kind of refresh-- I'll go to page 15 when Judge Gamble asked this question.

"Can I ask you another question? You're quite right. But the case law has indicated that the good faith or bad faith of the prosecutor in making the offensive argument is not determinative of whether the prosecutor's misconduct."

And Mr. Scott says, "Right."

The Court says, "Right. So does it make it worse if it was intentional? I mean, is that why you're arguing so strenuously that it was intentional?"

Then they go back and forth on a mistrial because Mr. Scott said, "I believe that's the reason why you stated you did not grant a mistrial." I think that the Court interrupts him and says, "Now we've had the benefit of the research, and you've pointed that out." Mr. Scott says, "Right."

The Court then asks this question: "So now the question I'm asking you is, okay, it doesn't make any difference whether it was intentional, or not. What I'm asking you now, though, does it make it worse if it was intentional."

And then he says, Mr. Scott says, "I think so," and proceeds.

1 Does that refresh your recollection now 2 about the argument that was made? 3 A. Yes. 4 All right. Was that Power Point put up Q. 5 intentionally? 6 MR. PROSSER: And I'm going to object. 7 do you mean, did she put the slide up on purpose? that the question? 9 MR. PARRISH: Yes. 10 Certainly I pushed the button on the 11 computer to put it up there intentionally. Was there 12 any at all intent for me to misstate Iowa law? Of 13 course not. BY MR. PARRISH: 14 15 Well, you know it was not Iowa law. Q. 16 A. Not--17 MR. PROSSER: Objection. MR. PARRISH: She's already broached the 18 19 subject. I have a right to go into it. 20 MR. PROSSER: Wait. We're not going into 21 what her knowledge of Iowa law was with respect to 22 this slide.

MR. PARRISH: With all due respect,

Mr. Prosser, let's read her question--her response:

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Okay?

MR. PROSSER: Let's not, because we're still 1 not going there, whatever her answer was. 2 3 MR. PARRISH: Let's reread it. 4 (Record read as requested.) BY MR. PARRISH: 5 6 Did you misstate Iowa law? Q. A. Clearly the Court said I did. When I put it 7 up there, that certainly was not my intent to do 8 9 that. Q. Well, you had to get that law from 10 somewhere. Is that Nevada law? 11 MR. PROSSER: Wait a minute. We're into 12 work product again. We're not going there. 13 MR. PARRISH: Well, go ahead. If you're 14 15 telling her not to answer... 16 MR. PROSSER: I am. BY MR. PARRISH: 17 Q. Did you put the slide up? I'm asking her, 18 was that the law in Nevada or was that the law in 19 20 Iowa? MR. PROSSER: You're asking her to interpret 21 Iowa law and whether it supports the slide she put 22 up. That's work product. We're not going there. 23 24 MR. PARRISH: I can ask her.

MR. PROSSER: You can ask her anything you

1 want.

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MR. PARRISH: I can ask her, Mr. Prosser, if the quote she put up was Iowa law or Nevada law.

That's not getting into work product.

MR. PROSSER: How is it that you're-- I disagree completely. Asking her to give her subjective analysis versus--Iowa versus Nevada law and whether that statement has anything to do with it, or not, and whether she feels that it was supported by either of those laws, which is her thinking, her legal analysis. We're not going there.

MR. PARRISH: Right. You also understand that Mr. Scott has indicated he had a conversation with her about this issue prior to the time that she made her rebuttal argument.

MR. PROSSER: Are you talking to me?

MR. PARRISH: Yes. I have a copy of his deposition here.

MR. PROSSER: That's what Mr. Scott says, but that may not be accurate either.

MR. PARRISH: She also has said that she doesn't recall, she may have had that conversation with him. She can't recall if she did or did not.

MR. PROSSER: We are also presuming something else, which is that this statement that was

in the Power Point had anything to do with this statement of the law that you keep referring to with Mr. Scott.

I'm not sure that there is any connection like that. All of that aside, I don't think we can ask this witness what her legal analysis was or is about that instruction.

MR. PARRISH: Okay. Let me try it this way, then, if you're instructing her not to answer.

BY MR. PARRISH:

Q. Ms. Goettsch, when we started the deposition we talked about your experience in Nevada, specifically if you had experience with felony sex abuse cases.

Is there a law in Nevada that does, in fact, allow you to argue to the jury in a Power Point presentation, that the Power Point presentation stated not guilty requires you to believe the defendant and not believe a victim? Is there a law or an instruction similar to that in Nevada?

- A. No.
- Q. In any other state that you're aware of?
- 23 A. No.

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Q. Then where did you get the instruction

25 from—the argument from?

°1. MR. PROSSER: Objection. We're not going there. How did you formulate this instruction, give 2 me your legal thinking. We're not going there. 3 BY MR. PARRISH: Were you aware, before your argument, that 6 your argument has to conform with the Court's instructions and the law of the State of Iowa? 7 8 . A. Of course. 9 Do you know why Mr. Scott nor Mr. McConville asked for a curative instruction in this case? 10 11 Why they didn't? 12 0. Yes. 13 Α. No. I have no idea. MR. PROSSER: Do you mean a written 14 instruction or do you mean that the jury be told on 15 16 the spot that an error had been made? What do you 17 mean by that? 18 MR. PARRISH: Do you want to reread the 19 question? 20 (Record read as requested.) 21 A. No. 22 BY MR. PARRISH: Q. And is there any reason why the State did 23 not ask for a curative instruction? 24 25 MR. PROSSER: A curative instruction of

1 I don't understand the question. THE WITNESS: Well--2 3 MR. PROSSER: A curative instruction for--Wait a second. I'm objecting to the question. 4 5 A curative instruction about what? MR. PARRISH: We're only talking about one 6 7 issue here. MR. PROSSER: About the Power Point slides, 8 the words that were on the slide. Why the State 9 didn't ask for a curative written instruction during 10 jury instructions? That presumes that the 11 12 instructions that were given didn't accurately state the law. Is that what you're suggesting, is that the 13 14 instructions that were given didn't accurately state the law and we should have corrected that somehow? 15 MR. PARRISH: I think you're making it a lot 16 more complicated than that. 17 MR. PROSSER: No, I'm not. I'm making it 18 19 clear. 20 MR. PARRISH: Well, if she understands the question -- I think you're digging so deep in your 21 own head, Mr. Prosser, that you're trying to argue 22 your position. If she understands the question--23 24 MR. PROSSER: I think--

MR. PARRISH: Are you going to let me

finish? I let you finish your statements, let me
finish mine.

I think if you let her see if she understands the question and try to answer it. If she can't, that's fine.

MR. PROSSER: Well, I think you're trying to mislead the witness. That's what I think.

MR. PARRISH: Mislead her to where?

MR. PROSSER: Your question has so many suppositions in it that it's hard to know what you're asking, which is why I'm objecting.

But I guess if you can understand it, go ahead. Why did we not ask or was there a reason why we didn't ask for a curative instruction.

15 BY MR. PARRISH:

Q. Right.

A. The issue was burden shifting. The instruction gave the burden of proof. I believe at some point Judge Gamble said the jury will be instructed on burden of proof. At that point it was such a small exposure to the jury, it's up to the defense attorneys to decide whether they want to call attention to it or if they wanted to just let this go because it was so short.

Q. Okay.

- A. That's why.
- Q. And did you read the Court of Appeals
 decision in this case?
 - A. I'm sure I did.
 - Q. You, perhaps, have not read the briefs of the lawyer who argued the appeal for Mr. Christensen?
 - A. No.

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- Q. Okay. And you don't know whether that lawyer, I believe it was Susan Stockdale, addressed the issue of ineffectiveness by Mr. Scott not asking for, or Mr. McConville, not asking for a curative instruction as a result of the argument made from the Power Point?
 - A. I don't know what her arguments were.
- Q. Okay. Did you agree with the Court's analysis with regard to the curative instruction?

 MR. PROSSER: Now, I really, really don't
- 18 know. What court and what analysis?
- MR. PARRISH: She's already answered the question. It's just a followup.
- 21 BY MR. PARRISH:
- 22 Q. With Judge Gamble.
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. And did you agree or disagree with Mr. Scott
 and Mr. McConville not asking for a curative

1 | instruction?

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- A. I didn't have an opinion on that. That was entirely up to their strategy.
- Q. Okay. What did you do to prepare for your deposition here today, Judge Goettsch?
 - A. I spoke with Andy.
- 7 Q. And--
 - A. That was it.
 - Q. You didn't go back and read the rebuttal closing argument?
- A. No. Andy and I discussed it, he read to me some parts of it.
- Q. Okay. And so you say you never reread it yourself; is that correct?
- 15 A. No.
- Q. And you never reread the Court opinion with regard to the argument on that point?
- 18 A. When it came out I did.
- 19 Q. But not since then?
- 20 A. Not since then.
- Q. Do you agree that this case, as presented,

 22 was an issue of credibility of the witnesses?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. And you would agree that was the position of both parties, both the persons representing the

1 defendants and the persons representing the State of Iowa?

A. Yes.

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- As I understand it, and correct me if I'm wrong, the Power Point slide was not preserved?
 - I don't know for sure.
- All right. But I was looking through the record to try to find it, and I didn't find it. I don't know whether it could have been preserved some other way in your office, or something. printed out maybe?
- 12 A. It might have been printed out, but I don't 13 recall for sure.
 - Would it still be in the Attorney General's files?
- 16 Possibly. I don't know. I don't know. I have not worked here for 12, 18 months. I don't know 17 18 what happened to any of my stuff.
- A smile came across your face at that point. 19 Q.
- I don't know what they've done. 20
- Let me ask you this: Are you familiar with Q. the rule in federal court with regard to Power Point 22 23 presentations?
- 24 No. A.
- Okay. So you're not aware that if you have 25

- a Power Point in federal court the local rule
 requires that opposing counsel be allowed to look at
 the Power Point and make objections prior to it--
- A. Prior to the presentation? I have heard of that being the rule in certain jurisdictions, yes.
- 6 I'm aware that that is out there in some
- 7 jurisdictions.

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- Q. You would agree in this instance the Power Point was not shown to Mr. Scott or Mr. McConville?
- 10 A. Correct.
- Q. Okay. I assume Mr. Prosser made the closing argument, the main closing argument?
- 13 A. Correct.
- Q. I take it he did not use a Power Point?
- 15 A. I believe he did.
- Q. Okay. And do you know if that was shown to
 Mr. Scott or Mr. McConville prior to his argument?
- 18 A. I don't know that for sure.
- 19 Q. Okay. I take it yours was not?
- 20 A. Not that I recall.
- Q. Okay. Did Mr. Scott or Mr. McConville make
 a request to look at your Power Point before closing
 argument?
- 24 A. No.
- Q. Had they made a request to look at it would

you have shown it to them?

- A. I really don't know. I really don't-- I really can't say.
- Q. If the Court had ordered you to show the Power Point to them, would you have still used a Power Point or would you have chosen to make your argument without the Power Point being shown to the jury?
- A. Oh, I would have still used it.
- Q. So at that point you would have disclosed it to the other side?
- 12 A. Yes. Yes. If I'm ordered to do so, yes.
 - Q. Thank you. But obviously you would have had the choice. You didn't have to use it at all, you could have just made your argument?
 - A. Oh, right. But, I mean, I had nothing to hide. It was not my intention to ever misstate anything, obviously. Obviously, I did not—I would not have ever put that up there had I thought I was misstating the law. I would not have used it just because I was ordered to show it to someone else.
 - Q. Okay. I think Mr. Scott acknowledges that he did not ask you to look at the Power Point before you made that presentation. And that's on page 54 of

his deposition.

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I want to read you, this is what I've been looking for, from--this is Mr. Scott's deposition on page 46.

Mr. Scott testified under oath, "Well, I want to start over with the fact that it was unintentional because he says that in his opinion, or his ruling, I don't remember where that was, whether it was at the trial or whether it was at the hearing on the posttrial motion, at one point he makes the comment that it was misconduct, but he doesn't think it was prejudice, No. 1.

"No. 2, that he didn't think it was intentional. I'm telling you right now, that prior to the jury instructions being submitted,

Ms. Goettsch told me, and I don't know who else was present, that she was going to attempt to get in this instruction that said if you believe the victim beyond a reasonable doubt, you must convict the defendants, something to that effect.

"Apparently, it's a Nevada instruction. I
think that I looked it up and I think that I
researched it. We had a discussion about it. I
thought there is no possible way she's going to
attempt to bring this in because that's not what Iowa

law is. She did attempt to get it in as a jury instruction. Judge Gamble excluded it.

"The first slide of her Power Point presentation in her rebuttal argument was, the first line said something to the effect of in order to acquit the defendants you must believe what they say, or visa versa, that you must—in order to convict, you've got to believe the victim. You have to believe the victim beyond a reasonable doubt.

"She made comments like that three or four times throughout the course of her rebuttal.

That's-- I mean, we've all been on the, obviously, defending people, and we know that in Iowa that you intend the consequences of your act. It was an intentional act. It was an intentional act for one and only one purpose, and that was to sway the jury, to prejudice the jury. I don't know how it could be reviewed as anything but this."

Now, that raises a few questions in my mind.

The first is: Did you attempt, prior to the jury instructions with Judge Gamble, to introduce a Nevada instruction?

- A. Did I attempt to introduce it to Judge Gamble?
 - Q. Yes, as a proposed instruction of the law in

1 the case.

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2 A. Okay. First of all, I remember discussions 3 about this jury instruction, but that's not what it says. What it says is it mirrors the Knox case, which is if you believe the victim beyond a 5 6 reasonable doubt that's enough to sustain a verdict of guilty. That's the Knox rule.

It's not if you believe--I don't know how he said it in there, but I would quibble with that being what the instruction said.

There was discussion about the Knox case, which is the law in Nevada, it's also the law in Iowa, that if you believe testimony of the victim beyond a reasonable doubt that's enough to sustain a verdict of guilty, meaning the victim doesn't have to be corroborated. That was discussed.

Whether -- I don't think we ever submitted a formal instruction on that. I don't recall, but I don't think we did. There was discussion about whether that's the law, whether it should be a jury instruction, but I don't believe we submitted it.

- Did you have a discussion with Mr. Scott about wanting to submit that type of an instruction?
- 24 A. I don't recall. Like I said, I do remember 25 talking to them about the lack of corroboration.

don't need to have corroboration to sustain a verdict of guilty. But to me that's a separate issue than what's on the Power Point.

Those weren't connected in my head. Now, we're into work product. But they're two separate things to me.

- Q. If you would have had this conversation with him and if you're saying you don't remember, that's fine, where would you have been with Mr. Scott when you had this conversation?
- A. Where would I have been?
- 12 Q. Off in the hallway?

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- A. Yes. Yeah. Or just in court before it--before court started, or in chambers as we're just sitting around talking about that.
- Q. So there would have been no formal written or e-mail exchanges prior to the start of the trial?
- A. Could have been. I don't recall. I don't recall an e-mail exchange over that issue. It's possible that happened. I mean, if there's e-mails that say that, then I don't deny that obviously.
- Q. So you believe that the discussion you had with Mr. Scott on this particular issue revolved around the Knox case that you felt was similar to Nevada law, is that what you're saying?

1 A. Yes.

- Q. I don't want to put words in your mouth.
- A. The victim of sexual assault does not need to be corroborated in order to sustain a verdict of guilty if you believe the victim beyond a reasonable doubt.

Obviously, you have to believe the victim beyond a reasonable doubt. She has to meet all of the elements of the crime. That's enough to sustain a verdict of guilty. In other words, it won't be reversed for insufficient evidence. It was that kind of argument.

In Nevada we did have a jury instruction that said something about corroboration wasn't necessary. That was discussed.

- Q. But the Iowa instruction doesn't say corroboration was not necessary?
- A. Correct. We do not have a jury instruction that says that. The Knox case, I believe it's the Knox case, echos that sentiment. It's the same law, but we don't have a uniform jury instruction that states that.
- Q. In the jury instruction did they do what they called, what a lot of judges do, I'm sure we're all familiar with it, they will go off the record and

- 1 have a discussion where you make your argument and
 2 see if you can resolve any issues like that.
- Did you go through that process first with Judge Gamble?
 - A. I'm sure we did.
 - Q. And then after that, when you couldn't make an agreement, you then went on the record; is that correct?
 - A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. In that off-the-record discussion, and if you don't know, that's fine, do you think that's when your conversation could have occurred?
 - A. It's possible.
- Q. Okay. Did Mr. Prosser, to your knowledge, participate in that?
- A. Most likely, but I don't have an independent recollection of that.
- Q. And what about the judge, did he just sit there or did he go back and forth on that issue engaging in any discussions, as best you can recall?
- A. I'm sure there was some, but I don't know
 the specifics of what--if this was ever discussed in
 front of him.
 - Q. When they were doing the motion for new

trial, and I've already referred to the date, did
Mr. Scott or Mr. McConville indicate to you that they
may be interested in calling you as a witness?

A. No.

- Q. Did they ask you to come up as a witness, or anything?
 - A. No.
- Q. Did you anticipate that you were going to be called by them?
 - A. No.
- Q. Is it your testimony that you prepared the Power Point slide for your rebuttal after the final jury instructions were made or was it before? And if you know the date, let us know.
 - A. I don't recall.
- Q. Okay. A lot of times I know when judges are traveling, I'm sure we are all familiar with that process, you may not get your final jury instructions until right before the jury goes out because they don't have everything that they normally have in their own courtroom available.

What I'm trying to do is kind of probe your memory a little bit and see, did he have them made up the weekend before and you all had them and you could work them into your closing argument, or did he show

you that day and say, okay, for example, here are your final instructions, go to it, and you would have already had your Power Point slide made? Do you have any recollection of that?

Α. I don't.

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- 6 Did you put a date on your Power Point 7 slide?
- 8 No. No. No. I mean, it would show, when I pulled it up, the last time that it was edited, but 9 10 it doesn't show inception, or, like, when it was 11 started.
- Q. Did you do it by yourself or did one of your 12 13 assistants help you put it together?
 - I would have done that.
- And you would have done it on a laptop while 15 you were in Sioux City? 16
- Although I could have started it even A. Yes. before -- I mean, not before trial, because I'm one who likes to have closing arguments or rebuttal skeletons, issues, done before I start trial. 21 possible I even started before then, but I don't recall specifically in this case. 22
 - Q. So you're saying you possibly could have started it. As you narrow it down, the instructions and the Court indicated how it was going to go on

some of those critical issues, did you go back, after you got your final instructions, and then edit your Power Point slides?

A. I'm sure I would have.

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- Q. Did you edit this one?
- A. No. But this -- Well, I don't know. I may have, I may not have. I don't recall specifically.

 But it wasn't based on a jury instruction. It wasn't tied to a jury instruction.
- Q. I'm going to look at my notes here, Judge Goettsch, and see if there's anything else I wanted to ask. I just wanted to focus on that one issue with you.

There is another matter I want to address just briefly. Did it ever come to your attention during the trial, after it started, that there was a need for a severance of Mr. Christensen because of any misconduct that had come out related to the co-defendant?

- A. Prior to trial starting?
- Q. No-- Yes. After the trial had started. I know before the trial had started you guys had raised the issue, and they decided they wanted to go forward.

25 I mean, after the trial started, and mainly

- 1 if I can--I know this has been some time for you-2 with regard to the Twilight Zone bar incident.
 - A. Okay. So your question, again, is when the Twilight Zone incident came up, did it cross my mind for a need for severance at that time?
- Q. Correct. And I'm not arguing that that was your guy's obligation, or anything like that. I mean, was it approached in any way, to your knowledge?
- MR. PROSSER: Yeah. Yeah. Not what you were thinking, but did the issue come up.
- MR. PARRISH: Right.
- A. I don't recall it coming up.
- 14 BY MR. PARRISH:

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- Q. Okay. But you do remember the Twilight Zone incident coming up?
- 17 A. Yes.
- Q. But you don't recall the lawyers approaching you, or anything, and saying, hey--Mr. Scott saying maybe we've got to move for a severance, or something like that?
- 22 A. No.
- Q. But prior to trial you would agree that your office and Mr. Prosser brought up the issue of whether or not the case was going to be tried

1 | together?

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- 2 A. Correct.
- Q. And the lawyers made it clear that they were going to try these cases together; right?
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. Did the State go to Mr. Christensen with an offer?
 - A. Not that I recall.
- 9 Q. Did Mr. Scott come to the State with an offer for Mr. Christensen?
- 11 A. Not that I recall.
- Q. So there was absolutely nothing with regard to a resolution of the case prior to trial?
- A. Not that I recall. Now, that would have been--I would have left that to Mr. Prosser, however.
- 16 Q. And I assume nothing after trial?
- 17 A. Correct, not that I know of.
- 18 Q. Did you understand all of the questions that
- 19 I had for you here today?
- 20 A. As I understood them, yes.
- Q. Do you want to go back and correct or to change any of your testimony that was presented here today?
- 24 A. No.
- MR. PARRISH: I know we have a couple of

minor questions that we may have to bring up with the Court later and see if the Court is going to allow us to follow up, or if he feels that's work product or attorney privilege. Other than that, I don't think I have any further questions to ask you. MR. PROSSER: I don't. MR. PARRISH: Thank you so much. (Deposition concluded at 10:20 a.m.)

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CERTIFICATE

2 I, the undersigned, a Certified Shorthand Reporter of the State of Iowa, do hereby certify that 3 4 there came before me at the time, date and place 5 hereinbefore indicated, the witness named on the caption sheet hereof, who was by me duly sworn to testify to the truth of said witness' knowledge, that 7 8 the witness was thereupon examined under oath, the examination taken down by me in shorthand and later 9 reduced to typewriting through the use of a 10 11 computer-aided transcription device under my supervision and direction, and that the deposition is 12 a true record of the testimony given and of all 13 objections interposed. 14

I further certify that I am neither attorney or counsel for, nor related to or employed by any of the parties to the action in which this deposition is taken, and further that I am not a relative or employee of any attorney or counsel employed by the parties hereto, or financially interested in the action.

Dated at Des Moines, Iowa, this 18th day of September, 2014.

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CERTIFIED SHORTHAND REPORTE

IN THE IOWA DISTRICT COURT IN AND FOR WOODBURY COUNTY

JAMES ALAN CHRISTENSEN,

Applicant,

VS.

STATE OF IOWA.

Respondent.

CASE NO: PCCV145074

APPLICANT'S MOTION TO COMPEL DEPOSITION OF ANDREW PROSSER PURSUANT TO IOWA R. CIV. P. 1.517

COMES NOW, the Applicant, James Alan Christensen, by and through his undersigned counsel, and in support of his Motion to Compel Deposition of Andrew Prosser Pursuant to Iowa R. Civ. P. 1.517, states as follows:

- 1. Applicant is seeking to depose Assistant Attorney General Andrew Prosser, who served as lead counsel of record for the State of Iowa during Applicant's criminal trial. Mr. Prosser is also counsel of record for Respondent in the present matter.
- 2. As indicated in the deposition of former Assistant Attorney General Becky Goettsch, who served as co-counsel alongside Mr. Prosser in Applicant's criminal trial, Mr. Prosser has knowledge regarding the Power Point slide containing a misstatement of law, which the jury observed as part of the State's rebuttal argument.
- Counsel has contacted Mr. Prosser about agreeing to be deposed, but Mr.
 Prosser has declined.
- 4. A party, upon reasonable notice to other parties and all persons affected thereby, may move for an order compelling discovery, including for depositions under lowa R. Civ. P. 1.701. lowa R. Civ. P. 1.517(1)(b).

- 5. A party, following commencement of an action, may take the testimony of any person, including a party, by deposition upon oral examination. Iowa R. Civ. P. 1.701 (emphasis added).
 - 6. In the course of her deposition, Ms. Goesttch testified as follows:
 - Q. Okay. Did you prepare the rebuttal on your own?
 - A. We worked together. I mean, there were discussions between Mr. Prosser and I, but it was my primary duty. We did discuss it together.
 - Q. Did you discuss your Power Point?
 - A. Yes.
 - Q. Did you show it to Mr. Prosser?
 - A. Yeah.
 - Q. Where did you show it to him?
 - A. Hotel room the night before.
 - Q. Did you show it to him before you left Des Moines to go back to Sioux City for closing arguments?
 - A. I don't recall that.
 - Q. Did he make any corrections to it?
 - A. No.

(Goetsch Depo. 11:25 – 12:17.)

7. Information sought through the deposition of Mr. Prosser would revolve around Ms. Goettsch's Power Point presentation and what steps, if any, he made to correct the misstatement of law which was to be shown to the jury, and which was found to constitute prosecutorial misconduct.

- 8. It is the failure of trial counsel to establish a sufficient record before the trial court to establish the prejudice arising from the prosecutor's misconduct which is at issue on postconviction relief. See State v. Haskins, 316 N.W.2d 679, 681 (lowa 1982) (defendant must be able to point to some unfairness which resulted in prejudice.)
- 9. Mr. Prosser has indicated he believes the information which Applicant seeks constitutes privileged information as attorney work product. The work-product doctrine reflects the strong public policy underlying the orderly prosecution and defense of legal claims. <u>United States v. Nobles</u>, 422 U.S. 225, 236-37 (1975) (<u>quoting Hickman v. Taylor</u>, 329 U.S. 495, 510 (1947)). The privilege is a *qualified* one, with the court empowered to order disclosure, except for mental impressions, conclusions, opinions, or legal theories, upon the requisite showing of need and hardship. <u>Shook v. Davenport</u>, 497 N.W.2d 883, 888 (lowa 1993) (emphasis added).
- 10. The party resisting discovery through assertion of privilege has the burden of showing that a privilege exists and applies. Wells Dairy, Inc. v. Am. Indus. Refrigeration, Inc., 690 N.W.2d 38, 49 (Iowa 2004) (quoting Carolan v. Hill, 553 N.W.2d 882, 886 (Iowa 1996)). An asserted privilege is narrowly construed because it is an exception to our rules governing discovery. Wells Dairy, Inc., 690 N.W.2d at 49 (citing Carolan, 553 N.W.2d at 886).
- 11. Applicant is not interested in Mr. Prosser's mental impressions, conclusions, opinions, or legal theories as they relate to her decision to engage in misconduct. The issue is what Mr. Prosser, as lead counsel prosecuting Applicant, knew regarding about the burden-shifting Power Point slide which started his co-counsel's rebuttal.

- 12. As indicated above, Mr. Prosser was shown the slide, which misstated lowa law, and did nothing to correct this statement. Ms. Goettsch's deposition testimony establishes Mr. Prosser knew what the plan for rebuttal was prior to the trial court's instructions. He was aware of the contents of the Power Point, which tracked the planned rebuttal argument, even after the objection to the slide was sustained.
- 13. Applicant's criminal conviction and pending claim for postconviction relief evidence his need for the information, and the hardship he will suffer should it be denied to him.
- 14. Furthermore, Mr. Prosser's knowledge of how the Power Point was prepared and handled raises concerns about the need for him to appear as a witness in these proceedings where he is simultaneously appearing as counsel. Under the lowa Rules of Professional Conduct:

A lawyer shall not act as advocate at a trial in which the lawyer is likely to be a necessary witness unless:

- (1) the testimony relates to an uncontested issue;
- (2) the testimony relates to the nature and value of legal services rendered in the case; or
- (3) disqualification of the lawyer would work substantial hardship on the client.

lowa Ct. R. 32:3.7(a). A lawyer having personal involvement in the underlying issues of a case in which he appears as counsel of record creates conflict concerns. <u>Cf. State v. Neiderbach</u>, 837 N.W.2d 180, 200 (lowa 2013) ("A lawyer personally involved as a witness, closely related family member, and potential suspect in a matter police are investigating may have conflicting motives to deflect blame.")

15. While not as intimately involved as in <u>Neiderbach</u>, Mr. Prosser was lead counsel in Applicant's underlying case, knew of the misstatements contained in the Power Point at least the night before, had worked with Ms. Goettsch in preparing the rebuttal argument, and appears to have done nothing to prevent the misstatements from occurring, or to cure them after the fact.

16. The extent of Mr. Prosser's knowledge regarding how the offending Power Point slide was prepared and used must be examined to determine not only how Applicant's criminal trial may have been prejudiced by a failure to develop a record regarding prosecutorial action, as well as the need for Mr. Prosser to appear as a witness at trial.

WHEREFORE, the Applicant, James Alan Christensen, prays that this Court issue an Order compelling Mr. Prosser to appear for deposition, at a time and place mutually convenient to the parties, and for any other relief found to be just and necessary.

PARRISH KRUIDENIER DUNN BOLES GRIBBLE GENTRY BROWN & BERGMANN, L.L.P.

BY: /s/Alfredo-Parrish

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ATTORNEY FOR APPLICANT

PROOF OF SERVICE

The undersigned certifies that the foregoing instrument was served upon all parties to the above cause by:

() () ()	personal service certified mail, retum receipt requested Airborne Express (overnight)	(x) (x)	first class mail facsimile electronic filing
		(1)	e-mail

on the 7th day of October 2014.

I declare that the statements above are true to the best of my information, knowledge and belief.

/S/ Lori Yardley

Electronically filed.

Andrew Prosser Office of Attorney General **Hoover State Office Building** Des Moines, Iowa 50319 Telephone: (515) 281-5164 Facsimile: (515) 281-4902

Email: andrew.prosser@jowa.gov ATTORNEY FOR RESPONDENT

Via e-file

James Christensen #6076835 Iowa Medical and Classification Center 2700 Coral Ridge Avenue Coralville, Iowa 52241 **APPLICANT** Via first class mail

IN THE IOWA DISTRICT COURT FOR WOODBURRY COUNTY

JAMES ALAN CHRISENSEN,

Law No. PCCV 145074

Petitioner,

vs.

Resistance to Motion to Compel and Cross Motion for Protective

Order

STATE OF IOWA,

Respondent.

COMES NOW the State of Iowa, and resists Applicant's motion to compel and further moves pursuant to I.R.Civ.P. Rule 1.501 for a protective order. As grounds, the Respondent states:

- 1. The requested discovery relates to a claim for relief which is the subject of a pending motion for partial summary judgment filed by the State in this case on October 3, 2014. It is in the interest of judicial economy that the Court first address whether the that claim can survive summary dismissal prior to addressing any issue relating to Applicant's claimed right to pursue any further discovery relating to the issue.
- 2. For the reasons set forth in the State's motion for summary judgment, incorporated herein by this reference, the requested deposition is outside the scope of discovery as it seeks information which is utterly immaterial to the ultimate outcome of the issue to which the requested discovery is directed.
- 3. The requested deposition seeks privileged attorney work product, namely, one of the State's trial counsel's thought and legal analysis of the his co-counsel's rebuttal closing argument. State's counsel's mental impressions, thoughts, conclusions, opinions or legal theories are absolutely privileged attorney work product. I.R.Civ.P.

Rule 1.503(3); *Keefe v. Bernard*, 774 N.W.2d 663, 674 ("mental impressions or opinions of the lawyer [are], for all practical purposes, absolutely immune from discovery" *citing Shook v. City of Davenport*, 497 N.W.2d 883, 886 and *Squealer Feeds v. Pickering*, 530

N.W.2d 678, 689 (lowa 1995)).

WHEREFORE, the State respectfully requests that the motion to compel denied. If the State's motion for partial summary judgment is not granted, and the deposition is ordered, the State requests that a protective order be entered prohibiting Applicant's counsel from inquiring into privileged attorney work product.

Dated this 7th day of October, 2014.

ANDREW B. PROSSER

Assistant Attorney General Hoover Building, 2nd Floor

Des Moines, IA 50319

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Fax: (515) 281-8894

Andrew.Prosser@iowa.gov

IN THE IOWA DISTRICT COURT FOR WOODBURRY COUNTY

JAMES ALAN CHRISENSEN.

Law No. PCCV 145074

Petitioner,

VS.

Response to Reply to Resistance to Motion to Compel

STATE OF IOWA,

Respondent.

COMES NOW the State of Iowa, and for its response to Applicants reply concerning Applicant's pending motion to compel states:

The undersigned cannot be any kind of witness, much less a material one, in this case if the barred claim under which counsel for applicant seeks to depose the undersigned is dismissed, as should occur. See State's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment.

If the Applicant does not timely respond to the pending motion for summary judgment, the court should deem it uncontested, grant partial summary judgment on the grounds set forth in the State's motion and deny the Applicant's motion to compel as moot.

Dated this 8th day of October, 2014.

ANDREW B. PROSSER

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IN THE IOWA DISTRICT COURT IN AND FOR WOODBURY COUNTY

JAMES ALAN CHRISTENSEN,

Applicant,

VS.

STATE OF IOWA.

Respondent.

CASE NO: PCCV145074

APPLICANT'S REPLY TO
RESPONDENT'S RESISTANCE TO
MOTION TO COMPEL DEPOSITION
OF ANDREW PROSSER PURSUANT
TO IOWA R. CIV. P. 1.517

COMES NOW, the Applicant, James Alan Christensen, by and through his undersigned counsel, and in support of his Reply to Respondent's Resistance to Motion to Compel Deposition of Andrew Prosser Pursuant to Iowa R. Civ. P. 1.517, states as follows:

- 1. On October 7, 2014, Applicant filed his Motion to Compel, seeking an Order commanding Assistant Attorney General Andrew Prosser to appear for deposition at a mutually convenient time and location, on the limited issue of his knowledge regarding a Power Point slide containing a misstatement of law presented to the jury during Applicant's criminal trial, at which Mr. Prosser was the lead prosecutor.
- 2. Also on October 7, 2014, Respondent filed its Resistance and Cross Motion for Protective Order, in which it requests the court to rule on Respondent's previously-filed Motion for Partial Summary Judgment, and alternatively seeking a protective order prohibiting Applicant from inquiring into attorney work product.
- 3. In regard to the court issuing a protective order, counsel has previously stated having no interest in Mr. Prosser's mental impressions, conclusions, opinions, or legal theories, which are the only things protected by the attorney work product privilege. Counsel's interest is in what Mr. Prosser knows about the creation and

presentation of the Power Point slide, viewed by the criminal jury at the start of rebuttal argument, which inappropriately attempted to shift the burden of proof onto Applicant, as well as any actions or efforts he took in response to the trial court's striking of the slide to avoid further prejudicing Applicant during the rebuttal argument.

- 4. As the information counsel seeks to develop in deposing Mr. Prosser is not within the bounds of attorney work product, counsel does not object to a protective order, similar to the one in effect during the deposition of Magistrate Judge Becky Goettsch, prohibiting intrusion into attorney work product.
- 5. As for Respondent's assertion that its Motion for Partial Summary Judgment be addressed first, it must be recognized that the time for discovery is currently open, and does not close until January 16, 2015. A nonmoving party should have the opportunity to make discovery prior to hearing and ruling on a motion for summary judgment. Bitner v. Ottumwa Community Sch. Dist., 549 N.W.2d 295, 302 (lowa 1996).
- 6. Respondent points to the "judicial economy" as the reason for denying Applicant further discovery prior to deciding the summary judgment motion. Judicial economy will not be prejudiced by allowing Mr. Prosser's deposition to occur before addressing summary judgment. This is primarily due to the inapplicability of those concerns underlying questions of judicial economy, which regards: "Efficiency in the operation of the courts and the judicial system; esp., the efficient management of litigation so as to minimize duplication of effort and to *avoid wasting the judiciary's time and resources.*" Black's Law Dictionary 391 (3rd Pocket Edition 2006) (emphasis added).

- 7. Little impact, if any, will come to judicial economy through compelling Mr. Prosser's deposition. The issues involved with his deposition are essentially the same as those which arose with Ms. Goettsch's deposition. Those proceedings demonstrate that any burden on the court's time and resources stemming from Applicant's motion would be minimal.
- 8. There is also, however, a potentially significant issue specific to Mr. Prosser, namely whether the potential for him to appear as a witness in this case prevents him from continuing as counsel for Respondent. But for a few exceptions, a lawyer is generally prohibited from appearing as both a witness and counsel for a party in a single proceeding. See Iowa Ct. R. 32:3.7(a).
- 9. Several concerns on which this rule is based would potentially be implicated in these proceedings:

One reason is that it is unfair to the client that his case be presented through a witness whom the trier of fact would necessarily view as interested because of the witness' zeal of advocacy and likely interest in the result of the case. A second reason is one of public policy: permitting an attorney who is trying a case also to be a witness in establishing its facts will visit on the legal profession public distrust and suspicion arising from the attorney's dual role. . . . The third reason for the rule is [to avoid the appearance of wrongdoing].

National Child Care, Inc. v. Dickinson, 446 N.W.2d 810, 811-12 (lowa 1989) (quoting Presnick v. Esposito, 513 A.2d 165, 167 (Conn. 1986))(emphasis added).

10. As the lead attorney for the State in both the underlying criminal case and the present matter, Applicant must be permitted discovery to determine whether Mr. Prosser is a necessary witness. Given the preceding concerns, this should be permitted to occur prior to disposition of any issue.

WHEREFORE, the Applicant, James Alan Christensen, prays that this Court issue an Order compelling Mr. Prosser to appear for deposition, at a time and place mutually convenient to the parties, and for any other relief found to be just and necessary.

> PARRISH KRUIDENIER DUNN BOLES GRIBBLE GENTRY BROWN & BERGMANN, L.L.P.

BY:/s/ Alfredo Parrish	BY:/	S/A	lfre	do-P	arrish
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ATTORNEY FOR APPLICANT **PROOF OF SERVICE**

The undersigned certifies that the foregoing instrument was served upon all parties to the above cause h

- - certified mail, return receipt requested
 - Airborne Express (overnight)
- first class mail
- facsimile
- electronic filing
- (x) e-mail

on the 10th day of October 2014.

I declare that the statements above are true to the best of my information, knowledge and belief.

/S/ Lo	ri Yardley	

Electronically filed.

Copies to:

Andrew Prosser Office of Attorney General Hoover State Office Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319 Telephone: (515) 281-5164 Facsimile: (515) 281-4902

Email: andrew.prosser@iowa.gov ATTORNEY FOR RESPONDENT

Via e-file

James Christensen #6076835 Iowa Medical and Classification Center 2700 Coral Ridge Avenue Coralville, Iowa 52241 **APPLICANT** Via first class mail

IN THE IOWA DISTRICT COURT I	N AND FOR WOODBURY COUNTY	
JAMES ALAN CHRISTENSEN,	CASE NO: PCCV145074	
Applicant,	N	
vs.	RESISTANCE TO RESPONDENT'S	
STATE OF IOWA,	MOTION FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER	
Respondent.		

COMES NOW, the Applicant, James Alan Christensen, by and through his undersigned counsel, and in support of his Resistance to Respondent's Motion for Protective Order, states as follows:

- 1. Applicant is seeking to depose former Assistant Iowa Attorney General Becky Goettsch, who served as co-counsel of record for the State of Iowa during his criminal trial.
- 2. On July 29, 2014, Respondent filed a Motion for Protective Order, asserting that only immaterial information outside the scope of discovery, and information protected by the attorney work product privilege, is being sought.
- 3. The court is empowered to enter a protective order during discovery in civil litigation, for good cause shown, which justice requires to protect a party or person from annoyance, embarrassment, oppression, or undue burden or expense. lowa R. Civ. P. 1.504(1) (emphasis added). The party resisting discovery through assertion of privilege has the burden of showing that a privilege exists and applies. Wells Dairy, Inc. v. Am. Indus. Refrigeration, Inc., 690 N.W.2d 38, 49 (Iowa 2004) (quoting Carolan v. Hill, 553 N.W.2d 882, 886 (Iowa 1996)). An asserted privilege is

narrowly construed because it is an exception to our rules governing discovery. Wells Dairy, Inc., 690 N.W.2d at 49 (citing Carolan, 553 N.W.2d at 886).

- 4. Information sought through depositions includes the steps taken by Ms. Goettsch in making repeated statements before the jury which constituted repeated misstatements of the law, and prosecutorial misconduct as found by the district court, and noted by the Court of Appeals. See State v. Christensen, No. 0-490 / 09-0961, 2010 lowa App. LEXIS 1421, *20 (Iowa Ct. App. November 24, 2010) ("... the issue of prosecutorial misconduct was raised again in defense motions for a new trial. The trial court denied the motions, ruling the defendants established prosecutorial misconduct, but failed to prove prejudice. On appeal, the State argues the trial court correctly determined Christensen was not prejudiced.")
- 5. It is correct that the Court of Appeals found no prejudice from the misconduct. See Christensen, 2010 Iowa App. LEXIS at *25 ("When we view the prosecutor's misstatements in the context of the entire trial, we are convinced the misstatements did not deprive Christensen of a fair trial and conclude he has failed to prove prejudice.")
- 6. It is the failure of trial counsel to establish a sufficient record before the trial court to establish the prejudice arising from the prosecutor's misconduct which is at issue on postconviction relief. See State v. Haskins, 316 N.W.2d 679, 681 (lowa 1982) (defendant must be able to point to some unfairness which resulted in prejudice.)
- 7. The established factors to consider in determining prejudice from prosecutorial misconduct include:
 - ... 1) the severity and pervasiveness of the misconduct, (2) the significance of the misconduct to the central issues in the case, (3)

the strength of the State's evidence, (4) the use of cautionary instructions or other curative measures, and (5) the extent to which the defense invited the misconduct.

State v. Graves, 668 N.W.2d 860, 869 (lowa 2003) (emphasis added).

8. The information sought from deposing Ms. Goettch would go directly toward this fifth factor. As prior depositions have indicated, there is evidence Ms. Goettsch expressly intended the statements found to be misconduct prior to making them during her rebuttal argument. As testified to by Applicant's trial counsel:

I'm telling you right now that prior to the jury instructions being submitted Ms. Goettsch told me, and I don't know who else was present, that she was going to attempt to get in this instruction that said that if you believe the victim beyond a reasonable doubt you must convict the defendants. Something to that effect. Apparently it's a Nevada instruction. I think that I looked it up and I think—I think that I researched it. We had a discussion about it. I thought there is no possible way she is going to attempt to bring this in because that's not what the lowa law is.

She did attempt to get it in as a jury instruction. Judge Gamble excluded it. The first slide of her Power Point presentation in her rebuttal argument was, the first line said something to the effect of in order to acquit the defendants you must believe what they sayor vice versa that you must--in order to convict you've got to believe the victim. You have to believe the victim beyond a reasonable doubt.

She made comments like that three or four times throughout the course of her rebuttal. That's—I mean, we've all been on the, obviously, defending people, and we know that in lowa that you intend the consequences of your act. It was an intentional act. It was an intentional act for one and only one purpose, and that was to sway the jury, to prejudice the jury. I don't know how it could be reviewed—seen as anything but that.

(Deposition of Paul Scott, 46:18 – 47:23.) This evidence establishes a basis to question at exactly what time Ms. Goettsch decided to make such statements, and why she continued to make such statements despite the trial court having instructed otherwise.

9. It is the assertion of the prosecutor's misconduct having been done in good faith which is irrelevant to the issue of prejudice. State v. Blanks, 479 N.W.2d 601, 605 (lowa Ct. App. 1991) ("The prosecutor's good faith concerning this comparison is not determinative. It is the effect his comments may have on the jury that concerns us.") This does not mean that a prosecutor's intentional actions are not to be considered:

[The county attorney] may prosecute with earnestness and vigor-indeed, he should do so. But, while he may strike hard blows, he is not at liberty to strike foul ones. It is as much his duty to refrain from improper methods *calculated to produce* a wrongful conviction as it is to use every legitimate means to bring about a just one.

<u>State v. Carey</u>, 709 N.W.2d 547, 557 (lowa 2006) (<u>quoting Berger v. United States</u>, 295 U.S. 78, 88 (1935)) (emphasis added).

- orderly prosecution and defense of legal claims. <u>United States v. Nobles</u>, 422 U.S. 225, 236-37 (1975) (<u>quoting Hickman v. Taylor</u>, 329 U.S. 495, 510 (1947)). The privilege is a qualified one, with the court empowered to order disclosure, except for mental impressions, conclusions, opinions, or legal theories, upon the requisite showing of need and hardship. <u>Shook v. Davenport</u>, 497 N.W.2d 883, 888 (lowa 1993).
- 11. Applicant is not interested in Ms. Goesttch's mental impressions, conclusions, opinions, or legal theories as they relate to her decision to engage in misconduct. What is at issue is whether the statements were planned prior to the trial court's instructions and what steps were taken by Ms. Goesttch in response to them. Applicant's criminal conviction and pending claim for postconviction relief evidence his need for the information, and the hardship he will suffer should it be denied to him.

E-FILED 2014 AUG 04 1:43 PM WOODBURY - CLERK OF DISTRICT COURT

WHEREFORE, the Applicant, James Alan Christensen, prays that this Court issue and Order denying Respondent's Motion for Protective Order, and for any other relief found to be just and necessary.

PARRISH KRUIDENIER DUNN BOLES GRIBBLE & GENTRY, L.L.P.

BY: Isi Alfredo Parrish

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Facsimile: (515) 284-1704
Email: aparrish@parrishlaw.com

ATTORNEY FOR APPLICANT

PROOF OF SERVICE

The undersigned certifies that the foregoing instrumer	nt was served upon all parties to the above cause by:
() personal service	() first class mail
() certified mail, relum receipt requested	() facsimile
() Airbome Express (overnight)	(X) electronic filing
	() e-mail
on the 4th day of August	, 2014.
I declare that the statements above are true to the best of my information, knowledge and belief.	
	•
	1-1-0-1-0-1-0

ISI Brenda Mozena

Electronically filed.

Copies to:

Andrew Prosser
Office of Attorney General
Hoover State Office Building
Des Moines, Iowa 50319
Telephone: (515) 281-5164
Facsimile: (515) 281-4902

Email: andrew.prosser@iowa.qov ATTORNEY FOR RESPONDENT

Via e-file

James Christensen #6076835 lowa Medical and Classification Center 2700 Coral Ridge Avenue Coralville, Iowa 52241 APPLICANT Via first class mail

IN THE IOWA DISTRICT COURT IN A	AND FOR WOODBURY COUNTY
---------------------------------	-------------------------

JAMES ALAN CHRISTENSEN,

CIVIL NO. PCCV145074

Applicant.

VS.

STATE OF IOWA,

ORDER GRANTING MOTION FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER AND LIMITING SCOPE OF DEPOSITION

Respondent.

The Respondent's Motion for Protective Order comes before the Court. A telephonic hearing was held on August 12, 2014, with Alfredo Parrish appearing on behalf of the Applicant, James Christensen, and Assistant Attorney General Andrew Prosser appearing on behalf of the Respondent. Having reviewed Respondent's Motion for Protective Order, the Applicant's Resistance to this Motion, and considering the arguments made therein and by counsel at hearing, the Court FINDS that Respondent's Motion for Protective Order should be GRANTED.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that the Applicant is permitted to depose Becky Goettsch, but may not solicit testimony as to Ms. Goettsch's mental impressions, conclusions, opinions, or legal theories regarding the case pursuant to Iowa Rule of Civil Procedure 1.503(3).

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Subject: Email - RE: State v. Sickels and State v. Christensen From: "Brown, ScottAG [AG]" <Scott.Brown@iowa.gov>

Date: 9/28/2015 1:17 PM

To: "'ljackfrm@gmail.com'" <ljackfrm@gmail.com>

CC: "White, Cathleen [AG]" <Cathleen.White@iowa.gov>, "Greenwood, Geoff [AG]"

<Geoff.Greenwood@iowa.gov>

Ms. Jackson,

I have been forwarded emails you sent to the Attorney General's website and have been asked to respond to them.

The Attorney General's Office stands behind the work of Assistant Attorney General Andy Prosser and former Assistant Attorney General Becky Goettsch in the Sickels and Christiansen case. Your characterization of any statements made by Ms. Goettsch or Mr. Prosser are inaccurate. Neither of them lied at trial or during a deposition or at any other time. The issues you raise in your email have been raised before Judge Gamble, who presided over the trial, the lowa Court of Appeals and the post-conviction court. All courts found no wrongdoing by the prosecution. John Sickles and Jamie Christensen were properly convicted.

Scott D. Brown
Special Assistant Attorney General
Area Prosecutions Division Director
Iowa Attorney General's Office
(515)-281-3648
(515)-281-8894 (FAX)

Subject: Prosecutorial Misconduct

From: Janet Jackson < ljackfrm@gmail.com>

Date: 9/2/2015 12:57 PM To: consumer@iowa.gov

Attorney General Tom Miller,

I would like to bring it to your attention that your former Assistant Attorney General lied directly to the judge to get her conviction. Had she admitted her lie at the trial instead of 5 years later in a deposition, the judge would likely have granted a mistrial like our attorney ask for. We are looking for justice and would like your help. I would like the opportunity to visit with you on this matter.

Janet Jackson 2075 Beechwood Avenue Lenox, IA 50851

Email: ljackfrm@gmail.com

Cell: 641-202-1840



OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

KIM REYNOLDS LT. GOVERNOR

June 7, 2011

TERRY E. BRANSTAD

GOVERNOR

John Sickels #0079450 I.M.C.C. 2700 Coral Ridge Avenue Coralville, Iowa 52241

Dear Mr. Sickels,

Our office received your June 3, 2011 letter. I am writing regarding the multiple issues you address.

First, if you are dissatisfied with the review made by the judicial qualifications commission, you must continue to contact the judicial branch and their commission or you may write the Office of Citizens' Aide/Ombudsman. Their contact information is:

Office of Citizens' Aide/Ombudsman
Ola Babcock Miller Building
1112 East Grand
Des Moines, Iowa 50319

Second, if you choose to obtain records through the Open Records Act, you must request those records from the agency that maintains the documents that you wish to see. Meaning, if you choose to make an open records request from the Attorney General, you must make a request to their office. Also, if you would like to see any reports made against you to the Department of Criminal Investigations, you must make that request to DCI. If you are dissatisfied with your response, you may contact the Ombudsman at the address listed above.

Lastly, although it is more common for Governors to grant commutations to people serving life-sentences rather than reduced sentences, anyone may apply for a commutation. If you request to be considered for a pardon or commutation, you must fill out the application that was sent to you.

Sincerely,

Larry Johnson, Jr

Deputy Legal Counsel



CHESTER J. CULVER GOVERNOR PATTY JUDGE LT. GOVERNOR

June 15, 2009

Vicki West Sickels 1030 Red Oak Drive Coralville, IA 52241

Dear Vicki:

Thank you for contacting Governor Culver regarding the conviction of your brother, John Sickels. As Executive Officers for the State of Iowa, the Governor and Lt. Governor's influence in legal matters is limited and they cannot overturn the court's decision. We would encourage your brother to continue to work with his attorneys to ensure that his interests are represented.

You also mention in your correspondences that you would like to have an independent agency investigate the DCI agent involved in this case. The Governor does not have authority to investigate the DCI. However, the Ombudsman's office has the authority to investigate all levels of government. You may want to contact their office with your concerns.

If you want to contact the Ombudsman's office you can reach them at:

Office of Citizens' Aide/Ombudsman
Ola Babcock Miller Building
1112 East Grand
Des Moines, Iowa 50319
Website: http://www.legis.state.ia.us/ombudsman/

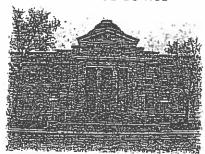
In addition, we will forward a copy of your correspondences to the Commissioner of the Department of Public Safety for his review.

Best wishes,

Kristin Hardt Legal Assistant



STATE OF IOWA



CITIZENS' AIDE/OMBUDSMAN OLA BABCOCK MILLER BUILDING 1112 EAST GRAND AVENUE DES MOINES, IOWA 50319

RUTH H. COOPERRIDER CITIZENS' AIDE/OMBUDSMAN

July 15, 2011

Telephone: (515) 281-3592 Toll Free: 1-888-426-6283 TTY: (515) 242-5065

Fax: (515) 242-6007

E-mail: ombudsman@legls.state.ia.us Website: http://legis.state.ia.us/ombudsman

> John West Sickels #0079450 Iowa Medical and Classification Center 2700 Coral Ridge Avenue Coralville, IA 52241

Subject: Complaints

Dear Mr. Sickels:

Our office received your letter on July 8, 2011. Your letter indicates you have attempted to obtain the results of an investigation conducted by the Iowa Division of Criminal Investigation (DCI) against Investigator David Dales. You want the minutes of the meeting in which the Judicial Qualifications Commission discussed your complaint against Judge Gamble. You also want a copy of Becky Goettsch's response to the Iowa Supreme Court Attorney Disciplinary Board.

Your letter stated you are pursuing your issues regarding the criminal proceeding through the courts, and that is the proper avenue. Our office has repeatedly declined to investigate the underlying investigation and criminal case proceedings against you.

DCI

I researched whether you are entitled to the results of the DCI investigation. Iowa Code section 22.7(11) states personal information in confidential personnel records of public bodies shall be kept confidential. The administrative rules of the agency state:

661-35.3(80)

Notification to complainant.

The professional standards bureau shall provide any identified complainant with a written receipt of the complaint and may provide additional information regarding the complaint and its disposition as permitted by law.

Judicial Qualifications Commission

Our office does not have jurisdiction over the judicial branch including this commission. However, I researched whether you are entitled to a copy of the minutes of the Judicial Qualifications Commission meeting which you requested.

The Iowa Supreme Court rules which govern this Commission state:

Rule 52.8 Minutes.

Minutes shall be kept of each meeting of the commission and shall record the action taken, the names of those present, and any other matter that the commission may deem appropriate. The minutes shall be confidential.

Iowa Supreme Court Attorney Disciplinary Board

Our office does not have jurisdiction over this board, but I researched whether you are entitled to a copy of Ms. Goettsch's response.

The Iowa Supreme Court rules state:

34.4(2) The board shall keep all files in permanent form and confidential, unless otherwise provided or directed in writing by the chair of the board, or the chair's designee, for disciplinary purposes or by a specific rule of the supreme court.

Rule 34.5 Board procedure. Upon receipt of any complaint, the board shall notify the complainant in writing that the complaint has been received and will be acted upon.

Rule 34.8 Board actions upon receipt of response. 34.8(1) Upon receipt of a response, the board shall do one of the following:

- a. Dismiss the complaint, and so notify the complainant and the respondent in writing.
- b. Cause the case to be docketed for consideration by the board at its next hearing-meeting.
- c. Arrange for investigation of the complaint either by the board's counsel or a local bar association as the chair, or the chair's designee, deems appropriate

It does not appear, based upon my research, that you are entitled to any of the documents you requested. You may want to discuss this with an attorney for further advice.

I hope this information is helpful.

Sincerely,

Linda Brundies

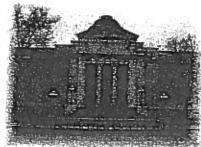
Assistant Ombudsman

LB/DJ

1102469Ъ

0079450

STATE OF IOWA



CITIZENS' AIDE/OMBUDSMAN OLA BABCOCK MILLER BUILDING 1112 EAST GRAND AVENUE DES MOINES, IOWA 50319

RUTH H. COOPERRIDER CITIZENS' AIDE/OMBUDSMAN

July 15, 2011

Telephone: (515) 281-3592 Toll Free: 1-888-426-6283 TTY: (515) 242-5065

Fax: (515) 242-6007

E-mail: ombudsman@legis.state.ia.us Website: http://legis.state.ia.us/ombudsman

> Vicki Sickels Osland 1630 Red Oak Drive Coralville, IA 52241

Janet Jackson
111 – ½ Montgomery
Creston, IA 50801

Subject: Investigation Request

Dear Ms. Sickels Osland and Ms. Jackson:

Our office has received your letters and documents regarding the criminal investigation involving John Sickels.

This is written confirmation the Ombudsman will not be reopening your complaint. A decision was made to decline your complaint for investigation in June of 2009 and again after a second request in a November 18, 2009, letter. The decision to decline your complaint has not been changed. Our office does not have the resources or expertise to conduct/evaluate the criminal investigations completed on the charges brought against Mr. Sickels.

As stated previously, Mr. Sickels' issues are best dealt with in the courts through appeal or post-conviction relief. I would further note our office has no authority to investigate judges or the judicial branch.

I will be communicating directly with Mr. Sickels regarding his letter to our office.

Sincerely,

Linda Brundies

Assistant Ombudsman

LB/DJ

1102469a

John Decree 007945

Telephone: (515) 281-3592 Toll Free: 1-888-426-6283

TTY: (515) 242-5065

Fax: (515) 242-6007 E-mail: ombudsman@legis.iowa.gov Website: http://legis.iowa.gov/ombudsman STATE OF IOWA



OFFICE OF OMBUDSMAN
OLA BABCOCK MILLER BUILDING
1112 EAST GRAND AVENUE
DES MOINES, IOWA 50319

RUTH H. COOPERRIDER OMBUDSMAN

August 7, 2015

Janet Jackson 2075 Beechwood Ave. Lenox, IA 50851

Dear Ms. Jackson:

This is to acknowledge that our office received your letter yesterday. An Assistant Ombudsman will review your questions or concerns and will inform you of any response or action by our office. You may contact our office if you have additional information or questions regarding the status of our review.

Please notify us of any changes in your address or telephone number. Enclosed is a brochure which explains the functions of the Ombudsman.

and awares as any to the company of

Sincerely,

D. Julien

Secretary/Receptionist

Enclosure: Brochure

Ack. case #1502777

AcknowledgeLetter (Rev. 7/1/13)

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STATE OF IOWA



OFFICE OF OMBUDSMAN
OLA BABCOCK MILLER BUILDING
1112 EAST GRAND AVENUE
DES MOINES, IOWA 50319

RUTH H. COOPERRIDER OMBUDSMAN

August 11, 2015

Telephone: (515) 281-3592 Toll Free: 1-888-426-6283 TTY: (515) 242-5065

Fax: (515) 242-6007

E-mail: ombudsman@legis.iowa.gov Website: http://legis.iowa.gov/ombudsman

> Janet Jackson 2075 Beechwood Ave. Lenox, IA 50851

Subject: Denied Fair Trial

Dear Ms. Jackson:

This is in response to the letter our office received from you August 6, 2015. In your brief letter you stated John Sickels and Jamie Christensen have maintained their innocence since their 2009 convictions of Sexual Abuse in the Second Degree. You said Mr. Sickels and Mr. Christensen "have suffered numerous injustices at the hands of the Iowa legal system" and "were denied a fair trial due to lies and misstatements."

Since 2009, our office has responded to a number of complaints regarding the charges, investigation, trial, and conviction of these two men. I located one letter our office sent to you in 2011. You were told our office does not have the resources or expertise to conduct/evaluate the criminal investigations completed on the charges brought against the men; the Ombudsman has no authority to get involved in a matter that has been criminally litigated; and we have no authority to investigate judges or the judicial branch.

While we do have jurisdiction over most governmental agencies, the issues raised about the investigation, arrest, and charging and conviction of the aggrieved parties were likely part of the defense efforts and trial proceedings and/or appeal arguments. Your goal is to get their convictions overturned, and this is a goal that can only be accomplished through the court process. I agree with the previous assessment that there is no role for the Ombudsman regarding this matter.

Sincerely,

Eleena Mitchell-Sadler Assistant Ombudsman

Ellena Mitchell Sadler

EMS/jbc L1502777a.docx Eleena Mitchell-Sadler: Re: Letter dated August 11, 2015 - ljackfrm@gmail.com - Gmail Page 1 of 2

John Seckels #0019450

in:sent

Gmail

Move to Inbox

More

COMPOSE

Eleena Mitchell-Sadter: Re: Letter dated August 11, 2015

Inbox Starred

Janet Jackson < jack/rm@gmail.com>

11:06 AM (5 hours ago)

to ombudsman

Important

Dear Ms. Milchell-SSLER

Sent Mail
Drafts (1)
Circles

You stated in your letter of August 11, 2015, that the issues raised were LIKELY part of the defense efforts. Is lying directly to the Judge part of the defense efforts? Former Assistant Attorney General, Becky Goettsch, told the Judge at trial that her misstating the lowa law was not "Intentional". However, in depositions taken in 2014, Ms. Goetsch testified that she had prepared the Power Point presentation in the weeks before the trial and went over it with Assistant Attorney General, Andrew Prosser. Had Ms. Goettsch admitted to the Judge that the misstatement of lowa Law was indeed Intentional, a mistrial would likely have occurred.

Janet

In your brochure "What The Office Of Ombudsman Can Do", you can attempt to rectify problems when a mistake, arbitrary or ILLEGAL action has occurred. Former Assistant AG Becky Goettsch clearly misstated IOWA law, which constituted prosecutorial misconduct. These two mendid not receive the fair trial that is guaranteed by the Constitution. And we cannot have persons in our Attorney Generals Office who either lie or do not know IOWA law.

Thank You

Janet Jackson 2075 Beechwod Avenue Lenox, IA 50851

641-202-1840 ljack/rm@gmail.com

No recent chats Start a new one

Click here to Reply or Forward

#0074450

Subject: Ombudsman response

From: "Mitchell-Sadler, Eleena [LEGIS]" < Eleena. Mitchell-Sadler@legis.iowa.gov>

Date: 8/21/2015 9:59 AM

To: "'ljackfrm@gmail.com'" < ljackfrm@gmail.com>

Dear Ms. Jackson:

The alleged misstatements by Ms. Goettsch you mention were made to the court, along with the claimed rationale for the misstatements. The Court apparently believed the attorney's explanation and chose not to issue sanctions against the attorney, which it had the authority to do. Our office does not get involved in the court process, whether that may include conduct of attorneys in court, evidence presented, or decisions reached by the court. The remedy at the time the explanation was made in court was for the judge on his or her own to issue a sanction against the attorney, or for the defense attorney to raise further objection and seek sanctions. Our office will not interject ourselves into that process.

I also consider the deposition you referenced as being part of the court process. Our office will not review and critique deposition testimony. Any remedy from the criminal case that can be derived from the deposition testimony will have to be considered by the defense attorney. I do not know the process by which depositional testimony can be reviewed by a court for alleged misstatements made earlier to the court, but that will need to be reviewed by your attorney as well. Alternatively, the entity with the administrative authority to receive complaints against and sanction attorneys is the Iowa Attorney Disciplinary Board. You can find their complaint form at the following website: http://www.iowacourtsonline.org/For Attorneys/Attorney Standards Discipline /Disciplinary Procedures/

I see no further role for our office in this matter. We will do no further review of concerns surrounding the convictions of Mr. Sickels and Mr. Christensen. Future complaints about such matters will be filed without response.

Sincerely,

Eleena Mitchell-Sadler Assistant Ombudsman Office of Ombudsman Ola Babcock Miller Building 1112 East Grand Avenue Des Moines, IA 50319-0231 515-281-3592 1-888-426-6283

The true measure of any society can be found in how it treats its most vulnerable members – Mahatma Gandhi

NOTICE TO RECIPIENT:

This e-mail is intended only for the named recipient(s). It may contain confidential or privileged information. If you are not a named recipient, any disclosure, copying, or distribution of this message is prohibited. If you received this e-mail in error, please notify the sender immediately and delete this e-mail and any other records containing this message.

TELEPHONE CONVERSATION

BETWEEN

E.S.

and

RENEE HOYT

TRANSCRIPT FROM RECORDING

PETERSEN COURT REPORTERS

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	E.S.: (Inaudible.)
3	MS. RENEE HOYT: You want to be friends?
4	E.S.: I need a friend.
5	MS. RENEE HOYT: E.S., I told you last night
6	I was sorry for getting you all defensive in the way
7	that you was. I wasI was wanting to talk to you.
8	E.S.: Okay. Well, now I'm your friend.
9	MS. RENEE HOYT: Hey, I don't have a problem
10	with that. I told you last night, I have no
11	relationship to either one of those two.
12	E.S.: So are you willing to be my friend,
13	or not?
14	MS. RENEE HOYT: E.S., I'm willing to be
15	your friend.
16	E.S.: Then why did you call me a liar? I
17	don't understand. I'm confused.
18	MS. RENEE HOYT: I was confused by the fact
19	that you stated to me last night that both of those
20	men raped you.
21	E.S.: They did.
22	MS. RENEE HOYT: E.S., in court you said
23	Jamie didn't.
24	E.S.: They both did. I don't know what I
25	said in court. Why are you bringing up court? That

was so long ago and under such duress. I mean, my 1 2 God. 3 MS. RENEE HOYT: Well, court--4 E.S.: They both (inaudible) and they raped 5 That's what happened. And I just need a friend. MS. RENEE HOYT: Court wasn't that long 6 7 after this happened, that's why... E.S.: It's been a long time ago since court 8 9 happened. 10 MS. RENEE HOYT: I know. But the trial--11 E.S.: And I was under a lot of duress. And 12 I-- Do you understand what it's like? I don't know 13 if you've ever been raped --14 MS. RENEE HOYT: Umm. 15 E.S.: -- and called a liar. 16 MS. RENEE HOYT: Been there, done that. 17 E.S.: Have you ever been raped and called a liar? 18 19 MS. RENEE HOYT: Absolutely. 20 E.S.: And so--21 MS. RENEE HOYT: But I can tell you every 22 detail to this day. E.S.: I don't know what happened to you. 23 24 MS. RENEE HOYT: What? 25 E.S.: I can tell you every detail to this

day, too. I mean, my God. I can tell you every 1 detail to this day what those two men did to me. 2 MS. RENEE HOYT: But you couldn't--you 3 couldn't in court that day. That's -- that's what 4 confuses me. 5 E.S.: It's a little bit stressful being in 6 court and being--having your--the fingers pointed at 7 you when you're the one who got raped. I mean, you 8 know, just imagine if you were in court and you got 9 raped and you had to defend yourself. 10 MS. RENEE HOYT: I've done that. 11 E.S.: (Inaudible) cops. Against two cops? 12 MS. RENEE HOYT: Not against two cops, no. 13 The talk of the town. Oh, John and 14 Jamie, they're just all that and a bag of fucking 15 Doritos. How the fuck do you think I felt? I mean, 16 how the fuck do you think it was to go through that? 17 MS. RENEE HOYT: No. I get it. 18 What do you fucking think it was? 19 You fucking don't even know. You don't know. You 20 21 weren't there. MS. RENEE HOYT: I was in the courtroom. 22 E.S.: You weren't in there, in the bar that 23 night when I was bartending. 24 MS. RENEE HOYT:

25

	5
1	E.S.: In the golf club.
2	MS. RENEE HOYT: No, I wasn't. You're
3	right.
4	E.S.: No, you weren't. You have no idea
5	what you're talking about.
6	MS. RENEE HOYT: But E.S
7	E.S.: You don't have any fucking clue.
8	MS. RENEE HOYT: E.S., DetectiveDetective
9	David Dales
10	E.S.: Uh-huh.
11	MS. RENEE HOYT:admitted on the stand
12	that he lied about some of the stuff, and admitted
13	that he lied, that Officer Christensen didn't do it.
14	John
15	E.S.: David Dales wasn't there when I got
16	raped.
17	MS. RENEE HOYT: I know.
18	E.S.: He wasn't there.
19	MS. RENEE HOYT: And I feel your pain.
20	E.S.: You weren't there.
21	MS. RENEE HOYT: But what I'm saying is John
22	Sickels
23	E.S.: You think I lied?
24	MS. RENEE HOYT: I don't think
25	E.S.: You think I lied. You think I lied

Jesus Christ, this has haunted me. 1 (inaudible). MS. RENEE HOYT: E.S., I don't think you're 2 lying; okay? I get -- I get what happened, but what 3 I'm--what I'm--4 E.S.: You're calling me and harassing me. 5 MS. RENEE HOYT: I'm not calling you and 6 7 harassing you. The only--the only question I asked you, 8 that I'm confused on, is the fact that -- Listen, I 9 want you to hear this clearly; okay? 10 E.S.: Okay. 11 MS. RENEE HOYT: Detective David Dales 12 admitted on the stand in Sioux City that he had lied, 13 and in appeals and--14 E.S.: I don't know what he said. I don't--15 I'm not responsible for Dave Dales, or whoever his 16 name is. 17 MS. RENEE HOYT: He was the DCI officer. 18 Oh, I'm just responsible for knowing 19 E.S.: what happened to me. 20 MS. RENEE HOYT: I know. But here's--21 E.S.: I'm not responsible for what he said. 22 I can't-- I don't know how I'm supposed to answer 23 24 you that because I got raped. MS. RENEE HOYT: But, E.S., here's what 25

1 I'm--here's what I'm questioning. 2 E.S.: Why are you questioning anything? 3 Why would I make this up? MS. RENEE HOYT: I'm-- Okay. I'm not 4 5 saying you made it up. I 100 percent believe--6 E.S.: Why would I do that? 7 MS. RENEE HOYT: I 100 percent believe that 8 John Sickels is a scum bag, but I have doubts in my 9 mind about --10 E.S.: You weren't there, too. They both 11 fucking put their dicks in me. 12 MS. RENEE HOYT: But, E.S., that's not what 13 you - -14 E.S.: (Inaudible.) 15 MS. RENEE HOYT: E.S., settle down. Seriously. If you want to talk to me you've got to 16 17 settle down, and you've got to listen to what I want 18 to ask you. 19 E.S.: (Inaudible). 20 MS. RENEE HOYT: E.S. E.S. 21 E.S.: Yes. 22 MS. RENEE HOYT: Settle down. In court you 23 stated that James Christensen did not rape you. E.S.: I don't remember. It was so long 24 I was under a lot of duress. They both raped 25 ago.

That's all I remember, is they both raped me and 1 they soothed me while they were doing it. 2 MS. RENEE HOYT: And they what? 3 E.S.: When one of them was raping me the 4 other one was soothing me (inaudible). 5 MS. RENEE HOYT: No. Nope. Nope. E.S., 6 that was admitted in court by the detective that that 7 8 was a lie. It wasn't a lie. I know. I lived E.S.: 9 it. Come on, man. What the fuck? Why would I make 10 11 this up? MS. RENEE HOYT: I'm not saying you're 12 13 making it up. E.S.: Why in the fuck would I do this? Why 14 are you calling me now (inaudible)? 15 MS. RENEE HOYT: You want to know why I'm 16 calling you? Because there's -- there's an appeal 17 hearing coming up. That's why I called. Because 18 19 rather than listening--E.S.: I'm not gonna be there. No one 20 invited me. 21 MS. RENEE HOYT: I know that. But rather 22 than--rather than assuming, I called you because the 23 court documents for the appeal hearing has John 24 Sickels testimony stating he was the only one who had 25

9 1 sex with you. 2 E.S.: That's not true. 3 MS. RENEE HOYT: So you -- I mean, 4 seriously, you mean--5 E.S.: I don't know. I mean, it's been so fucking long ago. I just know I got raped by two 6 7 police officers, and if I don't remember if they both put their penises in my vagina that's because I don't 8 want to remember that horrid event. 9 10 But I didn't know there was an appeal coming 11 up, and that's great that you're telling me that because I don't know. No one invited me. 12 13 MS. RENEE HOYT: Well, because I--I don't 14 think they have to have you testify. It's just like a--it's like a whatever, a supreme court appeal, or 15 whatever, they're trying to get for, I don't know, 16 17 evidence that wasn't presented or evidence that was 18 presented wrong. I'm not exactly sure, so don't 19 quote me on that. 20 E.S.: Okay. 21 MS. RENEE HOYT: But the reason I'm questioning it is because there's several --22 23 E.S.: I'm not lying. Why would I lie and

make this up? Why are you questioning anything?

would I lie and make this up? I don't need this

24

25

1 right now, man. MS. RENEE HOYT: E.S., I'm not saying--2 E.S.: I don't need this. 3 MS. RENEE HOYT: E.S., settle down; okay? 4 I might have been beaten up by my old E.S.: 5 man and kicked out of my house, but I don't need you 6 bringing up this and calling me a liar. I don't need 7 8 it. MS. RENEE HOYT: E.S., I didn't call you a 9 I'm only asking questions because I, myself, 10 am just wondering. Because one time you said that it 11 was just John, and then you told me it was both of 12 But John's testimony for his appeal hearing 13 states it was only him. 14 I don't care what his testimony was. E.S.: 15 Obviously they're going to tell lies. Why would I 16 make this up? Why in the hell would I make this up? 17 Why is this being drug up now? 18 MS. RENEE HOYT: E.S. 19 E.S.: Why are you dragging this up now? 20 MS. RENEE HOYT: E.S., I'm not saying you're 21 making it up. 22 (Inaudible) except being raped. E.S.: 23 MS. RENEE HOYT: Darren-- E.S. 24 E.S.: (Inaudible). 25

	11
1	MS. RENEE HOYT: E.S., I understand it was a
2	traumatic event. I get that. And I get that they
3	put you through hell on the stand. But you just got
4	through telling me
5	E.S.: It was hell in the golf club. They
6	raped me.
7	MS. RENEE HOYT: You just got through
8	telling me
9	E.S.: And you're questioning me.
10	MS. RENEE HOYT:you couldn't remember if
11	it was one or both of them.
12	E.S.: It was both of them.
13	MS. RENEE HOYT: But
14	E.S.: I never told you I couldn't remember.
15	They both raped me. They took turns. I'm surprised
16	they don't have STDs.
17	MS. RENEE HOYT: Why?
18	E.S.: Cause I've got STDs.
19	MS. RENEE HOYT: Well, I don't know about
20	that. But, like, five minutes ago
21	E.S.: Now, they both have it.
22	MS. RENEE HOYT: Like five
23	E.S.: So if you're fucking one of them
24	MS. RENEE HOYT: Like five minutes ago,
25	E.S
- 1	

E.S.: --you have it, too. 1 MS. RENEE HOYT: --you said you don't 2 remember if it was one of them or both of them. 3 E.S.: No, I never said that. I know it was 4 both of them. They both took turns raping me. And I 5 am perfectly clear on that. I was there and I was 6 sober and I was fucking present when they did that. 7 They were drunk and they were foolish and they lost 8 because they raped me. 9 MS. RENEE HOYT: I get that. But why 10 would--11 E.S.: Why on the fucking earth would I 12 fucking make up a lie about it? Did I gain anything 13 out of it? I don't think so. 14 MS. RENEE HOYT: You got a rape settlement 15 that you bought a house in Oregon that you no longer 16 17 have. I didn't buy that with my rape E.S.: 18 settlement, I bought that with my fucking God damn 19 inheritance. 20 MS. RENEE HOYT: You told me--21 E.S.: My mom has money and your mom 22 doesn't. 23 MS. RENEE HOYT: You told me Wednesday night 24 on the phone you bought your house in Oregon on your

25

1 rape settlement. 2 E.S.: Maybe I would have told you anything 3 to shut your fucking mouth. MS. RENEE HOYT: You know what? You called 4 5 me and wanted to be my friend. 6 E.S.: Well, you know, I just want to know why you think I'm lying about two cops raping me. 7 8 Why would I make up such a fucking lie? MS. RENEE HOYT: Because your testimony and 9 story and depositions has changed six times. 10 11 E.S.: No, it hasn't. 12 MS. RENEE HOYT: Yes, it has, E.S. 13 read them. 14 E.S.: Okay. Well, you know, maybe if you 15 got raped you might be a little bit confused on times 16 and dates. 17 MS. RENEE HOYT: No. 18 E.S.: But those two fucking whores raped 19 me. MS. RENEE HOYT: No. When I got raped I 20 21 went right --E.S.: And that's the end of it. And why 22 23 are you telling me that you don't believe me? Why 24 would I fucking make this up?

MS. RENEE HOYT: E.S.

25

1	E.S.: Where is my fucking motivation?
2	MS. RENEE HOYT: Here's my question: Why
3	did you wait three weeks to report it and then
4	reported it to Officer James Christensen and said you
5	wanted John Sickels fired? I know you met him at the
6	hospital wired.
7	E.S.: Right. So?
8	MS. RENEE HOYT: Well, if he raped you, how
9	could you face him?
10	E.S.: How could I face him?
11	MS. RENEE HOYT: Face
12	E.S.: I had to face him many times. What
13	do you mean how could I face him?
14	MS. RENEE HOYT: How could you face James
15	Christensen
16	E.S.: What the fuck kind of question is
17	that?
18	MS. RENEE HOYT: How could you stand and
19	face James Christensen in the hospital parking lot?
20	E.S.: Because I was lying to his ass and I
21	wanted something to be done.
22	MS. RENEE HOYT: Why would you go to him if
23	you'd already got the DCI involved? The DCI had you
24	wired.
25	E.S.: Because they told me to.

	13
1	MS. RENEE HOYT: Don't you think
2	E.S.: This was their plan.
3	MS. RENEE HOYT: Don't you think that if
4	he
5	E.S.: This was theirthis was the DCI
6	telling me what to do. That's why I did what I did,
7	because the DCI said to do it.
8	MS. RENEE HOYT: But don't you think if
9	Officer Christensen raped
10	E.S.: Because I was raped.
11	MS. RENEE HOYT:you he would have denied
12	the meeting?
13	E.S.: You don't think I got raped. Do you
14	think I got raped or do you not think I got raped?
15	And why are you bringing this up so many years later,
16	tracking me down in fucking Denver? Why are you
17	doing this?
18	MS. RENEE HOYT: Hey
19	E.S.: Did they sic you on me?
20	MS. RENEE HOYT: Did who?
21	E.S.: I don't know. Did someone give you
22	my number?
23	MS. RENEE HOYT: No. E.S., you just
24	questioned me on why I'm bringing this up, do I not
25	think you got raped. I do not think you was raped by
Į.	

Officer James Christensen or he would not have met 1 you at the hospital. Your story has changed six 2 3 times. Oh, that's bullshit. He met me there E.S.: 4 because he wanted to fucking have it covered the fuck 5 6 up. I was there. You're not--you don't--you 7 don't-- You're not me. I don't know where you get 8 off judging me when you weren't there. When you 9 didn't get raped by the two of them off duty. 10 They were both off duty. They were both 11 And they both raped me, and they both thought 12 drunk. they could get away with it cause they're cops. 13 MS. RENEE HOYT: And guess what? 14 E.S.: And they both did it. 15 MS. RENEE HOYT: Well--16 E.S.: Both put their dicks inside my 17 fucking vagina--18 MS. RENEE HOYT: That's like--19 E.S.: --against my will. 20 MS. RENEE HOYT: That's like the seventh 21 story you've now told because I've read all the court 22 documents. I've read all the depositions. 23 That's good for you. I'm glad you E.S.: 24 did all your fucking research. It's too bad you 25

1 weren't there. It's too damn bad you weren't there. 2 MS. RENEE HOYT: It's too damn bad--3 E.S.: It's a fucking bad day to pick on me you fucking cunt. You picked a bad fucking day to 4 5 fucking call me a liar, you fucking cunt. 6 MS. RENEE HOYT: You called me. 7 Yeah, and you keep calling me a liar. MS. RENEE HOYT: All's I'm saying is your 8 9 story keeps changing. 10 E.S.: All's you're saying? All's? (Inaudible.) All's I'm saying? All's I'm saying. 11 12 MS. RENEE HOYT: I graduated the same high school all three of your fucking kids graduated. 13 14 E.S.: (Inaudible). You fucking illiterate cunt. Why don't you go fucking suck both of those 15 16 fuckers off. 17 MS. RENEE HOYT: So all's I asked, E.S. is 18 that you come clean with the truth. 19 Yep, she did. She hung up on me. 20 (End of recording.) 21 22 23 24 25

CERTIFICATE

I hereby certify that the foregoing pages represent a true and complete transcript, to the best of my ability to understand the recording, of the captioned proceedings which was electronically recorded and later reduced to typewriting by me.

I further certify that I am neither attorney or counsel for, nor related to or employed by any of the parties to this action; and, further, that I am not a relative or an employee of any attorney or counsel employed by the parties hereto, or financially interested in the action.

Dated at Des Moines, Iowa, this 26th day of January, 2017.

CERTIFIED SHORTHAND REPORTER

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JAMES ALAN CHRISTENSEN, Applicant-Appellant,)	Sup. Ct. No. 15-765
vs.)	APPLICATION FOR EXTENSION OF
STATE OF IOWA, Respondent-Appellee.)	TIME
)	

COMES NOW the State of Iowa, plaintiff-appellee in the aboveentitled cause, and pursuant to Iowa Rule of Appellate Procedure 6.1003(2), hereby requests an extension of time in which to file its brief, stating:

- 1. This is the State's second request for an extension.
- 2. The State's brief is due on September 14, 2015.
- The Criminal Appeals staff has fifteen attorneys assigned to state appellate work. Fifty-nine briefs were filed by this office during August, 2015.
- 4. Approximately fifty-eight briefs were received during
 August, 2015, and as of September 1, 2015, the Division has
 approximately two hundred briefs due within the next thirty days.
- 5. The Criminal Appeals Division currently has only nineteen attorneys, only fifteen of whom work full-time on State

appellate work, causing a significant backlog of cases. All fifteen attorneys currently have substantial numbers of unbriefed cases. The full caseload has made it difficult to start work on individual cases sooner. Additional time is necessary to allow an attorney the opportunity to begin work on this case.

6. Additional time is necessary to review the record, complete legal research, and prepare the State's brief.

WHEREFORE, the State respectfully requests an extension of time up to and including October 14, 2015, in which to file its brief.

Respectfully submitted,

THOMAS J. MILLER Attorney General of Iowa

KEVIN CMELIK

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No. 15-0765

Woodbury County No. PCCV145074

ORDER

JAMES ALAN CHRISTENSEN, Applicant-Appellant,

VS.

STATE OF IOWA, Respondent-Appellee.

The motion to enlarge time, pursuant to Iowa Rule of Appellate Procedure 6.1003, is granted. Appellee is granted to and including October 14, 2015 to file and serve a proof brief and designation of parts. There will be no further extensions absent unusual and compelling circumstances.

Copies to:

Alfredo Parrish 2910 Grand Avenue Des Moines, IA 50312

Adam C. Witosky 2910 Grand Avenue Des Moines, IA 50312 Attorney General Criminal Appeals Division 1305 E. Walnut Hoover Building Des Moines, IA 50319

Kevin Cmelik Assistant Attorney General Criminal Appeals Division 2nd Floor Hoover State Office Building Des Moines, IA 50319



State of Iowa Courts

Case Number 15-0765

Case Title Christensen v. State

So Ordered

Donna M. Humpal, Clerk Iowa Supreme Court

Electronically signed on 2015-09-14 13:08:18

JAMES ALAN CHRISTENSEN, Applicant-Appellant,)	Sup. Ct. No. 15-765
vs.)	APPLICATION FOR EXTENSION OF TIME
STATE OF IOWA, Respondent-Appellee.)	
)	AN

COMES NOW the State of Iowa, plaintiff-appellee in the aboveentitled cause, and pursuant to Iowa Rule of Appellate Procedure 6.1003(2), hereby requests a two-week extension of time in which to file its brief, stating:

- 1. This is the State's third request for an extension.
- 2. The State's brief is due on October 14, 2015.
- 3. In the last thirty-five days, counsel for the State has filed briefs in the cases of State v. Hilpipre (15-702), State v. Gabriel (15-389), State v. Dubon-Pantaleon (15-129), and State v. Rush (15-484). Counsel also anticipates filing the State's brief in State v. Astello (15-206) within the next two days.
- 4. Counsel for the State was just recently assigned to

 Chrisstensen v. State four business days ago. The voluminous record

in this case includes over 1000 pages of transcripts, requiring substantial time to adequately research and prepare the State's brief.

attorneys, only fifteen of whom work full-time on State appellate work, causing a significant backlog of cases. All fifteen attorneys currently have substantial numbers of unbriefed cases. In fact, to file an equal number to the briefs received each month, each attorney working a state caseload would have to file four briefs each month. With vacations, sick leave, and the press of other business such as motion practice, oral arguments, and county attorney assistance, it is unlikely that the office will ever be able to maintain an average of four briefs per attorney per month. The current caseload has made it difficult to start work on individual cases sooner and to clear the backlog.

WHEREFORE, the State respectfully requests an extension of time up to and including October 28, 2015, in which to file its brief.

Respectfully submitted,

THOMAS J. MILLER Attorney General of Iowa

SHERÝL A. SOICH

Assistant Attorney General Hoover State Office Building Des Moines, Iowa 50319 Telephone: 515/281-5976

Fax: 515/281-4902

e-mail: Sherri.Soich@iowa.gov

JAMES ALAN CHRISTENSEN,

SUPREME COURT NO. 15-0765

Applicant-Appellant,

VS.

STATE OF IOWA,

Respondent-Appellee.

APPLICANT'S RESISTANCE TO RESPONDENT'S THIRD REQUEST FOR EXTENSION OF TIME

COMES NOW the Applicant-Appellant, James Allen Christensen, and for his resistance to the State's third request for extension of time to file its brief respectfully states to the Court as follows:

- 1. On October 14, 2015, the State filed its third request for an extension of time to file its brief. Its brief was due October 14, 2015.
- 2. Applicant Christensen resists the State's third request for an extension of time.
- 3. The State files its third request for an extension of time on the very last day its' brief is due, which gives Applicant Christensen little time to respond, and assumes that this Court will automatically grant the extension.
- 4. This Court put the parties on notice that, "As part of the court's ongoing efforts to reduce case-processing time, extension requests will be closely

scrutinized. Please be advised that appellate deadlines will be strictly enforced."

Notice of Briefing Deadline May 26, 2015.

- 5. Applicant filed his page proof brief in a timely fashion, evidencing he wants his case heard in a timely fashion. His notice of appeal was filed April 30, 2015. The Court's Notice of Briefing Deadline was filed May 26, 2015. His page proof brief was filed July 15, 2015.
 - 6. Applicant has been imprisoned since May 20, 2009.
- 7. The State with all its resources and power, see Green v. United States, 355 U.S. 184, 187 (1957), should not be allowed to continually ignore the due process rights of Mr. Christensen, and due date orders from the Court. On September 14, 2015, this Court ruled, "Appellee is granted to and including October 14, 2015 to file and serve a proof brief and designation of parts. There will be no further extensions absent unusual and compelling circumstances."

The State has failed to provide "unusual and compelling circumstances."

- 8. Based on its prior two requests for an extension of time, and this Court's warning regarding further extensions, this appeal should have been made a priority of the State.
- 9. As a sanction for its conduct, the State should be prohibited from filing an appellate brief and designation of the record, and be prohibited from participating in oral argument.

WHEREFORE, the Applicant-Appellant, James Allen Christensen, respectfully requests that the Court denies the State's request for an extension of time to file its brief, prohibit it from filing a brief and participating in oral argument, and set this case for oral argument.

PARRISH KRUIDENIER DUNN BOLES GRIBBLE GENTRY BROWN & BERGMANN, L.L.P.

BY: (s/ Alfredo-Parrish

AT0006051

Alfredo Parrish 2910 Grand Avenue

Des Moines, Iowa 50312

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Facsimile: (515) 284-1704

aparrish@parrishlaw.com Email:

ATTORNEY FOR APPELLANT

PROOF OF SERVICE

The undersigned certifies that the foregoing instrument was served upon all parties to the above cause l	The undersigner	I certifies that the	e foregoing instrumer	it was served upon al	Il parties to the above cause l	ŋy:
--	-----------------	----------------------	-----------------------	-----------------------	---------------------------------	-----

000 personal service first class mail

certified mail, return receipt requested Airborne Express (overnight)

electronic filing

on the 15TH day of October 2015.

I declare that the statements above are true to the best of my information, knowledge and belief.

/y/ Lori Yardlev

Ms. Sherri Soich

Assistant Attorney General

Office of Attorney General

Hoover State Office Building

Telephone: (515) 281-5976

Facsimile: (515) 281-4902

Sherri.soich@iowa.gov ATTORNEY FOR APPELLEE

James Christensen #6076835

APPLICANT

Email:

Via first class mail

Jana Weland

Via e-mail

STATE OF IOWA,

Plaintiff,

Vs.

JAMES ALAN CHRISTENSEN

FECR055373

Defendants

BEFORE: The Honorable Arthur E. Gamble

Chief Judge, Fifth Judicial District

AT: Woodbury County Courthouse

COMMENCING ON: March 3, 2009

ENDING ON: March 12, 2009

The depositions and transcripts that have been cited with this letter are voluminous in scope and therefore have not been provided in their entirety except for the deposition of Becky Goettsch. However, we will be more than willing to provide them in their entirety if requested.

Thank you for your attention in this matter and taking the time to read it. We look forward to any questions or suggestions as to a further course of action that you may have.

Respectfully

James A. Christensen #6076835 Iowa Medical and Classification Center 2700 Coral Ridge Avenue Coralville, Iowa 52241 If there is any information that you would like expanded on please do not hesitate to ask. Thank you in advance for any assistance or guidance that you may be able to offer.

Respectfully

James A. Christensen #6076835 Iowa Medical and Classification Center 2700 Coral Ridge Avenue Coralville, Iowa 52241